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HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TURN TO THE PRESIDENT

Miners Hope He Will Settle the Big Strike.

Demonstrations Continue In Some Districts.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 5.—The eyes of the striking miners today were turned toward the White House at Washington. A new hope has arisen in the breasts of the men that the president of the United States, at the suggestion of the New York board of trade, may take up the task of attempting to bring miner and mine owner together. There is a strong belief here that President Roosevelt will take up the matter and try to work out a solution of the problem. Mine workers about strike headquarters feel that the great coal companies cannot turn a deaf ear to the chief magistrate, and that if he can be prevailed upon to step into the breach it is not improbable that the operators would recede from the stand they have taken. The miners, it is known, stand willing to arbitrate.

President Mitchell had nothing to say when approached on the new move to have the president take a hand in the settlement of the strike.

The coal companies continue to lose engineers, firemen and pump runners. Many of the men who are now quitting are doing so through a fear of bodily harm. Reports come into Wilkesbarre almost hourly of men on their way to or from the mines being attacked. The attacking parties in most cases are boys and young men, and their favorite method is throwing stones. Several men have been hurt, but as yet no serious injuries have been inflicted on any one.

The coal and iron police, of whom there are more than 3000 in the field, are keeping very quiet, remaining in seclusion within the lines of company property. The chief of the coal and iron police of one big company said today:

"If there is going to be any trouble, the strikers must start it. So long as they remain on the outside of the company lines there will be no disturbance; but we will not be responsible for what happens if the miners cross the line."

The entire Wyoming valley is very quiet today.

Scranton, Pa., June 5.—The Lackawanna valley had its first demonstration against the working engineers, firemen and pumpers today. No serious disorder attended it, but it was effective in inducing a large number of these men to give up their employment at the mines in and about Olyphant where the Delaware & Hudson company had been fairly successful in keeping its steam plants in operation. The march was the result of a meeting last night of the five local unions of that section and began shortly after 6 o'clock this morning, the marchers intercepting the men going to the day shift or returning home from the night's work. These were taken in tow by pickets and persuaded to meet the leaders of the marchers who finally got the men to join their ranks. There was no attempt at violence. The company expected some move of this kind, but its special policemen were inadequate to block the plans of the marchers.

The Lackawanna company also suffered the loss of its steam men at its Brisbin, Cayuga and Manville mines this morning, and at strike headquarters the claim is made that the company will not have a dozen old men working by the end of the week.

District President Nicholls also had reports that many of the new men unused to the work of firemen, are also deserting the companies.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 5.—Sheriff Rieff swore in a small force of deputies today for duty in the Lickens valley coal region. Trouble is brewing at Lickens and Wiconisco and the sheriff says trouble is likely to occur at any moment. Three hundred men congregated on the outside of the colliery at Lickens today and tried to prevent the firemen and pumpmen from going to work. The striking miners refuse to serve as deputies and the sheriff was forced to secure deputies in this city.

Shamokin, Pa., June 5.—Owing to scarcity on non-union men here, the Union and Mineral Coal companies were forced today to put main office clerks to work in the boiler rooms of their collieries. The strikers made no demonstration against them as they walked into the boiler houses. The Ninth district United Mine Workers' headquarters today reports all collieries in the local district free of union men, while a number of non-union men are said to be deserting from the mines.

Hazelton, Pa., June 5.—The strike situation in this region today is quiet. A man claiming to be one of the imported special officers brought up from Philadelphia called at mine workers' headquarters and informed the officers that it was the desire of the seventy watchmen quartered in the Yorktown store building to return home. He asked the assistance of the mine workers in getting the men back. The mine workers are looking into the matter. A foreman and timekeeper at Yorktown quit today when asked to take the place of strikers.

Pittston, Pa., June 5.—The Erie company's work train carrying non-union men to the mines of the company was derailed in Hughestown today by running into an obstruction of rocks which had been piled on the tracks. No one was injured. All the non-union men at work in the various collieries of the Erie company are housed in one building and are distributed every morning to the mines by special trains. It is supposed that strike sympathizers placed the rocks on the track.

THE EXPANSION OF COMMERCE

Great Possibilities of Trade With Orient Discussed By James J. Hill.

Remedy For Trust Evils That Would Not Injure Legitimate Business.

Chicago, June 5.—One of the largest and most enthusiastic gatherings ever assembled in the main banquet hall of the Auditorium was present last night at a dinner of the Illinois Manufacturers' association. James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, was the orator of the occasion, and he closely held the attention of the association's 400 guests.

His subject was "Commercial Expansion," the banquet being in the nature of a celebration of expansion policy. Mr. Hill said:

Commerce is the exchange of commodities, and the term is generally understood to include the buying and selling between individuals, and, in a wider sense, between communities and nations. Behind its adventurous leadership has followed civilization and Christianity to the remotest parts of the world. The commercial nations of the world have, at all times, exercised the strongest influence for good among the nations of the earth. The development of commerce is the effort by a country to find a market for its own productions, or, to supply itself with material for its necessities, or to further increase its means of commercial expansion. The commercial expansion of a nation is the best index of its growth. Commercial growth is both domestic and foreign. Following the civil war came a period in the history of our country of internal development, which has been the wonder of the world. Since the close of the war in 1865, the enormous territory west of the Mississippi has grown from frontier settlements into great, populous and wealthy states. The population of the United States in 1865 was about thirty-four millions. The succeeding thirty-five years ending in 1900 carried it to seventy-six millions, and, today we are increasing at the rate of a million and a half a year. The various census reports show that the population of the United States about doubles every thirty years, so that by 1930 we would, at this ratio, have a population of one hundred and fifty millions of people.

In the past the public domain suited to cultivation of the soil, producing every useful crop, has furnished homes for the multiplying population. Today we have about reached the limit of our public domain which can be made to furnish homes for an intelligent and enterprising population. In many of the Western states are enormous areas of the best land which, with irrigation, can be made productive in the highest degree.

> One hundred and sixty acres of land, with a certain supply of water, which will insure to harvest, is equal to twice that area where the land is subject to the natural conditions of either too much or too little rainfall.

One half of the population of the United States is occupied directly or indirectly in thecultivation of the land, and, I think, fully one-half of the entire capital of the country is invested in farms and their belongings, and when we come to the question of intelligence, patriotism and good citizenship, the agricultural population stands out today as it has in the past, as the great sheet-anchor of the nation. The wealth of the world comes from the farm, the forest, the mine and the sea. While our country has been blest with wonderful mines of coal, iron, gold, silver and all the other valuable mineral productions, with magnificent forests of useful timber, still the farm has, from the beginning been the foundation of our growing wealth and greatness. During the last three years the balance of our trade with other nations, that is, the amount we have sold in excess of what we have bought, has averaged about seven hundred millions of dollars annually, and two-thirds of this has come to us through the export of the produce of the soil. I do not wish in any manner to belittle the importance of our growing manufactures, or their relative value in the commerce of the country. The security of their foundations has always rested upon the agricultural growth of the nation, and, in the future, it must continue to rest there. Every manufacturer, every merchant, every business man throughout the land, is most deeply interested in maintaining the growth and development of our agricultural resources.

> In the past we have been in the habit of feeling that "Uncle Sam was rich enough to give us all a farm," but today, as I said before, the arable land suitable for agriculture without an artificial supply of moisture, is practically all occupied.

In a few limited communities of the West irrigation has been commenced by what may be called "individual effort." Owing to diverse laws, made to suit particular interests, the irrigation of large areas is attended by greater difficulties than can be well surmounted by individual effort. The policy of a broad, comprehensive, national plan of irrigation has been urged upon congress with but little success in the past. However, an enterprise of such magnitude and importance to the nation as a whole, which importance will grow as our population grows, cannot be turned aside or lost sight of, for the reason that every citizen of every state in the Union is deeply and vitally interested in the question. President Roosevelt, who has spent some of his time in the semi-arid regions of the West, has taken an active interest in this subject, and, if his efforts, and of others who are working for the same end, result in success, future generations will rejoice in the memory of this work, while they build for themselves comfortable homes in the thousands of valleys covering that portion of the country which is now given up as grazing ranches for cattle and sheep. With proper irrigation these valleys will furnish homes for intelligent and industrious people, and the number of cattle and sheep raised on the land will increase many-fold.

For the first time in the history of this country thousands of our farmers from states like Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota are seeking homes in the Canadian Northwest, owing to the cheap lands offered in that country, and to the difficulty of securing such lands in the United States. A wise system of irrigation by the general government can be made not only self-sustaining but a source of income. Lands that without irrigation are given away or sold at a nominal price can be sold as fast as they are furnished with water at $10 an acre or upwards, and the cost would be little, if anything, more than half that sum. I cannot urge too strongly on the part of every man who wishes his country well, and who desires that all shall be prosperous, in order that he himself may be prosperous with them, the importance and the growing necessity of taking care of our public domain in such a way as

(Continued on Page 2.)

JAMES J. HILL.

M. BRISSON DECLINED.

Paris, June 5.—M. Henry Brisson, the former premier, who is a Radical Republican in politics, went to the Elysee Palace today as a result of President Loubet's summons, and was asked to form a new cabinet, but M. Brisson declined.

STRIKE IS SETTLED

Teamsters Win Partial Victory With Packers.

Agreement Reached After a Secret Conference.

Chicago, June 5.—The packing teamsters' strike, which has disturbed the peace of the city for nearly two weeks and which yesterday caused the most serious rioting that has occurred since the American Railway Union strike of 1...4, came to an end at 4:15 o'clock this morning, as the result of a secret conference between representatives of packers and the teamsters at the Grand Pacific hotel, which has been in session since 8 o'clock last night.

The agreement reached at the conference is a partial victory for the teamsters, in that the packers have declared that they will not discriminate against members of the union. The scale agreed upon is 2 cents lower than that demanded by the men. It is as follows: Cart drivers, 18 cents an hour; single wagon, 20 cents; two horse, 22½; four horse, 27½; six horses, 30 cents. The men are to be paid full time from time of leaving barn until return, with a deduction of half an hour for lunch. They will not be required to work on Labor day.

Another conference will be held at 10 o'clock this morning, at which the agreement will be formally ratified. In the meantime all pickets will be withdrawn and the men will return to work.

The document as drawn up is as follows: At a conference held at the Grand Pacific hotel on the night of June 4, 1902, between representatives of the Chicago packers and their packing house teamsters, held at the suggestion of Carter H. Harrison, mayor, and the state board of arbitration, it was agreed after due deliberation to recommend to the two parties to the controversy now existing between the said teamsters and the said packers:

That a compromise of the said differences be effected by making the following suggestions for a compromise:

1—There shall be no discrimination against union teamsters.

2—The scale of wages for teamsters shall be fair.

3—No teamsters shall be compelled to work on Labor day.

4—Any teamster receiving more than the scale of wages stated shall not suffer a reduction of wages after this agreement goes into effect.

The above and foregoing provisions were agreed upon at said meeting. The following persons represented the respective interests:

Thomas J. Connors, Armour & Co.
John Meyer, Armour teamsters.
Louis F. Swift, Swift & Co.
W. F. McNaughton, Swift teamsters.
Thomas E. Wilson, Nelson Morris & Co.
E. T. Laidlov, Morris teamsters.
S. Willder, Schwarzchild & Sulzburger.
Bert Glynn, Schwarzchild & Sulzburger teamsters.
Edward Tilden, Libby, McNeill & Libby.
Edward Gastrich, Libby teamsters.
F. A. McClean, Anglo-American Provision company.
David T. Gibbons, Anglo-American teamsters.
Edward S. Robbins, Omaha Packing company.
Charles Miller, Omaha teamsters.
M. J. Conibeas, Lipton & Co.
William Wisely, Lipton teamsters.

DRIVER ASSAULTED.

Strike Sympathizers Had Not Heard of Settlement.

Chicago, June 5.—Apparently ignorant of the strike settlement men sympathizing with the teamsters today dragged a meat wagon driver from his seat, beat him severely and then demolished the wagon. The driver was Robert Allen, employed by Irwin Brothers. The strike having been practically settled and that hour awaiting only the ratification of the Teamsters' union, the firm sent out the wagon without a guard. At State and Harrison streets a mob had collected apparently expecting a repetition of yesterday's disorder. Allen was badly beaten, but at the hospital it was said he would recover. A second wagon had been sent out by Irwin Bros., but upon h...ing of the disaster that had fallen h... predecessor the driver turned back.

OPPOSITION TO MORGAN

Liverpool Syndicate Proposes to Build Fast Ships For Passengers and Freight and Have Them Equipped as Cruisers.

London, June 5.—The negotiations of the British and the Canadian governments, and some of the old colonial governments, with the Cunard line and other lines, comprising what is now termed the Liverpool syndicate, which is opposing the Morgan shipping combine, contemplate, according to the Westminster Gazette, both a fast service of mail and passenger steamers, in conjunction with the Canadian Pacific railroad and a fleet of fast freight steamers. The mail steamers, which it is proposed to build, will be of enormous size, capable of steaming 25 knots an hour, and will be fully equipped for use as cruisers, carrying eight quick-firing, six-inch guns, forward and aft, and broadsides of three 4.7-inch guns. The freight steamers will be 16-knot vessels, carrying 6000 to 7000 tons, dead weight. The Westminster Gazette thinks it probable that Milford Haven will be the port of departure of the fleet. The scheme contemplates a line of steamers running to China, Japan and Australia, from Vancouver, B. C., Canada and Australia, are expected to join in paying the subsidies. The draft of the scheme involves the home government guaranteeing a small interest on the capital involved. This would have to be ratified by the house of commons, "where," says the Westminster Gazette, "it will probably meet with opposition."

A REMARKABLE TALE

Captain of Steamer Says He Saw Two Islands Floating Around on Ocean, Inhabited By Monkeys and Parrots.

New York, June 5.—The Norwegian steamer Donald, from Banes with fruit has arrived here, says a Philadelphia special to the World. Capt. Warnecke told this remarkable tale:

"We we two days out from Banes and about thirty miles from Watlins island, in the Caribbean sea, when we came upon a floating island. I, with the mate and several of the crew, rowed toward it. Thousands of little monkeys scampered all about the shore, and when we were in range they began a bombardment by shying cocoanuts at us. We captured two monkeys.

"The following day we discovered another floating island and landed. This time we were greeted by a covey of parrots of most brilliant plumage."

Capt. Warnecke declared that the eruption in Martinique had shaken up the entire district, and the small pieces of land had become separated from some uninhabited island.

BUT EIGHT VOTES AHEAD

Latest Returns From Oregon Give Chamberlain, Democrat, a Very Narrow Margin Over the Republican Candidate.

Portland, Ore., June 5.—Corrected returns up to 1 a. m. give Chamberlain, Democrat, for governor, a lead of only eight votes over Furnish, Republican. No returns have been received from Curry, Malheur and Harney counties. In 1898 these counties gave Geer, Republican, for governor, a majority of 116 votes.

Late returns increase the Republican majority in the legislature, which will stand as follows:

Senate—Republicans 24, Democrats 6.
House—Republicans 48, Democrats 12.
On joint ballot—Republicans 72, Democrats 18.

In Multonomah county the Republicans elected every candidate on the ticket, city and legislative, with the exception of county assessor and city treasurer. The fusion candidates for these two offices were successful by small majorities.

HOT AFTER THE MILLINERS

Chicago, June 5.—Members of the Illinois Audubon society after years of attempted moral suasion, today began aggressive action to stop the sale of birds and bird plumage in Chicago for millinery purposes. Notices citing the law and threatening prosecution were signed by a number of prominent Chicagoans, members of the society, and sent to every milliner and dealer in millinery goods in Chicago and warning them. The action was taken after conference with state and federal officials and directors of kindred societies all over the United States. The law forbids the killing or catching of other than game birds, the English sparrow, crow, blackbird and chicken hawk.

AGED WOMAN KILLED BY FALL

Little Falls, Minn., June 5.—While attempting to escape from St. Gabriels' hospital in this city, Mrs. Mary Miller, aged 75 years, a patient whose mind was slightly unbalanced, was killed by a fall from a third story window of the hospital. Mrs. Miller attempted to let herself down from the window by means of a rope formed of sheets and her clothing. The rope broke and let her fall to the ground, about thirty-five feet below, instantly killing her. Mrs. Miller was sent to the hospital here from Fergus Falls by relatives, who will take the body to that place for burial.

CAUSE OF FEVER DISCOVERED

St. Paul, June 5.—A special to the Dispatch from Missoula, Mont., says: L. B. Chawning, bacteriologist of the University of Minnesota, and L. B. Wilson, of the same institution, who have been investigating the cause of the threatened plague of spotted fever in Bitter Root valley, have discovered the organism causing the fever, and also therapeutic treatment for the disease. The entire section is greatly elated over the discovery of the Minnesota scientists. Eight deaths have occurred, attributable to the disease, and many are afflicted.

GEORGIA PRIMARIES.

The Candidates Named Are Sure of Election.

Atlanta, Ga., June 5.—Democratic primaries for the nomination of governor, state and congressional representatives are being held throughout the state today. The Democrats have the only ticket in the field, and the result of today's primaries will be equivalent to election. Only white people are allowed to vote in the primary. The election will be held in October. The candidates for governor are J. H. Terrel, former state's attorney general; Dupont Guerry and J. H. Estill, editor of the Savannah News.

HERBERT IS APPROVED.

London, June 5.—The universality of the approval of the appointment of the Hon. Michael Herbert as ambassador to the United States, in succession to the late Lord Pauncefote, is quite unusual. ...o dissent is heard anywehre. The afternoon newspapers today distribute their congratulations equally to the foreign secretary, Lord Lansdowne, on his good choice, and to Mr. Herbert, on his good fortune.

FACTORY FOR BEAUMONT.

Beaumont, Tex., June 5.—The American Steel and Wirecompany, it is said, ha ssecured title to 100 acres of land in the southern part of town, near the Burt refinery, and intends to erect a $5,000,000 factory on the site at an early day. It is expected that the factory will employ at least 3000 people.

HERD WON.

London, June 5.—Herd won the golf championship, with an aggregate of 307 strokes; Vardon was second with a total of 308 strokes.

POPE RECEIVES TAFT

Governor of Philippines Presents the Pontiff With a Letter From President and a Set of His Books.

Rome, June 5.—The pope today received Judge Taft, civil governor of the Philippine islands; Bishop Thomas O'Gorman, of Sioux Falls, S. D.; Judge Smith and Maj. Porter of the judge advocates department at Washington.

The Americans were met at the entrance of the vatican by Mgr. Bisiotl, the papal chamberlain, and were conducted to the pope's private library. Judge Taft there presented to his holiness a letter from President Roosevelt, in which the president said that although not belonging to the Catholic church, he could not help expressing his sentiment of profound veneration and esteem of the pope's wisdom in the administration of the church.

Then, referring to the Philippines, the president asked for the pope's influence in the great questions between the civil government of the islands and the religious orders. Judge Taft presented the pontiff with a box containing President Roosevelt's literary works, and the pope expressed his thanks for Mr. Roosevelt's friendly greetings.

MRS. WILLIAMS ACQUITTED

Chicago, June 5.—After an all night's session a jury in Judge Kavanagh's court today rendered a verdict of acquittal in the case of Mrs. Emma Williams and Chris Sweiger, charged with the murder of Kinley Williams, the woman's husband.

Williams died of asphyxiation, all the jets of a gas stove in his room having been found turned on by the police. Mrs. Williams, who is a nurse, was attending a patient. She said she had returned to the house, but having forgotten her keys, did not enter. She said her husband, being a motorman, had to arise at 4 a. m., and she did not wish to disturb him. When the police found the body Mrs. Williams' keys were found in the door. There was no reason why Williams should wish to die, and the room bore evidences that he had expected to resume work as usual in the morning.

YOUNG WOMAN DIES IN A CAB

Chicago, June 5.—Death overtook Mary Love, aged 22, daughter of a farmer of Grant Park, Ill., last night while she was being conveyed in a cab from the house of Mrs. Mary Schuert, a widwife, to the home of her cousin, Mrs. Charles Rivers. Samuel Conklin, driver of the cab, was summoned to Mrs. Schubert's house, and received his instructions from the midwife. After traversing several blocks he heard the girl fall from the seat and drove to a drug store. She was dead when he opened the cab door, and he continued to a police station, whence the body was sent to an undertaker.

Detectives arrested Mrs. Schuert and her husband, Wilhelm, a member of the orchestra of a down-town theater. Mrs. Schuert attempted to swallow carbolic acid when told that she was under arrest. At the station she refused to admit having treated the girl, stating that she merely rented a room to her a week ago.

A CROWN JEWEL IS MISSING

New York, June 5.—A sensation has been created in court circles according to the Stockholm correspondent of the American and Journal, by the discovery that one of the crown jewels is missing from the royal treasury.

It is a beautiful ruby of 255 carats, and is an historic gem that formed part of the royal regalia. The police of all the European capitals have been warned to be on the alert.

TOWARD THE TOP

John Eden Is High In Great Northern Traffic Circles.

Makes Visit Here Presumably In Connection With Eastern Change.

Some Changes In Great Northern Officials---Rumors of Other.

John C. Eden, assistant general traffic manager of the Great Northern system, spent last night and part of today here, leaving in his private car attached to the 1:25 train for St. Paul. It is supposed that Mr. Eden's visit at this time was in connection with the changes that are likely to take place July 1, as a result of the merging of the Eastern Minnesota with the Great Northern system. His familiarity with every detail of the Eastern Minnesota, almost since the road was built, would naturally be of great assistance at this time.

Mr. Eden is now stationed at Seattle, with especial supervision over the Western traffic. He is well up on the Great Northern ladder, even more so, it is said, than his present position might signify on other roads. It is a matter of knowledge among men here that Mr. Eden was the man that worked up Mr. Hill's plans for obtaining control of a good share of the prospective ore traffic of the Mesaba range, and that it was through him that most of the earlier iron deals were made by the Great Northern. The part he took in this important work, added to his extremely successful handling of the regular traffic on the Eastern Minnesota and the development of natural resources along the line through the location of industries, is said to have given him a standing with Mr. Hill that nearly won him the successorship to Darius Miller as vice president of the system in charge of the traffic department. If his experience with the company had been more general in character, instead of being confined to the Eastern Minnesota, it is said that likely it is said that he would now be vice president of the road.

It is reported among local railroad men that Mr. Eden now draws a salary of $12,000 a year, as much per month, some say, as he first earned in a year when he came to Duluth to engage in the railway service. It is generally among the shippers and railroad men of Duluth rejoice over the important advancement he has made in his business.

One change in connection with the Great Northern is that Chief Engineer Stevens has been appointed general manager of the system, restoring that title, and with authority over both the engineering and operating departments. It is announced that Mr. Stevens succeeds in part to the duties that have fallen to the late President J. N. Hill.

There seems to be a quite general impression that the first of next month will bring quit a number of changes among Mr. Hill's officials.

ENGLISH GOLF.

Vardon Does Not Show to Good Advantage.

London, June 5.—At the end of the third round in the contests for the open golf championship, which began at Hoy Lake yesterday, Alexander Herd had taken the lead, with a total of 226 strokes, three ahead of Harry Vardon, whose score was 229. Vardon did not show to advantage in this morning's play. He took 80 strokes to complete the round, while Herd finished in 73.

TO ADD JAPENESE.

Chicago, June 5.—Japanese is the latest language to be added to the list taught at the university of Chicago, according to an announcement made in the course of study for the summer quarter. Professor Yashiaka, a graduate of the Northwestern university, has been selected to teach the subject. There are a number of students in the university who expect to go to Japan as missionaries.

WHY BE FAT

When There Is a New Home Treatment That Quickly Reduces Weight to Normal Without Diet or Medicine and Is Absolutely Safe.

A TRIAL PACKAGE FREE BY MAIL.

Don't be too fat; don't puff and blow; don't endanger your life with a lot of excess fat; and furthermore, don't ruin your stomach with a lot of useless drugs

and patent medicines. Send your name and address to Professor F. J. Kellogg, 341 W. Main street, Battle Creek, Mich., and he will send you free a trial package of his remarkable treatment that will reduce your weight to normal. Do not be afraid of evil consequences, the treatment is perfectly safe, is natural and scientific and gives such a degree of comfort as to astonish those who have panted and perspired under the weight of excess fat. It takes off the big stomach, gives the heart freedom, enables the lungs to expand naturally and you will feel a hundred times better the first day you try this wonderful home treatment.

Send your name and address for a free trail package sent securely sealed in a plain wrapper, with full directions how to use it, books and testimonials from hundreds who have been cured.

Send for the free trial package today. It will brighten the rest of your life.

Summer Energy and Activity.

If You Are Nervous, Despondent, Sleepless, Irritable, or Out-of-Sorts in June,

Paine's Celery Compound

Will Give You Nerve Force, Fresh Energy, Vigor, and New Health.

June should be the banner month of the year for the enjoyment of nature and life. If men and women are not physically capable of enjoying the good things of nature and home so bountifully provided by an All-Wise Creator, the fault is their own in the majority of cases.

Our nervousness, insomnia, despondency and irritableness are continual and forcible reminders of ill-health and disease. Their continuance in June means unhappiness and misery; their banishment by the use of Paine's Celery Compound means energy, activity, vigor and full ability to enjoy Heaven's best gifts. Thousands are now acquiring rugged health and buoyant spirits through the use of Paine's Celery Compound. The blessings of health, home and nature will be your portion if you wisely use the great medicine this month. It truly makes people well.

CANDIDATES

For Congress Named By Pennsylvania Republican Convention.

Philadelphia, June 5.—Republican congressional, county and senatorial conventions were held here today. The following candidates for congress were chosen: First district, H. H. Brigham; Second district, Robert Adams, Jr.; Third district, Henry Burk; Fourth district, Robert H. Foerderer; Fifth district, Edward Morrell; Sixth district, George D. McCreary.

All the congressional candidates are renominations except McCreary, who is the candidate in the new district created under the apportionment bill passed by the last legislature. Robert H. Forderer is a member of the present congress as representative of the state at large. Today he was chosen to represent the Fourth district in place of Congressman James R. Young, who retires.

Thirty-nine legislative candidates also were nominated. It was announced today that the eighty-four delegates to the Republican state convention chosen at Tuesday's primaries are a unit for Judge Samuel W. Pennypacker, of this city, for governor. The convention will meet at Harrisburg next Wednesday.

COST OF CAMPAIGN.

Democratic Central Committee Files List of Expenses.

St. Paul, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—According to the sworn statement filed with the county auditor by Treasurer R. T. O'Connor of the Democratic central committee the state campaign cost the committee $6982.11. This was the amount received as contributions from the several candidates and it was all expended in their behalf. The biggest expense incurred was in canvassing for voters, which took $1570.70. Printing and stationery came next, costing $1391.60.

SMITH ELECTED

As Superintendent of the St. Paul Schools.

St. Paul, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. J. Smith was elected superintendent of the St. Paul schools last evening for two years by the four recent appointees of Mayor Smith to the school board. The vote was by ballot and showed four votes for Mr. Smith and three for Mr. Leviston.

The move was a complete surprise to the members of the board that supported Mr. Leviston, but Dr. Fry moved that the election of Mr. Smith be made unanimous, on the ground that it was well to have harmonious action on such matters. President Bernard Zimmerman ordered a roll call and both he and E. O. Zimmerman voted no.

HILL'S START.

Noted Geologist Began Career as a Printer.

Austin, Tex., June 5.—Professor Robert T. Hill, the geologist whose investigations of the volcanic disturbances on the island of Martinique have attracted widespread attention, was reared in Comanche county, on the Texas frontier north of here, and resided for several years in Austin, during the time that he was connected with the state geological department.

He learned the printer's trade when a young man, but followed that vocation simply to earn the money to gratify his determination to become one of the foremost geologists of the country. He worked in newspaper offices at Galveston and other places in Texas during the early '80s and did so much talking on geological subjects that his associates came to call him the "crazy printer."

He managed to save enough money to pay his railroad fare to Ithaca, N. Y., where he entered Cornell university, working his way through that institution by setting type at night and pursuing his geological and other scientific studies during the day. He was greatly aided during this early period of his ambition by Judge J. H. McLeary, former attorney general of Texas, but now a member of the supreme court of Porto Rico.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Will Be Given the British Remount Commission.

Kansas City, June 5.—The British remount commission, that has been purchasing and sipping mules for use in the British army in South Africa and India, will be disbanded within a few days; and most of the officers who are now on duty here and at Lathrop, Mo., will be given long leaves of absence. The officers of the commission in this city will remain until next week. Col. de Burgh, the senior officer, is about to leave for Washington.

EXPANSION OF COMMERCE

(Continued From Page 1.)

to preserve it for generations now unborn.

> I feel sure that no one here tonight ever expected to see the time when farmers and farmers' sons from the best states of the West would be forced to leave their country and their flag to seek homes in a foreign country.

The United States has many social questions to settle in the near future, and nothing in this connection will take the place of its ability to provide good homes for those who desire to sit under their own vine and fig tree.

> Land without population is a wilderness, and population without land is a mob.

Considering the question from a broad national standpoint, the next interest in importance to agriculture is the railway interest of the country. The entire railway growth is within the memory of men living. Twenty-five years ago it was not supposed possible that railways would ever be able to carry heavy and cheap commodities which were up to that time almost exclusively shipped by water. Great elevators were built in Chicago, Milwaukee and other lake ports, to hold the grain for the season of open water, in order that it might move to market at a fair rate. Early builders of railways never realized the service to be rendered to the country by the railways. I think I am safe in saying that next to the Christian religion and the common schools, no other single work enters into the welfare and happiness of the people of the whole country to the same extent as the railway; no other work could have made it possible to occupy the enormous stretches through the interior of our country and people them with cities, towns and villages.

While the railways have to answer for many mistakes of judgment, or of intent, on the whole the result has been to create the most effective, useful and by far the cheapest system of land transportation in the world. In England the average amount paid by the shipper for moving a ton of freight 100 miles is $2.35; in France, $2.10; in Austria, $1.90; in Germany, where most of the railways are owned and operated by the government, $1.84; in Russia, also government owned, where the shipments are carried under conditions more similar to our own than in any other country as respects long haul, $1.70; in the United States the average cost is 73 cents, or less than 40 per cent of the average cost in Europe. And this is done while every article used by the railroads, including labor, costs more than in country than it costs in Europe, with the exception of coal and right-of-way. Wages in the United States are, as a rule, more than twice as high, and this high cost in the United States is constantly increasing. Take, for instance, the material in an ordinary box car, the cost of which has increased in the past three years over 29 per cent. You gentlemen whose manfactured articles are sold throughout the country are always able to base your selling price on the cost of production, and when your raw material and labor cause the cost, your prices are advanced, but, notwithstanding the enormous advance in wages, in material of every kind, the rates of transportation in the United States have gone steadily down from year to year until they are by comparison so much lower than those in any other country that there is no comparison between them. If these results have been accomplished under all the changing conditions of financial prosperity and adversity in the past thirty years, have we not, as a nation, reason to rejoice in what has been accomplished, rather than to seek to destroy or appropriate the means which have brought about these results?

> A few weeks ago a member of the interstate commerce commission, in an address before your association, made some statements which, if correctly reported, I feel called upon to deny.

The gentleman is quoted as having said that rates have not been reduced during the past ten years, but that they have been advanced in that time. The published report of the interstate commerce commission for the year ending 1900, on page 94, shows the average rate per ton per mile in 1890 at .941 of a cent; 1900 (ten years later) at .729 of a cent.

Surely the gentleman does not mean to say that the latter is a larger amount than the first—which is practically what he is reported as having said.

For the year ending June 30, 1900, the interstate commerce commission report gives the number of tons carried one mile in the United States as 141,599,000,000, which, multiplied by the reduction in the rate (.212) between 1890 and 1900, shows that the public had paid $3,000,000 less than the average rate of 1890 would have cost on the business of the year of 1900.

Elsewhere in his address he makes the statement that the traffic manager of the Lake Shore railway testified that the standard train of fifty cars with 60,000 pounds per car was moved by one engine from Chicago to Buffalo at an entire expense of moving that train of not to exceed 50 cents per train mile. When the gentleman made that statement he had the published report of the interstate commerce commission, and of all the state commissions in the country, showing the various cost of running trains, and on page 94 of the report of his own commission the average cost of running a train mile for all trains is given at a trifle more than one hundred and seven (107) cents, or more than twice the amount mentioned in his address to you.

What is called in railway accounting, "Expense of Conducting Transportation," sometimes includes station and terminal service, and sometimes is limited to the mere cost of moving the train, that is, the cost of wages of train and engine men and of train supplies. This last amount was probably what the gentleman had in mind, but surely, if his experience, knowledge, character and ability are such as to entitle him to fill the position he occupies in the country, it ought not to be for want of knowledge that he fell into this error, or made the statement he is reported as having made.

Joseph Nimmo, for many years the government statistician in Washington, before the congressional committee on interstate commerce, about a month ago, charged directly, and it was not contradicted, and could not be contradicted, that the statements made by members of the commission were misleading and untrue, as appears on pages 350 and 351 of the Official Report before the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce.

When we consider what has been accomplished by the railway companies in the past thirty years, the singularly low rate of transportation which prevails, the average cost being not to exceed one-third of what it was thirty years ago, the reduction of freight classifications from fifty or more to three, the increase by thousands of through routes and rates, the improvement of facilities for transportation in roadway, equipment and terminals has not the country abundant reason to congratulate itself on what has been accomplished? And I will say, further, that all this has been brought about by the railway companies in their efforts to serve the public and help themselves rather than by any legislative or other interference. The railways of the country are subject to the interstate commerce law. It is said that carriers do not observe the law; that rates are unreasonable; that the public are oppressed. To remedy the evils growing, as is claimed, out of the violation of the law, government ownership is suggested by some, and an increase of the power of the interstate commerce commission by others. Government ownership means the control and operation of railways by government officials. A mere statement of the proposition arouses in the mind of almost every thoughtful man the fear that such power would end in the destruction of the government itself.

> Aside from all economic questions and the increased cost to the public, either in direct advance of rates or indirect cost of increased taxation, it would mean the political appointment of an additional million of public officials, and the exercise of a power sufficient to imperil, if not to destroy, free government in the United States.

Upon the question of the power of the interstate commerce commission, as respects rates and railway operation, I believe that all public service should be regulated by fair and reasonable laws. The interstate commerce law declares the common law, and prohibits extortion and unjust discrimination between persons and places. It provides, as does the common law, that all charges made for any service rendered, or to be rendered, in the transportation of passengers or poperty, shall be reasonable and just. Every unreasonable and unjust charge is declared to be unlawful. All rates of transportation must be published, and, when published, it is made unlawful for any carrier to charge or receive a greater or less compensation than that specified in the schedule of published rates at the time in force. To charge a higher or lower rate than that fixed by the schedule at date than that in force is in violation of law, and a carrier who violates th elaw, if not subject to criminal prosecution, is subject to complaint of violation to be made to the commission and to sustain court for the purpse of recovering damages or seeking reparation for the wrong done. The act of charging a higher or lower rate than that specified in the schedule at the time in force is unlawful. Unlawful acts may be restrained or punished, and those injured thereby have redress for the injury. Under the provisions of the act, carriers are liable to persons injured to pay full damages sustained in consequence of a violation of the act, together with reasonable attorney's fees, to be fixed by the court. Shippers claiming to have been damaged by any act of a carrier, subject to the law, may, instead of bringing suit in court to be prosecuted at their own risk and expense, make complaint to the commission in an informal way, by a letter mailed with a two-cent stamp. If a published rate is unreasonable it is unlawful. Any shipper who has sustained damage by reason of the enforcement of the rate may make complaint to the commission, and it then becomes the duty of the commission, at the expense of the government and without cost to the complainant, to investigate the complaint. All the powers of the court are open to the commission to produce evidence, books and papers. It may award damages, fixed the measure of reparation, and if its order is not obeyed, it may institute proceedings in court at the expense of the government, and without cost to the complainant, to enforce its order; and in the event of recovery, the carrier proceeded against must not only pay the cost of the defence, but reasonable attorney's fee for the prosecution.

A party having been injured need not complain to the commission in order to obtain justice. The commission may proceed, of its own motion, without complaint. Any person, firm or corporation may make complaint on account of an injury done to another. With or without complaint, the commission may investigate, and upon investigation make orders requiring carriers to pay damages, to make reparation for wrong done, to cease from wongdoing.

And all this, in addition to risks of prosecution in criminal proceedings of agents and officers of carriers, through whose agency the law is violated.

> It is said that the existing remedies are inadequate and that the commission should be given the power to make rates, if not in the first instance, in the last instance, which is the same, in effect. The only difference I can see between a commission of five men fixing the rates on all the railways of the country and a commission operating under government ownership is a difference in name. In either case the business of the country would be face to face with the worst financial crisis we have ever been called upon to meet.

The rate making power is now exercised by experienced men, each representing not only the interest of the line of railway with which he is connected but of the patrons of the line; the increase of the business of the patrons meaning also an increase of the business of the company. The power is subject to the control of the interstate commerce commission, and also the competitive conditions and forces by land and water between markets, manufacturers and producers throughout the world. Because difficulties have arisen in the enforcement of the law, growing out of failure to prove its violation, it is proposed to amend the law, not in such way as to make it less burdensome under given competitive conditions or to make proof of the violation of the law less difficult, but by conferring upon five men, or three, if the five do not agree, the power to regulate the earnings of railway companies by fixing rates. This is, in effect, to give to the commission, a political body, power to make or break railway companies, to send their ket, to control importations, to limit exportations, to build up or ruin cities by establishing differentials, to array one section against another. Should the commission be given rate making power, it would have absolute dominion over the commerce of the country and over all interests dependent upon such commerce. It is to be feared that evils would result from the granting and exercise of such power, compared with which existing evils or alleged existing evils are as nothing.

A railway corporation has only such rights as are given to it by the state in which it is incorporated.

A railway company, in order to obtain money with which to construct its line and carry on its undertakings is granted by the state a right to sell bonds and stock in the markets and to those who are willing to purchase.

The ownership of stock of a railway company is a matter of interest or concern to the territory served by the railway company to the extent that it is held by those who have purchased it as an investment and have an interest in the territory served by the line in promoting its settlement, encouraging its growth and increasing its traffic.

There is a common interest between the railway company, that is, between those who hold its bonds and its stock and the territory served by its line. The bondholder has an interest in the earnings to the extent of the interest on his bond; the stockholder to the extent of obtaining reasonable dividends upon his stock. The amount of interest and dividend charge is limited. Only such rates can be maintained as will yield net earnings sufficient to pay interest and reasonable dividend.

> The common interest of the territory served by a railway company is in obtaining transportation and reasonable service at a low rate and at such rate as will enable those who live in the territory to sell what they produce, or have to sell, in an available market as a fair profit.

The price of transportation must always be such as to enable the company to pay interest on its obligations and a reasonable dividend to the holders of its stock. If that amount is earned upon a light traffic, the rate per unit of traffic will be higher than it would be if the traffic is heavy. The interest of the territory along the line of the railway rests mainly in the increase of the density and volume of traffic.

The amount of money received from the sale of bonds and stocks having been invested in railway construction, the company has a right to earn an amount sufficient to meet its interest and dividend obligations. It is for the public interest that the amount to be earned should be derived from a large volume of traffic at a low rate, rather than a small volume of traffic at a high rate.

If the earnings which the railways are entitled to receive were to be derived solely from traffic beginning and ending on their respective lines, the rates or prices of transportation would necessarily be much higher than it is. The interest of the public served by the railways is largely in the increase of the volume of interstate and international traffic over the lines. Take for instance, the lines of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific from Lake Superior and the Mississippi river to Puget sound. All the interstate traffic they can obtain from the great freight producing area south of Lake Superior and east of Chicago must come to the lakes, which are closed to navigation one half of each year, or around the south end of Lake Michigan by way of Chicago. To retain the volume of traffic and thus be able to reduce rates, these two companies must secure a share of the interstate traffic from the territory tributary to the Mississippi and to reach territory furnishing market for the freight produced along their lines and return freight to be transported over their lines, and in connection with the Pacific coast terminals.

If the stock of the railway is held as an investment by those interested in the territory served by the line in increasing the volume of traffic and in reducing rates, the territory will be built up and rates will be lowered.

> If the question of the ownership of stock was not to the public served by the lines of the railways of the country, would it not be for the interest of the public to have such ownership placed in the hands of those who had acquired it as an investment and whose interest is directly connected with the building up of the lines and building up the territory served by them?

There has been during the past year a great deal of public discussion about railway competition and a large amount of voluminous literature has been written on the subject. It is always a safe basis to assume that no business will continue for any length of time if the results of its transactions is a loss, and this is equally true of your business and of that of the railways. No individual, community or nation can afford to build up its commerce on the foundation that railways will destroy each other for the general benefit. This has been done in some cases in the past and the roads which have followed this course have gone through the portal of bankruptcy into the hands of rival owners, and, in some cases, into the hands of owners whose greater interest is in other directions, and whose object in obtaining them has been more to restrict the growth of the country than to increase it.

Competition in railway rates is either active or inactive. All railway rates are the subject of conference between the lines interested, followed by an agreement as to rates, and the conditions of the business of the country demand that this course must always be followed. All rates are filed by law made public, and whatever rate is adopted by one road must be adopted by the others, or they will lose their share of the traffic. In this there is no competition. When competition is active, tariffs are disregarded and private rates are made to large shippers and rebates paid, amounting, as has been published, to enormous sums in the yearly aggregate. To prevent this active competition, both the federal government and the several states have enacted laws which have been a dead letter on the statute books until public opinion has demanded that the various commissions take some action under the law. The recent activity of the interstate commerce commission has resulted, I believe, to a large extent in correcting this abuse, and, if they follow up with the power conferred upon them by the act of congress, the entire system of private rates will be abolished to the advantage of the trade of the whole country, and of the railroads as well.

> There is, however, a competition between the railroads which will continue to exist as long as the railways are run, and that is the competition of markets; the necessity of building up the various interests of the country served by the respective railway lines.

In this the competition lies between the producer and the railway in one locality, acting together, against the producer and the railway in another locality, competing for the business. If the railway is to increase its traffic, it can only be done by increasing the business of its customers. This same principle applies to the occupation and cultivation of the land along the lines of railway throughout the country, and particularly applies to lines west of Chicago. Unless the farmer can make money by the cultivation of his land, either through selling his wheat, his grain, his cotton or his stock, with a profit to himself, the time must come when he will cease to cultivate the land, and the railway is left, as it were in a desert.

For the past twenty years or more I have had some experience in opening up and peopling new states, and we have always adopted as a fixed policy the making of rates on the products of the country seeking a market, and the necessaries of life, such as coal, lumber and building material, at the lowest rates the company could afford, looking more to our profit from the lighter articles of merchandise and sheif goods consumed in the country. At times we have been criticised for this, this criticism mainly coming from merchants who have desired a lower rate.

The following will illustrate our answer and the reason for the course we have pursued: Take a farmer in Iowa with a hundred acres of wheat yielding, say, twenty bushels to the acre, 2000 bushels, or sixty tons. A reduction of five cents a hundred, or a dollar a ton, would amount to him to $60 per annum. If he visits the country store once a week for fifty-two weeks and takes away from the store each week fifty pounds of merchandise, in a year he will have taken 2600 pounds, the entire freight on which would not have average 40 cents a hundred, or $10.40, so that if the railway carried the merchandise for nothing and charged an additional 5 cents a hundred on his grain, the farmer would be worse off by nearly $50 a year. This illustration I hope makes plain the statement that the prosperity of the people served by the railway is the only path to prosperity for the railway. The railway and its patrons must always prosper together or suffer together. The greater the volume of business the lower the rates can be made. If, for instance, a railway has to raise a million dollars on a traffic of a million tons, a simple calculation shows that its profits must be dollar a ton: if there are two million tons, 50 cents a ton, and if there are four million tons, 25 cents a ton will bring the same profit.

In order to secure this additional tonnage, intelligent railway management is constantly called upon to secure for the producers on its various lines a market for their productions, and, if possible, a return load for the car carrying such product to market. We have on the Pacific coast the largest body of first-class saw timber left in the United States. When I first visited that country with a view to extending car lines to the coast, I saw at once that unless we could carry their lumber to market at a price that would enable them to compete as regards profit with a profit, our railroad would have no business. The first and great crop of that country is its lumber, made at rate of $2 per hundred for 200 miles, or 4 mills a ton per mile, on this lumber, in order that he might load back the cars that carried out the merchandise to the West. This rate was necessarily met by other roads and the result was the expansion of the lumber trade of Washington and Oregon, so that today it is second in importance what it was nine years ago, and in place of seeking additional loads for our cars from the West, we are now seeking additional loads for our West bound cars, going out to be loaded with lumber for the great treeless states of the Middle West, and the development of the Pacific coast, supported with the wonderful change in the Oriental trade of the country than all the efforts of all the men engaged in that traffic.

To enable us to keep pace with the enormous demand for this lumber, was the moving cause of our building the largest ships in the world through which we will be prepared this fall to meet not only the rates of other transcontinental lines both in the United States and Canada, but are able to meet the rates made by steamer from the Atlantic ports via the Suez canal. Every manufacturer reached by any railway in the United States can ship his goods to the Orient by rail to the Pacific coast and thence by steamer, at rates that will compete with water transportation from the Atlantic seaboard to the coast by way of the Mediterranean and Suez canal. Were it not for the certainty that there is a car load of lumber waiting for every car that we can furnish on the Pacific coast, we could not carry the Oriental business at twice the rates we will offer.

> Much has been said about the increase of traffic in the East. I will cite as an illustration what has occurred in Japan.

Twenty years ago the foreign trade of Japan was not to exceed $1 per capita of the population. Today this trade is equal to $5 or $7 per capita of its population. Twenty years ago it amounted to about $40,000,000, and today it amounts to about $250,000,000, of which the United States' share is less than one-fifth. Ten years ago we exported $5,000,000 annually to Japan, and imported from her about $26,000,000. Now, our exports to Japan amount to $30,000,000, or six times as much as they were ten years ago, and the increase in our imports has been very small. In 1890 the entire foreign trade with China amounted to about 90 cents per capita. With a good stable government which will protect the chinamen in the fruits of his own labor and enterprise, there is no reason why the Chinese trade should not increase as rapidly as that of Japan has increased. The Chinaman is the best merchant of the two. Should the Chinese trade increase to $3 or $4 per capita, it would amount to more than the entire exports of the United States, and surely, this trade is worth striving for. The Oriental trade has built up cities of the Old World, which are now in ruins. Its value runs back to the very dawn of history. Byzantine enjoyed this trade for a time, and later on, it built up Venice, the city of merchant palaces, which for years was the gateway from the East into Europe. When the Portuguese sent their ships around the Cape of Good Hope, followed by the Spaniards, they took possession of this trade and transferred to from the backs of camels to their galleons. From them it passed under the control of the Hanseatic league, and the cities of Holland and Belgium. Early in this century, Great Britain, through a wise and far-seeing policy, inaugurated by her ablest statesmen, took possession of the trade, and has retained to the present time, for the reason that she furnished the lowest rates of transportation to and from those countries. We are now preparing to challenge her for such share of this business as can be furnished by the manufactures of the United States. A country where labor is paid from 40 to 25 cents a day cannot indulge in many luxuries, and our trade with the Orient must be largely in the necessaries of life and such articles as they cannot produce. We have already built up a large demand for American cotton, which, a few years ago, was unknown in China and Japan. This cotton mainly goes from Texas and other Southeastern states, and it may surprise you to learn that seven-eighths of it, during the past year, has gone by the way of Puget Sound ports. With Manila as an American port in the East, and the best ships that can be built, we should be able to maintain ourselves as a nation in the control of a large share of this traffic.

We enjoy today a share of the traffic of the various European nations under such conditions as their traffic will allow. Great Britain is our best customer. She buys about two-thirds of all our exports to Europe, and until recently, she has received our products on conditions as favorable as those enjoyed by her own colonies. We cannot, as a nation, go on receiving the great balance of trade which has been paid us for the past few years. Our balance of trade some years has been double the production of gold and silver in the whole world, and logically, if it should continue the time would come when we would have all the gold and silver and our customers would be bankrupt. This condition would only be less fortunate for ourselves than for them. Our customers must have the means to pay us and to get this means they must sell something to somebody. We have enjoyed all the benefits of a protective tariff for many years, and whatever good it can do by way of building up infant industries has already been accomplished. The growth of our enormous iron and steel industries, which are pointed out as the result of our protective tariff, can be more surely traced to our enormous resources in the iron mines of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, than from all other sources.

> The cheap production of the highest grade of ore in these mines and the low rates of transportation to Lake Erie ports have done more to build up the iron and steel industries of the United States than all the tariffs that have ever been placed upon the statute books. Today, if these mines were closed, our superiority in the iron and steel trade of the world would be gone forever.

There is another subject which I think will not be devoid of interest to the manufacturers of Illinois, and that is the so-called trusts or combinations of capital in a country as large as ours, carrying on enormous undertakings, large amounts of capital are necessary, and this capital can be more readily furnished by corporate ownership than in any other way. There are a few individuals in the country who might furnish fifty or a hundred millions of dollars with which to carry on any particular branch of business, but there is no certainty that they would furnish one dollar. A man with that amount of money does not need all the trouble and annoyance attending a large business of any kind, so that it is necessary that this work shall be done through corporate effort, and no harm is likely to come to the country growing out of the magnitude of the business. Has the enormous business of the Krupp company in Germany injured the German nation, or any of its people? On the contrary the nation and the people are proud of the name of Krupp. Can anyone in this country point out an injury inflicted on the people which can be traced to the magnitude of the Carnegie company? The only serious objection to trusts has been the method of creating them—not for the purpose of manufacturing any particular commodity in the first place, but for the purpose of selling sheaves of printed securities which represent nothing more than good-will and prospective profit to the promoters. If it is the desire of the general government through congress to prevent the growth of such corporations, it has always seemed to me that a simple remedy was within their reach. Under the constitutional provision allowing congress to regulate commerce between the states, all companies desiring to transact business outside of the state in which they are incorporated, should be held to a uniform provision of federal law, that they should satisfy a commission that their capital stock was actually paid up in cash or in property, at a fair valuation, just as the capital of the National banks are certified to the paid up by the comptroller of the currency. It is only fair to a dealer in Minnesota or California or Oregon, that if a company claims to have ten, twenty or fifty millions of capital, desiring to do business in that state, that the dealer should know that the company's solvency has been passed upon by a federal commission and that its capital was what it was advertised to be.

> With that simple law, temptation to make companies for the purpose of selling prospective profits would be at an end, and, at the same time, no legitimate business would suffer, for I would any number of individuals, desiring to engage in business through a corporation, suffer any hardship because their actual capital was as they advertised it to be.

We have been as a nation, too ready to look to state and federal legislation for remedies which are beyond their power to give. The laws of trade are as certain in their operation as the laws of gravitation. You might as well try to set a broken arm by statute as to change a commercial law by legislative enactment. You may obstruct and delay for a time, but, in the end, the inexorable law of experience, and the survival of the fittest, will prevail. That is the universal law of nature in every branch, and, in its workings it is eternal. Let us, therefore, leave well enough alone. That which is good let us keep and that which can be made better let us approach with intelligence and work together for the accomplishment of results that will benefit, not only one, but all the various states of the country, and, in that way, secure the prosperity of the individual and separate interests as well.

GETTING AROUND.

Holden Is Looking After His Political Interests.

St. Paul, June 5.—The Globe today says: Odin Halden, Duluth's candidate for state auditor, paid a flying visit to St. Paul yesterday. Halden has so far kept entirely out of the territory claimed as their own by the other candidates. A goodly portion of the state, however, belongs to him naturally, and he is not losing any time in getting around to the important points and seeing that none of it gets away.

It is generally conceded that the fight for the nomination lies between Halden and Iverson, and that it is only a question of where the Jacobson delegates ultimately land to settle the race.

WISCONSIN MEDICS.

Milwaukee, June 5.—The feature of the second days' session of the State Medical Society of Wisconsin was the annual address on medicine by Prof. Simon Flexner, of the University of Pennsylvania. Papers on various medical subjects were read and discussed throughout the day.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

RECEIPTS TOO LIGHT

Not Nearly Enough to Supply Demands of the Mills.

Are Taking Half Million a Month Out of Store.

Minneapolis Mills, Threatened By Shortage, Bid Prices Up.

The receipts of wheat in this market have become so light that the flour mills are obliged to obtain a very large proportion of their supplies out of store from the elevators instead of buying the wheat on track fresh upon its arrival from the country.

During the month of May the local mills took almost 500,000 bushels of wheat out of store in order to meet their requirements for grinding. They succeeded in obtaining on track only 128,000 bushels. The buying of wheat out of store for this purpose began in April, much earlier this year than is customary. In that month the wheat bought on track and in store was about equal—500,000 bushels. The mills are now taking about 25,000 bushels a day in store, in addition to absorbing most of the new arrivals.

The explanation for this is found in the fact that Minneapolis mills, on account of a prospective shortage in wheat supplies in that market before the new crop comes in seasoned fit for grinding, are bidding up the price and diverting there the wheat that naturally would turn this way. A year ago the Minneapolis July option was 2¾ cents under the Duluth July. Now Minneapolis is about ¼ cent higher than Duluth. But if the active option represents much greater strength there, the cash position is more significant, for track wheat in Minneapolis has been selling for a cent to a cent and a half higher than in Duluth since receipts fell off sharply a couple of months ago.

Grain men explain that while Minneapolis millers are apprehensive about elevator stocks there of about 6,000,000 bushels being sufficient with the light receipts to keep them supplied for their trade until the new crop becomes available, the situation here is quite the reverse of bullish. There has been little or no demand for wheat for shipment at any time since navigation closed last fall. When spring opened it was claimed that nothing but Manitoba wheat in store here had been sold for shipment, though some had been chartered by shippers for early shipment. Since then shipping requirements have reduced local stocks from about 16,000,000 bushels to a little over 5,000,000, but instead of the wheat being taken freely, it has been bought grudgingly and the stocks have pressed on the market. The Duluth market has been weak, therefore, while the Minneapolis market has been comparatively strong.

Just now Minneapolis is getting about ten times as much wheat as Duluth. These receipts at Minneapolis are equal, however, to only about 125,000 bushels a day.

The records show, however, that Duluth has received a larger proportion of the current crop than it did of last years's. Duluth has received to date since Aug. 1 last, the beginning of the crop year, 41,000,000 bushels of wheat, almost three times as much as during the same period of last crop year. Minneapolis has increased her receipts from the heavier yield from 70,000,000 bushels to only about 77,000,000 bushels this year.

In this connection it is of interest that Duluth this year has received about 25 per cent of the entire receipts from the spring wheat crop of the United States. Last year its proportion was less than 12 per cent. Duluth and Minneapolis together have received 71 per cent of the total spring wheat movement in this country, which has amounted to 165,000,000 bushels. Last year their proportion of the 137,000,000 bushel movement was 62 per cent.

GETS NO MONEY.

C. F. Blackberg Loses His Personal Injury Suit.

After being out nearly twenty hours the jury, in the personal injury case of Charles F. Blackberg against Hubbard & Vincent, returned a verdict for the defendant shortly after 12 o'clock today.

At 10 o'clock the jury was before the court and stated, through its foreman, that it would be unable to agree. It stood nearly equally divided, 7 to 5, and the members of the jury did not think there was much hope of an agreement. Two hours later the agreement that had been despaired of was reached, and the jury returned it into court.

Blackberg lost three fingers and otherwise injured his hand by contact with a circular saw in the mill of the defendants and he sued for $11,100 damages, claiming that the firm was responsible because it had ordered him to replace a slipped link belt when it was a very dangerous thing to do. The company claimed that the accident was due to Blackberg's own negligence.

The jury got the case at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and it disturbed the slumbers of the jurors all night long. During the morning an agreement was not looked for, though when the jury reported that it could not agree, Judge Ensign sent it back for another trial.

As there are no more jury cases to be tried, the members of the jury were paid off and excused for the term.

In Judge Dibell's court the case of the Hudson Produce company against E. M. Ferguson, the Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit company and the Russell Creamery company, was still on trial today. The testimony was all in this morning. At noon the attorneys were arguing requests for charges to the jury, which was expected to get the case this afternoon.

The following call of court cases includes all of the court calendar:

Friday—31, 2, 24, 25, 29, 5.
Monday—35, 36, 38, 39, 45, 49, 50.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Surgical Goods....

We are now showing a very fine assortment of surgical instruments and supplies. You will observe in our show window many of the different articles required by physicians in surgical work.

We are prepared to compete with any house in the Northwest on goods in this line and would be pleased to furnish prices and full information to those interested.

Physicians of Duluth, Superior and vicinity are cordially invited to make an inspection of these goods. The showing represents the very latest improvements in this line.

S. F. Boyce Druggist,

Prescriptions receive prompt and careful attention.

Tuesday—52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 62.
Wednesday—22, 32.
Monday, June 16—18.
Tuesday, June 17—51.

BAD ROADS.

The County Board to Have Them to Consider.

The board of county commissioners met this afternoon, and it looked this morning as though there would not be much to come up except road matters.

Another badly damaged road has been discovered, and there was a prospect that there would be something doing on it this afternoon. The East Duluth and Lester River road, which runs out from Thirty-sixth avenue east, is said to have been practically ruined by logging teams. A member of the board said that afternoon that logging teams, some of four to six horses, ran over the road as soon as the frost came out of the ground, and cut it all to pieces. It is now full of deep ruts, and a carriage that went out on the road a few days ago could not turn around on account of the depth of the ruts. It will cost $4,000 to put it in condition again.

The condition of the bridge over the Cloquet river on the Swan lake road will also be considered by the board. There appears to have been a young cyclone out that way, for the reports are that the wind blew the high bridge nearly into the water. The board will send somebody out to see whether it can be righted, or whether it will have to be rebuilt. The bridge, which is a combination structure, is twelve years old.

The King's Coronation.

The King's coronation promises to be the most elaborate and costly public function of modern times, and our country is to be represented there by three prominent statesmen, selected by the President, who will represent our state, army and navy. Many other people will also take the ocean voyage principally as a means of improving their health. They will, however, only obtain temporary relief, and their old complaints will surely appear again when least expected. The best way to recover your health is by strengthening and restoring the stomach to its normal condition by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is a positive cure for loss of appetite, nervousness, insomnia, indigestion, dyspepsia and malaria. Try it.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

It Will Hold Meeting Next Thursday.

The Duluth Historical and Scientific association will hold a meeting at the High School next Thursday evening, June 12, at which the plans of the association for next winter will be discussed. This will probably be the last meeting during the summer, but preparations will be made for an active program next winter.

An interesting paper will be read at next week's meeting, which Judge Ensign has just received from Professor Chester of Rutger's college, New Brunswick, N. J., telling of the first discoveries of iron ore on the Vermilion range. Professor Chester was of the party that explored the Vermilion range, and he has many interesting experiences in his paper, which he has furnished for the association at Judge Ensign't request.

She Deserted Him.

Philip Malburg wants a divorce in district court from Kate Malburg on the ground of desertion. Each is 30 years of age, and they were married in Marquette in 1892 and have two children. Malburg says that on July 15, 1898, he went to North Dakota to better his finances and make a home for his family. He wrote weekly till October and got but one answer. May 15, 1899, she began divorce proceedings against him in Alger county, Mich., but the proceedings were never completed. In 1899 he came to Duluth, and since he has been here he says his wife has written to inform him that she is well rid of him. H. H. Hawkins is the attorney.

ADMITS THE GAME

R. S. Abbott, Kansas City Grain Swindler, Makes a Confession.

Worked Game That Fooled Kansas City Once Before.

Considerably Annoyed That He Chose Detective For Friend.

R. S. Abbott, the clever Kansas City grain swindler, arrested here yesterday after leading Pinkerton detectives a lively three weeks' chase through the United States and Canada, has made a complete confession.

He put up a strong bluff about being Robert Evans until the detectives found his name written in a commercial agency rating book, and marked in full on his underwear.

Then he threw down the cards and announced that he was the same man that went to Kansas City during the first week in May. He called on the grain men of that place saying that he had lots of money and was buying a line of shipping stations in Kansas. Naturally he wanted to do business on the Kansas City board and in carrying on these negotiations, won the confidence of the grain brokers. Subsequently he sold P. E. Burroughs, a grain dealer and former British consul in Kansas City, from whom he secured $1200 on forged bills of lading.

The Kansas City grain men had been worked to a finish by the same sort of a scheme a year or so previous, and no time was lost in taking up the swindle with the city police and Pinkerton men. Abbott denies that he was the swindler that took thousands of dollars out of Kansas City on the same deal when it was originally worked.

He claims to come from a family that is known and respected throughout Southern Illinois. He was at one time a whisky salesman traveling out of St. Louis and has a brother that is a prominent business man of Omaha.

Abbott is particularly annoyed to think that he selected the Pinkerton detective as the one man of all the steamer Monarch's passengers with whom to get chummy during the trip from Sarnia to Duluth.

The detective had not intended getting acquainted with the man he was shadowing, knowing that he was coming to Duluth where other detectives were waiting for him. Abbott, however, insisted on striking up an acquaintance, and the detective could not very well get out of it. Now Abbott is a thoroughly disgusted man.

In his flight through the states and Canada the swindler spent money very freely, getting away with the entire $1200 in less than three weeks. He says he lost much of it gambling.

Arrangements were made this morning to have Abbott and his wife accompany Detective Kenney back to Kansas City this afternoon. There is nothing against the woman. She, however, says she will see Abbott through the difficulty if it takes every last cent she has. When the police searched her she had two cents.

COMMERCIAL CLUB.

Asked to Interest Itself In a Write Up of the City.

R. A. Haste, of the Northwest Magazine of St. Paul, is in the city in the interest of a write-up of the commercial interests of Duluth, particularly with relation to its chief features. Mr. Haste, who is well known at the head of the lakes as a graceful writer, has brought the matter to the attention of the Commercial club, which he desires to feature in the write-up as an influential factor in the new era of commercial and industrial development here. The matter will probably be taken up at a meeting of the club's directors to be held later.

The regular monthly meeting of the members of the club for the discussion of various public questions that have been referred to committees will be held on June 18. Matters as they occur are brought to the attention of the club are referred to special committees by President Patrick.

Secretary Preston of the club has written a letter to Rev. I. G. Aschim, Sacred Heart. Minn., expressing regret that the question of a location for the Hauge Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran synod theological school was not brought to the attention of the organization so that more time would have been allowed for consideration. However, Mr. Preston calls attention to the claims that Duluth naturally suggests to him as a location for such an institution, and trusts it will be given the consideration it deserves.

INCREASING.

Business of the Postoffice Continues to Advance.

The business of the Duluth postoffice for the month of May shows a gratifying increase in receipts, not only over those of May, 1901, but also over the preceding months. Last month the receipts of the office were $12,288.98, as compared with $9,681.42 in May, 1901, and $12,027 in April. The receipts for April were larger than those of March by $1,000, and those of March were correspondingly larger than those of February. The increased business is noted in almost every department, especially the money order and registry departments.

VOTES FOR CHAMBERLAIN.

Portland, Ore., June 5.—Another precinct from Harney county and one from Malheur just received put Chamberlain (Dem.) 30 votes in the lead for governor.

The Omnipotent St. Paul.

"The Great St. Paul is a wonder," said the clergyman. "You are right," said Eli Perkins. "It is the seventh wonder to people who ride on the St. Paul's beautiful trains. Its Pioneer Limited, the famous train of the world is a delight and a comfort to thousands between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis. Up in St. Paul and Minneapolis you call it the 'Milwaukee,' but the brokers on Wall street call it the 'St. Paul.' They say, with Shakespeare: 'Now buy St. Paul.'"

The C., M. & St. P. runs almost everywhere in the West and Northwest, and carries more people than any other Western road.

FOR THE SWEET GIRL GRADUATE

We have prepared the most carefully selected assortment of dainty and desirable novelties we have ever shown. One of the very best values to be seen is a cut stone

DIAMOND RING FOR $7.50

Hand made, German Tiffany mounting. A very appropriate gift and a genuine bargain.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.

334 West Superior Street.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St

Parlor theater. Elegant vaudeville show.

Chas. A. Stark & Co. are now located at 235 Palladio building.

This evening the employes of the Freimuth store will give an informal cotillion at the Park Point auditorium, the use of which has been donated for the evening by the Interstate Traction company. Admission will be by invitation and it is expected that the attendance will be quite large.

Roy H. Hondy and Matt Anderson were examined in probate court yesterday afternoon, and having been found to be insane, they were ordered committed to the asylum at Fergus Falls.

Articles of incorporation of the Ruth Iron company, with a capital stock of $15,000, have been filed with the register of deeds by Sara L. McNulty, Richard T. Grant and F. W. Sullivan.

The Val Blatz Brewing company has secured a default judgment in district court against Louis Goldman for $63.25 for money loaned. John A. Keys is the attorney.

Second citizenship papers have been granted in the district court to Charles Johnson, a former subject of the king of Norway and Sweden.

A meeting for all members of the St. Paul's Episcopal church will be held by the Woman's auxiliary, Friday, June 6, at 2:45 p. m., at the home of Mrs. Jones, 209 Third avenue west.

The South Shore will make a one-fare rate for the Maccabees meeting at Marquette, instead of $6 as previously announced. The $6 rate, it proves, will apply from Marquette to Duluth and return.

Smoke X-Ray and Duluth Herald cigar.

Parlor theater. None better in town.

Professor Curan will give a party at Lester Wednesday, June 11.

PERSONALS.

M. Keshall, of Biwabik, has been in Duluth a couple of days on business.

T. J. Rupp will leave on this afternoon's South Shore train for his home at Saginaw.

Capt. E. Morcom came down from Tower this morning, and is at the St. Louis.

Senator Frank W. Higgins, who has been here to attend the annual meetings of the land companies in which he is interested, leaves over the Omaha this evening for his home at Olean, N. Y.

M. C. Littleworth was a passenger over the Great Northern for Portland, Ore.

F. L. Gilbert goes to Chicago on this afternoon's Pass Hall.

Arthur House is home from Columbia college to spend his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. House.

Hilton Lewis, assistant clerk at the St. Louis, has returned from a fishing trip to Cass Lake.

W. M. Baldwin, of Chicago, western manager of the Standard Oil company, is in the city.

W. E. Magner and Mrs. Magner are visiting in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. F. E. House and daughter have returned from a visit in Beaver, Pa., and Pittsburg.

Morley Miller is back from New York.

J. G. Bower, sales agent for the Pressed Steel Car company, is here from Chicago. The Duluth & Iron Range road uses the ore cars from which he is agent.

Alfred Merritt left last evening for an extended Eastern business trip.

O. W. Baldwin returned this morning from a trip to the Twin Cities.

Mrs. B. L. Taylor arrived this morning to join Mr. Taylor on his vacation trip down the north shore. Mrs. Taylor has been visiting in Providence, R. I. She will be a guest of Miss Kugler and Mrs. William Schupp.

F. C. Talboys, of Eveleth, is a guest at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Helm left for St. Paul this afternoon over the Great Northern.

James Nasak, the Chicago lumberman, arrived at the Spalding this morning.

A. D. Thomson returned this morning from an Eastern trip.

Robert ——esides will leave over the Omaha this afternoon for a trip to California, where he has extensive timber interests.

Hon. T. A. Bury was at the St. Louis today on his way back from a trip to Oregon to his home at Two Harbors.

W. R. Marrian, geologist of the Oliver Iron Mining company, goes to Ishpeming on the South Shore this evening.

Mrs. Adolph Krucks has gone to Frenck Lick, Ind., to take the baths.

Attorney A. J. Thomas is down from Ely today. He is at the St. Louis.

A LARGE MONTH.

Receipts of Land Office In May Very Heavy.

The month of May was one of the record-breaking months in the business transacted by the local land office. There is but one other month on record where the receipts equalled or barely exceeded those for last month. The total receipts were $25,781.14, of which $21,806.32 were from the sale of public lands aggregating 5549.99 acres. The total acreage of homesteads filed also reached a large figure, aggregating 30,234.77 acres.

The business of the office also continues good for the first few days of this month.

STRAWBERRIES For PRESERVING

16-quart cases—per case—

$1.25

—AT—

O'LEARY'S CASH GROCERY,

17 East Superior Street.

BOTH PHONES 199

ORDER TONIGHT—THIS IS A SNAP PROMPT DELIVERIES

THE BARN MUST GO

Board of Public Works Gets After the Lerch Barn.

Must Be Torn Down Not Later Than Next Monday.

Signs That Obstruct Superior Street Walks Gathered In.

The board of public works became suddenly and violently strenous this afternoon.

Employes of the board swooped down on advertising signs that have been obstructing sidewalks in the business district and carried the signs away to the Armory building.

Owners that fail to claim signs at the Armory within a few days will find them in one of the city dumping grounds.

Not only are the signs being removed today, but the Lerch barn will probably be torn down by order of the board of public works, not later than next Monday morning.

Merchants that believe in signs have, in many instances, violated privileges of sidewalk advertising to such an extent that citizens of all degrees complained.

The board of public works served notices for the removal of the abstructing signs on two different occasions. A number of the merchants heeded the first warning and removed the obstructions.

The second warning was not heeded despite the fact that it was served by a policeman. This morning the mayor held a consultation with the board, and the order was given for the city teams to proceed along the street and take down all signs, load them in the wagons and remove the wreckage to the Armory building.

It is a fact that the Lerch barn is to be torn down by an order of the department. This decision, too, was arrived at during the consultation in the mayor's office this morning.

The taxpayers have been urging the city to take action for nearly a year past, but it was thought that the city had certain legal interests to protect which would be better subserved by playing a waiting policy.

That policy is about at an end. It is announced officially that the barn will be taken down not later than next Monday, and the rickety dangerous old structure at the corner of Fourth avenue west and First street will soon be where it will not disgust Duluthians and strangers that visit this city.

President Wilson of the board of public works said this morning there would be no further delay. Building experts have examined the structure and say that it is endangering life and property in its present location.

MONEY IN IT.

Itasca County Farmer Tells What Farming Will Yield.

W. J. Coffran, former mayor of Deer River, who is now farming near the middle of Itasca county, about six miles from the Itasca Lumber company's road, was in the city on a business trip yesterday and today. Mr. Coffran is a firm believer in the productiveness of Northern Minnesota soil and has the figures to back his belief. He had seventy acres under cultivation last year and raised several thousand bushels of potatoes, 300 or 400 bushels of onions and large quantities of turnips and various other vegetables. Including the cost of getting his products to market, Mr. Coffran says that his farm netted him last year over $3000.

ADDRESS W. C. T. U.

Miss Hollister Will Speak at Special Meeting.

Miss Louise E. Hollister, national superintendent of the young women's work of the Women's Christian Temperance union, and formerly a teacher in the Duluth high school, is in the city the guest of Mrs. A. W. Bradley, of West Third street, and while here will address several meetings in the interest of the work of the union.

Next Monday evening she will speak before the Central W. C. T. U., at the First M. E. church. The meeting will be at 7:45 o'clock and will take the place of the usual afternoon meeting. There will also be anattractive musical program.

Sunday she will speak at West Duluth: Wednesday evening, at the First Christian church, corner of Fifth avenue west and Fourth street, and Friday evening of next week at the Lakeside M. E. church.

OMAHA SERVICE.

Other Roads Figuring on It For Duluth.

There is some talk among the other Duluth-St. Paul lines of a change in the present service in order to compete with the Omaha's through train service from Duluth to Omaha, Kansas City and direct connections with the overland limited for the coast.

The Omaha has now made this Southwestern train a limited train by the addition of new equipment with the facilities for serving breakfast before it reaches Omaha. The service is said to be the best now provided between the Twin Cities and the Southwest.

The interest of the other Duluth-St. Paul lines in the matter is due to the fact that they cannot now connect to as good advantage with the Omaha's train out of St. Paul for Omaha and Kansas City and did not connect directly with other Southwestern night trains.

It is intimated that changes of some sort may be expected very soon. There is even a hint that the two short lines ma yconclude to cut the running time from Duluth to St. Paul in order to play even.

LIPTON TO CHALLENGE.

London, June 5.—The Exchange Telegraph company today gave out a yacht-ing announcement previously made by the Associated Press, which says that Sir Thomas Lipton has definitely decided to challenge for the America's cup in 1903, with a yacht to be built by the Denny's. The Exchange Telegraph company add that the yacht is designed by Fife, but that as a matter of fact Watson and Fife collaborated in the design.

DESERVES IT.

Representative Bury Says Bede Should Be the Nominee.

Thomas A. Bury, of Two Harbors, a member of the last house of representatives, is in the city today, and to a Herald man he spoke his mind on the congressional situation.

"I am one of the original Bede men," he said, "a charter member of the Bede congressional boom. I believe that he should have the congressional nomination, that he is entitled to it, and that he will get it. Not only will he make an excellent member of congress, but he has labored for the party effectively, and the party owes him the nomination. He has worked assiduously for Morris in the past when his work was badly needed. I think he ought to go to congress, and I believe he will."

BROOKS-HAMILTON.

Miss Edna L. Brooks, daughter of William H. Brooks, of Lakeside, was married last evening to R. G. Hamilton. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride by Rev. D. A. MacKenzie, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Crookston, who is a son-in-law of Mr. Brooks. Quite a number of people were present from outside the city. Following the conclusion of the ceremony a reception was given at Mr. Brooks' home. Mr. Hamilton is a resident of Lakeside, and both young people are well and popularly known in that part of the city.

WISCONSIN W. C. T. U.

Milwaukee, June 5.—The Wisconsin W. C. T. U. today elected officers as follows: President, Mrs. Mary C. Upham, Marshfield; vice president, Mrs. G. T. Follett, Spencer; corresponding secretary, Mrs. W. A. Lawson, Baraboo; treasurer, Mrs. Ida M. Cooke, Green Bay.

Loyal Temperance Legion branch: Secretary, Mrs. L. W. Black, Racine; assistant secretary, Miss Mary Money, Milwaukee.

The convention appropriated $500 to the W. C. T. U. home at Eau Claire; $500 to the organization fund and $100 to the lecture bureau.

BUILD COURT HOUSE.

La Crosse, June 5.—The board of supervirors of La Crosse county this morning voted to build a new court house which will cost, when finished, $135,000. An issuance of bonds for that amount was provided for. There was much opposition to the plan on the part of members from the country. The vote stood 20 to 10.

BALLIET FOUND GUILTY.

Des Moines, June 5.—The jury in the case of Letson Balliet returned a verdict of guilty late this afternoon.

NEW RAILROAD.

St. Paul, June 5.—A Madison, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Articles of organization were filed with the secretary of state today by the Laona & Northern railroad to construct and operate a line from Laona, Forest county, eight miles north to a point connecting with the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie. The capital stock of the company is $50,000, and the incorporators are W. D. Connor, Marshfield; R. Connor, Stratford; R. L. Kraus, Marshfield; T. A. Tack, Marshfield; H. R. Messer, Strathford.

FURNACE WORKERS STRIKE.

Pittsburg, June 5.—The strike of the blast furnace workers and smelters is about at an end, as the demands for an eight-hour day have been withdrawn and the men will be instructed by their president, James McMahon, to make the best terms of settlement possible with their employers.

EMBEZZLER ARRESTED.

Chicago, June 5.—Charged with the embezzlement of money, which it is said will reach $60,000, J. M. Cassidy, a former real estate dealer of Council Bluffs, Iowa, was arrested here today after a month's search by the police. He was turned over to Sheriff Cousins, of Council Bluffs, and he will be taken back to stand trial.

JAPANESE FORTUNE.

Japan presents the curious anomaly for the twentieth century of a country without a millionaire, says the New York Journal.

The modest Western problem of what to do with the rich growing richer and the poor growing poorer isn't troubling the mikado's empire. There isn't an inhabitant there, not even a nobleman, who would be considered a rich man from an American standpoint.

The Tiji Shimpo, one of the leading newspapers of the empire, has been making an investigation of the country's wealth. According to its tabulated statistics the greatest fortunes only reach the quarter-million mark. There are reported to be 41 persons whose possessions aggregate 500,000 yen, which is in American money $250,000.

That means that there is only one-quarter millionaire to every 100,000 population. Compared with the United States' 3828 millionaires, or one for every 20,000 population, these figures makes Japan look poverty-stricken.

That, however, is the very farthest possible removed from the facts. Japan has no paupers. While there are no fabulously rich men, there are no notoriously poor ones. Wealth is very generally distributed, and misery and suffering are so little that the Japanese are noted for being the happiest, lightest hearted people of the earth.

Of the quarter millionaires found in Japan, Tokyo, the capital, possesses one third, but eight neighboring provinces have scarcely any. The other large cities ranked in proportion to their capitalists are Oska, Kobe, Najaga, Kioto and Yokohama.

With this condition of affairs it is significant to note that manufacturing, in which so many great American fortunes have been made, is still in its infancy. Among the 4441 of Japan's moderately rich men there are more farmers and merchants than manufacturers, and sixty-six are noblemen. Of this class only about one in ten has amassed wealth in one generation. A fortune usually represents the inherited accumulation of several generations.

LAWTON'S HUMANENESS.

Peter McQueen, a newspaper man and Boston lecturer, who went through the Santiago campaign and accompanied Gen. Lawton on his last and fatal expedition against Santa Cruz, tells a story which illustrates the gentleness that characterized this leader, says the Chicago Tribune. In course of one of the forced marches made at night a native guide who was leading the Americans betrayed them, and attempted to lead them into an ambush, from which they escaped only through the vigilance and care of their commander. The next morning the treacherous guide was tried by a court-martial and sentenced to immediate execution. A priest was summoned and the unhappy guide was told to prepare for execution. As the priest was praying with the condemned man McQueen took his camera, and, finding a convenient place, got a picture. As he came back he saw Gen. Lawton watching. Going up to him he apologized for having ventured to take the picture of the man without the general's permission, but explained that he had thought it was a good subject.

"McQueen," said the general slowly, "that man is sentenced to death. I'm the only man who can save him." He paused, and his strong face showed the stress of conflicting emotion.

"He imperiled the lives of 3000 men, and he ought to be hanged. But I never have killed a man in cold blood, and I can't do it now."

A few days later Gen. Lawton was mortally wounded leading his men in battle.

ASLEEP NINETEEN YEARS.

Great interest is again being displayed in the case of Mlle. Bouyenval, who for nearly nineteen years has been in a state of catalepsy, taking neither meat nor drink, and to all appearances dead, save for the regular but almost imperceptible beatings of the heart, writes the Paris correspondent of the London Telegraph. Marguerite Bouyenval, who lies in a little bed on the ground floor of her mother's cottage, in the village of Thenelles, near Soissons, is now nearly 38 years old. She has been visited by hosts of people, including a number of medical celebrities, and all sorts of theories have been put forward by way of accounting for her condition. The local physicians are of opinion that the trouble was caused by some violent emotion, and this view was set forth by an expert in his report to the St. Quentin court, which years ago went into this very peculiar case. Now, however, the idea is started that Marguerite Bouyenval may have been magnetized, and not having afterward been properly aroused, may thus have remained in a state of hypnotic catalepsy.

NO MORE BAD EGGS.

M. Louis Parisot, an eminent French chemist, has discovered a liquid which he claims to be capable of preserving the freshness of eggs for a period of twelve years, says the London Express.

A year ago he placed a large number of these delicacies in the liquid, getting a magistrate to witness his act and seal the tank with his official seal.

A few days ago the tank was opened in the presence of his worship, the eggs being found to be in excellent condition. Four eggs were selected haphazard out of the tank, and on being boiled were eaten, the magistrate pronouncing them to be excellent and possessing a delicious flavor.

Another triumph for the inventor occurred the other day, some eggs which had been in the liquid for four months being successfully hatched, eight out of the twelve placed under the hen proving fertile.

M. Parisot states that he can preserve eggs with his preparation at a cost of 7½d per 1000.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We offer tomorrow the following special values:

Lawn Tuckings—

Plain and cluster tucks. For whole waists and trimmings—40c yard.

Imported English Tuckings—

Pretty striped effects. For waists and whole suits—3-inch wide—special, 30c yard.

White Bed Spreads—

New Marseilles patterns—extra heavy—full size—already for use. Special, $1.00.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Teachers' Rates to Eastern Points.

Fare and one-third for the round trip, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company. Tickets on sale June 6th, 7th, and 8th. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace with the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company steamers leaving Duluth 6:45 p. m., Friday, June 6th.

Reserve sleeping car and stateroom accommodation early.

M. ADSON, Gen'l Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

O. W. Osterberg and E. C. Lockquist.
R. G. Hamilton and Edna L. Brooks.
Nils Fjerstad and Bertha Peterson.

BIRTHS.

TINKHAM—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert R. Tinkham, Jr., of 926 East Sixth street.

BERGQUIST—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Bergquist, of 2021 West Fourth street.

BLOMSTRAND—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Angus Blomstand, of 519 East Fifth street.

KANE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kane, of 1918 West Michigan street.

McALINDEN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Felix McAllinden, of 2623 Huron street.

ALEXANDER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John J. Alexander, of 2232 West Superior street.

ANDERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Anderson, of 308 Garfield avenue.

NELSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nelson, of 1706 West Third street.

PETERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Alfred Peterson, of 1011 East Ninth street.

DEATHS.

JOHNSON—Oscar L. Johnson died at St. Mary's hospital June 4, from a clot of blood on the brain, caused by a fall down the elevator shaft at Marshall-Wells building last Saturday.

The funeral service will be at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon, June 8, in the Swedish Lutheran church, Second street and Second avenue west.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING.

Largest stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.

C. O. NELSON. Open Day and Night. 20 1st Ave. W. and U. S. Blk. 19th Ave. W. both Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

APPLY SATIN-SKIN CREAM, THEN use Satin-Skin Powder. Note satin texture, refined, exquisite softness bestowed. 25. Best for you. Best made.

Have Your Suit Fixed Up For Sunday.....

Suits cleaned and pressed for...$1.00
Suits pressed for.....50c
Pants pressed for.....20c

All work done by first-class tailors.

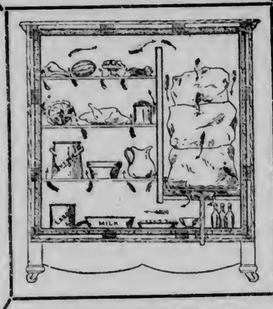
JULIUS LIESKE,

Room 7 over 7 West Superior Street.

Refrigerators and Ice Boxes.

Zinc, galvanized or enamel lined. The very finest that can be made. They come in all shapes and sizes. Beautiful boxes—finish smooth as glass. Locks and hinges specially strong. Each wall has five distinct non-conducting layers. A splendid box as cheap as the cheapest.

Over twenty different sizes. Small chests for small families. Medium sized chests. Large ones for boarding houses. Special **Sideboard** Refrigerators for restaurant use. Low boxes to fit under the stair—tall boxes to fit in that narrow space.



Special Refrigerators for family use only **$7.50**

Larger size for **$9.50**

Apartm't house box for— **$12.98**

Very large size—takes large piece ice—has double doors—for only— **$18.00**

Enamel lined—large sizes— **$25, $22.50, $16.50**

Others up to— **$37.50**

NEW GOODS!

Fresh lots arrive daily, never such an assortment as now. You can't fail to be satisfied.

VERY LOWEST PRICE.

You'll be surprised to see how cheap you can buy here.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.

DULUTH. MINN.

THE DAKOTAS.

Center Point Lad Is Dead From Accidental Shooting.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—John Sogge, the 17-year-old son of Jorgen Sogge, of Center Point, died here at the Sacred Heart hospital. His death was due to a bullet wound received accidentally last week while he was rifle practicing. The rifle was discharged by a small boy while it was leaning, muzzle up, against the deceased. The bullet entered the back in the region of the spinal column and there was little hope of his recovery from the first.

Sioux Falls—Since the announcement of the appointment of Col. Melvin Grigsby of this city to the position of United States attorney for the district of Alaska, some interest has been manifested as to the amount of salary he will receive. Col. Grigsby states that the salary of the office is $8000 a year with all expenses while away from home. In addition to receiving the salary stated, the colonel will have leisure from the duties of his position to devote to a private law practice.

Sturgis—During a storm here the Hotel Scollard and the store building of Treber & Co. were both struck by lightning. At the Scollard the bolt came through the roof and ceiling and entered one of the rooms, breaking a big mirror and passing out through an open window. At the latter place no damage was done. The city was without light all night, as the storm played havoc with the electric light wires.

Edgemant—N. S. Tubbs, who has sheep shearing pens near Edgemont, has so far sheared nearly 100,000 sheep, and it is expected that the Burlington railroad will receive 1,000,000 pounds of wool here. Twenty shearers are at work with machine clippers, and are turning out 1800 head daily.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—John E. McNamara, formerly postmaster at Portal, pleaded guilty to embezzlement in the United States court and will be sentenced Saturday.

A large number of Shriners left for San Francisco, to take in the annual big meeting.

A ROMANTIC STORY.

Ohio Lawyer Goes to Seattle to Be Married.

Tacoma, Wash., June 5.—A pretty romance is about to reach its climax in Seattle in the marriage of Charles F. Lundy, a young attorney of Cincinnati, and Miss Adelaide Neilen, formerly of Seattle and a member of a prominent Cincinnati family.

The story is of a strong love reciprocated, but, through the opposition of the young lady's family, the nuptials were prevented, though planned many times, and finally Miss Neilen, rather than submit to the dictation, left home and came West to Seattle. Her family had gone to Europe for the annual tour, and were not particularly desirous of supplying their daughter with money, and, furthermore, their daughter was not looking for assistance. For this Miss Neilen was too proud, and was willing to work and honestly earn her living. When she came to Seattle her funds were almost gone, and she secured employment in a telephone exchange. Faithfully she fulfilled her duties, never for a moment forgetting the young lawyer in Cincinnati.

Miss Neilen went on Monday to the Seattle general hospital to undergo a critical operation for appendicitis. Word was sent to her lover as soon as she was removed to the hospital table, and he is on the way to Seattle, where, if Providence spares her life, Miss Neilen will become his bride, and they will continue to live in the city which has seen the young woman through so many vicissitudes. Mr. Lundy will become a member of the Seattle bar. Meanwhile it is hoped to secure the reconciliation of the parents, who shortly are to return from their trip on the continent.

Removal!

On or before July 1st, I will move from 201 W. Superior St. into my new quarters at

12 West Superior Street,

Near Lake Avenue.

R. Krojanker

Leading Furrier.

AGED INFELICITY.

Differences After Forty Years of Married Life.

Utica, Ohio, June 5.—Sensational allegations are embodied in a petition filed by Emily Hall for divorce from William Hall, a wealthy farmer. The couple were married forty-two years ago, and have four children, all married. The wife charges Hall not only with infidelity, but alleges that he brandished a poker in a threatening manner. For some time past Mrs. Hall has been in Columbus, and the husband charges that she has been led from her duty by the Seventh Day Adventists. Mrs. Hall insisted upon observing Saturday as the Sabbath, which Mr. Hall would not condone, because it interfered with his farming operations.

WHIPPED BY ANTS.

Southerner Attacked By Army of Little Workers.

Jackson, Miss., June 5.—L. F. Anderson, a prominent cotton buyer, came near being killed by ants. He was in his flower garden cutting grass when he struck the end of the blade into an ants' nest, and in some unaccountable way knocked about 1,000,000 of the vicious little insects in his face and down his collar. Wherever they struck they stuck and proceeded at once to business.

Mr. Anderson brushed and knocked at them, but it seemed to do no good, and he ran for the house, where he fainted. Neighbors hearing the disturbance ran to his assistance, tore his clothes from him and soused him in a bathtub into which strong ammonia water had been poured by his wife. Mr. Anderson regained consciousness in five or six minutes, thought he was going to die, told his family good-by and fainted again. He was soon brought around, however, and under the care of his physician, who had been hastily summoned, was soon put out of pain by opiates. The unfortunate man's head and face swelled up to twice its normal size, and his neck and hands looked like a piece of raw beef by the next morning.

DAMAGES FOR BRIDE

Whose Young Husband Was Taken From Her.

Nashville, Tenn., June 5.—A sensation was created in Nashville when Miss Rena Blaze and Abram Simon, the latter well to do, were married, but a great stir was caused when Moses Simon, a brother, and other relatives captured the groom by main force, separated him from his bride and carried him away prisoner, they alleging the wedding ceremony was unlawful because not performed by a Jewish rabbi. Subsequently young Simon secured his release from captivity and returned to his bride, only to be taken away a second time by force, and under threats, it is claimed. The young bride entered suit to collect $50,000. She received a verdict for $25,000 and the case finally went to the supreme court, where the verdict was reversed on an error. Monday the case was brought up in the second circuit court, when the jury returned a verdict for $25,000 damages. The defendants are worth the money.

WIFE AND BABE

Deserted By Vogt For a Married Woman.

New York, June 5.—There is no little gossip about Mineola and neighboring villages on Long Island over the disappearance, almost simultaneously on Tuesday last, of William W. Vogt, who conducted the only drug store in Mineola, and Mrs. Mary J. Schenck, of East Williston. Vogt is the son of a wealthy manufacturer of Louisville, Ky., and served as a volunteer in the war with Spain. He left a bride of less than a year and a two-weeks' old babe to face the sheriff, who is now in possession of his store. Mrs. Schenck is the mother of three children, and was apparently happy in her home life. Her husband fears she may have met with foul play. He is not prepared to believe the stories told which associate his wife's disappearance with the flight of the druggist.

Vogt last July married Miss Fanny Doughty, daughter of the village postmistress at Garden City. Mrs. Schenck is quite wealthy in her own right.

KRUGER NOT ILL.

The Hague, June 5.—There is no foundation for the reports that Mr. Kruger is ill. On the contrary he is enjoying good health.

VICTIM OF DELUSION

Unusual Case Comes to Attention of Physicians In Ohio.

Girl Accused a Young Man of Having Betrayed Her.

Postmortem Showed That She Had Been Strictly Virtuous.

Columbus, Ohio, June 5.—One of the most unusual cases that has come to the attention of local physicians and the authorities comes to light with the death of Antoniette Bope, a 21-year-old girl, cultured and handsome. She died at Grant hospital under suspicious circumstances, and Acting Coroner Dennis investigated the matter.

The Bope woman was well connected at Thurston, Ohio, where her parents live, and here, where relatives reside. Some weeks ago she confided to her brother Edward that she was in a delicate condition, and she appealed to him for help.

He brought her to Columbus ostensibly on a visit. She went to the home of Mrs. Beatty, a midwife, and a few days later Dr. Klaus was called into the case. He found her condition critical, and sent her to Grant hospital, where she died. The young woman was insistant regarding her condition, but an examination before death by two doctors showed otherwise. After her death Drs. Klaus, Norris and Moon conducted a post mortem, and found that at no time had she been other than a virgin.

Just before she died Miss Bope made a confession in which she implicated Clarence J. Steward, and Ohio state university student. He denied the charge. He says that while the girl was sick he comforted her, and, in the presence of her relatives, made a denial of the charge, but she insisted that she was relating the truth. He has retained Attorney Reed H. Gorme to look after his interests.

The physicians cannot account for the unfortunate young woman's delusion. The theory is advanced that she was infatuated with young Steward, and that her first object in telling the story was to compel him to marry her, and then to make her avowals good, she attempted to operate upon herself.

The young woman bore an excellent reputation, and was reserved and modest. The remains have been sent to Thurston for burial. Her father is a contractor and a man of considerable property.

SURPRISED FRIENDS

By Marrying While on Visit In Kentucky.

Harrison, Ohio, June 5.—Mr. Hillman Tebbs, one of Harrison's most prominent young men, sprung quite a surprise on his many friends by quietly slipping away Sunday and marrying Miss Nina Penny, his sweetheart from schooldays.

There is quite a little circle of friends who were schoolmates together at the Harrison high school. Four of the number are married, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Schoenling, of Harrison, and Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Zimmerman, of Dayton, Ky. Recently at a dinner given by Mrs. Frank Bowles the engagement of Walter C. Bowles and Miss Sylvia Weidman was announced; also, the coming marriage of Will Hoffman to a society belle of Milton, Ind.

The party was invited to spend Sunday at Dayton, Ky., with Mr. and Mrs. Zimmerman, and Mr. Tebbs and Miss Penny, not to be outdone by their friends, decided to be married.

Taking Mrs. Zimmerman into their confidence and when the party was assembled for dinner a minister was announced and the ceremony performed.

Mr. Tebbs is associated with his father and uncles in the Tebbs Bros. clothing house and is well known in this vicinity. The bride is one of Harrison's most handsome young women and moves in the best society circles. The happy couple returned home Sunday evening and will reside here.

HAWKINS INTERVIEWED.

St. Paul, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator E. B. Hawkins of Riwabik was in St. Paul yesterday exchanging greetings with the politicians around the hotels. He says he will not file for a second term until he makes up his mind that he really wants to come back. Speaking of the Eighth district congressional situation, Senator Hawkins said J. Adam Bede will have no real opposition for the nomination.

A Strong Man

Is strong all over. No man can be strong who is suffering from indigestion or some other disease of the stomach and its associated organs of digestion and nutrition. For when the stomach is diseased there is a loss of the nutrition contained in food, which is the source of all physical strength. When a man doesn't feel just right, when he doesn't sleep well, has an uncomfortable feeling in the stomach after eating, is languid, nervous and irritable, he is losing the nutrition needed to make strength.

Such a man needs to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enriches the blood, stimulates the liver, nourishes the nerves, and so gives health and strength to the whole body.

Mr. Thomas A. Swarts, of Sub. Station C, Columbus, Ohio, Box 103, writes: "I was taken very sick with severe headache, then cramps in the stomach and my food would not digest, then kidney and liver trouble and my back got weak so I could scarcely get around. The more I doctored the worse I got until six years passed. I could only walk in the house by the aid of a chair, and I had *given up to die*. Then one of my neighbors said, 'Take my advice and take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and make a new man out of yourself.' The first bottle helped me and after I had taken eight bottles in about six weeks I was weighed and found I had gained twenty-seven (27) pounds, and I am as stout and healthy to-day, I think, as I ever was."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

A TOUCH OF GREEN ON SUMMER GOWNS

Green Veils, Green Parasols, Green Shoes and Green Plumes Will Carry Spring Vogue Through the Summer.

New York, June 2.—The verdant tones of the delightfully green spring will prevail through the summer. This pleasant state of affairs is in no way due to nature's aid, for it is the art of fashion that began to patronize the tone of the verdure. A touch of green is apparently essential with every toilet. Nearly all of the new tweed traveling suits modestly follow the lead of the veils, parasols, etc., and show a gay green thread interwoven with the brown, gray or blue mesh; green stained leather Oxford ties are more popular with linen suits than brown shoes, and every woman who buys a pongee shirt waist or a pongee gown stands out for green buttons and taffeta straps by way of appropriate decoration.

To make clear to the reader some of the ways in which green does duty in the make-up of the ideal spring toilet, a description is given of two sweetly fresh silk suits. The first of these is a foulard, showing a delicate green bubble pattern on a cream white ground. The lace introduced upon the waist shows through its transparent mesh an underlining of green taffeta, and the yoke of white silk and muslin is tucked with green sewing silk. A wide, fine Yedda straw, of a deep cream in tone, has its crown fairly well covered with big bows of white silk muslin tied over pale green satin taffeta ribbon. The brim is bound with a green velvet ribbon of a rich young hay shade that exactly matches the green Francis I plume that richly curls over the left brim.

The type of full green ostrich feathers grows steadily in favor with the wearers of wide hats, and promises to lead the way to a revival of the broad shape wholly trimmed with plumes. Recently we have seen, at country club house dinner parties, the combination of the decollette evening dresses and very wide tulle or straw shapes more or less abundantly mounted in plumes of the first magnitude.

Another and most successful study in green has been accomplished in the companion figure to the foulard suit. Here we have a stout wearing, cool and increasingly popular Chinese pongee. Its skirt is agreeably simple in treatment, but its coat waist affords scope for the application of smart green taffeta straps, stitchings in green sewing silk, and rows of green pearl buttons. The oddly shaped coat front fastens over a vest of string gray lace laid upon a green lining, and the girdles, parasol and hat facing concerned are done in the dark rich shade of leaf green that dominates the tints of the apple skin, pea pod, etc., that enjoy a lesser vogue.

The leaf green parasol, of the heaviest taffeta, mounted on a natural wood handle, and the taffeta covering finished with a hem only, is, after all is done and said, one of the smartest and most serviceable toilet accessories that a wardrobe can contain, and after experimenting with pongee sunshades lined with pink, blue, black and yellow silk, the orthodox green lining has regained greater popularity than ever.

The most recent acquisitions of the shirt waist counter, where crowds of women hover all day, is the little tinted silk mull affair that is so soft, despite its abundant folds, that the whole of an elbow-sleeved example could be neatly smacked into a teacup of the average size.

At the time of writing the thin shirt waist season has begun and the demand of the women is for something very soft. This is why the silk mull, mercerized English muslin, batiste and habutai silk examples outsell the Swiss muslin and lawn rivals. Starchless goods are having their day, and it is a joy and a wonder to see how admirably, even exquisitely, these simply lovely garments are tucked by machines. Aside from the tucks, the soft blouses are garnished with plentiful insets and insertions of lace, or the transparent goods is elaborately embroidered before it is made up. Nine-tenths of these waists button in the back and have half or three-quarter sleeves that are broadly pouched and cuffed below the curve of the elbow.

Sleeves, by the way, continue to wax instead of wane in size, and it is amazing to view some of the new golf, croquet and tennis gowns provided with puffs and cuffs that more nearly resemble a court coat of the time of Louis the Fifteenth. Models of very modern sporting suits indicate the proper line on which to build an outdoor play dress. The skirts show an amount of trimming that a few seasons ago would have excited scorn and derision; nevertheless these models are quite in the fashion and are made of handsome, durable and not too weighty mohair. One suit is a smart gray in tone and trimmed with bands of gray blue mohair spotted in green. Large green pearl buttons complete the color scheme. Another suit is a tan mohair garnished with stitched straps of the same and worn with a soft white linen shirt waist. The hats to match show two at least of the shapes that have wholly replaced the sailor and Alpine of sacred and affectionate memory.

Fully fifteen years ago an Englishman, of no mean order of artistic brain, invented the accordion plaited skirt, and, while gores have come and habit backs prevailed and annexation flounces have exerted their influence with fluctuations, the accordion plaited gown has remained just what it was in the beginning. Sometimes there are fewer accordion plaits seen and sometimes there are a greater number in evidence, but the idea and execution is always perfectly good fashion and this season it is a most fashionable fashion for evening gowns and for slender women. Smartest among smart clothes is the sun plaited gown of cream white creped chiffon, dropped on a tinted silk skirt that is veiled with fine white Brussels net. From twenty to fifty yards of chiffon are easily plaited into one skirt and about a third of that amount into the waist and sleeves of a properly made costume. Liberty crepe, and taffeta soyeuse, and silk point esprit, and mercerized English muslin, and silk mull are all delightful materials for sun plaiting. So very, very full are all these skirts that when the wearer of one of them moves the creases in the thin light fabric break into a perfect foam of crinkly widths. The proper plaits for this season are deeper than ever before and the bottom edge of the skirt ought to be finished only by the silken selvage of the wide thin material. Stout women, who yearn after the grace of the sun plaited fullness, have black creped chiffon masses dropped over white silk skirts that are covered with two thicknesses each of black net.

Ever gayer and more daring grow the bathing dresses. Double skirts and suits of white trimmed with black, stir feminine interest along the beaches. A white serge dress set off with stitched bands of dead black mohair will catch the eye in a crowd arrayed in colors, especially if the wearer ties up her hair in a cool black silk kerchief. There are those who hold that the bathing skirt cut to simulate two flounces is unduly heavy, while there are equally expert bathers who insist that just that weight is requisite to comfort when in the sea. However that may be, the double skirt has come evidently to stop with us for a season at least and, furthermore, it is braided. Very recently a pretty new bathing shoe, lacing up to the knee, where, in some secret manner it fastens to the garter, has made its appearance and met with a warm reception.

In other departments of sport there are even less evidences of severe dressing than about the bathing beaches. Women go automobiling in trained gowns with rather wide brimmed hats bound with green velvet ribbon and decorated with big choux and tails of the same. The semi-professional red has disappeared, not only from the horseless carriage, but from the golf links, and nothing is more significent of a change of heart and of interest in sport than the way the women dress their necks. A whack at the tennis balls is taken in a high transparent stock of lace or in a perfectly flat, small sailor collar of lace and batiste under which is knotted a soft striped Johnville scarf. Around the outside ping-pong table gloves are regarded as necessary and all the yachtswomen wear stiffly starched white petticoats under serge and linen skirts.

Sweet and sensible indeed is the fan of the hour. Tiny white bone fans, decorated in blue for Yale or Columbia, in red for Harvard, and in orange and black for Princeton, are recommended and sold for pocket carriage. Of bone or of celluloid a spring fan is made, no bigger than a shoe horn and much the same shape. At one end of this nice contrivance a paddle wheel, closely resembling an ocean steamship's propeller, is set and put in motion by pressing the thum against a small button at the base of the handle. Touch your thumb to the button and a breee springs up. More conventional and truly decorative than these two contrivances, that have been especially introduced for summer dances, are the still small fans made of painted pina cloth. The scenes on the pina cloth, which, by the way, comes from Manila, are all of Spanish or pure Philippine sentiment and are gaily colored and spangled. The mounting is done with brown and slightly perfumed eastern wood.

All in the purest white is the new rule for children's evening dress, so far as conclusions can be drawn from a tour of a big shop devoted to juvenile dress and also from one of the first of the young people's parties. Rich mothers show a regrettable tendency to put their small boys and girls into expensive white silk coats as well as gowns and suits of an evening or an afternoon, when any festivity is afoot, and every girl is well aware from her cradle up of the uses of lace. Simple Valenciennes edgings and insertions used to be regarded as amply magnificent for any little miss; heavier lace applications now adorn the frocks worn from two years and up. Sometimes the lace is real, oftener it is handsome and equally satisfactory imitation.

ILLUSTRATING THE NEW RIBBON FAD.

The summer girl will revel in ribbons, not as she always has in previous years, but in ribbons made up in entirely new ways in corsage blossoms and hair ornaments and sash decorations such as the imagination of milliner or modiste never before conceived. The soft liberty satin ribbons of the day lend themselves admirably to this new scheme and corsage bouquets of violets and roses are shown which it takes a close inspection to discover are not real or artificial flowers. Note the roses held in the hand of our summer girl. The ones decorating her corsage and caught in the loops of her sash at waist and near the foot. Note also the Du Barry headdress of these same ribbons. From the William Strange company.

MEDICAL EXAMINER

Of the United States Treasury Recommends Pe-ru-na.

Dr. Llewellyn Jordan.

DR. LLEWELLYN JORDAN, medical examiner of the United States treasury department, graduate of Columbia college, and who served three years at West Point, has the following to say of Peruna:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change and I now consider myself a well man after months of suffering. Fellow sufferers, Peruna will cure you."

Peruna immediately invigorates the nerve-centers which give vitality to the mucous membranes. Then catarrh disappears. Then catarrh is permanently cured.

The Women Also Recommend Pe-ru-na.

Miss Blanch Grey, 174 Alabama street, Memphis, Tenn., a society woman of Memphis, writes:

"To a society woman whose nervous force is often taxed to the utmost from lack of rest and irregular meals, I know of nothing which is of so much benefit as Peruna. I took it a few months ago when I felt my strength giving away, and it soon made itself manifest in giving me new strength and health."—Miss Blanch Grey.

Mrs. X. Schneider, 2409 Thirty-seventh Place, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"After taking several remedies without result, I began last year to take your valuable remedy, Peruna. I was a complete wreck. Had palpitation of the heart, cold hands and feet, female weakness, no appetite, trembling, sinking feeling nearly all the time. You said I was suffering with systematic catarrh, and I believe that I received your help in the nick of time. I followed your directions carefully and can say today that I am well again. I cannot thank you enough for my cure."

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna is not a guess nor an experiment—it is an absolute scientific certainty. Peruna has no substitute—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna.

A free book written by Dr. Hartman on the subject of catarrh in its different phases and stages, will be sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Catarrh is a systematic disease, curable only by systematic treatment. A remedy that cures catarrh must aim directly at the depressed nerve centers. This is what Peruna does. A remedy that cures catarrh must aim directly at the depressed nerve centers. This is what If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

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100,000 Rolls—Just From Factory.

SUTTON'S, 14 W. Sup. St.

Our Work Speaks for Itself Every piece of work we take in charge is given our most exacting personal attention until it is completed. We make a specialty of original and strictly exclusive designing.

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Duluth Painting and Decorating Co., 412 W. First St.

Teachers' Rates to Eastern Points.

Fare and one-third for the round trip, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company. Tickets on sale June 6th, 7th, and 8th. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace with the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company steamers leaving Duluth 6:45 p. m., Friday, June 6th.

Reserve sleeping car and stateroom accommodation early.

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Repairs for any stove made in the United States.

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The BEER of the day. Bottled at the Brewery.

Fred Miller Brewing Co. Milwaukee.

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STRICTURE

"I cure Stricture without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."

HAVE YOU ANY OR ALL OF THESE SYMPTOMS ?

Tenderness in urethra, at times accompanied by dull or shooting pains; frequent desire to pass urine, but not able to empty the bladder; voiding the urine at frequent intervals during the night; a gradual decline of virility, resulting eventually in complete loss of power. The physical suffering is equalled only by the accompanying mental distress, which generally takes the form of gloomy forebodings, and feelings of impending disaster.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT

Will promptly correct this serious trouble. It acts immediately and directly upon the stricture, dislodging and completely removing all diseased tissue, allaying all irritation and inflammation; restores the sexual powers completely, and leaves the urinary canal entirely free from obstruction, and in a healthy and sound condition.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***LEGAL CONTRACT*** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave Duluth, Minn.

References—Best banks and leading business men of the city. **Consultation Free and Confidential** Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m, Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

PRACTICE IS NEEDED

National Guardsmen In Poor Condition For Rifle Work.

The Weather Has Seriously Interfered With Their Practice.

Will Have Their Annual Inspection at Lake City.

Duluth's crack marksmen will be seriously handicapped on the rifle range at the coming national guard encampment.

Weather conditions have prevented the men from rifle practice on the local range and the men will not have an opportunity to shoot before leaving for camp next Sunday night.

Companies A and C are busy in preparation for the encampment, which begins next Monday morning at Lake City. It will be the first time in two years that the Third regiment has been encamped there, the tour of camp duty last year having been given up for a practice march from Mille Lacs to Brainerd.

The annual inspection will take place in camp this year instead of at the company stations, as heretofore. The local companies expect to make a good rating at the inspection, which will include a more thorough examination in practical field service than it has been possible in the armory inspections.

The change in inspection will probably be beneficial to the Duluth companies. Throughout the guard A and C of the Third are acknowledged the most practical soldiers in the state.

Preparatory to leaving for camp the two companies and the Third Infantry band will assemble in the armory Sunday evening. Three special coaches attached to the 11:15 Eastern Minnesota on that evening will be reserved for the guardsmen.

The band is prepared to make a greater hit than ever this year. On the practice march last year the musicians were new at the business and given the most severe kind of a test. This year, in camp, things will be different.

RACING MEET.

Fair Association Is Arranging For One on the Fourth.

The St. Louis County Agricultural and Driving association was formally organized yesterday.

In part it is a reorganization of the old county fair association, though the new does not assume the indebtedness of the old organization.

Darwin E. Stevens was elected president of the association; S. W. Clark, vice president; P. A. Mitchell, treasurer; S. E. Peachey, secretary, and M. S. Burrows and John Jenswold members of the board of directors.

H. W. Wheeler, owner of the Oneota Driving park, has made it possible for the association to get a good start financially by giving a five-year lease simply for the payment of taxes on the property.

The association will open up its racing season with a string of fast events on July 4. In this connection an effort will be made to have the $300 left over from last year's Fourth celebration devoted to purses for the race meet this year.

It is understood that the business men that contributed this sum for last season expected it to be devoted to the racing part of the program, which was abandoned on account of bad weather. There is also some talk of reviving the county fair this fall, but no definite plans have been made in this connection.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

GRADUATE.

Two Young Women Receive Sacred Heart Institute Diplomas.

The commencement exercises of the Sacred Heart institute were held last evening in Association hall, at the corner of Second avenue west and Fourth street. The graduates were Miss Bertha Grube and Miss Leona Monroe.

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"We concluded there must be something about his employment that thus affected him. One day a man told him that probably coffee was the cause of his trouble and advised him to use Postum. The first time I made it I studied directions and made it good. Well, that day was a day long to be remembered.

"We liked the Postum, but we had a hundred headaches compressed into one. You see the trouble was we had both used coffee so long that our nerves were in a state of collapse without the usual stimulant. Until then I did not dream I was such a slave to coffee, but we had to do something to quit, so the next morning I used Postum with part coffee and we missed the headaches, then I used less coffee every morning for about two weeks, and then Postum alone for nearly a year now, and I just wish you could see the change in my husband. He has better health than he ever had before, never has the headache, can eat anything he wants, does not have heart-burn or any stomach trouble, and he cannot be induced to drink coffee under any circumstances.

"When anybody mentions dyspepsia in his presence he tells them what cured him.

"I was almost as bad as he, but am now entirely well, and have gone up from 98 pounds to 108 pounds and am so thankful for the blessing of good health.

"If my name will do any good, use it, for we stand by Postum always." Mrs. W. A. Bowers, 29 Ninth street, Franklin, Pa.

HE TAKES AN OPTION

Morton Miller Will Explore Lockhart Property Near Ely.

Adjoins Chandler Mine and Is Very Favorably Regarded.

Company Near Buhl Find Ore When Digging For Water.

A. Morton Miller has an option on a lease of the Lockhart iron property in the city of Ely. This property adjoins the Chandler mine, and is owned by John Semer, of Escanaba, who said the other day when here that he had given an option on his property. It is understood that the Chaandler Iron company once paid $25,000 for an option on this property and then did not take advantage of it. Mr. Miller is sinking some test pits and may put a diamond drill at work on the property as soon as possible. Some people think that another Chandler mine will be found here.

John R. Miller, assistant secretary of the Westinghouse Air Brake company, is making a trip over the Mesaba range in company with George C. Howe. It is intimated that the Westinghouse company may have in mind the mining of its own ore supply.

The impression is gaining ground that the Minnesota Iron company is the party with which the owners of section 30 are negotiating for the lease of their property. It is said that the Minnesota company still has litigation pending against the property.

The Iron Exploration company has struck ore on its property near Buhl in a pit it was sinking for the purpose of obtaining water for drill work. The pit was put down 58 feet in search of water, and ore instead of water was found. Another pit sunk 300 feet distant encountered ore at 40 feet. The first hole is down 30 feet in ore, and the second one over 10 feet. The Iron Exploration company is a new company incorporated in South Dakota by Capt. F. B. Rossop, Axel Carlson, Arnt Carlson and L. L. and F. A. Stephens, of Virginia. It owns four adjoining forties in 13-58-20, just west of Buhl, and it is said that some Duluth people are interested in the proposition.

The Zenith Furnace company, which has leased the West Duluth blast furnace and is repairing it preparatory to blowing it in, has elected A. B. Wolvin president; C. P. Wheeler, vice president; J. L. Washburn, secretary, and Kenneth Robertson, manager.

LANGTRY'S DAUGHTER

Will Be Married to Ian Malcolm, M. P.

New York, June 5.—It is announced that Miss Jeanne, daughter of Mrs. Langtry, will be married shortly to Ian Z. Malcolm, M. P., cables the Herald's London correspondent.

Miss Langtry, who came out a year ago, has been during the present season taken up by the smartest set and had the honor of being presented at court.

She has been chaperoned by Mrs. Murray Guthrie.

Mr. Malcolm was private secretary to Lord Salisbury. He was born in Canada and educated at Oxford, and has been attached to the Berlin, Paris and St. Petersburg embassies.

IN MICHIGAN.

Hancock Man Killed By an Unexpected Blast.

Houghton,—Word was received in Houghton that John Kilpinina, a Finnish miner of Hancock, was killed on Thursday last at Gordon, Wis., where he was temporarily employed. The remains will be shipped to Hancock for interment. Kilpinina was one of a party of five Finnish miners who left several weeks ago with Capt. William A. Dunn, of Houghton, for Gordon to explore for native copper in the interests of several capitalists. The deceased had been in the country about a year, having worked for Capt. Dunn at the Penn property all last winter.

Menominee—There has been a small stampede from the northern towns to the Pike river during the past few days on account of the fact that several log drivers have picked up clam shells containing pearls.

Calumet—The Houghton County Street Railway company will extend its line from Kearsage to the Mohawk mine location, but work will not commence until next spring, owing to the other extension work, which requires all available forces this season. The extension from Kearsage will pass through the Allouez mine location. The rapid increase in population in the southern part of Keweenaw county has induced the company to build the line. By the time the line is completed next summer it is expected that a much larger number of men will be employed at the Mohawk and Allouez mines.

The fourth annual saengerfest of the Upper Peninsula Saengerbund will be held in this city on June 20 and 21, under the auspices of the Calumet Maennerchor, a local organization. Great preparations are being made and the meet promises to be one of the most successful ever held by the association. Singers representing all the German singing societies in northern Michigan will be in attendance. William L. Hagen has been appointed president of the day during the meet, and Herman Brohn will act as musical director.

Marquette—The issue of the $60,000 school building bonds was awarded to the First National bank of this city, which was the highest bidder out of ten. A premium of $1,400 was secured.

The executive committee of the Lake Superior Press association has decided that the mid-summer outing be held here, July 2 to 23.

Linings 25c Percalines, all colors and black and white, water-soaked price 10c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Carnations Very choice varieties, per doz., only .. 25c

The First Day of the Water-Soaked Merchandise Sale at the Panton & White Co. Store

Has gladdened the hearts of many economical buyers. Besides this, we have once more convinced the buying public that the management of this store never resorts to the ever-ready bucket in order to keep a good thing going. It would have been as easy to have said $25,000 worth of damaged goods as $5000 worth, but we did not have them and CANNOT AFFORD TO MAKE THEM. When this goes to press we can not tell how much we will have of the $5000 worth for you to select from tomorrow. We do not believe in advertising goods we can't deliver. If you did not take advantage of the sale today, come tomorrow.

All Water-Soaked Merchandise Almost Given Away.

Bargain-Friday Bargains

These alone ought to crowd this store to its utmost with buyers tomorrow:

Another chance at those Belts, good substantial leather ones, latest styles, regular 25c values for 17c

Solid Sterling Silver Thimbles, good weight and well finished, on sale Friday, at, each 12c

A case of Men's and Boys' Sweaters, with turtle necks and lace fronts—colors, maroon, bottle green, navy blue, and cardinal—all sizes, worth 50c, on sale at 25c

Three cases of men's fancy ribbed cotton Half Hose, fast black, cardinal, and navy blue—double heels and toes—regular value 25c pair, Friday an extraordinary value at 25c for two pairs—or, per pair 15c

11-4 Grey Blankets, just the thing for camp use — heavy five-pound Blankets, worth $1.95 per pair, Bargain Friday at $1.39

27-inch White Victoria Lawns, worth 7c per yard —Bargain Friday at half price 3½c

Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves —sizes 5¾, 6, 6¼—Ladies' Washable Chamois Gloves, always sold at 69c a pair, Bargain Friday, per pair 49c

Ladies' fine hand turned Oxfords, vici kid, in lace or Southern button; patent leather or kid tips; very swell goods, worth $2.75—priced for Friday special at $2.19

A New Book by Herbert Spencer — Just Published.

"Facts and Comment"

"Facts and Comment" will surely become the most popular of Mr. Spencer's works. The topics discussed are of general interest. At the hands of the unskilled they would be commonplace. From the analytical brain of a philosopher of the greatness of Herbert Spencer—a greatness that has extended over more than two generations — the subjects treated assume a commanding importance. Such topics as "Americanisms," "Presence of Mind," "The Corruption of Music," "Estimates of Men," "State Education," etc., are invested with a life and actuality only possible under his stimulating treatment. Price, per copy, at our Book Department—

$1.20

Hood's Antiseptic Solution —an efficient and safe antiseptic for internal and external use; a splendid tooth and mouth wash, for sore throat, a good remedy for nasal catarrh, 25c bottles 15c

Ladies' $3 shoes—stylish, seasonable, in all sizes and widths; light or heavy weights; lace or button; priced exceptionally low $2.47

100 pieces all silk fancy hair ribbons, regular selling price 7c per yard; Bargain Friday at, per yard 5c

100 doz. misses' plain and white colored border 5c handkerchiefs; Bargain Friday 35c per dozen; each 3c

Opal nest eggs, strictly fresh; Friday 3 for 5c

Mazolene, best furniture polish ever made, for 15c

Scrub Brushes—solid backs, best Tampico, 2 shapes 5c

Eight cent wall papers—every design and style we have in the house that sells for 8c will be offered Friday at, per roll 6c

"May-Be" the star balad of Primrose & Dockstaders Minstrels, as sung by the famous Baritone, Walter Vaughn; a concert song in soprano or alto; publishers' price 50c; special Friday 15c

Satin Skin Toilet Powder; worth 25c; Friday 16c

Mela-Derma, an exquisite preparation for chapped hands face, lips or any skin roughness; 50c bottles for 23c

Five dozen ladies' straight front summer corsets, small sizes only, in pink and blue, worth 50c, Friday at 19c

FURNACE WORKERS

Caused Banking of Sixteen Furnaces By Their Strike.

Will Curtail Output of the Steel Trust Somewhat.

Anthracite Strike Has Had No Effect As Yet.

Cleveland, June 5.—The Iron Trade Review, in its current issue, says: The strike of blast furnace workers in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys came on June 1, according to promise, and as intimated in these columns last week it is practically confined to the merchant furnaces. Sixteen furnaces are banked and two others have taken this opportunity to make repairs. The daily capacity of the eighteen furnaces is about 4100 tons, or 8 per cent of the total pig iron production shown in the May statistics. Two merchant furnaces in the Mahoning valley are still in operation. As yet the Steel corporation furnaces in the valleys are active, as is the Sharon Steel companies stack at South Sharon, Pa. The strike has not affected the Pittsburg district. The companies whose men have gone out have taken no steps in the matter, and there will be no collective handling of the trouble. In a few cases a 10 per cent increase has been offered, but not accepted. The demand for 8-hour shifts cannot be met, since the supply of men is not more than adequate under the twelve-hour regime. It is not unlikely that work will be resumed at some of the furnaces within a week at some advance. In the Youngstown district a 10 per cent advance was given voluntarily last month, and this may be the basis of adjustment in the valleys. The United States Steel corporation, which has been receiving iron from more than half the idle furnaces, will have its steel works' output curtailed by so much, and the strike will have its effect also in shortening the raw material supply of other steel works, as well as of mills and foundries.

The anthracite strike has had no serious effect on the iron industry as yet, though several Pennsylvania furnaces have had to bank from time to time because coke shipments were not sufficient.

The pig iron sales of the week have included 125,000 tons of Bessemer to various "independent" steel companies, deliveries running from Oct. 1 to April 1. For the most part $20 at furnaces was paid, but for some of the iron $20.50 and as high as $21. The Steel corporation is expected to buy 100,000 tons for delivery in the second quarter of 1903, but the negotiations will not be puth through until the furnace strike is over. Some purchases of basic iron have been made, Virginia basic being sold at $21.15 delivered Pittsburg. The freight is $1.50. The Southern furnaces have little foundry iron to deliver this year, less, it would appear, than the foundries want from that source.

Day Express, Change of Time

The morning passenger train for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, and intermediate stations, over "The North-Western Line" (C., St. P. M. & O. Railway), leaves Duluth daily, except Sunday, at 8:50 a. m.

It's in the Brew.

BLATZ BEER

MILWAUKEE

appeals at once to lovers of the beverage as a most extraordinary brew. There's that indescribable goodness characteristic of "BLATZ"—and it never varies.

Try it and you'll say so too.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.

(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The **BEST** and only practical optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

The Palm Garden,

208 West Superior Street.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST ?

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—

It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—

It causes no discoloration of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—

As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—

By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Duluth General Electric Co

Offices 215 W. Superior St.

Figs and Prunes

attain the highest degree of perfection in California and these choice fruits, combined with selected grains, scientifically blended, make the best and most nutritious cereal coffee on the market. Figprune—at grocers.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

STRICTURE

"I cure Stricture without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."

HAVE YOU ANY OR ALL OF THESE SYMPTOMS ?

Tenderness in urethra, at times accompanied by dull or shooting pains; frequent desire to pass urine, but not able to empty the bladder; voiding the urine at frequent intervals during the night; a gradual decline of virility, resulting eventually in complete loss of power. The physical suffering is equalled only by the accompanying mental distress, which generally takes the form of gloomy forebodings, and feelings of impending disaster.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT

Will promptly correct this serious trouble. It acts immediately and directly upon the stricture, dislodging and completely removing all diseased tissue, allaying all irritation and inflammation; restores the sexual powers completely, and leaves the urinary canal entirely free from obstruction, and in a healthy and sound condition.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We do not treat all dieeases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***LEGAL CONTRACT*** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave Duluth, Minn.

References—Best banks and leading business men of the city. **Consultation Free and Confidential** Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m, Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

PRACTICE IS NEEDED

National Guardsmen In Poor Condition For Rifle Work.

The Weather Has Seriously Interfered With Their Practice.

Will Have Their Annual Inspection at Lake City.

Duluth's crack marksmen will be seriously handicapped on the rifle range at the coming national guard encampment.

Weather conditions have prevented the men from rifle practice on the local range and the men will not have an opportunity to shoot before leaving for camp next Sunday night.

Companies A and C are busy in preparation for the encampment, which begins next Monday morning at Lake City. It will be the first time in two years that the Third regiment has been encamped there, the tour of camp duty last year having been given up for a practice march from Mille Lacs to Brainerd.

The annual inspection will take place in camp this year instead of at the company stations, as heretofore. The local companies expect to make a good rating at the inspection, which will include a more thorough examination in practical field service than it has been possible in the armory inspections.

The change in inspection will probably be beneficial to the Duluth companies. Throughout the guard A and C of the Third are acknowledged the most practical soldiers in the state.

Preparatory to leaving for camp the two companies and the Third Infantry band will assemble in the armory Sunday evening. Three special coaches attached to the 11:15 Eastern Minnesota on that evening will be reserved for the guardsmen.

The band is prepared to make a greater hit than ever this year. On the practice march last year the musicians were now at the business and given the most severe kind of a test. This year, in camp, things will be different.

RACING MEET.

Fair Association Is Arranging For One on the Fourth.

The St. Louis County Agricultural and Driving association was formally organized yesterday.

In part it is a reorganization of the old county fair association, though the new does not assume the indebtedness of the old organization.

Darwin E. Stevens was elected president of the association; S. W. Clark, vice president; P. A. Mitchell, treasurer; S. E. Peachey, secretary, and M. S. Burrows and John Jenswold members of the board of directors.

H. W. Wheeler, owner of the Oneota Driving park, has made it possible for the association to get a good start financially by giving a five-year lease simply for the payment of taxes on the property.

The association will open up its racing season with a string of fast events on July 4. In this connection an effort will be made to have the $300 left over from last year's Fourth celebration devoted to purses for the race meet this year.

It is understood that the business men that contributed this sum for last season expected it to be devoted to the racing part of the program, which was abandoned on account of bad weather. There is also some talk of reviving the county fair this fall, but no definite plans have been made in this connection.

Constipation

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Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

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The breaking away from coffee is an exceedingly serious problem to many people, especially when headaches follow leaving off the drug, and dyspepsia and bowel trouble grows more and more serious if the coffee is continued. So there you are between two fires.

A comparatively easy way out was taken by a lady from Franklin, Pa., who says, "We had a curious experience with coffee. Husband had been, for many years, a sufferer from dyspepsia, with heart-burn, headaches and general nervous trouble. We tried a great many physicians and a great many remedies, but none of them did him any lasting good.

"We concluded there must be something about his employment that thus affected him. One day a man told him that probably coffee was the cause of his trouble and advised him to use Postum. The first time I made it I studied directions and made it good. Well, that day was a day long to be remembered.

"We liked the Postum, but we had a hundred headaches compressed into one. You see the trouble was we had both used coffee so long that our nerves were in a state of collapse without the usual stimulant. Until then I did not dream I was such a slave to coffee, but we had to do something to quit, so the next morning I used Postum with part coffee and we missed the headaches, then I used less coffee every morning for about two weeks, and then Postum alone for nearly a year now, and I just wish you could see the change in my husband. He has better health than he ever had before, never has the headache, can eat anything he wants, does not have heart-burn or any stomach trouble, and he cannot be induced to drink coffee under any circumstances.

"When anybody mentions dyspepsia in his presence he tells them what cured him.

"I was almost as bad as he, but am now entirely well, and have gone up from 98 pounds to 108 pounds and am so thankful for the blessing of good health.

"If my name will do any good, use it, for we stand by Postum always." Mrs. W. A. Bowers, 29 Ninth street, Franklin, Pa.

HE TAKES AN OPTION

Morton Miller Will Explore Lockhart Property Near Ely.

Adjoins Chandler Mine and Is Very Favorably Regarded.

Company Near Buhl Find Ore When Digging For Water.

A. Morton Miller has an option on a lease of the Lockhart iron property in the city of Ely. This property adjoins the Chandler mine, and is owned by John Semer, of Escanaba, who said the other day when here that he had given an option on his property. It is understood that the Chandler Iron company once paid $25,000 for an option on this property and then did not take advantage of it. Mr. Miller is sinking some test pits and may put a diamond drill at work on the property as soon as possible. Some people think that another Chandler mine will be found here.

John R. Miller, assistant secretary of the Westinghouse Air Brake company, is making a trip over the Mesaba range in company with George C. Howe. It is intimated that the Westinghouse company may have in mind the mining of its own ore supply.

The impression is gaining ground that the Minnesota Iron company is the party with which the owners of section 30 are negotiating for the lease of their property. It is said that the Minnesota company still has litigation pending against the property.

The Iron Exploration company has struck ore on its property near Buhl in a pit it was sinking for the purpose of obtaining water for drill work. The pit was put down 58 feet in search of water, and ore instead of water was found. Another pit sunk 300 feet distant encountered ore at 40 feet. The first hole is down 30 feet in ore, and the second one over 10 feet. The Iron Exploration company is a new company incorporated in South Dakota by Capt. F. B. Rossom, Axel Carlson, Arnt Carlson and L. L. and F. A. Stephens, of Virginia. It owns four adjoining forties in 13-58-20, just west of Buhl, and it is said that some Duluth people are interested in the proposition.

The Zenith Furnace company, which has leased the West Duluth blast furnace and is repairing it preparatory to blowing it in, has elected A. B. Wolvin president; C. P. Wheeler, vice president; J. L. Washburn, secretary, and Kenneth Robertson, manager.

LANGTRY'S DAUGHTER

Will Be Married to Ian Malcolm, M. P.

New York, June 5.—It is announced that Miss Jeanne, daughter of Mrs. Langtry, will be married shortly to Ian Z. Malcolm, M. P., cables the Herald's London correspondent.

Miss Langtry, who came out a year ago, has been during the present season taken up by the smartest set and had the honor of being presented at court.

She has been chaperoned by Mrs. Murray Guthrie.

Mr. Malcolm was private secretary to Lord Salisbury. He was born in Canada and educated at Oxford, and has been attached to the Berlin, Paris and St. Petersburg embassies.

IN MICHIGAN.

Hancock Man Killed By an Unexpected Blast.

Houghton.—Word was received in Houghton that John Kilpinina, a Finnish miner of Hancock, was killed on Thursday last at Gordon, Wis., where he was temporarily employed. The remains will be shipped to Hancock for interment. Kilpinina was one of a party of five Finnish miners who left several weeks ago with Capt. William A. Dunn, of Houghton, for Gordon to explore for native copper in the interests of several capitalists. The deceased had been in the country about a year, having worked for Capt. Dunn at the Penn property all last winter.

Menominee—There has been a small stampede from the northern towns to the Pike river during the past few days on account of the fact that several log drivers have picked up clam shells containing pearls.

Calumet—The Houghton County Street Railway company will extend its line from Kearsage to the Mohawk mine location, but work will not commence until next spring, owing to the other extension work, which requires all available forces this season. The extension from Kearsage will pass through the Allouez mine location. The rapid increase in population in the southern part of Keweenaw county has induced the company to build the line. By the time the line is completed next summer it is expected that a much larger number of men will be employed at the Mohawk and Allouez mines.

The fourth annual saengerfest of the Upper Peninsula Saengerbund will be held in this city on June 20 and 21, under the auspices of the Calumet Maennerchor, a local organization. Great preparations are being made and the meet promises to be one of the most successful ever held by the association. Singers representing all the German singing societies in northern Michigan will be in attendance. William L. Hagen has been appointed president of the day during the meet, and Herman Brohn will act as musical director.

Marquette—The issue of the $60,000 school building bonds was awarded to the First National bank of this city, which was the highest bidder out of ten. A premium of $1,400 was secured.

The executive committee of the Lake Superior Press association has decided that the mid-summer outing be held here, July 2 to 23.

Linings

25c Percalines, all colors and black and white, water-soaked price 10c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Carnations

Very choice varieties, per doz., only .. 25c

The First Day of the Water-Soaked Merchandise Sale at the Panton & White Co. Store

Has gladdened the hearts of many economical buyers. Besides this, we have once more convinced the buying public that the management of this store never resorts to the ever-ready bucket in order to keep a good thing going. It would have been as easy to have said $25,000 worth of damaged goods as $5000 worth, but we did not have them and CANNOT AFFORD TO MAKE THEM. When this goes to press we can not tell how much we will have of the $5000 worth for you to select from tomorrow. We do not believe in advertising goods we can't deliver. If you did not take advantage of the sale today, come tomorrow.

All Water-Soaked Merchandise Almost Given Away.

Bargain-Friday Bargains

These alone ought to crowd this store to its utmost with buyers tomorrow:

Another chance at those Belts, good substantial leather ones, latest styles, regular 25c values for 17c

Solid Sterling Silver Thimbles, good weight and well finished, on sale Friday, at, each 12c

A case of Men's and Boys' Sweaters, with turtle necks and lace fronts—colors, maroon, bottle green, navy blue, and cardinal—all sizes, worth 50c, on sale at 25c

Three cases of men's fancy ribbed cotton Half Hose, fast black, cardinal, and navy blue—double heels and toes—regular value 25c pair, Friday an extraordinary value at 25c for two pairs—or, per pair 15c

11-4 Grey Blankets, just the thing for camp use—heavy five-pound Blankets, worth $1.95 per pair, Bargain Friday at $1.39

27-inch White Victoria Lawns, worth 7c per yard—Bargain Friday at half price 3½c

Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves—sizes 5¾, 6, 6¾—Ladies' Washable Chamois Gloves, always sold at 69c a pair, Bargain Friday, per pair 49c

Ladies' fine hand turned Oxfords, vici kid, in lace or Southern button; patent leather or kid tips; very swell goods, worth $2.75—priced for Friday special at $2.19

A New Book by Herbert Spencer — Just Published.

"Facts and Comment"

"Facts and Comment" will surely become the most popular of Mr. Spencer's works. The topics discussed are of general interest. At the hands of the unskilled they would be commonplace. From the analytical brain of a philosopher of the greatness of Herbert Spencer—a greatness that has extended over more than two generations—the subjects treated assume a commanding importance. Such topics as "Americanisms," "Presence of Mind," "The Corruption of Music," "Estimates of Men," "State Education," etc., are invested with a life and actuality only possible under his stimulating treatment. Price, per copy, at our Book Department—

$1.20

Hood's Antiseptic Solution —an efficient and safe antiseptic for internal and external use; a splendid tooth and mouth wash, for sore throat, a good remedy for nasal catarrh, 25c bottles 15c

Ladies' $3 shoes—stylish, seasonable, in all sizes and widths; light or heavy weights; lace or button; priced exceptionally low $2.47

100 pieces all silk fancy hair ribbons, regular selling price 7c per yard; Bargain Friday at, per yard 5c

100 doz. misses' plain and white colored border 5c handkerchiefs; Bargain Friday 35c per dozen; each 3c

Opal nest eggs, strictly fresh; Friday 3 for 5c

Mazolene, best furniture polish ever made, for 15c

Scrub Brushes—solid backs, best Tampico, 2 shapes 5c

Eight cent wall papers—every design and style we have in the house that sells for 8c will be offered Friday at, per roll 6c

"May-Be" the star balad of Primrose & Dockstaders Minstrels, as sung by the famous Baritone, Walter Vaughn; a concert song in soprano or alto; publishers' price 50c; special Friday 15c

Satin Skin Toilet Powder; worth 25c; Friday 16c

Mela-Derma, an exquisite preparation for chapped hands face, lips or any skin roughness; 50c bottles for 23c

Five dozen ladies' straight front summer corsets, small sizes only, in pink and blue, worth 50c, Friday at 19c

FURNACE WORKERS

Caused Banking of Sixteen Furnaces By Their Strike.

Will Curtail Output of the Steel Trust Somewhat.

Anthracite Strike Has Had No Effect As Yet.

Cleveland, June 5.—The Iron Trade Review, in its current issue, says: The strike of blast furnace workers in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys came on June 1, according to promise, and as intimated in these columns last week it is practically confined to the merchant furnaces. Sixteen furnaces are banked and two others have taken this opportunity to make repairs. The daily capacity of the eighteen furnaces is about 4100 tons, or 8 per cent of the total pig iron production shown in the May statistics. Two merchant furnaces in the Mahoning valley are still in operation. As yet the Steel corporation furnaces in the valleys are active, as is the Sharon Steel companies stack at South Sharon, Pa. The strike has not affected the Pittsburg district. The companies whose men have gone out have taken no steps in the matter, and there will be no collective handling of the trouble. In a few cases a 10 per cent increase has been offered, but not accepted. The demand for 8-hour shifts cannot be met, since the supply of men is not more than adequate under the twelve-hour regime. It is not unlikely that work will be resumed at some of the furnaces within a week at some advance. In the Lake district a 10 per cent advance was given voluntarily last month, and this may be the basis of adjustment in the valleys. The United States Steel corporation, which has been receiving iron from more than half the idle furnaces, will have its steel works' output curtailed by so much, and the strike will have its effect also in shortening the raw material supply of other steel works, as well as of mills and foundries.

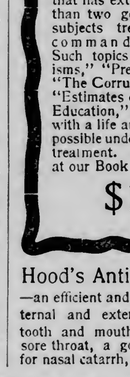
The anthracite strike has had no serious effect on the iron industry as yet, though several Pennsylvania furnaces have had to bank from time to time because coke shipments were not sufficient.

The pig iron sales of the week have included 125,000 tons of Bessemer to various "independent" steel companies, deliveries running from Oct. 1 to April 1. For the most part $20 at furnaces was paid, but for some of the iron $20.50 and as high as $21. The Steel corporation is expected to buy 100,000 tons for delivery in the second quarter of 1903, but the negotiations will not be puth through until the furnace strike is over. Some purchases of basic iron have been made, Virginia basic being sold at $21.15 delivered Pittsburg. The freight is $1.50. The Southern furnaces have little foundry iron to deliver this year, less, it would appear, than the foundries want from that source.

Day Express, Change of Time

The morning passenger train for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, and intermediate stations, over "The North-Western Line" (C., St. P. M. & O. Railway), leaves Duluth daily, except Sunday, at 8:50 a. m.

It's in the Brew.



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MILWAUKEE

appeals at once to lovers of the beverage as a most extraordinary brew. There's that indescribable goodness characteristic of "BLATZ"—and it never varies.

Try it and you'll say so too.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.

(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

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Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

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The BEST and only practical optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

The Palm Garden,

208 West Superior Street.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—

It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—

It causes no discoloration of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—

As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—

By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Duluth General Electric Co

Offices 215 W. Superior St.

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attain the highest degree of perfection in California and these choice fruits, combined with selected grains, scientifically blended, make the best and most nutritious cereal coffee on the market. Figprune—at grocers.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 5—Local warm weather prevails in the southern lake region, Ohio valley and North Atlantic states, and warmer in the Dakotas and Red River valley. Temperatures continue cool in the Rocky mountains and over Western Lake Superior and warm over the Mississippi and Missouri valleys. Light rains fell over central states and the Northwest. Barometric pressures are high over the lake region, Oregon and Washington, and low in the Southwest. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh easterly.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	88	Medicine Hat	46
Bismarck	76	Memphis	84
Boston	81	Miles City	76
Buffalo	86	Milwaukee	72
Calgary	66	Minnedosa	52
Charleston	86	Modena	84
Chicago	76	Montgomery	94
Cincinnati	84	Moorhead	74
Davenport	81	New Orleans	90
Denver	84	New York	82
Detroit	76	North Platte	86
Dodge City	88	Oklahoma	86
Duluth	66	Omaha	84
Edmonton	50	Pittsburg	75
El Paso	94	Port Arthur	50
Escanaba	54	Portland	62
Green Bay	64	Qu'Appelle	48
Havre	64	Rapid City	80
Helena	68	San Francisco	64
Houghton	58	Santa Fe	72
Huron	80	Shreveport	92
Jacksonville	74	Spokane	62
Kamloops	56	St. Louis	86
Kansas City	74	St. Paul	74
Knoxville	86	Sault Ste. Marie	64
La Crosse	78	Washington	80
Leander	76	Williston	70
Los Angeles	80	Winnemucca	70
Marquette	48	Winnipeg	62

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Showers tonight and Friday. Slightly warmer tonight. Fresh and possibly brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 5.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with probably showers. Warmer tonight.

Minnesota—Showers tonight and Friday. Warmer northeast portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Showers tonight and possibly South Dakota Friday. Cooler.

Upper Lakes—Fresh easterly winds. Generally fair tonight probably showers on Michigan and Superior Friday.

Building at the Navy Yards.

The great cry of the laboring classes for the building of warships at the navy yards would indicate that this class of people pay no taxes or, at least, do not care if they are increased. According to well ascertained figures the cost of our naval vessels would be increased at least 25 per cent of they were built by the government. The hours of labor in the government yards, and the provisions for leave of absence with pay, etc., are so much more liberal than in private employment that this alone would make a great difference in the cost, even if government control were as economical and efficient as private management. Everybody at all familiar with the subject knows that the government construction of warships means greatly increased expenditures which must be borne by the complaisant taxpeyer and yet those upon whom the burdens of federal taxation presumably fall heaviest are most active in trying to weight them down still further. The navy department does not want this additional opportunity. The labor unions do, and their reason for it is that they like the terms the government offers, although obviously the volume of work is not increased by its transfer from private to public yards. The story is the same with the government printing and other work in which Uncle Sam enters into competition with private enterprise. He always does it much more expensively, and yet it requires a very stout-hearted congressman to withstand the pressure directed constantly towards a very wide increase of Uncle Sam's activities. It seems strange that this cannot be understood, but it does not seem to be, and perhaps the best way to demonstrate it would be to give the advocates a fair test of their proposition.

Abuses of the Postal System.

The "Defects and Abuses in Our Postal System," enumerated by Capt. H. A. Castle, auditor for the postoffice department, in an article in the June number of the North American Review should be carefully considered by the people at large, inasmuch as public opinion, fully and rightly informed would become a powerful factor in bringing about legislation which would correct them. The second-class mail rate of 1 cent a pound, which is justified only by the educational feature of the service and was intended only for newspapers and periodicals, is grossly abused, the mails being overloaded, at an annual loss of many millions of dollars, with illegitimate matter to the extent of one-fourth of its entire bulk and weight. Attempts to burden the service with a postal-telegraph, a postal savings-bank and a postal life-insurance bureau are persistent. Resolutions are passed in favor of the parcels-post by business men who would profit at the public expense by the institution of that service. As to the cost of the part of our postal work done by the railways, Mr. Castle says: "The leading defect and abuse of the service under present conditions are found by many investigators in the excessive amount paid to railroads for carrying the mails. Exhaustive reports have been made to congress by committees and commissions on this subject, some of them claiming that the principal cause of the deficiency in the revenues is the cost of transportation by railroad companies, under existing laws. One report says that, whereas we pay on an average 8 cents a pound for this service, the best estimate to be made from the proofs at hearings before the committee is that the actual expense to the transportation companies is about 1 cent per pound, and that express companies, which are said to pay about 40 per cent of their earnings to railroads for hauling their cars, underbid the government on second-class mail matter, carrying it at less than 1 cent a pound on hauls of less than 500 miles, and still make a profit."

WARM FIGHT IN SIGHT.

The congressional situation in the Eighth district is undergoing a metamorphosis. For some time it looked as if J. Adam Bede would have a walkaway for the Republican nomination. One after another those who were urged to enter the lists declined to consider the question, until finally Mr. Jellison, of Cohasset, Itasca county, startled the district by announcing his candidacy and filing a certificate with the secretary of state. But even as some people refuse to take Mr. Bede seriously, so Mr. Bede refused to look upon the Jellison campaign as a serious matter and went on his way undismayed, and convinced that no stronger opponent would seek to prevent his nomination.

But things have changed. Now the outlook is that there may be several candidates. It is true that Mr. Bede has the advantage of a long start. He has been in the field for several years and has erected strong fences that opponents will find it difficult to overthrow. His abundant fund of humor has made him friends in all the counties, and it will require hard work to prevent his nomination. Yet politics is peculiar. The public is fickle, and its moods are variable, and Mr. Bede's strength may greatly diminish in a lively campaign by determined contestants for congressional honors.

Report says that Frank E. Searle will certainly be a candidate, and Dame rumor also toys with the names of Leon E. Lum, A. D. Davidson and others, while it is hinted that Senator F. B. Daugherty's improved state of health has again brought him into the list of strong probabilities. It would not be surprising to see all these gentlemen in the race, and what a hot contest it would be!

Mr. Searle may be regarded as definitely in the field, and he is accorded the reputation of a shrewd, resourceful politician, with a wide acquaintance in the district and ability to pull the wires in a skillful manner. He is no novice in congressional campaigns. Although he never ran for congress before, he has taken a prominent part in former contests. He managed the campaign of his brother, Judge Searle, when Maj. Baldwin was the Democratic candidate. He is now chairman of the Republican congressional committee, and with the advice and aid of Lee Willcuts, ran the last campaign for Page Morris. Four years ago Mr. Searle aspired to go to the senate and was the Republican candidate in the Fifty-first district against Senator C. O. Baldwin. He has since been devoting his attention to business and is reported to have amassed a competency that will enable him to indulge in the luxury of a congressional campaign. With his political ability, his general acquaintance, his financial resources and his ability to "mix" with the people in the hunt for votes, he should keep the genial Bede guessing as to the result. And if there be a few other candidates, the Republicans of the new Eighth district will have plenty of fun this summer.

CUBAN RECIPROCITY.

The recent conferences on the Cuban question, held at the White House between the president and various senators have not been altogether successful, according to the reports of the proceedings that have leaked out. Indications are that the carrying out of the administration wishes presents more difficulties now than at any time since the fight for Cuban concessions first began. Twenty senators, who can be named, have united and pledged themselves one to the other to oppose to the last concessions which will affect in any way an existing industry in the United States. The administration seems to realize the exact conditions in the senate, and this is what prompted the summoning to the White House of Republican senators whose opposition to concessions has been pronounced. One argument which the president presented to them was a declaration that he is simply carrying out the policy of his predecessor, William McKinley, in insisting that something should be done for Cuba. He urged, too, that economic conditions in Cuba were such that something was necessary, or else the new republic would be unable to maintain itself. While the president was listened to respectfully, some of his senatorial callers did not hesitate to say to the president that they were not convinced of the necessity for the legislation; they could not see the advantages to the United States which would accrue from reciprocity with Cuba; they believed if President McKinley was living and aware of the sentiment throughout the country on the subject he would not urge the carrying out of the concessions uan. Yet they are much mistaken in assuming that public sentiment opposes reciprocity with Cuba.

The senators present discussed every overture made to them by the administration leaders, and at the close of their conference an agreement had been reached, so it is said, along general lines. The general sentiment was in favor of defeating any proposition for Cuban reciprocity, but in order to secure harmony an agreement was made that they would support a rebate plan, the money to be paid to the Cuban government. It was stated that the senators in the conference were opposed to any tariff changes, especially of the piecemeal character, but that if any changes were to be made they thought that the utmost concession to be granted should be in the way of a rebate turned over to the Cuban treasury to be disposed of as the Cuban government thought desirable. This rebate, to be either 20, 25 or 30 per cent of the duties collected on Cuban products, it was stated, was offered simply as a compromise by those who were opposed to Cuban concessions.

The Spooner bill, which is said to provide this rebate, is all ready, and can be reported to the senate at any time when assurance can be had that a sufficient number of senators will support the measure. It is evident Cuba can expect little in the way of genuine reciprocity from the present congress.

THE PHILIPPINE BILL.

Although the senate has, after weeks of debate, passed the Philippine bill, there is no assurance that it will become a law. In fact, it is assured that many of its provisions will have to be eliminated before it can pass the house. When the bill reaches the house the senate bill will probably be stricken out, with the exception of the enacting clause, and the house bill substituted for it. The majority in the house will undoubtedly adopt the bill as reported by the house committee on insular affairs, and then will come the consideration of the measure in conference.

The senate bill provides for the continuation of the Philippine commission in control of the government of the islands. It provides that when the existing insurrections have been ended a full report of the conditions in the islands shall be made to the president, and to the congress, in the form of a census, to be taken by the commission, which will show the number of inhabitants, their ability to read and write, their capacity for self-government, and so on. Pending this census and action upon it by congress, the Philippine commission is authorized to continue to establish local municipal and provisional governments, with Filipinos in charge of their administration, in the discretion of the commission.

The house bill provides an entirely different plan for temporary government, one which gives to the Filipinos an immediate part and voice in the administration of affairs. This bill provides for the appointment of a governor and the heads of the different executive departments by the president, with the consent of the senate. The executive affairs of the government shall be placed in the hands of two branches, an upper house, which shall consist, in effect, of the members of the Philippine commission, and a lower house, to be elected by the inhabitants of the islands, at a popular election, for which provision is made. The upper house and the governor are invested with large powers in executive affairs.

The second radical point of difference is on the coinage system. This has been the subject of much discussion, and there is a wide variance of opinion as to the best plan to be adopted. The senate bill provides for practically free and unlimited coinage of silver at its bullion value. It does not propose any change in existing system or value of the silver coins now in use in the islands other than to have them coined as Philippine dollars and subsidiary coins. It is the adoption of the system used by England in providing silver coins for use in her colonies. It would place the coins on a par in value with the Spanish coins, the Mexican coins and the Bombay silver coins now in use in the islands and in adjacent territory. The house coinage provision is entirely different. It calls for the establishment of the gold standard and places a fixed value upon the coins to be issued by the Philippine government. It provides for the issue of a Philippine dollar, which shall contain 386 grains, double the weight of an American half dollar, and which shall have a fixed value of 50 cents. Provision for subsidiary coinage is also made. Opposition to this plan is based on the argument that until a permanent government is established in the Philippines it would be unwise to take any action that would disturb the present system of finance in use in the islands. It is possible that there may be some compromise on the coinage plan, but the members of the house committee will insist upon the adoption of their plan for giving the Filipinos a voice in their executive affairs.

This is no more than right and is in the line of future independence for the people, and for that reason the house measure should be accepted.

For countries that are rather looked down upon in Europe and the United States, Chili and Argentine appear to be doing things of a remarkable nature. They have very serious differences as to boundaries, and Chili undoubtedly feels strongly the tuggings o. destiny in the direction of territorial expansion across the Andes. Yet these two South American nations have just made an agreement for compulsory arbitration and the canceling of all contracts for new warships, the agreement to run for five years. This is an example that more "civilized" nations might profitably follow.

The New York Evening Sun states the case very clearly, thus: "Congress has congratulated the Cuban republic on its start in business for itself. So far, so good. But that is only a case of "words, words, words." Now for deeds. In this case money talks. Let our national legislature prove that there is some honesty about the protestations by doing the right thing about the duties. We have given the Cubans liberty. Now let us give them a chance to get on in the world. Otherwise all the virtue shall go out of our renunciation."

Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, is to be given a very comfortable life position, "as a reward," his new party friends say, "for his loyalty to principle." But Democrats will say that it is a reward for treachery to his party, and as the result of a bargain that he should betray it, and they have good grounds for their belief. By the way, Senator Tillman's charge that McLaurin bartered principle for office is sustained by this appointment.

Secretary Long declined to be publicly banqueted on his retirement from the navy department, on which the Boston Herald quite correctly remarks: "Of all boresome functions, these formal banquets, where the beneficiary is compelled to sit and listen to fulsome tributes to himself, are about the most nauseous."

James Barton Adams, in the Denver Post, suggests that "to reciprocate Kaiser William's present of a statue of Frederick the Great, Kaiser Theodore should present the German nation with a bronze figure of an American hog rampant on a Milwaukee beer barrel."

Tom Reed's latest epigram is to the effect that so far as he can see, the importance of a New York man is gauged by the earliness with which he leaves New York and the lateness of his return. And Thomas is now a New York man himself.

The Philadelphia Times remarks that Russell Sage is the kind of a man that when he dies might do something remarkable with his wealth. Yes, he might try to take it with him; to leave it behind would be agonizing, no doubt.

Senator Hanna recently expressed his interest in and approval of the work of the Salvation Army, and there are som people who look upon this as an indication of presidential aspirations—that he wants the army vote.

The New York Commercial Advertiser estimates that Carnegie has given away $68,000,000 up to date, yet his income is so great that he is richer than he was before he began giving money away.

If Van Sant wants to get some real inside information at Washington on the merger suits, he should call on Chief Justice Fuller. The chief justice is not looking for political capital.

Some person recently started a story that there is a premium on cents bearing the date 1894. There is no premium on the cent of 1894 or the person who started the senseless joke.

A London journal denounces the horse in war as a fool, a coward and a traitor, making no end of trouble in camp and battle. Then why not abolish the war horse?

A St. Louis preacher says the recent volcanic eruptions were the death throes of Satan. Many people will be pleased to learn that the devil is dead.

Vegetarians point triumphantly to the fact that a pedestrian who does not eat meat came in first in the international walking match in Germany.

Cuba has tarted off with four political parties. But there is not a Prohibition party in the list.

A man dropped dead a few days ago while playing ping-pong. It is a dangerous sport.

It is now up to Mr. Kipling to write a poem on the ending of the war.

SMILING LINES.

Chicago Post: "Is he honest?"

"Honest! Why, say, I don't believe that man would cheat an Indian out of his reservation if he had the chance."

Philadelphia Press: Hotelman—Why didn't you demand payment in advance from that couple? They didn't have any baggage.

Clerk—Oh, he's got barrels of money.

Hoteiman—How do you know?

Clerk—Because he's old and ugly and his wife is young and pretty.

Chicago Tribune: The Dog-faced Man—How did the Giantess act when you chucked her under the chin?

The Living Skeleton—She seemed to be highly tickled.

New York Tribune: Women (to dry goods clerk who had been showing blankets for half an hour)—I thank you for your trouble, but I really didn't intend to buy anything. I'm looking for a friend.

Clerk—Well, if you think she's in these blankets I'll go through them again.

Detroit Free Press: "Miss Amy," said Goslin, trying to be tender, "you are always in my mind, doncher know."

"Indeed," replied the girl. "I've often wondered why I felt so lonely."

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "I wouldn't be surprised," said the Arctic explorer, "to see the automobile introduced here soon."

"Don't you believe it," replied the wise native, "the faithful dog of these parts will continue to be the Eskimotor."

Chicago Post: "I understand Brown took the thirty-third degree at the lodge last night."

"No, only the thirty-second at the lodge, but he informed me confidentially that his wife gave him the thirty-third when he got home."

Philadelphia Press: Tess—If you really love him why did you refuse him?

Jess—Goodness! You don't suppose I'd be so unmaidenly as to accept him the first time.

Tess—But he declares he'll never propose to another girl as long as he lives.

Jess—Of course. I'm not "another girl."

LOVERS' MEDICINE.

I hope you'll aid me, one and all,
When each of you discovers
My plan to found a hospital
For disappointed lovers.

The necessary funds to get,
We'll do a little voting,
As is the custom, ere we set
The bonds of love afloating.

Each nurse shall be a dainty maid
(I solemnly declare it),
A heart the symbol of her trade,
And on her sleeve she'll wear it.

The patient's suff'ring to assuage
("Twill ever be our mission)
Young Doctor Cupid I'll engage
As visiting physician.

And thus their ills familiar
I hope we'll cure instanter,
Believing that "Similia
Similibus curantur."

—Life.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The virtue of most people is established on lack of opportunity.

Politics is worse than bankruptcy, because it is that and a lot more besides.

Most any man can marry any girl who has made up her mind to make him ask her.

What the new school in Bible history means is that there was no Eve until there were clothes.

It takes a woman to pick out the time when a man is stewing over figures to ask him to stop and tell her how much he loves her.

The Heroic in War.

Washington Post: The Order of the Garter has been conferred upon the duke of Marlborough. It will be recalled that the duke won much distinction in the South African campaign by rolling down the side of a kopje with his light housekeeping outfit and scaring the Boers into a flight, they being under the impression that the earthquake season had opened.

Not So "Amoosin."

Little Falls Transcript: Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, is mentioned as a candidate for congress. He is not quite so amusing as Bede.

The Prophesy

By Louis Honig.

(Copyright, 1902, W. R. Hearst.)

The heaviness in the air presaged some ill—vague, indefinite and uncertain. The oft-told prophecy that fire would destroy the Carib nation had been the subject for the talk of the campfire and the small councils of the few Indians gathered on the sides of Soufriere.

"Death to all will come soon, soon," wheedled out the old medicine man, whose prophecies were no longer accounted of any value by the young and old of the tribe. "Deep down in the earth beneath old Soufriere is a rumbling and a boiling. My children, beware of the scourge of the fire."

But the tribe heeded it not. The Carib people had been told by soothsayer after soothsayer that their noble race would be wiped out by the dread dread wrath of the fire god. It was told so often that it became a futile tradition in the minds of these Indians, whose life for century upon century had been going on undisturbed in this tropic island of the Caribbean.

Of all the tribe the young son of the chief, by name Moazie, laughed long and loudest at the unfulfilled prophecy. According to their Indian rites he had been wedded to the girl of the people, who had been set as the jewel of her race. He was brave, strong, handsome. She seemed to have the blood of royal leaders in her veins. The two made a couple that drew forth the constant admiration of born native and foreigner. Even the few tourists who strayed close enough to Mount Soufriere's crater same away with a picture in the mind's eye of this fine handsome couple—a physical and human representation of nature's rarest development.

Wandering through the woods and over the mountains during these days of unrest the young Indian girl and her lover tasted life with all its satisfying contentment and pleasures. The young heir to his father's chieftainship seemed to be exalted in this new life of love. The girl was a little less so, but always responded to the mood of her lord and master.

Then came the iteration of the dread prophecy by the soothsayer. The young woman, more sensitive to the presagings of evil, found her soul troubled, her pleasures clouded with the prognostications of destruction that had blanketed the tribe in a general sorrow. She tried to fight it off, but without success.

"I cannot help it, my dear one," she said to him as they sat hand in hand on the mountain side. "It seems to enter my soul, and strive as I will it overwhelms me."

"'Tis nothing but fancy. It will pass away."

"Ah, I hope so," was her answer.

For some time they sat, silent and looking out over the country to the sea.

"God of our people, what's that?" the girl cried in a tremor of fear.

"Why, 'tis nothing, dear one," said he, comfortingly. "Your fancy is running is running fast. What is it that frightens you so?"

She clung tightly to her husband, and as soon as she recovered sufficiently for speech she brokenly replied that she felt some fearful trembling far down in the earth.

That evening upon their return to their homes Moazie himself heard strange sounds and felt the earth moving under his feet. There was no doubting now. Old Soufriere known before to have belched fire and hot molten earth through its gaping mouth was active again. The prophecy of the soothsayer was a prelude and the day had come.

* * * * *

For life, nay for breath they fought. Down the sides of the mountain came the white hot lava in streams. Panic filled the breasts of all. Women who were worn with work and age suddenly regained some of their youthful strength in their attempts to escape, but they were enveloped in the sheets of flame and buried by the flowing lava. Old men and young men were cut down as if there was no hope from the fearful deluge. With an invocation on his lips the soothsayer of the tribe met his fate. The chief of the councils, with his face toward old Soufriere-to-the death, bravely stood. True to the instincts of their race, the majority of the Carib people bore the last visitation of the god's wrath with equanimity. After the first panic had subsided they stood ready to receive the fiery embraces of their destroyer.

They were fatalists.

To young Moazie and his bride life was never dearer. They had wandered in the opposite direction from the outburst that seemed to fall upon the land with scorching, deleting effect. On and on they moved. It seemed as if safety might lay in their path. After a sight of Soufriere unbosoming itself upon the land of their tribe they fled as only those who are filled with fear and a desire to avert the hand of the supernatural.

"Would it be their fate to give the lie to the prophecy and build up anew their once noble race?" was the thought running through their minds. Gaining a clear vantage ground they stood and paused for breath. Life might stil be theirs. Again they hurried on.

"We shall live," cried Moazie. The girl did not respond. Turning around she faced the vomiting mountain. With a roll of the earth and a roar of a thousand demons, Soufriere shot her fierce, glowing insides heavenward. The young woman saw the sheet of fire that seemed to detach itself from the general outpouring, and move straight in her direction.

"My lord! My lord! Look, look!" The blast of hell was upon them.

Embracing, they met their fate together. The prophecy had been fulfilled.

UNDESIRABLE COMPETITION.

The Commercial West: It is frequently said that "competition is the life of trade," and that competition is necessary. This is often repeated thoughtlessly, as applying to cases which it does not touch at all.

Up to a certain point, competition is desirable and beneficial in trade. Even business competitors court it, for right competition is a trade tonic. But the point at which competition ceases to be desirable and at once becomes a menace, is when the supply—be is farm products, merchandise, transportation facilities of manufactures—exceeds the consumptive demand. Carried beyond this point, competition becomes a wrecker of business instead of a builder. Only one of two courses is then left to the interested parties; one is to fight to the death—a commercial warfare with no apparent end in sight, and demoralized markets. The other course is combination to reduce production and so competition, of a manufacturing business; or, in banking, merchandising or railroading, reduce competition.

The history of all new countries is the same. First, crudeness and large profits, no matter what the business. Then smaller but fair profits and an improving of business methods and of accommodations to the buyer. The third stages gives the consumer or user the greatest possible amount for his money consistent with a close profit to the seller. And then follows overproduction, demoralized markets, failure for some, unprofitable business for all. Finally, as the only relief, consolidation comes naturally and easily.

This, in brief, is the history of probably nine-tenths of the so-called trusts of today.

It seems to be the fashion nowadays to abuse combinations and trusts. Credit, nor even sympathy, is seldom given to manufacturers or others who, independently, fight and battle for their business existence, struggle on year after year with little profit and possibly loss, wearing their lives out in an endeavor to undersell competitors and to steal away their trade. This in itself is of no moment to "the people," but here is a point that does interest every consumer: In this competitive struggle, the consumer is getting something, be it transportation, potatoes, flour or furniture, at a price below legitimate basis—below the price at which he has any moral right to it. Is the consumer thankful for the favors bestowed upon him by the law of unholy competition? The sequel says not. For when a combination is formed and prices are controlled and held firmly; when no cut can be had and every man pays the same price, even though the price represents only a legitimate profit to the producer, the cry of "combination" is raised. An objection to the price is made, even though the old price meant ruin to the producer.

Competition up to a certain point is certainly desirable. Carried beyond the safety limit and it becomes a curse and needs regulating as much as does its opposite—an uncontrolled combination.

Closing Out Sale.

Pianos and Organs

(Manufacturers' Sale.)

At half (½) price on monthly payments. I have been instructed by the manufacturers to sell all Pianos and Organs now on hand at less than cost to manufacture them. This stock of new and second hand Pianos and Organs must be sold before June 10th. Call and satisfy yourself that I am offering:

$200 Pianos for $100
$300 Pianos for $150

GEO. W. TIETZ, 34 W. First St., Cor. 1st Ave. W.

OPEN EVENINGS.

AT THE HOTELS

"The logs at the headwaters of the Mississippi are all in the water and there is little question but that there will be a clean sweep of all the timber that was banked during the winter," said D. L. McKay, who returned last night from a trip to the scene of his logging operations out on the line of the Great Northern. "We are having plenty of water this spring, and the logs are all going out of the tributary streams in fine shape. Some logs that were hung up in Rice river last season have been moved out this spring. Quite a few logs were left back in the woods on the Upper Mississippi the past winter, because of the early break-up. One firm has 6,000,000 feet that it failed to get to the bank and another 3,000,000 feet. There are numerous instances of smaller lots."

Mr. McKay's two sons, C. M. and F. P. McKay arrived at the St. Louis to visit him. They live in Chippewa Falls.

* * *

"They've" just been married and "they" are expected to arrive at the Spalding any moment. A little bird whispered the news to Chief Clerk Rudell and Mr. Rudell has assumed his most beneficent smile in preparation for the reception that the happy young people have had arranged for them all along the line of honeymoon trip. Already Mr. Ruidt has bestowed this smile upon several undeserving, but happy-appearing young men, but he still keeps the original Mr. Rudell in store for the real party. The information of "their" prospective arrival at the Spalding came in from a bundle of newspapers tied up in a very luxuriant bow of white satin ribbon and a letter addressed as follows:

After two weeks, please return to 2894 Jackson street, Sioux City, Iowa, their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wilson Colom, care The Spalding, Duluth, Minn.

Globe Trotters.

If not there, hold until they come. Give them a big reception, but be kind to them.

The presumption is that this big reception and kindliness will greet "them" all along the line.

* * *

Senator C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, arrived at the St. Louis last night. He says Grand Rapids is very active just now as a result of the iron exploratory operations that are going on and the new farmers that are settling on the lands in that vicinity. Mr. McCarthy says he notices new farmers going out to their places every day with loads of materials for their homes.

"One of the anomalies of a city in a timbered country that has been pretty well logged over," said Mr. McCarthy this morning, "is that you find logs being cut from lands that were supposed to be all cut over. Take it up near Grand Rapids now, pine is being cut from lands that were supposed to have been stripped of their merchantable timber several years ago. It is expected that logs will be banked there for a number of winters to come, though the logging industry proper has moved miles away from us."

* * *

P. D. Babcock and G. B. Ogsburg, of St. Paul are at the McKay. They are connected with the purchasing department of the Milwaukee road.

* * *

Travel at the hotels the past few days has been exceptionally heavy. The business is largely commercial in character, though some early and courageous tourists have joined the throngs about the hotel lobbies. As an indication of the extent of travel, the Spalding got 4 trunks through one transfer line from one of the early morning trains.

* * *

Guests from the iron range towns who are stopping at the St. Louis include: A. B. Coates and D. W. Freeman, of Virginia; Max Shapiro, of Eveleth; Emil Anderson, of Biwabik, and George H. Smith, of Ely.

* * *

R. H. Munson, Bay Mills, Mich.; G. H. Warren, Minneapolis; D. B. Finch, St. Paul; O. F. Wilson, Pittsburg; William Gibbons, Chicago; George J. Bradley, Norwood, Minn.; A. J. Diehl, Ann Arbor; R. A. Pike and wife, Minneapolis, and A. Y. Merrill, Minneapolis, are at the Spalding.

* * *

W. Rogers, Marquette; C. D. Rowley, Brainerd; Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Newland, Minneapolis; W. J. Sellack, New York; H. B. Merrick, Minneapolis, F. A. Blakeslee and wife, Bemidji; Fred R. Harris, wife and daughter, Passadena, Cal., are at the St. Louis.

* * *

M. A. Torinus, Stillwater; M. M. E. Powell, Two Harbors; L. M. Farnham, St. Paul; W. Woodhill, Two Harbors; W. C. Barrett and family, Hibbing; J. A. Levy, Chicago; A. I. Kellogg, Port Arthur; Charles P. Gilran, Davenport, and J. C. F. Jackson, Chicago, are at the McKay.

It Causes Embarrassment.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel: What causes much comment, as well as some worriment among many of the leading Republicans of the state who were prominent in conducting the last gubernatorial campaign, is the fact that from beginning to end, Governor Van Sant's committee and immediate friends besieged Mr. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, for money with which to conduct that campaign. Then, and for many years, points of contention had existed between Mr. Hill and the public, or those assuming to speak for the public, no less prominently than now; and the soliciting and accepting of campaign funds under such circumstances now causes embarrassment to such participants in the matter as have a fair comprehension of what is involved in the present bid for public favor, in repudiation of the solicitations and favors of two years ago.

THE EVENING NEWSPAPER.

Butte Inter Mountain: In the rapid development of newspapers in America a noticeable feature is the substantial lead which the evening newspaper has taken as against the morning newspaper. It is not many years since that the advantage as to popularity, which meant circulation and influence, was all on the side of the newspaper issued in the morning. This has all been changed, and today the newspapers of largest circulation and influence are the evening papers. There are conspicuous examples of this in almost every city in the United States. In New York the Evening Sun has almost double the circulation of the morning Sun, and the same is true of the World, Chicago has a notable example of the pre-eminence of the evening newspaper in the News, the circulation of which is not approached by any morning paper. The same example may be seen in Philadelphia, Boston, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Minneapolis, Cincinnati, St. Louis and scores of other cities.

This growth of the evening newspaper was inevitable, inasmuch as it is based on substantial reasons. The evening newspaper is issued at a time when people have time to read it. Besides, it carries the news to the reader "hot from the bat," as it were, and he has it while it is new, which is its value and its interest. If it is a big piece of news, the morning paper will have it the following morning, perhaps in an amplified form, but it will be stale beer as against champagne. Anyhow, the fizz will have fizzled, the bloom will be off the rye.

The millions of persons who are interested in the one feature of the day's news, the markets, would not be satisfied to wait until the next day for quotations. On that day there is another market and other quotations for consideration. Sufficient unto the day is the market thereof.

These remarks are made in no disparagement of the morning newspaper, which is a valuable and useful vehicle. It occasionally has a piece of news which occurred after the evening newspaper is on the streets, but it does not make a business of this. Still, as we have said, the morning newspaper is a useful vehicle, and if it were eliminated from social economy we would miss it. We wish it long life.

Our Great and Good Friends.

They're coming with the statues now,
from almost every land;
From Greenland's icy mountains clear
to India's coral strand;
The emperor of China sends a shaft that's sure to please—
The grand old ruler Yun Shi Lung, whose pigtail fans the breeze;
And like the statue-giving heads of all the other powers,
He vows that Wun Shi Lung was once a great big friend of ours.

Good Abdul Hamid orders that his sculptors all shall sculp,
Or else he'll hold a festival and grind them to a pulp;
He thinks he'll send a dainty thing—a home-and-fireside group
Of ten or fifteen wives of his, preparing Turkish soup.
The label on the soup-can shows Chicago's streets and towers,
Which proves that Abdul Hamid always was a friend of ours.

The king of Patagonia, and sultan of Sulu
Have boxed some statuettes and things and billed them: "Hurry through."
The brigands of Bulgaria show how their love has grown
By ordering a monument—if we will send the Stone.
And all the big and little kings, and heads of all the powers
Are shipping sculptured things to show that they are friends of ours!

—Baltimore American.

Peeping Into Pelee.

Washington Star: In connection with Mount Pelee, the geologists have managed to find out a great deal that does not make any practical difference.

Flaming Laurels of Pelee.

New York Tribune: Mount Pelee henceforth ranks as second to only Krakatoa in eruptive magnitude, and surpasses even it in destructiveness to man and his works. Vesuvius and Aetna may pale their ineffectual fires, and even Mauna Loa and Kilauea give precedence to this monstyr of the Antilles.

Fraternal Order of Eagles.

National meeting to be held at Minneapolis, June 3 to 8. For the occasion "The North-Western Line" (Omaha Railway) will place on sale at its Duluth office, from June 1 to 7 inclusive, optional forns of tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return at the one-way rate of $4.20 for the round trip. These tickets are good for returning passage up to and including June 9. The Train of Fame—Twilight Limited—leaves Duluth daily at 4 p. m. from the Omaha depot, opposite Union depot, and arrives at St. Paul at 9 p. m. and Minneapolis at 9:30 p. m. Parlor and dining cars every comfort and convenience. See that your tickets read over the Omaha road.

$45.00 Round Trip

TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

Another opportunity to visit Pacific Coast points at the very low rate of $45.00 for the round trip. Tickets on sale every day, via the Great Northern Railway, May 27th to June 8th, to Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Victoria, Vancouver. Final limit sixty days with privilege of returning via several diverse routes. On the same dates round trip tickets will be sold to San Francisco at $50.00, Los Angeles at $64.00. For full particulars, call at City Ticket office, corner Spalding Hotel Block.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Re-engagement of the popular King Dramatic company in a repertoire of new plays this week.
New Metropolitan vaudeville feature at each performance.
Tonight—"Michael Strogoff."
Prices—25c, 35c and 50c.

Entertainment and Dance!

Alpha Council No. 1, The Modern Samaritans

The Armory, Friday, June 6,

GRIFFINS ORCHESTRA ENTERTAINERS, and

HELEN C. BICK, Great Impersonator of the real colored lady.

Tickets 25c each.

Cremo

THE BEST

5¢

CIGAR

Two "CREMO" Bands are of same value as one tag from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" or "J. T." Tobacco.

WORLD'S RECORD

For Loss of Life By Volcano Held By Pelee.

Prof. Heilprin Returns After Settling Many Important Points.

There Has Been No Topographical Alteration of Country.

Fort de France, Island of Martinique, June 5.—Professor Angelo Heilprin, president of the Philadelphia Geographical society, who is here for the National Geographical society, came into Fort de France Tuesday night from his explorations of the crater on the summit of Mount Pelee. Professor Heilprin is well and in good spirits. He has rested from the fatigues of his last trip and is ready for more work.

The following important points have been settled by Professor Heilprin:

"The location of the new crater has been correctly determined; it is positively known that there has been no overflow of molten matter from the lip of the crater, there has been no subsidence of the mountain, and the height of Mount Pelee is unchanged; the crater does not contain a cinder cone; there has been no cataclysm and no topographical alteration of the country. The period of violent eruptions has probably ended, although the volcano may continue to be quietly active for a long time to come."

Referring to his expedition, the professor said today to the Associated Press: "May 31 we made our first ascent of the volcano. We left Acler at 5:30 and Vive at 7:20 o'clock in the morning. The party consisted of Mr. Leadbetter and myself and three colored 'boys.' We were on muleback. At an altitude of 700 meters we began the ascent of the airete. We passed along its east side and slightly to the north of the mountain. We arrived at the top of the old crater, the former site of Lake Palmiste, at 11 a. m. Here it began raining. Rain clouds and the clouds in the volcano enveloped us and we could not see ten fee. A terrific storm had begun, and we sat on the edge of the crater for some time speculating whether the detonations we heard were of thunder or from the volcano. As we afterward found the river Fallaise to be boiling, the detonations were probably volcanic. We could not tell how near we were to the crater, as, either from local attraction or the electric conditions, our compass refused to work. Its variations were about 20 degrees to the eastward, but later we found that it acted normally at the lip of the crater.

"The colored boys with us were horribly scared.

"The eruption of Mount Pelee of May 8 was unique in that it resulted in the greatest destruction of life and property ever known by direct agency of a volcano. The phenomenon of explosion of flaming gases is probably new, but a careful study of observations is necessary before an opinon can be reached. The electrical phenomena are also new. They probably did not play the chief ole in the destruction of St. Pierre, but were developed by and aided the other forces. I have specimens which show the effect of the bolts of lightning. The latter were small and intense and penetrated within the houses of the city. For rapidity of action and for lives lost Mount Pelee holds the record among volcanoes."

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 7; Philadelphia, 4.
At Boston—Boston, 7; St. Louis, 3.
At New York—New York, 4; Chicago, 3.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Cincinnati, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 6.
At Washington—Washington, 13; Detroit 6.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 4; Boston, 3.
At Baltimore—St. Louis, 6; Baltimore, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Columbus—Louisville, 3; Columbus, 1.
At Toledo—Indianapolis, 8; Toledo, 5.
At Minneapolis—Milwaukee, 6; Minneapolis, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	38	31	7	.816
Chicago	37	24	13	.649
Brooklyn	38	19	19	.500
Boston	36	16	20	.444
Philadelphia	37	16	21	.432
New York	39	16	23	.410
St. Louis	37	14	23	.378
Cincinnati	38	14	24	.368

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	34	21	13	.618
Boston	35	20	15	.571
Chicago	34	19	15	.558
Baltimore	36	18	18	.500
Detroit	33	16	17	.485
St. Louis	33	16	17	.485
Washington	37	17	20	.458
Cleveland	36	12	24	.333

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Louisville	34	22	12	.647
Columbus	39	25	14	.641
Indianapolis	36	22	14	.611
St. Paul	34	20	14	.588
Kansas City	35	18	17	.514
Milwaukee	35	15	19	.467
Minneapolis	35	11	24	.314
Toledo	34	7	27	.2-

ANOTHER STRIKE AVERTED.

New York, June 5.—An agreement has been reached between the manufacturers and the pulp workers' union whereby a threatened strike has been averted in the paper mills of the East. The workers will receive an advance of 10 per cent, but several minor matters remain to be settled. It is estimated 15,000 men are affected.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed in a plant as clean as the cleanest home kitchen—always open to your inspection—58,971 visitors last year.

THE CLASS PROGRAM

Graduates of High School In Class Day Exercises.

Clever Hits Upon Class Members and Pleasing Music.

Numbers Sixty-Seven, One of Largest Classes Ever Graduated.

The senior class of the Duluth central high school, which is to have its graduating exercises Friday evening and which on Saturday will be enrolled among the high school alumni, gave its class-day exercises at the High School last night, and the result was a very brilliant entertainment, witnessed by a crowd that packed the great assembly hall to the doors.

The hall was tastefully decorated. The class colors, corn and brown, formed the keynote of the adornments. Over the stage appeared the class motto, "Carpe Diem," in corn and

EDWARD CONGDON, Class President.

brown, and festoons of corn and brown covered the proscenium arch and ran along the galleries back to the section reserved for the class of '03, where the junior colors of orange and black, which will be the colors of the senior and graduating class next year, ruled. On the gallery railing was a large tiger, with its jaws working automatically. According to some of the

CHARLOTTE MONDSCHINE.

pleasant drives made at the juniors in the class papers last night, the automatic jaw would appear to be typical of the juniors.

But the most delightful decoration of all was the class itself. Sixty-seven strong, it was banked on the stage, filling it completely, the young women in their light fabrics, bearing armfuls of flowers; the young men in their dark garb forming a background for the bower of fresh young maidenhood

ETHEL FORSYTH.

whose beauty would adorn any hall.

The members of the class that is to be graduated Friday evening are as follows:

HONOR PUPILS.

Sumner Bridges Smith.
Esther Scott Searle.
Leta Louise Phelps.
Clara Rubena Laughton.
Grace Ella Duncan.

CLASSICAL COURSE.

Myrtle Florence Alezina Butchart.
Phoebe Ellanor Cole.
Grace Ella Duncan.
Ernest Franklin Fee.
Robert Alfred Johnston.
Helen Marcus.
Charlotte Mondschine.
Emma Laurentia Olson.
Frances Jacot Quilliard.
Virginia Mason Sandford.
Edna Christina Schaller.
Esther Scott Searle.
Harriet Frances Shannon.
Sumner Bridges Smith.

SCIENTIFIC COURSE.

Nathalie Louise Asp.
Ralph Dawson Bradley.
Hjalmer Andrew Brandt.
Flora Lucy Caulkins.
Blanche May Coulter.

LOUIS ZALK.

Edward Burt Congdon.
James Alexander Cullyford.
Elizabeth Evangeline Day.
Fred Carrol Elston.
Catherine Marie Farrell.
Frank Hogan Farrell.
Leora Pearl Fenton.
Mary Foster.
David Charles Freimuth.
Safton Grettum.
Otis Kendall Hermann
Anna Christena Johnson.
Dorothy Katherine Kuhns.
Clara Rubena Laughton.
Jessie Evangeline Maynard.
Carrie May Neff.
Oliver Siggier Olson.
Charlotte Partridge.
Mabel Isabel Pearson.
Leta Louise Phelps.
Arthur Christian Ringsred.
Edith Cathrine Schauer.
Addie Mahala Smith.
Clara Mildred Clark Somerville.
Grace Margaret Spurbeck.
George Edward Suffel.
Florence May Swendby.
Johanna Johnson.
John Titus Kenney.

GENERAL COURSE.

Julia Maud Dennis.
Alice Margaret Dillon.
William Rudolph Doell.
Ethel May Forsyth.
Claire Louise Frederick.
Ethel Bell Blanch Gilman.
Anna McDonald Kidd.
John William Letteau.
Jane Elizabeth Murray.
Burniee Inez Potter.
Louise Helen Richard.
Rena Vivian Smith.
Pauline Louise Smith.
Belinda Elizabeth Tvedt.
Mary Elma Van Every.
Jennie Marion Westaway.
Louis Zalk.

MANUAL TRAINING COURSE.

Harry Merritt.
Frank Amasa McComber.

Of these pupils, Carrie May Neff and Arthur Christian Ringsred received honorable mention. Grace Ella Duncan and Helen Marcus took Greek in addition to the regular course.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The program opened with the class president's address, given by Edward Congdon. In an easy and pleasant manner he gave a brief address upon the class of which he has the honor to be president, saying that it was one of the largest classes in the history of the high school, and that it was intellectually and socially prominent during its history. He also said that the class will probably be more widely scattered among the colleges than previous graduating classes.

Esther Searle, assisted by the class, sang Lloyd's "Darkey Lullaby," and the charming manner in which she did it brought her a warm reception.

CLEVER CLASS HISTORY.

One of the happiest, cleverest and most amusing papers ever given in the various class day exercises at the high school was the class history, given by Charlotte Mondschine. It was entirely original in conception, and Miss Mondschine's delivery was most admirable. Her manner was easy, un-

LEORA FENTON.

embarrassed and unaffected, her enunciation perfect, and the entire effect was unusually fine. Her paper was witty and full of quaint and originally turned expressions, and there were many happy hits upon members of the class, some that only the class members could appreciate, but many more whose pleasant wit could was such that all could enjoy. She painted four pictures, showing the class in each of its four years. In the freshman year she pictured it as a collection of tender green shoots, and equally amusing conceptions characterized the class in its various stages, as windbags in its second year, as servile imitators of the seniors in the junior year, and finally as the supercilious and self-sufficient seniors.

There were some new school songs this year, more of A. F. M. Custance's ingenious and clever arrangements, including a "Song of the Classes," and "Farewell Central High School," based on college songs and sung by the high school.

THE CLASS PROPHECY.

Another exceptionally clever paper was the class prophecy, by Ethel Forsyth. She told how two members of the class located and raised the lost island of Atlantis, and how the class of 1902 settled there. Then she described the occupations and condition o fthe various members of the class, making many witty hits at the pupils. Bursts of laughter and applause told how well the hits applied. A very notable feature of the paper was its admirable English. Several dainty and pretty bits of word painting were included. Miss Forsyth's manner and delivery were excellent, indeed, and her reception was a warm one.

Miss Rena Smith was to have sung, but as she was detained by illness Miss Anna Farrell responded in her stead, singing a solo admirably and responding to an encore with "Ben Bolt."

THE CLASS ORATOR.

Louis Zalk was the class orator, and his oration was well written and delivered in an excellent manner. He showed how man's cunning and fierce desire to rule, in his savage state, led him to the discovery of the superiority of brain over brawn. As he progressed his cunning became a higher intelligence, and after conquering the beast he turned to the task of conquering his fellows. Nations were born out of this struggle. His methods of fighting grew better, until now it is

A. F. M. CUSTANCE.
Musical director, who arranged the very clever musical number for class day exercises.

as though he had the lightning at his beck. Now the world is moving to universal peace, and the struggles of man have taken on a different character. The intellect must rule, and the coming struggles for superiority will be ones in which strength and courage are necessary for success. The first engagement of these great struggles is the war for wealth, which has brought benefits to the world, and has helped even the vanquished. The same qualities that brought success in war will bring success in finance. Who shall say that J. P. Morgan would not make a great general, or that Napoleon would not have made a great financier?

Frank Fee, Fred Johnston and George Suffel, assisted by the class, sang "Farewell, Central High School" in a pleasing manner.

LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT.

Miss Laura Fenton gave the last will and testament of the class of 1902, and like the other papers, this gave an opportunity for pleasant hits at members of the classes and high school institutions. She had much witty matter in her paper, and she delivered it in a very acceptable manner, getting an enthusiastic reception.

Twelve members of the class, six young men and six young women, gave the sextet from "Florodora," and they did it so successfully that they had to respond to a double encore. It was a very charming number. The entertainment closed with the singing of "Triumphales" by the school.

Tonight the eighth grade graduating exercises will be held at the high school assembly hall, and tomorrow night the graduating exercises of the high school will be held.

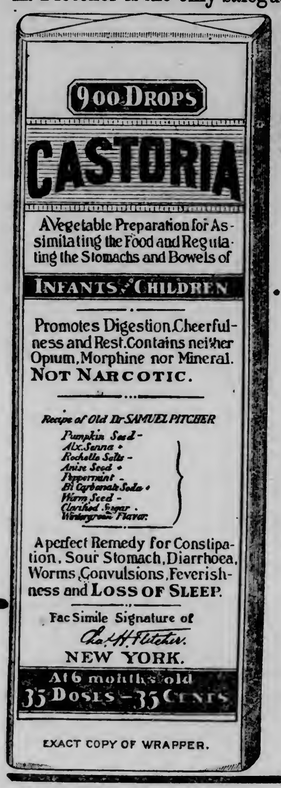
Indisputable Evidence.

You have read our oft-repeated statement, "In use for over 30 years." It was in the early sixties that Dr. Pitcher first made use of the prescription now universally known as Castoria. With a record of over fifty, under five years of age, out of every hundred deaths, it was the AMBITION OF EVERY PHYSICIAN to discover a remedy suitable for the ailments of infants and children that would decrease this distressing mortality. In Castoria that relief has been found.

Let us take the statistics covering the deaths in the City of New York for the past 30 years, and here we find the benificent effects of a combination of drugs excluding opiates and narcotics so long sought for, namely: CASTORIA.

Of the total number of deaths in New York City **in 1870, 50 per cent.** were under five years of age; **in 1880, 46 per cent.; in 1890, 40 per cent.; in 1900, 35 per cent. only.** Just stop to think of it.

Until 1897 no counterfeits or imitations of Castoria appeared on drug store shelves, but since that date Mr. Fletcher has been called upon to suppress a number of these frauds. While the record for 1900 does not come down to our expectation it is owing to the carelessness of mothers when buying Castoria. The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is the only safeguard, and he alone is authorized to use the doctor's name.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BRUENER DECLINES.

Will Not Be a Candidate For Congress.

St. Cloud, Minn., June 5.—Theodore Bruener yesterday afternoon announced that for business reasons he will not make the race for the Democratic congressional nomination in the new Sixth district. A. G. Broker, of Wadena county has also declined to enter, and this leaves a clear field for Dr. J. A. Dubois of Eauk Center, who is expected to file his certificate soon.

WARFIELD IS SICK.

New York, June 5.—David Warfield, the widely known comedian, has been removed from his home to the General Memorial hospital, where he is threatened with appendicitis. He closed the season on the road recently and on Tuesday became ill. His physicians were somewnat puzzled over the symptoms and finally removed him to the hospital for observation. Inflammation and localized peritonitis have developed and appendicitis is expected to follow.

You've got to hustle all the time to keep in the swim. If you are slipping down the ladder of prosperity, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Makes people strenuous. Ask your druggist.

PIPE DREAMS

People who take morphine and opium have them.

Their dreams are only dreams, but the after effects are most awful realities.

Nerve murder—nothing less.

Opiates take all the vitality out of the nerves.

PALMO TABLETS

will restore the worst wreck ever laid low by these drugs, alcohol or abuse, to perfect mental and bodily health.

They cure all kinds of nerve decay.

We refund your money if they fail.

50 cents. 12 boxes for $5.00. Guaranteed. Book free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

Drink West Baden Water...

Now is the time to fix up your stomach. Excellent for the liver, kidneys and constipation. Handled by Frank Stimson, agent, room 20-21 Mesaba block. Old Phone 651.

For a Drink of Good Whisky

Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 22nd, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Eli Van Valkenburgh, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Jessie W. Nash of the county of Hennepin, Minnesota, representing among other things, that Eli Van Valkenburgh, late of the county of Hillsdale, in the state of Michigan, on the 16th day of January, A. D., 1902, at the county of Hillsdale, Michigan, died intestate, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a daughter of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Horton Blackmarr granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May-22-29—June 5—1902.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

HEAVIEST ON RECORD

May Shipments of Lumber Run to Very High Figures.

Total For the Season Nearly Sixty-Five Million Feet.

Lath and Shingle Shipments Small---Log Rafts Coming Slowly.

The port collector's figures of the lumber shipments from Duluth during the month of May, 46,955,000 feet, are believed to be approximately correct, the actual amount, if anything, being a few thousand feet more.

This is the heaviest May shipment of lumber on record at this port, in fact the shipments of last month exceeded the total for April and May in many previous seasons.

The lumber shipments from the port of Duluth in April, 1902, were 17,585,000 feet, far exceeding any other April record of the port. This brings the total shipments for the season to date up to about 64,540,000 feet. If the shipments for the season continued at this rate, the season of 1902 would go down as a record breaker in the head of the lakes lumber business. This condition is hardly probable, however, as the earlier movement of lumber this year has about cleaned up all the dry stocks on the docks here, except a few lots that the owners are not in a hurry about forwarding.

Until the new cut lumber has dried out to some extent, there will be a decidedly lighter movement down the lake for some weeks to come. This condition of affairs has already been felt by the carriers and, in order to hold the $2.50 freight rate firm about eighty boats have been withdrawn from the lumber carrying trade. Three boats already withdrawn from trade at this port are the Scotia, the Ogarita and Interlaken, all tows, the agreement at the Chicago meeting of the Lumber Carriers' association being that steamers with consorts should drop the latter. The three boats mentioned will not be idle, but have been put in the ore carrying trade.

During the month past the shingle shipments from Duluth, by water, were 3,857,000, and practically none none were sent out by rail. There has been a reported scarcity of shingles all the spring and last month not a shingle left the head of the lakes. While they are not yet plenty, the steady sawing of the deep water mills has increased the available stocks here, but the manufacturers are still holding on to them.

Lath shipments from Duluth in May were 1,000,000, which were about half the shipments a year ago. The local lath market may be said to be practically in the same condition as the shingle market. Stocks are beginning to fill out, but the manufacturers are not in a hurry to put them on the market, anticipating better prices. In the month of April, this year, there were no lath shipments from this port.

Considering the advanced season, the arrival of log rafts from the north and south shores have been few. The saw mills have been enabled to begin early and keep operating steadily by reason of log receipts by rail. Had the mill men depended on the driving streams this spring, and log rafts, the mills here would be a long ways behind in the 1902 cut. On account of high water in all the logging streams of the Northwest a livelier movement of logs by water to the head of the lakes is looked for during this month and July.

AMUSEMENTS.

KING DRAMATIC COMPANY.

The King Dramatic company presented "A Ward of France" at the Lyceum last evening. It is a story of the Louisiana purchase and most of the scenes are laid in New Orleans. The company presented it in a pleasing manner. Tonight "Michael Strogoff" will be the bill.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best, because adhesive, invisible, harmless; flesh, white or brunet. 25c.

DAYS OF DIZZINESS

Come to Hundreds of Duluth People.

There are days of dizziness.

Spells of headache, sideache, backache.

Sometimes rheumatic pains.

Often urinary disorders.

All tell you plainly the kidneys are sick.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.

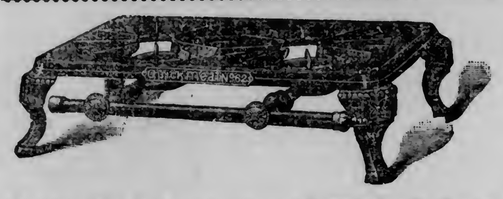
Mr. J. E. Watts, who lives at 811 Fifth street east, bricklayer by trade, says: "I had a very severe attack of pain through the small of the back just over the kidneys. It was so bad that I could hardly get around, much less stoop, and as a bricklayer when at work is almost constantly in a stooped position, I was unable to work. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I thought I would try them, for plasters and other remedies had failed to give me any relief. I got a box at William A. Abbett's drug store and began to use the remedy. In a few days the pain entirely left me and I felt as well as ever."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Our Last Inventory Showed That In Our Stock There Are Forty-four Thousand Three Hundred and Forty-seven (44,347) Different Articles.

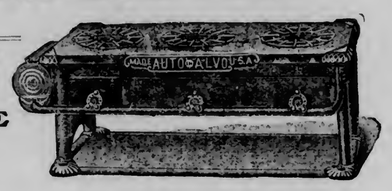
YOU MUST BUY AT LEAST ONE OF THESE ARTICLES EACH WEEK. ARE YOU BUYING IT FROM US?



Hot Plates and Wickless

Oil Stoves.

WE AIM TO HANDLE THE BEST.



The Auto Valvo.

Hammocks.

Palmer's Made. Fast Colors. Stylish Colors.

Comfortable Shapes. Large Pillows Made to Use.

Our Assortment Is the Largest.

Our Prices Are the Lowest.

The Wilke Refrigerator.

Completely lined with plate glass. Made in ten sizes. The luxury of cold cleanliness.

IOWA STEEL RANGES

If you need a Stove or Range, we want you to call and see the many different styles and sizes of the IOWA. There are many good reasons for preferring this Range to others on the market.

It has all the good points—Pouch Feed, Poker Door, Sectional Top, heavy steel plate, protected with asbestos board—and then our price is right. When you can buy a No. 8-15 complete with warming closet for $29 cash, or by paying $5.00 down and the balance in payments of $1.25, you surely can afford to get rid of your old stove that has been so much bother, and, besides, if your old stove is worth anything at all we will take it in part payment on the new Range.

Always remember that in buying from us you run no risk, for we absolutely guarantee to give satisfaction; if not, your money will be refunded.

Will you not at least call and see us?

Garden Hose

Our prices range from 6½c to 20c ft.

REMEMBER THE BRAND—

Old Gold and Shamrock

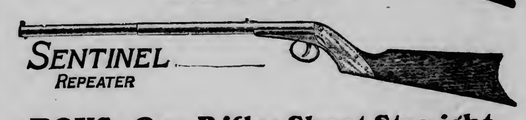
Get our prites on Nozzles and Lawn Sprinklers.

When you want a

Pocket Knife

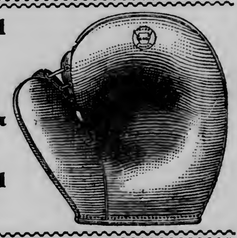
That will hold an edge come to us.

We will replace it if it doesn't.



BOYS—Our Rifles Shoot Straight.

You will always find what you want in Baseball Goods at our store.



WILKE REFRIGERATORS

(ABSOLUTE PURITY)

Plate Glass Lining—Luxury of Cold Cleanliness—Plate Glass Lining Cleaned as Easy as China.

Our stock of Wilke Refrigerators now on the way.

Kelley Hardware Co.

WILL MEET.

Business Men's Club Planning For a Large Meeting.

The Business Mens' club of the West End will meet tomorrow evening in the new club headquarters, in the Normanna building, at the corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. It is expected that the meeting will be largely attended, for notice is not only given the members, but invitations by postal card have been sent to several hundred men who have not united with the club. The presence of a good representation of the West Enders is desired for the discussion of matters of no small importance to that portion of the city.

Among the matters that will come before the club will be a number of abuses and nuisances that were reported on at the last meeting.

The headquarters of the club is occupied by Secretary R. D. Haven as an office and has been furnished with a telephone. The room is open at all hours of the day and nearly all the evenings of the week, and offers an excellent place for the members to meet and discuss thir mutual interests.

$4.30 St. Paul & Minneapolis & Return

ACCOUNT EAGLES' CONVENTION.

June 1st to 7th, the Northern Pacific, the Eagles' official line, will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $4.30, good returning up to and including June 9th. Three trains each way, including famous Lake Superior Limited. Leaves Duluth 1:55 p. m. daily. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

FISHERMEN'S PARADISE.

Special Inducements Offered on the South Shore Road This Season.

Among the fishing localities that are offering attraction to the read of the lakes sportsmen this season there are three on the South Shore road, in Wisconsin, that are being well patronized. Winneboujou, on the Brule river, draws a large number of Duluth and Superior people who are looking for good trout fishing, and for those who would rather fish for bass, pike, pickerel and other varieties of lake fish, Middlebrook, four miles below Iron River, and Delta, a few miles further east, are offering special inducements. The management of the south Shore road, in view of accommodating those business and professional men who wish to get out of the city for a fishing trip, Saturday afternoon, and get back in time for business Monday morning, is giving a special fishermen's rate, good over Sunday, and its trains will be stopped to let off and take on passengers at those points mentioned, Saturday evening and Monday morning.

Middlebrook is an especially pleasing place for the business man to take his family. At this place there is a very convenient summer resort. William Grimmer, proprietor. Twenty people can be accommodated. The fishing is of the best and the rates are reasonable, only $2 per day, including board, lodging, use of the boats and bait. A special rate of $10 per week is made for those wishing a longer outing. The accommodations consist of a hotel and a number of comfortable, neatly furnished summer cottages, located in a beautiful spot overlooking Pike lake. At Middlebrook there is a string of lakes each well stocked with fish. Parties going down for a Sunday outing would do well to write before the middle of the week to Mr. Grimmer, addressing him at Iron River, Wis., postoffice.

At Delta there is also splendid fishing, but the accommodations are not so near to the railroad.

The round trip rates are $1.25 for Winneboujou, $1.50 for Middlebrook and $1.75 for Delta. Tickets are on sale Friday, and are good returning the following Tuesday.

Notice For Bids.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that sealed bids will be received by E. W. Bohannon, 2029 East Third street, until 8 p. m. June 11th, 1902, for plastering, laying cement floors, sidewalks and grading grounds at the Normal school, said bids to include all materials and labor.

The plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Palmer, Hall & Hunt. The work must be completed by the 20th of July, 1902.

Satisfactory bond will be required of the successful bidder.

E. W. BOHANNON,
President and Purchasing Ag't.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 60c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets

(YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior street.

HARMONY

Characterized Republican State Convention at South Dakota.

Sioux Falls, S. D., June 5.—The Republican state convention met here yesterday afternoon and after appointing committees took a recess until evening. At 8:30 it reassembled, with Charles J. Buell, of Pennington, presiding as permanent chairman. Alfred B. Kittredge, of Sioux Falls, was unanimously endorsed for United States senator to succeed himself. All records in the history of the state were broken by the nomination by acclamation of each of the candidates on the following ticket:

Governor—Charles N. Herried.
Lieutenant governor—George W. Snow.
Secretary of state—O. C. Berg.
State treasurer—C. B. Collins.
State auditor—J. F. Halladay.
State superintendent—George W. Nash.
Commissioner of schools and public lands—C. J. Bach.
Railroad commissioner—D. H. Smith.
Congressman—E. W. Martin and Charles H. Burke.

Only two hours and fifteen minutes were consumed by the convention in hearing and adopting the report of the committee on resolutions and in naming a full state ticket.

The platform endorsed the national administration; favors the settlement of disputes between capital and labor by arbitration; alludes to the good faith of the United States in giving Cuba independence; rejoices over the pacification of the Philippine islands; denounces partisan attacks upon the behavior of the United States soldiers, and highly commends the state government and the representatives of the state in congress.

ANTI-CROKER FIGHT.

Big Contest For Control of Tammany Primaries.

New York, June 5.—Tammany hall is about to break the record in the raising of funds for political purposes. It originated with a district leader of the organization and has been corroborated as to amounts by several of his colleagues. The story is that a fund of more than $500,000 is now being raised by the opponents of the Croker-Sullivan combination, to be expended in the primary fights in September. The Carroll-Van Wyck leaders, aided by powerful interests, are said to be getting that vast sum together for the purpose of exterminating the Croker influence in Tammany hall.

Information of this project has reached Richard Croker in England, and he is said to have advised his followers to raise a larger amount, if it is necessary to defeat the plans of his enemies.

One hundred thousand dollars of the anti-Croker money will be required, it is declared, to defend the leadership of John F. Carroll, John B. Sexton, August Moebus, Percival E. Nagle and Thomas F. Foley in their respective districts. It is said that $20,000 or more will be distributed in each of these districts. Tammany leaders say that it will cost more than that amount for Carroll, Sexton and Nagle to win against the opposition of Croker-Sullivan men.

HE WILL GO ABROAD.

J. N. Hill a Sufferer From Rheumatic Troubles.

St. Paul, June 5.—Friends of James N. Hill declare that, in giving up the duties which he has performed as vice president of the Great Northern, he has but one idea in doing so, and that is to take a long trip abroad in quest of health. Mr. Hill is an acute sufferer from rheumatic troubles, and in this climate is not able to overcome the malady. It is known that during the past week he has resigned the various offices held by him in nearly twenty subsidiary corporations more or less directly connected with the company. His successor has been elected in each case. This would indicate that Mr. Hill intended to remain abroad for some time, perhaps two years. He will be absolutely free from all business cares.

"The Pioneer Limited."

To Milwaukee and Chicago every day via C., M. & St. P.

Electric-lighted and steam-heated.

Private compartment sleeping cars and sixteen-section sleepers.

Berths are longer, higher and wider than those in any other cars in America.

Library-buffet smoking cars, and the finest dining car service.

Pioneer Limited, the famous train of the world.

Lowest rates to all points.

$500 Reward!

As a reward for the push of the department and the interest displayed by the people—the receipts for GAS in April were $500 more than the receipts in April 1901.

Ranges, Stoves and Lamps Sold at Cost.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 808, Times Bldg., New York.

—For Sale By—

MAX WIRTH, Druggist

POISONS OF THE BLOOD

MUST BE **TREATED** INTERNALLY ONLY

You may have recently contracted Blood Poison, or its lingering taint you may have had for years. It is safe to say you are not cured. You know that you are not. The old symptoms and troubles return every now and then. These are sores in your mouth, sores on your tongue, your hair is falling out, there are copper colored spots on your back and shoulders, nudgels on your shin bones, sharp, cutting pains in your joints. There is only one positively guaranteed cure in the world today for blood poison, in any stage and that MEDERINE. It searches out the impurities, cleanses and purifies the system, strengthens and invigorates the whole constitution. MEDERINE is not only a forceful purifier but a system builder. It eliminates every trace of the poisonous virus, clears and beautifies the complexion and renders the skin soft and velvety. We have thousands of testimonials from people in all walks of life, who have been cured by MEDERINE after trying all other treatments. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis., for their system of treatment. All letters answered.

MEDERINE

The only Remedy that Cures

ALL POISONS OF THE BLOOD

THE HOME OF MEDERINE AND GUARANTEED

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St., Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Super'r St, Emile Peterson, 532 and 231 WEST SUPERIOR ST., Lyceum Pharmacy, 310 WEST SUPERIOR ST., Wm. A. Abbett, 201 W. Sup. St., S. J. Nygren, 2232 N. 55th Av. W.

FALSE STEP

Secreted the Hoarded Wealth of an Ohio Man.

Marysville, Ohio, June 5.—Many stories are in circulation in regard to the method that William Benson, who died recently at his home, Darby Township, employed in saving and caring for his money. Benson was considered quite wealthy, and was a leading Democrat. He was regarded as eccentric in many respects, and among the many odd things characteristic of him is that he was never known to deposit any money in a bank. For several years he kept about $1000 inclosed in a metal box, which was secreted about his premises.

A few years ago he decided to change its hiding place. A false step was constructed in the stairway of his home, and under this his capital, about $2000 in ten-dollar bills and $2500 in gold, was placed. A strip of carpet was spread over the step, and no one could have suspected that it concealed the hiding place of such an amount.

During his life Mr. Benson loaned but $100, and that to a neighbor for only a few days. A member of the family happened to notice the carpet over the false step this week while searching for the money and found it. It is marvelous that no attempt was ever made to rob the house, for many persons in that neighborhood were reasonably certain that the old gentleman had hidden treasure, as he always reported money to the assessor each year.

HEADS NEARLY SEVERED.

Horrible Suicide of Couple at Austin, Tex.

Austin Tex., June 5.—The dead bodies of Mr and Mrs. Joe Wachter were found in their residence in the eastern part of this city late yesterday afternoon with their heads nearly severed from their bodies. A note which was found on the dresser said that both wanted to die. A butcher knife on the bed revealed the method of death. The woman's head was hanging by a mere thread and the man's throat was cut from ear to ear. The couple had been married but a few months.

YOUTH RETURNED.

To an Aged Widow When She Married.

Glenville, W. Va., June 5.—Mrs. Charles Sager, a widow of 75 years, and John Williams, about the same age, were married Monday morning. Mrs. Sager has for years been almost an invalid, scarcely able to walk, and has only been able to get round at all with the assistance of a cane. Two hours after the marriage, through the exuberance of her joy, she had cast aside her cane and was frisking about as lively as a colt. She jumped a four-foot fence without assistance, and was last seen out in the back yard with her husband digging worms for bait, intending to go fishing instead of taking a honeymoon trip.

PRESIDENT INVITED

By Governor to Visit Minnesota In September.

Washington, June 5.—Governor S. R. Van Sant, of Minnesota, accompanied by Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, saw the president yesterday and presented an invitation on behalf of the state, for him to include Minnesota in his itinerary during his Western tour in September. The national employers and employes convention will be held in Minneapolis Sept. 22 to 26, and it is desired that the president attend one of the sessions. No definite promise was made, but the president said he would endeavor to accept if possible.

GALLANT FRENCHMAN

Sued For Damages By a Complaining Husband.

Chicago, June 5.—L. Napoleon Gournay, of Paris, commissioned by France to investigate the commercial and industrial system of the United States, has extended his investigations into other channels, if the charges upon which Frank E. Smith asks divorce and damage have basis in fact. Smith is a consulting engineer. He demands divorce from his wife Anna and damages from the Frenchman in the sum of $50,000 for alienating wifely affections.

Mr. Gournay is wealthy. Last March he took apartments in a flat occupied by the Smiths. Mrs. Smith was a Miss Mullen, daughter of a wealthy brewer. Though Gournay could speak but little English, he made himself understood. To make his conversation more fluent he attended a school of languages.

Mr. Smith was informed by a friend that it would be well to separate his family from the Frenchman. He gave up his flat and moved into a house in another quarter of the city. In spite of this Mrs. Smith and Gournay are said to have met clandestinely since that time. Mrs. Smith is about 28 years old, and her husband a few years her senior.

"BE GENTLE"

Is Prayer of Get Rich Quick Firm.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, June 5.—"Do not judge us harshly; our money went with yours." This is the tender way in which opened the letters received by local patrons of Henshall, Bronner & Co., of New York, announcing their failure.

The firm was one of the "quick riches" concerns and promised large dividends every week by systematic winnings at the race tracks.

Their patrons in Bellefontaine numbered almost 100, and it is claimed that several thousand dollars belonging to citizens of this town went up in the "hust." A number of widows had invested sums in the venture and many others who had money in the other questionable schemes withdrew from these and invested in the race horse scheme because the dividends were so much larger.

Some of the patrons who sent money last week are indignant, and one man, a liveryman, who forwarded $100 on Saturday, has been wiring all day, trying to recover the draft.

A YOUNG GRANDFATHER.

Indiana Man Reaches This Distinction at Thirty-Four.

Kokomo, Ind., June 5.—H. N. Gallimore, a local sewing machine agent, claims the distinction of being the youngest grandfather in America. He reached the dignity at the age of 34 years. He was married at 14, and his business affairs were managed by a guardian for seven years after taking a wife.

His oldest child, a daughter, was born when her father was 15, and she married at 15. She is now a Mrs. Rozella Bloomfield, of Houghton, Mich. She has a son, Clarence. The grandson is now 8 years old and the grandfatner 42. Gallimore was born in 1860 and married in 1875.

That sealbrown taste of a canton flannel tongue speaks from the liver and tells you to take Rocky Mountain Tea at night, genuine 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

TALKS TO SURGEONS

President Roosevelt Opens Their Eleventh Annual Convention.

Distinguished Party Present at National Theater, Washington.

The President's Address Caused Much Applause and Laughter.

Washington, June 5.—Before an assemblage that crowded the National theater, President Roosevelt today opened the eleventh annual convention of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States. On the stage with the president sat Secretary of War Root, Secretary of the Navy Moody, Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, Secretary Cortelyou, Surgeon Gen. Sternberg of the army, President H. B. MacFarland of the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia, Rt. Rev. H. B. Satterlee, bishop of the Washington diocese of the Episcopal church; President S. S. Adams of the Medical Society of the District of Columbia, and Maj. George Henderson, surgeon general of the National Guard of the District of Columbia and chairman of the committee on arrangements. When the president and party arrived the marine band, under Director Santelmann, struck up "Hail to the Chief," and the audience responded with vigorous applause. Bishop Satterlee delivered the invocation and Maj. Henderson then introduced the president, who said:

"Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen: I am glad to have the opportunity to bid welcome to the members of this association and their friends today. The men of this association combine two professions, each of which is rightfully held in high honor by all capable of appreciating the real work of men—the profession of the soldier and the profession of the doctor. Conditions in modern civilization tend more and more to make the average life of the community one of great softness, of great ease, compared to what has been the case in the past; and, gentlemen, together with all the advantages that have come from this softening of life, their rendering it more easy, there are certain attendant disadvantages, also. It is a very necessary thing that there should be some professions, some trades where the same demands are made now as have been made in the past upon the heroic qualities in a man, and those demands are made alike upon the soldier and upon the doctor, and how much more upon those who are both soldiers and doctors; upon the men who have continually to face all the responsibilities and all the risk faced by their brothers in the civilian branch of the profession, and who also, in time of war, must face much the same risks, often exactly the same risks, there faced by their brothers in arms, whose training is to kill and not to cure. (Laughter and applause).

"It has been my good fortune, gentlemen, to see your body at work in the field, to see them carrying in the wounded and the dying from the firing line, themselves as much exposed to danger as those they were rescuing, and to see them working day and night in the field hospitals afterward, when even the intensity of the strain could hardly keep them awake, so fagged out were they by having each to do the work of ten. (Applause).

"I welcome you here. I am glad to have the chance of seeing you, and I wish to say a word of congratulation to you upon this association. In all our modern life we have found it absolutely indispensible to supplement the work of the individual by the work of individuals gathered into an association. Without this work of the association you could give the highest expression to the individual endeavor; and it would be a great misfortune if the military members of the surgical and medical professions did not take every advantage of their opportunities in the same way that is taken by the members of the medical and surgical professions who are not in the army or the navy or the marine hospital service, but who are in civil life outside.

"I am glad to see you gathered in this association, and just one word of warning: Pay all possible heed to the scientific side of your work. Perfect yourselves as scientific men, able to work with the best and most delicate apparatus, and never for one moment forget, especially, the higher officers among you, that in time of need you will have to do your work with the scantest possible apparatus (laughter and applause), and that when your usefulness will be apportioned not upon the adequacy of the complaint that you did not have apparatus enough, but upon the way you have done with what you have. (Loud applause.) Remember that, and remember also (this applies especially to the higher professors), that you have got to supplement in your calling the work of the surgeon with the work of the administrator. (Applause.) You have got to be doctors and military men and able administrators. I thank you." (Applause.)

When the president concluded he returned to the White House with his party, the marine band playing "The Star Spangled Banner" as they left the theater. Commissioner MacFarland then made the formal address of welcome in behalf of the citizens of the capital, and Dr. Adams delivered an address in behalf of the medical profession. Numerous other addresses were made, interspersed with music by the marine band.

One Fare Chicago to Boston and Return.

June 12-13-14 via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Return limit may be extended to July 31st. Full particulars, with train service, on application to W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn.

MARRIED A TITLE.

A Detroit Girl Becomes a French Countess.

Detroit, Mich., June 5.—Another Detroit woman joined the ranks of Detroit titled women Tuesday when Miss Martha Palms, a wealthy young woman and daughter of one of the most prominent families, married Count Laurent Melchel Champeaux, of Chateau Ville Neuve, Cote d'Or, France. The ceremony occurred in the bishop's chapel, Bishop Foley officiating.

A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, at which the bride wore the magnificent Champeaux jewels, sent for the occasion by the groom's family.

The count and countess will sail for England to attend the coronation, after which they will go to the count's estate to take up their residence.

Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic.

The first and only discovery in the history of chemistry known to turn gray hair back to its natural and original color without dye. It acts on the natural live coloring matter of the hair, increasing and giving it circulation. It tones up the debilitated nerve force and the torpid glands to a healthy reaction, curing all diseases of the scalp. It creates a luxuriant growth, stops hair falling in from twenty-four hours to one week. It softens the hair when harsh or dry; contains no greasy matter, sulphur or lead, or any other injurious or unpleasant substance. Permanently cures dandruff.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC is a perfect Hair Dressing, rendering the hair glossy and fluffy, greatly aiding it to remain in curl.

Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Call for Mme. Yale's book to beauty: "Women's Wisdom" (contains 96 pages.) Given Free.

We see Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic at cut price and are her Duluth agents.

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINNESOTA

TALKED TOO MUCH.

Minneapolis Preacher Ejected From a Pulpit.

New Ulm, Minn., June 5.—The joint conference of the Mankato and Western conference of the Congregational church, in session in this city, has an attendance of sixty delegates. The two conferences were called here for the purpose of consolidating, but at its business meeting this morning it was decided to remain separate bodies until the next meeting, which will take place in Mankato next year.

The moderator elected at this session is Rev. C. A. Ruddock, of Lamberton; clerk, Rev. George A. Wickwire, of Winthrop.

Rev. S. G. Updyke created a scene in the conference Tuesday night by forcibly compelling Rev. Dickerson, of Minneapolis, to leave the pulpit because he was overreaching the time allotted him.

Mr. Updyke ordered him to stop speaking, and then walked up to him, took him by the collar and forced him from the platform. The action of Mr. Updyke, who is resident pastor at this place, was so severely condemned that he left the church for the balance of the evening. Mr. Updyke is the retiring moderator, but had been succeeded by Mr. Ruddock before the scene occurred.

$45.00 Portland and Return.

May 27th to June 8th, inclusive, the Northern Pacific railway will sell round trip tickets to Portland for $45.00, and San Francisco $50, good sixty days from date of sale. Five trains daily, including North Coast Limited. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS

How Mrs. Bruce, a Noted Opera Singer, Escaped an Operation. Proof That Many Operations for Ovarian Troubles are Unnecessary.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Travelling for years on the road, with irregular meals and sleep and damp beds, broke down my health so completely two years ago that the physician advised a complete rest, and when I had gained

MRS. G. BRUCE.

sufficient vitality, an operation for ovarian troubles. Not a very cheerful prospect, to be sure. I, however, was advised to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash;** I did so, fortunately for me. Before a month had passed I felt that my general health had improved; in three months more I was cured, and I have been in perfect health since. I did not lose an engagement or miss a meal.

"Your Vegetable Compound is certainly wonderful, and well worthy the praise your admiring friends who have been cured are ready to give you. I always speak highly of it, and you will admit I have good reason to do so."—MRS. G. BRUCE, Lansing, Mich. *$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

The fullest counsel on this subject can be secured without cost by writing to Mrs Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be entirely confidential.

WOMAN OF ORIENT

Now Sojourning In Boston Rebels at Wearing a Corset.

Making a Tour of the World With Her Cousin.

Has Danced Before All the Crowned Heads of Europe.

Boston, Mass., June 5.—For several weeks the most exclusive set in the Back Bay have been entertaining and have been entertained by a youthful princess of Tangier, Mlle. Torqual of Morocco.

For purposes of incognita the princess prefers to be addressed as Mlle. Torquia. She is not yet 24 years of age and is a perfect type of Oriental beauty, dark of eyes and hair, lithe of form and with skin of the complexion of a peach.

She speaks English, Spanish, Italian, French, Russian, Swedish, Egyptian, Algerian, Danish and several dialects of the desert, such as Skellah.

She sings in a pure contralto, that suggests the land of the cypress and myrtle, and she dances, not with the hopping motion of the limbs familiar to Europeans, but with a wondrously swaying of the arms, feet and legs.

It is dance that tells a story with the clearest of pantomime. It features love and hate and ambition and despair. It gives majestic history pictures.

It tells of a monarch assembling his armies, making war, taking prisoners, inviting his subjects to a festival or citing them to judgment.

All these dances are done to Oriental music, of which the West has read but only its traveled ones have heard.

In these dances her cousin, the Prince Abbas Ben Omar, accompanies her on the musical instruments peculiar to the East.

Their effectiveness is enhanced by the glory of the costumes of Princess Torquia. One of these costumes is of a rose tinted satin tunic, embroidered with gold sequins.

The overgarment is of slashed satin and an Oriental swathing of rich stuff. Her head is covered turban fashion.

She left her native country three years ago and is making a tour of the world with her cousin, Prince Abbas Ben Omar.

She has danced before all the crowned heads of Europe. Prince Oscar of Sweden was particularly gracious to her and presented her a complete set of miniatures of the royal family in gold frames studded with diamonds.

In Paris President Loubet presented her a white silken scarf on which are inlaid in letters of gold, "Elysee, 19 Aout, 1900." While in the French capital she met Eugene, the "Red Prince" of Sweden, who has since renounced his right to the throne to marry Miss Wild, of Baltimore.

Princess Torquia does not like the dress of Western civilization.

"It makes me look hideous," she said, "and, besides, the corsets pinch me so that I can't wear them at all. See, here are some pictures of me in the European costumes. I hate them.

"Here are some recent pictures I had taken while here in Boston. I cannot see why women of such culture and wide knowledge as those I have met in Europe and here in Boston do not adopt the costumes of the Orient. It is not only so much more beautiful, but so much more healthful.

"If American women were to dress in the costume of the Orient they would be all as beautiful as peris. The fact that European women are beautiful in spite of their costume is wonderful to me.

"They say I am pretty. In my native costume, yes; but in the European costume, never.

"I like America very much, what I have seen of it. I can only judge by Boston. Every one here seems so happy, so comfortable and so well informed.

"At dinners in the best families to which I am invited I find many who are well posted as to my country. They do not seem surprised.

"It is the same with the best people abroad. Europeans and Americans are well informed as to other countries. I do not know how they find time to learn it all.

"I do not seem strange to them, but at first they seemed strange, so strange to me."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Andrew Landreth, charged in the Hennepin courts with manslaughter in killing Peter Hanson by biting his cheek, was released Wednesday and his trial came to an abrupt termination. Medical experts testified that Hanson's death was not due to the bite, and the court granted a motion to dismiss.

The house committee on public lands reported favorably the bill giving Minnesota the right to select school lands as soon as they are surveyed.

The report and findings of the court-martial which tried Gen. Jacob H. Smith for cruelty in the Philippines, has been received by the president and he is now going over the papers. An Associated Press dispatch from Manila some time ago stated that it was the impression there that the verdict was acquittal.

The village of Chetek, Wis., experienced a disastrous fire Wednesday. Had the wind not died down at sunset, the entire village would have been wiped out. Among the buildings destroyed were Hanson's millinery store, Hanson's general store, Nickel's drug store, a livery stable, a saloon and E. J. Wilcox's law office. The estimated damage is $30,000.

Mrs. Belle Smith and her two small children were burned to death in their home at Hardin, Mo., Wednesday. No one knows how the fire originated. It is suspected by neighbors that triple murder preceded the fire, but this theory has not been substantiated by investigation.

The planing mill and wood working shop of the Illinois Car and Equipment company at Hegewisch, Ill., were destroyed by fire Wednesday night. Loss, $50,000. Two thousand men are thrown out of employment. Superintendent Abersauer said that immediate steps would be taken to rebuild the destroyed buildings.

Gebhart Bohn, president of the White Enamel Refrigerator company, this afternoon, filed a petition in bankruptcy placing his liabilities at $144,499.99 and his assets at $77,288. $763 of which consists of household goods, claimed as exempt. The items of debt show that the petitioner was badly swamped in stock deals. Ja.is chief local creditors are J. J. Hill, the National German American bank and the Boston Manufacturing company.

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look," replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c.

Very Good to Drink

FITGER'S BEER

PALE BOHEMIAN BAVARIAN EXPORT

Wont you try a case.

A. FITGER & CO., DULUTH, MINN.

PICKWICK RYE

"By many Summers Ripened. By many Winters Mellowed."

Served by all the leading Clubs, Hotels and Buffets.

ST. PAUL GEO. BENZ & SONS. MINNEAPOLIS

DISTILLERIES AT EMINENCE, KY. AND BALTIMORE, MD.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492-Old 'Phone 767-Zenith 210 W. Superior St

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Complexion, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Gives Nerve Changes, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate, every function will be restored, a cure is at hand, impart vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address Mormon Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal. 50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
353 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 22d, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Julia E. Ayer, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Phineas Ayer, executor of the will of Julia E. Ayer, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Saturday, the 14th day of June, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 22d day of May, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-22-29-June-5-1902.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

LOSES ITS STRENGTH

Market Advances Early In Session But Settles Back.

Too Much Rain In the Southwest a Bullish Factor.

Corn and Oats Advance ---Flax Fairly Active and Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 5.—The wheat market started out stronger this morning, there being considerable bullish sentiment largely based on reports of too much rain in the Southwest. The strength of corn also had considerable influence while the failure of the Liverpool market to respond to yesterday's advance in the American markets had no effect. The receipts showed an increase over recent arrivals. The early strength was not held, however, and the market fell off sharply and closed at lower prices. The Liverpool market closed but unchanged, Paris was unchanged to 1c higher and Antwerp unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 388,000 bus, last year, 409,000 bus. Shipments, 508,000 bus; last year, 539,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 430,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn in the Chicago market and outside markets were 326,000 bus, last year, 526,000 bus. Shipments, 312,000 bus, last year, 705,000 bus. Clearances were 980 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 884 cars, and at Chicago 12, a total of 296 cars, against 224 last week and 398 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was light, and the market very tame. It opened unchanged at 72⅞, sold up to 73⅜c at 10 and held about there until about noon when a sharp decline started and the market was carried down to 72⅜c and closed 72¾c. This was a decline of ¼c. Chicago fell ⅝c and Minneapolis ⅝@⅝c.

Cash sales were 5000 bus and prices continued at July price for No. 1 northern in store and ⅛c over to arrive, and ⅛c under for No. 2 and ¼c under for No. 3.

Flax trading was fairly active and the market steady. Cash seed closed unchanged, September ⅛c stronger and October ¼c stronger. September oats advanced ¼c.

Figuring are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 75¼c; 1 northern, 72⅝c; 2 northern, 70¼c; 3 spring, 69c. To arrive—1 hard, 76c; 1 northern, 73c; July, 72½c; September, 70¾c. Minneapolis, 1 northern, 71½c; 2 northern, 69c. Oats, September, 29½c. Rye, 55¼c. Flax, cash, $1.75; to arrive, $1.70; June, $1.70; July, $1.65½; September, $1.41½; October, $1.41.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 4; last year, 83; corn, 2; oats, 1; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 12,975 bus; flax, 884 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 226,000 bus.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer in..... **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
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REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars	72⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	72¾
Flax, 437 bus cash	1.75
Flax, 1000 bus cash	1.75

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Grains Again Showed Good Strength at Opening.

Caicago, June 5.—Grains again showed good strength at the opening today. Cables were unresponsive to the bulge here yesterday. But the crowd was bullishly inclined. July wheat opened a shade lower to ⅛@¼c up at 71⅞c to 72¼c. Receipts were more liberal than of late, but there was talk of too much rain in the Southwest and the market was supported well on that argument. Corn was firm and dent strength to wheat, so that July after dipping a second time to its lower opening figure advanced and held well at 72⅜c. Local receipts were 12 cars, 2 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 284 cars, making a total for the three points of 296 cars, against 224 last week and 398 a year ago.

Early buyers liquidated their wheat as the session advanced and July lost all its gain and more, slumping sharply to 71¼@⅞c, and closing weak, ⅝c down, at 71½@⅝c.

Fairly heavy buying of a good character started better prices in corn. Country acceptances were very light, and receipts at 222 cars were smaller than several days ago. The crowd early was afraid to sell much short for fear of renewed manipulation; and on the wheat strength advances were made. July opened a shade to ⅜@½c higher at 61⅞c to 62¼c and held well to the higher figure for some time.

There was fair activity among the buyers of corn and July closed firm ¼c up at 62⅜@¼c.

Nervousness over the possibilities of another deal gave the oats pit a rather tense feeling early. The cash demand has been excellent of late; receipts today were small at 75 cars, and commission house buying started another bulge that promised to rival yesterday's advance. Bulls are arguing that the cash price of oats around 43c will not fall off much before July new standard have to be delivered. The wide spread between cash and the near option started good buying with July ⅛@⅜ up at 33⅛c. July advanced to 33⅝@⅞c.

Provisions were weaker at the opening on a barely steady hog market and fair outside liquidation. Brokers gave a fair support and prices steadied. July pork opened 5c to 2½c down at $17.30 to $17.32½ and eased to $17.27½; July lard unchanged at $10.25 and eased to $10.22½@10.25 and July ribs 5c lower to unchanged at $10.10 to $10.15 and hung near the lower figure.

Close: Wheat—June, 71⅞c; July, 71¼@⅝c; September, 70¾c; December, 71⅝c. Corn—June, 61⅜c; July, 62⅝@¾c; September, 58¾@⅞c; December, 44⅝c; May, 43⅝c. Oats—June, 40c; July, 33½c; July, new, 33⅞c; September, 28⅛@⅜c; September, new, 30⅜c; December, 28¾c; December, new, 30⅝c. Pork—June, $17.20; July, $17.20 @17.22½; September, $17.27½; January, $16.20. Lard—June, $10.17½; July, $10.22½; September, $10.22½@10.25; October, $10.17½; January, $9.32½. May, $9.22½. Ribs—June, $10.07½; July, $10.07½; September, $10.00. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.76; Southwestern, $1.56@1.57; September, $1.44@1.46; October, $1.40. Rye—July, 56¼@¾c; September, 54½@¾c. Barley—Cash, 64@68c. Timothy—September, $4.70. Clover—Cash, $8.35. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 80c; No. 3 red, 78@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 74¾@76c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@¾c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@74c; No. 3 spring, 70@73c. Corn—No. 2, 62@¼c; No. 3, 62@¼c. Oats—No. 2, 42@43½c; No. 3 40@41c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market early showed some strength on covering of shorts. The continued rainy tendency of the weather, while so far bringing no complaints, caused some little uneasiness among the bears. Cables were a disappointment. Cash business, so far as reported, small, with market dull and speculative operations on a small scale. There has been some little improvement in commission house buying at the decline, but not for any great amount. The whole situation seems slow and the outlook dull. Northwestern receipts likely again to show a considerable decrease and the visible on Monday will do likewise.

Corn—The market is very quiet. Country offerings continue small and the cash demand only moderate. There are again quite general rains over a large portion of the corn belt, but complaints from this cause are so few. The fact is, however, that the country does not need any more rain at present. Local conditions are, we think, without change. There is a large short line of corn yet and we see no indications of any inclination on the part of the prominent holders to part with their holdings.

Oats—The market is fairly active and strong. The bullish incentive is the limited supply of oats and the cash demand. Mixed oats were selling today for shipment at about 43c. This makes a somewhat uncomfortable position for the shorts, who are discounting later sales, the July and September. This occasioned some covering of shorts and as we have repeatedly said of late, there has been and is good speculative buying. We still think September oats bought at around 30c will not lose much money in any event and might easily pay a handsome profit.

Cincinnati Price Current: It has been a good week for crop growth. Winter wheat is filling out satisfactorily. Spring wheat is progressing favorably. Corn is very good, a little weedy where rainy. Oats promise a large yield in chief states, light in minor Southern states.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 5.—Close: Wheat—July, 72¾c; September, 68⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 73⅝@74⅜c; No. 2 northern, 72⅝@72¾c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 5.—Close: Wheat—July, 75c; September, 75⅝c. Corn—July, 67⅜c; September, 64¼c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, July wheat, 72⅜-½c asked.
Calls, July wheat, 72⅝c.
Curb, July wheat, 72⅜-⅝c bid.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	72⅜B	72⅞-73	71⅞-71¼	78⅜
High	73¼	73⅛	72⅜	78⅝
Low	72⅜	72⅜	71¼-⅜	77¾
Close	72½B	72⅜	71½-⅝	78A
September—				
Open	70¼B	69	70¼-½	76
High	70⅝	69¼-⅜	70¾-⅞	76¼
Low	70	68½-⅝	69¾	75¼-⅝
Close	70½B	68⅞	70⅝	75⅝B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats, July.	Corn, July.	Pork, July.
Open	35½	62¼@62⅜	$17.30@17.32
High	36⅝	62⅜	17.30
Low	35½	62	17.20@17.22
Close	36⅛	62⅛-¼	17.20@17.22

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 5.—Wheat—Dull; No. 1 spring, 6s 8d; No. 1 California, 6s 3¾d; futures, quiet; July, 5s 10¾d; September, 6s 5d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed new, 5s 9d; American mixed old, 5s 9d; futures, steady; July, nominal; September, 5s 1¼d; October, 5s 1½d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the movement of horses somewhat easier today. Although the outlet was confined to retail trade, the buying was active and satisfactory. Good heavy horses were leading in demand; farm mares and the common grades of all kinds were sluggish at low prices. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@225
Drafters, choice	145@165
Drafters, common to good	125@145
Farm mares, extra	115@130
Farm mares, choice	99@115
Farm mares, common to good	50@ 90

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 5.—Cattle, receipts, 10,000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $7.25@7.75; poor to medium, $5.00@7.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.50@6.00; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2.75@5.55; calves, $2.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.90@6.40. Hogs, receipts today, 35,000; tomorrow, 20,000; left over, 3396. Steady. Mixed and butchers, $6.95@7.37½; good to choice heavy, $7.20@7.47½; rough heavy, $7.00@7.25; light, $6.80@7.15; bulk of sales, $7.00@7.35. Sheep, receipts, 13,000. Steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.25; fair to choice mixed, $4.50@5.40; Western sheep, $5.25@6.25; native lambs, $5.25@7.00; Western lambs, $5.25@7.00; spring lambs, $7.50. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 15,627; hogs, 32,695; sheep, 17,598. Shipments—Cattle, 2146; hogs, 5714.

California Excursion.

VIA THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Account convention Imperial council, Nobles of Mystic Shrine, at San Francisco, the North-Western Line (C., St. P., M. & O.) will sell round-trip tickets to California at the very low rate of $50, May 27 to June 8, good returning sixty days from date of sale. Tickets good via diverse routes; circuit tours at greatly reduced rates on these dates. For full information, reservations and tickets, call on or write S. A. Love, city ticket agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Thursday, June 5, 1902:

STATIONS.	Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall inches.
Alexandria ....Cloudy	76	52	0
Campbell ....Clear	73	56	0
Crookston ....Cloudy	70	58	T
Montevideo ....Cloudy	72	58	0
Minneapolis ....Cloudy	74	56	0
New Ulm ....Clear	82	54	0
Park Rapids ....Cloudy	72	48	0
Winnebago City..Cloudy	82	58	0
Worthington ....Cloudy	78	58	0
Devils Lake ....Cloudy	70	46	.62
Langdon ....Cloudy	64	42	.03
Larimore ....Raining	70	44	.30
Lisbon ....Cloudy	74	50	0
Aberdeen ....Pt. Cldy	78	62	0
Millbank ....Pt. Cldy	78	48	0
Mitchell ....Pt. Cldy	84	58	0
Redfield ....Clear	78	52	0
Bismarck ....Cloudy	76	48	.26
Duluth ....Cloudy	46	40	T
Huron ....Cloudy	80	64	0
LaCrosse ....Cloudy	78	62	0
Moorhead ....Cloudy	74	62	0
St. Paul ....Cloudy	74	58	0
Winnipeg ....Cloudy	62	54	0
Pierre ....Cloudy	84	66	.04

Showers fell over portions of all districts except the Ohio valley. Day temperatures were moderately warm, but those during the night were cool.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover possible advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	23
Creamery, tubs	22
Dairies, fancy	20
Packing stock	16
EGGS.	
Fresh	15½@16
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	13½
Twins, full cream, old	10@11
Full cream, young America	13@14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberber, full c'm, choice	15
Primos	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15@16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@13
Golden	13@14
Dark honey	13@14
Buckwheat, dark	13@14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00@2 50
Medium hand picked, bus	1 90@2 00
Brown beans, fancy bus	1 90@2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13@14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	50@60
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7@8
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bbl	6 00@6 50
Apples, per box	2 75
Apples, N. varieties	50@6 50
California figs, per box	90@1 10
Turkey figs	1 10@1 40
Pineapples, per doz	2 75
California lemons	2 25@3 50
Bananas	2 25@2 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 75@4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 25
Navel oranges	4 00@4 25
Strawberries, per case	3 00
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	45
Dry onions, per sack	2 00
Beets, per 100	1 40
Carrots, per 100	1 40
Cabbage, per crate	4 00
Potatoes, per bus	65@75
Bermuda onions, per crate	2 50
Spanish onions, per crate	2 00
Turnips, per 100	70@85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Oyster plant, per doz	55@65
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
California celery, per bunch	1 00
Lettuce	75@85
Green onions, per doz	12½@15
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	80
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75@2 00
Mint, per bunch	30
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	40
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50@60
Parsley, per doz	30
Pie plant, per box	1 00
New beets, dozen bunches	45
New carrots, dozen bunches	45
Water cress, doz bunches	45
Spinach, per bus	40
Asparagus, doz bunches	65
New potatoes	1 50@1 75
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50
Fruit juices	4 00
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@4
Choice, per lb	3¾@4
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	12@13
Geese	10
Turkeys	14@15
Ducks	10
MEATS.	
Mutton	11
Lamb	12
Veal, good	8½
Veal, fancy	9
Dressed beef	9@10
Hogs	6
Pork loins	12
Lard	10¾
Lard, compound	8½

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 5.—Butter, receipts, 7119 packages. Steady. State dairy, 18½@21½c; state creamery, 20@22½c; renovated, 17½@20c; factory, 17@19c; imitation creamery, 17½@20¼c. Cheese, receipts, 14,400 packages. Irregular. New state full cream small colored choice, 9¾@10c; white, 10¾c; large colored choice, 9¾@10c; white, 10¾c; large colored, 9¾c; large white, 10c. Eggs, receipts, 14,133 packages. Market barely steady. State and Pennsylvania, 17½@18c; Western storage packed, 16½@17½c; Southern, 13½@14½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 5.—Butter—Steady; creamery, 18@22c; dairies, 18@20c. Cheese—Steady; twins, 10@11c; daisies, 11@12c; young Americas, 11¾@12c. Eggs—Firm; at mark, cases included, 15½c.

NEW CATALOGUE

Of Duluth Business University Is Very Fine.

The annual catalogue of the Duluth Business Univesity has just been issued. It is a very creditable and handsome number, being profusely illustrated with fine half-tone reproductions of the different departments, and excellent likenesses of the different teachers.

The Duluth Business University is generally conceded to be one of the very foremost in the country, its principal, W. C. McCarter, being recognized everywhere as a director of marked ability. He is constantly on the alert for new and practical methods, which are introduced with splendid results into the school room. Each teacher is thoroughly posted in his own particular branch, the each has had from eight to fifteen years' experience in his profession.

The catalogue contains also a number of interesting letters from prominent business men in the city and elsewhere, giving unqualified approval of the methods of the school, his courses of study and the fitness of its graduates for office positions.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

General Selling Movement Carried Down Prices Below Wednesday.

Losses of One Point or More In Final Hour.

Closing Was Easy at Low Point of the Day.

New York, June 5.—The few stocks traded in at the opening showed very narrow changes, but the selling orders slightly outweighed the buying. Texas & Pacific lost a point and Canadian Pacific and Reading declined sharp fractions.

There was a resumption of yesterday's selling movement in Canadian Pacific and the stock was offered down gradually ¾ to 125 before support appeared. The general list was so narrow and the demand so unimportant that prices sagged slightly elsewhere in sympathy. Hocking Valley and corn products yielding a point each, Westinghouse Electric 4. Detroit United Railways rose a point.

Prices worked lower under the influence of heaviness in Amalgamated Copper and a decline to the lowest again in Canadian Pacific. Reading made a momentary spurt to yesterday's closing level and the St. Louis and San Francisco stocks were bid up, but all relapsed later. International Power opened 10 points off at 60. New York Air Brake declined 3¾, American Express 3, North American 2 and Pressed Steel Car, Fuller Construction and Gross Twine over a point each. Bonds were easier. Central of Georgia incomes were notably weak.

Prices gave away additional fractions on light selling. The declines reached a point in New York Central, Manhattan and Brooklyn Transit and Fuller Construction lost 2¼. There were gains of a point or over in Northwestern and Silver preferred. An active selling movement developed and prices of many leading stocks sold a point or more below yesterday's close. The pressure was quite general, the tractions, Amalgamated, Consolidated Gas, Colorado Fuel, Reading, Delaware & Hudson, St. Paul, Atchison, Rock Island, Illinois Central and many obscure stocks losing between 1 and 2 points. Canadian Pacific broke 2¾ and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred ¼. The market was dull again at 2 o'clock but still drooping.

Prices went lower than before in the final hour, bringing St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville and additional prominent stocks into the list of 1 point losses and more. Canadian Pacific lost over 3 in all. Ann Arbor and Cotton Oil preferred dropped 4, Northwestern rose 2 on support of the declaration of extra dividends, but dropped back again a point. The closing was easy at the low point.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	68¾	67¾	67¾
Anaconda M. Co	116½	116	116
Atchison	80⅝	78⅞	78⅞
do pfd	99	98¼	98¼
Baltimore & Ohio	105¾	105½	105⅝
Brooklyn Transit	67	66⅝	66⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	46⅝	46	46
Chicago & Alton	37	36¼	36¼
Col. Fuel and Iron	99	97¾	97½
Chicago Great Western	28⅞	27½	27½
Erie common	36⅜	36¼	36¼
do 1st pfd	67⅝	67⅜	67½
do 2d pfd	51	51	51
Louisville & Nashville	137	135½	136
Leather	13	12⅞	12⅞
do pfd	84⅞	84½	84½
Manhattan Con	132	130⅝	130⅜
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M	58	57½	57½
do pfd	123	122½	122½
Missouri Pacific	99⅞	99⅜	99½
New York Central	156	154½	154⅝
Norfolk & Western	57½	56½	56½
Ontario & Western	32½	32½	32½
Pennsylvania	149½	148¾	149
People's Gas	101½	100¾	101
Republic Iron & Steel	17¼	17¼	17¼
do pfd	74	73½	73½
Reading	62¾	61⅝	61⅝
do 1st pfd	83	82½	82½
do 2nd pfd	67⅞	67¼	67½
Rock Island	17½	17⅛	17⅛
Southern Ry	37	35	36¾
do pfd	94½	94¼	94¼
Southern Pacific	64	63½	63½
Smelter	45	43¾	43¾
do pfd	98⅝	98	98½
Sugar Refinery	128⅛	127¾	127¾
St. Paul	169½	167¾	167⅞
T. C. & I.	63⅞	63	63
Texas Pacific	40¾	40¼	40¼
Union Pacific	104⅝	103⅞	103⅞
do pfd	88⅜	87⅝	87⅝
U. S. Steel	39⅝	39⅜	39⅜
do pfd	88⅝	88	88
Wabash	27	26⅝	26⅝
do pfd	43⅝	43	43½
Western Union	90⅝	90¼	90¼
Wisconsin Central	27	26½	26⅝
do pfd	49	48	48
American Ice	18⅝	18½	18½
Metropolitan	149¼	148⅝	148⅞
Canadian Pacific	136⅜	132⅝	133⅛

The total sales were 384,200 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: If the market is going up, it ought not to go a single cent lower. I should therefore be cautious about buying on reactions. However, while this dullness continues, there is no significance in the surface fluctuations. Watch for activity and comparatively heavy trading and then go with it whether prices advance or down. Until some activity appears, it is quite impossible to determine whether stocks are a purchase or a sale. Stocks like Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Brooklyn Rapid Transit will net persons who hold them a handsome profit. I believe a good idea is to buy the active issues on weak spots around current levels and limit your losses to 1 point.

F. M. Dick to B. E. Baker: The report of the comptroller of the United States shows that the bank loans of the country have increased $250,000,000 over a year ago. We are heavily indebted to Europe and prices are the highest on record. We are banking on large crops to liquidate our indebtedness to Europe. With such conditions and with the unrest prevailing among labor there is not much attraction on the long side of the market. Very good stocks are selling on an ultra investment basis. What is there to tempt the speculator?

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: The view current in financial circles tonight as regards the stock market is that the waiting sentiment continues. The extremely favorable agricultural conditions all over the country are temporarily overshadowed by the strike and the alarmist reports which come in almost hourly from the anthracite regions of great damage to the mines by flooding. Yet investors are so confident of the future that liquidation is entirely absent and what with increasing earnings and the growing conviction that the labor troubles are to be short-lived there is continued talk of renewed and general strength toward the last half of June in anticipation of favorable crop developments and the interests payment of July.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 5.—Cotton opened firm, with prices 3 to 5 points higher, showing strength. Differences between New York and Liverpool prices promoted buying of the July and August arbitrage houses. Liverpool cables were ½ to 1@1¼ points better than expected and with light receipts, predictions for large exports during the rest of the week and less bearish crop accounts from the belt. After the first wave of buying the market quieted down, but held well up to the opening level.

Cotton spot closed quiet, ¼c lower. Middling uplands, 9¼c; middling gulf, 9½c; sales, 5200 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet. June, 8.34; July, 8.62; August, 8.43; September, 7.96; October, 7.80; November, 7.72; December, 7.71; January, 7.72; February, 7.73; March, 7.76.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23	23½
Arcadian	5	5½
Alouez	3	3½
Atlantic	30	32
Anaconda	28½	29½
Amalgamated	67⅞	68
Calumet and Hecla	560	570
Centennial	18½	19
Franklin	11	12
Isle Royale	12	...
Bingham	34¾	36
Mass	19½	20
Mayflower	2¼	2½
National	1½	...
Mohawk	40⅝	40½
Michigan	11½	12½
Old Colony	2¾	3
Old Dominion	20	21½
Osceola	62	63
Parrot	28	29
Phoenix	4⅝	5
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2	2¼
Santa Fe	1¼	1⅞
Tamarack	177	180
Tecumseh	1½	2
Trimountain	...	100
Utah	21	21½
Victoria	4¼	4½
Winona	3	3¼
Wolverine	55¼	55½
Wyandot	1	1¼
Elm River	3½	4
Trinity	12⅞	13
Dominion Coal	139	140
U. S. al	20½	20¾
Calumet and Arizona	...	48

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The decline in Amalgamated looked as if it were engineered for the purpose of accumulating stock. Most excellent buying was met at a low price. Other coppers went off in sympathy with Amalgamated. We understand that there is very little lake copper offering in the market and the recent attempt to depress metal prices had not resulted as expected in a pressure to sell. Calumet and Hecla people are quoted as expressing confidence in the situation and believe that the market will sell higher. We think good coppers should be brought on this reaction.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Dull inactive market with general sagging tendency in sympathy with New York market. We look for no upward movement for some time.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, June 5.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $157,868,-765; gold, $97,313,407; silver, $22,200,887; U. S. notes, $8,835,831; treasury notes of 1890, $114,561; national bank notes, $9,458,494; total receipts daily, $1,889,000; total receipts this month, $6,561,686; total receipts this year, $520,289,405; total expenditures this day, $1,600,000; total expenditures this month, $5,000,000; total expenditures this year, $443,266,797; deposits in national banks, $125,841.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 5.—Close, money on call steady at 3@3¾ per cent, closed at 3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝@4½ for demand and at $4.84⅞@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85¼@4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.85¼. Bar silver, 52c; Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, easy; railroad bonds, heavy.

HE ERUPTS.

Joe Sheehy Belches Forth Much Protestation When Arrested.

Joseph Sheehy, formerly identified with things pugilistique but now a reformer extraordinary, was arrested again this morning.

The arrest was accompanied by a low rumbling disturbance, with occasional flashes of four-flush monologue and a peculiar sizzle like a seltzer siphon in its first frenzy.

Scientists in investigating this remarkable phenomena reported that it was caused by a rush of jetted woe into a seething canial cavitity, creating a tremendous state of fierce volcanicity.

Unscientific persons that also made an investigation discovered that Mr. Sheehy was conversing with Mr. Holmes, the associate city attorney.

The charge against the former paperweight champion is that he is conducting an employment agency without a license. Certain Bowery persons say he is conducting a reform movement without any license also.

He entered a plea of not guilty, and the case was set for a hearing later in the day's session of police court. Mr. Sheehy, after trilling forth his monologue with the associate city attorney, went to the office of the mayor, saying that he was being unjustly prosecuted.

FATAL TEMPERATURES.

At what point does life begin? So far as regards space or time, the question is unanswerable, says the London Telegraph. Only a few years ago it would have been said that in regard to that seemingly essential condition of life temperature we did know pretty nearly a superior and inferior limit. Little of life is there below the freezing or above the boiling point of water, and far above or below these critical points we should expect even germ-life to be destroyed. When our greatest physicist, in 1871, suggested that seeds of plants might have been borne to this world in a far-distant age, the hypothesis seemed incredible. Because the temperature of space, being at least as low as minus 140 degrees centrigrade, would be fatal to life in any form. This is not so. Recently at the Jenner institute bacteria have been frozen in liquid air and even in liquod hydrogen, and on the application of heat and placed in proper media have germinated. The processes of life were arrested, but the nascent life-energy was not destroyed at 200 degrees centrigrade, say, 360 degrees Fahrenheit of frost. Experiments are now being made to find whether long continuance for months or years in such cold takes away the vitalism of these lowest forms of life.

Cheap Excursions West

VIA GREAT NORTHERN RY.

$45.00 round trip to Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Victoria and Vancouver.

$50.00 round trip to San Francisco.

$64.00 round trip to Los Angeles.

Tickets on sale May 27th to June 8th. For full information, call at City Ticket office, corner Spalding Hotel Block.

Western Excursion Via "The North-Western Line."

June, July, August and September "The North-Western Line" will sell round-trip excursion tickets to Colorado, Utah and South Dakota points at one fare plus $2 for the round trip, good returning Oct. 31. The shortest time between Duluth and the West is via the North-Western Line.

Full information as to dates, reservations and tickets, call at 405 West Superior street.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Union Tug Men Agree to Man Trust Tug Zenith.

Has Been Leased For Log Towing By Merrill & Ring.

Local Tug Company Gets Out Third Tug, the Superior.

At the special meeting of the local lodge of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association yesterday afternoon the striking tugmen decided to man the trust tug Zenith, which has been leased by Merrill & Ring to do log towing while their tug Gladiator is laid up for repairs. The Gladiator broke her crank pin off Two Harbors a couple of days ago while bringing in a raft of logs from Split Rock.

The men decided to man the tug because they were informed that if the tug was not brought out several hundreds of men would be thrown out of employment. It is said that if the log towing were not kept up the mill would have to be closed down, and work would have to be suspended at Split Rock, where the logs come from. The mill cut would in that event be curtailed about 6,000,000 feet, and this would mean the loss of thousands of dollars to Duluth harbor. The men say that it was such considerations as these that led them to agree to man the tug. She was to be brought out this afternoon, manned by union and licensed tugmen throughout. Capts. Cornwall and Ayers and engineers Morrison and Myers were to form the crew.

THIRD TUG OUT.

The Union Towing and Wrecking company got out another tug this morning. A new tug captain, sent here by General Manager Sinclair, of the tug trust, arrived this morning, and he took out the tug Superior immediately. This makes three tugs the company has in commission, the Superior, Carrington and Wisconsin.

U. S. YACHT SEARCH HERE.

The handsome United States steel yacht Search arrived in port yesterday afternoon, with a surveying party in charge of United States Surveyor Ray on board. The party is to be engaged this summer in surveying the Apostle group of islands and making a chart of them, especially of the hydrographic features, such as soundings, etc. The work is done under the direction of the United States engineer's office at Detroit, with Capt. Fisk in charge.

The Search is one of the finest yachts on the lakes. She was formerly known as the Enquirer, and she was then owned by W. J. Conners, the Buffalo stevedore and newspaper owner. During the Spanish-American war she was sold to the government for $120,000. The vessel is very speedy, and is magnificently constructed.

NO CHANGE IN GRAIN TRADE.

Chicago, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—No change of conditions were reported by vessel agents in the grain trade today. The call for boats at 1½ cents for South Chicago and the north branch and 1¼ cents from the south branch was about equal to the supply.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Bransford, 11:10 last night; Miami, Gebhart, 11:20;

AT WEST DULUTH

Inquiry has been made by numerous residents of West Duluth as to when the contractors will begin the construction of the Jenswold street railway that will do away with the old viaduct over the Northern Pacific company's tracks. As near as can be learned there has been no definite date set, but operations will begin just as soon as the street railway company makes provision for continuing its West Duluth service while the subway is building.

The plans of the company, as announced some time ago, contemplated the laying of a temporary track on Thirty-ninth avenue west connecting the West Third street line with the line on Oneota street. It was proposed to run the West Duluth cars on West Third street from Garfield avenue into till the subway is completed, and on Oneota street from Thirty-ninth avenue. This avenue was selected for the temporary track because the company would have no bridges to cross. There has been more or less objection raised by the people living in the vicinity and below Superior street, between Garfield avenue and the ore docks, against the abandonment of the West End service on Superior street, and it has been reported that a change might be arranged in the plans so that two temporary tracks could be put down, one on Twenty-eighth or Twenty-ninth avenues west and the other on Thirty-ninth avenue west.

At the present time the street railway company is busy putting down new track and repairing the road bed in various parts of the city and it is not known how soon it will be able to give its attention to the laying of temporary tracks. It has been suggested that the action of the city council of West Superior in ordering the company to begin immediately to build the new track to South Superior and finish the double track to the East End, that lack of labor and scarcity of rails may have been delaying the work on Thirty-ninth avenue longer than was intended.

LET OFF WITH SCOLDING.

Mrs. Dennis Curry, who yesterday swore out a warrant charging her husband with assault and battery, relented, after reading her spouse a curtain lecture through the bars at the West Duluth police station. She refused to prosecute the case farther, after giving him what she termed a "good scare," and Dennis was discharged from custody. Yesterday morning Mrs. Curry anything informed her husband at the station that she had gotten him just where she wanted him and that she had demonstrated that the law would back her if he did not behave himself. Curry denied that he beat his wife and claimed that he is the meekest citizen in West Duluth.

OUT OF HOSPITAL.

H. Fralegh, of 6118 Cody street, has just left the Red Cross hospital after undergoing an interesting operation. A year ago Mr. Fralegh had his arm crushed at the elbow in a machine, and an effort to bring the ends of the bone together to heal was unsuccessful. Four weeks ago he went to the Red Cross hospital, where Dr. Graham brought the ends of the bones together with a silver plate until the knitting process began.

The arm is doing nicely and Mr. Fralegh will have some use of it, though it will be shorter than the other arm.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Labarge arrived yesterday from Mesaba, Mich., to visit her brother, D. Labarge.

A daughter was born June 5 to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Berglund, of 5616 Columbia street.

Miss Dahlson, of Mesaba, Mich., is visiting her parents here.

This evening Kitchi Gammi lodge, K. of P., will have a social session for the members and their families.

The funeral of George Cameron, the longshoreman, was held at the Asbury M. E. church this afternoon, Rev. Robert Forbes officiating. The longshoremen and Redmen turned out in large numbers, and the funeral march was played by Lanner's Concert band.

Richard Schell and family are moving today into their recently purchased home on Highland avenue. Mr. Schell says he expects to get a 10-minute service on the Missabe road.

The Peach Pickers held their annual election of officers last evening, all the old officers being re-elected. The delegate from Wisconsin was chosen to represent the association at the national meeting at Colorado.

Rev. John Matson will leave in a few days for St. Paul to join Mrs. Matson, who has been visiting there. They will go to South Dakota, where Mr. Matson has a charge.

Professor Hartman will open the parochial school of the First Norwegian Lutheran Evangelical church, at the corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Wadessa street, next Monday.

A daughter was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Stickney, of Raleigh street.

Attorney Harry Lanners was in St. Paul yesterday on a business trip.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fosberg, of 1732 West Second street.

Rev. Mr. Parsons, of Chicago, will occupy the pulpit of the Oneota M. E. church Sunday, in the absence of Rev. R. A. Saunderson.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

RECENTLY A BRIDE

But Will Apply For a Legal Separation.

San Francisco, June 5.—The wife of Attorney General Edward P. Dole, of Hawaii, will bring suit for divorce. She was Miss Gallagher, a schoolteacher of San Francisco, and married Dole recently. Dole is a cousin of the governor of Hawaii, and is well known in New England. His wife's complaint will be excessive drinking and incomatibility.

OPHTHALMIA CONTAGIOUS.

New York, June 5.—Because of the discovery that ophthalmia, a disease of the eyes, is prevalent among a large portion of the pupils in the public schools of this city, the board of health has placed it on the list of contagious diseases and physicians hereafter will be compelled to make reports of each case found in their private practice.

TWO SCRATCHED.

New York, June 5.—Banaster and Garry Herman have been scratched from the suburban.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

All the Notable Real Estate Dealers Advertise In the Saturday Herald

FORTUNE IN EARTHQUAKE.

The luck of some men would make them rich, even if it had to cause a convulsion of nature to bring about the result desired. Luck of this sort is travelling around in the wake of P. T. Farnsworth, of Salt Lake City, says the New York Press.

Mr. Farnsworth is not a poor man. He could not be if he wanted to. He owned a large share of this world's goods a month ago, and he was reasonably satisfied to have things go on as they were. His luck was not satisfied, though. It had given much to him, but most of what it had given was in the ordinary, everyday, commonplace way. It had a star play—an astonisher—up its sleeve, and the other day it shook that out. Utah trembled with the shock of it, and now envious Utahans are saying that "Farnsworth can make even the earth cough up."

The star play was an earthquake, and it presented to Mr. Farnsworth an additional fortune, which he coolly estimates at "a million or so."

Mr. Farnsworth owned a worked out mine in Beaver county, Utah. The mine had made several millionaires in the early days of gold mining in Utah, but some years ago the lead played out to a stringer, and finally was lost altogether. It was then that the Rob Roy, as the mine was named, fell into the possession of Mr. Farnsworth. He prospected the claim from end to end, but did not find lead. Then his friends began to say that Farnsworth's luck had gone back on him at last, and that he was sending good money after bad in the Rob Roy. Mr. Farnsworth only smiled and remarked that he wasn't through with the Rob Roy yet.

Then the earthquake came along. Salt Lake City felt the shock. "Guess that's the bottom dropping out of Rob Roy," Mr. Farnsworth said to his secretary, and dismissed the matter from his mind.

Later in the day he received a dispatch from his manager notifying him that the lower workings of the mine had been "opened up" by the earthquake and that the lost lead had been disclosed. Mr. Farnsworth hurried out to the mine and found that this was strictly true. The lead has been split by a "horse" of granite, and the ore run off at a right angle from the chute of ore which had made millionaires of the first owners. A little drifting on the vein showed that it opened out to a width of five feet, and that it was highly mineralized. Samples taken clear across the face of the ledge averaged six ounces in gold and 110 ounces in silver to the ton, giving the ore a value of about $200 a ton. Some picked samples assayed as high as $1000 in gold to the ton.

Ever since then workmen have been busy developing the lead. The pay streak holds out well, and there is every indication that Mr. Farnsworth's cool estimate of "a million or so" is the actual value of the mine.

Now there are mean persons in Salt Lake who say that if it rained diamonds nobody except Farnsworth would be able to pick up anything but hailstones.

Elks' Carnival Excursion.

VIA "NORTH-WESTERN LINE."

For the above occasion the North-Western Line will sell round trip tickets to Minneapolis at the low rate o $5.75. Tickets on sale June 8 to 14 inclusive, good returning until June 16.

Trains leave Duluth at 8:50 a. m. and 5 p. m. over the North-Western line. Secure tickets at 405 West Superior street or Omaha depot.

AGED TORTOISE DEAD.

"Buster," the tortoise belonging to the Zoological park, in the borough of the Bronx, was found dead in his pen yesterday morning, says the New York Times. An autopsy performed by Dr. Harlow showed that death was simply the result of old age, and that all the organs of the creature's body were quite worn out.

"Buster" secured his name by reason of his unusual size. He was believed to be the largest and oldest tortoise in captivity, his age being estimated at 400 years. He weighed 310 pounds, and before his physical decline could carry three men on his back. With three other tortoises he was obtained from an island in the Pacific ocean last July.

Until recently "Buster" was very lively for a tortoise—but lately he has moved around very little. When he wa sfound yesterday morning he was in one corner of the pen, while the other three tortoises were huddled together at the other end. Four men were required to carry the body to the reptile house.

Fraternal Order of Eagles.

National meeting to be held at Minneapolis, June 3 to 8. For the occasion "The North-Western Line" (Omaha railway) will place on sale at its Duluth office, from June 1 to 7 inclusive, optional form of tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return at the one-way rate of $4.30 for the round trip. These tickets are good for returning passage up to and including June 9. The Train of Fame—Twilight Limited—leaves Duluth daily at 4 p. m. from the Omaha depot, opposite Union depot, and arrives at St. Paul at 9 p. m. and Minneapolis at 9:30 p. m. Parlor and dining cars; every comfort and convenience. See that your tickets read over the Omaha road.

STEPHEN B. ELKINS, WHO LEADS THE REPUBLICAN SENATORS AGAINST CUBAN RECIPROCITY.

The senators who oppose the Cuban reciprocity bill are Elkins and Scott, West Virginia; Burrows, Michigan; Gamble and Kittredge, South Dakota; Nelson and Clapp, Minnesota; Perkins and Bard, California; Dietrich, Nebraska; Mason, Illinois; Kearns, Utah; Dehoe, Kentucky; Burton, Kansas; Foster, Washington; Mitchell, Oregon, and Jones, Nevada. Senator Elkins in speaking of the movement of which he has suddenly become the acknowledged leader said: "We are not in favor of reciprocity with Cuba at this time. We do not believe it wise, from a party standpoint, to act upon the question now, when we are in danger of losing the house of representatives. A rebate on Cuban sugar would be preferable to the pending bill; but, for my part, I think we should leave the matter as it is."

COVINGTON CRAWFORDS

May Have Been the Men Named In Impressive Documents Exhibited By the Humberts to Further Their Swindling Scheme.

Cincinnati, June 5.—The Enquirer says the Humbert-Crawford sensation of Paris probably had its start at Covington, Ky., and that French detectives are now here working upon cable instructions from Paris and also under telegraphic advisement from Washington through Eugene Percy, the French consul here. It is said M. Katin, who taught French at Covington years ago and afterwards returned to Paris, has advised the French government all about the Crawfords, whom he formerly knew while living in Covington. Frank Deveneck, an artist in Cincinnati, who resided in Covington and knew the Crawfords, has gone to Paris to assist in the investigation which has been started by M. Katin, who is now in the employ of the French government.

Four Crawford brothers lived in Covington until the early '80s, when they left there, and two of them went to Paris. The French government has information that they may be the men named in the golden-sealed and impressive-looking document exhibited by the Humberts to the great financiers. The brothers were John, Henry, Matthew and Robert. John died years ago, leaving three brothers. In the early '80s Henry went to Kansas City and was city clerk there. Matthew and Robert went abroad and are supposed to have lived in Paris. Every circumstance indicates that they are the men whom the Humberts name as the nephews who were contesting the Crawford will and were preventing the Humberts coming into possession of the estates. The Crawfords were considered a wealthy family in Covington, and it was understood that they had a rich uncle. The story as related by the Humberts to the bankers is practically the story of the important events in the case of the Covington-Crawfords.

SNUG SUM TO KITCHENER

House of Commons Votes Fifty Thousand Pounds to the Leader---The Second Gift In Three Years.

London, June 5.—In accordance with King Edward's message to the house of commons yesterday the government leader, A. J. Balfour, in the house this afternoon asked for a vote of £50,000 to Lord Kitchener; and it was granted. As a remarkable coincidence, parliament June 5th, three years ago, voted its thanks and £30,000 to the same general for his services in Egypt.

Mr. Balfour, in supporting the motion, referred to Lord Kitchener's rapid promotion. He said it had been given to few public servants to compass so much work for their country in so short a time as Lord Kitchener, who, besides being commander-in-chief in South Africa, was commander-in-chief designat of India. He found the army in South Africa in a state of disorganization or dislocation, consequent on the ill-success which attended the British arms at the early stage of the campaign, and he executed his duty with admirable energy and skill. But it was not till Lord Roberts left that the claims of Lord Kitchener to the gratitude of his countrymen reached their present magnitude. Lord Kitchener had to meet with unique difficulties. He had erected no fewer than 4,000 block houses and in the conduct of the campaign had shown the fertile range of his resources, boundless courage, energy and resolution, and to these qualities Great Britain owed the termination of the war. Few English generals had contended with greater difficulties, and few had emerged from them in a more triumphant and brilliant way.

Mr. Balfour concluded with formally moving the vote of £50,000.

The liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, who seconded the motion, paid a warm tribute to Lord Kitchener, as a soldier and statesman.

John Dillon, Irish Nationalist, led the opposition in behalf of the Nationalists. Mr. Dillon said he and his friends absolutely objected to the vote, because they were opposed to the policy of the war in South Africa and the conduct of the campaign, which involved wholesale devastation of the country, the burning of farms and sacrifice of life.

William Redmond, Irish Nationalist, caused a scene of great disorder by remarking that Lord Kitchener would go down to history as a general who had "made war on women and children." This remark called forth loud cries of "withdarw," and appeals to the chair to call Mr. Redmond to order. The chairman said that the expression used was not disorderly; but a majority of the house refused to listen any further to Mr. Redmond and interrupted him with all kinds of shouts. After an hour spent by Mr. Redmond in a fruitless endeavor to gain a hearing the closure was moved.

The closure was adopted by 273 to 135 votes and the grant of £50,000 to Lord Kitchener was carried by 380 to 44 votes. The minority consisted of Irish Nationalists and two or three Radicals.

BRAVE DASH

For Liberty Was Made By Gen. De Wet's Nephew.

He Swam Bermuda Surf To An Anchored Vessel.

There is walking the streets of New York today a strapping six-foot young Boer, his body scarred by splinters of a lyddite shell and by Lee-Metford bullets, but his strong young face still smiling, says the New York Press. His name is Adolph DeWet, and he is the nephew of the famous Gen. DeWet. The British consul has made grim efforts to seize this young man, on the technical grounds that he is a stowaway, but with the real object of returning DeWet to the prison pen at Bermuda, from which he has just made a daring escape.

Splendidly educated in the English university at Cape Town, a successful young engineer of Johannesburg, Adolph DeWet became one of the most daring of Boer marksmen. He fought in every engagement in the Tugela river campaign, at Colenso and at Magersfontein, being four times wounded. Though he knew from the first that the Boers could not win, he refused to come in; he stuck to DeWet and Delarey until he was severely wounded in a skirmish while cattle raiding and found himself one of the Boer prisoners in the British prison pen at Bermuda. After two failures and severe punishment DeWet swam out into the harbor of Bermuda, till, exhausted to the point of death, he clung to the rudder of an American tramp steamer, calling feebly. At last a friendly rope was thrown him. The Yankee officers hid the young Boer in the coal bunker till the search was over.

Working his way independently as a stoker, DeWet has reached New York and freedom. In the following article he tells for the first time of his capture, the misery of his imprisonment in the British pen and his plucky swim for liberty:

"I was born in the South African republic twenty-six years ago. My uncle, Christian DeWet, was then merely a butcher at Bloemfontein—he has since become a better general. Naturally I went into the war when it came, though I had been too much with the English to feel we should win. Fresh from college and filled with the enthusiasm of youth I at first thought it a great joke to be out on the veldt nights and days. I found afterward that is was no joke, but a serious business. But I will tell you this—no people could be more courteously treated than we DeWets. We knew the power of the British. We hoped, however, that if we put up a good fight England would give us the little things we demanded—to reap and sow in the land of our birth. We wanted a freedom from British politics, which seems to me, we were entitled to demand. Captured? Yes. I was at Jacobsdaal, or rather near there. There were a dozen of us.

"We had gone over the hills to lift cattle, and were laughing at the Cheshire Cats, an infantry regiment which we had had fun with. Suddenly around the hill came sweeping a party of horse. It was the Essex Light Horse. They dismounted and began to fire. I laughed at them. I had no idea that their carbines could carry so far.

"Suddenly I felt a sting in the foot and was keeled over. The Tommys ran up the hill, and the first I knew there were two of them leaning over me. One said to the other: 'Look at the bleeder. My eye, but he is bleedin'!' They got a surgeon and bound up my wounded foot, and then called their ambulance men. To make a long story short, they took me into camp, and, I must say, used me pretty white.

"I do not think the ordinary, everyday 'Tommy' was as much against us as the subordinate officers. Those were the bad people. Well, they sent me to a detention camp at Green Point, a place a little outside of Cape Town. I was there only a little while when I was placed on board ship with 200 other unfortunates and found I was bound for the Bermudas. Some of the fellows got morbid, and two of them jumped overboard on the trip. Our food was pretty bad, to be sure. If we had been allowed the ordinary rations which the festive Tommy Atkinses can draw we would have been all as happy as we could be as captives. But they gave us infernally bad grub.

"When we arrived at Hamilton, Bermuda, we were divided and sent to different islands. I went to Darrell island. It is a little place, just off the coast—a coral island. They had barbed wire fences all about our camp there. There were several lines of barbed wire. If you touched the inner line you were shot. The 'Tommys' had no hesitancy about that. The barbed wire fences ran down to the sea. We could go down there to bathe. But they gave us no soap. One cannot get very clean without soap. The most aggravating thing was to see the 'friendly tourists' come down and sit outside the inclosure, looking on us as they would upon a lot of animals. I am sure we were not pretty to look at. But those tourists would examine us so much at leisure and would eat in our very sight the good things they had collected in Hamilton to give to us. When these tourists had got through with their picnic, if they had any chicken bones or odds and ends left they would come to the wire fence and throw them through. Having done their duty, they would go away laughing. Evidently they had a lot more fun out of the situation than we did. We used to have for breakfast on Darrell island some oatmeal which was not any too fresh. At noon we had a stew composed of things with which I was not familiar, nor do I believe any man there could tell exactly what were its component parts. It was pretty bad. At night we would be given a lot of cheap tea and some ship's biscuit of uncertain age.

"The worst thing about the situation was the filthiness of it. They would not allow us to be clean or to be shaved. The result was we became overrun with vermin and looked like a lot of tramps—wild men of the woods. This was evidently a part of the policy of our captivity. Such a looking lot of fellows as we were could not excite sympathy in American tourists. It was the vermin more than anything else, I think, that made us resolve to get away from there or die in the attempt. One man had swam off to a steamer and had escaped; one tried it and had never been heard of after; several had feigned sickness and been sent to the hospital island, where they were nearer to the ships which anchored in the harbor of Hamilton. On the hospital island there were plenty of boats, and one might take his chances at rowing away. Three fellows tried it and two were caught. I tried to get to the hospital island, but the doctors refused to declare me ill. There was nothing for me to do but to swim for it.

"I rather hated to leave all my friends there. It seemed like going back on them. In spite of all our sufferings we were a jolly lot. We used to play hopscotch and have potato races, and we formed a glee club and sang songs for the tourists when they were a little more generous and slipped us a shilling. It was a pitiable thing down there to see the little boys, 10 and 12 years old, prisoners of war, who have been rounded up by the British and carried into captivity. The British officers would go about offering candy to these little fellows if they would say 'God save the King.' But the little fellows were game and would refuse all such advances. Often of a starry night have I sat there with the planets hanging low in the sky and I heard the little fellows say: 'Oh, I only wish I was grown up and could get back to take a shot at the British.' These children are more stubborn than we are. This spirit of hostility to the English is growing up with them. They are going to live in spite of detention camps, and when they are free—as they must be some time—they will carry that hatred of England with them. A nation, however big and powerful, cannot afford to make enemies of boys 10 to 12 years old!

"Our tents there on the island were practically shelter tents, without sides, though sometimes it was cold. It was always damp. Sometimes the little fellows suffered grievously. As far as I am concerned it was the fortunes of war which brought me to Bermuda. But why do the British make prisoners of children? It is true that these little fellows had been out shooting. They were literally infants in arms. As infants they liked sugar plums, but as Boers they refused them. You can't tempt a boy who had been out shooting the enemies of his country; you cannot buy his allegiance with sugar plums. That is not warfare; it is not even good policy. I think the children got along with the food better than we older people did, for they were always ravenenously hungry, except when the British officers came along offering them sugar plums. Then they had no appetites. Most of the British officers were fairly decent to us, except that they absolutely refused to allow us to be clean. But no one of them ever would treat us as an equal—as honorable foes who had been cast into their net by the chances of a great conflict. Those little things hurt more than the rifles. In the course of my career as a Boer soldier I had been on guard over many British, but I never treated them as they treated me when it came to their turn. The British subaltern has more swagger when he struts about a detention camp than he has in the veldt. It is safer.

"From Darrell island I could see every night where the steamers anchored in the harbor, at least a mile away. It was a terrible long swim. But one night I resolved to make the attempt. I saw a steamer anchored off there, and I knew she went to New York. Stripping of what miserable rags I had, I crawled from tent to tent until I was able to make a break for the water. It was easy until I got into the sea. Although Bermuda is washed by the waters of the Gulf Stream, the water seemed deadly cold. It was also phosphorescent, and every wave of my arms made a light which I thought must surely call the attention of the guards. The place swarms with sharks. As I got further and further out in the harbor all these things came to my mind. I could see the light of the steamer, and, looking back, I could see the lights of the camp. They seemed to remain in their relative positions so long that it struck me that I was not making any progress—was motionless on the surface of that phosphorescent water. It was not a pleasant feeling. I have been shot many times—I have faced danger as I should—but I tell you I was never so scared as I was when finally, chilled, exhausted and naked, I grasped the rudder of that ship, and climbing up, stood a moment on the propeller blade to get my breath.

"As soon as I got my breath I got my nerves back and felt confident. I swam around to the steamer's bows and tried to climb up the anchor chain. I climbed up the chain all right, but the hawse hole was too small for me to get through and the bows were too far above the hawse hole for me to climb up. So I swam back to my old friends, the rudder and the propeller again.

"As soon as I had a firm foothold on the propeller I began to cry out, 'Man overboard! Man overboard!' Then a deckhand came to the taffrail and threw me a rope, swinging a party of horse. It was the Essex Light Horse. They dismounted and began to fire. I laughed at them. I had no idea that their carbines could carry so far.

"Suddenly I felt a sting in the foot and was keeled over. The Tommys ran up the hill, and the first I knew there were two of them leaning over me. One said to the other: 'Look at the bleeder. My eye, but he is bleedin'!' They got a surgeon and bound up my wounded foot, and then called their ambulance men. To make a long story short, they took me into camp, and, I must say, used me pretty white.

"I do not think the ordinary, everyday 'Tommy' was as much against us as the subordinate officers. Those were the bad people. Well, they sent me to a detention camp at Green Point, a place a little outside of Cape Town. I was there only a little while when I was placed on board ship with 200 other unfortunates and found I was bound for the Bermudas. Some of the fellows got morbid, and two of them jumped overboard on the trip. Our food was pretty bad, to be sure. If we had been allowed the ordinary rations which the festive Tommy Atkinses can draw we would have been all as happy as we could be as captives. But they gave us infernally bad grub.

"When we arrived at Hamilton, Bermuda, we were divided and sent to different islands. I went to Darrell island. It is a little place, just off the coast—a coral island. They had barbed wire fences all about our camp there. There were several lines of barbed wire. If you touched the inner line you were shot. The 'Tommys' had no hesitancy about that. The barbed wire fences ran down to the sea. We could go down there to bathe. But they gave us no soap. One cannot get very clean without soap. The most aggravating thing was to see the 'friendly tourists' come down and sit outside the inclosure, looking on us as they would upon a lot of animals. I am sure we were not pretty to look at. But those tourists would examine us so much at leisure and would eat in our very sight the good things they had collected in Hamilton to give to us. When these tourists had got through with their picnic, if they had any chicken bones or odds and ends left they would come to the wire fence and throw them through. Having done their duty, they would go away laughing. Evidently they had a lot more fun out of the situation than we did. We used to have for breakfast on Darrell island some oatmeal which was not any too fresh. At noon we had a stew composed of things with which I was not familiar, nor do I believe any man there could tell exactly what were its component parts. It was pretty bad. At night we would be given a lot of cheap tea and some ship's biscuit of uncertain age.

"The worst thing about the situation was the filthiness of it. They would not allow us to be clean or to be shaved. The result was we became overrun with vermin and looked like a lot of tramps—wild men of the woods. This was evidently a part of the policy of our captivity. Such a looking lot of fellows as we were could not excite sympathy in American tourists. It was the vermin more than anything else, I think, that made us resolve to get away from there or die in the attempt. One man had swam off to a steamer and had escaped; one tried it and had never been heard of after; several had feigned sickness and been sent to the hospital island, where they were nearer to the ships which anchored in the harbor of Hamilton. On the hospital island there were plenty of boats, and one might take his chances at rowing away. Three fellows tried it and two were caught. I tried to get to the hospital island, but the doctors refused to declare me ill. There was nothing for me to do but to swim for it.

"I rather hated to leave all my friends there. It seemed like going back on them. In spite of all our sufferings we were a jolly lot. We used to play hopscotch and have potato races, and we formed a glee club and sang songs for the tourists when they were a little more generous and slipped us a shilling. It was a pitiable thing down there to see the little boys, 10 and 12 years old, prisoners of war, who have been rounded up by the British and carried into captivity. The British officers would go about offering candy to these little fellows if they would say 'God save the King.' But the little fellows were game and would refuse all such advances. Often of a starry night have I sat there with the planets hanging low in the sky and I heard the little fellows say: 'Oh, I only wish I was grown up and could get back to take a shot at the British.' These children are more stubborn than we are. This spirit of hostility to the English is growing up with them. They are going to live in spite of detention camps, and when they are free—as they must be some time—they will carry that hatred of England with them. A nation, however big and powerful, cannot afford to make enemies of boys 10 to 12 years old!

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"As soon as I had a firm foothold on the propeller I began to cry out, 'Man overboard! Man overboard!' Then a deckhand came to the taffrail and threw me a rope, swinging a party of horse. It was my climbing up the rope I got on deck. I did not stop to exchange compliments with him or even to thank him. I ran for where I saw a light glowing from the engine room. Down I went, past the astonished engineer on watch, into the fireroom and hugged myself before the glowing fire there. There was one fireman there. He was astonished as well he might be. Before I had well done shivering an officer in uniform appeared on the scene. 'Who are you,' he said, 'and where did you come from?'

"He was the second engineer, who had sent me go like a flash through the engine room, I explained matters to him, told him frankly my situation. As you New Yorkers say, it was 'up to him.'

"'Well,' said he, 'you had better clean yourself first—you are dirty.' I was. Between my filth which I had accumulated on the island and that which I had acquired in my descent into the hold I was a sight.

"'Get some waste,' said he.

"'Where will I get it?' said I.

"'Look in the waste locker,' said he.

"I found the waste locker and swabbed myself off as well as I could.

"'Now, then,' said he, 'crawl into that waste locker. It is a soft billet, and we are soon going to sea. These fellows will be looking for you pretty soon.'

"'Did that man wear the uniform of an American merchant officer or of an English merchant officer? I refuse to say, but he certainly was good for his uniform. He sent the fireman somewhere to get me a pair of overalls. I put them on and crawled into the locker. I thought I should smother in there, but it was an easy bed, and I think I must have dropped into a doze. Suddenly I heard the second engineer say:

"'Get out of this! Get down in the coal bunkers!'

"A couple of firemen took me down to the place of refuge and shoveled coal on me. They placed big lumps over my face, so that there would be breathing spaces between. If they had shoveled on the small coal, do you see, they would have shut off my wind.

"I heard the British officers searching the ship come along and prod with their swords into the bunkers. Fortunately for me, they did not prod in the particular place where I was. At last I felt we were at sea. I could feel the motion of the ship as she breasted the waves outside of the harbor. I heard no more the voices of the Englishmen. I was at sea and bound for the United States. A fireman came and told me it was time to come out of my hiding place. I came out, expecting to be received as an honored guest. Was I? Not much! The same second engineer said to me: 'Can you shovel coal?'

"I admitted that if it was necessary I could.

"'Let me see you do it,' said he. One of the firemen put a big shovel into my hand, and I began to feed the fires. The second engineer saw that I had clothes; that I was able to make myself clean. But he regarded me—quite rightly—as a member of the crew, and made me work my passage. As we came alongside the pier in New York I came on deck, ready to be the first man ashore. I was. No sooner had the gang plank been put down than I was on the wharf. The second engineer had given me 75 cents, and with that I was wealthy."

TAKING THE OATH.

In a downtown magistrate's court the other day a Norseman, in taking the oath, raised his thumb, his fore finger and his middle finger in a peculiar manner, says the Philadelphia Record. "We all take the oath like this at home," he explained. "We put up the thumb and the two fingers thus as a symbol of the Trinity." A spectator remarked with a smile that there certainly seemed to be a great many ways of swearing. "The Chinese kill a chicken and swear over its entrails," he said. "Turks swear over a thumb ring. A Siamese lights a perfumed taper and takes the oath with his face bowed forward in the scented smoke. A New Zealander swears with his hands in water. A native African, an Umgala man, once wanted me to bring in and slay before him a white dove. He said he would have to eat the bird's heart raw in order to take the oath properly."

Teachers' Rates to Eastern Points.

Fare and one-third for the round trip, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company. Tickets on sale June 6th, 7th, and 8th. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace with the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company steamers leaving Duluth 6:45 p. m., Friday, June 6th.

Reserve sleeping car and stateroom accommodation early.

M. ADSON, Gen'l Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Low Rates to St. Paul ro Minneapolis and Return.

$4.30 round trip via the Great Northern railway to the Twin Cities. Tickets on sale June 1 to June 7, good returning June 9. The afternoon limited at 1:25 p. m., fastest train to Minneapolis, arriving at 6 p. m., St. Paul, 6:25 p. m. Night train leaves 11:10. Secure tickets at City Ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

Great Northern Excursion Bulletin.

$45.000 Round trip, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Victoria, Vancouver. $45.00 Round trip to San Francisco. $64.00 Round trip to Los Angeles. May 27th to June 8th. $4.30 Round trip Minneapolis and St. Paul. June 1st to 7th inclusive. $9.30 Round trip, New Ulm, account Fireman's Convention. June 9th, 10th, 11th. $32.15 Round trip, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo. $39.50, Ogden and Salt Lake. One fare plus two dollars round trip to Hot Springs, Deadwood and Lead, S. D. June 1st to 21st. Full information and through tickets at City Ticket office, corner of Spalding Hotel.

Established 1869.

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.

You want the best—We furnish it.

Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

4½ per cent 5 per cent 5½ per cent

Money to Loan.

Building Loans.
Insurance and Bonds.

O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,
209-210 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT.

Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.

Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x450 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
"ISLE ROYALE ROUTE"
Fast Passenger and Freight Service.

Leave Duluth Sundays and Thursdays 7:30 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton. Direct 11 hour service. 7:30 p. m.

Leave Tuesdays and Fridays 9 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock, Houghton and intermediate points 9:00 a. m.

Leave Duluth Mondays and Thursdays 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur 9:00 a. m.

Leave Tuesdays 5 p. m. for Port Arthur and Isle Royale—12 hour service 5:00 p. m.

Leave Sundays 7:30 p. m. for Isle Royale and Port Arthur via Houghton 7:30 p. m.

Sunday excursions to Two Harbors.

Boats arrive and depart from Slip—Split Rock, Lakeside, South Duluth.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt., W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr.,
Lyceum Building. Lake Avenue and Canal

U. S. & D. T. CO. (BOOTH'S LINE.)

Duluth-Port Arthur Route.

S. S. AMERICA leaves Duluth every Sunday and Wednesday 10 a. m. and Friday 2 p. m., calling at Two Harbors, Beaver Bay, Grand Marais, Chicago Bay and Isle Royale. 10 a. m. 2 p. m.

Duluth-Ashland-Hancock-Houghton Route

S. S. ARGO leaves Duluth every Monday and Thursday 10 a. m., calling at Orienta, Port Wing, Herbster, Bayfield, Washburn and the Apostle Islands. 10 a. m.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.... Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	N.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:40
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Leav		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	....St. Paul....	† 1:55 p.m
* 11:10 p.m.	...Minneapolis...	* 6:30 p

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and **4½%** Building Loans.

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg. **5½%**

$1500 Takes 86 lots at Hunter's Park. Part cash.
$1600 Takes six-room house and 50-foot lot on West Fourth street. Houses and lots in all parts of the city.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-204 Palladio Building.

FARM LANDS
Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—
Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Street

LOTS AND ACRES
at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

The Normal School
WILL ACCEPT CHILDREN
IN ITS MODEL CLASSES.
If you would have your children enjoy the great advantages that come from small classes and model instruction, you should buy a lot near the Normal School, ten minutes car service; gas, water, sewer, sidewalks, graded streets and low prices are some of the advantages of that locality.
Endion Lots.
SUPERIOR STREET—
West of 29th avenue east..... $1600
THIRD STREET—
West of 29th avenue east..... $950
Exceptional Bargains on London Road and Jefferson street.
Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

4½ PER and **5** CENT **Money to Loan** "On or Before" **R. M. Newport,** 302 Lonsdale Building.

HOMESTEADS
We can locate you on government land; close to railroads, navigable streams and the rapidly growing city of Koochiching. These claims will all be taken up this summer, so write at once to
GIBSON, HULBERT & CO
Koochiching, Minnesota.
Timber and farm lands for sale. Estimates and reports for non-residents.

Forty Acres
of Cleared Land at
Pike Lake
For Sale.
G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

FOR SALE
$1050 Lot on East Second street, 50x 140 feet in area.
$1500 No. 1425 West Superior street, small house and lot, 50x140 feet in area.
$3200 Flat building containing four flats with city water. Building has stone foundation and rents readily.
$4200 Eleven-room house in East End with all conveniences and hardwood finish. Will sell or trade for smaller house.
FOR RENT—Two or three desirable offices in the Burrows building.
N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

$14,000 For a brick row, East End; five dwellings, netting about 9 per cent.
$10,000 For a first class modern double house, ten rooms each; best location in East End.
$500 Each for two full 50-foot lots on West Fourth street, near Ninth avenue. They are cheap.
$1900 Seven-room house, city water; well located in Lakeside.
$350 For full 50-foot lots. Sixth street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west.
Farm lands in Minnesota and Dakota.
D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Fifteen acres of beautifully shaped property on the lake shore, near the pumping station. A great investment.
Lots on East Fifth street, water and sewer on the street, for $500.
Three houses in the West End, well located, for sale cheap.
Lots on Twenty-third avenue west for $250 and upwards.
Lots on West Third street, near Twenty-ninth avenue west, for $450.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

GREAT BARGAIN!
Nine-room house for sale, centrally located. Terms to suit purchaser. Property must be sold.
205 Lyceum.

Two Bargains.
$2500 For a fine double corner (100x140) on East Superior street on brow of hill. Finest residence location in the city. Will double in Value.
$195 per foot for the scoutheast corner of First street and Lake avenue, lot (100x100 feet) cheapest corner on First street. Will buy leases on Mesaba range.
A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.
305 Providence Building.

FOR SALE! $1200
Eight-room house, Second avenue east—good well.
Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

$2400 Nine-room house, city water, closets, bath, gas; in good condition; not ten minutes' walk from city hall.
$3150 Nine rooms, city water, closets, bath, stone foundation good condition. Not ten minutes' walk from city hall.
$1500 Good house on West Fourth street.
$1650 Fine new house on West Fourth street.
T. G. VAUGHAN,
401 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

House For Rent
East End—$35 per Month
CHAS. A. STARK,
213 Palladio Building.

We Have For Sale
Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Cottage
For Rent
on Minnesota Point, for the Season. Apply to
WM. C. SARGENT and CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE.
Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—
$7500.
R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas.P. Craig & Co.
$500 For lot 50x140 feet on Eighth street, west of Fourth avenue E.
$500 For lot 50x140 feet on Fourth street, near Seventh Ave. Incline.
$550 For lot 50x140 feet on Jefferson street.
$1000 For five-room cottage on corner lot, 50x140 feet, near Franklin school.
$1200 For seven-room house on lot 50x140 feet; $200 cash, balance monthly payments.
$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.
$2000 Buys seven-room house on East Fifth street; city water, sewer. Lot 25x140 feet.
$900 For 20 acres of land, all cleared, ready for crop this year. Only four miles from Lake avenue and Superior street.
40 ACRES to lease for season, 25 acres cleared, 10 acres meadow hay. Only three miles from heart of city.

Stop Paying Rent!
Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payment.	Monthly Payment.
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest
5-room house..	525	130	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	600	150	—balance 6 per ct.
5-room house..	650	160	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	675	170	—balance 6 per ct.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

BARGAINS!
$1500 Will buy a seven-room house, 5615 London Road. Lot 50x140; $500 cash, balance at 6 per cent. This is the greatest bargain offered at Lakeside.
$4500 Will buy 1627 East Superior street, eight rooms, bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house. Lot 50x150 feet; $1800 cash, balance $2700 due June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent. Let us show you this house.
$50,000
On hand to loan at 5 per cent in amounts to suit. No delay in closing loans. If you want a loan it will pay you to see us.
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
216 West Superior Street.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNTS.
On Watches, Diamonds—all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Reduced rates from $10, $20, $50, $100 up to $1000, and we guarantee to hold your goods for one year.
KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO
16 West Superior street and also
15 West Michigan street.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!
No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.
Western Loan Co.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan Office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 W. Mich. St.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST-CLASS WORK, CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

PERSONAL.

DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION cured. Box free. C. H. Rowan, North Milwaukee, Wis.

WILL PAY FOR INFORMATION leading to the present address of Alice Sutherland, a Chippewa half-breed. X, Herald.

I WOULD LIKE TO KNOW THE address of any man who knows or heard something about Frank Lapointe, who died few years ago. Address P. P. L., Duluth Evening Herald.

PASTURAGE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PASTURAGE FOR horses and cattle at Spirit lake. Inquire Zenith 'phone 3000.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE; GOOD location. Address E 33, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE COW AND calf. Address Youngberg, end of street car line, Woodland.

FOR SALE—ONE RADIANT HOME coal stove, cheap; stove pipe and zinc, $10. Inquire 9 East First.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ORGAN. INquire at 1526 East Third street.

FOR SALE—NO. 8 STEWART COOK stove; good as new; cheap. No. 316 Lake avenue north.

FOR SALE—$50 BUYS OLD HICKORY lumber wagon, 3½ by 3 inch tire, for two weeks only. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND OFFICE furniture, including desks, tables, filing cabinets, chairs, safe and office fixtures. Room 206, Manhattan Building.

FOR SALE—ESTABLISHED, THRIVing news stand. Cheap. Address 201 and 202 Lyceum.

FOR SALE—100 FEET IMPROVED, corner Superior street and Seventh avenue west, easy terms. Inquire of J. C. & R. M. Hunter, Exchange building.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, UPRIGHT PIANO, nearly new; must sell at once, as am leaving city. Inquire 624 East Fourth street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A CHEAP MERRY-GOround. Inquire at 541 East Superior street. Charles Summers.

Two carloads of first-class Drivers, Delivery and General Purpose Horses just received. Be sure and inspect our stock first. We defy all competition.
Barrett & Zimmerman,
Mammoth Stables, opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth ave. W.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT, CIGAR and confectionery business; first-class location; sickness reason for selling. Cheap if taken at once. Address C 35, Herald.

FOR SALE — CAR FRESH MILCH cows has arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

LIGHT CEDAR ROW BOATS FOR sale. H. S. Patterson, near depot.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows; will sell or exchange. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—ONE FOLDING BED. 218 West Third street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING, silver gray Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 for 13. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, very cheap. G 96, Herald.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—LAWNS TO CUT FOR SEAson; basements to whitewash, from Second to Twenty-fifth avenue east. Address E 31, Herald.

GIRL ACCUSTOMED TO ORDINARY housework, desires position in good family. Address M 150, Herald, stating conditions.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO keep a small set of books evenings. Am a good penman and can furnish references. Address C 45, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY SCANDInavian, of any kind; as delivery clerk or in some grocery store. Has had some experience. Address J. S. Granslede, 4106 Halifax street, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—BY BOY, 16 YEARS OLD, position to do work of any kind. Address C 44, Herald.

YOUNG LADY DESIRES POSITION IN office. Can do bookkeeping; good reference. Address C 42, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS ANY KIND OF WORK by the day. Address C 47, Herald.

WANTED—TO GO OUT WASHING BY the day. Apply to 224 Ninth avenue east. Call in the basement.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, SCRUBbing or house cleaning by the day. Would like to clean stores. Address 121 West First street, upstairs.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 211 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

STOVES REPAIRED.

GASOLINE AND OTHER STOVES REpaired, bought and sold. C. J. Refuss, 28 East Superior street. 'Phone 742.

HEATERS STORED FOR THE SUMmer. Am. Stove Repair Co., 17 1st av. W.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. BAIN SMITH HAS OPENED dressmaking parlors. 5, over Suffel's.

MONUMENTS.

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND MARble work. Only shop in Duluth. Duluth Monumental works, 306 E. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TRIMMED hats at 106 West Superior street.

NEW SHIRT-WAIST HATS AT SWENson's, over Suffel's. Open evenings.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED, AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. M. C. Clark, No. 6 Adams flat.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be able to cook; good wages. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED — WOMAN COOK, TO WORK three hours in the morning and three hours in the afternoon. J. J. Wall, 310 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. John Crosby, 2026 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL. 707 WEST SUPERIOR street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No children. Good wages. Mrs. C. E. Lum, 1103 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. Mrs. A. B. Thomas, 2 Lafayette flats.

WANTED—AT ONCE COMPETENT dressmaker for one day only, any time next week; will pay good wages. Address S 11, Herald.

WANTED — LADIES WISHING TO make $8 or $10 a week at home. Something new in decorative work. No experience necessary; instructors wanted; also some to travel. Call and see work. Mr. and Mrs. Umsted, 119 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD DININGROOM GIRL. 218 West Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK; good wages. Apply 1123 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2016 East Second street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. Hotel Arlington.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid. Apply to Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — PAINT CLEANER. APply to Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — AT ONCE, NURSE GIRL. 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND HOUSEmaid. Good wages. 432 West Second street.

WANTED — THIRTY GIRLS AT SOMers' employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking; two in family; call mornings. Mrs. L. A. Neuman, 5304 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK FOR general housework; no washing; three in family; highest wages. 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—AT ONCE. COMPETENT cook. Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

MAN WANTED TO WORK AROUND cottage on Park Point during summer; one who can handle sail boat. A. Pearson Boat Construction company's office, between 10 and 11 a. m.

WANTED — COMPETENT PAINTER; steady position. Apply 103 Providence building.

BOY, AGE 16 OR 17, STEADY JOB. cigar box factory. 24 First avenue west.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. HOTEL McKay.

MAN WANTED TO WORK DURING summer on Minnesota Point, one who can handle boats preferred. Apply to Capt. George E. Gibson, Pearson Boat Construction company, between 8 and 11 a. m.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN — OFFICE work. Must be quick and accurate at figures. C 43, Herald.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

Launches, Row Boats,
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION CO., Duluth.
Send for catalogue.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — SEVEN OR EIGHT-ROOM house. East End, below Fifth street; must be a genuine bargain. Address all particulars to X X, Herald office.

STRAW HAT BLEACHERY.

PANAMA STRAW HATS, ETC.—bleached and re-pressed by expert bleacher. C. Volland, 14 First ave. east.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND, OSTEOPAthic specialist. Graduate American School of Osteopathy. 9 Phoenix block.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phone 1471.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS. COMPETENT MASSEUR. Best references. Prices moderate. Call Zenith 'phone 4067, West Superior.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second street.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, TRANCE medium, gives readings, 1418 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

ENGRAVING.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ONE NEW COTTAGE on Park Point in course of construction, from July 1; also one 4-room cottage at Nineteenth street, for balance of season.

FOR RENT — 4-ROOM FURNISHED cottage on Park Point. Inquire at old Pavilion.

FOR RENT—SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, No. 1124 East Second street. Electric light, bath, very desirable location. Apply J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

THIRTEEN-ROOM MODERN BRICK house, steam heat, at 313 West Fourth street. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ONE NICELY FURnished room; also suite suitable for three. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, PLEASant location, one block from high school; one or two ladies preferred. F 48, Herald.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, $15 PER month; city water. 708 East Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room; modern conveniences. 631 West First street.

LARGE FURNISHED WITH COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 18½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—PARLOR AND ALCOVE. 7 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, steam heat and bath. 15 Mason flat, gentleman preferred.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 710 West Second street.

FOR RENT—TO YOUNG LADY, FURnished room, $5 per month, up stairs. 2 West Second street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, electric lights, screens. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AT 624 West Third street; $5 a month.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room for one or two gentlemen. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS. 628 WEST THIRD street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, PARTLY furnished; light housekeeping allowed; three blocks from business center; modern. G 93, Herald.

FOR RENT—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR in a brick building, 50x140 feet in area; centrally located; desirable for manufacturing and other business purposes. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows building.

FURNISHED ROOMS. INQUIRE 409 Lowell building; old 'phone 208-5.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT. 429 NINETEEN and a half avenue west.

FURNISHED FIVE-ROOM FLAT, INcluding piano, in East End; no children. Address E 32, Herald.

FOR RENT—DURING SUMMER months, seven-room flat furnished. All conveniences; centrally located. Apply F 45, Herald office.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT, WITH bath. Inquire Eureka Laundry, 125 East First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT IN Bellevue terrace. All conveniences. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows' building.

LADY CAN GET FURNISHED ROOM with bath, on street car line. 303 Eighth avenue east.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first class and modern; centrally located; immediate possession. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

BOARD OFFERED.

CAN ACCOMMODATE THREE MORE table boarders. Everything up-to-date. 320 West Second street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. 218 West Third street. Mrs. Fogleson.

WANTED—TO RENT.

FOR RENT—TWELVE TEAMS HEAVY horses. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 301 Torrey building.

WANTED TO RENT—FOUR TO SIX rooms on ground floor. Call or address E. G. S., 504 Board of Trade.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD IN private family by young lady. References, F 47, Herald.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 691.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company. No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

AND REPAIRED. 129 FIRST AVE. W.

LOST.

LOST — TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AN open-faced silver watch, going from Acme laundry to Duluth Heights. Reward of $5 if returned to Herald office.

LOST — A GREEN LAP ROBE, ON First or Second streets, between Lake avenue and Sixteenth avenue east. Return to William Prindle, Lonsdale building.

FOUND.

FOUND—MALE FOX-TERRIER, TWO brown ears. Owner may have same by calling at 202 West Michigan street, and paying charges.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

LOWEST PRICES IN CITY. J. P. STEvenson, 211 East Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior street.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIRRORS RESILVERED.

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St. Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 346.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS FLAvor use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

MEN'S FIRST CLASS BUSINESS SUITS, $21 and up. Linne Tailoring company, 118 West Fourth street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1401-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old 'phone 344-5. New 'phone 418.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 2, 1902. Work, second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 9, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Sunson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated conventions second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 11, 1902. Work, P. M. and M. E. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, at 8 p. m. Next conclave June 10th, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Machaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in "Third". Tuesday evening, June 3. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.—Duluth Aerie No. 76, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. U. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE NO. 17 MEETS every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. A. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. William Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

16 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

16 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NO LONGER RESISTING

There Is No Armed Insurrection In Philippines.

So Governor Wright Cables to Secretary Root.

Washington, June 6.—Secretary Root today made public the following cablegram from Acting Governor Wright of the Philippines:

"Manila, May 23, 1902.—Secretary of War Root, Washington: With reference to your cablegram of the 15th, outside of Moro county only portion of archipelago not organized under civil government are Lepanto, Bontero, Batangas, Laguna, Principe, Infanta, Mindoro, Samar and the Paragua and other small groups. No armed insurrection in any of them. No reason, so far as relates to peaceful conditions, why civil government in all may not be now established. Special governments for Bontero and Lepanto, inhabited exclusively by peaceful Igorotes, will be organized in a few days. Will organize civil government in Laguna immediately. Batangas, formerly organized, was turned over to the military authorities by Philippine commission act 273. Will repeal same, to take effect July 4. Only reason for not giving act immediate effect is that many people in this province have only recently returned to their homes, and in order to prevent possibility of suffering, think best to have military look after them until date named, because latter have perfected organization which civil authorities lack.

"Crops now being planted will mature by Aug. 1. Whilst Principe and Infanta could be organized at once, difficult to look after them until we receive vessels now building, say by Sept. 1; few inhabitatns and unimportant. Mindoro and Paraguan group large islands, sparsely populated, and difficult of access without vessels. For these reasons think best to leave military temporarily in charge of, because they have transportation facilities. Under Spanish regime Bontero, Lepanto, Principe, Infanta and the Paraguan group did not have provincial government commanded by military officers, and Mindoro was attached to Marinduque.

"Maj. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee concurs in above. WRIGHT."

ERUPTION NOT LIKELY

Dr. Herrick Has Examined Supposed Volcano Crater In New Mexico and Finds There Is No Danger.

Alberquerque, N. M., June 6.—Dr. C. M. Herrick, formerly president of New Mexico university, and one of the most eminent geologists in the West, after carefully examining the supposed volcano crater, 150 miles from Gallup, gives a description of the locality and says:

"Here there is a fold and fault, which is interesting because of the metamorphosis that is going on. From cracks in the sandstone overlining the lignite there is issuing a constant stream of heated air, carbon dioxide, sulphurous oxide and vapor.

"The selfataric action may be attributed to the slow oxidation of shales in the presence of water. From this point eastward is a series of cracks that have been filled with iron and lime, serving still further to show that along this fold a breakwater at one time ascended."

Dr. Herrick does not believe there is any possibility of dangerous eruption from this crevice.

HAS MADE NO PROGRESS

London, June 6.—Sir Robert Giffen, the former president of the statistical society and former chief of the statistical department of the board of trade, testifying today before the house of commons committee on steamship subsidies, said the changes in the position of British shipping compared with those of other countries was due largely to circumstances apart from subsidization. There had been a diminution of British progress, while elsewhere, especially in America, there had been a great advance. The number of American-owned ships sailing under the British flag, quite apart from those with the combine recently formed, had largely increased and was still increasing, and he regarded it as obvious that, notwithstanding the fact that the White Star line steamers were sailing under the British flag, the United States government regarded them as being American vessels, and would be prepared to defend them as the property of American citizens.

Sir Robert also said he regarded subsidies to be a political rather than an economic question.

TEAMSTERS WILL LOSE JOBS

Chicago, June 6.—The packing houses of Chicago are preparing to introduct more modern methods into their system of meat delivery for city trade. They will use the railway lines. During the recent strike of the teamsters the plan was given a thorough and successful test. Once in effect the packers will require but one-fourth of the present force of drivers.

So antiquated is the use of teams and drivers, the packers say, that they placed each of their distributing depots in the city near a railroad switch on some line connected with the Belt system.

But until forced by the strikers to use the railroads the packers had not attempted seriously to carry out their plan.

COLORED MEN ARE WROTH

Denver, June 6.—Representatives of Denver colored churches, at a called meeting, have adopted resolutions declaring they will remain away from the International Sunday school convention, to be held in this city, and will notify colored delegates throughout the country not to attend, unless an order restricting them to a certain section of the church is withdrawn. The executive committee that made the restriction was, it is charged, influenced in their action by a few white Southern delegates. The action was characterized as "unjust discrimination," and the sentiment expressed against the committee was very strong.

CAN COMPEL VACCINATION

St. Paul, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The rules laid down by the health department of the city of St. Paul requiring the vaccination of children who attend the public schools are legal and may be enforced.

This decision was rendered this morning in the case brought by Frank P. Freeman against the board of school inspectors to test the rights of parents and pupils.

The case was brought under the auspices of the Anti-Vaccination society, and after a defeat in the lower court, was appealed to the supreme court.

The lower court is sustained in its or when there is danger of an epidemic or when there is danger of a nepidemic the board of health has the power to demand that children attending the public schools be vaccinated.

GIRLS MAY UTILIZE BEAUTY

St. Paul, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court of Minnesota has decided that a girl's beauty is not to be counted against her, and that if a jury is influenced by the comeliness of a fair plaintiff, it is not for the court to deprive her of her natural advantages. This ruling was made indirectly this morning in the case of Emma Koeplitz against the city of St. Paul. The girl was injured by an accident while on a coaching party and sued the city, alleging a defective road.

She was awarded a verdict of $500 and the city appealed, alleging that her beauty was what influenced the jury. The supreme court denies a new trial and the verdict stands.

MITCHELL FLOODED

South Dakota Town Visited By a Violent Storm.

Rain Fell In Torrents For Three Quarters of an Hour.

Basements Are Full of Water and Great Damage Done.

St. Paul, June 6.—A Mitchell, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The greatest rain storm that has visited this section in years descended on Mitchell this morning. A violent wind storm came up first and the rain followed immediately afterward. The rain descended in torrents and with beating force for three-quarters of an hour. The streets were turned into running rivers as the sewers were inadequate to carry off the volume of water. Practically every basement on Main street is full of water and immense damage is done to stocks stored in them. In a great many residences situated on the low land in the city the water stands in the cellars about even with the floors. The water was eight inches deep on the floor of your correspondent's house. Considerable damage was done to trees by the rain and hundreds of them are lying prone on the ground. At the outset of the storm hail came and broke in windows in the residences and business parts, although more damage in the former than in the latter, as the tornado came from the northwest. Within four hours after the storm was over the greater portion of the water down town was carried off by the sewers, and the water is slowly receding in other parts of the city. The long distance telephone line is not working out of Mitchell, and there is but two lines of telegraph working out of the city, this being to Sioux City and St. Paul. It is impossible to estimate the damage done by the storm at this time, but it will doubtless reach a goodly sum. It is estimated that at least seven inches of water fell during the hour of rain.

HEAVY RAIN

Washed Out Tracks and Highways In Central Iowa.

Des Moines, June 6.—Central Iowa suffered last night from a most severe rain storm. Damage was done to highways, railroad tracks and in many cases to buildings as well as to the growing crops. The Baptist church, at Webster City, was struck by lightning and the steeple split from top to bottom.

Mitchellville reports that the corn planted on the slopes was washed out and will require replanting.

At Clarinda 5.24 inches fell inside of three hours, and in Des Moines 3.14 inches was recorded by the weather bureau.

MAD DOG SCARE.

Excitement Has Not Abated at Ellsworth, Ia.

Des Moines, June 6.—The mad dog scare at Ellsworth, Hamilton county, has not subsided. Two more persons were today taken to Chicago for treatment. They were Conrad Charlson and Florid Lakin. This makes seven persons who have been sent to Chicago for treatment, all being bitten by a mad hound belonging to a farmer named Lakin.

SAILS FOR MANILA.

The Cruiser Buffalo Starts Away Heavily Laden.

New York, June 6.—Laden with 500 tons of supplies for the ships on the Asiatic station the cruiser Buffalo has sailed for Manila. The ship also carries 700 sailors to replace those whose terms of service on the ships of the European and Asiatic stations have expired. The Buffalo will go direct to Gibraltar and is expected to make the trip to Manila in forty-two days.

MILES NOT SUMMONED.

General Is on His Way to Fort Riley.

Washington, June 6.—Secretary Root today stated that Gen. Miles has not been summoned to Washington. The general, it is said, is now en route to Fort Riley, Kan., to which point he goes in response to an invitation to attend the centennial celebration there next week.

NOT BEFORE FALL

Will Ambassador Herbert Reach United States.

New York, June 6.—Hon. Michael Herbert, the newly appointed ambassador at Washington, intends to leave in a few days for London to confer with Lord Lansdowne, cables the Paris correspondent of the Tribune. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert probably will remain in London for the coronation ceremonies. They will not make any decision as to their plans until after obtaining the wishes of Lord Lansdowne, but, owing to personal matters, including the breaking up of their residence here in the Avenue D'Jena, it is not likely that they will start for the United States before the end of August or the beginning of September.

MAJOR GENERAL LORD KITCHENER OF KHARTUM AND HIS REWARD FOR CRUSHING THE BOERS.

A grant of money and elevation to or in the peerage is the usual reward Great Britain gives her eminent generals who perform important service to the empire, and Kitchener gets $250,000 and rises from baron to viscount. Herbert, Lord Kitchener of Khartum, was elevated to the peerage in 1898 after he had recaptured Khartum and broken the power of the Mahdists. He succeeded Field Marshal Lord Roberts as commander in chief of the British army in Africa and with 280,000 men finally harried the Boers into accepting peace.

SCEPTRE EASY WINNER

Of the Oak Stake Run at Epsom---Glass Jug Was Second and the Simoon Filly Came In Third.

London, June 6.—Ladies' day at Epsom was marred today by the weather, King Edward, the Prince of Wales and other members of the royal family started for the course in a downpour of rain, and, consequently the roads leading to the Downs lacked much of their usual picturesque appearance. A majority of the race goers preferred to travel by train, but a good sprinkle of people adhered to the time-honored custom of attending "The Oaks" in coaches, and at intervals between showers the enclosures were gay with bright dresses.

By the time the racing had commenced the attendance had assumed big proportions and after the first two races attention was turned to the paddock, where the entries for the Oakes stakes were walking about. Mr. Sievers' bay filly Sceptre was soon established as favorite and the result of the race justified the faith that was placed in her.

At the Epsom summer meeting today the race of the "Oakes Stake" of 4,500 sovereigns for 3-year-old fillies, about one mile and a half, was won by R. S. Sievers' bay filly Sceptre.

McCalmont's chestnut filly Glass Jug was second, and Lord Cadogan's bay filly, by Prisoner out of Simon, was third. The betting was 5 to 2 against Sceptre, 10 to 1 against Glass Jug, and 25 to 1 against the Simoon filly. The Simoon filly was ridden by Maher, the American jockey. Sir J. Blundell Maples' bay filly Simony led to the stretch, where Sceptre, who started well, took command apparently at will, drew to the front and won easily by three lengths. A length and a half separated the second and third horses. The race was run while the rain was falling. Mr. Sievers and Sceptre received a rare ovation. Sceptre in April last won the 2,000 guineas stakes, and in May captured the 1,000 guineas stakes.

LAW WAS REPEALED

The President Has No Authority to Act In the Coal Strike Matter as Requested By New York Board.

New York, June 6.—The board of trade and transportation received a telegram from President Roosevelt today apprising them that he would be glad to receive the committee appointed by the board to ask the president to appoint a commission to investigate and take steps looking towards the settlement of the anthracite coal miners' strike.

The telegram which was signed by George B. Cortelyou, secretary to the president, pointed out that the law empowering the president to act in instances similar to the anthracite miners' strike was repealed in 1898, but added that the president will be glad to see the committee if it was decided to visit him.

After considering the fact that the law had been repealed, the committee decided not to visit the president.

MUST HAVE A PERMIT FIRST

St. Paul, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Northwestern Telephone Exchange company has no right to erect ploes and strings wires in the city of St. Paul without a permit from the commissioner of public works. This was decided by a ruling by Judge Lewis handed down by the supreme court this morning. This finding sustains the contention of the city that the company must obtain permits for extensions, and sustains the lower court of Ramsey county.

"BABY TAYLOR" IS AT HOME

Cincinnati, June 6.—Margaret Taylor, who was kidnaped from this city over four years ago, arrived here today accompanied by her parents and her brother Edward, aged 3 years, whom she had not seen till they met in New York this week.

"Baby Taylor," as she became known here, was met at the depot by a force of newspaper reporters, who interviewed her, some of whom she confused by talking Italian. When the party reached their home in Cimmingsville there was an ovation of neighbors and sympathizing friends. Interest here now centers in the extradition of the aunt, Clara Taylor, from Italy and the application at Columbus for the pardon of the grandmother and Miss Frances Taylor, another aunt.

AN UGLY FEELING

Prevails Among the Striking Coal Miners.

Trouble May Be Started By Slightest Cause.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 6.—The shooting affray at the Stanton colliery at South Wilkesbarre last night, in which a 13-year-old boy was seriously wounded by coal and iron policemen, has stirred up this community more than any other happening since the coal strike began, nearly four weeks ago. Although the region is quiet today there is an ugly feeling among the thousands of idle men. The strikers have the utmost contempt for the deputies and coal and iron police, and trouble can be started at the least provocation. The condition of the boy remains critical.

The police were fortunate in getting the four men who are accused of doing the shooting safely away from the colliery. A crowd of several thousand persons remained in the vicinity for hours after the shooting, not aware that the men had been quietly taken from the place. There was also a crowd at the police station at midnight waiting for the prisoners, but the men were hustled into the station so quickly that the crowd could not get them. At 8 o'clock today another coal and iron policeman was arrested for coming out of the Stanton colliery and flourishing a revolver in a threatening manner.

Nearly 100 strikers stationed on the public road leading to the drift of the colliery of Coxe Bros. & Co. stopped the non-union firemen and pumpmen employed at that mine from going to work today. The company officials report that there was no display of violence on the part of the strikers.

The sheriff called on President Mitchell today for the purpose of enlisting the aid of the national strike leader in preventing any further overt acts upon the part of the idle men and boys. Mr. Mitchell assured the sheriff that he would do all in his power to have the men keep the peace, and that striking miners would be asked to help guard company property from destruction. The worst time for disturbances is at 6 o'clock in the evening when the men leave for their homes. The sheriff announced that he would swear in during the day twenty trusty men, who will be kept in readiness at his office in the court house for any emergency.

Sheriff Jacobs, of this county, had a busy time last night. He was called upon by several of the companies to protect their property. Men were sent to some localities where trouble was looked for, prepared to read the riot act, but that was not done.

The coal operators hereabouts deplore last night's occurrence, but they feel that the coal and iron police cannot be held responsible for what may take place. There have been many attempts made at arson. Hundreds of yards of fencing surrounding collieries have been burned by boys and young men. The coal company officials hold the mine workers responsible for all the disturbances. They argue that if the strikers wish to keep the police away they should prevent their sons from starting trouble.

The hearing of accused policemen has been postponed until this afternoon. A small crowd surrounded the police station all morning. Extra men have placed on duty there so that the police may prevent any attempt on the part of a mob to get at the prisoners. There was no change today as far as the strike of the engineers, firemen and pumpmen is concerned. President Mitchell had nothing to give out.

Hazelton, Pa., June 6.—Some of the imported men left the service of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, at Yorktown last night, are reported by the strikers today to have disposed of their revolvers for very trivial sums in order to raise money to get back to Philadelphia.

The Yoktown local has requested the women and children of that place not to congregate at the barracks where the imported men and deputies are stationed.

One of the Delaware, Schulykill & Susquehanna railroad crews, which has been hauling special officers from one town to another, refused today to do their work.

District President Duffy and Sheriff Gumbert of Carbon county will have a conference at Yorktown today regarding the withdrawal of the deputies placed there by the direction of the sheriff Wednesday night.

Scranton, Pa., June 6.—Shutting down of the small screens and culm washeries erected at some of the refuse piles of long-abandoned drifts and tunnels is now engaging the attention of coal strikers of the Lackawanna valley. There are perhaps a score of these working with six to ten men each, and their trade is chiefly to farmers and some small industries. In every section several local unions thereabouts have begun closing them down. Those at Carbondale, Jermyn, Peckville and Taylor were all reported today closed. The Luzerne, a small screen in North Scranton, was closed yesterday, but its owners put on a new force of workmen today, and equipping them with guns, told them to work the place at all hazards. It screens about 100 tons daily, most of which goes to the Scranton Railroad company. The strikers in North Scranton plan a march on the place this afternoon and are confident they will close it. Some persons look for trouble. District President Nichols said reports continue to come of the desertion of many imported men, and the situation continues most encouraging to the strikers.

Harrisburg, June 6.—The situation in the Lickens valley region is becoming more serious. Sheriff Reiff has decided to increase his force of deputies. The strikers decline to serve and the sheriff has sent word here to swear in a small force. The additional deputies will go to Lickens and Wyconisco this afternoon and remain on duty until the trouble is over.

The strikers congregate every morning and evening on the outside of the colliery and hoot and jeer at the pumpmen and firemen as they pass to and from work. There are no signs of a serious outbreak, but the sheriff is preparing to meet trouble.

THE SORROWS OF SATAN

Seemed to Be Too Much For Arthur James, Who After Reading the Book, Cut His Throat With a Razor.

Chicago, June 6.—Sitting on Wooden island, in Jackson park, with a copy of "The Sorrows of Satan" at his side, Arthur Dee James, 30 years old, committed suicide by cutting his throat and gashing his left wrist with a razor. His motive for the act is a mystery. James was employed as city salesman for a local flour company, whose officials say that his accounts are straight and that he was to have received today a raise i nwages of $5 a week.

It is said he was engaged to a young woman in the South.

At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war James enlisted in the Fifty-first regiment of Iowa and later served in the Philippines. He came to Chicago from his home in Denison, Iowa, about a year ago.

MUST NOT PLAGUE TOPS

Man Who Tried to Tickle Elephant's Ear Was Seized By Beast, But Rescued Just In Time to Save His Life.

New York, June 6.—Another man, bent on plaguing the elephant, Tops, which killed a tormentor recently in Brooklyn, has newly paid for it with his life. At Poughkeepsie Louis J. Dondero tried to tickle the beast about the ears with a stick.

Tops drew back, gave a roar, shot out her trunk and wound it around Dondero's waist. She held him poised above her head, and then, while the young man yelled with fright, laid him on the ground. By this time the keeper had heard the cries and was running to the rescue. He reached Tops just as she had her foot raised and was about to step on her tormentor to crush him to death.

JEROME MAY SPEND MONEY

New York, June 6.—Justice Greenbaum of the supreme court, in a decision just handed down, establishes the right of District Attorney Jerome to spend as much money as he may see fit for the purpose of procuring evidence for the suppression of crime. The decision was brought about by Controller Grout refusing to honor a bill of $54.30 turned in by a detective who obtained evidence of excise law violations.

Last Days of This Great Sale!

Men's Trousers.
For tomorrow only, choice of one thousand pairs of Fancy Striped Tailor-made Trousers—
$3.00

Cravenette Overcoats
50 inches long, guaranteed against rain; your choice tomorrow of forty $15 coats for—
$10.00

M. S. BURROWS.

Tomorrow and Monday will witness the last days of this, the greatest clothing event in the history of The Great Eastern. Hundreds of men and young men have already profited by our recent great purchase of fashionable spring and summer suits at 60c on the dollar. If you haven't gotten yours, do so by all means now. Many lots have been closed out—what remains have been rearranged, and, to add additional strength, reinforced by some of our regular lines and ready tomorrow for the grand wind up. Included are the nobbiest and latest weaves in pure all-wool worsteds, cassimeres, homespuns, cheviots, blue serges, unfinished worsteds and vicunas—stylishly cut—perfectly tailored and faultless in fit. Custom tailors make no better at three times the price.

Gentlemen This sale means a saving of 40 per cent on your summer suit—it's extravagance on your part to allow so grand an opportunity to pass by unheeded. Remember, SATURDAY AND MONDAY ARE THE LAST TWO DAYS, so there's no time to lose — come promptly.

MENS FINE TOPCOATS..... Choice Tomorrow For $12
All our light colored top coats reduced in price to close them out tomorrow.
Handsome garments for all summer wear. Elegantly made, equal in every way to custom made.

Roberts-Wicks Co.'s Union-made Men's and Young Men's $12 and $13 Suits **$6.50**
Roberts-Wicks Co.'s Union-made Men's and Young Men's $15 and $17.50 Suits **$8.75**
Roberts-Wicks Co.'s Union-made Men's and Young Men's $20 and $23.50 Suits **$11.75**
Roberts-Wicks Co.'s Union-made Trousers, up-to-date patterns..... **$ 1.48**

Duluth's Leading Hat Store.
Always advantageous in buying here—greater stocks—latest fads—likewise the assurance of lowest prices.

$2.50 and $3.50 Hats for..... **$1.90**
Young's Hats for..... **$3.00**
Young stands for $4.00 Quality.
Young stands for $1.00 Saving.
Straw Hats.... **25c to $5.00**
Panama Hats..... Every one will want one this season—they are all the rage in the East—ours are the genuine kind—
$15, $20 and $25

A Grand Array of Matchless $3.50 Footwear For Men and Women

Burrows Regent Shoes—Made of Black Vici Kid on the Blucher last — extension soles, very stylish, equal to any $5.00 Shoe offered in competition—our price $3.50
Burrows Regent Dress Shoes—Are made of genuine Patent Ideal Kid. No better quality used in any price shoe, and yet they cost you only..... $3.50
Burrows Regent Oxfords—Made of Patent Ideal Kid, Blucher style, with extension soles, very swell. Cannot be duplicated under $5.00—our price..... $3.50
Hanan Shoes for Men and Women. Summer Styles Now Ready.

Men's Shirts, Men's Hosiery, Men's Neckw'r

Unusual Attractions for Tomorrow.

Men's Neckwear — 25c
50c, 75c and $1.00 qualities—the balance of our immense purchase—splendid assortment of Summer Neckwear..... 25c

Men's Shirts—$1.00
New ideas—exclusive ideas, soft and stiff bosoms — every conceivable pattern and same goods sold elsewhere for $1.50.

Men's Hosiery—25c
100 dozen Men's Balbriggan Half Hose—in black, tans, black with split white feet, made of best Sea Island Cotton.

Men's Underwear from 50c to $20.00. Dent's Gloves—Fowne's Gloves.

STRONG VALUES IN THE BOYS' DEPARTM'T
That merit your inspection—stocks have been repriced for brisk selling tomorrow.

Boys' Overcoats For summer and early fall wear—immense assortment of perfectly made garments—every one made for 1902 wear.

$15.00, $18.00 and $20 Coats, choice tomorrow **$11.75**
$10.00, $11.50 and $12.50 coats, choice tomorrow... **$8.75**
$8.00, $8.50 and $9.50 Coats, choice tomorrow... **$6.75**

Boys' Sailor Suits, worth up to $6.00—tomorrow only..... **$2.95**
Boys' Vestee Suits, worth up to $6.50—tomorrow only..... **$3.95**
Boys' two-piece Suits, worth up to $6—tomorrow only..... **$2.95**
Boys' Three-piece Suits, worth up to $7.50, tomorrow only..... **$4.95**
Boys' Long Pant Suits, worth up to $12.50, tomorrow only..... **$5.95**

50 Youths' Suits, sizes 33, 34, 35,
Made for us by the..... **Stein-Bloch Co. in the new black and white effects—**
nobby in every way, regularly $20—tomorrow..... **$15.00**

STRAW HATS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
All styles and shapes... 25c, 50c, 75c, $1 and up
Four dozen waists and blouses (sizes 12 to 15) regularly 50c, 75c and $1.00, tomorrow..... 25c

Boys' Suspenders	10c to 50c
Boys' Underwear	25c to 50c
Boys' Shirt Waists and Blouses	50c to $1.50
Boys' Hosiery	15c to 50c
Boys' Underwear	25c to 75c
Boys' Underwear, Union Munsing)	75c
Boys' Sweaters	50c to $2.00
Boys' Shirts	50c to $1.50
Boys' Night Shirts	50c to $1.00
Boys' Pajamas (Madras)	$1.00
Junior Shirts (Negligee)	50c to 75c
Athletic Suits	$1.00
Bathing Suits	50c to $1.00
Neckwear	25c to 50c
Children's Gloves	75c to $1.50

Children's Blouses (2½ to 7 years), some with embroidered collars and cuffs and some with plain pique trimmings.

$1.00 qualities	50c
$1.50 qualities	$1.00
$2.50 qualities	$1.50
$3.00 and $4.00 qualities	$2.00

10 dozen Boys' and Children's Caps—that sold from 50c to $1.50—to close Saturday..... 25c

AT THE HOTELS

J. C. Pond, general passenger agent of the Wisconsin Central railway, arrived at the Spalding from Milwaukee. Mr. Pond has come up to discuss matters pertaining to the passenger department of his road with General Agent Bryan. It is understood that he looks for the Wisconsin Central to put on fine new trains between Duluth and Chicago and Milwaukee as soon as improvements in roadbed and track that are now being made are completed. Provisions are being made for carrying much heavier passenger trains and engines than the present track is in shape at some points to carry in good shape, and when pending improvements are made it is promised that the Wisconsin Central will come to the front with one of the best trains in the West.

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A. Lyone, of Fort William, is at the St. Louis. Mr. Lyone is one of the prominent merchants of the Canadian seaport, and he talks enthusiastically of the future of his city, which he describes as the largest lake port in Canada.

"The Canadian Pacific railway," said Mr. Lyone this morning, is building two new elevators at Fort William, and rebuilding the steel elevators that burned this spring. We now have about 5,000,000 bushels storage capacity at Fort William, and this will be more than doubled. A Minneapolis firm has a contract for constructing a concrete elevator of 3,000,000 bushels, and a Chicago concern will rebuild the old steel elevator that was burned as well as a 2,500,000 bushel steel annex to the old elevator.

"In addition to this, the elevators will be modernized, so that they will be enabled to load vessels in about half the time that it takes now. The Canadian Pacific railway is also building a new coal dock.

"I understood just before coming away that the wheat stocks at Fort William were about three and a half million bushels. Last winter, the elevators were full, and the railroad yards were full of cars, loaded with wheat.

"It is impossible to get even a shed to live in at Fort William, so great is the demand for houses as a result of the great activity there. Yes, Port Arthur is doing exceptionally well. Of course, you understand that there is great rivalry between the two towns, so that what each says about itself or about the other is usually discounted considerably.

"They claim at Port Arthur that the Canadian Pacific railway has a 2,000,000 bushel elevator there, and that it will build another of the same capacity. Up at Fort William, we understand it that that present elevator has a capacity of only 1,250,000 bushels. Still, Port Arthur is going to be a good town—not nearly so good as Fort William, of course, but greatly improved over its former condition.

"Yes, it's true that Fort William is situated up the river a distance, but that only makes a larger harbor. The river has 26 feet of water all the way up to Fort William and the largest freight carriers on the lakes come up and load wheat without difficulty."

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Chief Grain Inspector L. D. Marshall, of St. Paul, arrived at the Spalding this morning.

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Rev. J. M. Todd, of Virginia, and Rev. Charles Ellis, of Ely, are men of the cloth who are among the guests at the McKay.

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J. E. Dager, Toledo; G. L. Hadley, Chicago; H. Tripp, New York; C. A. Bennett, Minneapolis; A. L. Tribble, Boston; H. J. Morsch, Minneapous; Mrs. C. W. Niles, Calumet; E. Easton, Miss Roban, T. H. Blair, Owatonna, and H. W. Allen and wife, St. Paul, are at the Spalding.

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S. I. Ettinger, New York; W. C. Kent, J. Q. Haas, St. Paul; C. H. Beaulieu, Bena; F. H. Day, Chicago; S. J. Mossman, Tacoma; Jean W. New, Floodwood; D. W. Powell, Marquette; E. D. Parmalee and wife, Virginia, and Rev. L. Favreau, Rat Portage, are at the St. Louis.

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S. [illegible]kson, C. B. Davis, Minneapolis; C. H. Sherman, Tower; E. C. Loveland, Tower; E. A. Shipley, Cincinnati; Elmer E. Davis, Cloquet; Miss Anna Smith, Hibbing; J. C. F. Jackson, Chicago; C. L. Vowden, Valparaiso, Ind.; A. E. Madsen, Chicago, and A. McGregor, Minneapolis, are at the McKay.

STOLE TON OF HAY.

Enterprising Thief Gets Away With Large Haul.

Some thief stole a whole ton of baled hay last night. The hay belonged to J. L. Lees & Co., of 120 East Superior street. It was stolen from a car standing in the Northern Pacific yards, between Lake and First avenues east. The car was received late in the day, and the work of unloading could not be finished before dark. The car was closed and it was the intention to finish the work of unloading this morning. During the night, however, the hay was unloaded into a wagon by a thief or thieves and there is no trace of it.

You've got to hustle all the time to keep in the swim. If you are slipping down the ladder of prosperity, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Makes people strenuous. Ask your druggist.

THE GOLD COUNTRY

W. H. Preston Believes Seine River Region Will Have Revival.

Investors Have In Past Demanded Too High Grade Ore.

Expense of Stamping Out Gold Much Less Than Formerly.

W. H. Preston, of Mine Center, Ont., who opened up the Olive gold mine, arrived at the St. Louis this morning. He was one of the pioneers of the Seine river gold field, and still has faith in the possibilities of that field.

"The trouble with the Seine river properties," said Mr. Preston this morning, "was that investors insisted on too high grade ore. I don't believe that high grade rock existing in that field in sufficient quantities to pay for working the properties on that basis. Men with money when we exploited the Seine river district country would not look at a proposition that did not look as if it would yield rock bearing more than $6 or $7 a ton.

"Another handicap that we had in the old days was the great expense we were put to in operation, because of the great distance we were from railroads and the difficulties we experienced in getting in supplies and obtaining and keeping miners. I would estimate in a very round way that the cost of stamping out the gold in the boom days was $5 or $6 a ton, which would not allow low grade rock to be worked.

"Now, however, the building of the Canadian Northern road directly through this district has simplified the matter considerably. It runs within six miles of Mine Center. The result of the building of this road would cut the cost of operation of these gold properties into halves, or possibly reduce it to one-third of the former expense.

"I believe now, as I did then, that the low grade properties in that district are the ones to work at a profit. The high grade deposits are so remotely bunched that too much mining has to be done to get results. Another thing, low grade properties can be bought very cheaply now.

"I understand that Mr. Foley has bought the Foley mine property including the stamp mill for $15,000, and that he intends to put it in shape for operation. Mr. Fisk, who organized the Log Cabin Mining company, a year ago, has a crew of men at work sinking shafts on his property, which is situated eight miles southeast of Mine Center. He has two shafts down, one of them at a depth of 150 feet, and is said to have found a large hole of low grade gold-bearing rock. Fisk organized his company with $3,000,000 capital, and the stock has sold at 50 cents a share. It was capitalized on reports made by some professors of Oberlin college who became interested in the prospect and made a very thorough investigation of the conditions existing there.

"These operations and the sale of the Foley mine, as well as the return of Col. Hillyer from England, have renewed some interest in the Seine river field. There is no question but that the gold is there. The fact that $125,000 worth was taken from the Golden Star and $70,000 worth from the other property is proof enough of that. The only problem is now to work them so that the gold may be produced at a profit.

"The new railroad is bound to make a great change along the boundary. It is opening up great districts of territory that were little more than penetrated before its construction. There is some farming land near Mine Center, but it has been so largely taken up for mineral purposes that there is no chance for farmers to get hold of it.

"I'm afraid that the old town of Mine Center, which was the center of the gold mining operations in the boom days is doomed to practical death. The fact that the railroad was built about six miles from the lake shore at this point, left Mine Center that much distant from the railway, and we have to go to the station by stage. The result has been that a new hotel and a large store have been built at the station and the indications are that further developments will follow which will divert what is left of the old town.

However, H. C. Percival has reopened the large hotel at the old town, for the accommodation of tuorists who pass along the boundary waterways (during the summed, and during the tourist season the need of a stopping place at this point, near the railroad, may result in the keeping alive of the place."

AT WEST DULUTH

There will be a meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club this evening to decide definitely whether the organization will take part in a Fourth of July celebration proposed for this part of the city. There is yet a month before Independence day, but during the intervening time, should there be a celebration planned, it is recognized that considerable work will have to be done in the way of raising funds, securing prizes, etc., and that the sooner such movements are under way the better.

President Mallory has urged that every member of the club be present this evening, so that a good idea may be had of the sentiment of the club regarding a celebration for West Duluth. That opinion differs as to the advisability of the Commercial club instigating the celebration is very evident, many holding that it is an event that the business men alone should take the initiative in. One merchant said this morning:

"The idea that a celebration in West Duluth will benefit the saloon men alone is nonsensical. A celebration will bring lots of people out here and will hold them here. We ought to go into this matter with the right spirit and have a hummer. Last year's celebration would have been a great success had it not rained."

It is understood that if the Commercial club does not go ahead with the celebration, a number of the business men will take the matter up, call a public meeting and raise the funds necessary to give the movement a good financial backing.

VIEWS THE ROUTES.

President Goodrich Drives Over Proposed Extension.

President C. G. Goodrich and Manager Warran of the street railway company drove out to West Duluth this morning looking over the route for the proposed extension of the West Third street line. The officials are said to have also driven over the other proposed routes on the hillside which some of the residents have asked a service for instead of on Grand avenue.

It is understood that the traction company would favor the hillside route in preference to the Grand avenue and West Third street extension for the reason that the West Duluth tracks would be farther apart and a service would be given in a part of the city that is now some distance from the car tracks. As the matter stands, in spite of the agitation for the Norton avenue route, the order of the court is still in effect for the construction of a line on Grand avenue, and this will be done unless the court releases the company.

LIKES HIS FARM.

A letter received within the last few days from Jay C. Hunter, of Royalton, Minn., who formerly resided here, indicates that Mr. Hunter is in a prosperous condition. He has 153 acres under cultivation, of which 75 acres are under wheat and 40 under corn. He raises a large amount of live stock and finds a ready market for it. Mr. Hunter thinks the country about Royalton a fine opening for anybody with agricultural tendencies, or for those who wish to raise stock.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

There are rumors current this morning of the wedding next month of a well-known railroad man and a young lady from Barnum, Minn. The marriage, it is said, will be a surprise to the groom's West Duluth friends.

The Duluth Safety Car Stake company, though yet in its infancy, is making rapid strides toward a successful future. Already orders have come in amounting to $50,000 worth of business. The enterprise is managed by West Duluth business men, and began doing business about the middle of May. Large orders were received this week from Wisconsin, Michigan and Arkansas.

There was a large attendance of West Duluth people last evening at the graduating exercises of the grammar school grades at the High School building.

W. C. Gray and son have returned from a several days' business trip to the Twin Cities.

James Brady, Sr., of Cody street, is quite sick with a cold.

Mrs. Sparks, a teacher at the Irving school, will open a summer school in the building next Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Simons, of Carlton, formerly of West Duluth, were visitors here yesterday and today. They came to witness the graduating exercises of the eighth grade, in which they have two sons.

Mrs. Henry Jewell will return this evening to her home in Proctorknott, after a two years' absence at the home of her parents in Wisconsin.

Miss Julia Dolson, of Oscoda, Mich., is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dolson, of 132 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Spooner, of 27 Sixty-third avenue west, and a son to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Cody, of Forty-eighth avenue west.

Through an error in the account of George Cameron's funeral yesterday afternoon, it was stated that Lanners' band played the funeral march, instead of Whaleback camp, M. W. A., band, of West Superior.

Big bargain on dairy products at the Butter Store and Milk depot. Murray Bros.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

WEDDING RINGS.
The happy wedding season finds us prepared with an unexcelled assortment of wedding rings in the newest and most fashionable styles, as well as the conservative ones. The selection includes the round, half round, wide and wide oval, and the makes are of the best.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.
334 West Superior Street.
Providence Building.

THE DETAILS.

Particulars as to Great Northern Excursion Next Week.

The local Great Northern offices have been advised by the general passenger department of the details of the excursion that road will run next week, Saturday, from Evansville and intermediate points to Duluth. The special will leave Evansville at 6 a. m.. A $2.50 rate is made for this excursion from Evansville, Brandon, Garfield, Alexandria, Nelson, Osakis, West Union, Sauk Center, Melrose, Freeport, Albany, Avon, St. Joseph, St. Cloud and Foley, while a graded rate, running down to $1.39 from Sandstone, is made from the points nearer to Duluth. The special will arrive here at 1:30 p. m. Saturday, and returning will leave at 7 p. m. on Sunday.

The Old Settlers' excursion from Benson and Litchfield and intermediate points will leave those stations at 6 a. m., June 21, and a uniform rate of $2.50 for the round trip will be made. The excursions will cover stations no farther east than St. Cloud. It will bring people from the following places: Benson, De Graff, Murdock, Kerkoven, Pennock, Willmar, Litchfield, Grove City, Atwater, Kandiyohi, Spier, New London, Paynesville, Roscoe, Torah, Cold Springs and St. Cloud.

Notice For Bids.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that sealed bids will be received by E. W. Bohannon, 2029 East Third street, until 8 p. m. June 11th, 1902, for plastering, laying cement floors, sidewalks and grading grounds at the Normal school, said bids to include all materials and labor.

The plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Palmer, Hall & Hunt. The work must be completed by the 20th of July, 1902.

Satisfactory bond will be required of the successful bidder.

E. W. BOHANNON.
President and Purchasing Agt.

What a Snap on Clothing

Wear them while paying for them, for **Men, Women and Children. Terms Easy—only . . . . . .**

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS.

Our Discount Sale Has Begun SO we can close out all Clothing in stock. They must be sold, and if you are looking for GOOD GOODS AT BARGAIN PRICES, you should come at once and pick out your goods.

Payments—$1.00 Per Week on Clothing.

IF IT COMES FROM "GATELY'S" IT'S GOOD.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.,
OPEN SATURDAY EVENING TILL 10:30
8 East Superior Street.
YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

MANAGER OF MINES

Reported That D. M. Philbin Will Be Given New Place.

To Come to Duluth and Manage Hill Mining Interests.

Policy Will Be to Push Them More Extensively.

It is rumored in Duluth that Vice President D. M. Philbin of the Eastern Minnesota road will move to Duluth about July 1 to establish offices as general manager of the department of mines of the Great Northern road. At that time the Eastern will pass into the Great Northern system, and it is understood that the operating department will come directly under the general operating department of the parent system. It is said to be quite likely that Assistant Superintendent Howard of the Eastern will be made division superintendent under the new arrangement.

The Hill interests have acquired enormous mineral holdings on the Mesaba and Western Mesaba ranges, especially during the past year. They have become so large that it is said a special department has become necessary to attend to them properly. Moreover, it is intimated that it is the policy of the road to push the development of the iron lands it has acquired if possible through furnace interests much more rapidly than has been done in the past.

The fact that independent consumers of pig iron and ore are rapidly becoming interested in the production of ore on their own account, and the already large traffic that has been built up by the road, makes is imperative, it is said, to give the iron interests more authoritative attention than they have received in the past.

Mr. Philbin is the veteran iron ore railroad man in the Lake Superior region, with the exception of Vice President Fitch, of the South Shore, under whose direction he grew up in the business. He is looked upon as the best man the Hill people could possibly place in charge of their iron interests.

It is understood that Louis W. Hill, who, as president of the Eastern Minnesota, has had executive charge of the iron ore interests, will turn this responsibility over to Mr. Philbin, and the latter in turn will be largely relieved of the responsibility and duties connected with the operating department.

Louis W. Hill is said to have succeeded to the duties formerly devolving upon James N. Hill, who will take a several years' vacation in Europe to recover his health. Louis Hill continues as assistant to the president of the Great Northern, though he assumes executive charge of the Montana Central and Wilmar & Sioux Falls companies in addition to the duties he has been performing, which are said a great deal of the time to be practically those of the president of the system.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St

Parlor theater. Elegant vaudeville show.

Chas. A. Stark & Co. are now located at 213 Palladio building.

Remember the Modern Samaritan entertainment at the Armory this evening.

D. A. Petre has received from the Governor Yates' Boer Relief Fund committee a receipt for $22 contributed by the following Duluth people: John De Waard, $2; Fred Hencke, $1; F. W. Hencke, $1; Louis Wolfrom, $1; R. W. Kruschke, $3; A. Fitzgerald, 2; John Flynn, $5; A. C. Weiss, $1; Dietz & Co., $1; Max Mirth, $2; Hansen Smith, $1; D. A. Petre, $2.

L. N. Merritt & Co. have appealed to the district court from a judgment for $28.82 secured in the municipal court at Virginia by W. T. Bailey & Co. L. N. Merritt & Co. is composed entirely of L. N. Merritt, and the plaintiff claims that he promised to answer for lumber purchased by William Dunn. One of the defenses is that he never made that promise, and another is that he was then under 21 years of age, and could not make a contract.

The Big Duluth baseball team will leave tomorrow evening for a game with Lake Nebagamon Sunday. Lake Nebagamon has a fast team and will give the clothing men a hustle for their money.

Smoke X-Ray and Duluth Herald cigar. Parlor theater. None better in town.

Dalliman & Co. have sued the Mitchell & Rowland Lumber company to recover $50 alleged to be due for services in assisting in the purchase of lumber and measuring and inspecting timber. J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey are the attorneys.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Frank Nelson, formerly a subject of the king of Norway and Sweden.

Rev. Robert Forbes has returned from an extended trip in the West and will preach next Sunday morning at the Grace M. E. church. In the afternoon he will deliver an address at the dedication of Temple Emmanuel, and in the evening will preach at the Endion M. E. church.

Duluth plumbing company for lowest prices on plumbing and heating.

Martin Wojciechowski, a merchant of Gilman, Stearns county, has filed a petition of voluntary bankruptcy. His liabilities are $1985.27 and assets $1749.

Chris Melin was arrested in this city today charged with passing a raised check on Charles Peterson, a West Superior saloonkeeper. The check was passed more than a year ago and Mr. Melin is said to have received $38 on the strength of it. He accompanied Deputy Sheriff Frank Summers to Superior this afternoon saying that he would prove his innocence.

The board of public works today made the assessment for the Normal school sewer which was put in last fall.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. B. Macfarlane, of Ottawa, Can., is visiting Mrs. C. A Chamberlain, of 1115 West Michigan street.

Mrs. W. F. Markus, of 4005 West Fourth street, left yesterday for an extended visit with friends and relatives in the southern part of the state.

A party of anglers from the Twin Cities will be here Sunday morning to go to Chicago bay for an outing. The party will be headed by Fred C. Schiffman, state oil inspector, but the other members are not yet known here.

Archie Kenney, of Kenney, Anker & Denny, is in the Eastern markets.

James C. Geggie, who has for twelve years been connected with the grain firm of Spencer, Moore & Co., will leave Monday next for Minneapolis to make that city his home. He will be with the grain firm of E. S. Woodworth & Co., in that city. Mrs. Geggie and son will leave with Mr. Geggie on Monday.

H. R. Ripson, Charles A. Gardner and Mrs. E. C. Deatt are a trio of Two Harbors people who are registered at the McKay.

Dr. Charles W. Niles, of Calumet, Mich., is at the Spalding.

Alford Wade, of Cleveland, who made his home in Duluth for some time a few years ago, is at the Spalding.

William Randolph, of Rainy Lake, is in the city.

Superintendent John A. Redfern, of Hibbing, is at the Spalding.

A. J. Taylor and P. O. McGarle, of Cloquet, are guests at the Spalding.

R. R. Dunn, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

We direct your Attention to the following Exceptionly Good Values

In Spring and Summer Underwear for Women and Children—

Several lines of Cotton and Lisle Vests, low neck—no sleeves—at 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 89c and 50c—in well finished, perfect-fitting goods.

At 25c—Ladies' fine ribbed white cotton vests in high neck and long sleeves, nicely trimmed around neck and down front—pants knee length, with or without lace trimming.

At 50c—Ladies' fine ribbed white cotton vests, high neck and down front—pants ankle length—just the right weight for this weather.

At 65c—Ladies' fine ribbed white Cotton Union Suits, high neck and long sleeves, knee or ankle length, extra well made and finished.

At $1.25—Ladies' extra fine ribbed white Lisle Union Suits, high neck and long sleeves, angle length, silk crochet trimmed—a beautiful garment.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

RETIRES.

Charles A. Duncan Resigns From Water and Light Board.

Charles A. Duncan, one of the original members of the board of water and light commissioners, has resigned.

Mr. Duncan recently became a member of the board of directors of the Highland Canal and Power company. This company has a franchise from the city and has other business interests with the city. The charter does not allow the slightest business relations between any city officer and the municipality.

Mr. Duncan has worked diligently for the success of the department, and the other commissioners, recognizing his ability and worth, elected him president of the board from 1900 to 1902.

The other commissioners—S. F. Snively, Hansen E. Smith, A. R. Macfarlane and L. B. Manley—this morning adopted the following expression of gratitude for Mr. Duncan and their regret at the necessity of his retirement:

"Commissioner Charles A. Duncan, having tendered us his resignation as a member of this board because of his association with the Highland Canal and Power company, we, the remaining members, desire to express something of the regret we feel at this severance of our official relations.

"As one of the original members of the board, upon whom devolved the task of organizing the department so as to render its operations suitable to and in keeping with municipal ownership, as well as the rebuilding of many of its physical properties that had become obsolete or wornout, Mr. Duncan gave to this work much time and earnest attention, and such wise and discriminating judgment as resulted, more than by any other means, in establishing a successful administration of the affairs of the department, and rendering its operation acceptable and profitable to the people.

"It is with deep regret that we accept this resignation, not only for ourselves, but in behalf of the whole city, which he has so faithfully served.

"We desire, however, to congratulate his fellow-citizens in this: that a great enterprise, upon which depends so largely the future prosperity of our city, is to receive in its administration the energy, fidelity and integrity that characterized his every duty as a commissioner, and which, in fact, governs his actions in everything in which he engages.

"So that, after all, though we lose him as a commissioner of this department, we gain him in a position of prominence and power in another relation that is of vital importance to Duluth."

Too Much on the Carve.

Theodore East, a colored leader in the Paradise alley musical set, expressed a yearning to carve his wife last evening. She has been cut by him before and felt greatly put out that he should suggest doing it again. As a result East is in a prison cell pending a hearing next Tuesday at which he will be requested to keep the peace or forfeit one hundred portions of his circulating medium.

A BIG EARNER.

Good Food Pays Better Than Any Other Investment.

Money put into properly selected food that brings health and maintains it is better invested than any other way.

A man who had spent hundreds of dollars in medicines to try and get well writes that the past year he has used 156 packages of Grape-Nuts. He says: "Several years ago I had two severe shocks of paralysis, bringing on general nervous debility. I was not able to do work of any kind for several years.

"I doctored hundreds of dollars away. About a year ago I began using Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and have so steadily gained in strength and health that since last July I have worked every day at collecting for a large company, walking several miles a day, and have not enjoyed better health for over twenty years than I do now. I am able to use all kinds of food, but do not eat much besides Grape-Nuts and Postum Food Coffee." W. F. Albro, 207 Chestnut street, Scranton, Pa.

Don't overlook the recipe book in each package of Grape-Nuts.

TO SPEND LARGE SUM

Street Railway to Put In $300,000 This Year.

President Goodrich Comes Up To Look Ground Over.

Will Begin Fourth Street Lines As Soon As Possible.

"The Duluth-Superior Traction company will spend $300,000 this summer in improving its tracks at the head of the lakes," said President C. G. Goodrich, who arrived from Minneapolis this morning. "The improvements will include both sides of the bay, and will consist in new trackage and in the repair of the old track. When the work contemplated is completed the street railway system of Duluth and Superior will be second to none in the Northwest."

Mr. Goodrich is here today for the purpose of inspecting the system and viewing the improvement work already in progress. This morning, in company with General Manager Herbert Warren, he drove out over the proposed routes for the Grand avenue extension. With reference to the West Duluth street railway matters, President Goodrich said there is nothing new to say. The matter stands as it did when he was here before. The company is ready to extend the West Third street line this fall, as ordered by the court. In regard to a change of plans for a track on some other route than on Grand avenue, he stated that when the West Duluth people could agree on what they wanted the company would listen to a proposition, but this agreement has not yet been reached.

The improvements contemplated on this side of the bay include not only the new track that has been laid, and is now constructed west of Eighth avenue west, but will include new tracks on East and West Fourth streets. Work on the latter tracks will begin just as quickly as it is possible for the company to do so. So much repair work and new track work is underway at different points on the system that it will take a little time to remedy all the defects, but the delay is not intentional.

In West Superior the company has already begun to put down the new standard gauge double tracks to South Superior, but were discontinued on account of the heavy rains. General Manager Warren said the work will recommence just as soon as the ground is in condition.

This afternoon a conference between President Goodrich and the local officials is being held at the office of Director Luther Mendenhall.

DATE FIXED.

Truelsen Against Hugo Case Will Come Up June 16.

The case of "who's who in Duluth," otherwise known as Henry Truelsen vs. Trevanion W. Hugo, will be argued before the supreme court on June 16.

A dispatch from St. Paul this morning announced that the judges had decided on that date for the hearing in the contest-mayoralty arguments.

The case goes to the supreme court with a plurality of 5 votes for Mayor Hugo, the Republican contestee. The Democrats hope to have the decision of the district court reversed in regard to the counting of ballots not initialed by the election judges and are still counting on putting Henry Truelsen in the mayor's chair with about the same number of votes that the present incumbent now enjoys.

It is the first time on record that a supreme court will be called on to pass upon ballots that were not properly initialed by judges of election and the decision which will be rendered at a comparatively early date will be watched with keen interest in many states.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$12.50, $15, $16.50 and $21.50 Fine Tailored Jackets at $7.50 Tomorrow

Clearance of $6.75 and $7.50 Tailored Jackets at $3.75....

Misses' and Women's sizes—of Tan covert cloth or black Clay Worsted; splendidly made—our regular $6.75 and $7.50 lines, which we desire to close out. We offer them tomorrow at $3.75.

Also a line of $8.75 Tailored Jackets in all sizes and colors at $5.00.

About fifty in all, consisting of Moire, Taffeta and Peau de Soie—some with imported Arabian lace collars—some collars and reveres of white Moire—some tailor stitched—all of them silk and satin lined—mostly all have sold at $12.50, $15 to $21.50—some few have sold as low as $10.75. We shall place on sale tomorrow the entire lot in all sizes and a splendid choice to select from at $7.50 Alterations charged for.

No lay-bys—no approvals and no charges.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY

BURGLARIES.

Two Are Reported From West End---No Clues.

The West End had two burglaries yesterday.

In the afternoon between 3 and 5 o'clock the home of Fred Spetz, 227 Twenty-first avenue west, was entered and about $15 and a gold watch stolen.

Mrs. Spetz was down town for about two hours and left the house securely locked. It was still locked when she came back, but there was every evidence that it had been searched thoroughly by a thief.

The hiding place of the money and watch was discovered, but nothing else was taken. The theory is that the thief opened the front door with a skeleton key. There is no clue to the burglar.

Last night the saloon of Edward Anderson, 1544 West Superior street, was broken into and about $4 taken from the till. The thief gained entrance by knocking off some boards over the rear transom.

RESTORED.

Lumber Freight to Southwest Renewed On Through Business.

There has been another change in the lumber freight rate to the Southwest. The tariff in effect before the 2d of the month has been restored. This applies only to through business to the Southwest. The Minneapolis local rate remains at 7 cents per hundred, instead of 6 cents.

It is explained that the advance in the through rate proportional, Duluth to Minneapolis, which was made on the 2d of the month, was a mistake. It was intended to advance the local from 6 to 7 cents, but it had not been the purpose to raise the proportional from 5 to 7 cents. Consequently, as soon as the three days' notice of a reduction could be given to the interstate commerce commission after the new tariff was effective, still another new tariff was published.

The consequence is that all lumber freight rates from Duluth to Southwestern points, except to Minneapolis, are on the same basis now as they were up to the last of May.

Teachers' Rates to Eastern Points.

Fare and one-third for the round trip, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company. Tickets on sale June 6th, 7th, and 8th. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace with the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company steamers leaving Duluth 6:45 p. m., Friday, June 6th.

Reserve sleeping car and stateroom accommodation early.

M. ADSON, Gen'l Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Charles F. Schmidt and Maggie Falander.

Alfred Nelson and Amelia Carlson.

George Shaw and Sophie Schubiske.

Charles Miller and Clara Schaffer.

BIRTHS.

COLE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Cole, of 21 Eleventh avenue west.

APOLONJO—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Apolonjo, of 530 Piedmont avenue.

O'CONNELL—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick T. O'Connell, of 704 East Second street.

DEATHS.

BARSNESS—The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary Barsness, who died June 3 at her home in the Lowell block, will be held at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon, May 8, in the Norwegian Lutheran church, First avenue east and Third street.

CARLETON—Miss Nellie Carleton, an operator, employed by the Zenith City Telephone company, died at St. Mary's hospital last night after an illness of several months. Funeral arrangements will be announced tomorrow.

RAPINSKI—Mary Rapinski, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rapinski, died last night at her home, 808 East Ninth street. She was in the 22nd year of her age. The funeral service will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Polish Catholic church.

OLSON—Turvald Olson, age 13 years, died yesterday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Olson, 807 West Superior street. Notice of funeral hereafter.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING. Largest stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest. C. O. NELSON. Open Day and Night. 21 1st Ave. W. and U. S. Blk. 19th Ave. E. 308th Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A ROUGH, RED, DRY, TENDER chafed skin made fair and lovely by Satin-skin Cream, and Powder. 25c.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Clearance of $4.75 to $6 Children's Coats At Only $2.95

Reds, blues and tans—trimmed in a variety of ways, some with sailor collars, some with contrasting colors in collars and cuffs; a clearance of entire lines; not one of them have sold for less than $4.75; many of them have sold for $5, $5.50 and $6. All will be offered at one price tomorrow.....$2.95

$8.75 to $10.75 Children's 3-quarter Taffeta Coats— $5.75

A small lot to close out—sizes 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8—made with triple cape, lined with white and tailor stitched with white—the lowest priced one has retailed at $8.75—about half of the lot has retailed at $10.75—we shall offer them at one price tomorrow.....$5.75

No lay bys—no approvals and no charges.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We Offer Tomorrow Several Dozen Plain White Ladies' Stock Ties at 59 cents.

Regular Value 75c.

(Neckwear Dept.)

SEVERAL DOZEN Satin Fold, Moire and Taffeta Belts, with new front buckle and wide back—in nickel, gold or black, at—

59c.

75c value—Special table—right aisle.

Du Barry Shirt Waist Sets

3-pieces of solid Pearl—plain, white or smoked—gold mounted, large size—very stylish—

25c

Per set. Value 50c.

Also Turquoise or Medallion sets at—

25c.

WRIST BAGS—

75c.

Tan, grey, brown and black—of Ozze calf, seal and walrus—$1 value.

LEATHER CHATELAINES—Black, brown and grey—of seal, walrus and alligator; good nickel mountings and extra pocket in sides—$1.50 value.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We Offer Tomorrow Twenty—

High Class Trimmed Hats

That have never before sold for less than $8.00, $9.00 and $10, at

$6.00 each.

And several very beautiful

Pattern Hats

That have never before sold for less that $15, at

$10.00 each.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

A Small Lot of $16.50 to $24.50 Tailored Suits.....$7.50

A few odds and ends taken from the stock here and there—about twenty-five in all — not one of them has retailed for less than $16.50—the majority of them have sold for $18.50, $20.00 and up to $25.00—we shall place them on sale tomorrow at one price.....$7.50

Alterations charged for.

No Laybys—No Approvals—No Charges.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GRADED SCHOOLS

Graduation Exercises Are Held at the High School.

Large Class of Graduates From the Eighth Grade.

Fine Program In Which All Schools Are Represented.

The commencement exercises of the Duluth graded schools were very successfully given at the high school assembly hall last evening. About 300 pupils graduated from the grammar grades into the high school.

The exercises consisted of elocutionary and musical numbers. A chorus composed of about a hundred voices from the graduating classes furnished the music. The chorus was directed by A. F. M. Custance. The boys and girls who composed it were very prettily attired and the bright, happy young faces, pretty bouquets, and neat apparel made a picture well worth seeing.

An invocation by Rev. Harry W. Knowles opened the program. This number was followed by the beautiful hymn, "Holy, Holy, Holy." Miss Eva R. Ringsred gave the Jackson school number. It was a little story of a street waif entitled "Patsy," and she succeeded in bringing out the touching pathos of the story to the fullest extent.

The "Unknown Speaker," a story in connection with the passing of the United States' constitution, was well given by Charles d'Autremont, of Endion.

"The Singing on God's Acre," by Marguerite Knowles, of Lincoln school, was an excellent number. The "Dress Maker at the White Farm," a humorous number, was well given by Mabel Culkin, of Glen Avon, which was followed by a chorus, "The Shower," arranged from Verdi by Mr. Custance.

Oscar Heim, representing the Adams school, very effectively delivered an address on "Americanism." Two young ladies of the Jefferson school gave the well known dialogue between Portia and Nerissa in "The Merchant of Venice," Misses Katheryn Burris and Ethel Erieson. Curtis Silger, of the Longfellow school, delivered an effective recitation, "The Calf Path." The contribution of the Irving school was "Tobe's Monument" in laughable dialect. Miss Lelia Sparks delivered it. The song, "Bare Foot Boy," by the chorus, followed.

Benjamin Frink, of the Emerson school, gave an emotional description of a great boat race entitled, "The Honor of the Woods." Charles McFadden, of the Lakeside and Lester Park schools, gave Kellar's great declamation, "Spartieus to the Gladiators," in stirring style.

The story of Hobson's deed in sinking the Merrimac at Santiago was graphically told by Howard McAdams, of the Madison school. "The Dandy Fifth," and the "Pride of Battery B," both military declamations, were delivered by Roy Schoonover, of the Fairmont, and Katherine Coons, of the Lowell schools, respectively.

The chorus sang "Hark the Awakening Call" with good effect. Fred Gallagher, of the Washington, delivered an oration on "Piety and Civic Virtue," which was distinctly good, both from point of delivery and composition.

Verona Kerr, of the Bryant school, gave a recitation, "An Order for a Picture." The long and excellent program was completed with the singing of "America."

Before the closing of the program Seperintendent Denfeld addressed the graduating class. He told of his pride in seeing such a large and excellent class graduate from the Duluth schools. He encouraged them in every way, laying particular stress on the enjoyment and profit that they would get from a thorough study of the best English literature.

The graduates were as follows:

ADAMS SCHOOL.
Bauman, Arthur,
Beaton, Nell E.,
Crowley, John,
Emerson, Gertrude,
Evered, C. Bert,
Helam, Oscar,
Hiseby, John,
Johnson, Minnie J.,
Martin, F. Lloyd,
McInnes, Katherine,
Nelson, Florence,
Olsen, Lydia,
Stanley, Gracia,
Wetterlind, Henry Martin,
Williams, Guy,
Wilson, Oscar S.

BRYANT SCHOOL.
Grogan, Lulu Adele,
Huakons, Bertina Louise,
Hanson, Charles,
Kerr, Virona,
Merritt, Alta Hepzibeth,
Nelson, Florence,
Olson, Carl,
Peterson, Inez H.,
Potts, Clyde Franklin,
Smith, James Edward,
Spence, Ida Marie,
Strandmark, Nora Violet,

ENDION SCHOOL.
d'Autremont, Charles Maurice,
Beier, Freda C.,
Brown, Morris Stevens,
Bingham, John Harper,
Britts, Hazel M.,
Coson, Raymond Arthur,
Dinham, William Aaron,
Dunning, Arthur Stephenson
Falgren, Minnie Augusta,
Haire, Edna Isabel,
Higgins, Dana Delos,
Hale, Helen Morton,
Hampel, Rosa Martha,
Kennebrook, Nellie Almeda,
MacMullen, Ethel May,
Powell, Jennie Jewell,
Patrick, Isabelle S.,
Smith, Maybelle Claire,
Smith, Eunice Hunt,
Sahlburg, Ruth Elizabeth,
Stevenson, Robert Edward,
Wakefield, Bessie Luella.

FAIRMOUNT SCHOOL.
Amundson, Oscar Alvin,
Schoonover, Roy Gordon,
Brown, Florence Charlotte,
Connelly, May Cordelia,
Jensen, Gine Mary,
Knebenhecker, Elfreda Francis,
Moork, Alice Rosella.

FOND DU LAC SCHOOL.
Bishop, Ralph Glen,
Hogsted, Maurice,
Lafrance, Ida.

EMERSON SCHOOL.
MacArthur, Annie,
Fredin, Esther Virginia,
Frink, Benjamin,
Quinby, Wallace L.,
Claypool, Charles Vernor,
Peterson, Agnes,
Wilson, Arthur Willard,
Nunemaker, Lizzie,
Rowitallie, Anna Maria,
Forsyth, Robert,
McDonald, Mary,
Older, Amelia,
Kreimer, Robert,
Lindahl, Ida Matilda,
Cullen, Mary Irene,
Wright, William Albert.

GLEN AVON SCHOOL.
Clark, Simon,
Culkin, Mabel L.,
Davis, Hope Gwendolen,
Howe, Florence Elizabeth,
Howe, Sterling,
Jacobson, Fred,
Leyhourn, Hattie Fern,
Milner, William Delos,
Wiltse, Opal Blanche.

IRVING SCHOOL.
Close, Eleanor Louise,
Crosby, Warren J.,
Dunleavy, George,
Ehr, William Nicholas,
Enestrom, William Milton,
Foubister, Ella May,
Gilluson, Ephriam Carl,
Hulburt, Sadie Agnes,
Harvey, James Patrick,
Huntoon, Ethyl Emeretta,
Knox, Georgia Hazen,
Kern, Frances Marie,
Liehtendorf, Annie Clara,
MacBeth, Katie May,
Mallory, Blanche Myrtle,
Mosier, Emma Marie,
Ramstad, Edwin,
Sparks, Lelia Charlotte,
Schinlaub, Sadie Emma,
Schinlaub, Arthur Carl,
Wiseman, Rachel,
Wiseman, Martha Louisa.

JACKSON SCHOOL.
Allen, Marion,
Anderson, Ellen Thoms,
Bergman, Johanna Maria,
Berlin, Robert Charles,
Eaton, Pauline Claire,
Evans, Florence,
Fisher, Elizabeth Inglesby,
Flynn, Gerturde Lucille,
Hendry, Mary,
Kent, Beatrice,
Lonegren, Carla Josephine,
Lonegren, Joseph Leonard,
Long, Haniel Clark,
Madigan, Kathleen Marie,
Madigan, William Thomas,
Max, Lena Helen,
McLenna, Charles H. S.,
Millar, Madge,
Ringsred, Ruth Isabel,
Rupley, Anna Barbara,
Steele, Angus Joseph,
Solle, Albert,
Thomson, Adom Gentles,
Wakefin, Mary Damarais,
Hancock, Robert Francis.

JEFFERSON SCHOOL.
Klein, Harry,
Lein, George,
Linden, Adolph Frederic,
Maginnis, Joseph Parnell,
Morrison, Kenneth, Allan,
Burris, Katheryn Stuart,
Magnusson, Amy,
Sund, Alice Gertrude,
Stapf, Nita Violet,
Whipple, Margaret Holmes.

LAKESIDE SCHOOL.
Crassweller, Elsie L.,
Crassweller, Frank H.,
Doell, George N.,
Bradley, Vida Margaret,
Greenfield, Evelyn Rosetta,
Ward, Grayce,
McDowell, Herbert, A.,
Davies, Winifred G.,
Coleman, Nellie,
Young, Erma Frances,
Stalker, Donald M.,
Harris, Ruby May.

LESTER PARK SCHOOL.
Loranger, Nell Lola,
Wiggins, Marion Margaret,
Paine, Frank Isabel,
Le Tourneau, Mattie Nydia,
Mueller, William T.,
Hartlett, Walter S.,
McFadden, Charles A.

LINCOLN SCHOOL.
Anderson, Olaf Martin,
Brown, Fanny Bell,
Butchart, Archie,
Brende, Enga Anna,
Campbell, May Violet,
Cox, Fern Mary,
Danielson, Mamie Almeda,
Friede, Henry Martin,
Haugen, Charlotte Amelia,
Halverson, Alma Carolina,
Hillman, Clara Louise,
Johnson, Annie Elizabeth,
Knowles, Marguerita Kingsley,
Larson, Lillie Regina,
Lundgren, Herbert Theodore,
Moe, Oscar Fred,
McKenzie, Ina,
Morcuil, Mamie Josephine
Melby, Thora Christine,
Newmon, Edith,
Preston, Jessie Maud,
Rigdon, Anna Augusta,
Stevens, Sara Frances,
Stake, Carl Agnar,
Stone, Carrie,
Stobald, Irene Sara,
Swann, Abner Davis,
Trevilranus, Laura Hattie,
Trevilranus, Lydia Lucie.

LONGFELLOW SCHOOL.
Bailey, Phoebe Grace,
Fisher, Etta May,
Govett, Laura Lucile,
Govett, Clarence,
Grettum, Allee,
Hartley, Helen Agnes,
Holmberg, Clyde Clarence,
Johnson, Charles William,
Kindy, Claude, Otho,
Malefski, Stoney,
Randall, Freeman Keene,
Simons, George Lewis,
Simons, Leighton Robert,
Silger, Charles Curtis,
Sches, Bertine Margaret,
Tidquist, Annie Victoria.

LOWELL SCHOOL.
Brayton, Lillian May,
Koons, Kathleen Mildred,
Fawcett, Amelia.

MADISON SCHOOL.
McAdams, Howard Russell,
Anderson, Annie Charlotte
Anderson, Ida Johanna,
Boulin, Ernest August,
Newlander, Holger,
Paulson, Hulda,
Quesnel, Mary Delina,
Trimbo, Clara,
Turnbull, Bessie Louisa.

STOWE, SCHOOL.
Bartz, Mabel,
Becklinger, Ethel Mabel,
Mahoney, Ethel Estella.

WASHINGTON SCHOOL.
Arsneau, Earl George,
Bassett, Leslie Clay,
Borgen, Edwin Morris,
Cameron, Wendell Philip,
McKinnon, Daniel James,
Franten, Alphin,
Gallagher, Fred B.,
Hanna, James Frank,
Helmbach, Ebert Blaine,
Ingalls, Gilbert,
Ignasiak, Walter Ladislaus,
Johnson, Franz George,
Koors, Fred August,
Larson, Leif,
Macauley, Allan Robert,
McDevitt, Elmer William,
Myrick, Anrew Ira,
Myrick, Joe Kirby,
Ober, Fred Lowe,
Pierce, Joseph Bernard,
Stubs, Gustave,
Suffel, Carrol Johnston,
Thredt, Christian Bernhard
Wieland, Edwain Henry,
Besse, Ida Bertha,
Burgo, Bessie Mabel,
Casmir, Selma,
Clarke, Mildred Marie,
Denham, Beulah Ella,
Frankoskyk Sopria,
Grimm, Frances Katherine,
Hilliard, Cora Louise,
Jeronimus, Margaret,
Johnson, Eleanor,
Johnson, Sarah Josephine,
Max, Matilda Cecilia,
McDermott, Myrtle Ione,
Nesbitt, Caroline Letitia Maude
Nowak, Clara Justina,
Neff, Gertrude Hannah,
Oestreich, Gertrude Matilda,
Russell, Josephine,
Rose, Ethel Emma,
Perault, Estella Mabel,
Shapiro, Iattie Ethel,
Stout, Zora Cecile,
Swan, Martha,
Swendoy, Alive Avilda,
Thiel, Mabel Ruth,
Wallen, Sigrid Marie,
Yager, Charlotte Elsie.

MAY DISAGREE.

Machinists and Great Northern Have Not Settled.

In spite of the reports to the contrary a few days ago, there is still a possibility of a disagreement betwcen the Eastern Minnesota company and its machinists in the shops at West Superior. The machinists employed by the company, some thirty in number, belong to the International Association of Machinists, and not long ago made a demand on the company for shorter hours at the same rate of wages they are now being paid. The machinists in the Eastern's railroad shop are now receiving 30 cents per hour for ten hours' work. They have asked for 37 cents per hour for a 9-hour work day. The matter has been taken up with the officials of the company at St. Paul by the delegate representing the men, but it was reported last evening that no progress has yet been made toward a settlement.

The machinists base their claim for better wages on the prices that the Eastern Minnesota company is said to charge the other railway companies for car and engine repairs. The Eastern's charges are said to be 60 cents per hour for all machinists' work, while the men, in turn, are paid but 30 cents per hour. The company not only has about all the repair work that it can attend to from its own equipment, but it does the repair work for the Terminal road and others that have not the facilities at the head of the lakes to do their own work.

Besides the thirty machinists employed at the Eastern's shops, there are nearly the same number of helpers, whose wages average about $1.50 per day. The helpers are not organized.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Big Values in Jackets and Skirts.

Tomorrow will bring with it a rare chance to buy a Jacket at just about one-half of the regular price. There are between two and three dozen of them—part Ladies, the rest Misses, all made from covert cloth and 21 inches long. The colors are Tan, Blue and Brown—styles are single or double-breasted, tight-fitting or full box effects. All are silk lined and worth $9 to $12. An unexampled bargain tomorrow at **$5.00**

Another golden opportunity is the offering of Tailored Dress Skirts at $5.00. The lot includes $7.00 and $7.50 Skirts—made from all-wool cheviot, in black and blue and other wanted shades in skirts. Some are elegantly plain, while others are richly and delightfully trimmed with silk bands and corded tucks. They are all cut in the latest styles, and only one or two of a kind. Remember this sale means money in your pocket—$7.00 and $7.50 Skirts at **$5.00**

Children's Jackets of all-wool Covert Cloth in Tan, Castor, Blue and Red. Sizes are 6 to 14 years, and styles are box and three-quarter lengths. Everyone this season's garment; $5.00 Jackets tomorrow at **$3.75**

Wrappers—made from good quality Percale—strictly fast colors; nicely trimmed with braid and ruffle; flounced skirt, cut very wide—sizes 34-44; Regularly $1.25—Saturday **$1.00**

Shirt Waists—of Percale in medium and dark colors—also a small lot of White Lawn Waists; all handsomely made. Every size—$1.00 Waist for **75c**

Ladies' Tailored Suits at Exceptional Low Prices.

Dependable Footwear at Low Prices.

Ladies' Tan Lace Shoe of Vici Kid—hand-turned sole—opera heel—neat shape. Regularly $3; tomorrow at **$2.00**

Ladies' Hand-turned Oxfords— with opera or Cuban heel and stock or latent tip. Usual value $2 25. Saturday only—the price **$1.50**

Ladies' Colonial Oxford of Patent Kid—A soft, splendid wearing Low Shoe with extension sole and military heel; pretty last—A splendid value at **$3.50**

Misses' Colonial Oxford—made of Vici Kid, with Patent leather trimmings. Regulation bow and buckle; hand-turned sole—A $2.25 value, tomorrow **$1.75**

Misses' Spring Heel Slippers, in Tan or Black Kid—One strap, with bow—a dainty Shoe and low at $1.50. Saturday, the price only **98c**

Boys' Tan Lace Shoes of Russia Calf, with ex- tension sole—a splendid wearing shoe, worth $1.75, for **$1.25**

Men's Wear.

Men's Twill Night Shirts—Plain White—54 inches long in all sizes; regular 75c Shirts—tomorrow a big bargain, at each **50c**

Our line of Medium and Lightweight Underwear at 50c, includes fancy stripe and plain colors, and is the equal of any sold at 75c. First-class workmanship and high class materials only are found in these goods, and you get a splendid quality at the price **50c**

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

At 50c—*We offer a very pretty line of Striped Percales—some* have two collars, others have no collars and detached cuffs—Dark serviceable colors.

For 75c—*We are showing a lot of very pretty Shirts, made of* Percale or Madras—In a great variety of Stripes on light and dark grounds; also very pretty plain colors—detached cuffs.

"The World's Best" is our $100 Shirt—That is the reputation it has gained—made of excellent Madras in all the popular stripes and effects. It stands unsurpassed in the class at **$1.00**

Freimuth's

Greatest Daylight Store.

Confectionery.

Cocoanut Kisses, new and delightful—on the order of cocoanut fudge—flavors are maple and vanilla—usual price the pound 25c—Saturday, special at **15c**

Old fashioned Butterscotch Wafers—as pure and better than the home made and—regularly sold at 20c—tomorrow they go—the pound **12½c**

Handkerchiefs.

In a window by the main entrance we are showing a line of beautiful Lace Handkerchiefs with plain or hemstitched borders and lace corners, edges and borders worth 20c and 25c each—tomorow the price $1.35 a doz—or, each **12½c**

25c Books 10c.

An immense collection of paper back Books just arrived, includes a great many standard classics and all the popular novels of today. The list of authors include Hall Caine, Ralph Connor, Dickens, Mulloch, Irving, George Elliott, Bronte, Dumas, Barrie, Stevenson, Blackmore and others—"Under Two Flags," now being played; "The Little Minister," "Black Rock," and many other prominent books. This is a 25c edition, bought at a reduction, which enables us to sell them at the welcome price **10c**

Toilet Goods.

Wright's Listerated Tooth Powder, absolutely pure and very refreshing and cleansing—bottle .. **21c**

Wood's Borated Violet Talcum Powder, 25c size at **13c**

LaBlache Face Powder—regular price 50c—special at **39c**

Nail Brushes—solid rosewood back—genuine bristles, good quality for 35c—tomorrow **21c**

Tooth Brushes—with initial in handle—usually 35c—Saturday, the price **25c**

Hair Brushes—cherrywood back—highly polished—fine French bristles—square or oval shape—regularly 35c—tomorrow **25c**

Bailey's Rubber Glove Cleaner—does away with using injurious soap—tomorrow only **8c**

Patroleum Jelly—absolutely pure—15c bottle at **6c**

Ethymol Tooth Paste—a splendid preparation for the teeth—others ask 25c—our price **19c**

TOMORROW—Liebig's Beef, Iron and Wine—the great tonic—sold everywhere at 50c—the price tomorrow **25c**

Kirk's highly perfumed Toilet Soaps—in all the desired odors—3 cakes, 25c—per cake **10c**

Big June Muslin Underwear Sale.

Has been a surprising success—there is every reason that it should be, for such a line of elegant muslins is seldom offered.

Note the following as samples of the big sale:

Untrimmed Corset Covers —for your own trimming—tight-fitting or full front, 35c, 23c and 15c kinds, at .....25c, 13c and **9c**

Muslin Drawers—made of good muslin—in deep yoke style —fancy hemstitched and tucked flounces in a variety of styles—regular 35c value—June Sale price **23c**

Drawers—made in a variety of styles—handsomely trimmed with rows of lace insertion and fancy feather stitching and embroidery—cannot be duplicated even at 75c—June Sale price **50c**

Dressing Sacques of Figured Lawn—tucked, tight-fitting back with very full front—sailor collar and sleeves finished with swiss embroidery—fairly priced at 85c—June Sale price **69c**

Nightgowns of good muslin—extra length and width— handsomely trimmed with lace and embroidery—V shape—Bertha and Empire styles—similar to the usual $1.00 gown—Sale price **87c**

Underskirts, made of good Cambric—finished with deep flounce of lawn—prettily trimmed with fancy feather stitching or torchon insertion and lace—would be a bargain at $1.00—June Sale price .. **88c**

Cambric Underskirts—with 20-inch lawn flounce, trimmed with five rows of lace insertion alternated with clusters of tucks—finished with lace and dust ruffle—extra wide—others say $2.00—June Sale price **$1.48**

P. N. Corsets—the only Corset made with cork-protected steels—the latest straight-front effects in short, medium and long hip models—made of dainty Batiste or Imported Coutil—an extremely high grade domestic Corset—prices—range up from **$1.00**

Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' fast black Stockings—made of fine gauge Cotton—full seamless, extra long and elastic top, regularly sold at 15c—tomorrow only a pair **11c**

Children's 1x1 ribbed fast black Cotton Hose Lisle finish—extra spliced knees—full seamless—and very elastic—sizes 5½ to 9½—the best stocking value ever offered **12½c**

Lightweight Underwear.

Women's white Cotton jersey Union Suits— —Vest has low neck and no sleeves—and pants are knee lengths—umbrella shape—nicely trimmed with silk tape at neck and arms, and lace at bottoms—all sizes—a splendid value at 50c—a money-saving price **29c**

Women's Umbrella Pants—Jersey ribbed white cotton, made from excellent quality yarn—button on side—cambric waistband and deep lace around bottom—a 35c value tomorrow only, the price **25c**

Boys' Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers—made of fine Egyp- tian yarn—Shirts have pearl buttons—French neck and long or short sleeves—drawers have double seats and are either ankle or knee lengths—sizes 24 to 34—a splendid quality at the garment **25c**

Stylish Hats for Ladies and Children

AT LITTLE PRICES.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats—of dainty soft braids, delightfully trimmed with chiffon, lace, ribbons, flowers and foliage—a most pleasing assortment from our regular $5 and $6 hats—a big reduction tomorrow—your choice at **$3.75**

Walking and Outing Hats for Ladies and Misses—several styles of chip braid, trimmed becomingly with velvet and ribbon bows, bands and rosettes, quills and buckles—all very attractive and stylish—$3 and $3.50 values—Saturday only **$1.98**

Misses' and Children's Hats of Jap and Cuban braid— plain and two-toned effects—the trimmings are silk scarfs and ribbons used for bands and pretty bows, rosettes and streamers—these are regular $1.25 Hats—priced very low **85c**

Children's every-day and play Hats—wide-rimmed straw Sailors—mostly in cone shape crowns—with silk ribbon bands and streamers—a very small price at 38c—tomorrow's bargain price **25c**

Great Opportunities in the Daylight Basement.

IX Tinware—In Tinware we carry only the IX brand. This is the best quality to be found and we have just received a carload, with not a second in the lot. These specials—

10-quart Galvanized Pails—25c kind at **19c**

10-quart Bread Raisers—our regular low price 69c—Saturday **53c**

No. 9 copper bottom Wash Boiler—usual value $1.19—tomorrow only **89c**

Galvanized Iron Wash Boilers, always sold at 98c—Underprice Saturday **69c**

Cookie Cutters—all sizes—the 5c kind—at **2c**

Tin Sprinkling Cans—worth 15c to 50c—tomorrow, 35c down to **10c**

10-quart Dish Pans—extra heavy—usually 35c—each **25c**

Pie Pans—all sizes—5c kind only **3c**

Dippers—large size—10c kind—only **6c**

Cullenders—worth 12c—at—only **8c**

Round Tube Cake Pans—others ask 7c and 8c—price tomorrow **5c**

Large Values In Small Articles.

Yankee Mouse Traps, each—only **5c**

Yankee Rat Traps, each—only **10c**

Hardwood Tooth Picks, 5c package—only **2½c**

Bird Seed (pure quality) per lb **5c**

Wire Egg Whip, each—only **1c**

Butcher Knives, 15c kind, at—each **10c**

Potato Mashers, 10c kind, at—each **5c**

Towel Arms, 15c kind, at—each **10c**

Scrub Brushes, 10c kind, at—each **5c**

Toilet Paper, good paper, the usual 5c kind—10 rolls for **25c**

Toilet Paper, Northwest, Gilt Edge and Velvet Brands—regularly 10c a roll—special, three rolls for **25c**

Armour's White Soap—6 bars for **25c**

Happy Day Soap—many ask 5c cake—tomorrow 10 bars for **25c**

Have a Dish of Our Delicious Ice Cream?

It Is Free.....

Tomorrow night we will give another demonstration of the inimitatable Peerless Iceland Freezer. We agreed to make ice cream in three minutes last Saturday. We made it before the eyes of a doubting customer in two minutes. Come in and see it work—the result is surprising, for the cream is as good as the best. Prices run from $6.50 down to **$1.89**

Freimuth's

Greatest Daylight Store.

Porcelain Ware.

Dinner Sets of English Porcelain—100 pieces, prettily decorated, our regular $10.50 set at **$6.98**

12-piece Decorated Toilet Sets, new and handsome shapes — the $6.75 kind selling tomorrow at **$4.95**

10-piece Toilet Sets, usually sold at $3.75 per set—our special price Saturday **$2.69**

15c Egg Cups, each **10c**

25c Sugar and Cream Sets, only **19c**

15 Cream Pitchers, only **10c**

48c Bread Plates at **25c**

15c Cups and Saucers **10c**

15c Tiles for Teapots **10c**

19c Teapots, each **10c**

10c Vases, each **5c**

Bicycle Goods of All Kinds.

Sundries all marked below cost to close out the line—Twentieth Century, Solar and Searchlight Lamps — worth from $3.00 to $5.00 each—our price **$1.69**

RATHER COOL.

County Board Gives Court House Project Chilly Treatment.

The new court house idea, broached at the meeting of the board of county commissioners yesterday afternoon, met with rather a chilly reception, and the manner in which it was turned down indicated that the members of the board have lost some of their enthusiasm on the subject.

Commissioner Kugler introduced a resolution directing the members of the board to ascertain the sentiment in their respective districts regarding the new court house proposition. It did not pass.

As expected, the board found it necessary to appropriate considerable money for road work, over $11,000 being set apart for that purpose.

The Miller Trunk road gets $2500 of this, the Cloquet river bridge that was blown down last Monday got $1000, the Swan Lake road drew $1100, the Burntside and Tower and Itasca roads got $700 apiece, and $2100 was distributed generally among the various districts.

The repairs on the Cloquet river bridge were turned over to a committee of three, which was authorized to expend not more than $1000 on the building.

The offer of F. L. Buell to pay $2000 for the release of the bondsmen of the Security bank was accepted.

IRREGULAR.

Much Complaint Against Oatka Beach-Superior Ferry Service.

Vigorous complaint is being made by the Superior people living on Park Point because regular ferry service is not maintained between Oatka beach and West Superior. This year there are more Superior people camping on the point than ever before and still more would take summer cottages if they could get good ferry service. They claim that the trouble in the service across the bay has always been that it is not reliable, that the ferry boat may run according to schedule or it may not run at all and business men who cannot afford to take chances of being late at their offices in the morning are reluctant about moving to the point.

It is claimed that if a good ferry service was installed and the boats run strictly according to schedule for a time that business would pick up until Superior people would have confidence in it and would respond with a liberal patronage. Even now, when there is a dance at the Auditorium, large numbers of the West Superior young people prefer to take the street railway route around by Duluth and Lake avenue, rather than stand around on docks from half an hour to an hour waiting until a few more persons arrive to catch the boat, before it will start. It is claimed that there is an excellent opportunity offered to the owner of some launch capable of carrying twenty to thirty people at a time, in establishing a good business between West Superior and Park Point during the summer season.

"I suffered from dyspepsia and indigestion for fifteen years," says W. T. Sturdevant, of Merry Oaks, N. C. "After I had tried many doctors and medicines a friend persuaded me to try Kodol. It gave immediate relief. I can eat anything I want now and my digestion is good." Max Wirth.

TO TALK FROM TRAIN,

Over Telephones Is Easy Says Dr. Jones.

Louisville, Ky., June 6.—Experiments conducted by Dr. D. A. Jones, an inventor of this city, from an L. H. & St. L. train, are thought to establish satisfactorily that telephones can be operated successfully from a moving train. About two weeks ago Dr. Jones succeeded in calling up the offices of the company from a moving train, and last Saturday a public test was made. Those who were at this end of the line say they received the message plainer than if it had been sent from another instrument in the city. Dr. Jones has patented his invention, but has not made the details public.

BIGGEST AUTOMOBILE

New Albany, Ind., June 6.—Frank Burgenheim, of this city, is constructing the largest automobile in the world. It is almost as large as an ordinary electric car, which it resembles in appearance and will seat thirty people. Steam power will be used in propelling it. The largest automobile now in use is at Washington, D. C., it is said. It carries sixteen people. Burgenheim's car will be completed in about three weeks.

BERRIES SCARCE

Wisconsin Variety Arriving In Michigan Street Market.

Some Doubt Whether They Will Drop to Preserving Prices.

Pineapples Down to Fair Figure---New Potatoes Cheap.

The Wisconsin strawberries began arriving in the Michigan street market yesterday, but they are not yet coming in sufficient quantities to warrant housekeepers in "putting up" any.

Commission men say they do not know whether they will be down to preserving figures this year or not. Of course there is nothing to prevent housekeepers preserving them now, but the fact that the prices are above those usually prevailing when preserving is done.

"The strawberry business has been very unsatisfactory this year," said a commission man yesterday. "Prices have not been particularly high, but the berries have not come in sufficient quantities to make a lively and satisfactory market. In fact people have lost money rather than made it on strawberries this season."

Butter and eggs hold firm, and it is hardly necessary to state that meats do also. With June well under way there is no talk of lower ment prices. Fancy dairies are the only brands of butter that show any change, and they are a shade lower, 19 and 20 cents instead of 20 cents flat. Full cream twins, speaking of cheese, are down to 12½ and 13 cents instead of 13½ cents.

Green peas have found their way into the market and they are bringing $1.50 per bushel. California cherries are firm at $1.75 to $2 per case.

Pineapples are getting pretty cheap, and by the way they are objects of interest to the presiding genius of the household who yearly "preserves" fruits for winter use. They are now down to $1.25 to $1.50 per dozen, and they will not get a great deal lower.

Lettuce is down to 50 and 60 cents, and Bermuda onions are 25 cents lower per crate. Asparagus is down to 45 and 50 cents per dozen bunches.

New potatoes are getting down to a point where people are losing interest in the price of old potatoes. New ones are $1.25 per bushel at wholesale.

BRILLIANT SOCIAL EVENT.

Reception and Ball By Juniors to Seniors.

The great social event of the high school year was given at the Spalding hotel last evening, when the juniors bade farewell to the departing seniors in one of the most successful, brilliant and best attended junior-senior receptions that the school has ever given.

The hall was decorated in the colors of the two classes. Twenty-one excellent numbers by Flaaten's orchestra composed the program. When the dance broke up at a late hour there was nothing but praise for the juniors and their committee which superintended the affair.

The last details of the high school year will be finished up today. The last chapel meeting of the year took place at noon today. After it the reports were given to the students, and for all but the seniors school closed. They receive their diplomas this evening, when all of the classes will move up one point in the academic scale.

HOUSES CONSOLIDATE.

Jobbing Grocers of Superior Unite Their Forces.

The Twohy Mercantile company and the Elmon Mercantile, two of the largest wholesale grocery houses in West Superior and at the head of the lakes, have consolidated, announcement of the formation of the Twohy-Elmon Mercantile company being made yesterday. Edmund Twohy will be president of the new corporation and Peter Elmon will be vice president. Both firms are said to have been doing a fine business and have consolidated for the purpose of saving expenses and being placed in a position to take better care of the trade. The merger is to go into effect July 1.

SCHOOL BOARD

Meeting This Evening Will Probably Be Short.

The board of education will hold its regular monthly meeting tonight, but owing to the high school graduating exercises, which begin at 8 o'clock, it is doubtful if the board will be able to finish its business tonight, in which event it will adjourn to Monday evening to finish up its work.

The committee on buildings and grounds, to which was referred the plan of building a combined gymnasium, manual training school and chemical and physical laboratories outside the High School building, but on the High School grounds, will probably make a favorable report on the proposition at tonight's meeting, and will recommend that a start be made on the building this year, if it is not completed.

The board can get a material reduction in its fire insurance rates if the manual training school and the laboratories are removed from the building, and this, it is said, will amount to $500 a year. While a building is being put up for these purposes, the board favors providing a gymnasium for the high school pupils.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—
Hood's Pills

Bargain Counter 1.

3c for Assorted Hair and Trimming Ribbons, worth 10c yard 3c

5c for Fancy and Plain Ribbons — worth 12½c a yard 5c

10c for 3½-in Neck Ribbons, fancy and plain Taffetas, worth 20c a yard—on sale at 10c

Bargain Counter No. 2

Candy Sale.

At 10c per lb—Wholesome Mixed Candies — Creme Peanuts 10c

At 15c per lb—Assorted Wafers—Victoria Chocolate Drops—Salted Peanuts—all worth 25c per lb—only 15c

At 20c per lb—Creme Dates—Ice Cream Kisses—Chocolate Bon Bons—Assorted Gopher Chocolate Drops—Fig Cups—Burnt Peanuts—Gum Drops 20c

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Grand Bargains Throughout the Entire Store Saturday.

Bargain Counter No. 3

Umbrellas.

1000 of Men's and Women's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, fast black, with Dresden, Metal, Natural handles, silver trimmed, either crooks or Princess, and rubber and celluloid handles—the best Paragon frames, steel rods, would be cheap at $1.50 each, price $1.25

Ladies' Colored Silk Umbrellas—navy, reds, greens; Princess handles, price $2.50

Bargain Counter No. 4

Wash Goods.

Bigger and better Bargains than ever.

3000 yards 36-inch dark and light colored Percales, all standard brands, 12½c qualities, per yard 9c

1900 yards, 10c Ginghams, all handsome patterns in staple shades, per yard 7c

10c Dimities, the greatest snap of the season, per yard 3½c

$6.00 Silk Waists at $1.98.

Twenty-five Ladies' handsome Silk Waists in several good styles, some tucked and hemstitched, others exquisitely trimmed. They are all new styles, not an old one in the lot. Colors are tan, blue, red, yellow, green, white, rose, lavender and pink. $6 Values Saturday at—

$1.98

This is our greatest Silk Waist Sale. All sizes and styles.

Walking and Dress Skirts.

We're surprised that so many women continue to have their skirts made to order when such superb satisfaction in fit, style and workmanship can be had from our ready-made department at such apparent savings in cost—

Walking Skirts, made of grey, brown, blue and black Venetian and Homespun Cloths, with tucked, stitched and appliqued flounces — several good styles—worth $5—special $3.98

Dress Skirt Special at $7.50—18 skirts in the lot, made perfectly and correctly finished—worth up to $12 each—Broadcloth and Venetian cloth $7.50

Children's and Misses' Jackets.

Tomorrow we reduce prices on Children's and Misses' Jackets — these marvelously cut prices tell a tempting story—

Misses' and Children's Raglan Coats—Reefer Coats, Box Coats, Eton Coats, Blouse Coats, Gibson Coats, Silk Lined, all colors, all sizes—$5 and $6 values—all reduced to $2.85

$2.00 Corsets selling at 49c.

$2.00 and $1.00 Straight Front Corsets in short, medium, and long lengths, in the new Empire style, girdle styles and several other good styles, in pink, blue, drab, white and black—sale price 49c

Linen Spreads, White Goods.

These departments have your fullest confidence and we never abuse that confidence. They abound with splendid values—full of those reliable goods that every housekeeper desires—and tomorrow these few specials:

Bed Spreads — large size, hemmed, Marseilles pattern, special at each 69c

Bed Spreads — full size fringed Marseilles bed spreads, fringed all round, a $2.00 spread offered at $1.69

White Goods--

36-inch India Linons, full width, sheer and fine, 22c value elsewhere --here at 15c

Bleached Damasks--72 in. wide—all linen, satin finish, made in Belfast, Ireland—a regular $1.00 damask—the most extraordinary bargain we have offered in linens this season at the price 77c

22 x 22 inch Napkins to match —per dozen ..... $2.75.

Fancy Dimities, Swisses, Lawns, etc—regular 35c qualities, all going at per yard 25c

45-inch Persian Lawns, sheer, fine materials, worth 40c elsewhere, here at 29c

Extraordinary Hosiery Bargains.

By far the best values offered thus far this season, and we have whatever you want in hosiery from 5c to $5.00 per pair.

Just received a case of Infants' summer weight open work mercerized silk hose, in pink, sky, cardinal, white and black—sizes 4 to 6—special price per pair 25c

Ladies' all-over lace hosiery, in black, white, pink, sky, cardinal, and tan shades, worth 50c, at 25c

Ladies' fine gauge fast black cotton hose, plain or split or maco feet — something extra good—special price per pair 25c

Ladies' fine gauze lisle thread hose, in fast black, high spliced heels, double toes, full width and length, sold heretofore for 50c a pair—at 35c, 3 pairs for $1.00

Boys' and Girls' Stockings very superior article, in light, medium and heavy weights—jet black—excellent looking, perfect shapes—sizes 6 to 10—worth 25c—Thursday 15c, 2 pairs for 25c

New Veilings.

Our line of veilings is by far the largest and most complete to be found in this section. We are showing the new black and white Tuxedo, wash pattern veils—black, white and colored dotted chiffons — hemstitched pattern veils, 1 to 1 5-8 yards long—black and white dotted and plain Brussels—at prices from 25c to $1.00 a yard.

Summer Ribbons.

Our ribbon department is filled to overflowing with bright, new and attractive summer ribbons in almost every color, weave and style. "All prices extraordinary low." Whether you want a one cent ribbon or a ribbon at $1, you can always find it here.

Saturday we will place on sale 125 pieces Pique Edge Moire Ribbons, all colors including black and white—a beautiful hair ribbon—worth 10c a yard, at 5c

Great Special Sale of Engraved Stationery

at a saving to you of from $1.25 to $1.75 on one order.

Your choice of any of these five styles illustrated at the following prices for Saturday only:

Five quires of fine writing paper, stamped from an engraved steel die in your initial or monogram—in any color, with five packages of envelopes for $1.75

Five quires fine writing paper, stamped in gold or silver, with five packages of envelopes, for $1.95

REMEMBER—the usual cost of an engraved steel monogram die alone is from $1.50 to $2.00, and that the paper and stamping costs $1.50 to $2.00 extra **By this offer we save you at least $1.50 on every purchase.**

Hardware Department—Basement.

The long delayed hot weather is surely coming—we have a "tip" that it will be here very soon. The hardware department can supply you with many things that you will need, and everything we sell you is sold at a saving.

Sun Hats—they are 19 inches in diameter, as light as a feather—just the thing for fishing and outing, and for the housewife to wear when she is working her flower beds—price 35c

Fishing Rods—new lot of those split bamboo fishing rods—made with cork grip, nickel reel seat and silk wound—price only 75c

Panton & White Co.'s Lawn Mowers—splendid machines; simple, durable and easily operated; special prices for Saturday only:

12-inch Size $2.59
14-inch Size $2.69
16-inch Size $2.79

Garden Hose—three-ply—thoroughly reliable—guaranteed for the season—per foot 10c

Screen Doors—all styles now ready to deliver. We furnish a pair of best spring hinges, screws, pull and hook and eye FREE with every door—prices—

7-8-inch thick—any size at 75c
1 1-8-inch thick—any size at, each 89c
1 1-8 inch thick—natural finish, fancy, all sizes $1.25

Screen Windows—the hardwood kind—oiled finish—no metal about them—the adjustable kind that adjust—3 sizes as follows:

18-inches high to 33½-inches wide, at 25c
24-inches high to 33½-inches wide, at 29c
30 inches high to 37½-inches wide, at 35c

Garden Tools, Poultry Netting and Block Screen Cloth at lowest prices. HAMMOCKS—We've got them—will talk about them in a few days.

Needful Toilet Articles.

An extraordinary opportunity to anticipate your future needs on the following necessary toilet articles.

Java Rice Powder, genuine A. Bourgois & Cie make—50c boxes Saturday at 28c

Sozodont, 25c bottles, Saturday's price at only 17c

Pears' unscented Soap, Saturday's price at only 10c

Stolen Sweets Perfume, always 50c an ounce, special at 33c

Lanoline Jelly, for rough skins, sun burn, etc., 10c bottles at 7c

Dr. Parker Pray's Nail Enamel, 25c boxes Saturday at only 17c

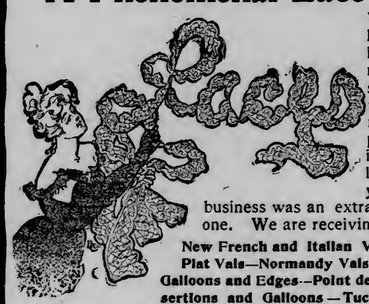
Dr. Parker Pray's Ongaline, 50c boxes Saturday at 35c

Dr. Parker Prays Rosaline; 25c boxes at 17c

Shaving Brush Sale—Your pick of about 50 fine Brushes that usually sell at 20c, 25c and 30c each, special at 15c

Marshall's prepared Cubeb Cigarettes—10c a box usually—Saturday at 7c

A Phenomenal Lace Success.



We are selling more laces than any store in the city—probably more than any three stores. Why? Because we have the assortments at the right prices. Our lace business has nearly doubled within the past year, and last year's business was an extraordinarily successful one. We are receiving new goods daily.

New French and Italian Valenciennes in sets—Plat Vals—Normandy Vals—Irish Point All Overs Galloons and Edges—Point de Venice All Overs—Insertions and Galloons—Tucked and Embroidered Liberty Silk for waists and Yokes—in fact everything that it is at all desirable in the lace line.

Bunch Vals, 1 doz yards to the bunch—at— 15c, 19c, 25c, 35c and 50c

Fine English Torchons in sets at only— 4c, 5c and 6c a yard

Point de Venice Galloons and Insertions, 100 pieces to select from 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c

Point de Venice Bands, 4 in. wide, worth up to $2, a yard—for— $1.00 and $1.25

Liberty Silk Top Ruffling, black and white, others ask 18c a yard for it—our price 12½c per yard—per dozen $1.35

Liberty Silk Ruffling, black, ruffled top and bottom—worth $1.75 at $1.39, worth $1.25 at 89c

Special Silk Sale.

Such values as these make this silk department famous—these prices are reduced much lower than ordinarily. You will find tomorrow at the Glass Block one of the best times of the season to purchase silks—

Plain black Gros Grains, Peau de Soies, Taffetas, Louisiennes, Peau de Cygnes and Novelty Silks, in almost every conceivable shade—values from $1.25 to $1.50—Saturday the price will be only—per yard 99c

Black corded Taffetas, Satin Duchess, plain black Taffetas and plain Satins in all colors—85c and $1.00 values—Saturday—per yard 69c

75c Brocaded Fancies, fancy black Taffetas and black Satin Duchess—regular price 75c, Saturday at 49c

65c Foulards at 39c.

Wash Goods, June Sale.

We have the largest and most rapidly growing Wash Goods department in this city. When we advertise cut prices, the prices are not only actually cut, but cut just as they are advertised. We offer:

Handsome St. Gall Embroidered Batiste, regular price 39c a yard—special Saturday at 29c

Fine import'd Scoth Zephyr—over 50 different styles to choose from—regular 55c and 45c goods, in one lot Saturday 25c

20c Lawns, Dimities and Batistes in both plain and fancies, exclusive designs—special Saturday at 15c

45-inch Swiss Plumetis—(Note width—1¼ yards wide) white and blue grounds with colored figures, at 49c

June Sale Wool Dress Goods.

Prices promising unprecedented activity in the black and colored dress goods departments tomorrow. Money-saving opportunities:

Ten pieces genuine Collingwood Black Melrose, $1.25 quality, offered Saturday at $1.00

48-inch Imperial Black Serge, thoroughly shrunk and sponged, never sold under $1.00, Saturday 73c

Seven pieces imported French Silk Mohair, regular price $2.25 per yd, Saturday $1.43

44-inch colored Etamines, regular price $1.25 a yard—special Saturday at—per yard 79c

44-inch colored Mistrals, regular price $1 00 per yard, special for Saturday—per yard 59c

54-inch Venetians, blue, Oxford and light grey—at half price Saturday—per yard 50c

Women's Summer Underwear.

Women's white lisle Swiss Ribbed Vests, with three rows of open work—lace fronts—something entirely new—35c each, three for $1.00

Women's finest quality of ribbed mercerized silk vests, fancy and plain white—75c article—Saturday's price only—each 39c

Women's all over lace lisle vests, Jersey fitting, very pretty and not shown elsewhere—colors pink, blue and white—worth 50c—Saturday only 25c

Special sale for Saturday of Women's counter goods—summer vest in long and short sleeves — also lace trimmed drawers — vests run from 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c to 25c—in medium, large, extra sizes, and extra double out sizes.

The Children's Underwear department is now fully stocked for the season—gauze, lisle, balbriggan, summer merino, light weight wool, fine cashmere and infant's all wool and silk vests—prices range from—

12½c, 15c, 19c, 25c up to $1.00

A FINE COTLLION.

Employes of Freimuth's Store Dance at Oatka.

The unfavorable weather last evening did not have any effect on the informal cotillion given at the Park Point auditorium by the employes of the Freimuth store. It was one of the most successful invitation affairs given at Oatka beach and was largely attended. Five hundred invitations were issued for the event and about 275 couples were in attendance and enjoyed the evening up to a late hour, a special car being run in connection with the regular schedule to get the crowd back to the ferry. The floor committee, comprised of F. P. Robinson, H. S. Carroll and Joseph Medlev, performed its duties very acceptably. One of the pleasing features of the evening was the music furnished by the Lisbon orchestra, which has been engaged for the season at the auditorium. The orchestra consists of five pieces, all accomplished musicians, under the direction of Miss Rawson.

Excursion to Duluth.

There will be lake excursion business somewhat out of the ordinary next Sunday. While the local passenger boats will take Duluth crowds up the north shore to Two Harbors to spend the day, the excursion steamer Newsboy, recently purchased in Detroit by Clow & Nicholson, will run an excursion from Two Harbors to Duluth, for the people of Two Harbors. The Newsboy will leave for Two Harbors tomorrow afternoon. She will reach Duluth Sunday morning about 9 o'clock, and the return trip to Two Harbors will be made about 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

"One Minute Cough Cure beats all other medicines for coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles," says D. Scott Currin, of Loganton, Pa. Perfectly safe. Acts immediately. Croup yields to it. Cure grip, bronchitis, coughs. Max Wirth.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Two Illinois Central freight trains collided head-on between Galena and Portage, Ill., Thursday. Both crews jumped, except Fireman Herbert Hart, of Chicago, whose head and body were scalded by steam from a broken steam gauge. He is in a hospital and will die.

The official immigration figures for the port of New York for May show that 82,054 immigrants were landed during the month against 75,977 for April.

Jim Black, a negro implicated in the murder of the wife of J. K. Jones, a section master of the Atlantic Coast line, was hanged near Ravenal, S. C., by a mob which took him forcibly from a posse. Black confessed before he was strung up. He committed the crime some weeks ago and escaped, but was captured near Savanah and was being brought to the Ravenal jail.

Eleven ringleaders of the Italian miners who struck work and caused the shutdown of a New York mine near Frostburg are in jail in default of bail. They are charged with riot and unlawful assembly. The mine remains shut down and is guarded by deputies. Trouble with the striking Italians is feared.

Frank Robinson, of Nevada, Iowa, who killed Gertrude Rawlings, last week and also shot her suitor, Albert Ferguson, died Thursday of bullet wounds self-inflicted, just after the murder.

A careful investigation into the death of Mrs. Bell Smith and her two children at Hardin, Mo., who were found dead in the ruins of their home, revealed a triple murder, which had preceded robbery. Mrs. Smith was a widow and kept in her home $1000 received on an insurance policy carried by her late husband. The victims had been murdered by a hatchet, which was found in the ruins of the house.

America's Summer Resorts.

When it begins to get hot and dry, one's thoughts naturally turn toward the lakes and rivers and the seashore of New York and New England, and we begin to wonder how much is would require of time and money to make the trip. A lot of these questions are answered and a lot of information given free in "Four-Track Series" No. 3, "America's Summer Resorts." Sent on receipt of a 2-cent stamp, by George H. Daniels, general passenger agent, New York Central & Hudson River railroad, Grand Central station, New York.

THE BROCKTON SHOE CO.,

311 W. SUPERIOR STREET.

That pleased feeling

Is found among all of the purchasers of Brockton Shoes. The reason is very simple. It is just THIS: We give 100 cents worth of value for every dollar invested. The shoes are UP-TO-DATE in style, in finish and in workmanship. The wear is GUARANTEED. The line of $3.50 Shoes shown here cannot be excelled in appearance or wear by Shoes costing twice the money.

The Brockton $2.50 Shoes are the kind that LOOK RIGHT, WEAR RIGHT and FIT RIGHT. They are made on the newest lasts and of the best materials.

EXCLUSIVELY MEN'S SHOES.

THE BROCKTON SHOE CO.,

311 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

ZENOTA ?

EXTENSIVE.

W. W. Broughton's Jurisdiction Under New Order of Things.

W. W. Broughton's jurisdiction under the new order of things that will prevail as a result of the absorption of the Eastern Minnesota road by the Great Northern system on July 1, will cover all lines of the system east of Brookston.

It is supposed from the announcement also that Mr. Broughton is to be the general freight agent of the Eastern division of the system, that all that part of the Great Northern lying in Minnesota will be consolidated with the lines formerly constituting the Eastern Minnesota to make the new Eastern division.

The expectation is that General Freight Agent Somers of the Great Northern will have jurisdiction of freight traffic on all parts of the system west of the Red river.

Mr. Broughton has here very many personal friends and many admirers of his keen and hustling ability as a freight man, who rejoice over his continued rise in the estimation of the Great Northern interests.

ICE AT PORT ARTHUR.

Iroquois Encountered Slight Skim In Harbor There.

Passengers arriving on the steamer Iroquois yesterday afternoon report that the boat ran through a skim of ice on entering Port Arthur harbor yesterday morning on her way from Houghton to Duluth. It was early in the morning and few if any of the passengers were aware of the fact until they were told afterward of it by the vessel's officers.

The first officer was keeping the watch at the time, and he said that he heard what sounded to be the cracking of thin ice by the stem of the steamer. He could not believe his ears, however, and put the thought out of his mind until later, on tying up to the dock, he made an examination and found very conclusive proof that the still water was covered with an ice skim.

Many people believe this to be an unprecedentedly late date for newly-formed ice to be found on Lake Superior, though some of the old settlers tell about gathering up ice along the shore of the lake with which to make ice cream as late as July 4.

RAPIDLY FILLING.

Cottages on Park Point Nearly All Occupied.

It is said that all but about half a dozen of the old cottages situated along the line of the street railway on Park Point are occupied, in spite of the cold weather. Quite a number of new cottages are building that have not yet been moved into, but on the whole the regular Park Point community is on the ground.

There is lacking that element of visitors and pleasure-seekers, in large part at least, that helps give the Point its customary aspect of animation and amusement, but these are being added to each evening that gives some promise of being a fairly warm one, and the first visitation of real summer weather will cause a great invasion of the natural beauties of that part of the city.

ELECTRICAL COMMISSION.

A. M. Miller, Jr., Selected as the Citizen Member.

Mayor Hugo has appointed A. M. Miller, Jr., as the citizen member of the municipal electrical commission. The commission will organize Monday with the following members: Mayor Hugo, Oscar Mitchell, city attorney; W. B. Patton, city engineer; R. D. Haven, president of the council, and A. M. Miller, Jr.

The work of this commission is to devise ways and means for doing away with the dangerous overhead system of electric wires and recommend a system of conduits for carrying electric currents about the business district.

The city engineer recently made an investigation of Eastern conduit systems and will have a lengthy report to submit to the commission.

Closing Out Sale.

Pianos and Organs

(Manufacturers' Sale.)

At half (½) price on monthly payments. I have been instructed by the manufacturers to sell all Pianos and Organs now on hand at less than cost to manufacture them. This stock of new and second hand Pianos and Organs must be sold before June 10th. Call and satisfy yourself that I am offering:

$200 Pianos for $100
$300 Pianos for $150

GEO. W. TIETZ, 34 W. First St., Cor. 1st Ave. W.

OPEN EVENINGS.

THEY ARE UNITED

Duluth Delegates to Labor Convention Agree on Their Course.

Will Support W. E. McEwen For Re-Election as State Secretary.

Select Members of the Various Convention Committees.

The Duluth delegation to the convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor is thoroughly united.

Last evening a convention caucus was held in the office of the Labor World, and matters relating to the good and welfare of the Duluth unions weer discussed by sixteen delegates to the Rochester convention.

The delegation will support W. E. McEwen for re-election as secretary treasurer of the state organization. William Tunnell, of the local Meat Cutters' union will be assistant secretary of the convention.

George M. Davis, of the Carpenters' union, will be recommended for the committee on credentials; W. H. Palmer, of the Cooks and Waiters' union, will be given a place on the committee on rules and order; Gordon O'Neil is slated for a place on the constitutional committee; J. W. Richardson, secretary of the local Trades' assembly, is slated for a place on the committee on officers' reports; S. T. Skrove, of the Carpenters' union, gets on the important organization committee of the convention; S. B. Lowery, of the Leather Workers' union, on the finance committee, and Henry Dworschak, president of the Federated Trades' assembly, will be a member of the committee on resolutions.

The Duluth delegation will support a resolution declaring for an eight-hour state law. This bids fair to be one of the most interesting resolutions introduced in the convention.

The local delegation will also request a law compelling the leather work of the Stillwater prison to be properly stamped, so that the people may know that the product is turned out by convict labor. At present the prison is doing a big shoe manufacturing business, and there is nothing to distinguish between the shoe of the union laborer and the convict laborer.

The Duluth delegation will also enter a protest against any future effort to inaugurate a tonnage tax on the St. Louis county mines.

Little Falls will be the place of the next convention if the local delegation has much to say about it.

The local delegates will leave for Rochester tomorrow evening, and will be in the convention city early Monday morning ready for work. The convention will last two days.

Secretary McEwen left this morning for the convention city to arrange his work for the opening of the session.

SPRINGS A SURPRISE.

Sheriff Sommer of Superior After Another Office.

Sheriff W. A. Sommer, of Douglas county, Wis., has caused no small ripple in the political waters across the bay by announcing that he will be a candidate for the position of railroad commissioner for Wisconsin, on the Republican ticket, this coming campaign. The office of railroad commissioner is generally understood to belong to the northern part of the state, and it has been held for the past two terms by Graham L. Rice, of West Superior. Sheriff Sommer says that Mr. Rice, having held the office for two terms, should be willing to make way for another man. Graham L. Rice was formerly connected with the sheriff's office and it seems to be the impression that the office is now the next below that of railway commissioner. It is said to be very doubtful if Mr. Rice will relinquish hopes of being re-nominated and re-elected. He has a strong backing in Douglas county, where he is popular.

It is also understood that Ashland will have a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office in the person of F. O. Tarbox. Sheriff Sommer is an ardent supporter of Gov. LaFollette and Mr. Rice's tendencies are not yet known. Sheriff Sommer is also a member of the so-called Dietrich faction in West Superior, but he believes that fact should not stand in the way of his chances. Most politicians, however, seem to think that the factional lines will be drawn close.

Mothers lose their dread for "that terrible second summer" when the have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for bowel complaints of every sort.

AMUSEMENTS.

KING DRAMATIC COMPANY.

Last evening the King Dramatic company presented "Michael Strogoff" at the Lyceum. The audience was well pleased, manifesting its appreciation in an unstinted manner. Tonight "The Bindman" will be given. Tomorrow "East Lynne" will be given, and the engagement will close in the evening with the drama "The Cotton King."

MYRKLE & HARDER COMPANY.

The Myrkle & Harder stock company will open a week's engagement at the Lyceum Monday night in "Ups and Downs of Life," playing at popular prices. A vaudeville feature which is creating considerable comment is the London Drury Lane theater production of "Cinderella," shown with the biograph. The week's repertoire will include plays which have within the past two or three years become generally known, having been played only by one-night stand companies, but the management of the Myrkle & Harder company were enabled to procure them by paying large royalties.

SAVED FROM AN AWFUL FATE.

"Everybody said I had consumption," writes Mrs. A. M. Shields, of Chambersburg, Pa. "I was so low after six months of severe sickness, caused by hay fever and asthma, that few thought I could get well, but I learned the marvelous merit of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, used it and was completely cured." For desperate throat and lung diseases it is the safest cure in the world, and is infallible for coughs, colds and bronchial affections. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's Drug Store.

MISSOURI MYSTERY

Young Man Assaulted and Nearly Killed and Threats Follow.

General Feeling of Insecurity Prevails In the Town.

Measures Are Taken to Avert a Reign of Thuggery.

Maryville, Mo., June 6.—A murderous attack upon Thomas Stinson, which nearly ended his life, and subsequent threatening letters, in which the writer declares that "Two Daredevils" will kill him yet, even if it takes two years, have created something akin to a reign of terror in this city. It is not only Stinson and his friends who are frightened, but a general feeling of insecurity prevails because of other threats contained in the mysterious message.

Stinson is a young man employed as a clerk in Bides & Aikire's clothing store. He is a young man of good habits and says he does not know that he has any enemies.

On the evening of April 11 while on his way to his room at the home of Mrs. John Ritze, after closing the store, he was attacked by two men, badly cut and knocked insensible. He was found by Arthur Vaple, who helped him to his room. He was confined to his room for about two weeks. He then took up his residence at Beal place with his aunt and female cousins.

On the evening of May 1, a dark, rainy night, the female residents of Beal place were startled by the violent ringing of their doorbell at a late hour, near midnight. Stinson was asleep and the ringing of the doorbell was heard only by the ladies.

They were not disposed to open the door to an unknown person at that hour of the night and feared to arouse Stinson, as he was still weak and upset from the recent assault on him.

Their fears were aroused more thoroughly than ever when after the bell had been rung several times there was a sound of hurried footsteps retreating from the house. Putting this sudden retreat down to the intruders having been frightened away by the approach of some one and figuring that they would return later the ladies spent a restless and disturbed night.

Nothing more occurred that night but on opening the door next morning a note was found pinned to the casement.

It was addressed to Stinson and was delivered to him by the ladies when he came down to breakfast. Thinking that it was a continuation of May day surprises and probably contained a "jolly" of some kind Stinson would not open the note.

The ladies had not told him of the mysterious disturbance of the night before and did not wish to do so, hoping that the note might really be no worse than Stinson anticipated.

It evidently had not occurred to the boy that anything in the nature of a threat was contained in the note. He was finally prevailed upon to open it. It was evidently written by an educated person, as the handwriting was in a fine ladys hand and the missive was properly spelled, capitalized and punctuated. It was as follows:

"May 1, 1902.—Mr. Tom Stinson: Well, we are surprised to see you out again, but we just thought we would inform you that you will soon be in the hospital again. Stinson, we are going to get you as we did before, and if you don't do as we say it will be all up with you; so don't act the way you did before or you will get the worst of it.

"We will get you some night before long. Money is what we want and we know you have got it, and if you don't put up the next time it will be all over with you. We haven't got anything against you, Stinson; you are all right, but we have got to have the money. See?

"It won't do you any good to carry a gun or anything else, because we will get the drop on you and, besides, if you had a gun we would take it and maybe shoot you with it. But don't make any bad play, as it would cost your life.

"You will get you sure if you make any attempt to stop us. We are too many for you, Stinson; so take a fool's advice and do as we say and don't come your game on us, as we will kill you sure.

"It is better to give us $20 or $50 than to get killed. Just carry it with you and when we ask you for it just hand it to us and it will be all right. Be sure and don't go home busted or broke, or it will cost you your life. We will surely kill you and we'll do it just as easy.

"Wallace can't never catch us, as he will never know it until you are dead and laid to rest.

"Now, Stinson, if you will do as we say it will be all right, but if you refuse us you know what will become of you. We mean business and it is money or graveyard for you, so do as you please.

"TWO DAREDEVILS."

Stinson was still weak and unstrung from the effects of the recent assault upon him, and the only other inhabitants of the place were the ladies. After discussing the matter among themselves, it was decided to confer with Mrs. Beal's brother, Elias Orear. This conference resulted in the matter being placed in the hands of the sheriff and police. Following that time a guard of police was maintained at the Beal place.

A few days later, in its issue of May 8, the Maryville Tribune published the letter and gave an interesting account of the case. May 23 Stinson received another letter, which was placed between the screen and the floor of Beal place some time during the night. This is the letter:

"May 21, 1902.—Mr. Tom Stinson, City: Well, seeing you have gone and done the very thing we told you not to do, we take this means to tell you that you are in the most dangerous place you were ever in in your life.

"We will tell you exactly how the first hold-up occurred. We were at the corner of Schumacher & Kirch's store and saw you coming. We thought you was going to turn west and we meant to catch you at the alley, but you turned at the corner of the church and fooled us, so we ran west and cut through Perrin's yard and we waited till you came by.

"We aimed to kill you, because we thought you had more money, at least that is what we heard, and we thought we would kill you and do the robbery after, but you were too many for us, so we decided to let you go. We did not get a scratch from you, but we thought we would go and get you again.

"When we left you somebody came and went up to you. We didn't know him but he can count himself lucky for we came very near catching him, but we were scared good so we let him go because we thought we would get caught sure.

"We ran and got up on that big woodpile and stayed there awhile. We stayed there for two hours.

"We see you every day and wanted to get you Saturday evening, but my pal was scared.

"We are not afraid of bloodhounds. We have been chased by them more than once and we are still on the turf.

"If you had gone and told everybody about the letter we would have let you go, but you have gone and done the wrong thing and now you must suffer, and I guess you will suffer, too.

"You might stay in for awhile, but you can't stay in for always and we will get you. If it takes two years, we will see who is the best man. If you get the drop on us one of us will get you sure, because there are two of us and there will be one behind and one in front of you.

"We see you every day and you look as stout and well as they ever make them. That is the very kind we like to get.

"You can't work us by being shadowed home, because we are too game for that.

"You can count yourself a dead man in three months, AND THERE ARE OTHERS WE ARE GOING TO GET, but we want you dead first and we will surely get you.

"TWO DARE DEVILS."

Following the assault upon Stinson several arrests were made, but Stinson positively declared that none of those arrested were the persons who attacked him, one of whom he declared was a very tall man.

That second letter tells exactly how the assault was committed, and is absolutely correct in so far as Stinson's movements were concerned. Saturday evening the time when the writer of the letter says he wanted to "get" Stinson and would had it not been for his pal, Stinson had been out with a young lady in town and accompanied her home. It was rather late when they arrived at her home. Stinson came up Second street past Schumaker & Korch's store. Someone was lurking in the alley back of the store at that time and Stinson's attention was attracted to them, but they went down the alley and disappeared. This is supposed to have been the place and time when an attack was to have been made on Stinson had not the nerve of one of the men failed.

All the circumstances of this mysterious case are of a nature to make most anyone nervous under the strain. Stinson is not an exception, and as a hidden enemy seems to be pursuing him and there is no way to protect himself he has decided to leave Maryville soon.

He has given up the position that has been held open for him at Bides & Aikire's clothing store and intends going away as soon as he can settle up some business affairs, probably within the next ten days.

Many theories have been advanced on the subject of the notes by people who have been on the inside. Optimistic persons are inclined to believe the note to be the work of mischievous boys, but it seems hardly possible that even the most thoughtless boy would perpetrate a joke that would necessarily cause so much work as this circumstance has.

One of the peculiar things about the first note is that it states that the writers would expect a sum between $20 and $50. This looks very cheap for such desperate measures. A possible explanation may be found for this, though, in the fact that Stinson is not rich, but works for a living.

The robbers may have figured that in case their bluff worked Stinson could very easily have from $20 to $50 on his person, while if they asked for more, he would be pushed to get it, and might, under latter circumstances, reveal the contents of the note where he would otherwise carry the money asked for by them.

Another phase that is really feared more than the present status of this case, for the reason that it would be harder to protect against, is that the real object of the senders of the note is not alone to secure money from Stinson, but to work him and his relatives up to a high degree of fear and then make a demand on the Beals for a large sum of money.

This theory of the matter is figured on because of the fact that the Beals and Mr. Orear and other immediate members of the family are more than ordinarily wealthy and could easily raise in cash almost any sum up to several thousand dollars. There being no men in the immediate Beal family adds strength to this fear for Beal Place would be peculiarly susceptible to such a threat.

The Maryville Tribune has offered a reward of $50 for the arrest and conviction of Stinson's assailants and the writer of the mysterious notes, for not only does the last note threaten Stinson's life, but the information is given in it that like attacks are to be inaugurated on other people after the extortionists have made good their reputation by doing away with Stinson.

This has aroused an extra effort to capture the perpetrators of the outrage, for not only is Stinson's peace of mind and life involved, but it is necessary that measures be taken to avert the reign of thuggery from extending to other people even more defenseless than he.

Piles always yield to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Cures skin diseases, all kinds of wounds. Accept no counterfeits. Max Wirth.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Courteous Sales People. *The New Store* Prompt Deliveries.

High Quality Muslin Wear.

This store's reputation for a high grade of merchandise makes it unnecessary for us to assure our regular patrons that our muslin underwear is made full and in sanitary shops. None better anywhere. What we are offering:

Cambric Corset Covers with four rows of insertion—full front—39c qualities—tomorrow only **25c**

Cambric Corset Covers—five rows of insertion—tucked back—full front—tomorrow only **50c**

Fine Nainsook Corset Covers, insertion lace and embroidery trimmed, tomorrow ..... 98c to **$1.50**

White Skirts, plain hemstitched or tucked—at **45c**

White Skirts with three rows of insertion—extra ruffle, at **85c**

Extra width Skirt, lace and insertion trimmed, four rows of insertion, edged with lace **$1.50**

Indispensables for the Baby and Children.

Bonnets of lawn, hemstitched, tomorrow only **25c**

Bonnets of all over embroidery with tucks **50c**

The new Poke Bonnets, insertion edged with embroidery ..... 50c to **$2.50**

Children's Wash Hats—pink, blue and white, splendid styles—value exceptional at .. **48c**

Children's Ferris Waists ..... 25c and **50c**

Babies and Children's Bedford cord and linen Jackets priced tomorrow from ..... $1.25 to **$2.50**

Infants' all wool crocheted Sacques, beautiful color combinations, exceptional values at 50c and **75c**

Stationery.

Mottled Vellum Stationery in boxes—25c quality Saturday **21c**

Ivydell Stationery, ruled and unruled 25 quality, Saturday **15c**

Royal Paper in pound packages worth 25c pound—Saturday **15c**

Envelopes worth 8c a package—Saturday .. **5c**

Boys' Shirt Waists

Mothers that experience trouble in securing a satisfactory waist for the boys should see our line of these garments. They are made up so as to resemble the shirts "papa" wears yet have every feature that makes them a sensible and satisfactory waist. Two qualities 75c and **50c**

50c

Drugs.

Eau de Quinine, 50c size **29c**

Pure Castor Oil, 10c size **8c**

Epsom Salts, 10c size **8c**

Sozodont, 25c bottle **21c**

Ammonia, 10c bottle **5c**

Specials in Suit Room.

Three of the many good things to be found Saturday

Wash Waists of Percale, made of same quality as our 75c Waists—special for tomorrow, Saturday at only **29c**

All our ladies' $12.50 to $18.00 Suits, both black and colors, cut in this season's best styles, at $8.50 Saturday—don't be skeptical because the price is low—the qualities are unequaled for their regular prices, but Saturday we make a suit sensation for **$8.50**

The biggest values are in the jackets—garments that have sold for $10, $12.50 and $18—colors only, but they are the best shades of castor, tan, blue and red. Box Coats, Gibson Blouse, fly front or double breasted—sizes 32 to 40. Just another special that shows the unquestionable leadership of the Hendren & Tallant Company—Saturday $10.00, $12.50 and $18.00 Jackets **$6.75**

Exceptional Shoe Values

For Ladies, Misses and Children.

Boys' calf skin Shoes, sizes 13 to 5½—$1.25 and $1.50 values—on sale Saturday **98c**

Children's kid and box calf Shoes, patent leather and kid tips, lace or button, value $1.00—Saturday's price **65c**

Ladies' Oxfords and Strap Slippers—all good styles—all sizes—$1.50 qualities—we secured a bargain in this lot, and Saturday you may have them at—per pair **98c**

Children's all solid leather Shoes, lace or button—sizes 2 to 8—special price for Saturday **49c**

"Belmar" When you purchase a Shoe with "Belmar" stamped in it you have the assurance of securing a shoe with only good leathers in it, a Shoe that possesses only good style, and a Shoe that will fit the foot—it is sold exclusively by the Hendren & Tallant Co., and instead of paying $3.50 its value—you secure it for **$2.98**

Underwear and Hosiery.

Best qualities at very low prices.

Ladies' ecru cotton vests; long sleeves; knee pants to match; only **20c**

Ladies' pure white lisle thread Union Suits; long sleeves; knee lengths **75c**

Ladies' extra size white cotton Pants; fancy lace trimmed; straight band **39c**

Ladies' medium weight vests; long sleeves, ankle or knee lengths; pants to match ... **50c**

Ladies' black cotton Hose; double sole and high spliced heel; ribbed tops **15c**

Children's heavy ribbed Hose; triple knee and double soles; sizes 5½ to 9 ..... **15c**

Ladies' fast black cotton Hose; all black or split foot—Saturday **25c**

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 3; Philadelphia, 4.
At Boston—St. Louis, 3; Boston, 0.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 4; Cincinnati, 0.
At New York—New York, 4; Chicago, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Chicago, 11; Philadelphia, 3.
At Washington—Washington, 5; Detroit, 3.
At Cleveland—Boston, 3; Cleveland, 2.
At Baltimore—St. Louis, 7; Baltimore, 6.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Columbus—Columbus, 5; Louisville, 2.
At Toledo—Indianapolis, 9; Toledo, 2.
At Kansas City—St. Paul, 6; Kansas City, 2. Second game—Kansas City, 9; St. Paul, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	39	23	7	.821
Chicago	38	24	14	.632
Brooklyn	39	20	19	.513
Boston	37	16	21	.432
New York	40	17	23	.425
Philadelphia	38	16	22	.421
St. Louis	38	15	23	.395
Cincinnati	39	14	25	.359

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	35	21	14	.600
Boston	36	21	15	.583
Chicago	35	20	15	.571
St. Louis	34	17	17	.500
Baltimore	37	18	19	.486
Detroit	34	16	18	.471
Washington	38	18	20	.474
Cleveland	37	12	25	.324

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Louisville	35	22	13	.629
Columbus	40	26	14	.650
Indianapolis	37	23	14	.622
St. Paul	36	21	15	.583
Kansas City	37	19	18	.514
Milwaukee	35	16	19	.457
Minneapolis	35	11	24	.314
Toledo	35	7	28	.200

FASTEST GROWING CLOTHING STORE IN MINNESOTA.

Kenney, Anker & Denny

Duluth's New Clothing Store. 409-411 W. Sup. St. Duluth's New Clothing Store.

Now for another busy Saturday at our

Slaughter Sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing!

The news of such an event travels fast. This has been a busy week, but we're going to make tomorrow break all past records. Note the price reductions which in every instance is to your special interest, and remember it's good clothes cheap. *A Kenney, Anker & Denny label on a garment is an iron clad guarantee of perfect satisfaction.*

500 SUITS FOR MEN

$9.75

Former selling price $18, $16, $15, $14 and $13.50.

All this season's styles made expressly to our order of the most fashionable fabrics. Long or short, stout or thin men can be properly fitted, and your choice for $9.75.

This Store saves you money on Boys Clothing.

Boys' $5 Suits for	$3.45	Boys' $5 Suits for	$3.45
Little Men's $3.50 Suits for	$2.55	Little Men's $3 Suits for	$1.95
Boys' $4 Suits for	$2.75	Boys' $8 Suits for	$6.15
Boys' $2.50 Suits for	$1 95	Boys' $7 Suits for	$4.95

MEN'S SHIRTS We sell the famous Elg in Union-made Wilson Bros. and Vogue make, known as the best and equal to custom made. Price **$1.00**

Men's Fine Shoes.

1000 pairs of Men's Hand Sewed Shoes, made to sell at $5.00 All leathers and styles. Choice tomorrow—

$3.50

Other Shoes at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.

MEN'S STYLISH HATS.

Bought by us at a sacrifice from an Eastern wholesaler—Hats that sell in Hat Stores for twice the money—our prices—

$1.50 $2.50

FARMERS BUNKOED

One In Ohio And Another In Indiana Are Swindled.

Zadoc Burris Signed Note For "Rural Electric Plant."

William Thorne Caught By the Old "Patent Right" Game.

Steubenville, Ohio, June 6.—While under hypnotic influence, it is said, Zadoc Burris, a prominent farmer of Smithfield Township, signed a note for $2700 at the instance of a slick confidence man of the name of Roper. He came to town to tell the story of how he was fleeced. Friends of Burris, who is 72 years old, say Roper undoubtedly put Burris under some sort of a spell, as he signed against his wife's protests and frantic endeavor to stop him.

Two strangers came originally and induced Burris to sign a paper contracting for a rural electric plant. The next day they delivered lightning rods. Burris found that the contract called for the lightning rods and he was to pay $270 for them. He signed a note, which Mrs. Burris says was for $2700. She jerked the pen out of his hands after it was too late. She tried to seiez the paper, but the sharper put it into his pocket.

She says one of the men had queer eyes and he could do anything he wanted to with Burris. One of the strangers inquired if William Burris, "who lives over the hill," was still living. The William Burris referred to is a brother of Zadoc, and a number of years ago was swindled out of $5000 by bunko men in a farm deal. The swindlers were never caught, although many noted detectives worked on the case, which became quite celebrated.

This question asked by the stranger leads Mrs. Burris to think that these men are part of the gang who swindled William Burris fifteen years ago, or that at least they know all about it.

Vincennes, Ind., June 6.—It is reported that William Thorn, a prominent farmer, had been fleeced out of $4500 by two strange patent-right men. It is said that the first man offered to sell a patent wagon brake and Mr. Thorn refused to buy. The second man came along a few days later and offered Thorn a good price for the patent, saying he heard Thorn had purchased it. Thorn, it is said, seeing a chance to make a legitimate profit, as he thought, hunted up the first man and purchased the patent and the men disappeared.

WAR OFFICE

Cables Congratulations to Lord Kitchener and the Army.

London, June 6.—The war office has cabled congratulations to Lord Kitchener on the energy, skill and patience with which he conducted the long campaign in South Africa and has asked him to communicate to the troops, the government's profound sense of their spirit of endurance, bravery and discipline and also of their humanity shown throughout the trying period.

Lord Kitchener replied in behalf of the army in South Africa, tendering its sincere thanks for the congratulations of the government which he was sure the troops would receive with great satisfaction.

CLOUDBURST

In Nebraska Did Great Damage In Several Towns.

Beatrice, Neb., June 6.—Reports received today from Cortland, the scene of yesterday's cloud burst, indicate a more serious condition than at first reported. A foot of water fell in three hours. The rain fell in blinding sheets. The streets in the towns of Cortland, Princeton and Pickerell, were unable to carry away the immense volume of water, and basements of dwellings and stores were flooded. Crops in a great many places are a total loss, being entirely washed away.

The water ran over the Union Pacific tracks between Pickerell and Cortland to a depth of two feet in some places; and several trains were held until this morning waiting for the water to subside and for washed out tracks to be repaired.

ON PAROLE.

Boer Prisoners at Bermuda Are Allowed Their Liberty.

Hamilton, Bermuda, June 6.—The Boer officers who have been living in the prison camps on the islands near here have been allowed their liberty on parole. Several of them came ashore here today and were interviewed. Gens. Cronje, Wesseis, Botha and others were extremely reticent, but said they were glad the war was over and would be delighted to get back to their homes. It is understood that the rank and file of the Boers will be alowed ashore in batches of ten. The officers have been invited to an "at home" at Government house tomorrow.

BAREFOOTED WOMAN

Fled Across Housetops and Skinned Down Pole.

Toledo, Ohio, June 6.—When the police attempted to break the door down to Loretta French's room to arrest her on a bench warrant, the woman leaped out of the window onto a roof and then began a wild chase over house tops, sheds, barns and fences. Loretta was in her bare feet and thinly clad, and the leaps she made from roof to roof were hair-raising in many instances. Had she fallen she would have been dashed to pieces on the pavement below.

The police dared not follow where Loretta led, and all they could do was to shout to the woman to come down and surrender, which she scornfully refused to do. Loretta finally leaped across a small alley, grabbed a telegraph pole, hastily descended and ran like a deer into a lumber yard, swam across the canal, and all trace of her was lost by the police.

THE DAKOTAS.

Important Decision Relating to Rights of Telephone Companies.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—The supreme court in the case of Donovan vs. the Langdon Telephone exchange, decided that the owner of a lot is the owner of the fee in street to the center, and that telephone companies cannot erect poles in the street in front of his lot without compensating him for the damages therefrom. The court orders an injunction granted in the case. The decision will be of interest to telephone and light companies all through the state. The court holds that a franchise cannot override the right of the property holders.

Fargo—Richard Morrow, a local horseman, was so violently bitten by a trotting stallion that it was necessary to amputate his left arm.

At a meeting of the Republican executive committee of Barnes county to select a date for the convention there was a unanimous expression of opinion favorable to the re-nomination of Governor White.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—The jury in the case of W. H. Burt, on trial in the circuit court here on a charge of criminal abuse, brought in a verdict of guilty after being out about five hours. Sentence will be passed later in the term, the maximum penalty in the state being ten years. Burt's attorneys gave notice of a motion for a new trial, the ground being one which has never been passed upon by the supreme court of South Dakota, it is said, while other states have decisions in two lines, directly opposed to each other. Burt's wife took the stand against him, and her evidence was damaging to his case. The case, if it goes to the supreme court, will be upon the ground that her testimony should have been excluded.

The Aberdeen firm of Perry & Jones has sold six of its elevators at different points to the Hawkeye Elevator company. The Hawkeye company will add a large lumber yard to the business here, and will also put lumber yards in at a number of the other points at which they have bought. The points at which the elevators are located outside of Aberdeen are Plano, Grover, Eureka, all in South Dakota, and at Oakes and Babcock in North Dakota.

Deadwood—Five well known Black Hills prospectors have started for the Thunder Mountain region of Idaho. They are James Secoy, M. C. Hatch, John Coyle, William Cavanaugh and Henry Haux. Some of them will visit the Buffalo Hump country, but they all expect to return to the Black Hills for the winter.

Tyndall—J. Scherer has gone to Fort Randall to look for his son, Leo, who was reported lost. He was in the employ of Capt. Joseph Leach and working upon his new boat. The boat was anchored in the river near Fort Randall and one night Leo Scherer was missed. The supposition is that he walked into the river in his sleep.

Terraville—Everett Peterson, the 15-year-old boy who was injured in the tornado last Sunday, died at the home of his parents. He was delivery boy at W. H. Adams' meat market, and was badly crushed when the building collapsed. Others who were injured continue to improve.

IN MICHIGAN.

Iron Mountain Man Carried Over Falls But Escapes.

Menominee—Clifford Powell, of Iron Mountain, had a thrilling experience, of which very few people living can boast. He was carried over the Hydraulic falls and lives to tell the tale. He was standing on a flat rock when his foot slipped and he fell into the water.

Escanaba—The county board of supervisors, which is holding its first session in several months, is facing the problem of meeting $10,000 of smallpox bills which were entirely unexpected, and for which no provision was made at the time the annual appropriations were fixed. The bills are a result of the epidemic which raged here all winter and which in a measure is still prevalent.

Ontonagon—A woman giving the name of Mary Walsh, who, disguised as a Sister of Mercy, has been soliciting funds in various parts of the county, has been arrested by the sheriff on the charge of obtaining money on false pretenses. She is said to own a private summer resort near Minoqua, Wis., on which there is an indebtedness, for the liquidation of which she has been soliciting alms.

Calumet—The commencement exercises of the university of Michigan will be held June 19, and the following copper country people will graduate this year: Theresa Hummel, Nina Streeter, Houghton; Emma Larson, Malvina Milligan, Christopher Parnell, Algernore Roehm, James H. Cox, Fred W. Sauer, William Dick and Carlos Light, Calumet; Robert Gatiss, of Eagle River; Etta Snell, of Hancock; Bessie Notorth and Edward M. Kirchen, of Lake Linden.

Marshal Trudell of Red Jacket placed James Robinson, of Calumet, behind the bars to keep him there until thoroughly sobered up. Robinson had been drinking quite heavily and tried to end his life by jumping into the Calumet dam. He was rescued and given over to the custody of the marshal.

Hancock—Hancock people have been up in arms against the cow nuisance, and the council at its meeting this evening will appoint a pound master who will attend strictly to his duties. All loose cows found running about will be impounded and a fine of $1 along with the expense of keeping the bovine will have to be paid by the owner.

SAFE CONDUCT

Guaranteed to Boers to South African Homes.

London, June 6.—The Birmingham Post, the organ of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, today says that owing to his age and infirmities the British government has waived its claim for the acknowledgment by Mr. Kruger of British sovereignty over the Transvaal, and has guaranteed to all the Boer delegates in Europe a safe conduct to their homes in South Africa.

CHALLENGED TO DUEL.

Rome, June 6.—As a sequel to a heated discussion in the lobby of the chamber of deputies, on the subject of Eritrean (Italian East Africa) budget, Signor Franchetti, a member of the chamber has challenged the foreign minister, Signor Prinette to fight a duel.

'Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

MEN'S SUITS

An Exceptionally Well Appointed, Beautiful Stock of Faultlessly Tailored Men's Suits.

Suits produced from finest materials, woven by master artists and exclusive styles. There are no better clothes made than the Suits we are offering at—

$15, $18.50, $20, $22.50, $25.00.

Revelations as to exquisite grace and fit, tasty appearance and perfection in tailoring

Exclusive Patterns in Golf Shirts, Union and 2-piece Suits in Summer Underwear

Outing Suits. **Floan, Leverson & Co.** 225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. **Straw Hats.**

COIN IN CUSHION

The Legacy That Was Left By An Eccentric Bachelor.

Cushion Was Tossed About As Though of No Value.

Gold And Bank Notes Found When It Was Opened.

Utica, Ohio, June 6.—Tossed about for ten years in an old cushion which had been threatened with burning numerous times, a little fortune has just turned up to Miss Elizabeth Long, of Newark. The story would furnish a basis for an interesting novel. Briefly told, it is as follows:

For many years there lived in Utica, with a maiden sister, an eccentric and wealthy bachelor, Washington Moore. A dozen years ago the sister died, and other relatives came to the old home and cared for the brother, who had become feeble. In the course of a few months Washington sickened and died.

He left a will, in which his estate was left to his nearest relatives, two sisters and a niece, Mrs. J. F. Williams, of Columbus, getting the greater share.

Mr. Moore had a second cousin, Miss Elizabeth Long, in Newark, who was not on friendly terms with the other relatives, and who, in consequence, did not attend the funeral. His will specified that Miss Long was to have a certain stand made of a barrel, with a cushion attached to the top. She was to receive also bound volumes of Godey's Magazine for 1867 and 1868.

When the effects of the deceased were distributed Miss Long took the books to her home and laid them away, but she did not care for the antiquated cushion off the barrel, which she gave to a lady living near the old house, Mrs. Angeline Bonner, suggesting that the red covering would work up into carpet rags.

For ten years the cushion was tossed about until recently Mrs. Bonner tore it to pieces to get some use of the cover. Within it she found a letter addressed to Miss Long. The missive was dispatched to its owner, who found it to be from her cousin, Mr. Moore. It stated that the cushion and its contents had been given to her for past kindness, and that Godey for 1867 contained further reference. The old magazines were hunted up, and between the leaves was a letter of similar import to the other.

Miss Long hastened to Utica, and with the aid of Mrs. Bonner the filling of the old cushion was found where it had been cast away. A careful examination of it revealed $500 in gold and bank notes. Miss Long took possession of the legacy, but the other heirs of the deceased have learned of the circumstance, and threaten a suit at law to compel a division of the find.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., corner Clinton and Jackson streets, Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
135 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

NO LIMIT

Placed on Prices to Be Asked For Steel Plate.

New York, June 6.—In connection with the meeting of the steel plate pool held in this city, the Journal of Commerce says no change in prices was made, but that the association placed no restriction on its members in getting as much for their product as they can. As is well known in the trade, the Eastern mills for some time have been selling at 2.08@2.15 per pound, New York, which compares with the present pool minimum of 1.78 cents. The association has made no change in prices since June 10, 1901, when the present basis of 1.78 cents was established. It has been currently reported for some time that some members of the pool were in favor of an advance from the present minimum quotation to 1.80 cents. This move, it was understood, was opposed by the United States Steel corporation, which is considerable of a factor in regulating prices. This point is accentuated by the fact that the corporation produces a large part of the total output of steel plate of the pool.

CONFIDENCE IN HENO.

Mackey Thinks He Will Make Good Showing.

New York, June 6.—Heno, Clarence Mackey's American derby candidate, will be shipped to Chicago Monday in a car attached to a fast mail train. Mr. Mackey is said to have decided upon starting his horse after a work out of one and a half miles in 2:40. He expresses great confidence in Heno's ability to give a good account of himself in the Western classic.

ALASKAN VOLCANOES

Are Throwing Off Smoke, Steam and Ashes.

Seattle, June 6.—White Redoubt, Mt. Illanaina and Mt. Augustine, in Cook Inlet, Alaska, have been throwing off smoke and steam for some months past, according to advices brought down on the steamer Bertha. Redoubt threw out a sprinkling of ashes that fell around the Bertha ten days ago.

GEN. COLLAZO

Pledges His Support to the Palma Government.

New York, June 6.—General Enrique Collazzo, the last man of prominence to oppose the presidency of Gen. Palma, has called on the latter, cables the Havana correspondent of the Tribune, and pledged his sincere support of the government. Gen. Collazo was presented to President Palma by Gonzalo Quesada, and they were together for a full hour, although it is understood that Gen. Collazo holds to the same views that caused his opposition to President Palma, his action in subordinating these to his patriotism for the interest of the country gives much satisfaction to the friends of the president and has evoked much favorable comment.

COUNTERVAILING DUTY

To Be Imposed By India on Bountied Sugar.

Simla, India, June 6.—The sugar bill empowering the government of India to impose a countervailing duty on bountied sugar until the Brussels convention becomes effective, passed the council today. The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, of Keddleston, in a speech exhorted the refiners to improve their methods and justify the protection provided by the countervailing duties imposed on bountied sugar.

As announced from Simla, May 23, sugar shipped prior to that date will be exempt from the new duty.

Spring fever is another name for torpid liver and inactive bowels. DeWitt's Little Early Risers remove all danger by stimulating the liver, opening the bowels and cleaning the system of impurities. Safe pills. Max Wirth.

WILL CARRY A FLAG.

New York, June 6.—In the coronation procession, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, F. S. Dymoke, who claimed the right to appear in Westminster as the king's champion, and to challenge all sundry persons to mortal combat, has been accorded the peaceful task of carrying the English flag.

DEGREE FOR BECK.

New York, June 6.—In connection with the annual commencement of the Moravian college and theological seminary at Bethlehem, Pa., Dean Augustus Schultze has conferred the degree of LL. D. on James Beck, assistant United States attorney general. The attorney general was the principal speaker at the alumni banquet.

NEW STEASHIP SERVICE.

New York, June 6.—A new steamship service will be inaugurated between New York, the West Indies and Venezuelan ports, by the departure next week from this port of the Italian steamship Alessandro Del Buono. For the present the sailings will be monthly.

NOT TO BUILD PLANT.

New York, June 6.—Officials of the American Steel & Wire company, one of the subsidiary companies of the United States Steel corporation, deny the report that the company proposes to build a plant at Beaumont, Texas, to cost $5,000,000.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system

SPECIAL SALE TOMORROW...

Tomorrow we place on sale three lines of reliable footwear which are among our best sellers—good, clean, up-to-date shoes, which we guarantee to give satisfaction. A special line at a specially reduced figure for every day in the year.

..Tomorrow's Specials...

75 pairs Ladies' patent leather Oxfords—one of our leaders at $3.00—tomorrow's special **$2.34**

60 pairs Ladies' Vici Kid Shoes, patent tip—a splendid shoe—tomorrow **$1.64**

70 pairs Misses' Fine Kid Lace Shoes, one of our best sellers at $1.50—tomorrow **98c**

These are only a few of the many splendid values we have to offer you.

NEWMON & CO., 111 W. Sup. St.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 6.—Light to heavy showers fell over the west lake region, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas, Montana and Washington because of the continued low pressure in the Southwest. The lake region high pressure area has moved to north Atlantic states and the "high" in the extreme Northwest has remained about stationary. Temperatures have risen in the upper Mississippi valley and lake region and have fallen over the Dakotas, continuing cool in Northwest Canada and moderately warm in the central valleys. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk easterly.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	86	Memphis	92
Bismarck	78	Miles City	70
Boston	62	Milwaukee	64
Buffalo	66	Minnedosa	60
Calgary	56	Modena	82
Charleston	82	Montgomery	96
Chicago	66	Moorhead	64
Cincinnati	80	New Orleans	92
Davenport	78	New York	74
Denver	82	North Platte	86
Detroit	62	Oklahoma	86
Dodge City	86	Omaha	80
Duluth	52	Pittsburg	74
El Paso	94	Port Arthur	52
Escanaba	56	Portland	66
Galveston	84	Prince Albert	54
Green Bay	64	Quappelle	68
Havre	60	Rapid City	68
Helena	68	San Francisco	60
Houghton	70	Santa Fe	78
Huron	80	Shreveport	92
Jacksonville	90	Spokane	62
Kamloops	64	St. Louis	80
Kansas City	86	St. Paul	68
Knoxville	80	Sault Ste. Marie	62
La Crosse	72	Washington	78
Lander	80	Williston	66
Los Angeles	76	Winnemucca	70
Marquette	60	Winnipeg	68

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday. Slightly cooler tonight. Fresh northeasterly winds.
H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 6.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Saturday: Minnesota—Showers this afternoon and possibly tonight. Cooler tonight. Saturday probably fair.

Wisconsin—Showers and cooler tonight. Saturday probably fair, with cooler in east portion.

The Dakotas—Showers and cooler tonight. Saturday probably fair.

Lakes Michigan and Huron—Fresh southerly winds shifting to northerly on Michigan tonight and Huron Saturday. Showers tonight.

Lake Superior—Fresh northerly winds. Showers tonight. Saturday partly cloudy.

The Cost of the Boer War.

The time may come when the actual cost of the Boer war will be known, although it is somewhat doubtful. It is impossible at present to secure any reliable figures of the Boer losses in men or their expense in the contest. Something of the terrible cost of the war to Great Britain, however, can be learned from the statistics of the military information bureau. It is still more difficult to tell how much money this war has cost the British government, but a good idea can be secured of the increased cost of the military establishment because of the operations against the Boers. According to the official budgets of the British government, it has cost an average of about £40,000,000 a year extra to maintain the army in Africa. This amounts to an expenditure for this item alone of about $500,000,000 during the thirty-two months of the war. When the numerous other losses incident to the long warfare are taken into consideration, the total loss of the British government will be found to be way beyond the $500,000,000 mark. More accurate information is obtained in regard to the losses of men. In killed and wounded and deaths resulting from sickness, the aggregate is a round 100,000. Facts possessed by the bureau of military information show that the totals deaths in South Africa, missing and prisoners, excluding those who have been recovered or have died in captivity, are 4086 officers and 91,593 men. This is taken from a statement of British losses up to May 1, 1902. Taken with the Boer losses, and some day they may be accurately known, the cost of this really unnecessary war has been enormous. And yet it has taught a lesson and will go a long way toward averting future wars of a similar character.

Tariff Revision Is Demanded.

According to all reports the present sentiment of Republicans west of the Mississippi, seems to be in favor of the nomination of President Roosevelt in 1904. At the same time, the same people want a revision of the present tariff laws, or some action that will materially lower the present duties and at the same time afford new markets for our products. There is certainly a widespread sentiment even among the Republicans in favor of a more liberal policy on the tariff than in the past. A movement looking to the establishment of new trade relations with other countries, and to negotiations to bring them about, or, in short, a general policy of reciprocity would be popular with the masses of the Republican party. There is a feeling of disappointment that nothing has been done by the present congress in this direction. There is not much doubt now but what the Democrats will make the tariff their principal issue in the presidential campaign. It is the one issue on which they can unite in the West. The consuming demand of the country at present is erroneous. It has outrun the supply in almost every line of commodity, and the result is a high range of prices. The farming element of the West is well pleased with the situation, and is more prosperous today than at any time for the past twenty years. They are getting the benefit of the high prices resulting from the scarcity of beef animals, and so, of course, are not inclined to feel any great degree of sympathy for the consumers. It is in the cities and villages that the high price of meat is felt severely, as is the increase in the prices of other articles. Tariff revision with the idea of repealing duties on trust-controlled articles will be the burning question for some time to come. The Republicans must do something in the way of tariff revision or the Democrats may sweep the country.

GROWING NATIONAL DEBTS.

Among business men the idea generally prevails that the less debt a man has the better he is off. Increased indebtedness certainly does not make a man's credit and better, even though he may have sufficient assets to meet all his liabilities. In the world at large, that is, among nations, indebtedness is increasing. To be sure, the majority of nations are wealthier and have much greater resources, but the fact that they are plunging deeper and deeper into debt is no particular credit to them. In 1801 the world's debt amounted to $3,000,000,000; in 1848, after the Napoleonic wars, it was $8,400,000,000; in 1901, $31,800,000,000. It in creased within the last century by $28,800,000,000; but, whereas during the first part of this century, notwithstanding the gigantic wars which then unsettled part of the world, it increased but at the ratio of 3 to 1, the increase during the second part was at the ratio of 10 to 1.

Toward this increase each nation has contributed with all its power. They seem to have been engaged in something like a race as to which would spend most and acquire the most crushing debt burden. Only two nations preserved their cool blood; Great Britain, which during forty years reduced its debt by $1,000,000,000, and the United States, which reduced its liabilities by over $1,400,000,000. The Austroan debt, which in 1850 was but 600,000,000, reaches at present $1,700,000,000; the debt of Germany has grown from $116,000,000 in 1870 to $559,000,000; that of Italy, which in 1869 was $1,400,000,000, is now $2,583,000,000; the debt of Russia, which in 1853 was $400,000,000, exceeded in 1900 $3,000,000,000. France is easily winner in this contest; her debt, which in 1852 was a little over $1,000,000,000, amounts today to about $5,800,000,000, or almost six times the amount in the former year, constituting almost one-fifth of the total world's indebtedness. The debts of the Germanic and Slavic group of nations the last quarter of the century have been due chiefly to the purchase or construction of railways, and they possess in these a "physical" capital which almost equals their total debt, and derive therefrom a revenue almost sufficient for the service of this debt. Quite a different picture is presented by the Latin nations. These have within the past twenty-five years increased their debts by $5,000,000,000, Spain and Italy very nearly doubling their debt. France almost trebling hers. In return they cannot be said to have acquired any well-defined material assets. France particularly, which perhaps spent more than any other nation has on her railways, will have to wait until 1954 to acquire ownership of them.

While there is no particular danger in this indebtedness, and the credit of the nations is not impaired, it does not look as well to see this balance on the debit side of the ledger as it would on the credit side.

A GREAT SPEECH.

No speech delivered at the present session of congress, either in the house or the senate, can be classed as great when compared with the able speech of President James J. Hill, delivered before the Manufacturers' association of Illinois, at Chicago, on Wednesday evening. The speech was published in The Herald yesterday because of the valuable information which it gives and the excellent views which it contains on the leading public questions of the day. Few men, perhaps none, are as well equipped as is Mr. Hill to discuss the question of transportation in all its phases and as related to the growth and progress of the country and the expansion of commerce which is attending the efforts of those who are managing the great railway properties of the United States. Mr. Hill not only has given this subject years of study, and has successfully solved many of the problems connected therewith, but he is gifted with the ability to explain to the people in clear and terse language exactly what the policy of modern railway management is and the objects that have been attained and are being sought for. His speech is luminous with ideas that must arrest the attention of the intelligent reader, and cause him to revise, or at least reconsider, any preconceived contrary views which he may have held on the part played by railroads in the development of the United States and the economical laws which control their administration.

A short time ago a member of the interstate commerce commission carelessly stated that railroad rates have not been reduced during the past ten years, but have been advanced in that time. Similar statements have been made by political agitators. A convincing refutation of this incorrect statement is given by Mr. Hill by a quotation from the report of the interstate commission, showing the average rate per ton per mile in 1890 at .941 of a cent, and in 1900—ten years later—at .729 of a cent. The fact is that the average rate of transportation does not exceed one-third of what it was thirty years ago. This reduction was brought about by the railway companies in their efforts to serve the public and help themselves. Mr. Hill points out that the railroad men, by simply following the economic laws necessary to develop business for their railroads, have reduced the rates of transportation immensely below those prevailing in any other country in the world, even those where the railroads are run by the governments; that to make business for the railroads it is necessary to encourage settlement and production along their lines, and, above all, to get their stuff to a profitable market; that the profits of the railroad business depend upon the volume of traffic; that the more the tonnage carried is increased the less the cost of carrying it per ton per mile, and that a reduction of rates follows necessarily with this increase in the volume of traffic.

The increase of the volume of interstate and international traffic over their lines is what enables the Northwestern roads, for instance, to reduce their rates, and in this connection Mr. Hill referred to the arrangement made to find wider markets for the stuff produced on the lines of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific and to increase the volume of their traffic by extending their connections eastward and southward, and with the Orient through a fleet of mammoth steamships. In a careful consideration of this subject will be found the beneficial effect on the Northwest of the so-called "merger" of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington systems which builds up the various interests of the country served by these lines by placing them in close connection with wider markets.

Among the other topics discussed by Mr. Hill was that of the so-called trusts or combinations of capital. Of course, these combinations in themselves are not to be feared; they are necessary to the conduct of business on the gigantic scale it has reached. It is the method of creating some of the trusts to which Mr. Hill objects, and his views on this point will be quite generally endorsed. The worst evil of trusts is watered stock, and for this Mr. Hill has proposed a simple but effective remedy—the enactment of a federal law requiring all companies to satisfy a commission that their capital stock was actually paid up in cash or in property. No legitimate business would suffer from such a regulation, while the greatest of trust evils—that which makes possible many other evils—would be wiped out.

Vote-getting is being reduced to a science. A Missouri man has a great scheme. Wherever he goes he takes with him a first-class farm hand—a man who can break ground, run a harrow, ride a cultivator, "lay by" corn or attend to any of the ordinary duties of the farm. As soon as the office seeker hails the farmer, out of whom he hopes to talk a vote, he sets the man he has with him to work, and while the politician and the agriculturist sit in the shade and talk war, tariff and prosperity, not a minute is lost. The farmer can sit in the shade for half a day and "argify" if it please him, firm in the knowledge that his crop is being put in just the same.

There are said to be 20,000 women teaching school in this country; 10,000 are writing for a living; 1800 women are preaching; 6000 are practicing medicine, and some 14,000 are engaged in art and decorative work. The whole army of women workers in the United States is estimated at 6,000,000.

A Baltimore preacher tells the girls it would be better to wed an ape and wait for him to develop than to marry a man to reform him. There will still be some girls, however, who want to be reformers, and others who find close resemblances to the ape.

Many conscientious Americans do not believe that the acquisition of any amount of territory in the past, by Democratic or other presidents, in any manner, justifies our Philippine mess. And they are not "traitors" or "copperheads."

Whether the bill for the protection of the president passes congress will make little difference to President Roosevelt. He carries a gun and knows how to protect himself, as any anarchist who attacked him would quickly discover.

It has been suggested that President Roosevelt could learn something that might be to his advantage in dealing with the opponents of Cuban reciprocity by consulting Dr. Grover Cleveland.

Perhaps, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, the beef trust is preventing the spread of Mormonism. How is a man with half a dozen wives and innumerable children to feed them on meat?

"Robs" got $500,000 for ending the Boer war, and now King Edward wants the British parliament to give Kitchener $350,000 for ending it a second time.

Having been made an LL.D., will Mark Twain cease to be humorous and assume the staid and solemn mien associated with the degree?

The administration fight on Gen. Miles has been resumed. Some people will "monkey with the buzz-saw" until they are hurt.

It is said that Matt Quay wants Don Cameron back in the senate. If Quay wants anything in Pennsylvania, he gets it.

The bill to give the mail carriers an increase of salary is hung up in the house committee on postoffices and post roads.

The London Lancet says the newspapers are full of bacteria. It undoubtedly means the morning papers.

The only "civilized" nation in the world now engaged in a war is the United States. Why not end it?

Now that the teamsters' strike at Chicago is settled, it should be possible to end the coal strike.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A little red hair goes a long way through succeeding generations.

If a woman knows a man has virtues he need never practice them.

When a man begins to have children, he begins to have real troubles, but real joys.

Some girls are so modest that what they see in their own mirrors makes them blush.

A woman is the royal gambler of the world. She gambles her all when she marries, she gambles when she has children, and she gambles when she marries them off.

Need Look No Further.

Atlanta Constitution: If Congressman Grosvenor really wants to see where the tariff is hurting he might take a look into one of those formerly full dinner pails.

Examining the Cost Tag.

Chicago News: Gen. Wood probably thinks it is small business for the Americans to look into his expense account, considering the results.

HEARD ABOUT TOWN

They had been invited out to spend the evening with a friend of his and the latter's wife. It was to be one of those pleasant home evenings, when your business friend down town invites your recently arrived self and wife out to meet his wife, and hit up a sort of wifely intimacy between them. The guests-to-be were a well known railroad man and his wife. They had not called on their hosts before, and they did not quite locate the place until they had passed by. As they went by the light fell on their faces, revealing them to the hostess. Then they retraced their steps and rang the bell.

Now the day before, Mrs. Hostess had been called upon by a fat gentleman and his wife, who were unknown to her, in search of a couple of rooms. Mrs. Hostess had shown the rooms, somewhat under protest, for she did not care to rent them unless she got the exactly right tenants—people she knew. She had told them she would let them have her answer the evening of the entertainment of her husband's friend and his wife.

The two callers who had rung the bell were ushered into the house and into the parlor, the man remaining back in the hall so long that the hostess went out to see what was the trouble, and found him removing his coat. She had not "liked the couple when they came to see the rooms," for she thought she had let in the room-hunters.

Mrs. Hostess was anything but cordial, though she tried hard to think how she could tell her callers they could not have the rooms. Her equanimity had been ruffled considerably by the man's insistence in removing his coat and hanging it and his hat up in the hall before coming into the parlor. It was with difficulty that she prevented her thouhts upon this liberty from finding expression, when she said, as kindly as she could, that she found it impossible to let them have the "side rooms."

The lady caller was puzzled to such a degree that her face betrayed her amazement.

"Side rooms?" she inquired in a helpless sort of way.

The fat man caller got uncomfortable and began to wonder if Duluth women became insane on short notice, though he inwardly commented that his hostess was very polite for a crazy lady.

"Yes, those side rooms that you came to look at yesterday morning, don't you remember?" serenly explained the hostess as she too began to entertain doubts of her callers' mental equilibrium.

There was a blank of a few minutes' duration, and then mutual explanations followed.

But there is one lady who says her husband has something coming to him for failing to be on hand when his friends called to meet her, and she is just a little resentful toward the fat man caller for his obstinacy in twitting her about her error after she began to recover from the embarrassment.

Thee is a justice of the peace in one of the big Vermilion range towns, who was elected to office from among the commoners of his community. Truth to tell, he knows perhaps a little more about mining in a practical way than he knows about the law, but his lack of knowledge is made good by an overwhelming sense of respect that all citizens should have for the administration of justice.

A few days ago one of those agitations common to all neighborhoods, whether they constitute all or part of a municipality, broke out with considerable violence in the village in which the justice presided. It was a neighborhood row of good proportions and exceptional virulence.

One of the parties to it, who evidently felt himself the aggrieved party, went before Judge Commoner and swore out a warrant for the arrest of the other for assault. The case was tried with all due and other forms of law that the judge could read about in his limited law library. It was an impressive affair. The court thought the question at issue deserved a jury trial, and the jury was provided.

The jury heard the case with a solemnity pleasing to the court, and finally reached a verdict finding the defendant not guilty. Now, the court had issued subpoenas on the requisition of one party or the other to the case, for quite a number of witnesses. The clerk figured up that the witness fees would amount to $16.50. The court cogitated earnestly upon the question of how to pay these witnesses. He finally ordered a recess while he sought the revelations of the law on the subject. The law seemed to be decidedly reticent that day, for he could find no way to pay the witnesses if he could not fine the defendant, and there seemed to be no way to fine the defendant as long as the jury had found him not guilty.

A heroic measure was no doubt necessary, and the commoner jurist rose to the occasion. It had been shown in the evidence, he reasoned to himself, that somebody had been guilty, and if the defendant were not guilty, was it not fair to presume that the complaining witness was guilty?

Here was a conclusion of fact, and the court concluded that the law bore him out in acting upon this conclusion. Court was called together again, and the judge announced with solemn mien to the awe-stricken surprise of the complaining witness that the defendant, having been acquitted by the jury, would be discharged without costs. "but," added the court, "the complaining witness will stand up for sentence. The court finds that the costs of this case should be assessed against you, and if you don't want to pay them it will have to impose an alternative imprisonment."

The complaining witness did not expect anything of the kind, but the judge's mein was so impressive and menacing that he forked over the $16.50 and went away free, but to think over the wonders of the law in these enlightened days.

Plant a Park There.

Brooklyn Eagle: Let in Arizona as a state, but while it is a territory, convert its canyon districts into a national park. It can be done easily now. It cannot be done at all, perhaps, after the conversion.

The Soft-Berth Hero.

Chicago News: Secretary Moody is said to be surprised to find so many naval officers sitting around in Washington instead of sailing the briny deep. The secretary should remember that a naval hero can get boosted in his grades as rapidly in Washington as he can by bumping around on a large, moist ocean.

He Favored It.

Washington dispatch to the New York World: Senator Hoar's brother, who is a distinguished jurist, has as pretty a wit as the venerable statesman himself. There was a funeral a short time ago in the town where he lives of a man who, while very rich, had been mean and miserly.

"Are you going to the funeral?" a man asked Mr. Hoar.

"No," he replied, "but I am in favor of it."

Store Closed Every Day at 6, except Saturday at 10:30.

Men's and Boy's Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

125 and 127 West Superior Street.

Store Closed Every Day at 6, except Saturday at 10:30.

For Saturday's Shopping

Everybody will be bustling and hurrying tomorrow—Run your eyes over this list. If you don't find what you want — you're sure to find it inside the store—everything that men or boys wear is here.

The Stetson, Guyer and Gordon Hats.	Men's Top Coats— $10 to $20	Boys' Rubber Coats, $1.50	The Boston Derby $2.50	Men's Rubber Coats $2 to $3	Men's Tailor-Made Trousers $3 to $7
Men's Mackintoshes $4.95 to $10	Men's Working Shoes $1.50 to $2.50	Boys' Collars, each 10c and 15c	Men's Suspenders 25c to $1.00	Men's Wash Vests $1.50 to $4	Link Cuff Buttons 25c to $1
Men's Collars, 2 for 25c 15c each	Boys' Fancy Vests 98c to $1.50	President Suspenders 50 cents	Pajamas, at $1.50 to $3	Men's Sweaters $1.50 to $3	Shawl Straps, at 25 cents
Boys' Sweaters at 98c to $1.50	Men's Cardigan Jackets $1.50 to $4	Dress Suit Cases $2 to $5	Men's Hosiery, a pair 15c to 50c	Traveling Bags, each $1.50 to $5	Boys' Rubber Boots at Low Prices.
Men's Rubber Boots.	Handkerchiefs, each 10c to 50c	Children's Tams 25c to $1	Boys' Soft Hats 50c to $1	Boys' All-wool Suits $2.45 to $10	Boys' Caps, each 25c and 50c
Boys' Belts 23c and 50c	Boys' Negligee Shirts 50c each	Men's Straw Hats 5c to $5.00	Boys' Shirt Waists 25c each	Men's Belts 25c to $1.50	Summer Neckwear 25c to 50c
Boys' Black Cat Stockings 25c a pair	Boys' Suspenders 10c to 50c	Bostonian Shoes $3.50 pair	Men's & Boys Tennis Slippers 50c a pair	Umbrellas at 98c to $6	Boys' Straw Hats 5c to $1.00
Men's all wool Suits $8	Men's wool working pants $1.59	Boys' Overalls 25c	Boys' Mackintoshes $3.95, $4.95	Men's working Shirts 50c	Boys' Top Coats $4.95
Boys' Sailor Blouse Suits $2.95 to $7.50	Children's Shoes 75c to $1.50	Boys' Underwear 25c to $1	Men's Hose Supporters 25c and 40c	Boys' School Shoes 98c to $3	Men's Working Gloves 25c to $1
Men's Night Robes 50c to $2	Men's Carhart Overalls.	Boys' Night Robes 50 cents	Men's Kid Gloves $1 to $2	Children's Peter Thompson Reefers $4.95	Boys' Knee Pants 50c to $1.50

The Light Of Love

By Henry Wilton Thomas.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

The Rev. Mr. Goldworth cared for her from the night they met in the East Side settlement to string popcorn for the slum children's Christmas tree. Still it did not cross his mind, I think, to tell her, although their work among the poor had thrown them together quite often that year. No; that is not a wholly candid way to put it. They were together a great deal and sometimes it was Virginia, sometimes the ministers who could explain best how the meetings came about. Besteady and reliable need apply. Superdid not know—no one had ever taken him for a fool.

To do him justice, he did have a glimmering notion that her feeling toward him was not exactly hatred. Now and again he even believed that she did not despise him. With these throbs of hope there sometimes took shape airy visions of an altar, and a veiled lady with many orange wreath, once or twice there was a bridegroom in the picture, and he seemed to be of the clerical type. Yet the Rev. Mr. Goldworth was afraid, somehow, that it could never be. And the ground of his fear was, perhaps, the oddest part of the case.

He had a misgiving that she deemed him too worldly, if you please—he, pastor of the Lee Memorial mission, in the heart of the East Side jungle; he, who had thrown away the chance of a well-paid living in a fashionable parish in order to lend a helping hand—as he told himself—where it was most needed. When the misgiving arose it was truth assailing him.

He could not deny that he had told her once that he believed a minister could do his work just as well without swallowing Jonah and the whale.

He recalled two certain sentiments of socialistic democracy to which he had given voice and which, it seemed to him, had shocked Virginia's conservative mind.

Intendent, Panton & White company, was his frequenting of barrooms and—yes, actually!—standing up with the men and drinking! Oh, but he went there to do them good and drank lemonade. Yes; he went there to do them good, but his drink was not lemonade. It was beer, the same as the other fellows had, and I never heard him say that he did not like it.

Once, in the round of her work for the settlement, she entered a saloon in Rivington street and detected him in the act. A colossal glass of beer before him and a pipe in his mouth. His companions were two horny-handed men who ought to have been at work. How could a woman of her upbringing be expected to grasp his idea, his method of reaching the hearts of men?

Let me tell you, without going further, that the Rev. Mr. Goldworth was as much a goose in this conclusion as he was in thinking that silence had hidden his love from Virginia. He, too, would have known this if he had seen the radiant gleam in he eye the night she beheld the fruit of what he himself called his "worldly life." It was in the Lee Memorial mission. His horny-handed comrades, his fellow-drainers of the towering tankards—they were present, joining in the service, which was so simple as to be more like a friendly interchange of confidences. One o. the minister's chums of the saloon re- how he had retired from draining colossi, and now never tampered even with a pigmy. There had come a sequel of steady work, a wife and family cared for and himself feeling once more like a man. The "mussus" was by his side, and witness harmoniously with a nodding head and beaming face. The other chum said that he was living on the square now, and that's all there was about it.

Dora met the minister after the meeting. She waited for him—it is no secret, she had done so more than once before—but this time she did not go to her hansom cab without giving him a piece of her mind. As she pulled down the glass window and wrapped her furs about her she knew the gladness of a soul that has received its noblest self. With the Klipsity-klap of the horses' hoofs on the asphalt she began to think over what she had said at the door of the mission. Had it been more than the situation called for? Had she betrayed that her admiration for his devoted work and skillful method, defying conventions and setting at naught accepted standards of seemliness—had she betrayed that her admiration for all this was second to her love for him? She ended by ceasing to interrogate herself and declaring, "If I did, it was the truth."

She must have reached her home in Madison avenue and discharged the cab long before the Rev. Mr. Goldworth recovered from the joy of her revelation. All at once he found himself freed from the suspicions he had raised against himself—generated by the only court on earth that seemed to him just then worth impressing. Recently he had begun to waver, I am afraid. He had told himself that he might once or twice swallow Jonah and the whale for her sake. And he had experienced likewise a wavering about meeting with men at drinking places, though it had proved a successful means of opening the gate to their better selves. And the pipe? Possibly that would have gone, too. Was there ever such a large-minded woman? he asked himself, and answered, illogically, "She is a treasure." Another Christmas came, with more popcorn stringing for the slum children, but soon the settlement knew her no more. The Rev. Mr. Goldworth and his wife ran tae Lee Memorial Mission together.

SAID IN FUN.

Puck: Farmer Bentover—Now, Willie Jennin's Bryan—

Farmer Hornbeak—Aw, let bygones be bygones.

Somerville Journal: Perhaps the biggest bore is the man who says sensible things when he is in the company of society people.

Chicago Tribune: "Back again?" said the warden. "Well, we'll put you in the new cellhouse this time. How do the quarters suit you?"

"These quarters are all right," said the habitual offender, "but the terms are not satisfactory.

Washington Star: "I suppose those newly rich friends of yours will entertain in society next season."

"No," answered Miss Cayenne, "they won't entertain. They will amuse."

Ohio State Journal: Will you please raise my salary?"

"Why, I gave you a raise only last week because you told me that you had your mother to support."

"I know, but my mother got married and now I have two to support."

Detroit Free Press: Wife (kissing him)—Dear, dear Jack!

Jack (aside)—There goes another fifty!

Philadelphia Press: Towne—Scribble certainly deserves a medal for his great service to American literature.

Browne—Nonsense! the stuff he writes is rank tommy-rot.

Towne—I know, but he declares that he has stopped writing now.

Judge: Mrs. Smith—So you think your son Reginald will make a great pianist?

Mrs. Brown—Yes, indeed. Why, the little darling won't even take a lesson unless we pay him for it.

Baltimore News: 'Sad about Bingham, isn't it?"

"What's the matter with Bingham?"

"He went to the bad being a good fellow."

Detroit Free Press: "Stupid?"

"I should say so! Last night I turned the gas down and he asked if it was time to go home."

And Are Laying Low.

Atlanta Journal: If there are any anti-Hanna Republicans they are evidently wise to the theory that discretion is better part of valor.

Special ..Sale..
Business Suits made to order, special values at—
$30, $33, $35
J. S. LANE,
328 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
KING DRAMATIC CO.
Tonight "The Bondsman."
Saturday Matinee—"EAST LYNNE."
Saturday night—"THE COTTON KING."
Prices—25c, 35c and 50c.
Matinee price—25c.

LYCEUM THEATER,
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Week starting Monday, June 9.
MYRKLE-HARDER STOCK COMPANY.
Prices 10c 20c 30c 50c cents.
In complete productions and polite vaudeville.
Monday Night—
"UPS AND DOWNS OF LIFE."
LADIES FREE—A lady will be admitted free with every 30c or 50c ticket reserved before 6 p. m. Monday.

32-inch Percale— 2800 yards 32-inch Percales, worth 12½c a yard—special price here for tomorrow, Saturday—per yard..... **5c**

Embroidery— Manufacturers' Remnants—retailing everywhere at 7½c to 10c a yard—here tomorrow at, per yard..... **5c**

Brush Braid— 12,000 yards of good quality Brush Braid—the 3c quality here tomorrow, at—per yard..... **2c**

Spool Silk— Cortlecelli Silk, in Black only—50-yard spools—the 5c quality—here tomorrow at—each..... **3c**

Embroidery Silk— A couple of thousand skeins—some Beldings and Cortlecelli, to close out at—per skein..... **1c**

Scissors— Nickel plated, made by the Acme Shear Co, 4½, 5, 6, 6½, 7-inch long—15c, 19c, 25c value, at.... **10c**

Drawers— Ladies' Muslin Drawers, nicely tucked, 39c value, here tomorrow at..... **25c**

Corsets— 25 dozen Summer Corsets, French make, well boned, good satin and net—50c Corsets at **29c**

Boys' Pants— All-wool pants, well made, good wearing power—clothing store price, $1, our price.... **50c**

Men's Shirts— Working Shirts to close out—50c is the regular price, marked down for this sale.... **33c**

Toilet Soap— 20 gross from Jas. S. Kirk & Co., Chicago, at less than jobbers' prices, worth 15c box **7½c**

Frames— Photo. Frames, in oval and square shapes, small and large size, gilt frames with glass—25c value at..... **10c**

Belts— Satin tucked Belts, with oxidized or gilt buckles, all sizes—39c value at..... **25c**

Corset Covers— 20 dozen bought at 65c on the dollar, all new goods, best styles—35c covers at..... **25c**

Laces— 10c, 12½c and 15c fancy Imported Laces—your choice here tomorrow per yard only..... **5c**

Men's Sox— 500 pairs heavy Gray seamless Sox, 10c a pair is what they sell at usually, here tomorrow at..... **5c**

Men's Ties— A leading manufacturer's sample line of 50c, 75c and $1.00 Neckties, at..... **25c**

Dresses— For Children — nice quality percale, ages 2 to 6 years, very good at..... **25c**

Ribbons— We beat them all in Ribbons—500 pieces No. 40, all-silk fancy Ribbon, worth 15c a yd **7½C**

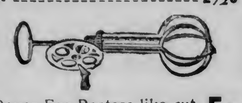
Twilled Crash— 18-inch heavy Twilled bleached crash, plain and fancy border, worth 6c a yard—at..... **4c**

Cotton Batts— Large size hand-rolled Cotton Batts, worth 7c per roll—special tomorrow at—per roll..... **5c**

Anniversary Sale Tinware

Tin Cups, each only..... **1c**

5c cake turners, nickel plated—at..... **2½c**



Dover Egg Beaters like cut, sold everywhere at 10c, only..... **5c**

20c folding lunch boxes for **12½c**

10c 14-in tea trays, price..... **5c**

Oil stove Tea Kettles like cut, Anniversary price..... **11c**

2-qt tubed cake molds, sold everywhere at 12½c; sale price..... **5c**

10c Fry Pans like cut—sale price..... **6c**

Japanned Spice Cabinets—worth 15c, for..... **7½c**

1-gallon Oil Cans—worth 17c, for..... **11c**

14-quart pieced dish pans, sold at 25c; sale price 12½cts

Galvanized Wash Tubs—65c kind for..... **45c**

Galvanized bottom Wash Boilers—89c kind at **59c**

Glass and China Sale.

5c Table Tumblers half price—only..... **2½c**

Glass Fruit Dishes like cut; 5c everywhere, sale price..... **2½c**

29c glass lamp, complete for..... **21c**

20c berry bowls—large size for..... **10c**

95c gold band tea sets—sale price..... **45c**

Cups and Saucers like cut, plain white porcelain—price, per set..... **39c**

5-inch pie plates, regular 8c goods..... **4c**

7-inch dinner plates—decorated..... **6c**

Cuspidors like cut—damaged in decorating, worth regularly 19c—your choice for **8½c**

Bowls and Pitchers—best white granite and new shapes..... **59c**

7-piece decorated Chamber Sets—with jar complete—price..... **$1.95**

100-piece dinner sets, handsomely decorated—worth $10, for..... **$6.85**

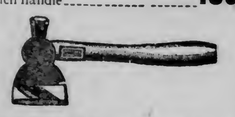
A big line of Jardiniers slightly damaged in decorating, worth 25c to 50c, at... **8½c**

Anniversary Sale of Hardware.

Carpet Tacks—six papers for..... **5c**

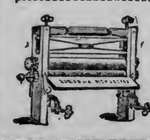
Hammers, like cut, regular 10c kind for..... **4c**

Larger size Hammer, 14-inch handle..... **10c**



Hatchets, like cut, 25c kind, nicely finished..... **12½c**

Madame Potts' Irons, full nickel finish, sold at $1.29—sale price..... **79c**



Clothes Wringers—the best made, and sold at $1.98—sale price— **$1.19**

Presents for Boys and Girls free with every dollar purchase during this sale.

"FAMOUS FOR LOW PRICES"

STACK & CO.

Same as always — your money back, or goods exchanged, during this sale

1897=ANNIVERSARY SALE=1902

Five years of successful merchandising in Duluth. A complete transformation in our make up. A customer then who hasn't watched our growth wouldn't know us today. Three floors packed from floor to ceiling. Months ago we anticipated our wants for this sale—foreign as well as domestic manufacturers are represented. Thousands of dollars' worth of merchandise bought especially for this occasion. Prices will be regulated so as to make this, our Fifth Anniversary Sale, the biggest on record. **There will be no let up to the good things. A store full of them and more coming.**

Silk Shirt Waists.

One hundred in the lot, to be closed out at tremendous sacrificing prices—it's an opportunity for you, and you might as well take advantage of it—they are the most popular of the spring styles—exclusiveness is what you get in every one of them. There are no old waists in the lot offered "cheap." We recommend every one of them—some are worth $5—some $7.50—others as much as $10. Divided into three lots—

Lot 1 $1.98 **Lot 2 $2.98** **Lot 3 $3.98**

Beaded Bags, more popular and more in demand than ever—a big variety, priced low. Great values, from— **19c to $2.98**

10 dozen of the new Belt Buckles—50c and 75c value—at..... **25c**

Gibson Waist Sets—four in a set—25c value—at..... **10c**

20 dozen brooches, manufacturers' samples, worth from 25c to 48c—choice at— **10c**

Shopping Bags, always in style, useful at all times—$1.50 Shopping Bags—at..... **75c**

$1.00 Shopping Bags—at..... **50c**

Ribbons.

Dainty, elegance and refinement in Ribbons, combined with low prices, makes a busy department.

2500 yards fancy Ribbon, worth 10c a yard—at— **3½c**

1500 yards fancy Ribbon, worth 19c a yard—at— **10c**

60c, 49c and 22c all Silk Taffeta Ribbons—at— **10c**

Hosiery and Underwear.

The best in the city — loaded down with seasonable goods—figured so close to cost—making our prices the very lowest.

Children's Hose— Children's Hose, sizes 7 to 10, guaranteed fast black, worth 12½c a pair—at..... **7½c**

Men's Sox— Men's fancy Sox—a case of 60 dozen from Hecht & Camp's, New York city—as good as others show at 15c a pair—at..... **10c**

Ladies' Hose— Ladies' fine Maco Cotton, fast black Hose, seamless—20c value—at, a pair..... **10c**

Children's Hose— Children's Hose, 30 dozen from Lord & Taylor, of New York city—Hose that were made to sell at 25c a pair—at..... **15c**

Ladies' Hose— Ladies' fancy Hose, in black lace effects and fancy stripes, 35c and 50c values at..... **25c**

Men's Sox— Men's Working Sox—will wear better than 25c goods—50 dozen pair, at—a pair..... **5c**

Underwear for Men, Women and Children.

Ladies' Vests— 100 dozen Ladies' fancy Cotton Vests—each at— **3c**

Ladies' Vests— Ladies' extra fine quality Lisle Vests—worth 39c a pair—at..... **25c**

Union Suits— Children's Union Suits, nice weight for Duluth summers—35c value at..... **19c**

Ladies' Vests— Ladies' fine ribbed Vests, in ecru, white pink and blue—great value at..... **10c**

Men's Shirts— 60 dozen Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers—35c is the regular price—now..... **25c**

Ladies' Pants— 30 dozen Ladies' light-weight Pants—25c value at..... **12½c**

Specials For Men.

Men's Shirts— 12 dozen fancy bosom Dress Shirts, worth $1.00 and $1.25 each—choice at..... **50c**

Working Shirts— 50 dozen Men's Working Shirts, bought at 50c on the dollar—regular 50c Shirts at..... **25c**

Suspenders— 30 dozen assorted Suspenders, manufacturers' samples—50c values at..... **25c**

Neckwear— Two gross Men's Neckwear—50c, 75c and $1.00 Ties—at..... **25c**

Toilet Soaps.

Armour's— 5 gross Armour's "Fine Art" Toilet Soap—per box..... **19c**

Kirk's— 10 gross Kirk's "Petro-Milk" Soap—per cake— **2c**

Armour's— 20 gross Armour's "Tivoli" Toilet Soap—5c value— **3c**

Graham Bros.' "Lana Oil" Toilet Soap—per box— **17c**

Phenomenal Wash Goods Bargains.

3½c for Corded Batistes, in pretty stripes and figures, worth 8c.

7c for Zephyr Ginghams, in neat stripes and checks, suitable for waists and Children's dresses, worth 10c.

6c for good quality India Linen, worth 9c.

36-inch mercerized Sateen, in pink, blue, red, tan and cream, worth 39c—for this sale..... **19c**

36-inch black wool Henrietta, worth 39c—for this sale..... **19c**

15c for mercerized Foulards in handsome patterns. This cloth would be a bargain at 20c.

10c for Lawns and Batistes, in sheer and pretty patterns; an excellent selection to choose from, worth 15c.

White goods—A large assortment of Novelty Waistings, including lace stripe Madras, pleated Lawns and Organdies—per yard—

10c up to $1.50

40-inch all-wool Albatross, in cream, pink, light blue and green, sold everywhere at 50c—our price..... **39c**

More surprises for you in our Muslin Underwear department. Bargains that overshadow any offered elsewhere

Corset Covers.

25c Full ruffle, hemstitched neck and arm holes.

30c Shaped front, Valenciennes lace trimmed.

39c Straight yoke, Valenciennes lace and insertion trimming—worth 50c.

50c Fine Lawn, pointed waist effects, cluster of trucks—worth 75c.

Drawers.

25c for Muslin Drawers, trimmed with hemstitched ruffle and tucks.

50c for Muslin Drawers, tuck and insertion trimmed, worth 75c.

75c for Muslin Drawers, trimmed with three clusters of tucks, edged with Valenciennes lace, worth $1.00.

Night Gowns.

50c Square neck, tucked yoke, trimmed with Hamburg insertion, worth 75c.

75c Tucked yoke, wide hemstitched, lawn ruffle round yoke and sleeves, worth $1.00.

$1.00 V-shaped neck, six rows lace insertion between cluster of space tucks—regular $1.50 value.

Underskirts.

$1.25 for fine Cambric Underskirt, with deep flounce, trimmed with torchon lace and embroidery—$1.75 value.

$1.75 for Cambric Underskirt, made with deep flounce, three rows torchon lace and lace ruffles—worth $2.50.

Anniversary Sale of Silk and Wool Dress Skirts, Walking Skirts, Silk and Wash Waists.

$1.98 FOR WALKING SKIRT, WORTH $3.50—in black, made of good quality black suiting, with separate flounce, neatly finished, tailor-stitched bottom.

$2.98 FOR DRESS SKIRTS, WORTH $4.50—in black, blue and grey—a special assortment, made with flare flounce, taffeta band and lined with best linings.

$7.98 for Taffeta Silk Skirt, of splendid quality of taffeta, tucked and ribbon trimmed, lined with best lining, perfect in shape and hang—worth $10.00.

$4.48 for black Venetian Skirt, solid tucked to flounce, made with graduating flounce and trimmed with band of taffeta, worth $6.00.

$3.98 for black wool Skirt, satin straped seams, two rows satin bands, flare flounce, well lined, regular $5.00 value.

$1.00 for Ducks, Wash Skirts, blue and black polka dot, separate flounce—regular $1.50 value.

98c for white Momie Cloth Wash Skirts, made full worth regularly $2.50.

$1.50 for white Pique Wash Skirts, made with separate flare flounce, trimmed with band of insertion.

$10.00 Silk Skirt Special—Peau de Sole and Taffeta, some with fancy net button, others tucked and trimmed with gauze ribbon, all perfect hanging skirts and worth up to $15.00.

98c for mercerized sateen Underskirts, made with accordeon plaited flounce.

$1.25 for sateen Underskirts, made with six rows pink ruffles on flounce—worth $1.98.

$1.98 for sateen Underskirts, made with plaited ruffle and extra dust ruffle, good value at $3.00.

75c for good dark Calico Wrapper, well made, worth $1.00.

$1.00 for dark Percale Wrappers, trimmed, made full—worth $1.50.

$1.25 for Percale and Lawn Wrappers, light and dark, neatly trimmed, with lace and braid, worth regular $1.75.

Anniversary Sale Lace and Ruffled Curtains, Portieres and Shades.

We are showing some very fine specimens of lace and ruffled curtains at prices that will surprise you.

Nottingham Curtain, full size, handsome patterns, per pair..... **39c**

Lace Curtains, fine Nottingham, full size, splendid value—at..... **49c, 59c**

Lace Curtains, three yards long, fine net—good value at $1.00..... **75c**

Lace and Ruffled Curtains, three yards long—special at..... **98c**

White and Cream Curtains, 10 different styles—3½ yards long, 50 inches wide—per pair.... **$1.25**

Ruffled Curtains, polka dot and fancy patterns, deep ruffle..... **$1.19**

Swiss Curtains, lace and insertion ruffle and fine Nottingham, full size..... **$1.50**

See our special values at—

$1.98, $2.50, $2.98, $3, $5

Curtain Shades, best cloth, complete with fixtures, worth 30c—each..... **15c**

Curtain Shades, fringed, all colors, made of best cloth, assorted colored fringe, worth 39c each—complete for..... **25c**

Anniversary Specials.

5c Bleached soft finish Muslin—yard wide.

4c for fancy 27-inch Percales—worth 7c per yard.

4c for heavy twilled Cotton Crash, 18 inches wide, 6c value.

9c for large size Turkish Towel—double thread.

15c for heavy Huck Linen Towel—worth 25c.

12½c for fancy Satin stripe Ticking, regular price 25c.

9c yard for Dresser Scrim, 20-inch—fancy border.

12½c yard for 32-inch Art Denims, the 17c quality.

10c roll for pure hand-rolled Batts, worth 15c.

5c yard for dark dress Percale, 32-inch, worth 12½c.

7½c yard for 10c quality heavy cream Domet.

25c for large size Jute Rug, cheap at 39c.

19c for Ruffled Pillows, 20-inch worth 50c.

25c for Denim Table Covers, fringed, full size.

69c for Tapestry fringed Table Covers—all colors—6-4 size.

98c for 6-4 Tapestry Cover, handsome styles, worth $1.50.

9c yard for 40-inch fine sheer Curtain Swiss, worth 12½c.

50c for fringed Jute Rugs, size 24x54, worth 75c.

Anniversary Sale of Table Linens, Bed Spreads, Comforts and Bedding.

Red Table Damask, full width, fast colors—the 25c quality for..... **15c**

Heavy half-bleached German Damask, 58 inches wide, good value at 39c..... **27c**

58 inches full bleached Satin Damask, neat patterns, worth regularly 59c..... **43c**

Heavy German Damask fringed Table Cloths, with fancy borders—Special prices—

1¼ yards long..... **59c**
2 yards long..... **65c**
2¼ yards long..... **75c**
2½ yards long..... **98c**

Bed Spreads, full size, Marseilles patterns, full weight, special..... **48c**

Bed Spreads, extra large size, hemmed all round, full weight, worth 89c..... **75c**

Bed Spreads, heavy, crochet in white and fancy fringed spreads, in pink, blue and brown, worth $1.50 each—for..... **$1.00**

Six-pound Bed Pillows, full weight, feathers free from odor, best ticking—per pair..... **98c**

Summer Comforts, silkoline lined, filled with pure white batting, $1.50 value... **$1.00**

Barnsley's all linen crash, full width, fancy border, 12½c quality..... **9c**

Fancy Denim Cushion Tops, handsome designs, worth 25c each..... **15c**

Full bleached Turkish Cloth, 22-inch, heavy double thread, 25c quality..... **15c**

Fringed Napkins, fancy pink and blue borders, full size only..... **4c**

Anniversary Sale of House Furnishings.

Tooth Picks, 1000 in package, worth 5c, at **2½c**

5c Zinc Cleaners, new kind, only..... **2½c**

1c for Wire Egg Beaters—(like cut).

5c worth Shelf Paper, all colors, for..... **2½c**

Clothes Pins, the best made..... 60 for **5c**

5c Sheets of Sand Paper—Anniversary Sale price..... 3 for **5c**

10c Clothes Lines, 50 feet long, Anniversary Sale..... **5c**

5c Kettle Knobs, all sizes, Anniversary Sale..... **1c**

Brass Curtain Rings, per doz, only..... **2c**

Madam Potts Iron Handles, Anniversary Sale..... **5c**

10c Japanned Dust Pans—like cut—each only..... **5c**

25 yards Picture Wire—worth 10c—Anniversary Sale price..... **3½c**

Picture Hooks, per dozen, Anniversary Sale price only..... **4c**

Stove Lifters—the 5c kind—each—only..... **2c**

Mincing Knives, good one—Anniversary Sale..... **3c**

Steel Blade Paring Knives—each only..... **3c**

Wooden Chopping Bowls (like cut) each—only..... **4c**

5c Roll of Perforated Toilet Paper for..... **3c**

10c Bottle of Blueing—1 pint—for only..... **5c**

Anniversary Sale of Granite Ware.

10c Granite Drinking Cups—only..... **5c**

10c Granite Pie Plates—each only..... **5c**

Granite Sauce Pan (like cut) sale price, only..... **10c**

1-quart Granite Milk Pans for..... **7c**

2-quart Granite Milk Pans for..... **10c**

3-quart Granite Milk Pans for..... **12½c**

Granite Stew Pan (like cut) each only..... **17½c**

10c Granite Mixing Spoons—Anniversary Sale Price—each only..... **5c**

69c Granite Rice Cookers—double—each..... **50c**

65c Granite Chambers—white lined..... **45c**

Granite Coffee Pots the best goods made, like cut, only..... **25c**

75c Granite Dishpans, sale price..... **53c**

$1.29 Granite Tea Kettles, sale price..... **98c**

Go-Carts and Baby Buggies at a big sacrifice—one with rubber tires and enameled gearing only..... **$4.25**

See the Go-Carts at $2.49 worth $4.50

Anniversary Sale of Wooden Ware.

10c Scrub Brushes best palmetto—sale price..... **6c**

5c Wooden Spoons sale price..... **2½c**

15c Enamel Handle Rolling Pins... **8c**

25c Window Screens sale price..... **17c**

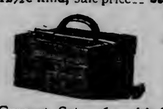
3 sewed Brooms like cut, sale price..... **12½c**

$1.95 long handle 17 in. Floor Brushes... **$1.45**

Ice Cream Freezers 2-qt, sale price..... **$1.19**

Shoe Brush like cut, worth 25c, sale price... **10c**

Lunch Boxes like cut, the 12½c kind, sale price... **8c**



Croquet Sets, 69c kind—sale price only..... **49c**

Full line of Hammocks very cheap.

HALF PRICE

Boys' and Children's Two-Piece Suits!

$7.50 Two-Piece Suits $3.75
$6.00 Two-Piece Suits $3.00
$5.00 Two-Piece Suits $2.50
$4.00 Two-Piece Suits $2.00
$3.00 Two-Piece Suits $1.50
$2.00 Two-Piece Suits $1.00

C. W. ERICSON
THE CLOTHIER,
219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

GUILTY CONSCIENCE

Caused an English Embezzler to Surrender.

Chicago, June 6.—John William Riley, embezzler from the London City & Midland bank, of London, England, walked into detective headquarters at the city hall.

"Take me to the bobby in command," he said, "I want to surrender myself."

He was turned over to Lieut. McWeeney, who wired London and received an answer that Riley was wanted for the theft of $5,000 from the banking company's branch in Hexham, Northumberland.

After surrendering himself, Riley gave the details of his crime and his reasons for submitting to arrest.

"My money was all gone," he said, "and I was unable to secure employment. I took the bank's money all at one time, and left Hexham the same day without even saying good-bye to my wife and child. I went through London to France, and visited nearly all of the large cities there, sailing on a French line steamer from Havre for New York six weeks ago. My conscience gave me no rest; I dared not write home or even attempt to learn news from there, and I fell to drinking heavily. Then I was robbed of nearly half I had taken from the bank.

"I arrived in Chicago ten days ago. From here I intended to walk to the Colorado gold fields. I got as far as Aurora, Ill., by walking, and there lost my courage and resolved to walk back to Chicago and surrender."

Riley said he had been a trusted employe of the London City & Midland Banking corporation for twelve years. He is 37 years old and is educated.

A SENATE SCANDAL.

A Western Senator While Drunk, Smashes Bric-a-Brac.

Washington, June 6.—This congress has been fruitful in producing more scandals than any in recent years. Early Wednesday morning another was added to the list. While entertaining a number of congressional friends at his home a prominent lobbyist was liberal with wine, and a Western senator imbibing too much became desirous of fighting somebody.

For a while he enacted the part of a bull in a china shop, demolishing rare bric-a-brac and doing damage that amounts to about $500. It was necessary to summon the police to restore order.

The drunken rowdyism broke up the party, however, and the host, while deploring that the evening's entertainment had been marred by the fighting senator, had his indignation soothed in a degree by the friends of the senator guaranteeing him against loss through the destruction of his bric-a-brac. The police and all engaged are trying to suppress the case.

WILL ARREST LYNCH.

Will Not Be Allowed to Reach Westminster.

London, June 6.—According to a News Agency, Col. Arthur Lynch, who fought with the Boers in South Africa and was elected in November last to represent Galway in the house of commons, and who, it was announced last night, in a dispatch to the Associated Press from Paris had decided to go to London early next week and attempt to take his seat in the house, will not be allowed to carry out his intention. He will be arrested, it is said, on the charge of treason immediately after landing in England. A sharp watch is being kept for Col. Lynch, and if he reaches Westminster it will be by stratagem.

A Dance

will be given by the Young Men's Dancing club at Columbia hall Saturday evening, June 7th, and thereafter on the first and third Saturday's of each month. Hewett's full orchestra. Stephenson, prompter. Tickets 50c per couple; extra ladies free. Come and enjoy yourselves.

HIS OWN DAUGHTER.

Near-Sighted Pennsylvania Clergyman Outwitted.

Binghamton, N. Y., June 6.—Rev. Thomas Brown, a prominent clergyman of Tioga county, Pennsylvania, married his eloping daughter to J. W. Stone, of Allegheny, by mistake. Dr. Brown, who is very near-sighted, was spending two weeks a. Bowersville, in this state, near the state line. His daughter, Miss Susie, a student at Bryn Mawr, he supposed was on a visit to friends in Philadelphia. She had, however, arranged to meet young Stone and elope. After a two weeks' stay in that city Stone brought her to his aunt's residence, near Bowersville, and the couple drove to the parsonage.

Theregular minister was there, but Rev. Brown performed the ceremony, not recognizing his daughter in her traveling dress. She saw the dilemma she was in, but gave her mother's name, which was her middle name, and at the conclusion of the ceremony and the signing of the certificate made known her identity to her father. He was extremely indignant at first, but a reconciliation has been effected.

CONDITION CRITICAL.

Dresden, Saxony, June 6.—The condition of King Albert of Saxony, who has been ill for some time, is today regarded as critical.

Duluth Hardware Co.

Contractors and Builders

You should see us before placing your order for Builders' Hardware. Our assortment is comple and our Prices Right.

We also carry a fine line of

Mixed Paints, Varnish, Lead, Oils and Dry Colors.

Just received an elegant line of **Hammocks** and **Fishing Tackle.**

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OHIO STEEL RANGE

The best that money can buy.

Duluth Hdw. Co.,

113 W. Superior St. Old Phone 217. New Phone 637.

FRICTION IS CAUSED

At Washington Over Appointment of a Federal Judge.

A Clash Between Speaker Henderson and the President.

New York Members of House Criticize the Executive.

Washington, June 6.—The United States district judge at Dubuque, Iowa, has caused friction between President Roosevelt and Speaker Henderson. In addition he has involved the president in an ugly wrangle with the Republican members of congress from New York.

Peculiar, too, t.e judge probably is not aware of the situation.

The trouble came to the front when the New York Republican delegation in the house urged the appointment of Representative James Sherman, of Utica, N. Y a district judge, to succeed Judge Coxe, who was made a circuit judge.

Senator Platt has been drawn into the fight and is opposing the candidacy of Representative Sherman because of his old-time antagonism to former Representative James J. Belden, of Syracuse, who is a personal friend of Mr. Sherman.

So incensed at the action of the president are the members of the New York delegation that an indignation meeting was held in the Normandy hotel, where a majority of them live, and President Roosevelt is said to have been referred to in exceedingly uncomplimentary terms.

The president, it is asserted, does not desire to appoint Mr. Sherman, as it would offend Senator Platt.

The trouble started over the desire of the president to get the bill creating several new judicial districts through the house. Representative Payne, of New York, was sent for to go to the White House and was asked by the president why the house did not pass the bill.

Mr. Payne said he would see Speaker Henderson, as the bill had already passed the senate. The speaker was then asked by Mr. Payne if he would not permit the bill to go upon its passage, as the president was much interested in it.

"Not as long as I am speaker of this house," replied Speaker Henderson, with his customary courtesy. "I and my friends had a judge appointed in Dubuque, and, since his appointment, he has ignored us. If that bill goes through, that judge will probably be promoted to the circuit court. That bill won't go through as long as I have anything to do with legislation."

This was communicated to the president by Mr. Payne, and the president intimated that Speaker Henderson was not running the entire government. After investigation, though he did find that so far as that particular bill was concerned, the speaker held the winning hand.

Mr. Payne, still acting as the emissary for the president, went back to the house and told the speaker that the president was sorry he felt that way about the matter, as it had been his intention to elevate Representative James Sherman to a district judgeship. Speaker Henderson likes Representative Sherman.

"Why, the president will never appoint Jim Sherman," said the speaker to Payne.

"Platt won't stand it."

Mr. Payne insisted that the president desired to appoint Mr. Sherman. Speaker Henderson said that if the president would promise that if the bill were passed he would appoint Mr. Sherman and would not appoint the Dubuque judge he would let the bill come up.

Representative Lucius Littauer, of Gloversville, N. Y., who is perhaps the closest man in congress to the president, was called at the White House and reported it was all right, Sherman was to be appointed and the Dubuque judge was not to be promoted. With this assurance the bill was passed.

Representative Ray, of New York, backed by Senator Platt, was talked of as a candidate, but the Sherman crowd did not bestir themselves, as they had the promise of the president.

The talk was so strong in favor of Ray that Sherman's friends became alarmed. From the White House it was learned that the president was contemplating the appointment of Attorney General John C. Davies, of New York.

He is a personal friend of the president and is the man at Albany who has been reporting to the president at Washington all the moves of Governor Odell.

Senator Platt, when he heard of this, made an announcement that he has Mr. Davies slated for justice of the supreme court of New York state this fall.

This only made the situation more difficult, but rather bettered Mr. Ray's chances. When the New York congressmen heard of this they were indignant, and, urged on by the anger of Speaker Henderson, held the indignation meeting.

The president heard of the meeting and sc. for Mr. Littaur and upbraided him for entering into such a meeting. The president, it is said, then caused it to come from the White House that he was considering Mr. Sherman in connection with the vacancy in the United States court of claim, a position which Mr. Sherman does not want and will not accept.

All the members of the New York delegation insist that the president made a binding promise that, if the bill went through, Mr. Sherman was to have the place. They are now demanding that he keep his promise.

STAMMERERS' CLUB

At Cleveland That Has Resulted In Cures.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 6.—Cleveland has a unique organization known as the West Side Stammerers' club, formed last winter, and it has accomplished such great results that it has issued a second invitation to all stammerers to join and share in the treatment.

The treatment is free. The club is working out the cure of its members under the instruction of those who have made the greatest progress.

George Pollitz, of 224 Mueller avenue, is the leading spirit in the organization. All his life he has stammered so he could scarcely transact business. He has had six months of the club's instruction. Today he is able to speak readily. His speech is slow and emphatic, yet in half an hour's conversation he did not stumble on a word. He describes the system as follows:

"The scientific principles on which the treatment is based are simple and the methods easily understood. Correct breathing is an essential; physical and mental composure are necessary. The speech must be slow, the sentences carefully and clearly formed before speech is attempted. In stammering the tongue attempts to work faster than the brain. The result is confusion.

"A deep inspiration must precede each sentence. No word must be spoken unless the lungs are inflated. There must be a motion of the hand for each syllable spoken, just the same as a musician beats time. The motion of the hand is necessary to concentrate the physical and mental energies for the effort. The union of these energies is absolutely necessary."

The club meets weekly for one hour in speaking, and each member reads aloud one hour each day.

THE CANAL BILLS.

A Very Bad Outlook For Any Legislation.

Washington, June 6.—There is hardly a possibility that the Hepburn canal bill can pass the senate. The probabilities are that if the senate does anything it will pass the Spooner substitute, which directs the president to choose the Panama route, provided no legal complications are likely to arise, and the Nicaragunn route if complications do arise. Such action in the senate would result in a deadlock between the houses, during which congress would probably adjourn.

The New York Tribune has published a poll of the senate on the canal question, and places the Northwestern members as follows:

For Nicaragua—Clark and Gibson, Montana; Nelson, Minnesota; Turner, and Foster, Washington.

For Panama—Allison and Dolliver, Iowa; Gamble and Kittridge, South Dakota; Hansbrough and McCumber, North Dakota; Quarles and Spooner, Wisconsin.

Doubtful and non-committal—Clapp, Minnesota.

The Tribune gives forty-one votes to Nicaragua, thirty-six to Panama and leaves thirteen doubtful. It then admits that the estimate is not optimistic, that sixteen senators are hostile to all canal legislation and that not more than thirty-eight are reallly for the Nicaraguan route. It requires forty-five votes to pass a bill in the senate.

MUST APPLY AGAIN.

Minneapolis Went to the Wrong Department.

Washington, June 6. — Secretary Hitchcock has turned down the application of Health Commissioner Hall, of Minneapolis, for permission to occupy an island in the Mississippi river for free baths and sanitation purposes. Mr. Hitchcock, in an official opinion, says that all islands in the river above Cairo, Ill., are under control of the war department, and permission to occupy must come from the secretary of war.

RELIGION IN HER.

Cow Eats Bible and Swallows Several Tracts.

Baraboo, Wis., June 6.—Willis True, of this city, has a cow with decidedly queer notions when it comes to food supplies. When Mr. True came home from church on Sunday he placed his Bible, some tracts and his umbrella near the animal, which was fastened to a stake not far from the barn. After placing the things on the ground he went into the barn to feed his horses, and when he came out again the cow had eaten the Bible, swallowed the tracts, and had swallowed all of the umbrella except the handle and ribs. Mr. True avers that the animal is a good cow and that she now gives better milk than formerly.

EXCURSION
—TO—
TWO HARBORS
ON STEAMERS
America and Argo.
SUNDAY, JUNE 8,
Leave Booth's dock 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.
Returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.
Fare 50c Round Trip.

THIEF ROBS PRIEST.

After a $500 Wad, But Got Only $5.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 6.—The parishioners belonging to St. Mary's church, whose pastor, Very Rev. T. Treacy, has been removed to Carroli, Iowa, that the church may be used by Bishop Garrigan as a cathedral, gave their pastor last week $500 as a token of their respect for him. Tuesday night a burglar broke into the parish residence to steal this self-same bag of gold. As it happened, Dean Treacy was sleeping at the Garretson, and the thief got no more than $5 in the pocket of Father Masterson, assistant pastor, which that divine had received in the morning for performing a wedding ceremony.

STENOGRAPHER

Will Be Married to a Millionaire Clubman.

Boston, June 6.—Swell Boston society was agitated by the announcement of the engagement of Roland Worthington, millionaire clubman and real estate owner, and Miss Edith L. Johnson, of Wrentham, Mass. Miss Johnson has for five years been the public stenographer in ..ie Worthington building, the largest office building in Boston, and which is owned by her fiance.

GET AN INCREASE.

Strike of Blast Furnace Workers Is Settled.

Youngstown, O., June 6—The strike of the blast furnace workers was settled last night, the men receiving an increase of 10 per cent for twelve hours' work. The settlement affects the independent furnaces, while the basis of settlement made by the Republic Iron and Steel company is slightly different, being 10 per cent increase for all men outside of laborers who will receive the same wages as now $1.50 for a nine-hour day instead of ten. The men will resume work at once.

"SIS HOPKINS" DIVORCED.

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 6.—A decree of divorce was granted by the common pleas court here yesterday to Rose Melville, widely known as the impersonator of the character of "Sis Hopkins." She sued as Rose Hardy, wife of Harry Hardy; that they were married at Marion, Ohio, Jan. 7, 1889; that her husband is a resident of Piqua, Ohio, and that for the past four years they have lived apart. Mrs. Hardy was restored to her maiden name of Smoch.

W. A. Edwards
First Class Papering, Painting and Decorating.
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Duluth Phone, 1034-2.

MUST TESTIFY.

Representatives of Packers Are Ordered to Appear.

New Orleans, June 6.—The federal grand jury presented a bill of particulars against the New Orleans representatives of the alleged beef trust to Judge Parlange, and asked that the court compel them to testify and produce their books or answer for contempt of court. The judge ordered the packers' representatives to appear Monday morning and show cause why they should not be punished for contempt.

TO DEFEND COUNTRY.

Judge Crabtree Enjoins Sons In His Will.

Sterling, Ill., June 6.—The will of the late Judge John D. Crabtree of the appellate court of this district has been filed for probate. After dividing his personal property and real estate, amounting to $200,000, among his eight children, he says:

"Enjoin upon my son John, and all of my sons, that should the occasion arise (which God forbid) when our country requires their service, that they be as ready to devote their lives to her defense as their father was in the dark days of 1861 and 1865."

IN GEORGIA.

Ticket Nominated For Governor and State Officers.

Atlanta, Ga., June 6.—Returns received from the Democratic primaries held throughout this state yesterday nominate the following ticket for governor and state officers:

For Governor—J. M. Terrell.
Secretary of State—Philip Cook.
Comptroller—Gen. W. A. Wright.
State Treasurer—R. E. Park.
Attorney General—J. C. Hart.
Associate Justices of the Supreme Court—A. C. Cobb, Samuel Lumpkin.
United States Senator—A. S. Clay, renominated for the six-year term.
Candidates were chosen for congress in twelve districts.

FIRE AT MADELIA.

St. Paul, June 6.—A Madelia, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: A bad firt at 10 o'clock last night burned Cone's livery barn and brick storage building adjoining, destroyed eight horses, carriages, harness and feed. The burned buildings belonged to H. B. Grover, postmaster at Zumbrota. The total loss is about $5,000, insurance about $1,500.

OJIDA SUCCEEDS D'ARCOS.

Madrid, June 6.—Senor de Ojida, the former Spanish minister to Morocco, has been gazetted minister to Washington in succession to the Duke d'Arcos, who has been appointed minister to Belgium. Senor Colman, former Spanish minister at Pekin, succeeds Senor de Ojida at Tangiers.

Teachers' Rates to Eastern Points.

Fare and one-third for the round trip, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company. Tickets on sale June 6th, 7th, and 8th. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace with the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company steamers leaving Duluth 6:45 p. m., Friday, June 6th.

Reserve sleeping car and stateroom accommodation early.

M. ADSON, Gen'l Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Oxfords and Colonials

The largest and best assortment in the city to select from.

LAIRD, SCHOBER & CO., HARRY GRAY'S SON, PINGREE & SMITH, "PRINCESS."

Read the Special Bargains FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY.

Women's Pat. Colt Colonials—and Pat. leather Oxfords, worth $3.50, Saturday and Monday **$2.48**

5 cents. SHOES SHINED 5 cents.

Women's enamel calf and vici kid welt sole—SWELL Shoes, worth $3.50— Saturday and Monday **$2.69**

LADIES' IMPERIAL $3.00

Special! —Misses' Patent Leather vici kid and Red Goat Sandals 89c 98c $1.19 to **$1.50**

Misses' Oxfords—in patent leather and kid— **$1 to $2**

LADIES' PRINCESS $3.50

RESELJA SHOES.

The newest creation in Men's and Ladies' Shoes—a Cushion Sole with a ventilator insures longer wear and more comfort than any other shoe made—call and see them.

Special!—Boys' Tan double sole $2.50 Shoes, best of wearers, sale price, only— **$1.48**

Special!—Children's Kid and patent tip Dongola Shoes, worth $1 and $1.25—at, a pair— **69c**

Phillips & Co.

The Ruby Wine of Health...

must be of exceptional purity, flavor, properly and carefully bottled and stored till maturity; therefore all wine it not healthful nor pure, as unscrupulous dealers often use other means; but if you buy your wines or liquors at the Manhattan Wine House, you are sure of getting the real thing, and not the doctored article.

Manhattan Wine House,
15 W. Superior Street.
Zenith Phone 661. Long Distance 1000.

YOUNGEST CORPORAL.

Probably the youngest man to wear the stripes of a corporal in the United States army is Corporal Andrew Casper, Jr., of the One Hundred and Thirteenth Coast artillery, stationed at Fort McHenry, says the Baltimore Herald. Corporal Casper will be 18 years of age next July, and despite his youth has seen within a few days of a year and a half service in the army. He enlisted in Boston, Mass., Oct. 10, 1900, and was made corporal Feb. 12 last. He was at first assigned to the Forty-seventh Coast artillery, and stationed at Fort Hunt, Va., where he remained until the One Hundred and Thirteenth was organized a few months ago, when he was assigned to that and brought to Fort McHenry. One of his comrades said that he was one of five men to pass in 1900 who took examinations for promotion in February.

The young corporal was asked how he managed to get in the ranks at the early age of 16, and replied:

"Said I was 18," with the promptness which stopped argument right there. He is a son of Andrew Casper, a surgical instrument maker in Boston, and left school to don the blue.

All the men of the fort divide off into pairs, and Casper's "pard" is a young Irishman by the name of Patrick Dillon, who enlisted at the same time and the same place as Casper. Since their enlistment they have been the most inseparable friends despite the fact that Casper's record is known as "extra first class"—which means that he has no marks for misconduct against him—and the Irishman has his countryman's faculty for getting into trouble. The two make a picturesque pair, especially when they are in dishabille in the barracks on pay day. Dillon has a wiry figure of about 5 feet 6, complexion and hair rivaling one another for a carroty hue and a habit of spreading his feet wide apart as he stands. Casper is a little taller, but very heavy for one of his age, and has blonde hair and blue eyes.

Facial skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food. 25c.

Carriages $4.98 to $40.00

CHILDREN'S **Carts and Carriages**

Go-Carts $4.25 to $47.50

The very finest that you can buy. In spite of large sales we still have the LARGEST LINE EVER SHOWN IN DULUTH. No place can you purchase as cheaply as here.

Baby Carriage.

Removable cushions, good quality parasol; has enameled gears, rubber tires and brake.

Only **$7.80**

Reclining Cart—

Body upholstered, sateen parasol; best English enameled gears; rubber tires brake.

Only **$6.98**

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHINGS

A larger selection than ever before. All the newest things at prices that can't be duplicated. CREDIT TO ALL. We sell on time and make our payments very easy.

$2.98 Folding Go-Carts

—THE— **G. C. STEELE CO.** Duluth, Minn.

$6.98 Reclining Go-Carts

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About our

Summer Shoes, Oxfords and Slippers.

The largest stock to select from. Prices wonderfully low.

Wieland's $3.50 Shoes and Oxford Ties—all new, this year's goods, leading styles, all kinds of leather. You make no mistake on this shoe, the best at per pair $3.50

Stylish Men's Shoes—$5, $4, $3 and down to $2.00

What does the name

SOROSIS

Mean as attached to shoes? It means that the customer is protected. It is a guarantee to the customer that the manufacturer's best efforts are put into the make-up of the shoes, and that he stands behind every pair. Shoes and Oxfords—styles for every occasion—

Humanic

$3.50 SOROSIS $3.50

Shoes for Men—The foot-shaped shoes celebrated for comfort, fit and wear. Customers buy them over and over. Price $4.00

Ladies' Oxford Ties and Colonials—$4.00 down to $1.50

Boys' Low Shoes—$1.75 and $1.50

Misses' Strap Sandals and Oxford Ties—$1.50 down to $1.00

Boys' Canvas Shoes—at $1.00

Children's Slippers, sizes 5½ to 11 ..... 90c

Children's Slippers, sizes 6 to 8 ..... 75c

...SPECIAL BARGAINS...

Tan Shoes—just the thing for Summer and Vacations—

Men's $2.50 and $5.00 Brown Shoes $2.48

Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Brown Shoes $1.98

Boys' Brown $2 and $2.50 grades going at $1.25

Little Gents' $1.50 and $1.75 Brown Shoes—good styles; are going fast at per pair 98c

Boys' Lawn Tennis Shoes—at 50c

Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 Brown or Black Shoes—good styles, at $1.98

Ladies' new style patent-tip, extension soles, all sizes. Special price $1.48

Misses' $1.50 to $2.00 Tan and Black Lace Shoes 98c

Wieland Shoe Co.

123 West Superior Street.

DEAL IS RUMORED

Section Thirty Owners Reported to Have Arranged For Lease.

Cleveland - Cliffs People Said to Have Taken An Option.

Four Millions For Lease and Royalty of Fifty Cents.

A rumor is current on the streets this afternoon that a deal has been closed for an option on a lease to the famous section 30 at the largest bonus that has ever been paid for an iron mine. The figure is said to be no less than $4,000,000, in addition to a royalty of 50 cents a ton on all the ore mined during the life of the lease.

The party to whom the option is said to have been given is the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, of Cleveland, of which Samuel Mather is the president. This is the same company to which George J. Lonstorf, one of the owners of section 30, recently sold the Negaunee mine.

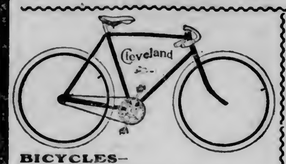
Mr. Lonstorf, Richard Fagan and Frank W. Eaton, three of the owners, returned from Ely this morning, where they went to look over the property with four or five of the representatives of the Cleveland-Cliffs company. Among them were J. E. Jopling, of Marquette, mining engineer of the company; M. M. Duncan, its geologist, and H. L. Smyth, of Cambridge.

The owners of the property deny that any deal has been closed for the property. Beyond admitting that negotiations had been going on for some months, they declared that there was nothing to say nor nothing new.

It cannot be learned definitely that the deal is closed. It is considered by some that it is likely that it has not been consummated as yet. The consideration of the option, it is said, depends on a certain quantity of ore being shown up.

We Are Making the Prices!

And furnishing such a high class of merchandise at those prices that our announcements prove of special interest to all careful buyers. Of our ability to please the prudent purchaser we are particularly proud, and the verdict of a discriminating buyer, that "it pays to trade with us" carries its additional weight. We are "plain people on the square," and at any time you receice goods you do not consider entirely satisfactory please let us know.



BICYCLES—

With every Bicycle, sold for cash, price $30 or over, we will give:
1 Solar or 20th Century Lamp.
1 Bell.
1 Pair Toe Clips.
1 Bottle Cycle Oil.
1 Stick Chain Lubricant.
1 Pair Pants Guards, and, in addition, 5 per cent discount.

Just take a pencil and see what this special offering means, if you purchase one of our bicycles for cash.

NEW GOODS—

DINING TABLES.

Just received, several new styles in round top, square top, and pedestal Tables, in golden oak finish, and our prices very reasonable considering the quality.

Dining Tables at—

$4.50 to $36.00

Refrigerators and Ice Boxes—

In the newest and best in healthful refrigerating ideas—perfect air circulation—cleanable and economical. Prices—

$9.00, $12, and up to $48.00

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

21st Avenue West. Duluth, Minnesota.

TO SPEAK MONDAY

Hon. Jesse L. Jellison Will Address Duluth Voters Then.

Discusses His Congressional Candidacy to Some Extent.

Will Make Society Seek Him When He Gets In Congress.

"Yes, I'm leaving you for Carlton, where I address the voters this evening. Tomorrow night I speak before the citizens of Cloquet, and Monday night I shall have the pleasure of addressing the voters of Duluth at the Armory; I hope to see you at that time."

With these words, and a dignified mien, Jesse L. Jellison, of Cohasset, near Bass lake, Itasca county, strode out of the St. Louis lobby this noon and made his way to the afternoon train for Carlton county.

The competitor that Itasca county furnished about two months ago for the Republican nomination for congress is tall, spare, wears a statesman-like frock coat and air, a black mustache, and his iron gray hair indicates the possession of about 55 years of life in this world of stress and troubles.

He was born in Illinois, and as he says himself: "My friends, I used to sail up and down the Sangamon river, where Abraham Lincoln used to split rails." He came to Duluth a number of years ago from Minneapolis, remained here long enough to get so poor that it is said he had to be helped to Grand Rapids, where he took up a homestead, and slaved and suffered the poverty that is the lot of pioneers who succeed in life. He has acquired considerable land in that part of the country, some money, and is reputed to be worth about $25,000.

"Several years ago," Mr. Jellison says in explaining his candidacy for congress, "I was sitting in the office of my friend Senator Cushman K. Davis, in St. Paul. We were discussing the joint question of an isthmian canal and a deep waterway from Duluth to the sea. He said, 'Jellison,' and there was a prophetic look in his eyes, 'Jellison, these things have got to come. They may not come in my time, but you will have to see them.' Little did I think at that time that I would be the one upon whom the responsibility would fall of continuing that great man's work."

Mr. Jellison also has a novel idea or two regarding his social position as congressman when he arrives in Washington. The Great trouble with the politicians who talk about the salary of a congressman being too low, Mr. Jellison insists, is that he is devoting too much time to hammering on the doors of society, trying to effect entrance for himself and family.

"The thing to do," he says, "is to compel society to come to you by the record you make in the national halls of congress. I shall waste no time running after society. Society will be glad to run after me. I shall devote all my time in performing my duties to my constituents. Of course, if society appreciates the position that my success will entitle me to, as it no doubt will, then I shall have to give it a little attention as a matter of formal duty. But my obligations to my constituents will always be my chief watchword."

It was reported in Duluth yesterday forenoon that Mr. Jellison had engaged the Armory for last night, but no advertising had been done, and it was decided not to hold the meeting until Monday night.

MASS OF EVIDENCE

Regarding Panama Earthquakes Sent to Secretary Hay.

Is Presented to the Senate By Senator Morgan.

House Tables the Resolution Inquiring About Wood's Salary.

Washington, June 6.—Soon after the senate convened today a bill was passed granting the right-of-way to the Alafia, Manatee & Gulf Railroad company through the United States light house and military reservation, on Gasparilla island, Florida.

Mr. Morgan, chairman of the committee on inter-oceanic canals, presented a letter from Secretary of State Hay, enclosing copies of letters received by the state department regarding earthquakes and riots in the department of Panama. The letters enclosed newspaper clippings describing the earthquakes. The secretary of state said that the report of the riots would cover 1000 typewritten pages, and the department could not furnish it within a month. The newspaper clippings, which were read, described in detail the destruction done by the earthquake of 1882.

The documents were referred to the committee on inter-oceanic canals, "in order that the committee may determine," said Mr. Morgan, "whether it is necessary for the secretary of state to have the month's work done on the report of ripts."

A joint resolution was passed authorizing the secretary of war to investigate the feasibility of operating an ocean dredge at the mouth of the Columbia river, Oregon.

Bills were passed as follows: To ratify a supplemental agreement with the Creek Indians; ratifying the act of the territorial legislature of Arizona providing a fund for the erection of additional buildings for the University of Arizona; to relieve George T. Winston and W. S. Primrose from responsibility for ordnance stores issued to the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and destroyed by fire; authorizing the trustees of Navajo county, Arizona, to refund $43,000 of its bonded indebtedness at 5 per cent; to pay $1,042 to Frank C. Darling, of Minnesota, for damages done by the Sioux Indians; and a large number of private pension bills.

At 2 o'clock consideration of the Nicaragua bill was resumed, and, after a call of the senate, at which 45 senators responded, Mr. Hanna continued his speech begun yesterday. He referred to some comments made yesterday by Mr. Mitchell (Ore.), in which the Oregon senator had spoken of the advantages of the Nicaragua route, while the "Hanna commission" had reported once in favor of the Nicaragua route.

Mr. Hanna said he took "exception to the insinuation that this was Hanna's commission."

"I consider," said he, "that I am here to do my duty to my country."

He presented an earnest and vigorous defense of the isthmian canal commission appointed by McKinley, and said that he sought to discuss the pending question upon a higher plane than mere personalities. He declared that there was no politics in the problem presented, and he was certain there were no personalities in it.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 6.—At the opening of the session of the house today Mr. Hull (Iowa), chairman of the committee on military affairs, reported back the resolution requesting information as to the salary or other compensation paid to Gen. Leonard Wood, during the occupation of Cuba. The committee recommended that it lie on the table.

Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, asked if the resolution was not debatable. When the speaker responded in the negative, Mr. Bartlett (Ga.) formally made the point of order that being a resolution of inquiry and not having been reported to the house within a week, after its introduction it became privileged and was debatable.

The speaker overruled the point of order. On a rising vote there were 77 votes for Mr. Hull's motion and 55 against it, the division being on party lines with the exception that Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) voted with the Democrats. Mr. Hay (Va.) demanded the aye and nays and the roll was called. The resolution was laid on the table, 109 to 72—a strict party vote. Mr. Grosvenor voting with his Republican colleagues for the motion. The debate upon the anti-anarchy bill then was resumed. Mr. Bartlett (Ga.), the first speaker today, argued that the provisions of the senate bill were unconstitutional.

Mr. Patterson (Tenn.) favored the anarchist sections of the house substitute.

Mr. Richardson (Ala.), during the course of some remarks upon the bill, caustically characterized President Roosevelt's Memorial day oration at Arlington. He recalled the visit of the late President McKinley to Huntsville, Ala., a year ago, the reception given him by the Confederate and Union veterans. The noble sentiments Mr. McKinley uttered upon that occasion, Mr. Richardson said, endeared him to the South; and he told of the great sorrow felt there when Mr. McKinley fell at Buffalo. Reluctant as he was to do so Mr. Richardson said he felt it his painful duty to contrast Mr. McKinley's sentiments at Huntsville with Mr. Roosevelt's remarks at Arlington, May 30.

He then read portions of President Roosevelt's speech and said he should not so far forget his environs as to characterize as it deserved this language.

"I doubt whether there is," said he, "a brave federal soldier within the sound of my voice who would have uttered the sentiments expressed by the president even in the heat of debate, much less upon Memorial day. I say the proprieties of the occasion were violated when the president referred to what had been said about Lincoln in the heat of blood when men were aiming at each other's lives."

Mr. Richardson also condemned the president's reference to lynchings in the South.

After further remarks in criticism of some features of the bill by Mr. Kleberg (Tex.) and Mr. Smith (Ky.), Mr. Littlefield (Me.) closed the general debate with an hour and a half speech in support of the measure.

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"There has been no change since that time, except that when Gen. Wood's commission as major general of volunteers expired I made an order for further allowance, equal to the difference between the salary of major general and brigadier general, so as to keep his total compensation at the same figure, the combined compensation received as an officer of the army and as governor of Cuba being almost $15,000 per annum. I see that the Cuban congress has voted that Mr. Palma's salary shall be $25,000. Secretary Root says this has been fully made known to congress in former reports and neither house has made any objection. Secretary Root says in his letter as to the legal phases of the subject:

"I should hardly suppose that the house would wish to adopt a resolution which implies ignorance on its part of the authority of the president of the United States under the law of military occupation and expend the revenues of the government of the occupied country."

DECISIONS

Handed Down By the Supreme Court of Minnesota.

St. Paul, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following decisions were handed down by the supreme court today:

Morris Grosevoski, a minor, by Samuel Grosevoski, his guardian ad litem appellant vs. Louis C. Goldenberg, respondent. St. Paul municipal court reversed.

Justice Lewis affirmed the decision of the Ramsey county district court in the case of Joseph T. Gilbert, appellant, vs. Boak Fish company, respondent. Gilbert, proprietor of the Merchants hotel, brought an action in the Ramsey county district court to have the Boak warehouse, next door to his place, declared a nuisance, and enjoin the fish company from maintaining it. He also sued for $5000 damages. He obtained an order for the abatement of the nuisance, and judgment for costs, but no damages. He brought a second suit for $2500 damages on the ground the nuisance had not been promptly removed. The nuisance had been removed within sixteen days, according to the testimony, and the court holds that the continued occupancy of the premises for that length of time will not be presumed to have been with the intention of continuing it. The action fails.

The decision of the Hennepin county court is affirmed in Carpenter-Glass Lumber company, respondents, vs. Germania Fire Insurance company, an action to recover for loss on property at Kenyon.

Chief Justice Start affirms an order of the Hennepin county court in Lou A. Collifon, respondent, vs. Matthew Oxborough, appellant, in action to restrain Oxborough from taking possession of Collifon's farm under an alleged lease, which is in dispute.

In case of Frank W. Lapham, respondent vs. H. A. Flint, appellant, Lapham sued for $117.50 commission. Flint has listed a house and lot with Lapham under a standards contract of the St. Paul real estate exchange, in which he agreed to pay the agent the standard commission whether the property was sold by himself or the agent during the term of the agency. Flint sold the property and Lapham sued for the commission. The Ramsey county court is affirmed by Justice Lewis of the supreme court who says that while the contract may have been invalid on its face, Lapham's acceptance of it and endeavoring by advertising and other means to sell the property, made it enforcible.

ANECDOTES OF SHERMAN.

Maj. James H. Trezevant, of Houston, Tex., who was in this city on business told two stories of Gen. Sherman that struck many persons at the Fifth Avenue hotel as being entirely new, says the New York Tribune.

"In the battle of Shiloh," said the major, "my brother, John Timothy Trezevant, now living in Dallas, Texas, was shot through the knee and windpipe. He was taken to the home of my sister, Mrs. Richard H. Parham, at a little place called Pocahontas, between Memphis and Coarinth. My brother John was a Confederate soldier, as were his brothers, but my brother-in-law, Mr. Parham, was a staanch Union man. My sister thought a great deal of John, however, and after he was so badly wounded insisted on his being brought to her home. Gen. Sherman's army was in the neighborhood, and one day my brother-in-law invited the general and his staff to dinner. Gen. Sherman had been in the house only a short time before he said:

"'By the way, who is the sick man?'

"'A live rebel,' said my sister.

"After dinner, just as Gen. Sherman was ready to leave the house, he stepped to the bedroom door, and, looking at the wounded Confederate, said:

"'Young man, you possibly may be president of the United States some day,' and then turning his head and looking out of the door he added grimly, 'or be hanged.'

"Years afterward my brother was in Washington, and called on Gen. Sherman and told him who he was. Gen. Sherman was delighted. He introduced my brother to his friends, and made him tell the story over and over again."

Continuing, Maj. Trezevant said:

"Gen. Sherman and Gen. Braxton Bragg cordially hated each other during the war and for some time afterward. They were classmates at West Point, and their two armies clashed on bloody battle fields more than once. Another classmate was Samuel Bell Maxey, United States senator from Texas following the war. After Appomattox Bragg was poor, and finally drifted to Texas, where he became chief engineer of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad, with poor pay and plenty of hard work. The office of the company was at Galveston, where Gen. Bragg made his headquarters. Senator Maxey knew that Gens. Sherman and Bragg had cordially detested each other during the war. One day in Washington Senator Maxey and Gen. Sherman got to talking over old times, when suddenly Gen. Sherman said:

"'By the way, Sam, what is Braxton doing?'

"Senator Maxey told him about his former classmate. Sherman looked thoughtful for a minute, then he said:

"'Sam, when you go home to Texas tomorrow you go and see Braxton, and tell him that if he'll take the place I will have him appointed inspector general of the army in the Southwest. Braxton is a good disciplinarian, and he will fit into the job all right.'

"The pathetic part of it all was," added Maj. Trezevant, "that Gen. Bragg never knew of the magnanimity of his former classmate, as he died of apoplexy a day or two after Gen. Sherman has his conversation with Senator Maxey."

WILL QUIT.

Report That Sheehy, Cook and Others Will Stop Warring.

That lovely crusade recently begun by beautiful Joe Sheehy to purify the Bowery and promote the onward march of high moral endeavor is about at an end.

The men that Mr. Sheehy went after for alleged violations of the Sunday closing law brought a couple of cases against him for employing laborers without a license.

Mr. Sheehy is now willing that the contest be declared off on equal terms. His case against Moses Cook, charged with keeping a saloon open on Sunday, was dismissed in the municipal court this morning owing to a technical error in the complaint.

The first case against Sheehy for employing men without a license was adjusted by his pleading guilty and paying costs amounting to $2.

It is said on good authority that the would-be reformer and the wouldn't-be reformed are willing to call it quits.

ONE CHANGE.

Annual Meeting of Duluth & Iron Range Railroad.

The annual meetings of the stockholders and directors of the Duluth & Iron Range road were held at the offices in this city this afternoon. The only people here from outside were Judge Chandler, general counsel for the road, and C. P. Coffin, secretary and treasurer. Both arrived here this morning from Chicago.

Only one change was made in the slate of officers. Horace Johnson, chief clerk in the general offices, was elected secretary to succeed Mr. Coffin in that capacity, though the latter retains his office as treasurer.

The full list of officers elected is: President, Frank E. House; vice president, A. H. Viele; secretary, Horace Johnson; treasurer, C. P. Coffin.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota Iron company, which falls on the same day was adjourned until Saturday.

WITHDRAWN

Is Charge of Cruelty to Animals Against Polo Player.

London, June 6.—The summons issued at the instance of the Earl of Shrewsbury, charging Lawrence Waterbury, of the American polo team, with cruelty to animals in using sharp spurs on his pony during the international match at Hurlingham on Saturday last, was formally withdrawn in the police court today. Lord Shrewsbury's attorney explained that letters had been exchanged and that his client was satisfied that the spurs had been overlooked in the excitement of a great occasion and that it would not occur again. He added that he decided to withdraw the summons, in which the magistrate concurred.

Interest in the second of the polo matches for the American cup tomorrow is far greater than was taken in the event of last week. It has been raining steadily for two days and the ground is likely to be in poor condition, even if play is possible. Both teams are confident tonight. The Americans play as an Saturday last, but the English team has been reconstructed as follows:

Cecil Nickals, No. 1; Frederick Freake, No. 2; G. Miller, No. 3, and Walter H. Buckmaster, back.

The English team is undoubtedly stronger individually.

EFFORTS FAIL

To Settle the Denver Strike By Arbitration.

Denver, June 6.—Efforts of the state board of arbitration to intercede in the building trades strike have failed, the mill owners and contractors refused to submit their case. The contractors adhere to their determination not to recognize the building trades council and return to work in a few days. It is asserted that at least one-fourth of all the building laborers now on strike have left the city for other points in the state and the East.

BASEBALL GAME.

Big Duluth and Business College to Meet.

The Big Duluth Baseball team will play the Business college, at Oneota park tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The members of both teams are good ball players, and a first-class game is expected. The teams will line up as follows:

Big Duluths—	Business College—
Potter	Catcher ..... Frazier
Duncan	Pitcher ..... Stockman
Congdon	First base ..... McPhee
Peterson	Second base ..... Park
Stancke	Third base ..... Dennis
Seoble	Shortstop ..... E. Low
Berg	Left field ..... Griddel
Dash	Center field ..... Skelton
Somers	Right field ..... Clausen

NO TROUBLE

In Connection With Street Car Strike at Providence.

Providence, R. I., June 6.—No traces of last night's disorder in this city and Pawtucket in connection with the street car strike were apparent when the traction company set its cars in motion today. Fully as many cars were sent out as on yesterday, but they were not molested. The company was prepared today to operate more than half of its full capacity. The strikers, however, maintain that 700 men are out. The traction company declare they have nearly 900 out of 1,200 men at work, the great majority of them old employes. A large number of deputy sheriffs were sworn in today.

SHOCKING SUICIDE.

Aged Man's Terrible Deed at Richmond, Ind.

Richmond, Ind., June 6.—A most shocking suicide was that of William Armstrong, 70 years old, who saturated his clothing with kerosene today, and after setting fire to himself, fired a bullet through his brain. The coroner found a note in which Armstrong asked the forgiveness of his wife and family. He had been suffering with rheumatism.

CHEERS FOR KING.

Boers Enthusiastic on Laying Down Arms.

London, June 6.—Lord Kitchener in a dispatch from Pretoria dated today, announced that the British commissioners in the various districts now report that 154 Boers laid down their arms yesterday. Afterwards the commissioners addressed the Boers who gave three hearty cheers for King Edward. The best possible relations exist between the Boers and the British and there has been no hitch in the proceedings anywhere.

DEATH LIST.

Madison, Wis., June 6.—Prof. Emmet Goff, professor of horticulture at the University of Wisconsin, died suddenly today after a short illness. Prof. Goff underwent an operation on Monday, but seemed to improve until yesterday, when he grew weaker. He was very prominent in educational circles.

New York, June 6.—Peter Labousse, one of the leading cotton brokers of the country for many years and who came to New York from New Orleans four years ago, is dead from a complication of diseases. He was 55 years old. In 1885 Mr. Labousse engineered a corner in cotton which caused considerable excitement.

Wall Paper

In order to make room for our new Fall stock we will make a reduction in all lines of Wall Paper that will interest you.

⅓ Off on All Grades!

30,000 ROLLS.

This makes a room 12 x 14 as low as 50c.

H.A.Hall & Co.

16 E. Superior St. DECORATORS.

CHANGED NAME FOR LOVE.

Enoch Coffin was the fine sea-faring name of a descendant of one of the old Nantucket families, but his Western-born sweetheart don't like it, says the New York Journal. It seemed horrifying to her—the prospect of being called Mrs. Coffin, and she had a tinge of superstition in her as well, so she asked her lover to change his name.

The devoted Mr. Coffin had just finished the legal entanglements necessary to effecting a change of name. He is a clerk in a Wall street broker's office, with prospects of becoming a junior partner. He was born at Nantucket and when he did not bury his clothes in the dry, clean sand of the island in order to go swimming he attended the sessions of the old Coffin school. The school was founded by Admiral Sir John Coffin, Bart., R. N., as a token from the head of the English family of Coffin to their kin beyond the seas. It is probably endowed in perpetuity for boys and girls descending from one family, the Coffins.

For generations the Coffins of Nantucket have won fame the world around. As captain, mate or A. B. they have shipped in all sorts of craft to find their graves or their fortunes on the sea. Some have returned to Nantucket to build fine houses with the profits of a single whaling voyage. Some have been wrecked on far away islands and either furnished cannibal feasts or became chiefs of tawny tribesmen.

But Miss Nellie Hitchcock, for that is the name of Enoch Coffin's bride-to-be, was born at Grand Island, Neb., far away from the sound of the combers on Nantucket's sandy shore, and without any latent affection for the name the old sea fugitives have made famous. She found that the name grated upon her ear, that people, to whom she spoke of Mr. Coffin said: "Why, isn't that an odd name!" It made her feel creepy, and there was something indescribably foreboding about it, she explained. So Enoch, who realized that there were lots of names in teh world, but only one girl for him, went to a lawyer, who went to the supreme court and got a decree changing his name to Enoch Macy.

His mother was a Macy, and on Nantucket the Macys are almost as well known as the Coffins. Plenty of Macys went to sea to share the fortunes of their neighbors, the Coffins. It was of a Macy who would not bear the restrictions enforced by the Puritans of the mainland and put to sea to cross to Nantucket that the poet wrote:

Along the bleak and stormy coast adventurous Macy passed
And on Nantucket's lonely shore drew up his boat at last.

So Miss Hitchcock, late of prosaic Grand Island, Neb., having made her choice of two fine old Nantucket names is shortly to become Mrs. Macy, so her sweetheart retained it as his own.

For a Drink of Good Whisky

Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

The BEST and only practical optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Stop! Look and Learn!

About our

Summer Shoes, Oxfords and Slippers.

The largest stock to select from. Prices wonderfully low.

Wieland's $3.50 Shoes and Oxford Ties—all new, this year's goods, leading styles, all kinds of leather. You make no mistake on this shoe, the best at per pair $3.50

Stylish Men's Shoes—$5, $4, $3 and down to $2.00

Humanic

Shoes for Men—The foot-shaped shoes celebrated for comfort, fit and wear. Customers buy them over and over. Price $4.00

Boys' Low Shoes—$1.75 and..... $1.50

Boys' Canvas Shoes—at $1.00

What does the name

SOROSIS

Mean as attached to shoes? It means that the customer is protected. It is a guarantee to the customer that the manufacturer's best efforts are put into the make-up of the shoes, and that he stands behind every pair. Shoes and Oxfords—styles for every occasion—

$3.50 SOROSIS $3.50

Ladies' Oxford Ties and Colonials—$1.00 down to $1.50

Misses' Strap Sandals and Oxford Ties—$1.50 down to $1.00

Children's Slippers, sizes 8½ to 11..... 90c

Children's Slippers, sizes 6 to 8..... 75c

...SPECIAL BARGAINS...

Tan Shoes—just the thing for Summer and Vacations—

Men's $3.50 and $5.00 Brown Shoes $2.48

Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Brown Shoes $1.98

Boys' Brown $2 and $2.50 grades going at $1.25

Little Gents' $1.50 and $1.75 Brown Shoes—good styles; are going fast at per pair 98c

Boys' Lawn Tennis Shoes—at 50c

Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 Brown or Black Shoes—good styles, at $1.98

Ladies' new style patent-tip, extension soles, all sizes. Special price $1.48

Misses' $1.50 to $2.00 Tan and Black Lace Shoes 98c

Wieland Shoe Co.

123 West Superior Street.

DEAL IS RUMORED

Section Thirty Owners Reported to Have Arranged For Lease.

Cleveland - Cliffs People Said to Have Taken An Option.

Four Millions For Lease and Royalty of Fifty Cents.

A rumor is current on the streets this afternoon that a deal has been closed for an option on a lease to the famous section 30 at the largest bonus that has ever been paid for an iron mine. The figure is said to be no less than $1,000,000, in addition to a royalty of 50 cents a ton on all the ore mined during the life of the lease.

The party to whom the option is said to have been given is the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, of Cleveland, of which Samuel Mather is the president. This is the same company to which George J. Lonstorf, one of the owners of section 30, recently sold the Negaunee mine.

Mr. Lonstorf, Richard Fagan and Frank W. Eaton, three of the owners, returned from Ely this morning, where they went to look over the property with four or five of the representatives of the Cleveland-Cliffs company. Among them were J. E. Jopling, of Marquette, mining engineer of the company; M. M. Duncan, its geologist, and H. L. Smyth, of Cambridge.

The owners of the property deny that any deal has been closed for the property. Beyond admitting that negotiations had been going on for some months, they declared that there was nothing to say nor nothing new.

It cannot be learned definitely that the deal is closed. It is considered by some that it is likely that it has not been consummated as yet. The consideration of the option, it is said, depends on a certain quantity of ore being shown up.

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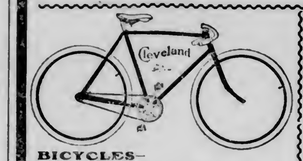
And furnishing such a high class of merchandise at those prices that our announcements prove of special interest to all careful buyers. Of our ability to please the prudent purchaser we are particularly proud, and the verdict of a discriminating buyer, that "it pays to trade with us" carries its additional weight. We are "plain people on the square," and at any time you receice goods you do not consider entirely satisfactory please let us know.



BICYCLES—

With every Bicycle, sold for cash, price $30 or over, we will give:
1 Solar or 20th Century Lamp.
1 Bell.
1 Pair Toe Clips.
1 Bottle Cycle Oil.
1 Stick Chain Lubricant.
1 Pair Pants Guards, and, in addition, 5 per cent discount.

Just take a pencil and see what this special offering means, if you purchase one of our bicycles for cash.

NEW GOODS—

DINING TABLES.

Just received, several new styles in round top, square top, and pedestal Tables, in golden oak finish, and our prices very reasonable considering the quality.

Dining Tables at—

$4.50 to $36.00

Refrigerators and Ice Boxes—

In the newest and best in healthful refrigerating ideas—perfect air circulation—cleanable and economical. Prices—

$9.00, $12, and up to $48.00

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

21st Avenue West. Duluth, Minnesota.

TO SPEAK MONDAY

Hon. Jesse L. Jellison Will Address Duluth Voters Then.

Discusses His Congressional Candidacy to Some Extent.

Will Make Society Seek Him When He Gets In Congress.

"Yes, I'm leaving you for Carlton, where I address the voters this evening. Tomorrow night I speak before the citizens of Cloquet, and Monday night I shall have the pleasure of addressing the voters of Duluth at the Armory. I hope to see you at that time."

With these words and a dignified mien, Jesse L. Jellison, of Cohasset, near Bass lake, Itasca county, strode out of the St. Louis lobby this noon and mauled his way to the afternoon train for Carlton county.

The competitor that Itasca county furnished about two months ago for the Republican nomination for congress is tall, spare, wears a statesman-like frock coat and air, a black mustache, and his iron gray hair indicates the possession of about 55 years of life in this world of stress and troubles.

He was born in Illinois, and as he says himself: "My friends, I used to sail up and down the Sangamon river, where Abraham Lincoln used to split rails." He came to Duluth a number of years ago from Minneapolis, remained here long enough to get so poor that it is said he had to be helped to Grand Rapids, where he took up a homestead, and slaved and suffered the poverty that is the lot of pioneers who succeed in life. He has acquired considerable land in that part of the country, some money, and is reputed to be worth about $25,000.

"Several years ago," Mr. Jellison says in explaining his candidacy for congress, "I was sitting in the office of my friend Senator Cushman K. Davis, in St. Paul. We were discussing the great question of an isthmian canal and a deep waterway from Duluth to the sea. He said, 'Jellison,' and there was a prophetic look in his eyes, 'Jellison, these things have got to come. They may not come in my time, but you will live to see them.' Little did I think at that time that I would be the one upon whom the responsibility would fall of continuing that great man's work."

Mr. Jellison also has a novel idea or two regarding his social position as congressman when he arrives in Washington. The Great trouble with the politicians who talk about the salary of a congressman being too low, Mr. Jellison insists, is that he is devoting too much time to hammering on the doors of society, trying to effect entrance for himself and family.

"The thing to do," he says, "is to compel society to come to you by the record you make in the national halls of congress. I shall waste no time running after society. Society will be glad to run after me. I shall devote all my time in performing my duties to my constituents. Of course, if society appreciates the position that my success will entitle me to, as it no doubt will, then I shall have to give it a little attention as a matter of formal duty. But my obligations to my constituents will always be my chief watchword."

It was reported in Duluth yesterday forenoon that Mr. Jellison had engaged the Armory for last night, but no advertising had been done, and it was decided not to hold the meeting until Monday night.

A STRIKE THREATENED.

St. Paul, June 6.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: The Canadian Northern railroad men threaten a strike today at Port Arthur in sympathy with the Winnipeg employes who are already out on strike.

VOODOOISM IN MARTINIQUE.

Martinique has long been famous as one of the strongholds of voodooism in the West Indies, says the Washington Post. It is true that the fetich cult has not assumed the proportions and peculiar turn there that it has in Haiti, but at the same time the old voodoo doctors of Martinique have long enjoyed the reputation of being gifted with prophecy and of being able to forecast future events with surprising correctness. An old negress, a famous voodoo doctress in her day, told the Empress Josephine, when a girl, that she would marry a king, but would die in a hospital. Napoleon elevated her to the throne when he became emperor of the French, and she afterward died at Malmaison.

MASS OF EVIDENCE

Regarding Panama Earthquakes Sent to Secretary Hay.

Is Presented to the Senate By Senator Morgan.

House Tables the Resolution Inquiring About Wood's Salary.

Washington, June 6.—Soon after the senate convened today a bill was passed granting the right-of-way to the Alafia, Manatee & Gulf Railroad company through the United States light house and military reservation, on Gasparilla island, Florida.

Mr. Morgan, chairman of the committee on inter-oceanic canals, presented a letter from Secretary of State Hay, enclosing copies of letters received by the state department regarding earthquakes and riots in the department of Panama. The letters enclosed newspaper clippings describing the earthquakes. The secretary of state said that the report of the riots would cover 1000 typewritten pages, and the department could not furnish it within a month. The newspaper clippings, which were read, described in detail the destruction done by the earthquake of 1882.

The documents were referred to the committee on inter-oceanic canals, "in order that the committee may determine," said Mr. Morgan, "whether it is necessary for the secretary of state to have the month's work done on the report of riots."

A joint resolution was passed authorizing the secretary of war to investigate the feasibility of operating an ocean dredge at the mouth of the Columbia river, Oregon.

Bills were passed as follows: To ratify a supplemental agreement with the Creek Indians; ratifying the act of the territorial legislature of Arizona providing a fund for the erection of additional buildings for the University of Arizona; to relieve George T. Winston and W. S. Primrose from responsibility for ordnance stores issued to the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and destroyed by fire; authorizing the trustees of Navajo county, Arizona, to refund $43,000 of its bonded indebtedness at 5 per cent; to pay $1,042 to Frank C. Darling, of Minnesota, for damages done by the Sioux Indians; and a large number of private pension bills.

At 2 o'clock consideration of the Nicaragua bill was resumed, and, after a call of the senate, at which 45 senators responded, Mr. Hanna continued his speech begun yesterday. He referred to some comments made yesterday by Mr. Mitchell (Ore.), in which the Oregon senator had spoken of the advantages of the Nicaragua route, while the "Hanna commission" had reported once in favor of the Nicaragua route.

Mr. Hanna said he took "exception to the insinuation that this was Hanna's commission."

"I consider," said he, "that I am here to do my duty to my country."

He presented an earnest and vigorous defense of the isthmian canal commission appointed by McKinley, and said that he sought to discuss the pending question upon a higher plane than mere personalities. He declared that there was no politics in the problem presented, and he was certain there were no personalities in it.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 6.—At the opening of the session of the house today Mr. Hull (Iowa), chairman of the committee on military affairs, reported back the resolution requesting information as to the salary or other compensation paid to Gen. Leonard Wood, during the occupation of Cuba. The committee recommended that it lie on the table.

Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, asked if the resolution was not debatable. When the speaker responded in the negative, Mr. Bartlett (Ga.) formally made the point of order that being a resolution of inquiry and not having been reported to the house within a week, after its introduction it became privileged and was debatable.

The speaker overruled the point of order. On a rising vote there were 77 votes for Mr. Hull's motion and 55 against it, the division being on party lines with the exception that Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) voted with the Democrats. Mr. Hay (Va.) demanded the aye and nays and the roll was called. The resolution was laid on the table, 100 to 72—a strict party vote. Mr. Grosvenor voting with his Republican colleagues for the motion. The debate upon the anti-anarchy bill then was resumed. Mr. Bartlett (Ga.), the first speaker today, argued that the provisions of the senate bill were unconstitutional.

Mr. Patterson (Tenn.) favored the anarchist sections of the house substitute.

Mr. Richardson (Ala.), during the course of some remarks upon the bill, caustically characterized President Roosevelt's Memorial day oration at Arlington. He recalled the visit of the late President McKinley to Huntsville, Ala., a year ago, the reception given him by the Confederate and Union veterans. The noble sentiments Mr. McKinley uttered upon that occasion, Mr. Richardson said, endeared him to the South; and he told of the great sorrow felt there when Mr. McKinley fell at Buffalo. Reluctant as he was to do so Mr. Richardson said he felt it his painful duty to contrast Mr. McKinley's sentiments at Huntsville with Mr. Roosevelt's remarks at Arlington, May 30.

He then read portions of President Roosevelt's speech and said he should not so far forget his environs as to characterize as it deserved this language.

"I doubt whether there is," said he, "a brave federal soldier within the sound of my voice who would have uttered the sentiments expressed by the president even in the heat of debate, much less upon Memorial day. I say the proprieties of the occasion were violated when the president referred to what had been said about Lincoln in the heat of blood when men were aiming at each other's lives."

Mr. Richardson also condemned the president's reference to lynchings in the South.

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Morris Grosevoski, a minor, by Samuel Grosevoski, his guardian ad litem appellant vs. Louis C. Goldenberg, respondent. St. Paul municipal court reversed.

Justice Lewis affirmed the decision of the Ramsey county district court in the case of Joseph T. Gilbert, appellant, vs. Boak Fish company, respondent. Gilbert, proprietor of the Merchants hotel, brought an action in the Ramsey county district court to have the Boak warehouse, next door to his place, declared a nuisance, and enjoin the fish company from maintaining it. He also sued for $500 damages. He obtained an order for the abetement of the nuisance, and judgment for costs, but no damages. He brought a second suit for $2500 damages on the ground the nuisance had not been promptly removed. The nuisance had been removed within sixteen days, according to the testimony, and the court holds that the continued occupancy of the premises for that length of time will not be presumed to have been with the intention of continuing it. The action fails.

The decision of the Hennepin county court is affirmed in Carpenter-Glass Lumber company, respondents, vs. Germania Fire Insurance company, an action to recover for loss on property at Kenyon.

Chief Justice Start affirms an order of the Hennepin county court in Lou A. Collfton, respondent, vs. Matthew Oxborough, appellant, in action to restrain Oxborough from taking possession of Collfton's farm under an alleged lease, which is in dispute.

In case of Frank W. Lapham, respondent vs. H. A. Flint, appellant, Lapham sued for $117.50 commission. Flint has listed a house and lot with Lapham under a standards contract of the St. Paul real estate exchange, in which he agreed to pay the agent the standard commission whether the property was sold by himself or the agent during the term of the agency. Flint sold the property and Lapham sued for the commission. The Ramsey county court is affirmed by Justice Lewis of the supreme court who says that while the contract may have been invalid on its face, Lapham's acceptance of it and endeavoring by advertising and other means to sell the property, made it enforcible.

ANECDOTES OF SHERMAN.

Maj. James H. Trezevant, of Houston, Tex., who was in this city on business told two stories of Gen. Sherman that struck many persons at the Fifth Avenue hotel as being entirely new, says the New York Tribune.

"In the battle of Shiloh," said the major, "my brother, John Timothy Trezevant, now living in Dallas, Texas, was shot through the knee and windpipe. He was taken to the home of my sister, Mrs. Richard H. Parham, at a little place called Pocahontas, between Memphis and Corinth. My brother John was a Confederate soldier, as were his brothers, but my brother-in-law, Mr. Parham, was a staanch Union may. My sister thought a great deal of John, however, and after he was so badly wounded insisted on his being brought to her home. Gen. Sherman's army was in the neighborhood, and one day my brother-in-law invited the general and his staff to dinner. Gen. Sherman had been in the house only a short time before he said:

"'By the way, who is the sick man?'

"'A live rebel,' said my sister.

"After dinner, just as Gen. Sherman was ready to leave the house, he stepped to the bedroom door, and, looking at the wounded Confederate, said:

"'Young man, you possibly may be president of the United States some day,' and then turning his head and looking out of the door he added grimly, 'or be hanged.'

"Years afterward my brother was in Washington, and called on Gen. Sherman and told him who he was. Gen. Sherman was delighted. He introduced my brother to his friends, and made him tell the story over and over again."

Continuing, Maj. Trezevant said:

"Gen. Sherman and Gen. Braxton Bragg cordially hated each other during the war and for some time afterward. They were classmates at West Point, and their two armies clashed on bloody battle fields more than once. Another classmate was Samuel Bell Maxey, United States senator from Texas following the war. After Appomattox Bragg was poor, and finally drifted to Texas, where he became chief engineer of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad, with poor pay and plenty of hard work. The office of the company was at Galveston, where Gen. Bragg made his headquarters. Senator Maxey knew that Gens. Sherman and Bragg had cordially detested each other during the war. One day in Washington Senator Maxey and Gen. Sherman got to talking over old times, when suddenly Gen. Sherman said:

"'By the way, Sam, what is Braxton doing?'

"Senator Maxey told him about his former classmate. Sherman looked thoughtful for a minute, then he said:

"'Sam, when you go home to Texas tomorrow you go and see Braxton, and tell him that if he'll take the place I will have him appointed inspector general of the army in the Southwest. Braxton is a good disciplinarian, and he will fit into the job all right.'

"The pathetic part of it all was," added Maj. Trezevant, "that Gen. Bragg never knew of the magnanimity of his former classmate, as he died of apoplexy a day or two after Gen. Sherman has his conversation with Senator Maxey."

CHANGED NAME FOR LOVE.

Enoch Coffin was the fine sea-faring name of a descendant of one of the old Nantucket families, but his Western-born sweetheart don't like it, says the New York Journal. It seemed horrifying to her—the prospect of being called Mrs. Coffin, and she had a tinge of superstition in her as well, so she asked her lover to change his name.

The devoted Mr. Coffin had just finished the legal entanglements necessary to effecting a change of name. He is a clerk in a Wall street broker's office, with prospects of becoming a junior partner. He was born at Nantucket and when he did not bury his clothes in the dry, clean sand of the island in order to go swimming he attended the sessions of the old Coffin school. The school was founded by Admiral Sir John Coffin, Bart., R. N., as a token from the head of the English family of Coffin to their kin beyond the seas. It is probably endowed in perpetuity for boys and girls descending from one family, the Coffins.

For generations the Coffins of Nantucket have won fame the world around. As captain, mate or A. B. they have shipped in all sorts of craft to find their graves or their fortunes on the sea. Some have returned to Nantucket to build fine houses with the profits of a single whaling voyage. Some have been wrecked on far away islands and either furnished cannibal feasts or became chiefs of tawny tribesmen.

But Miss Nellie Hitchcock, for that is the name of Enoch Coffin's bride-to-be, was born at Grand Island, Neb., far away from the sound of the combers on Nantucket's sandy shore, and without any latent affection for the name the old sea fugitives have made famous. She found that the name grated upon her ear, that people, to whom she spoke of Mr. Coffin said: "What, isn't that an odd name!" It made her feel creepy, and there was something indescribably foreboding about it, she explained. So Enoch, who realized that there were lots of names in teh world, but only one girl for him, went to a lawyer, who went to the supreme court and got a decree changing his name to Enoch Macy.

His mother was a Macy, and on Nantucket the Macys are almost as well known as the Coffins. Plenty of Macys went to sea to share the fortunes of their neighbors, the Coffins. It was of a Macy who would not bear the restrictions enforced by the Puritans of the mainland and put to sea to cross to Nantucket that the poet wrote:

Along the bleak and stormy coast adventurous Macy passed
And on Nantucket's lonely shore drew up his boat at last.

So Miss Hitchcock, late of prosaic Grand Island, Neb., having made her choice of two fine old Nantucket names is shortly to become Mrs. Macy, so her sweetheart retained it as his own.

For a Drink of Good Whisky
Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

The BEST and only practical optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

WILL QUIT.

Report That Sheehy, Cook and Others Will Stop Warring.

That lovely crusade recently begun by beautiful Joe Sheehy to purify the Bowery and promote the onward march of high moral endeavor is about at an end.

The men that Mr. Sheehy went after for alleged violations of the Sunday closing law brought a couple of cases against him for employing laborers without a license.

Mr. Sheehy is now willing that the contest be declared off on equal terms. His case against Moses Cook, charged with keeping a saloon open on Sunday, was dismissed in the municipal court this morning owing to a technical error in the complaint.

The first case against Sheehy for employing men without a license was disposed of by his pleading guilty and paying costs amounting to $3.

It is said on good authority that the would-be reformer and the would-be reformed are willing to call it quits.

ONE CHANGE.

Annual Meeting of Duluth & Iron Range Railroad.

The annual meetings of the stockholders and directors of the Duluth & Iron Range road were held at the offices in this city this afternoon. The only people here from outside were Judge Chandler, general counsel for the road, and C. P. Coffin, secretary and treasurer. Both arrived here this morning from Chicago.

Only one change was made in the slate of officers. Horace Johnson, chief clerk in the general offices, was elected secretary to succeed Mr. Coffin in that capacity, though the latter retains his office as treasurer.

The full list of officers elected is: President, Frank E. House; vice president, A. H. Viele; secretary, Horace Johnson; treasurer, C. P. Coffin.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota Iron company, which falls on the same day was adjourned until Saturday.

WITHDRAWN

Is Charge of Cruelty to Animals Against Polo Player.

London, June 6.—The summons issued at the instance of the Earl of Shrewsbury, charging Lawrence Waterbury, of the American polo team, with cruelty to animals in using sharp spurs on his pony during the international match at Hurlingham on Saturday last, was formally withdrawn in the police court today. Lord Shrewsbury's attorney explained that letters had been exchanged and that his client was satisfied that the spurs had been overlooked in the excitement of a great occasion and that it would not occur again. He added that he decided to withdraw the summons, in which the magistrate concurred.

Interest in the second of the polo matches for the American cup tomorrow is far greater than was taken in the event of last week. It has been raining steadily for two days and the ground is likely to be in poor condition, even if play is possible. Both teams are confident tonight. The Americans play as on Saturday last, but the English team has been reconstructed as follows:

Cecil Nickals, No. 1; Frederick Freake, No. 2; G. Miller, No. 3, and Walter H. Buckmaster, back.

The English team is undoubtedly stronger individually.

EFFORTS FAIL

To Settle the Denver Strike By Arbitration.

Denver, June 6.—Efforts of the state board of arbitration to intercede in the building trades strike have failed, the mill owners and contractors refused to submit their case. The contractors adhere to their determination not to recognize the building trades council and return to work in a few days. It is asserted that at least one-fourth of all the building laborers now on strike have left the city for other points in the state and the East.

Wall Paper

In order to make room for our new Fall stock we will make a reduction in all lines of Wall Paper that will interest you.

⅓ Off on All Grades!

30,000 ROLLS.

This makes a room 12 x 14 as low as 50c.

H. A. Hall & Co.

16 E. Superior St. DECORATORS.

BASEBALL GAME.

Big Duluth and Business College to Meet.

The Big Duluth Baseball team will play the Business college, at Oneota park tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The members of both teams are good ball players, and a first-class game is expected. The lineup will line up as follows:

Big Duluths—	Business College—
Potter	Catcher ..... Frazier
Duncan	Pitcher ..... Stockman
Congdon	First base ..... Abbe
Peterson	Second base ..... Park
Stancke	Third base ..... Dennis
Scoble	Shortstop ..... E. Low
Berg	Left field ..... Critchfield
Dash	Center field ..... Skelton
Somers	Right field ..... Clausen

NO TROUBLE

In Connection With Street Car Strike at Providence.

Providence, R. I., June 6.—No traces of last night's disorder in this city and Pawtucket in connection with the street car strike were apparent when the traction company put its cars in motion today. Fully as many cars were sent out as on yesterday, but they were not molested. The company was prepared today to operate more than half of its full capacity. The strikers, however, maintain that 700 men are out. The traction company declare they have nearly 800 out of 1,200 men at work, the great majority of them old employes. A large number of deputy sheriffs were sworn in today.

SHOCKING SUICIDE.

Aged Man's Terrible Deed at Richmond, Ind.

Richmond, Ind., June 6.—A most shocking suicide was that of William Armstrong, 70 years old, who saturated his clothing with kerosene today, and after setting fire to himself, fired a bullet through his brain. The coroner found a note in which Armstrong asked the forgiveness of his wife and family. He had been suffering with rheumatism.

CHEERS FOR KING.

Boers Enthusiastic on Laying Down Arms.

London, June 6.—Lord Kitchener in a dispatch from Pretoria dated today, announced that the British commissioners in the various districts now report that 1531 Boers laid down their arms yesterday. Afterwards the commissioners addressed the Boers who gave three hearty cheers for King Edward. The best possible relations exist between the Boers and the British and there has been no hitch in the proceedings anywhere.

DEATH LIST.

Madison, Wis., June 6.—Prof. Emmet Goff, professor of horticulture at the University of Wisconsin, died suddenly today after a short illness. Prof. Goff underwent an operation on Monday, but seemed to improve until yesterday, when he grew weaker. He was very prominent in educational circles.

New York, June 6.—Peter Labousse, one of the leading cotton brokers of the country for many years and who came to New York from New Orleans four years ago, is dead from a complication of diseases. He was 55 years old. In 1885 Mr. Labousse engineered a corner in cotton which caused considerable excitement.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

W.B. SUMMER CORSETS

"Erect Form" Summer Models

Made of a wonderful white batiste, as light as a zephyr, but tough as canvas and always cool. Trimmed with lace and ribbon. These different models:

"Erect Form" 983	For slight figures	$1.00
"Erect Form" 970	For medium figures	1.00
"Erect Form" 972	For fully developed figures	1.50
"Erect Form" 961	For medium figures	2.00
"Erect Form" 903	For stout figures	2.50

GIRDLE CORSET for slender figures and young girls. Lightly boned. It accentuates bust and hips, and has the weight of a feather. In white, pink, and blue batiste. Trimmed with lace and ribbon. Model 127. $1

SHIRT WAIST CORSET does away with unsightly bunches and ungainly ridges at bust and shoulder blades. Fits nine women out of ten. In white linen batiste. Trimmed with lace and ribbon. Model 115, $1

If your dealer cannot supply you, send his name and cost of corset desired, direct to

WEINGARTEN BROS., 377-379 Broadway, New York
Largest Manufacturers of Corsets in the World

WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.

Modern Dentistry

At reasonable prices is what you want. We can give it to you at the following prices:

Gold Crowns (22k)	$7.00
Porcelain Crowns	$5.00
Gold Fillings, up from	$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from	75c
Painless Extracting	50c

Full Set Best Teeth, $10

Zenith Telephone. Open Sundays—10 to 12.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.
Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

TWO ROADS

Have Been Added to the Rock Island System.

Chicago, June 6.—Two new roads were added to the Rock Island system yesterday. One is the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, which gives the Rock Island a direct outlet to St. Paul and Minneapolis, and the other is the Rock Island & Peoria, which has been operated by the Rock Island company for a number of years.

The Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern has been under the control of the Rock Island for some time, and it has been understood that ultimately it would be a part of the Rock Island system. Henceforth it will be known as the Cedar Rapids division of the Rock Island system.

The Rock Island now has taken a lease of the road for 999 years from June, 1902, and also of the Rock Island & Peoria, in each case it pays a rental equal to the sum of all taxes levied upon either property, all the interest of the outstanding bonds of either company and 6 per cent upon the outstanding capital stock of each company.

TRUST DEED

Filed By Minneapolis, Superior, St. Paul and Winnipeg Railroad.

Anoka, Minn., June 6.—The Minneapolis, Superior, St. Paul & Winnipeg Railway company yesterday filed with the register of deeds a trust deed to the Standard Trust company of New York to secure $10,000,000 in 5 per cent thirty-year bonds, covering the bed, superstructures, right-of-way, franchises, etc., of 320 miles of railway between Minneapolis and Rugdette, Minn., and 120 miles from Anoka to Superior, Wis.

It is expected that 100 miles of the road will be completed this year. The line will traverse Ramsey, Hennepin, Anoka, Mille Lacs, Kannebec, Aitkin, Beltrami, Isanti, Chisago and Pine counties in Minnesota, and Douglas county in Wisconsin.

MILES

May Be Courtmartialed For Revealing Official Secrets.

Kansas City, Mo., June 6.—The Journal says: Lieut. Gen. Miles passed through Kansas City last night on his way from Fort Riley to Washington, called there by President Roosevelt and threatened with immediate court-martial on a charge of having betrayed official secrets. Whereas Gen. Miles passed through here the day before attended by several members of a board convened to observe long-gauge gun tests at Fort Riley, to be so engaged for several days, he came back yesterday afternoon entirely alone, and in such haste that he had not even reserved a sleeping car berth.

A Journal reporter read to Gen. Miles a special dispatch saying he was suspected in the White House of having furnished details of the scandal involving Lieut. Arnold to Senator Culberson. Gen. Miles' comment was: "Senator Culberson seems to have made an answer as full as one could make, and as explicit as Senator Beveridge or anyone could demand."

"But for yourself, general?"

"I repeat that Senator Culberson seems to have made the reply for which you are asking."

"There is a second dispatch, general," was then remarked, "to the effect that you are peremptorily ordered back to Washington to face charges."

Gen. Miles would make no reply to this question. He left for Washington at 6:30, a short time after his arrival from Fort Riley. While here he did not leave the Union station.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HAUGHTY REDSKIN

Forced to Go to Work or to Remain Hungry.

Consternation Was Produced Among Rosebud Agency Squaws.

Novel Thing to See Their Lords and Masters Working.

Rosebud Indian Agency, S. D., June 6.—The month of May marked a new epoch in the history of the Sioux Indian. He has gone to work.

The government is shutting down on supplies, and enforcing the truth of the old saying, "He that will not work, neither shall he eat." The Indians at the Rosebud agency have been told that no more rations will be issued, except to tribesmen who are too old and infirm to work, or who are sick. The others have been told that they would be put on the same footing with citizens, inasmuch as a daily wage would be paid to them for their daily toil.

As a result of the new order, there were many sore hands and backs and tired muscles and broken spirits at the end of the first week's work. Sunday was welcomed, and the Sioux for the first time appreciated the meaning and importance of a day of rest.

The Indian laborer receives as much consideration as does the white. His working day is limited to eight hours, and he gets $1.25 a day. The work is being superintended by farmers, who act as instructors, as well as overseers. Most of the Indians are engaged in the building of roads, bridges, fences and reservoirs, while others are occupied in making improvements to their allotted lands.

The bucks found that they would not be required to labor if they were sick, and during the first few days the offices of the physicians were besieged by Indians looking for certificates of ill health. All the ailments that could be imagined and invented were described and vividly acted and pretended by the Indians, but the physicians were not easily fooled, and the would-be invalids generally accepted the inevitable. The government does not wish to foster or encourage paternalism, but intends to find out by a practical experiment the willingness and capability of the untutored Indian to earn his support by his own labor.

The squaws are in a state of the utmost bewilderment over this new state of affairs. When they saw their lords and masters trotting away to the employment stations at the agencies, and returning with picks and shovels and other implements of toil, they imagined that their hard lot as tillers of the field, hewers of wood and drawers of water was to be made harder with the help of these artificial aids to labor.

Their astonishment, when they saw the warriors going into the fields, was unbounded. If all the bucks had suddenly gone crazy there would have been less commotion among the reservation squaws. Here was an infringement upon woman's rights with a vengeance. Here was an end of all tradition, a turning upside down of all conditions, an upheaval of society.

The younger women rushed to the older ones for advice. The older ones sagely told them to wait until the buck came and just went passed again—that firewater would bring the bucks to their senses if nothing else would. But it soon became evident that this was no mere spasm of industry, but the dawn of a new industrial era.

The first three Indians to apply for work were Red Feather, White Crow and Big Moon. There had been a pow-wow in the village near the Rosebud agency. Funds were all gone, provisions were all gone, there was "nothing doing."

"To labor," grunted White Crow, "is demeaning."

"To work," said Red Feather, "may also mean things to eat and stuff to drink."

"Let's go and ask the white boss to put us on the pay roll," said Big Moon.

When the agent was approached, first by one Indian, then by two, then by all three, and then by a dozen, he could scarcely believe his senses. He was more taken aback than the squaws had been, for he sent word to Washington that he didn't think it was any use, and that the hoes and rakes and plows and picks and shovels that had been provided were likely to crumble and flake into dust.

"Come on, boys," he said, in his first enthusiasm. "I'll show you how," and he was soon at the head of a long single-file procession of Indians, trotting along in a rather aimless manner. The agent was puzzled as to how he should "break them in." Besides, when it came to close quarters he was not as much as a practical farmer as he had imagined himself to be.

With much endeavor he managed to get each of the Indians behind a grading shovel, and then he gave the word, set the example, the dirt began to fly, and the new road that had been surveyed so long that it had become a joke, was being made. A crowd of whites came in from the nearby territory, in great excitement, for they had heard that the Indians were surrounding the agency and behaving in a threatening manner.

Bucks by the score asked to be "taken on," and soon the agent was at the head of the strangest gang of laborers ever seen.

Congress recently appropriated $22,000 t ove expended on the Rosebud agency. Should the result justify it, another appropriation will be made of perhaps $10,000, and the Sioux Indians will awake some fine morning to find that he is self-supporting. It was at first proposed to make a larger initial appropriation, and to make the test apply to the Indians on all the Sioux reservations, but it was finally decided that the Rosebud Sioux, being well under observation, would furnish all the test necessary in Nebraska.

While the Indian has naturally a strong antipathy against manual labor which, according to all Indian traditions, is associated with inferiority, degradation and the semi-slavery of squawdom, he is as well aware as is anyone of the value of money and of the importance of having funds. After the first wage day the news that Indian toil had been rewarded honestly in American dollars was carried afar by Indian runners, and a number of Pine Ridge redskins swooped down on the Rosebud reservation clamoring for work—and wages. When they were told that there was nothing for them they went away grumbling, and a somewhat paradoxical situation—one paradoxical, at any rate, in its relation to previous history and tradition—may be the result, for work may have to be provided for the Pine Ridge Indians in order to prevent them from becoming ugly and making trouble.

Any Rosebud agency Indian who is pronounced able to work and who refuses forfeits his rations, and will doubtless be discriminated against later, for in the future favors will be extended by preference to those who have earned their support by their recent efforts.

Indian business honesty was put to a severe test at the beginning of the experiment, and as it stood that test it may be said truthfully that the Indian has risen in the scale of civilization. Recently there was paid out to the Indians on the Pine Ridge reservation $40,000, due them as interest on their permanent funds, for grazing permits and for the sale of hides. They owed most of this money to the traders, and to them it was cheerfully paid over, without protest. In many cases the Indians are not allowed to handle the funds, but when they were asked if they wished to pay their debts with them, they assented willingly. There was a great deal of curiosity as to how those Indians to whom hard cash was paid would act, and among their creditors there was much uneasiness.

When the Indian buck grunts and looks ugly, instead of handing over cash when a bill is presented, then it is time to look out for trouble. However, in the vast majority of instances the Indian paid his debts.

There is some show of reason, after all, in the wounding of Indian "patriotism," which has been caused by the stern command to get to work. It will inevitably break down the last barrier that separates them from their white neighbors. After a while white men and Indians will undoubtedly be seen working together in the fields. They have already been fellow-laborers. Under the new arrangement the last vestiges of native Indian dress will disappear.

That sealbrown taste of a canton flannel tongue speaks from the liver and tells you to take Rocky Mountain Tea at night, genuine 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

$45.00 Portland and Return.

May 27th to June 8th, inclusive, the Northern Pacific railway will sell round trip tickets to Portland for $45.00, and San Francisco $50, good sixty days from date of sale. Five trains daily, including North Coast Limited. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

Small Price. Small Dose.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

Footwear Wonders!

Folks who trade here appreciate the great values, but marvel how 'tis possible for one store to so far undersell all others.

WOMEN'S Kid, extension sole, kid or patent tip Shoes, eight different styles; regular price $3.00; special tomorrow $2.48	WOMEN'S Kid, box or velour calf, heavy or light sole Shoes; ten different styles; regular price $2.50 and $3.00; special tomorrow $1.98	WOMEN'S Kid or kangaroo calf Shoes, very stylish and well made; many styles; regular price $1.75 and $2.00; special tomorrow $1.39	WOMEN'S Kid, lace, patent tip Shoes; just the shoe for every-day wear. Regular price $1.50; special tomorrow 98c
WOMEN'S Kid Oxfords, new styles. Regular price $1.25. Special tomorrow 98c	WOMEN'S Kid or patent leather Oxfords—light or heavy soles. Regular price $1.75; special tomorrow— $1.48	WOMEN'S Two-Strap House Slippers—very comfortable for this weather. Regular price $1.00. Price tomorrow 79c	MISSES' Kid, lace or button Shoes for every-day wear. Regular price $1.35. Special tomorrow 98c

Shoes Shined Properly 5 cents.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE,
115 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Shoe Repairing Done Quickly

TRAGEDIES OF GOLIAD

Historic Texas Town That Was Recently Hit By Cyclone.

Fannin's Intrepid Men Were Executed Near This Place.

Established By Ponce de Leon on March to Mexico.

San Antonio, Tex., June 6.—The town of Goliad, in which 141 persons were killed and 240 injured by a cyclone Sunday, May 18, is one of the oldest and most historic settlements in Texas, the first colony being established near the site of the present town by Ponce de Leon in 1689, when he was making his way to Mexico.

De Leon's colonists were sonon scattered by the Indians, but in 1715 a band of Spanish priests settled at the place, and with the aid of the Carancinua Indians built the mission of La Bahia, in which James W. Fannin and 380 of his men were imprisoned in 1836, and from which they were taken to be shot by their Mexican captors during the war which culminated April 21, 1836, in the victory of Sam Houston and the Texans over Santa Ann at San Jacinio, and the establishment of the republic of Texas.

The present town of Goliad has a population of about 1800, and is on the west bank of the San Antonio river, opposite the ancient mission of La Bahia. It is the county seat of Gohad county, has many handsome and costly buildings, and before the disaster of May 18 was one of the most prosperous and thrifty communities in Texas.

The storm, which was characterized by many remarkable and peculiar features, swept down upon the place at 3:45 p. m. Sunday, following the valley of the San Antonio river until it reached the western edge of the town, when it appeared to change its course, and, sweeping up the small elevation upon which the town is located, utterly obliterated the western section, demolishing over 100 buildings, killing outright ninety-eight persons and maiming nearly 200 others.

A magnificent iron bridge, which cost $15,000, was lifted bodily from its piers, and, twisted and rent apart, was deposited on opposite banks of the stream. A church, in which forty negroes were holding a revival service was, blown to pieces and every one of the worshippers were killed outright. Many of the bodies were mutilated by the flying debris. The population of the district devastated by the cyclone was 278, and of this number only fifteen escaped death or serious injury.

The greater number of the dead are negroes. They had their huts and houses in the stricken district. All of their buildings were utterly destroyed. Even the rock and brick foundations of the churches and larger structures were leveled. The very grass was stripped from the ground, which was left bare and smooth as a rocky desert.

The force of the storm was spent in less than five minutes, but it will take weeks to clear the wreckage which is left strewn along either side of its path.

When the people in the portion of the town which was spared from the fury of the wind recovered from the shock and hurried to the assistance of their neighbors they were horrified by the havoc.

Buried under the ruins and lying along the pathway of desolation they found the bodies of men, women and children, many of them stripped of every thread of clothing, with limbs torn from their trunks and carried a great distance.

One man was found with his head severed as smoothly as if by a guillotine. A mother lay dead upon the crushed body of an infant. A negro preacher was found near the spot upon which his church had stood, with his body cut almost in two.

Over in the Mexican settlement, where the Mexicans had been engaged in their favorite pastime of chicken fighting, four dead men lay where the cockpit had stood. But, by the irony of fate, a few game chickens were left alive, although badly crippled.

A boy from a family of nine persons was pickeed up by the wind, carried fifty yards and dropped into the river. He escaped injury, while his father, mother and two sisters were killed, and four brothers were so badly injured that they died.

Goliad has thus had another bloody page added to its history.

On Palm Sunday, March 27, 1836, Santa Ana, the ruler of Mexico, acting in violation of all the laws of war, and in disregard of written stipulations of surrender, ordered the execution of Fannin and his men.

Fannin, who had come from Georgia in 1835 to aid the Texans in their struggle for independence, had, at the head of a force of 400 men, fought a desperate battle on March 17 with Gen. Urrea, and had been forced to retreat to Goliad.

Realizing that he could not withstand siege by the Mexicans, he surrendered under honorable conditions of war. It was promised that he and his men should be sent back to the United States. They were imprisoned in the old Mission house of La Bahia, while the Mexicans pretended they were making preparations for starting them on their journey home. On Saturday evening, March 26, 1836, the order came from Santa Ana to execute all of the prisoners except the surgeons and noncombatants. The prisoners were kept in ignorance of this and were told to prepare for their departure for the United States.

This message caused so much joy among the prisoners that they spent most of the night singing "Home, Sweet Home." On Sunday morning they were ordered to march out of the mission, and were formed into four companies. The physicians were commanded to step aside. Their prison companions were taken in different directions from the mission into the woods along the river, where they were shot.

Fannin was the last American to be executed. He was taken to a spot where he could view the bodies of some of his troop. Preparations were made to blindfold him, but he snatched the handkerchief intended for this purpose from the hand of the Mexican who held it, and tied it over his eyes himself.

He handed his watch to the Mexican officer in command, asking that it be sent to his relatives in Georgia, and pleaded that he be shot in the breast, and not in the head, and that his body receive decent burial. He was assured that all these requests would be honored. Throwing back his shoulders, he stood erect, and told his executioners he was ready.

With the basest perfidy not even one of his requests was granted. The Mexican kept the watch, Fannin was shot in the head. His body was burned.

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT Is a SURE CURE for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, gives instant relief. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked, leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guaranteed given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

VIRULENT CANCER CURED.

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by druggist G. W. Roberts, of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had long suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. They believed his case hopeless till he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklin's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time this salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood diseases, skin eruptions ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters, 50c; Salve, 25c, at W. A. Abbett's Drug Store.

PENSION REFUSED.

Gen. Gomez Wants All Soldiers Treated Alike.

Havana, June 6.—Gen. Maximo Gomez has published an open letter in which he refuses to accept the annual pension of $6000 provided for him in a resolution which is now before the Cuban house of representatives.

Gen. Gomez asks his friends to defeat this resolution, saying it would be unfair in him to accept money so long as the other Cuban soldiers have not been provided for. Gen. Gomez asserts he has a bill against the government for war services which some day will have to be paid, but that he is willing to wait until such time as Cuba can pay all her soldiers.

Day Express, Change of Time

The morning passenger train for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, and intermediate stations, over "The North-Western Line" (C., St. P. M. & O. Railway), leaves Duluth daily, except Sunday, at 8:50 a. m.

CATARRH

The treatment of Catarrh with antiseptic and astringent washes, lotions, salves, medicated tobacco and cigarettes or any external or local application, is just as senseless as would be kindling a fire on top of the pot to make it boil. True, these give temporary relief, but the cavities and passages of the head and the bronchial tubes soon fill up again with mucus.

Taking cold is the first step towards Catarrh, for it checks perspiration, and the poisonous acids and vapors which should pass off through the skin, are thrown back upon the mucous membrane or inner skin, producing inflammation and excessive flow of mucus, much of which is absorbed into the blood, and through the circulation reaches every part of the system, involving the Stomach, Kidneys and other parts of the body. When the disease assumes the dry form, the breath becomes exceedingly foul, blinding headaches are frequent, the eyes red, hearing affected and a constant ringing in the ears. No remedy that does not reach the polluted blood can cure Catarrh. S. S. S. expels from the circulation all offensive matter, and when rich, pure blood is again coursing through the body the mucous membranes become healthy and the skin active, all the disagreeable, painful symptoms disappear, and a permanent, thorough cure is effected. S. S. S. being a strictly vegetable blood purifier does not derange the Stomach and digestion, but the appetite and general health rapidly improve under its tonic effects. Write us about your case and get the best medical advice free. Book on blood and skin diseases sent on application.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

STUDIES IN THE BOOK OF ACTS

THE COUNCIL AT JERUSALEM

International Sunday School Lesson For June 8, 1902.

Acts 15::22-33. "Then it seemed good to the apostles and elders, with the whole church, to choose men out of their company, and send them to Antioch with Paul and Barnabas; namely, Judas, called Barsabbas, and Silas, chief among the brethren; and they wrote thus by them. The apostles and the elder brethren unto the brethren which are of the gentiles in Antioch and Syria and Cilicia, greeting: Forasmuch as we have heard that certain which went out from us have troubled you with words, subverting your souls; to whom we gave no commandment: it seemed good unto us, having come to one accord, to choose out men and send them unto you with our beloved Barnabas and Paul, men that have hazarded their lives for the name of our Lord Jesus Christ. We have sent, therefore, Judas and Silas, who themselves also shall tell you the same things by word of mouth. For it seemed good to the Holy Ghost, and to us, to lay upon you no greater burden than these necessary things; that ye abstain from things sacrificed to idols, and from blood, and from things strangled, and from fornication; from which if ye keep yourselves, it shall be well with you. Fare ye well.

"So they, when they were dismissed, came down to Antioch; and having gathered the multitude together, they delivered the epistle. And when they had read it, they rejoiced for the consolation. And Judas and Silas, being themselves also prophets, exhorted the brethren with many words, and confirmed them. And after they had spent some time there, they were dismissed in peace from the brethren unto those that had sent them forth."

Golden Text: "Stand fast, therefore, in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made us free." Galatians 5:1.

FIRST CHURCH CONTROVERSY.

The birth of the universal faith was attended by throes that convulsed the human mind and conscience. The old faith of Judaism with its spiritual and conservative exclusiveness was at first stimulated by the ministry of Jesus and the apostles. Then some of the leaders of the Jews began to perceive that the new movement had elements that were subversive of the old faith. So a conflict was on, for the believers weer full of enthusiasms, power and courage, and had no notion of yielding to any opposition. The logic of the gospel carried its followers irresistibly against the old prejudices of Judaism.

It was a serious problem that presented itself: whether all believers should be free from the law, or should Jewish believers only be held amenable to it, or must they all alike submit to its exactions? The liberty of the gospel and the authority of the law were antagonistic. It seemed from the literal reading of the Old Testament that the prophets expected a perpetual superiority of the Jews over the Gentiles. For instance, the passage in Isaiah 61 that speaks of the aliens becoming plowmen and vinedressers to Israel, and the verse in Zecheriah 14 that suggests a punishment for those nations that do not go up to Jerusalem to keep the Feast of Tabernacles gave ground for unlimited arrogance on the part of some bigoted Jews. Paul's question, "What advantage then hath the Jew?" was forced upon him by the actual claims of the Jews to the position of exclusive priority in the kingdom of God, which priority they claimed on the two-fold ground of family and of observance of the law of Moses. Liberal Jews, like Hillel, however, accounted devout Gentiles to be true proselytes even though they were not circumcised. There was thus among the Jews themselves some division of sentiment on the question.

Circumcision is a rite of very ancient origin. It has been practiced by the Egyptians, Ethioplans, Troglodytes, Caffres of South Africa and Islanders of the Pacific ocean. It is now a custom of the Mussulmans as well as of the Jews.

A company of Judean Christians went from Jerusalem, wholly without the approval of the Jerusalem church, and declared to the Antioch Christians that they could not possibly be saved without being circumcised. This struck at Paul's fundamental position that he had arrived at from his own personal experience—the futility of works of the law and the sufficiency of the grace of Christ. It almost outdid those narrow literalists, like the Rabbi Shammai, who taught that faith and holiness depended on such ceremony. "So great is circumcision," said one such rabbi, "that but for it the Holy One, blessed be He, would not have created the world; for it is said (Jeremiah 33:25), 'But for my covenant (which he interpreted to mean circumcision) I would not have made day and night, and the ordinance of heaven and earth.'" This sort of narrowness on the part of Jewish Christians is all the more surprising when we know of the above-mentioned tendency among the Jews themselves to subordinate its importance. Before Moses' time the ordinance had evidently fallen into disuse and was revived by him. In later days, a certain Ananias proselyted the royal family of Adiabene and advised Izates not to imperil his crown by compliance to the rite, for it was very much despised by the Gentiles.

Paul's life stood for the liberty of the believers in Christ. He and Barnabas debated the question vigorously with the men from Jerusalem, and the Antioch brethren finally decided to send their two leaders to Jerusalem to get the opinion of the church and the apostles there on the subject. It was a beautiful custom of that day for the friends of any person who was going on a journey to accompany him a portion of the way to speed him on his journey. So the church "brought them on their way," and they, preaching as they went through Phoenicia and Samaria, delighted the brethren whom they met with their fellowship and words, and arrived at Jerusalem.

This incident was precipitated by Judaizing Christians, but it sounded their death knell, for it made it evident that a distinctively Jewish Christianity could not long exist, and that the separation of the Jewish Christians from their fellow-countrymen was irresistibly and steadily advancing. There seems to have followed a decided tendency for these disciples to lapse from the faith and resume their old Judaistic habits exclusively. It was this movement that gave occasion for the epistle to the Hebrews, which sets forth the permanent advantage of Christianity over evanescent Judaism.

WISE COUNSELS.

On their arrival in Jerusalem Paul and Barnabas rehearsed to the church and apostles and elders all the things that God had done by them. But there were pharisees in the membership of the Jerusalem church, and some of them entered the same objections to the liberty Paul claimed for believers that had been made in Antioch. They said, "It is needful to circumcise them, and to charge them to keep the law of Moses." It was after this informal discussion that there was a more formal gathering of the apostles and elders to give counsel concerning the matter. In this counsel there was a good deal of general conversation about the question before the speeches and conclusions recorded by Luke were reached. Peter seems to have been the first to offer effective counsel of the right sort.

Most Christians who indulge in a religious argument appeal to the word of God for authority, but Peter in this case appealed primarily to the actions of God to justify Paul's contention for the liberty of the Gentiles. In the case of Cornelius it had been decided that God had granted life to the Gentiles. This council discussed the supplementary question, On what grounds could the Gentiles be saved? Peter declared that the law had proved a yoke unbearable even to the Jews, and it ought not to be imposed upon the new Gentile converts as a condition of salvation. Despite the alleged advantages of the law, the Jews themselves had to find salvation through faith in the grace of God. Why, then, should unnecessary burdens be put upon those who had already obtained the essential principle of salvation? Later, Peter went to Antioch and caused no little trouble by siding with those who opposed the liberty of the converts. Paul then rebuked him severely, as we learn from the epistle to the Galatians. Battles of this sort are never completely won in a single day's fighting, but the conflict goes on with varying fortunes through the preliminary fighting, the main battle and the skirmishes incident to the enemy's retreat.

Paul and Barnabas did not have much, if anything, to say in the council proper, except to declare what God had done among the Gentiles by them. Then James, the Jerusalem pastor, followed with wise words that crystallized all the best things that had been said, and, by the force of his words and his personal dignity, brought the deliberations to a successful conclusion. There had been two divergent parties in the council. One, the pharisees, followed the literal reading of the Old Testament Scriptures, and wished to bind the Gentile converts to the requirements of those Scriptures. The other party, led by Paul, contended that the church ought to follow the guidance of the energizing Spirit of God, even if such leadership seemed to violate the letter of some Scriptures. James brought the two parties together by approving Peter's speech and by declaring that with its contention agree the words of Amos that point to the time when the day of the Gentiles shall have been fulfilled and the residue of Israel shall be brought in. It may be difficult for us to see the pertinency of the quotation, but it served its purpose with the pharisaic mind for which it was spoken, and opened the way for the unanimous adoption of the judgment of James and the embodiment of it in a letter which was sent to Antioch by the hands of a special committee, who were to confirm with their own words the advice of the letter and the report of Barnabas and Paul.

The letter was a bold repudiation of the false teachers who had precipitated the trouble at Antioch. It meant just what it said, and was the genuine and hearty expression of the entire council and of the Jerusalem church. Its motive was to prevent the converts from giving offence to the Jews, for there were in every city those who read and preached the teachings of Moses every Sabbath day.

Some times the provisions of this letter are called the Noachic precepts, but the group of precepts that properly bears that name probably had its origin later than this event. Genesis 9:4 is the passage that suggests the title "Noachic." The four things forbidden by the letter were accounted abominatons of the Gentiles. The first three we recognize as strictly of a ceremonial sort, which were imposed because they were associated with idolatry or were regarded as of primary importance by the law of Moses. The fourth provision is the only one that appeals to us now as being ethical, but the probability is that it was not put in because of its ethical value, but rather because it forbade a vice that was accessory to most of the idol worship of that day.

CHRISTIAN DEFERENCE AND LIBERTY.

A generous courtesy was the principle thing which the council advised for both sides to the controversy. If such a course was followed in all cases of religious controversy, there would never be any such disgraceful acrimony as often attends religious debates. "Give no occasion for stumbling," was the practical intent of the instruction. Cordial fraternity was very desirable between the Hebrew and Gentile Christians. Paul ever tried to promote it, but in doing so never yielded a single point of his own personal independence or that of his converts, unless in the single doubtful case of Titus.

The Jerusalem Christians were equally courteous, even though not so liberal. Their reference to "Our beloved Barnabas and Paul," and their polite thoughtfulness in sending two of their own number to Antioch revealed the sweet spirit of fraternity which they cherished toward all their brethren. An added token of this fraternity is found in Galatians, where Paul refers to the exhortation which the "Pillars of he church" gave to "remember the poor."

The result of this council cannot legitimately be interpreted to give license for the neglect of the law of either God or man. In fact, every Christian should consciously strive to obey the moral law of God and man until he comes to do instinctively the bidding of that law. He can then live in the Spirit, doing the will of God from love of it. None of us, however, have yet gotten away from the need of helpful church, minister, ritual and Sabbath. Very few have arrived near enough to perfect spiritual manhood to enable them to dispense with the leading strings of the law which says, "Thou shalt not." Such law is an essential part of moral training for every one in his early struggles to be a Christian. It must, however, be closely followed by commands to do things of positive worth, else the beginner will find himself in the condition of the man who left his house empty, swept and garnished, but returned to find it filled with devils worse than it had contained before it was cleansed.

The receipt of the Jerusalem letter at Antioch was the occasion for great rejoicing. It was like the reception of a bill of rights, a veritable magna charta of faith. God had first set them free from the domination of narrow Jewish bigotry, and now the church had set its seal of recognition upon the work of God. It is one of the strange things in the spiritual world that God often does things with and for people, but that the full benefit of them is not realized until the church or some other human agency declares that the thing is in accord with its will. Thus God Himself subject the efficiency of His Kingdom in the world to the wisdom and power of man. For this reason the possession of the Spirit of God is essential to all those who would judiciously serve Lord.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

MISSIONARY

Society of Congregational Church Holds Its National Convention.

Syracuse, N. Y., June 6.—The Congregational Home Missionary society met here yesterday in national convention. The treasurer's report says this year began with a net debt of $63,639, which has since been liquidated. The receipts from all sources were $346,848; expenditures, $293,063.

The auxiliary societies raised and expended in their own fields during the year $25,612. Adding this to the total receipts of the national society gives a grand total of receipts for home missions for the year of $602,462 and a grand total of expenditures of $548,676.

The following officers were elected: President, Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, New York; vice presidents, E. Clark Ford, Ohio; Rev. Charles R. Brown, California; Harry J. Hollister, Michigan; Rev. Michael Burnham, Missouri; William D. Hyde (president of Bowdoin), Maine; Rev. Edward D. Eaton, Wisconsin; Rev. George E. Hale, New Hampshire; Rev. Edward M. Chapman, Vermont; Rev. Ruben Thomas, Massachusetts; Justice David J. Brewer, Washington, D. C.; Rev. C. McClellan, Rhode Island; auditor, George Edgell, New York; executive committee, to serve until 1907, Rev. T. N Packard, Syracuse; Rev. W. B. Holman, Connecticut; Rev. F. H. Wanamaker, Pennsylvania.

A nominating committee and a committee on annual report was named.

WATER IS RISING.

Southern Kansas Streams Are Causing Trouble.

Kansas City, June 6.—Southern Kansas streams are still rising, causing damage to crops and railroads. Near Parsons water stands several feet deep in many houses, and at Burlington, where the Neosho river is said to be 25 feet higher than normal, the bottoms are flooded and water is entering basements. The Neosho river is said to have broken through the levees at several points in La Belle and Neosho counties, in the southeastern corner of the state, and to have inundated much land and ruined crops.

TODELO DANCE

By Louisville Negroes the Wildest of Orgies.

Louisville, Ky., June 6.—"You do any old thing and say any old thing," is the way in which one of the devotees of the "todelo" dance describes it. This is the dance which is getting many negroes in trouble at present. Although the "todelo' dance has been danced in a few negro resorts on the "Chute" for the past year, it is only recently that it has been the subject of active police interference.

Maj. Ridge, who is the "todelo" expert of the police force, and who has personally led a number of raids on "todelo" resorts, says it is the oochle-coochie with greater abandon, and develops into a wild orgie if not checked by the police.

There is no regular step in the "todelo." A crowd of negroes loaded with barrel-house booze and cocaine, will gather in a house and then, to the music of whatever instruments are available, they begin to dance, going through every conceivable contortion of the human body. As the dance and stimulants work on the blood of the negroes, the action becomes faster and faster and more frenzied. Groans and yells and the screams of the overwrought participants, particularly the women, can be heard for a block away. It continues with increasing intensity until the police interfere, or the dancers sink to the floor from exhaustion. This is the "todelo" dance as it is given in Louisville.

The dance is believed to have originated in the wilds of Africa and to have had its birth in savagery. Whether it springs up now as a piece of atavism or has simply been imported to Louisville through channels reaching back to the source, certainly it is the expression of the primitive condition of the race having kinship with the sun and snake dances of the Indians, only that its votaries need "booze" and "croke" in the production of the necessary frenzy.

AMERICAN JOCKEYS

Regained Much of Their Prestige At Epsom.

London, June 6.—The American jockeys regained much of their prestige at Epsom yesterday. In the presence of King Edward and a large assemblage "Danny" Maher carried off the great Surrey foal stakes on Lord Stanley's Mixed Powder, won the Royal stakes on Daniel Cooper's Cossack, and captured the coronation cup (a piece of plate valued at 200 sovereigns and 1,000 sovereigns in specie), on Lord Wolverton's Osboch, in which J. H. Martin, on last year's derby winner, Volodiovski, carrying the colors of William C. Whitney, was second, and George Edwards' Santo I. was third. Martin also won the Horton plate on Mr. Russell's Regalia.

Paris, June 6.—American jockeys won all races at the Bois de Bologne tracks yesterday. W. K. Vanderbilt's Bright was not placed in the contest for the Prix Maleret.

NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY

Officials Meet At Chicago And Elect Officers.

Chicago, June 6.—The Northwestern railway officials met here yesterday. There was no contest at the election, and the following officers were chosen: Marvin Hughitt, president; E. E. Osborn, vice president and secretary; S. O. Howe, treasurer and assistant secretary; J. B. Redfield, assistant secretary and assistant treasurer; R. H. Williams, assistant treasurer and second assistant secretary.

The following were elected directors for a term of three years: W. K. Vanderbilt, F. W. Vanderbilt, H. McKee Twombly, Marshall Field, Byron L. Smith and Cyrus H. McCormick.

The executive committee consists of Marshall Field, Marvin Hughitt, C. M. Depew, S. F. Barger, H. McK. Twombly, David P. Kimball, W. K. Vanderbilt and James C. Fargo.

ODD FELLOWS ADJOURN.

La Crosse, June 6.—The sessions of the grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows came to an end yesterday. The report of the secretary showed the order to be in good condition. It has 325 subordinate lodges and 17,465 members. The visitors took a ride on an excursion boat yesterday afternoon. The festivities closed with a promenade concert last night.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.—ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

(Seal).

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

MRS. BARTLETT DEAD.

New York, June 6.—Mrs. Bailey Bartlett, an original daughter of the revolution, is dead from pneumonia at Orange, N. J. She was 99 years old and was the widow of Bailey Bartlett, Jr., of Massachusetts, a son of the Bailey Bartlett of that state who was a member of the first continental congress and a close friend of Washington, John Adams and John Hancock. Her father, Moses Long, served in the revolution. He was at the surrender of Burgoyne, passed through the winter at Valley Forge, fought at Monmouth, and after that battle was made one of Washington's guards.

Jap Rose (TRADE MARK) Soap

one-sixth pure glycerin, is transparent and perfumed with the odor of natural flowers.

Will not injure the skin of a new-born babe.

Satisfactory and pleasing for the toilet.

It is the perfected product of scientific soap-making.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY, CHICAGO

White Russian Laundry Soap Wrappers exchanged for valuable premiums. Write for list. D

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THE BEST 5¢ CIGAR

Two "CREMO" BANDS are of same value as one tag from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" or "J. T." Tobacco.

Be Comfortable

YOU can be both comfortable & well dressed in a K. N. & F. two-piece OUTING SUIT

Made in a variety of popular light-weight fabrics.

Priced from $5.00 to $15.00.

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CONSULT HIM!

DR. HOAG

The eminent Chicago specialist, in the speedy and permanent cure of all

Stomach Troubles

of long standing, that make life a burden; a source of daily suffering and hourly torture, he quickly relieves and cures, no matter what the cause may be. In all

Kidney Troubles

in their most aggravated forms, of long standing and bordering on Bright's disease, he treats with marked skill, quickly effecting a cure. He may be consulted free at Hotel Atherean, Ashland, Wis., June 5th, and at West Superior hotel, West Superior, Wis., June 6th and 7th. Home treatment sent by mail or express. Address Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 692 Minerva avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY— It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN— It causes no discoloration of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

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Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; \$1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

A Perfect Food Drink

"Figprune" made from the choicest fruits and cereals grown in California. Possesses a delicate flavor

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Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

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Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

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ARE YOUR BODILY ORGANS PROPERLY NOURISHED?
ARE YOUR BRAINS ACTIVE AND ALERT, AFTER MEALS?
ARE YOU TROUBLED WITH INDIGESTION?

ARE you aware that your grocer keeps a new wheat and malt cereal called "FORCE" that is temptingly delicious, that contains every element necessary for the proper nourishment of the whole body, that digests so quickly that mental vigor is not temporarily stagnated, and that will cure indigestion?

A SLIGHT ADVANCE

Wheat Declines to Follow the Decline In Liverpool Market.

Snow Out With Prediction of the Year's Wheat Yield.

Flax Is Active and the Fall Futures Much Weaker.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 6.—The wheat market was dull and weak at the opening this morning and prices kept within a narrow range until toward the noon hour, when they advanced to a point slightly higher than yesterday's close, this was in spite of a decline of 1d in the Liverpool market. The Paris market was very strong, advancing 2@2½c. Antwerp was very weak, declining 1½@2c. The rains were rather too heavy in the Southwest to suit the bears. Snow was out with a crop report showing improvement in a number of states and estimating a winter yield of 425,000,000 and a spring yield of 340,000,000 bus.

Primary receipts of wheat were 393,000 bus; last year, 965,000 bus. Shipments, 144,000 bus; last year, 271,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 188,000 bus. The Argentine shipments were small, being 648,000 for the week as against 1,462,000 bus last year. Exports of wheat and flour as reported by Bradstreet were 4,600,000 bus, against 6,544,000 bus, last year. Since Jan. 1 they have aggregated 156,000,000 bus, as compared with 207,880,000 bus a year ago.

July oats in the Chicago market advanced 3@3c and at one time were up 4c from the close, manipulation of the May deal, is said to be forcing the July price. Corn also was stronger, advancing 2@3c. Primary receipts of corn were 387,000 bus; last year, 685,000 bus. Shipments, 210,000 bus; last year, 415,000 bus. Bradstreet reported exports of corn for the week of 86,000 bus, against 71,000 the last week and 2,435,000 bus last year. Argentine shipments of corn were 1,741,000 bus, against 1,128,000 bus last year. Since Jan. 1 they have aggregated 83,740,000 bus, as compared with 8,888,000 bus in the same period a year ago.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis 256 cars, and at Chicago 4, a total of 260 cars, against 407 last year.

Trading in wheat was dull on the Duluth board. The opening was 7c off for July at 72⅝c, it fell to 72¼c at 9:48, sold at 72⅜c at 9:58, fell to 72¼c at 10:28 and advanced to 72⅝c at 11:05, continuing upward to 72⅞c at 12:20 and closing at that price, an advance of ⅛c. Chicago advanced 1⅝@1¾c and Minneapolis 1½c. September wheat in Duluth closed 1½c higher and in all markets was relatively stronger than the July option.

Cash prices continued at July price for No. 1 northern in store, ½c over for to arrive, 1½c under for No. 2 and 3c under for No. 3. Sales were 12,000 bus.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to decrease 500,000 bus this week and in Minneapolis 300,000 bus.

Flax trading was very active and the fall futures were weak, although cash seed sold 1c higher than yesterday's close. On the close on this it was unchanged, however. September sold in the morning at $1.45½, which was yesterday's close and closed at 2½c declined. October sold down 3c from yesterday's close and closed 2½@3c lower. There was an advance of ¾c in September oats.

Following are the closing figures:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 75⅝c; 1 northern, 72⅝c; 2 northern, 71½c; 3 spring, 68⅝c. To arrive—1 hard, 76⅝c; 1 northern, 73¾c; July, 72⅝c; September, 70½c. Manitoba, 1 northern, 71⅝c; 2 northern, 69¼c. Oats, September, 30c. Rye, 55½c. Flax, cash, $1.45; to arrive $1.70; June, $1.70; July, $1.55; September, $1.43. October, $1.38½.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 11; last year, 26; oats, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 8863 bus; flax, 750 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 153,450 bus; corn, 5771 bus; oats, 37,483 bus; barley, 1375 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.73
No. 1 northern, 1 car	73⅛
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	73¼
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus	72¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	73½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	71¾
Flax, 1 car on track	1.76

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Early Trade In Grains Was Somewhat Irregular.

Chicago, June 6.—Early trade in grains today was somewhat irregular, though of a quiet nature. July wheat opened a shade lower to unchanged at 71⅝c to 71½@⅝c, supported fairly well against lower Liverpool cables. Paris was higher and the general rains were dangerous in their possibilities of damage to crops. The Southwestern conditions were somewhat bullish. Cash business early, however, was poor, with prices shaded both here and at Duluth. July wheat dipped to 71¼c but rallied somewhat on covering and steadied at 71½c. Local receipts were four cars, none of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 256 cars, making a total for the three points of 260 cars, against 407 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 668,000 bushels, against 1,032,000 bushels last year.

On the estimate of a local statistician that the general situation of the winter wheat had improved 5 points and that spring wheat was almost perfect save that the acreage was about 1,000,000 less than last year, July wheat dipped to 71⅛@¼c. Corn firmness and fair support pulled the price of July later to 72c and the close was firm, July ¼@⅝c up at 71⅞c.

Corn trade was narrow, but of a stronger nature early. There was a good demand for July, but not quite so good for September. Foreign trade was dull and cables were steady. The principal bullish influence was the possibility of delayed cultivation and movement and of smaller country offerings because of the very wet weather. Receipts were slightly smaller than estimated at 237 cars. July opened unchanged to ¼c higher at 62c to 62@⅛c, sold up to 62⅝c and held fairly for the first hour.

The big bull interest came into the pit and supported July. St. Louis sold September and kept the price of that option down. July sold up easily to 63c and closed firm ⅝c up at 62¾@⅞c.

Oats showed more strength and animation than anything on the floor at the opening. Receipts were very light, at 80 cars. Cash business was excellent. Rains were dangerous in that they were likely to cause talk of rankness and lodging. There was little of importance in the trade other than fair buying that kept the market firm in spite of profit taking. After two days' good bulge July opened unchanged at 28⅝c, sold up to 29c and held well near 29¼c. Provisions started weak on scattered liquidation and a weak hog market, but soon rallied on packing support. July opened 2½@2⅝c lower at $17.17½ to $17.20 and advanced to $17.25; July lard a shade down at $10.20, and July ribs 2½c lower at $10.05 and sold at $10.00.

Close: Wheat, June, 72¼c; July, 71⅞c; September, 70⅝@⅞c; December, 72c. Corn, June, 62⅝c; July, 62¾@⅞c; September, 58⅜@⅝c; December, 46¾c; May, 46¾c. Oats, June, 19c; July, 30¾@⅞c; new, 30½c; September, 26c; new, 31c; December, 29¾c; new, 32c. Pork, June, $17.40; July, $17.25; September, $17.45; January, $16.30. Lard, June, $10.20; July, $10.25; September, $10.22½; October, $10.20; January, $9.37½@.40. Ribs, June, $10.15; July, $10.15; September, $10.02½@10.05. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.76; Southwestern, $1.56; September, $1.43½; October, $1.37½. Rye, July, 55c; September, 53c. Barley, cash, 61@68c. Timothy, September, $4.65. Clover, cash, $8.25. Cash wheat No. red, 72@76c; No. 3 red, 71½@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 74½@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 73½@74c; No. 1 northern spring, 73½@74½c; No. 2 northern spring, 72½@73½c. No. 3 spring, 70@71½c. Corn, No. 2, 62¾@62⅞c; No. 3, 62¼@62½c. Oats, No. 2, 43½@⅝c; No. 3, 42@42½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Modern Miller: Excepting that there was too much rain, particularly in the section west of the Mississippi river, weather conditions generally are favorable. Damage by floods in the bottom lands of the southwest and reports of rust and lodging in scattered sections, combine to make the bulk of the complaints and none were of a serious character.

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Broomhall cables: The visible supply of wheat in the chief ports of Argentine today is 345,000 bus; a week ago, 328,000 bus; a year ago, 3,162,000 bus. Corn is now 288,000 bus; a week ago, 228,000 bus and a year ago 3,152,000 bus.

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The Missouri state crop reports make the condition of wheat 95, against 77 last year; corn, 92; last year, 83; oats, 83; last year, 79.

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Snow's report shows improvement in wheat at five points. The outlook is for 425,000,000 bus of winter wheat and 300,000,000 bus spring wheat.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago—The market here is a little stronger. A good deal of the buying is on covering of shorts. Fears of the result of the tendency towards excessive rains is the principal cause. The situation is slow and outlook not bright. Conditions of supply and demand are not urgent either way. Receipts are moderate and export only nominal. Missouri report gives the condition of 97 and Snow makes total spring and winter crop outlook 725,000,000 bus. The advance in Paris today was said to be on the wet weather in France. Cash demand so far is reported small bus.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	July Oats	July Corn	July Pork
Open	30½@½	62⅛-⅜	$17.17-17.20
High	31⅛	63	17.50
Low	30¾	62¼	17.17
Close	30⅝-¾	62¾-⅞	17.40

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York
July—				
Open	72⅝B	72⅝	71½-⅝	77¾-⅞
High	72⅝B	72⅞	71⅞	78¼
Low	72⅛	72⅛	71⅛	77⅝
Close	72⅝B	72¾	71⅞A	78¼A
September—				
Open	70⅛B	69	70⅝-¾	75¾A
High	70⅝B	69¼	71	76⅜
Low	70⅛	68½	70	75¾
Close	70⅝B	68¾	70¾-⅞	76⅝A

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 6.—Close: Wheat, July, 78¾c; September, 76⅝c. Corn, July, 67⅞c; September, 64½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 6.—Wheat—Spot, dull; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 1½d; No. 1 California, 6s 3¾d; futures, quiet; July, 5s 10½d; September, 6s 3d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed new, 5s 9d; American mixed old, 5s 9d; futures, quiet; July, nominal; September, 5s 12½d; October, 5s 4d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 53,600 centals, including 212,000 American. Receipts American corn during the past three days, 50 centals.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Bakeman, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, June 6.—Trade in wheat was rather light today and mostly all of a local professional character. The market after ruling weak early, owing to discouraging advices from abroad, later rallied in sympathy with the strength in coarse grains. Close was firm, ¼c to ⅜c higher than last night. Liverpool reported their market as depressed with excessive supplies, ½d to ¼d lower for the day. Continental markets were generally lower, with the exception of Paris which was firm on too much wet weather. Mr. Snow estimates the crop of winter and spring wheat with favorable conditions from now on at 725,700,000 bus against 752,000,000 bus last year. Cash demand here was quiet and the seaboard reported export business slow. Advices from Minneapolis say that the flour demand continues poor and millers are not in the market for cash wheat at the moment. Estimated tomorrow, 10 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in grain today and the market ruled firm on buying by bulls as well as covering by shorts on continued light country offerings. The market closed, July ⅝c higher, September unchanged and December ⅜c higher for the day. Cash demand was very quiet. The weather generally favorable for the growing crop. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 350 cars.

There was a large and active trade in oats today and the market ruled strong on buying by bulls as well as covering by shorts, owing to the splendid cash demand and very light country offerings. There was more or less realizing on advance, which caused a slight reaction from the high point. The market closed, old July ¾c, new July ⅝c, September old and new ⅝c higher than last night. Sales of cash No. 3 white oats on track were reported at 40½c to 40c. The weather was generally favorable for the crop, although too much rain is reported in parts. The general situation looks strong and we think prices will go still higher. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 115 cars.

Provisions opened easy on light receipts of hogs and for a time ruled dull. Later, on reports that pork was being converted into strips in comparison with ribs, the local crowd became enthusiastic and advanced pork rapidly, but the offerings to realize were heavy and the market later lost part of the advance. Ribs were merely a sideshow and it was suspected the leaders took advantage of the market to sell. It was more of a scalpers' deal today than anything else, but the enormous supply of hogs and slack demand was forgotten. The market was broader today than for many days and scalping operations were large. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 22,000 hogs.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis wheat—
Puts, July wheat, 72⅜c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 72¾-73c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 72¾c bid.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., a. m. 75th meridian time, Friday, June 6, 1902:

STATIONS.	Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall inches.
Alexandria	80	58	.08
Campbell	78	52	.44
Crookston	78	48	.62
Detroit City	64	52	2.09
Grand Meadow	70	54	.32
Montevideo	76	60	.62
Minneapolis	76	60	.62
New Ulm	74	60	2.32
Park Rapids	64	54	1.78
Winnebago City	68	50	.64
Worthington	72	60	.02
Devil's Lake	70	46	0
Langdon	64	42	.04
Larimore	68	44	.40
Lisbon	68	46	1.12
Kembina	62	42	0
Aberdeen	64	48	..
Millbank	68	54	.04
Redfield	80	52	.10
Bismarck	68	52	.01
Huron	72	58	.26
La Crosse	74	54	.04
Moorhead	72	50	1.16
St. Paul	68	52	.54
Winnipeg	68	46	.06
Pierre	76	52	.66

Showers fell over all districts except Ohio and Indiana; heavy rains falling at Prairie du Chien, Wis.; Marshalltown, Waterloo and Clarinda, Iowa, Fairmount and Tecumseh, Neb., Detroit City, New Ulm and Park Rapids, Minn., and Lisbon, N. D. Warm temperatures prevailed.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, June 6.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the undertone of the market on prime offerings of all classes and especially of heavy horses appeared to be steady and unchanged. The trade in general was confined to small sales. Consumers from the Twin Cities were the principal buyers. Values:

Drafters, extra	$160@215
Drafters, choice to good	140@160
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	120@140
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	60@100

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure these goods the shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	23	
Creamery, tubs	22	
Dairies, fancy	16	@ 20
Packing stock	16	
EGGS.		
Fresh	15½@	16
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	12½@	13
Twins, full cream, old	10 @	11
Full cream, young America	15	
Swiss cheese, Swiss	14	
Brick cheese, No. 1	14	
Limberber, full c'm, choice	15	
Primos	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	15 @	16
Fancy white clover in jars		
Fancy comb, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	13 @	14
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00	@ 2 50
Medium hand picked, bus	1 90	@ 2 00
Brown beans, farm, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	50	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@ 8
FRUITS.		
Apples, per bbl	6 00	@ 6 50
Apples, per box	2 75	
Apples, X. X. varieties	6 50	@ 6 50
California figs, per box	90	@ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 25	@ 3 50
California lemons, per box	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	2 25	@ 2 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@ 4 00
Dates, Fard, per box	1 00	
Sugar walnut dates	1 25	
Navel oranges	4 00	@ 4 25
Strawberries, per case	2 00	@ 2 25
Cal. cherries, per case	1 75	@ 2 00
VEGETABLES.		
Mushrooms	45	
Dry onions, per sack	2 00	
Beets, per 100	1 40	
Carrots, per 100	1 35	
Cabbage, per crate	4 00	
Potatoes, per bus	65	@ 75
Bermuda onions, per crate	2 25	
Spanish onions, per crate	2 00	
Turnips, per 100	70	@ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75	
Oyster plant, per doz	35	@ 65
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
California celery, per bunch	10	
Lettuce	50	@ 60
Green onions, per doz	12½@	15
Green peas, per bus	1 50	
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	85	
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@ 2 00
Mint, per bunch	30	
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	40	
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50	@ 60
Parsley, per doz	30	
Pie plant, 100 lbs	1 00	@ 1 25
New beets, dozen bunches	45	
New carrots, dozen bunches	45	
Water cress, doz bunches	35	
Spinach, per bus	40	
Asparagus, doz bunches	45	@ 50
New Potatoes	1 25	
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50	
Fruit juices	4 00	
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3½@	4
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	12 @	13
Geese	10	
Turkeys	13 @	14
Ducks	10	
MEATS.		
Mutton	11	
Lamb	12	
Veal, good	8½	
Veal, fancy	9	
Dressed beef	9 @	10
Hams	11	
Pork loins	10¾	
Lard	8½	
Lard, compound		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 6.—Butter, steady. Creamery, 18@20c; dairy, 18@19c. Cheese, weak. Twins, 10c; daisies, 10¾c; young Americas, 11c. Eggs, steady. At mark, cases included, 15¼@15½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 6.—Butter, receipts, 4627 packages. Quiet. State dairy, 18½@21¼c; state creamery, 20@22½c; renovator, 17½@20c; factory, 17@19c; imitation creamery, 17½@20¼c. Cheese, receipts, 4276 packages. Irregular. New state full cream small colored choice, 9¾@10c; white, 10¾c; large colored, 9¾c; large white, 10c. Eggs, receipts, 8718 packages. Weak. State and Pennsylvania, 17½@18c; Western storage packed, 17@17½c; Southern at mark, 13½@14½c.

The total sales were 231,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—I would not be in any hurry to buy until indications are clearer. Prices have been sagging off for three days, however, and in the natural order of events some rally is due this afternoon and Saturday morning. When the end of the coal strike is in sight and good summer crops are reasonably assured, I shall be a big bull on the situation. But if you bought stocks yesterday as advised to you had better sell. Pacific stocks and Amalgamated rose fractionally above yesterday's close.

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The demand became urgent enough to effect gains ranging from 1 to 1¾ in Brooklyn Transit, Colorado Fuel, Tobacco preferred, Fuller Construction, Reading, Delaware & Hudson, Louisville, Chicago I. & L. preferred, and Kansas & Texas preferred. New Jersey Central advanced 3 points. Some of the minor specialties were weak. Texas Land Trust and General Chemical preferred losing 2 points, International Pump preferred 1½, Amalgamated Copper and New York Air Brake 4 points. Profit-taking began in Canadian Pacific when it touched 135½ and its point reaction threw the general market into dullness and lower prices. Tennessee shares appeared to be steady and unchanged. The trade in general was confined to small sales. Consumers from the Twin Cities were the principal buyers.

Values:

Drafters, extra	$160@215
Drafters, choice to good	140@160
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	120@140
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	60@100

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Market Opened More Active Than Recently But Turned Dull.

Heaviness Prevailed and the Price Movement Was Narrow.

Canadian Pacific Had a Slight Bulge But Fell Off.

New York, June 6.—The market opened rather more active than has been the rule recently. The grangers and coalers generally were higher, but there were fractional declines elsewhere in the list. Canadian Pacific and Sugar advanced about a point and Reading rose ⅝ on the taking of several large blocks of Pacific Mail dropped 2 points and New York Central ran off ¾.

Stocks became feverish and easier when realizing commenced in Reading. Manhattan and United States Steel stocks, followed details of rumors of a settlement of the coal strike. There were a few conspicuous weak points, New York Central and Locomotive preferred declining over a point and Fort Worth & Denver City stamped 2. Canadian Pacific meanwhile was advancing gradually and when it had gained over 3 points traders bought all around the room and the market responded. Sugar sold at 127½ and recovered its dividend and the Western and Pacific stocks and Amalgamated rose fractionally above yesterday's close.

The demand became urgent enough to effect gains ranging from 1 to 1¾ in Brooklyn Transit, Colorado Fuel, Tobacco preferred, Fuller Construction, Reading, Delaware & Hudson, Louisville, Chicago I. & L. preferred, and Kansas & Texas preferred. New Jersey Central advanced 3 points. Some of the minor specialties were weak. Texas Land Trust and General Chemical preferred losing 2 points, International Pump preferred 1½, Amalgamated Copper and New York Air Brake 4 points. Profit-taking began in Canadian Pacific when it touched 135½ and its point reaction threw the general market into dullness and lower prices. Tennessee Coal lost 1½. Bonds were irregular.

The market was extremely dull and heavy, but the movement was very narrow. Corn products preferred, and Silver preferred lost about a point each.

The few stocks that were dealt in during the hour showed slight improvement over previous prices. Scarcely any of the usual favorites were dealt in and the amount of business done reached only a few thousand shares. Northwest preferred fell ten points below the last sale.

The market's narrow fluctuation early in the last hour. American Grass twine rose 1¾ and Northwestern a point. Canadian Pacific rallied to 136 but ran off again and prices elsewhere straggled after. The closing was stagnant.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	68½	67¼	68
Anaconda M. Co.	113½	113¼	113½
Atchison, T. & S. F.	79⅞	79⅝	79⅝
do pfd	98⅜	98¼	98⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	106⅝	106¼	106½
do pfd	95	95	95
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67⅛	66¾	67
Chesapeake & Ohio	46	46	46
Chicago & Alton	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
Col. F. & I	99	97⅜	98¾
Chi. Great Western com	28	27¼	27⅜
Erie com	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
do 1st pfd	67¾	67¾	67¾
do 2nd pfd	52	52	52
Louisville & Nashville	137½	135¼	137½
Leather	13	12¾	13
do pfd	85	84¾	85
Manhattan Con	99	100	100½
Mo. K. & T. & St. M.	57¼	57¼	57¼
Missouri Pacific	99⅞	99⅜	99⅜
New York Central	154⅜	153⅝	154⅜
Norfolk & Western	56	55⅞	56
Ontario & Western	32½	32½	32½
Pennsylvania	149¼	149	149¼
Pacific Mail	39	38¾	39¼
People's Gas	101¼	100⅝	101¼
Republic Iron and Steel	17¼	17⅛	17¼
do pfd	73¾	73¾	73¾
Reading	62⅝	62¼	62⅝
do 2nd pfd	68	67⅝	68
Rock Island	17½	17½	17½
Southern Ry	36½	36⅜	36⅜
Southern Pacific	64¼	63½	64
Sm. Ref	48⅞	48⅛	48⅜
do pfd	98¾	98¼	98⅜
Sugar Refinery	127½	126⅝	126⅞
St. Paul	170	169	169⅜
T. C. & I	63½	61½	62¾
Texas Pacific	40¾	40¾	40¾
Union Pacific	104⅞	103¾	104¾
do pfd	87⅝	87½	87½
U. S. Steel	39⅞	39½	39⅝
do pfd	89¼	88⅜	88⅞
Wabash	26⅜	25⅞	25⅞
do pfd	43¼	43¼	43¼
Western Union	90¼	90	90¼
Wisconsin Central	26⅞	26½	26⅞
do pfd	48¼	47½	48¾
Metropolitan	149	148½	148¾
Canadian Pacific	136½	133⅞	135¾

The total sales were 231,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

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Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	68½	67¼	68
Anaconda M. Co.	113½	113¼	113½
Atchison, T. & S. F.	79⅞	79⅝	79⅝
do pfd	98⅜	98¼	98⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	106⅝	106¼	106½
do pfd	95	95	95
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67⅛	66¾	67
Chesapeake & Ohio	46	46	46
Chicago & Alton	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
Col. F. & I	99	97⅜	98¾
Chi. Great Western com	28	27¼	27⅜
Erie com	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
do 1st pfd	67¾	67¾	67¾
do 2nd pfd	52	52	52
Louisville & Nashville	137½	135¼	137½
Leather	13	12¾	13
do pfd	85	84¾	85
Manhattan Con	99	100	100½
Mo. K. & T. & St. M.	57¼	57¼	57¼
Missouri Pacific	99⅞	99⅜	99⅜
New York Central	154⅜	153⅝	154⅜
Norfolk & Western	56	55⅞	56
Ontario & Western	32½	32½	32½
Pennsylvania	149¼	149	149¼
Pacific Mail	39	38¾	39¼
People's Gas	101¼	100⅝	101¼
Republic Iron and Steel	17¼	17⅛	17¼
do pfd	73¾	73¾	73¾
Reading	62⅝	62¼	62⅝
do 2nd pfd	68	67⅝	68
Rock Island	17½	17½	17½
Southern Ry	36½	36⅜	36⅜
Southern Pacific	64¼	63½	64
Sm. Ref	48⅞	48⅛	48⅜
do pfd	98¾	98¼	98⅜
Sugar Refinery	127½	126⅝	126⅞
St. Paul	170	169	169⅜
T. C. & I	63½	61½	62¾
Texas Pacific	40¾	40¾	40¾
Union Pacific	104⅞	103¾	104¾
do pfd	87⅝	87½	87½
U. S. Steel	39⅞	39½	39⅝
do pfd	89¼	88⅜	88⅞
Wabash	26⅜	25⅞	25⅞
do pfd	43¼	43¼	43¼
Western Union	90¼	90	90¼
Wisconsin Central	26⅞	26½	26⅞
do pfd	48¼	47½	48¾
Metropolitan	149	148½	148¾
Canadian Pacific	136½	133⅞	135¾

The total sales were 231,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—I would not be in any hurry to buy until indications are clearer. Prices have been sagging off for three days, however, and in the natural order of events some rally is due this afternoon and Saturday morning. When the end of the coal strike is in sight and good summer crops are reasonably assured, I shall be a big bull on the situation. But if you bought stocks yesterday as advised to you had better sell. Pacific stocks and Amalgamated rose fractionally above yesterday's close.

• • •

The demand became urgent enough to effect gains ranging from 1 to 1¾ in Brooklyn Transit, Colorado Fuel, Tobacco preferred, Fuller Construction, Reading, Delaware & Hudson, Louisville, Chicago I. & L. preferred, and Kansas & Texas preferred. New Jersey Central advanced 3 points. Some of the minor specialties were weak. Texas Land Trust and General Chemical preferred losing 2 points, International Pump preferred 1½, Amalgamated Copper and New York Air Brake 4 points. Profit-taking began in Canadian Pacific when it touched 135½ and its point reaction threw the general market into dullness and lower prices. Tennessee Coal lost 1½. Bonds were irregular.

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Open Saturday Evenings!

We advise you to call at once, as we will be here but a short time. We are positively

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS!

Other stores have in the past advertised closing out sales when they had no intention of going out of business. Be sure that you get into the only store that is

Selling Out Carpets, Rugs, Drapery, Lace Curtains, Furniture.

Every piece of goods must besold this month at some price. You cannot afford to miss this opportunity.

A. JEFFERY & CO.

10 East Superior St. Four doors east of Lake Ave.

EPIDEMIC FEARED

Eight New Cases of Diphtheria Reported In Two Days.

Damp Cold Weather Is Held Responsible For It.

Closing of Schools Will Aid In Checking Its Spread.

Cold, damp weather is threatening Duluth with an epidemic of diphtheria.

Within the last forty-eight hours eight new cases have been reported and the physicians attribute the cause to present weather conditions.

The cases that have been reported are scattered throughout the city and the only death that is recorded occurred in Woodland, which is considered one of the healthiest parts of the city.

Strenuous efforts are being made to stamp out the threatened epidemic and to-day Health Commissioner Robigsou has issued special instructions to his force of germ fighters.

Stringent quarantine will be enforced wherever the disease shows itself and in the meantime the health authorities are anxiously anticipating a more favorable change to the weather.

Of the eight new cases only two show that adults have the disease. Children are usually taken down very quickly after having wet feet. While diphtheria does not often threaten Duluth to any great extent the health department is well prepared to cope with it and is asking all physicians to cooperate by reporting all suspicious cases that come to their notice directly or indirectly.

The closing of the public schools today for the summer vacation removes one source of great danger. The school closing is also welcomed by the health authorities, as it will give them better opportunity to fight the scarlet fever epidemic which has been on in a mild form all winter.

The scarlet fever cases were so light that parents frequently let their children attend school without calling a physician or realizing the nature of the sickness. In this way it was spread throughout the city and now during the vacation period the authorities will be able to conduct the fight without handicapping conditions.

The only death from diphtheria reported up to noon today was that of Leo Roy, an 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roy, of Woodland.

LAYS IT TO HARRISON.

J. H. Chandler's View of Chicago Labor Trouble.

Judge J. H. Chandler, general counsel for the Minnesota Iron company, who came up from Chicago this morning to attend the annual meetings of that corporation, as well as of the Duluth & Iron Range railway, says that all the excitement over the riots attending the strike of the packing house teamsters has quieted down after a lot of heads have been broken.

"There would have been no trouble in Chicago at all," said Judge Chandler, "if we had had a mayor who got control of the situation at the start. Chicago has some pretty tough citizens among its hoodlum element, who are very glad to break out and make trouble at the slightest provocation. It is this element that can be controlled if taken at the outset and Mayor Harrison, like all other politician-mayors, failed to take a firm stand in the first place. It seems to be true of all cities where politicians are elected to the mayor's chair that lawlessness always gains the mastery whenever it makes much of an effort."

A NORWEGIAN PAPER.

New One to Be Established By Duluth People.

The Banner Publishing company has been organized, and by June 19 the Duluth Banner, printed in the Norwegian language, will be put forth. It is designed to cover the Northwest, and it will be Republican in politics. The officers of the company are: President, Dr. Hovde; vice president, J. J. Wangenstein; secretary, J. H. Stenerson; treasurer and manager, H. A. Foss; directors, John L. Erickson, Anton Ringsred, Dr. Hovde, Dr. Tufte, Odin Halden, Erick N. Holmerud and J. J. Wangenstein. There are now two Swedish papers here but no Norwegian paper.

H. A. Foss, who has been selected as temporary manager, said to The Herald: "An item in this morning's News Tribune anent the Duluth Banner was misleading, inasmuch as it gave the impression that our new paper would be only a local publication. While it will endeavor to promote the best interests of Norwegians and Danes particularly, and our large and growing city in general, it is in the great Northwest, in the boundless territory tributary to Duluth, where hundreds of thousands of farmers and merchants of our nationality produce a very large share of the grain we handle, and consume millions of dollars' worth of goods of all kinds, which our Zenith City by natural rights is entitled to distribute—it is in this large field we have the majority of our friends and readers to whom we will set forth the greatness of the coming metropolis of the Northwest.

"The Banner will not be a competitor to any of the Swedish papers here. The Norwegians and Danes have one language and the Swedes another. Thus, the Norwegians and Danes very seldom subscribe for a Swedish paper, and vice versa."

NOT FAIR INDICATION.

Register Lofgren's Explanation of Torrens Law Report.

"The fact that only two titles have been registered in my office under the Torrens law," said Register of Titles Lofgren this morning, "hardly represents the popularity or otherwise of the system. It has not been in operation and its validity settled by the courts for a very long time, and the processes through which a title has to go before it can be registered takes some little time. It must be duly advertised and must pass through the district court, and the whole process cannot be carried out in a few days. There are a number of applications pending, and when the system has been working long enough to show its effects the number of filings will be much larger each month."

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION.

Organization Meeting to Be Held Saturday Evening.

Tomorrow evening, at the Kalamazoo block hall, a meeting of the members of the newly-formed New York State Folks' club will be held to perfect organization. The officers have already been selected, and at tomorrow night's meeting a constitution and bylaws will be submitted by a committee, consisting of Arthur Hunter, F. L. Ryan, T. H. Fairfax, J. E. Cooley, M. S. Parker, and John W. Rowley.

The question of the regular summer outing that is to be held by the club will also be taken up and the place and date fixed.

The club starts out with about 100 members, but it is expected that the membership will grow to 200 or 300 very soon. Only natives or former residents of the Empire state are eligible.

BUENAMINO

Tells Secretary Root What to Do In Philippines.

Washington, June 6.—Secretary Root has received an unique and interesting letter from Felipe Buencamino, the Filipino, who has just completed his testimony before the house committees on insular affairs. In his letter the Filipino statesman summarizes the urgent needs in the islands as developed by him before the committee, and then proceeds to outline his personal plans for the future. These include an appropriation to send Filipino students to the United States for the purpose of special studies, which he believes will be of value to his people, and an individual propaganda to correct American misconceptions of the situation. Incidentally the writer recounts some small matters of complaint, principally as to house rentals, which he desires corrected.

CABINET DECIDES

That Public Buildings Bill Shall Be Signed.

Washington, June 6.—At the cabinet meeting today the public buildings bill was discussed and it was decided that it should be signed.

The cabinet also went at length into certain matters connected with Cuban reciprocity measures, but no decision was reached. Inasmuch as it appeared that Judge Taft had presented the instructions of the secretary of war to him to Cardinal Rampolla, Secretary Root will send these instructions to the Philippines committee.

The following statement was issued today at the White House: Upon the occasion of Governor Taft's call upon the pope he presented a set of the president's books, with a brief note accompanying the volumes, in which the president asked the pope's acceptance of them, thanked him for his repeated expressions of good will to America, and wished him many happy and prosperous years of life.

Great Northern Excursion Bulletin.

$45.000 Round trip, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Victoria, Vancouver. $45.00 Round trip to San Francisco. $61.00 Round trip to Los Angeles. May 27th to June 8th. $4.30 Round trip Minneapolis and St. Paul. June 1st to 7th inclusive. $3.30 Round trip, New Ulm, account Fireman's Convention. June 9th, 10th, 11th. $32.15 Round trip, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo. $39.50, Ogden and Salt Lake. One fare plus two dollars round trip to Hot Springs, Deadwood and Lead, S. D. June 1st to 21st. Full information and through tickets at City Ticket office, corner of Spalding Hotel.

DID NOT HAVE IT

F. R. Webber Fighting a Personal Tax Assessment of $50,000.

Was For Consolidated Stock He Was Alleged to Own.

Claims He Sold Most of It Before Assessment Time.

The first of the personal property tax disputes arising over the assessment of alleged owners of stock in the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines came up in district court this morning.

F. R. Webber, who was suspected by the city board of review of owning Consolidated stock that ought to be assessed at $50,000, is the objector. His return of personal property, as raised by the state board of review, was $250, and the board added to this $50,000 as an assessment on stocks, making a total tax of $1590.38, to which Mr. Webber strongly objected, saying that on May 1, 1901, when the assessment was supposed to have been made, his Consolidated stock on hand was worth only $6750. He is willing to pay on that sum.

Judge Ensign and Dibell heard the matter, Associated County Attorney Crosby appearing for the state and T. T. Hudson for Mr. Webber. The defense put Cashier Bishop of the First National bank on the stand to testify to the amount of stock held by Mr. Webber on May 1. He showed by correspondence with the bank's New York correspondent that all of Mr. Webber's Consolidated stock was disposed of during April, 1901, before the assessment day came round. Most of it was sold for cash, but enough of it to make fifty shares of common stock and fifty shares of preferred stock was converted into steel trust stock. This is the stock that Mr. Webber admits, and on which he is willing to pay taxes.

Mr. Bishop did not know exactly what Mr. Webber's holdings had been, but the letter he had showed that 167.14 shares of Consolidated stock were sold April 4 and sixty-three shares were sold April 26. This left enough to make fifty shares each of common and preferred steed trust stock, which Mr. Webber claims is all he had May 1, 1901.

Cross-examined by Mr. Crosby, Mr. Bishop said he supposed the returns for the sales of Consolidated stock were made to the bank in the ordinary course of events, but he had no figures at hand to verify this supposition.

On the stand Mr. Webber told the same story, and he admitted owning about one-third of the stock of the Syndicate Land company, which had gone into bankruptcy, and of which he was the receiver. The company had sold some land and cleared up its indebtedness, and still owned land that had some value.

The matter was taken under advisement by the court.

The last of the jury cases was finished yesterday when verdicts were returned by the jury in the three cases brought by the Hudson Produce company to recover storage charges on eggs. The jury gave a verdict for $167.20 against the Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit company and E. M. Ferguson, and for $83.60 against the Russell Creamery company.

Court cases were taken up this morning, and two cases, both involving land titles, were heard. Judge Ensign gave William B. Phelps a judgment against Willis C. Ives confirming his title to the 15½ of the sw¼ of section 6-51-12, and Judge Dibell gave Nels Peterson a judgment against B. J. Sandberg and others, clearing his title to the n½ of lot 368, block 11, Duluth proper, Second division.

FIELD AND FAVORITE.

Old Timer Tells Of The Palmy Days.

"This is the second time I have been at a race track in fifteen years," said a middle-aged gentleman to his companion on a car returning from the fair grounds, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "The other occasion upon which I saw the horses run was in the later eighties at that grand track, Washington Park, in Chicago. Those were the palmy days of horse racing in the 'Windy City,' and as I recall the experience of my visit to the great course, I do it with a deal of satisfaction for several reasons. I was some younger then than I am now, and strange as it may seem, I never took any interest in the small dissipations usual with young men. I was brought up in a slow old town, and only had my eyes opened to the little eccentricities of modern life after I reached a rather mature age. I had occasion to visit Chicago, and, like all other travelers, aimed to make my stay there just as short as possible. I finished my business one Friday afternoon, and, as luck would have it, I received orders from my house to remain over Saturday and await instructions from headquarters. I was considerably chastened in spirit, as I had half arranged to go to St. Louis Friday night and have some enjoyment. Well, to make a long story short, I was disgusted and sought solace in the companionship of a group of rather wild young fellows, and, to make an open confession to you, we had several bottles of soda water—or something. About 10 o'clock at night we wound up in a poolroom conducted by a certain Silver Bill Riley, and witnessed the selling of a number of auction pools on the racing events that were carded for the next afternoon at Washington Park. I was quite enthusiastic, both in a literal and a figurative sense, and before I realized what I was doing I had bought a number of little cards that cost $50 each, and promised large returns in case a little Tennessee filly happened to finish first in the fourth race. The oftener I bought the little slips of cardboard the greener grew my ambition to win all the money that was lying around loose in the city of Chicago. So I kept purchasing until nobody wanted to take the 'field end' of the bet. Then we left the room and went to our different abiding places.

"I was the most astonished and disgusted man in Chicago when I awoke the next morning and found all those tickets in my pockets. The idea of winning the bets did not occur to me at all, and for some time I lay there on the lounge in my room and pondered on whether it would be best to turn in an alarm of fire or summon the detective department and set them on the track of the men who were accountable for my having the tickets instead of some $1000 of my hard-earned money. I finally compromised the matter by pocketing the tickets and making a bee-line for 'Silver Bill's' place. I found him easily, and was received with his usual courteous smile. He recognized me as the man who had done the high and desperate plunging on the preceding evening. I explained to him that I had made a mistake in betting the money, and that I could not afford to lose the rather large amount. He told me that he thought the animal upon which I had laid the wagers would win the race, and said that if he were in my place he would stand with the bets as they were. However, he said, that if I wished him to do so and had another $1000 to invest, he would buy field tickets for that amount and thus hedge out against my bets on the favorite. He explained that by doing this I would only be out a small commission on the best, and I accepted his advice and handed over all the money I had. I felt better when the matter had been adjusted, and went back to the hotel and figured up my financial status. If the filly won I would be out exactly $25, and if she did not win I would lose somewhere in the neighborhood of $75. So, everything considered, I was immensely relieved. You see, my tickets on the field and on the favorite each called for approximately $2000, and either way the race resulted I could not lose much. Well, along in the afternoon I hied myself to the track to witness the races. I was not attracted by the opportunity afforded to bet on the horses; in fact, I was heartily sick of the very name of race horse. But I was curious to see the race that had caused me so much disturbance. The day was one of the few perfect days that occur in Chicago, and the grand stands were filled with spectators, and I watched the running of the first three carded events with only passing interest. I noticed that on a blackboard at the back of the judges' stand there was an announcement that a certain horse had been added to the fourth race before the final entries had been closed early in the morning. I did not pay any particular attention to the announcement, as I was only too anxious to have the agony over with and to receive my money from Col. Riley. I went down into the betting inclosure and watched the busy penciliers take the wagers of the public and hand them back the significant little cards. I noticed that the filly upon which I had bet the night before was held at even money, and as I turned to leave the place I saw that the horse that had been added in the early morning was quoted at 60 to 1.

"The race was a short one, five furlongs, I think, and the animals were soon lined up at the post. They made a pretty picture as they changed positions while the boys were making an effort to outwit one another and the starter. The occupents of the stands were intensely interested and when the murmur 'They're off!' sounded as from one throat I found myself as excited as any of them. I peered out across the restful green of the infield and saw the confused jumble of bright-colored silk and struggling animals sweep down the back stretch like a variegated cloud. As they passed the three-quarter pole I saw the scarlet colors of my filly flash out from the bunch of flying horses, while the crowd breathed the name of the neat little animal. Into the stretch they came, with all sails set, and when the horses were well straightened out for the run home some one behind me yelled: 'Look at him come! Look at him come!' I wanted to argue with that man right then, but as I looked again I saw that he was coming, sure enough. Out in the center of the track, and hand-ridden by his jockey came the added entry. A sixteenth of a mile from the wire he was second to the flying filly and was catching her with every jump. Fifteen yards out he was at her girth, and the little rider of the filly was doing all he knew in the riding line, hands, heels and whip, and yet in spite of it all the intruder crept up to her head, and just at the wire his rider brought down the catgut with a series of resounding thumps, and the animal forged ahead and flashed under the wire a winner by a short nose. I was disappointed that the little filly had not won, because I knew that I had won my field bets, and really I felt like patting myself on the back for thinking of the plan of going back that morning and seeing Riley. I had enough of racing for that afternoon and started to leave the grounds, when one of my companions of the night before came up to me, laughing so hard that he could hardly speak. I am a little delicate on the subject of personal mirth at my own expense, and I felt somewhat provoked with my friend. Finally I slapped him on the back and asked him not to make a fool of himself in public. He gasped and at last succeeded in saying: 'No, there is not room for two fools of the size of yourself around this race track. Oh, George, a fool for luck, a fool for luck.' I was about to take violent measures with him, when he said: 'Don't you know what you have done? You have won every bet you made.' Then he explained that I had won the field bets because the added entry that won the race had been entered before I made the wagers against the favorite; and that I had won the favorite bets, because the filly had beaten the horses included in the field against her on the night before. That was too much for me, but it was true. Since then I have eschewed horse racing."

FISH FEEL NO PAIN.

The recent prosecution of a dealer for keeping fish in a tank so small that they were deprived of the necessary supply of oxygen has raised the question as to the susceptibility of these cold-blooded creatures to pain, says Chamber's Journal. A correspondent of the Daily Telegraph relates an experience which is worth recording. He was fishing for pike, and had left out at night a large float, with a dead bait on a double hook. The next morning he found the line broken and the bait gone; but shortly afterward he caught a pike, which turned out to have the missing hook embedded in its eye, and about six yards of line trailing from it. He pertinently asks if there is any warm-blooded animal which would be on the alert for food with a sharp hook freshly embedded in the most sensitive part of the body?

Teachers' Rates to Eastern Points.

Fare and one-third for the round trip, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company. Tickets on sale June 6th, 7th, and 8th. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace with the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company steamers leaving Duluth 6:45 p. m., Friday, June 6th.

Reserve sleeping car and stateroom accommodation early.

M. ADSON, Gen'l Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Saturday's Market Basket

RATHBUN'S

20 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials

In high-grade Table Foods at Popular Prices.

Best quality Creamery Butter, per lb..
23 cents
Best quality Table Dairy Butter, per lb—
21c
Strictly new laid Eggs, direct from farmers, No. 1 quality, per doz—
16c
New Potatoes, very best quality, per peck—
30 cents
Old Potatoes, for seed, per bushel—
40 cents
Old Potatoes, extra fine white stock, per bushel—
60 cents
Duluth Matches are now perfect in quality and economical in price, large boxes, per doz—
30c
Patronize home industry by purchasing the Duluth North Star Matches.

Elegant lay-out of New Vegetables, tempting to the eye and pleasant to the palate. Vegetables are away down in price. A little money will buy a large assortment. Lettuce, Head and Leaf; Radish, round and long; Spinach, Cauliflower, Egg Plant, Asparagus, Beans, Peas, Cucumbers, Squash, Oyster Plant, Mint, Parsley, Cress, Tomatoes, Green Onions, Beets.

Minnesota Pie Plant, 6 lbs for.....5c
Illinois Sour Cherries, 2 boxes 25c
Pineapples, 2 for 25c
Sweet Oranges, per doz.....25c
Extra fancy Valencia Oranges, doz.40c
Grape Fruit, 6 for.....25c

Success, Java and Mocho Coffee excels all other brands, per 3-lb can—
85 cents.

STRAWBERRIES! STRAWBERRIES!
Best quality .....2 for 25c

SUNDRIES.

10 bars Kirk's Soap 25c
Edam Cheese, each 95c
Codfish, 2-lb bricks 15c
Richelieu heavy cured Hams, per lb
Richelieu heavy cured Hams, lb..14c
Pansies, while they last, doz.....10c
May seeds, per packet 1c
49-lb sacks Flour 90c
Sweet Pickles, per quart 15c
Wenchatel Cheese, each.....5c

RATHBUN'S,

29 East Superior St.

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,
17 East Superior Street.
BOTH PHONES 199

STRAWBERRIES—Fine, red, ripe Berries for everybody, and the price is always right.

Pieplant, per lb 1
Lettuce, per bunch 1c
Green Onions, per bunch 1c
Radishes, per bunch 1c
NEW POTATOES, per peck 25c
Old Potatoes, choice stock, per bu .50c
Wax Beans, 3 qts 10c
Green Peas, 3 qts 10c
Oranges, per dozen 15c
Spinach, per peck 10c
Pine Apples, 2 for 25c
Pine Apples, small size, each 10c
Cucumbers, each 5c
Corn, 4 cans for 25c
Peas, 4 cans for 25c
Green Beans, 4 cans for 25c
Flour, guaranteed, per sack $1.80
Sago, per lb 3c
Rice, per lb 5c
New Potatoes, per bush $1.00
Wax Beans, per peck 25c

Gronseth & Olsen

Cash Grocers,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.
Telephone 292. Established 1887.

SPECIAL SALE

Viking Fancy Patent, 98-lb sack .$1.80
Viking Pride, 98-lb sack $1.75
Bakers' Triumph, 98-lb sack $1.60
Fancy Dairy Butter in jars, per lb .19c
Viking Creamery, 1-lb print 23c
Gallon Apples 29c
Gallon Blueberries 50c
Gallon Rhubarb 23c
Gallon Pears 35c
Gallon Plums 35c
Gallon Table Peaches 45c
Gallon Tomatoes, extra standard .30c
5-lb pail Lard, Silver Leaf 62c
10-lb pail Lard, " $1.20
3-lb pail Lard, " 38c
Long Brauch Crackers, pkg 12½c
Zephyrette, pkg 12½c
Fancy Jap Rice, per lb 5c
10 bars Snap Soap 25c
Best Hams, medium, per lb 12¾c
Best Bacon, per lb 12¾c
Cal. Hams, per lb 9½c
Armour's Extract of Beef, 50c size .37c
4 cans Vegetables—Corn, Peas, Beans and Tomatoes, all for 25c
English Breakfast Tea, per lb 35c
Japan Tea, per lb 35c
Corned Beef, 2-lb cans (limit, 5 cans) 20c
Prime Roast Beef, 2-lb cans (limit, 5 cans) 20c
Sliced Beef, per can 12½c
Large cans Fish Balls 25c

We are not in the Beef Trust and our prices show that.

Gronseth & Olsen.

NEW CASH GROCERY AND MARKET,

203-5 East Superior St. Phones { Duluth 669 / Zenith 414 } Masonic Temple

SPECIAL SALE.

No matter how small your purchases, you can always save a little here.

Butter

Just received, direct from creamery, a large quantity of **FANCY CREAMERY** Butter, which will be sold tomorrow at **WHOLESALE PRICE**—in tubs of about 60 pounds each—at

21c per lb.

We guarantee this butter to be 90 per cent perfect.

Fancy Creamery Butter, in pound prints—full weight 24c
Fancy Creamery, in bulk—per lb 23c
Fresh Grass Dairy Butter, by crock—per lb.....19c
Cooking Butter—per lb, from.....15c to 17c
EGGS—Fresh from country, per doz.....15c
Japan Tea—English Breakfast—Formosa Oolong—5oc value for.....39c
Fancy Mocha and Java—40c value for.....34c
Banquet Mocha and Java—35c value for.....29c
Select Santos—per lb, 10c; 8 lbs for $1.00
Gona Coffee—per package 17c

FLOUR.

Pillsbury's Best and all other popular brands—per ½-bbl. sack.....$1.95
Per ¼-bbl. sack.....98c
Sugar—per sack of 100 lbs $5.20
Sugar Cured Ham—per lb 13c
Breakfast Bacon—per lb 14c
California Hams—per lb 10c
Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard—3-lb pail 40c
Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard—5-lb pail 65c
Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard—10-lb pail $1.25
NEW POTATOES—per peck 30c
Old Potatoes, early Rose—per bushel 55c
Old Potatoes, Late Rose—per bushel 65c
Fancy White Burbanks—per bushel 70c
Ramona—Athena and Fairy Waters—per package 21c
Armour's Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce—per can 12c
Armour's Extract of Beef—50c size for 38c

CEREALS.

Postum Cereal, large size, per package 20c
Grain-O, large size, per package 20c
Cofetino, large size, per package 20c
10 lbs Yellow Corn Meal for 18c
10 lbs Akron Rolled Avena for 30c
10 lbs Rolled Oats for 28c
Pettijohn's Breakfast Food— 11c
Pillsbury's Vitos— 12c
Malta Vita—two packages for 25c
Dunham's Cocoanut—10c size for 7c
Dunham's Cocoanut—½-lb packages.....14c
Hand-picked Navy Beans—per quart 7c
5-lb. package Saxon Rolled Oats 20c
Batavia extra-sifted Peas—2 cans for 25c
Kieler's Marmalade—per jar 20c
Maple Sugar, guaranteed pure—2-lb cake 30c
Elastic Starch—per package 8½c
Search Light Matches—per package 3½c
Search Light Matches—per dozen 38c
Sapolio—per cake—.....7c
Jap Rose Toilet Soap—per bar 8c
Fairbank's Golddust—per package 20c
Ivory Soap—large bar—.....7c

LAUNDRY SOAP.

10 bars Perfect Soap for 35c
10 bars Lenox Soap for 35c
10 bars Kirk's Laundry Soap for 25c
10 bars Kirk's Cabinet Soap for 33c

National Biscuit Company's Biscuits.

Long Branch, per lb. by the can 13c
Zephyretts, per lb, by the can 13c
Graham Crackers—by the box.....8c
Soda Crackers—by the box.....6¾c
Diamond Soda Crackers—by the box.....5¾c
Gest Ginger Snaps—by the box.....6¾c
Ginger Snaps—by the box.....5¾c
Uneeda Biscuits—per package 4c
Heinz Baked Beans, in Tomato Sauce—per can.....12c
Fancy Bloater Mackerel per lb 20c
No. 1 Shore Mackerel—per lb 15c

Be sure and visit our Meat Department.

EPPLING & OSMAN.

PRIMUS BRAND BUTTER

is churned every day. You can be thoroughly convinced of its absolute purity by visiting the plant, where it is made, and witnessing the process.

Once Used, Always Used.

More PRIMUS sold in Duluth than all other brands combined.

Ask your grocer for it. Manufactured by

Bridgeman & Russell

16 West First Street.
Both Phones 352.

Health vs. Presents and Chromos.

You can buy nothing at the Malcomson Tea Store that is impure or unwholesome. We don't handle scheme TEAS and COFFEES, but pure clean goods—the finest the world produces.

Great Bargain Prices For Tomorrow.

Regular 35c Java and Mocha Coffee—per lb 30c
3½ lbs for.....$1.00
Regular 25c Java and Mocha Coffee—per lb.....25c
Regular 20c Golden Santos Coffee—per lb.....18c
6 lbs for $1.00

TEAS.

Sun-dried Japan—regular 50c quality 45c
Ceylon Tea—regular 50c quality 45c
Gunpowder—regular 70c quality 45c
Best Cream of Tartar Baking Powder 35c
20 lbs best Granulated Sugar for $1.00

MALCOLMSON TEA STORE

G. F. Amborn, Mgr.
Promoters high grade pure goods.
8 First Ave. West Old phone 1066.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.
25 West Superior St.
Home Baking and Candy Making

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box.....25c
Assorted Nongates per pound.....25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound.....25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb.....25c
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb 25c
We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz.....25c
Lady Locks—per doz.....20c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, dozen.....15c
WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1750 Takes 50 feet upper side of East First street. All improvements, including concrete walk. Cheapest lot on East First street.

$1800 Takes 50 feet on East Superior street.

A. C. VOLK & CO.
202-203 Palladio Bldg.

I have customer for a house and lot, 6 to 8 rooms will go as far as Fifth St. What have you to offer.

J. ABRAHAMSON,
302-3 Palladio Bldg.
Good insurance in reliable companies.

LOTS AND ACRES
at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
J. C. & R. H. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

Better Buy and Pay Interest Than to Pay Rent.

Six-room house—small barn	$1050
Seven-room house—1½ lots	$1450
Ten rooms, well, small barn	$1550
Eight-room house, city water—near blast furnace	$1000
Double house, six rooms each side, city water	$1650
Seven-room house, city water	$950
Seven-room house, well—	$950

You do not have to pay down only from $100 to $200 for a first payment and the balance on easy monthly payments. Come in and see our full list.

Chan. Smith, Sec'y,
100 Torrey Bldg.

Cottage
For Rent
on Minnesota Point, for the Season.
Apply to
WM. C. SARGENT and CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

Bargains.
$375 for a bay front lot and cottage, furnished. This price is only good for a week.
$1250 for house and lot near Cascade Square. Good house; rents for $16 per month.
$1000 for a seven-room house East Seventh St. This is a snap.
SOME FINE TIMBER LANDS FOR SALE CHEAP.
W. F. LEGGETT,
506 Burrows Bldg.
Zenith 'Phone 140.

You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through Herald Wants

Reliable Men and Women
For Domestic Service, Cooks, Housemaids, Etc., easily found through...
HERALD WANTS.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Fifteen acres of beautifully shaped property on the lake shore, near the pumping station. A great investment.

Lots on East Fifth street, water and sewer on the street, for $500.

Three houses in the West End, well located, for sale cheap.

Lots on Twenty-third avenue west for $250 and upwards.

Lots on West Third street, near Twenty-ninth avenue west, for $400.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

GREAT BARGAIN!
Nine-room house for sale, centrally located. Terms to suit purchaser. Property must be sold.
205 Lyceum.

FARM LANDS
Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—
Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Stree

We Have For Sale
Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
"ISLE ROYALE ROUTE"
Fast Passenger and Freight Service.
Leave Duluth Sundays and Thursdays 7:30 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton. Direct 11 hour service. **7:30 p. m.**
Leave Tuesdays and Fridays 9 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock, Houghton and intermediate points. **9:00 a. m.**
Leave Duluth Mondays and Thursdays 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur. **9:00 a. m.**
Leave Tuesdays 5 p. m. for Port Arthur and Isle Royale—12 hour service. **5:00 p. m.**
Leave Sundays 7:30 p. m. for Isle Royale and Port Arthur via Houghton. **7:30 p. m.**
Sunday excursions to Two Harbors.
Boats arrive and depart from Singer's dock, Lakeside. South
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mngr.,
Lyceum Building. Lake Avenue and Canal

U. S. & D. T. CO. (BOOTH'S LINE.
Duluth-Port Arthur Route.
S. S. AMERICA leaves Duluth every Sunday and Wednesday 10 a. m. and Friday 2 p. m., calling at Two Harbors, Beaver Bay, Grand Marais, Chicago Bay and Isle Royale. **10 a. m. 2 p. m.**
Duluth-Ashland-Hancock-Houghton Route
S. S. ARGO leaves Duluth every Monday and Thursday 10 a. m., calling at Orienta, Port Wing, Herbster, Bayfield, Washburn and the Apostle Islands. **10 a. m.**

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:38	7:35	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:30	7:55	Ar.....Ely Lv	7:35	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
* 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		†12:40 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arriv Dulutl
**8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:45 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	b 6:30 a m
a 11:55 p m		b 5:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot
*9:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:10 a. m
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. 12:15 p m
Marquette & Cooper Country.
Daily. † Except Sunday

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$500 For lot 50x140 feet on Eighth street, west of Fourth avenue E.
$500 For lot 50x140 feet on Fourth street, near Seventh Ave. incline.
$550 For lot 50x140 feet on Jefferson street.
$1000 For five-room cottage on corner lot, 50x140 feet, near Franklin school.
$1200 For seven-room house on lot 50x140 feet; $200 cash, balance monthly payments.
$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.
$2000 Buys seven-room house on East Fifth street; city water, sewer. Lot 25x140 feet.
$900 For 20 acres of land, all cleared, ready for crop this year. Only four miles from Lake avenue and Superior street.
40 ACRES to lease for season, 25 acres cleared, 10 acres meadow hay. Only three miles from heart of city.

Stop Paying Rent!
Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest
5-room house..	525	130	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	600	150	—balance 6 per ct.
5-room house..	650	160	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	675	170	—balance 6 per ct.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNTS.
On Watches, Diamonds—all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Reduced rates from $10, $20, $50, $100 up to $1000, and we guarantee to hold your goods for one year.
KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO
16 West Superior street and also
15 West Michigan street.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!
No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.
Western Loan Co.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan Office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 W. Mich. St.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST-CLASS WORK, CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION cured. Box free. C. H. Rowan, North Milwaukee, Wis.

I WOULD LIKE TO KNOW THE ADdress of any man who knows or heard something about Frank Lapolnte, who died few years ago. Address P. P. L., Duluth Evening Herald.

PASTURAGE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PASTURAGE FOR horses and cattle at Spirit lake. Inquire Zenith 'phone 3050.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, June 6th, 1902.
In the matter of the estate of Levi Keith, deceased:
Letters testamentary on the estate of Levi Keith deceased, late of the county of Madison, state of New York, being granted to Wellington R. Richards.
It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.
It is further ordered that the 8th day of September, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.
And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 6th day of June, A. D. 1902.
By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-6-13-20-1902.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—GOOD TEAM OF HORSES, harness and wagon. Easy terms. Snap if taken at once. Address C 38, Herald.

FOR SALE—NO. 8 STEWART COOK stove, wood or coal; good as new. 316 Lake avenue north.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED COTTAGE. Park Point. Inquire Camp Marquette.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE, SEVenty boarders, doing good business. 210 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE; GOOD location. Address E 33, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE COW AND calf. Address Youngberg, end of street car line, Woodland.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ORGAN. INquire at 1526 East Third street.

FOR SALE—$50 BUYS OLD HICKORY lumber wagon, 3½ by 3 inch tire, for two weeks only. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND OFFICE furniture, including desks, tables, filing cabinets, chairs, safe and office fixtures. Room 206, Manhattan Building.

FOR SALE—ESTABLISHED, THRIVing news stand. Cheap. Address 201 and 202 Lyceum.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, UPRIGHT PIANO, nearly new; must sell at once, as am leaving city. Inquire 624 East Fourth street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A CHEAP MERRY-GOround. Inquire at 541 East Superior street. Charles Summers.

Two carloads of first-class Drivers, Delivery and General Purpose Horses just received. Be sure and inspect our stock first. We defy all competition.
Barrett & Zimmerman,
Mammoth Stables, opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth ave. W.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT, CIGAR and confectionery business; first-class location; sickness reason for selling. Cheap if taken at once. Address C 35, Herald.

FOR SALE — CAR FRESH MILCH cows has arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

LIGHT CEDAR ROW BOATS FOR sale. H. S. Patterson, near depot.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows; will sell or exchange. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—ONE FOLDING BED. 218 West Third street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING, silver gray Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 for 13. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, very cheap. G 96, Herald.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

SITUATION WANTED AS CLERK BY experienced man in grocery. Understands Scandinavian and German languages. Address 42 John avenue, West Superior.

WANTED—LAWNS TO CUT FOR SEAson; basements to whitewash, from Second to Twenty-fifth avenue east. Address E 31, Herald.

GIRL ACCUSTOMED TO ORDINARY housework, desires position in good family. Address M 150, Herald, stating conditions.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO keep a small set of books evenings. Am a good penman and can furnish references. Address C 45, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY SCANDInavian, of any kind; as delivery clerk or in some grocery store. Has had some experience. Address J. S. Granside, 4106 Halifax street, West Duluth, Minn.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, SCRUBbing or house cleaning by the day. Would like to clean stores. Address 121 West First street, upstairs.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. BAIN SMITH HAS OPENED dressmaking parlors. 5, over Suffel's.

MONUMENTS.

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND MARble work. Only shop in Duluth. Duluth Monumental works, 306 E. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TRIMMED hats at 106 West Superior street.

NEW SHIRT-WAIST HATS AT SWENson's, over Suffel's. Open evenings.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phone 1471.

INSTRUCTION.

WANTED—PRIVATE PUPILS BY EXperienced teacher of short hand. Terms moderate. Address X 55, Herald.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2034 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND iron. Three in family. Apply to Mrs. D. D. Gaillard, 1418 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, small family; no children. Call Mrs. G. S. R. Richards, "Camp Orlando" cottage, Twentieth street, Park Point.

WANTED—ONE GIRL TO WASH DISHes at Branch Bethel; good wages. Apply Charles H. Hall.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Address 218 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT LAUNDRESS. Apply Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, WOMAN for house cleaning. 102 East Second street.

WANTED, AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. M. C. Clark, No. 6 Adams flat.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be able to cook; good wages. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED — WOMAN COOK, TO WORK three hours in the morning and three hours in the afternoon. J. J. Wall, 310 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. John Crosby, 2008 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL. 707 WEST SUPERIOR street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No children. Good wages. Mrs. C. E. Lum, 1105 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE COMPETENT dressmaker for one day only, any time next week; will pay good wages. Address S 11, Herald.

WANTED — LADIES WISHING TO make $8 or $10 a week at home. Something new in decorative work. No experience necessary; instructors wanted; also some to travel. Call and see work. Mr. and Mrs. Umsted, 119 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD DININGROOM GIRL. 218 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2016 East Second street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. Hotel Arlington.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid. Apply to Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — AT ONCE, NURSE GIRL. 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND HOUSEmaid. Good wages. 432 West Second street.

WANTED — THIRTY GIRLS AT SOMers' employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking; two in family; call mornings. Mrs. L. A. Neuman, 5304 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE. COMPETENT cook. Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESwoman in the hardware and crockery departments; apply in morning. I. Freimuth.

WANTED—SUB-CONTRACTORS FOR fifty miles new railroad work in North Dakota, near Bismarck. Call on Olmid & King, No. 507 West Michigan street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A STRONG MAN for porter work. Only those who are cause he had spoken he thought she But the most damaging fact against him

MAN WANTED TO WORK AROUND cottage on Park Point during summer; one who can handle sail boat. A. Pearson Boat Construction company's office, between 10 and 11 a. m.

WANTED — COMPETENT PAINTER; steady position. Apply 106 Providence building.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. HOTEL McKay.

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FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AT 624 West Third street; $3 a month.

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FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, PARTLY furnished; light housekeeping allowed; three blocks from business center; modern. G 95, Herald.

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ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company. No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 533.

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AND REPAIRED. 129 FIRST AVE. W.

LOST.

LOST—AT THE JUNIOR-SENIOR REception, Spalding hotel, Thursday evening, a pearl necklace, two strands, small beads. Finder leave at Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—PURE WHITE FOX TERRIER, long ears and short tail. Call or address 2629 West Fourth street, and receive reward.

LOST — A GREEN LAP ROBE, ON First or Second streets, between Lake avenue and Sixteenth avenue east. Return to William Prindle, Lonsdale building.

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SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 2, 1902. Work, second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. K. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 9, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Sunson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 11, 1902. Work, P. M. and M. E. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, at 8 p. m. Next conclave June 10th, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred De Marchaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in "Third". Tuesday evening, June 3. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.—Duluth Aerie No. 29, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. U. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE NO. 17 MEETS every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. A. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. William Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. —, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

TEAM DRIVERS' UNION, NO. 41, meets every Wednesday at 8 p. m. in marine engineers' hall, Hunter block. All team drivers are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

20 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 12

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

HOSTILITY TO MORGAN

South Wilkesbarre Miners Hang Him In Effigy.

Operators and Employes as Far Apart as Ever.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 7.—The hanging in effigy of J. Pierpont Morgan in one of the streets of South Wilkesbarre by a crowd of men and boys was the only incident to mar the stillness of the Wyoming valley this morning. After the effigy had been hung the crowd cheered and pelted the object with stones until the police came along and dispersed the several hundred persons that made up the throng.

All the mining towns surrounding the city are very quiet. The news from Washington that President Roosevelt could not find his way clear to take a hand in bringing about peace between the miners and operators was received here with genuine disappointment. It had been strongly hoped that the president would be able to find some means of opening up a way to peace.

Today marks the end of the fourth week of the total suspension of coal mining and the miners and their employers are farther apart than ever.

The Susquehanna Coal company put non-union firemen to work in its No. 5 colliery at Nanticoke today for the purpose of restoring the water supply to a portion of the borough. The company furnishes the power for the pumping of water in the reservoir and the action of the union in calling out all the men at the colliery caused the company to shut down the whole plant.

The borough council was to have brought injunction proceedings today, but they are stayed for the present.

The four coal and iron policemen who are charged with the shooting of Charles W. McCann, the 13-year-old boy, at the Stanton colliery Thursday night, were given a preliminary hearing today, and were committed to jail for a further hearing at such time as the result of the boy's injuries shall be definitely known. The only witness examined was a physician who attended the lad. The boy's condition grew worse last night, and it is feared he cannot recover. The bullet has not yet been located.

Shamokin, Pa., June 7.—A mob of strikers late last night surrounded the homes of Sub-bosses Homer, Murphy, Shreiber and two Polish men, and built fires on which effigies representing the bosses were burned. The demonstration against the homes of Murphy and the Polishmen grew so vigorous that the non-union men promised not to go to work today. The firemen at Luke Fidler and Cameron collieries were stoned today.

Hazelton, Pa., June 7.—The Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill railroad crews having declined to take charge of trains carrying deputies from one colliery to another. Lehigh Valley crews have been substituted. Some of the latter also object to this work.

The stationing of a large force of deputies at two of the Lehigh Valley collieries is regarded by the miners as the forerunner of an early attempt at resumption of mining with non-union forces.

CRASHED INTO ENGINE

St. Louis Trolley Car Gets Beyond Control and Derails a Locomotive, Injuring Many Passengers, Two Fatally.

St. Louis, June 7.—Twenty-five persons were today injured, two of them fatally, in a collision between a car of the Clayton branch of the suburban electric line and a Missouri Pacific engine at the surface crossing at Brentwood, St. Louis county.

The two men fatally injured are William Lasen, motorman of the electric car and George Gibbons, a negro laborer who shared the front platform with Lasen, when the collision occurred.

The fireman and engineer of the railroad train were both injured and removed to the Missouri Pacific hospital for treatment. Almost every one of the passengers were cut by flying glass. The injuries of a majority were slight, however, and they hastily set about to rescue the less fortunate.

Inability to control the electric car, which ran into and derailed the engine seems to have been the cause of the accident.

A list of injured follows: William Lasen, motorman, De Hodiamont, skull fractured and jaw crushed, probably fatal; George Gibbons, negro laborer, Webster Grove, internal injuries, probably fatal; Miss Amelia Gross, artist, Kirkwood, cut on body; Mrs. J. W. Smithers, Webster Grove, knee injured, slight; William Bolt, conductor, head and face cut; G. W. Crabb, St. Louis, cut on head; L. K. Grundy, Webster Grove, head cut; Charles Baisel, Kirkwood, leg sprained; Frank R. H. Lohse, manufacturer, Glendale, bruised; William Wellhouse, Webster Grove, both legs injured; C. L. Brooks, Webster Grove, head cut; G. E. Brashear, Kirkwood, hands cut and hip injured; P. H. Grin, Webster Grove, leg wrenched; Henry Wolfsberger, Kirkwood, leg hurt; William Barter, Negro laborer, Webster Grove, face cut; John Anderson, negro laborer; Tuxedo, shoulder hurt; Quincy Poll, negro laborer, Webster Grove, cut by glass; James Johns, negro laborer, Kirkwood, cut by glass; George Owens, negro laborer, Webster Grove, bruised; H. W. Bredal, butcher, Clayton, cut by glass; W. D. Ewing, engineer, Emerson, Mo., scalp wound; Joseph McClure, fireman, St. Louis, left arm broken; George M. Marvin, brakeman, Kirkwood, left ankle sprained.

SCIENTISTS RETURN

Men Who Have Been Investigating Volcanoes Return on the Dixie, Laden With Specimens and Many Theories.

New York, June 7.—Capt. Barry of the cruiser Dixie, just returned from bearing supplies to the volcano victims in the West Indies, said regarding conditions in the island:

"Conditions are not as bad on Martinique as on St. Vincent, because on Martinique the people are fairly well supplied with everything, and there is no danger in future eruptions. Only a small area of twenty square miles has been devestated, but on St. Vincent the destruction extends over a third of the island. Plantations, orchards and everything have been ruined and the means of subsistence has been taken away from the people and thousands have been left in need of some kind of support."

Of the scientific results of the Dixie's expedition, Professor Russell of the university of Michigan said: "The overheated rock, bursting against the water near the base of the mountain, caused superheated steam and burst the mountain open."

Professor Hill, who investigated the outbreak for the government, said:

"Months will be required for the final scientific decisions. We have had an eminently satisfactory trip. The rocks and volcanic matter which we have collected must be cut into sections and analyzed before we can give extended opinions for publication."

Professor Hill advocates the establishment of scientific observatories in the Caribbean district for the detection of the imminence of volcanic eruptions, so that human life may be saved—a scientific institution easily and economically founded and maintained.

"I think Pelee will smoke and remain active for months," said Professor Russell. "It probably will be a case of Vesuvius again. I hardly think Pelee will smoulder and blow up in one gigantic explosion. I believe it will quiet down and gradually die away. A new lake will form in the crater, tropical verdure will grow where there is now nothing but black gray ash.

"The people will build new villages and towns at its foot and again hold their holiday picnics on its sides; and Pelee will remain quiet for probably fifty or sixty years. There should be at least a seismograph near every volcano—an instrument which records the tremors of the earth.

"It was operated by the Chinese centuries ago. The instrument would give the populace ample warning. The instrument at Vesuvius for thirty years has done valuable work.

"There is absolutely no occasion for such tremendous loss of life as occurred at St. Pierre.

"I do not think Fort de France is in much danger from the volcano, but I do think she is in danger from a tidal wave; in volcanic districts these tidal waves are of frequent occurrence. They are caused by a sudden upheaval of the sea bottom.

"In case of such an upheaval Fort de France would surely be wiped out.

"As a safety position from tidal waves Morne Rouge is finely situated, as it is built on a high ridge. It is about the only town in the volcano belt so situated."

Galveston, Texas, June 7.—Mount Pelee, on the island of Martinique, has sent evidence of its power to Galveston, several pieces of pumice stone having been found on the beach here. Deputy County Clerk Clem Kuhnel, a local astrologer and geologist, states that about May 16 he noticed the odor of whale oil. At the time he believed that possibly the explosion of the volcano on Martinique had killed many fish and probably several whales, and they had floated westward, giving off the odor noticed by him. Since then his theory has been further confirmed by the discovery of whales and fish floating on the waters between here and the volcanic islands.

STEAMER WILSON SUNK

Whaleback Steamer Run Into By the Hadley Off Duluth Harbor.

Sank In a Few Seconds and Nine Men Lost Their Lives.

THE DEAD:

AARON TRIPP, Cook.

——— FRINK, Second Cook, shipped at Toledo on last trip.

JAMES McDOUGALL, Oiler, West Superior.

JAMES M. FRASER, Oiler, Manitoulin Island.

JOSEPH McGRAW, Wheelsman, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Lookout, Greenleaf, Mich.

JOHN CAREY, Deck Hand, St. Catherines, Ont.

THOMAS JONES, Deck Hand.

WILLIAM ROEBUCK, Fireman, Port Lambton, Ont.

During one of the intervals of pleasant weather this morning, when the sun was shining and all nature looked fair and mild, one of the harshest and most terrible accidents that ever occurred on Lake Superior took place in the open lake just off the harbor and city.

The steamer George G. Hadley, Capt. M. A. Cameron, master, ran into and sank the whaleback steamer Thomas Wilson, Capt. M. Fitzgerald, and nine members of the Wilson's crew gave up their lives.

The Hadley's false stem was stove in, and after remaining on the spot of the accident for a few moments she was forced to make for the harbor. She arrived on the bank just off the canal piers, to the southward, just in time, and sank there in twenty-four feet of water.

The Wilson was bound down with a cargo of iron ore, and the Hadley had just arrived from Lake Erie with a cargo of coal, consigned to Duluth without orders.

At 10:15 o'clock the Wilson cleared the piers, and at that time the Hadley was well out on the lake, and well to port of the Wilson's course.

The Wilson, after leaving the piers, pursued the usual course down the lakes, all unmindful of any possibility of danger, for apparently there was no more chance for trouble than there is at any minute of the day when vessels are passing in and out of the canal.

At the same time the Hadley was coming up the lake, bound direct for the canal, but a considerable distance north of the Wilson's course.

Orders had been received here for the Hadley to take her coal cargo to No. 5 coal dock, at Old Superior, and the Jacques tug, Annie L. Smith, was sent out to head her off so that she could go over to the Superior entry, which is the shortest way to her dock from the lake.

As the two boats were nearing each other the tug came up with the Hadley and gave her the order to go to Old Superior. At once the Hadley turned to port to take her course for the natural entry.

The next moment the boats came together, and inside of a few minutes the Wilson had gone under with a great rent in her steel side, and carrying nine members of the crew with her.

The Wilson had no warning of the change in the Hadley's course, and the was still pursuing her way down the lake. The Hadley came into the whaleback head on, striking a glancing blow just abaft of amidships, and while nobody seems to have observed just what happened in the terrible excitement that followed, it is supposed that the Hadley's wooden stem must have pushed her way half through the steel frame of the whaleback.

The Wilson shivered from the blow, rolled, and in an incredibly short time her stern went into the air, her stem pushed its way down into the water, and she dove head first to the bottom. As she went down her wheel was still working, churning the water at a terrific rate.

The Hadley fell back, her stem caved in, and spun about for a few seconds. Immediately some of the crew began to throw life preservers overboard, and others prepared to take to the water.

On the Wilson there was hardly time for anything. A few life preservers were at hand, and these were seized. Capt. M. A. Cameron got hold of a spar that held him up until assistance arrived.

There were twenty members of the Wilson's crew, including the officers, and eleven of them escaped. The remaining nine, including two cooks, two oilers, two deck hands, one wheelman, one lookout and one fireman, met a sudden death.

The tug Annie L. Smith had not had time to get far on her way back to the harbor when the accident occurred. She immediately put back to the secene, and succeeded in picking up the survivors of the ill-fated whaleback.

Within a few minutes all of the survivors had been picked up. Boats cruised about the spot where the ill-fated whaleback went down for half an hour, hoping to pick up some of the missing men, but it was without avail.

Lake Superior holds her dead, and as the accident happened half a mile out in the lake, where the waters are cold, there is little prospect that they will ever be found.

The men that were rescued were taken to the Hotel St. Louis, where they were resting comfortably this afternoon.

The accident happened seven-eights of a mile from the end of the canal piers, or 1,617 yards, as measured from the office of the United States engineer.

The Hadley must have remained on the spot fully ten minutes before starting in. Then, when she was under control again, she headed for the canal, and entered upon a race for her own life. Had she been able to sart immediately she could undoubtedly have made the harbor, and banked herself in a safer place.

But when the canal was near it was found that the water was gaining rapidly. The vessel was down by the head and sinking fast. Her false stem was gone and the water was pouring into her hold in torrents.

When the situation was found to be so bad, the steamer headed for the bank south of the canal piers. Directly south of them, and a little lakeward, she came to the bank, and settled. She is in twenty-four feet of water, and her after cabins are under. Her decks are barely covered, and her pilot house stands well out.

The whaleback lies, with her silent crew, seventy feet under the surface of Lake Superior.

All that remains to mark her tomb is the tip of the spar that rose from her pilot house, a few feet of which stand straight up in the air, showing that she is resting on even keel on the bottom. She is directly in the pathway of vessels going in and out of the harbor.

As to the cause of the accident, an inquiry will probably have to determine whether it was pure carelessness or unavoidable accident. No possibility of blame can attach to the captain or crew of the Wilson, according to all the stories that are told. She was simply pursuing her course down the lake when she was run into.

There seems to have been no trouble with steering gear on the Hadley, so far as can be learned. When the master received the orders that led him to change his course, he turned the vessel about at once, and the accident followed.

At first many thought that the Hadley might have tried to cross the Wilson's bows, and that the Wilson, in turning to port to avoid a collision, might have brought her starboard side about in a position to receive the onslaught of the Hadley.

This was not the case, however, for the blow was received on the port side, just a little aft of amidships. The only possible story is that the Hadley turned to go to the natural entry, and went head on into the Wilson.

Capt. M. Fitzgerald, of the Hadley, was overheard this afternoon to remark to a member of the crew: "The watchman said nothing about it, the second mate did not blow any whistles or call my attention, and I was watching that tug when we turned and struck. I forgot all about the other boat."

The United States engineer's office observations show that the Wilson is in seventy feet of water, 1617 yards from the outer end of the piers, and 417 yards south of the line of the axis of the canal prolonged. Her spar projects ten feet, and the top of her smokestack is ten feet under water. She is 300 yards south of the usual course of vessels to Devil's Island.

On board the Hadley were Mrs. Earnest Coleman and Miss Harris, of Buffalo, N. Y.

At the first shock of the collision they, with nearly every person else on board, started to jump over the side of the vessel, but after the scare of the first shock the women were remarkably calm and took refuge on the hurricane deck, from which they were taken in a small boat just about the time the Hadley was beached.

The steamer Hadley was built in Bay City in 1888. She was 2,073 gross tons burden and her length over all was 288 feet. Her beam measurement was 40 feet and she drew 22 feet of water. She was owned by W. P. Rend, of Chica, and she had 2,900 tons of coal aboard belonging to the Pittsburg Coal company.

The Thomas Wilson was of the whaleback type, built in the yards at West Superior in 1892. She was 1,713 gross tons burden and her length measurement was 308 feet. Across the beam she was 38 feet, and at the time of the collision she was drawing 24 feet of water. She belonged to the Pittsburg Steamship company, and she had a cargo of iron ore.

The government engineer's office has two coats belonging to men on one or the other of the boats. One coat has letters in the pocket addressed to Milo Banks, Ashtabula, Ohio.

"May I never see the like again," said one of the eye-witnesses to the collision.

"The Wilson went down so quickly that it did not seem possible to save a life. One moment the two boats were plowing through the water two hundred yards apart and when I looked again through the marine glasses the crew of the Wilson could be seen throwing off their clothing and jumping into the water. One man on the Wilson seemed to have more presence of mind than all the rest. He threw life preservers to those that jumped in the cold water without thinking and he certainly saved some lives. The crew of the Hadley also threw preservers to the men struggling in the water.

"Immediately after the collision the Wilson pitched forward—and went down. As she plunged the crew that was still undressing rushed to the stern, jumping overboard as fast as they could free themselves from their clothing.

"The Wilson did not live a minute after the collision. It seems impossible that a boat could go down so quickly. The time she was on top of the water she seemed to be supported entirely by the Hadley's prow, which was sticking in through her plates.

"The plunge of the Wilson released the Hadley, and the latter boat swung back with a tremendous jerk. As the whaleback went beneath the water she spouted like a submarine explosion—that, I presume, was from the compression of air in her. Two men that jumped last were apparently close to the hull when it went down. They were struggling there just before the plunge, and I could not see them afterward. They were probably sucked down with the hull.

"The Hadley's steering apparatus seemed to be paralyzed after the collision. She swung round a circle several times and seemed utterly helpless. However her crew did good work in throwing preservers to the unfortunate seamen in the water.

"In a few moments it was apparent that the Hadley was going down, and the crew on it could be seen stripping themselves and lowering boats. Some of them got into the boats, but when the Hadley sank to within a foot of her deck she seemed to cease sinking for a few moments, and the men clambered back on the boat.

"The race of the life-saving crew and the tugs for the wreck was thrilling. The Hadley would not have made the shore had it not been for the tugs, and that probably means that so many more lives were saved. The life-saving crew did quick and reliable service picking up the men in the water."

The moment the race was won for the Hadley, the spectators again turned their attention to the little spot out in the lake where the Wilson disappeared. That little spot was the top of the big whaleback's mast, showing the depth of fully sixty feet where she went down.

Very little wreckage came up from the sunken vessel. All that did appear was put on a raft by the patrol fleet of row boats that was detailed from the tugs.

The canal piers were crowded with spectators when the first tug arrived from the scene of the wreck with survivors of the Wilson aboard. The men were greatly exhausted and had very little clothing on. One of the seamen just got his shoes and shirt off as the Wilson took her plunge for the bottom. His trousers interfered with his swimming, but he finally managed to get hold of a life preserver that had been thrown out and kept above water till picked up.

He was still chattering from the cold of the water when he was landed on the pier, despite the fact that the men on the tug worked every way to bring him to his normal condition on the way in.

Ten of the partly clothed survivors of the Wilson were quartered in room 215 of the St. Louis hotel. They were in charge of John W. Wolvin, of the Pittsburg Steamship company, and Senator Spencer. Not one of the entire party had shoes on, and few had any more clothing than enough to cover their nakedness, and most of what they had on was borrowed from the tug men and others at the dock.

Mr. Wolvin immediately saw that the men's health was properly looked after, and sent to the Great Eastern for a man to measure each man for a complete suit of clothing.

Both boats were insured, of course, and arrangements were being made this afternoon to make the necessary surveys.

The Hadley is in good shape, apparently, as her only damage is in her stem. She is in shallow water and can be raised without any great difficulty.

The wrecking job on the Wilson will be much more difficult. Her depth and the fact that she is loaded with a heavy cargo of iron ore will make it harder, and if the rent in her side is as great as most of the witnesses of the accident believe this, too, will retard the work.

Work on the wrecking of the Wilson will not begin until Monday, and work on the Hadley will begin tomorrow.

LANDS OF THE FRIARS

The Pope and Cardinal Rampolla Consider that Matter But Absolute Secrecy Is Preserved as to Any Conclusions.

Rome, June 7.—The papal secretary of state, Cardinal Rampolla, had his usual private audience with the pope this morning. Naturally the question of the acquisition by the United States of the Friar lands in the Philippines will be a subject for discussion at these daily conferences, but the alleged information on the subject is purely surmise, as absoluted secrecy is maintained as to what transpires at these official visits. Cardinal Rampolla was agree ably impressed by the frankness shown by Governor Taft in sending him a copy of Secretary Root's instructions for examination.

The pope has not yet appointed the commission of cardinals to which the matter is to be referred. This commission will consist of five, instead of three members, as previously supposed, and probably Cardinals Vanutelli, Satolli, and Vives y Tuto will be included. Cardinal Martinelli will be excluded because he is an Angustinian.

Cardinal Martinelli will be present at the customary official reception of the cardinals, prior to the consistory, at the Palaza Borghese, today. The American officials will also be present.

Cardinal Rampolla today returned the vlist of Governor Taft, at the Hotel Quirinal.

Governor Taft is greatly annoyed by the inventions of the Italian newspapers regarding his visit to Rome. The Italia, one of the chief offenders, published an alleged interview with the governor which was entirely "faked."

THOUSANDS AWAIT HEIR

Old Man Who Died at Los Angeles Hospital Left a Fortune of $140,000 Which No One Has Claimed.

Los Angeles, June 7.—A fortune of $142,000 in cash awaits the heirs of an old man who passed under the name of Charles Hill, and who died at the Good Samaritan hospital two weeks ago.

About three weeks ago the man, who was between 70 and 80 years old, appeared at the hospital for accommodations. He was taken in and paid for all the services rendered. When it was found that he could not recover, he was asked to tell the names of his relatives in order that they might be notified. He replied that he had not a relative on earth. He died and was buried. In his clothing was found $2000 in currency. Further investigation by the public administrator disclosed a key to a private box at the Union Bank of Savings. The box has just been opened and in it were found several large packages of currency, aggregating $140,000.

The old man had lived here seven years in a modest way at lodging houses and restaurants, but had no intimates and no one can be found who knows anything of his antecedents.

KEENE JOLLIES THE KING

New York, June 7.—James R. Keene has had an opportunity of telling the king about the inside workings of Wall street, says a Herald dispatch from London. Both were guests of Lady Lister-Kaye at dinner.

The king told Mr. Keene that he was always glad to meet representative men of America, especially such a sportsman as Mr. Keene and expressed his appreciation of the latter's motives in giving the Oaks stakes, which he won last year with Cap and Bells II to charity.

Mr. Keene with characteristic bluntness, told the king that his majesty was exceedingly popular with the people of the United States, which was a greater compliment than to say that he was liked by the government, for in the United States the people govern.

His majesty and the American financier had a long chat. Each seemed thoroughly to enjoy the other's observations.

The guests at the dinner numbered thirty and included the duke and duchess of Connaught, the duke and duchess of Devonshire and Lady Alice Stanley.

NEW PLAN TO SETTLE STRIKE

New York, June 7.—A new plan is being discussed for settling the strike of the anthracite miners. It is on different lines from any hitherto tried. Some of the leading operators are said to be in favor of the scheme.

It is proposed to appoint a committee which will go to the mines and investigate the conditions, and try to effect a settlement. There are several matters to be considered, one of which is the weighing of the coal. President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers is said to have discussed the plan and is alleged to be willing to waive the question of recognition of the union card. Some slight concessions may be made on the other side.

Dr. Mitchell's

Scientific Magnetic Treatment Always Cure--It Works Rapidly.

The strengthening and stimulating effect of Dr. Mitchell's treatment can not be too highly estimated; he treats all diseases successfully. No greater victor was ever won than Healer Mitchell's triumph over diseases. When Dr. Mitchell first proclaimed to the world that he had discovered a positive and certain cure for diseases without using any medicine many doubted his statement, fearing that the news was too good to be true, but time has proved his wonderful power over disease. It is a cure for incurables, it brings happiness and health out of darkness and despair; it matters not if you are suffering from a complication of diseases, his treatment will make a clean sweep of them all, and leave you sound and well.

Dr. Mitchell's treatment, taken as you will be directed, will make you younger by half your years; it will instill into any organ of the body original vigor and permanent vital strength; it compels growth and life. The doctor offers to the afflicted a wealth of skill, knowledge and experience such as no other physician or institution can claim. His large patronage has been secured through fair dealings; his methods of business have been indorsed by each and every one of the countless thousands who have been cured by him. The attention of those who seek his aid is called to the fact that Dr. Mitchell is a magnetic specialist; he recognizes that the dignity of his profession requires honest dealings. The constantly increasing throngs who seek his services are never disappointed in Dr. Mitchell, for he does for them all his announcements imply. He himself personally sees each and every patient. He does not intrust their precious health to the care of assistants, to unskilled, inexperienced doctors or students, who are not sufficiently advanced in the science of healing to practice it successfully on their own account.

Dr. Mitchell is the strongest magnetic healer in the world, he has no substitute or professional representatives. He goes thoroughly into each case and carefully follows it through every stage until a perfect cure is effected. He stakes his reputation upon every case and is determined that Duluth shall be known throughout the world for the achievements of a great specialist.

Treatment, by removing the cause, positively cures the following afflictions: Catarrhal affections of the head, throat, ears, eyes, stomach, kidneys and bowels; astha, bronchitis and lung difficulties; Brights disease, jaundice, dropsy, gall stones, gravel, torpid liver, and all affections of kidneys, liver and bladder; insomnia, melancholia, debility, nervous prostration, and all forms of nervous exhaustion due to overwork or disease, tumors, eczema, dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn and all affections of the stomach. From his years' of experience in the science of healing he is enabled to offer to the public his most famous treatment, capable of affording immediate cures. In short, this treatment will cure you; do not let the opportunity pass you by; it gives life, vigor and health, instead of feebleness, invalidism, or insanity.

By bringing this advertisement to 17 East Superior street consultation free. 'Phone 579.

GREAT RIDERS OF WORLD.

Notable Equestrians With Ringling Bros. Circus.

The pessimists who discovered in the bicycle craze of several years ago, the doom of the horse and the departure of the art of horsemanship will probably be astonished to learn that there has never been a time when high-bred horses were in such demand, or when equestrianism was looked upon with such favor. Even the automobile—that modern mechanical wonder that was to revolutionize the Twentieth century method of locomotion—has had no perceptible effect upon the horse's popularity. In fact that popularity is constantly growing, and there is nothing in the whole range of the animal kingdom that affords greater delight to the eye or which creates a more satisfying sense of admiration than a handsome, well-groomed, cleverly handled horse. Ringling Brothers' circus has always been noted for its handsome horses and its up-to-date equestrianism, but this year's offering in the equestrian line surpasses anything of the kind ever before attempted. The ring horses are the pick of the 560 magnificent equines in the mammoth horse fair, and the riders are the absolute leaders among the famed equestrians of the world. Every kind of riding is exemplified. Classic gladiatorial riding acts, thrilling jockey acts, sensational acrobatism upon swiftly-running horses, somersaults thrown from the back of one racing charger to the back of another and still another until a complete circle of horses has been traversed—these are but a few of the astonishing feats achieved by Ringling Brothers' great company of riders. This company of arenic stars embraces the peerless Hobsons, in their remarkable double-carrying acts; the Australian celebrities, Joseph and Augusta Schadel; the incomparable trick rider and somersault equestrian, Albert Davenport; America's most noted principal riders, John and Michael Rooney; Miss May Davenport, a beautiful and dashing equestrienne queen; Reno McCree, England's champion rider, and Julia Lowande, the greatest of a great family of Spanish riders. Albert Crandall, the irresistibly funny clown rider, heads a trio of fun makers who perform the most ludicrous tricks while riding upon the backs of swiftly-moving mules, and a great company of horsemen and horsewomen present a series of the most astonishing menage acts ever seen in a circus ring. Among these artists are the celebrated John O'Brien, Rhoda and Madame Royal, Madame Cole, Charles Carroll, John Mercer and the intrepid Madame Noble. In addition to these great acts of horsemanship there is a superb horse ballet, a merry company of forty clowns, a magnificent class of high-class acrobatic and aerial novelties, a dozen kind of trained animals, including seals, bears, elephants, dogs and ponies, the greatest menagerie on earth, with the only living giraffe, and the most brilliant, the most complete and the most thrilling revival of the sports, spectacles and racing glories of old Rome ever seen in Europe and America. The date in this city is Monday, June 23, and it will be a day worth remembering.

NO WORD IS HEARD

Railroad Commission Not Yet Heard From on Transfer Sale.

Nothing In Ordinances That Can Prevent the Sale.

New Court House Proposition Is Given Discussion.

The regular weekly meeting of the Business Men's club, of the West End, was held at the club rooms in Normanna hall last evening. It was a well-attended session and much interest was evinced in all the discussions.

Last week President C. O. Nelson informed the club that he had written to the state railway and warehouse commission in regard to the legality of the sale of the Duluth Transfer railway to the Northern Pacific and that the commission had promised an answer as soon as it had investigated the matter. No word has been received, but Secretary R. D. Haven, who was asked to look up the city ordinances with reference to the charter granted the Transfer company, reported that he could find nothing in the ordinances that would prevent the sale. The ordinances, in fact provide for a sale of the road to others, but specifically state that the same rights and privileges accorded the other railroads entering the head of the lakes, must be observed by the successors or assignees, and that any violation of these privileges will be sufficient to make the charter void. It is also specifically provided that the people in possession of the belt line cannot charge exhorbitant rates for services done the other roads, and any other railway company building into Duluth shall have all reasonable privileges for terminal facilities.

There was considerable discussion over the sale. Some of the members held that it will be the policy of the Northern Pacific company to absorb the belt line so thoroughly that in years to come it will be forgotten that there ever was a transfer road here, and that the time to put a stop to such absorption, if such a thing were possible, would be to do it now. Secretary Haven said there was only one way that the Northern Pacific company could keep the belt line for their own use and that by condemnation proceedings.

No action was taken by the club in regard to the matter, it being the sense of the members that nothing could be done until the state railway and warehouse commission is heard from. The ordinance governing the granting of the charter to the transfer company is subservient to the state law governing railroads.

In the matter of the West End stable where horses are alleged to be abused, Secretary Haven reported that the humane officers have been notified and an investigation will be made.

There were a number of applications for membership in the club, but action on them was deferred for one week, when it is expected that there will be several more ready.

The business session was followed by a discussion of affairs in general. Secretary Haven talked along the line of the large amount of good that can be accomplished by the club if the members will work together. He said one point should always be borne in mind that the Business Men's club is not organized for the benefit of the West End alone, but it will be interested in the city at large.

O. A. Berg gave an interesting talk about the proposition for a new county court house. He said that the latest proposition for a location and one that has met with considerable favor is at Eighth avenue west between Superior street and First street. Mr. Berg said also, that there is a sentiment growing that another way to procure a new court house without a bond issue would be to set aside a portion of the levy for the next five or six years and by the end of that time there would be money sufficient to build the court house.

Several other members talked favorably of Eighth avenue west as the best location for a new court house.

S. W. Hill suggested that it would be a good plan if the business men would use, occasionally, in writing to manufacturing correspondents, the letterhead of the club. He thought that it would result in inquiries about the manufacturing facilities for this city.

N. E. Nelson said that the club should interest itself in getting power into the West End for small manufactories. Mr. Nelson explained that at the present time there is no electric current furnished the West End for users of small power although there are a number that would use a few horsepower each. He suggested that were the power available other small manufactures could be induced to locate in the West End. Mr. Nelson is one of the proprietors of the knitting works and the power is furnished by a gasoline engine.

C. Sundby said that the electric company has promised to put a power line into the West End shortly after one was run down Garfield avenue, but have failed to keep their promise. He says that the company now desires the West Enders to go ahead and organize a "power users" association before it will furnish a current. He held that the idea is wrong, that the company should first furnish the current and then users would be readily found.

S. W. Hill stated that he had been told by one of the representatives that the General Electric company will have a power current in the West End by July 1.

Secretary Haven was appointed a committee of one to look over the field and see if the power can be had and whether there is a demand for it.

OSTEOPATHY

Successful In Treating All Kinds of Disease.

A little over a year and a half ago the Minneapolis Institute of Osteopathy established a branch of that institution in Duluth, taking rooms 512-13-14 Torrey building, with Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClarun in charge. It was first intended that the institute would give some little time to securing students and preparing them for graduation from the school at Minneapolis, but the doctors' great success in the treatment of disease has built up for them a practice which keeps them busy from early morning till late at night, so that they have given their attention entirely to their practice. This institution is no longer an experiment, and will soon be enlarged, incorporated and become a prominent fixture in our city.

Visiting In Duluth.

Dr. N. E. Simonson, of Evanston, Ill., is on a tour through the Northwest, and is paying a visit to Duluth this week. He is a guest of Rev. and Mrs. O. H. Wilson, of the Norwegian-Danish Methodist church. Dr. Simonson is professor at the theological school of the Norwegian-Danish Methodist church located at Evanston. He will preach Sunday evening at the Norwegian Methodist church, on Twenty-first avenue west and First street.

INCREASING.

Charter Membership of Commercial Club Will Be Very Large.

At a meeting of the directors of the Commercial club yesterday afternoon a finance committee was appointed so that the organization may begin its financial existence. This committee consists of James A. Ferguson, R. B. Knox and W. G. Hegardt.

The club will start off with the largest charter membership that any commercial organization in the West has had. Already 407 charter memberships have been paid for, and returns are coming in rapidly from the balance of the 600 and more subscribed.

A committee on membership, consisting of Harvey L. Shepard, George H. Crosby, A. P. Cook, John L. Fuller and David T. Adams, was appointed by President Patrick. This committee will meet Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the secretary's office to map out a plan of soliciting memberships from all firms and individuals that have not yet subscribed.

It was also decided to unite with other Duluth organizations in endeavoring to induce the United Order of Commercial Travelers to come to this city for their convention of 1903. The invitation will be pressed at the coming convention of the order of the state to be held soon at Lake Minnetonka.

It was decided to take up later the question of inviting President Roosevelt to visit Duluth on the occasion of his trip West in September.

The club will also undoubtedly take action on the question of trade coupons and other fake advertising schemes from which the merchants of the city have suffered greatly in the past.

INJUNCTION

Is Indispensable to Protect the Rights of Men.

Chicago, June 7.—The writ of injunction is indispensable to protect men's rights, says Judge Jenkins of the federal court of appeals last night in a lecture to the John Marshall law school. He said:

"A great many people have become fearful that the government of this country is to be carried on by the courts through writs of injunctions. Because that writ has been applied to certain matters which have affected the public generally that fear has grown up, and yet the principle which the courts have declared and which they have sought to enforce is as old as equity, is as certain as equity itself, is as clear in principle as the primer of the law, and is simply applied to modern conditions which have grown with the growth of the country beyond all thought of the people when this writ of injunction was first issued.

"This principle of recent years has come about generally in regard to strikes. Men may move about it as they please, but the world cannot get along without it, and man's rights of property and his personal rights cannot be protected without it."

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS!

Delightful Trips Around the Horn

ON STEAMER

NEWSBOY!

Boat leaves her dock at Fifth avenue west at 2 p. m., returning at 4 p. m. Leaves dock again at 4:30 p. m., returning at 6:30 p. m. FARE FOR ROUND TRIP 25c

Leaves for Two Harbors at 7 p. m., returning at 12 p. m. Round Trip, 50c.

H. D. CLOW, Manager.

Old phone 567. Office & dock, foot of 5th Ave. W.

THE OMAHA

Holds Annual Meeting, Elects Officers and Declares Dividend.

St. Paul, June 7.—The annual meeting of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad was held today at Hudson, Wis. The following directors were elected for the term of three years: Marvin Hughitt, David P. Kimball, Byron T. Smith, Chauncey M. Depew and Horace G. Burt.

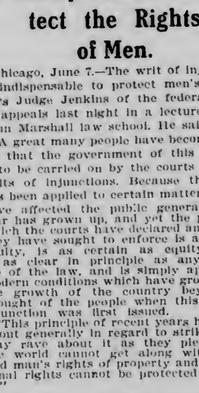
The purchase of the property and franchises of the Minnesota & Wisconsin Railroad company was ordered.

A semi-annual dividend was declared of 3½ per cent on the preferred stock and 3 per cent on the common stock, payable Aug. 20.

The following officers were elected: Marvin Hughitt, president; Eugene E. Osborne, vice president and assistant secretary; James T. Clark, second vice president and general traffic manager; Samuel O. Howe, treasurer and second assistant secretary; Richard H. Williams, assistant treasurer and third assistant secretary; Edwin E. Woodman, secretary; Charles P. Nash, local treasurer; executive committee, Marvin Hughitt, Chauncey M. Depew, William K. Vanderbilt, Marvin L. Sykes, David P. Kimball, Frederick W. Vanderbilt and H. McK. Twombly.

The annual meeting of the St. Paul & Sioux City Railroad company was held in St. Paul today. The following directors were elected: Marvin Hughitt, H. B. McCullough, A. L. Keep, M. L. Sykes, E. E. Osborn, C. H. Bigelow, J. M. Whitman, D. P. Kimball, J. B. Redfield, C. M. Depew, H. McK. Twombly, Thomas Wilson, E. E. Woodman, W. A. Scott and J. T. Clark.

The following officers were elected: President, Marvin Hughitt, vice president, Thomas Wilson; treasurer, S. O. Howe; secretary, E. E. Woodman; assistant treasurer, C. P. Nash; assistant secretary, S. O. Howe; executive committee, M. Hughitt, E. E. Osborn, C. M. Depew, M. L. Sykes, J. T. Clark, D. P. Kimball and Thomas Wilson.



WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

Sets of Teeth.....$6 and $15

Crowns.....$5 and $10

Five Years at Our Present Location.

Duluth Dental Parlors,

Near Lake Ave. 3 W. Superior St.

COMMENCEMENT.

Closing Exercises of St. Anthony's School.

The commencement exercises of the St. Anthony school will be held tomorrow at the Sixth Avenue theater. The following is the program for the exercises:

Opening chorus—"Die Jungendzeit".....C. M. V. Webber
Pupils of the School.
"Salutatory".....
Acting song—"The Little Cooks".....B. H. McCartney
Junior Boys.
Dialogue—"Ein Neuer Schueler".....
CHARACTERS.
Schulmeister Wacker.....Master Carl Gruesen
Frau Lochr.....Miss Emma Sabrowski
Alexchen Lochr, der neue Schueler.....Jacob Gruesen
Acting song—"Dolly, Dolly".....
Junior Girls.
TABLEAU.
Essay—"Character of Columbus".....
Miss Sadie Schubisky.
Flag drill.....
Intermediate Boys.
Song—"Die Kleine Bettlerin".....J. Beschnitt
Master Edward Mueller.
Drama—"Mrs Willis' Will".....
CHARACTERS.
Mrs. Robinson.....Miss Anna Schultz
Lady Spindle.....Miss Sadie Schubisky
Mrs. Dwindle.....Miss Florence Beck
Tenny.....Miss Hedwig Graessner
Rachel.....Miss Elizabeth Thennes
Recitation—"Der geretete Juengling".....
Master William Toben.
Scarf Drill.....
Intermediate Girls.
TABLEAU.
Remarks.....
Very Rev. Dean Corbett.
Valedictory.....
Miss Anna Schultz.
Song—"The Class of Nineteen Hundred and Two".....
Seventh Grade.
Distribution of diplomas and medals by Rev. F. S. Kosmerl.
Accompanist: Miss Katherine Fiebiger.

The Band Concert.

Tomorrow at 3:30 p. m. a band concert will be given at Oatka beach by the Third regiment band. The following is the program:

March—"Blaze Away".....Holzmaan
Overture—"Poet and Peasant".....Suppe
Piccola solo—Selected.....
A. Hoelscher.
Remebrance from "King Dodo"...Ludera
Descriptive—"Cavalry Charge"...Voelker
Cornet solo—Selected.....
C. Hilmer.
Characteristic—"Whispering Smith".....Willis

DANES CELEBRATE.

Tyler, Minn., June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Danish population of this vicinity held a big celebration here in observance of their national independence day. Many Danes from other states were in attendance.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

BIG SALE

An enormous stock on hand—all our floors are crowded with new goods—the finest things that can be bought—enables us to offer you SPECIAL PRICES — the largest line of Furniture ever shown in our city.

An air of freshness pervades our entire stock—one can see at a glance that we offer the very newest things. Every article purchased from us means a saving of from 5 to 20 per cent.

FURNITURE

Leather Seat ROCKER.

Beautiful genuine leather seat Rocker—carved back—high arms—mahogany finish—highly polished—regular $3.00 value.

$1.98

WOOD SEAT ROCKER.

One of our best bargains is our wood seat rocker with arms, made of hardwood, neatly carved—a good strong chair—sells elsewhere at $2.00. Here

$1.10

STEWART STOVES & RANGES

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

STEWART STEEL RANGES

The one range than can't be beaten. We guarantee every one one that leaves our store. No other first class range is sold so cheap. No other range can boast so many splendid features. Flues asbestos lined, sectional top, oven plate bolted down, duplex grates, cast iron linings. Come in and see this range. Prices, with warming oven

$26.50 AND UP

Bedroom Furniture.

A magnificent line of Dressers in all the different woods—maple, golden oak, white enamel, mahogany, curly birch. A carload of new ones. Prices from—

$9.50 and up.

Chiffoniers—to match—50 to select from, with or without mirrors—prices from—

$6.50 up

Dressing Tables—

That dainty piece of furniture so necessary to every boudoir—the very prettiest styles, small or large, to suit all tastes.

Special stools to go with these tables.

Iron Beds.

In every possible color to match all bed room trimmings. Fancy elaborate ones, and also the plainer styles. An extra reduction from our usual low prices:

$50.00 bed.....$45.00 $20.00 bed.....$18.00
$22.50 bed.....$20.25 $17.50 bed.....$15.75
$22.50 bed.....$20.25 $15.00 bed.....$13.50

Parlor Suits, Davenports, Couches.

An entire carload of upholstered furniture lately received. Large sales have disposed of many of these pieces, but we still boast a magnificent line.

Couches—We show a splendid couch, four rows tufting, spring edge, upholstered in tapestry. Price.....

$3.85

A much better Couch, larger piece, better cover. Price.....

$7.60

Parlor Suites—Special on fine 5-piece Parlor Suit. Has settee, arm chair, large rocker and two reception chairs. Frame of birch mahogany, upholstered in velours, assorted colors. Price only.....

$23.50

Leather Goods—Chairs and Couches—great large, sleepy, hollow imitation leather chairs and couches. The largest line ever offered you at such ASTONISHINGLY LOW FIGURES.

Special pieces mounted on Harrington springs.

Special on Odd Parlor Pieces.

For Solid Comfort

You can't duplicate a nice

Morris Chair

All of ours have spring seats—reversible hair filled cushions of tapestry or velour.

Note These Specials.

$17.50 Morris Chair $14.00
$16.50 Morris Chair $13.20
$15.00 Morris Chair $12.00
$12.50 Morris Chair $10.00

CROCKERY DEPARTMENT.

100-piece Dinner Sets.....$6.90
12-piece Toilet Sets.....$2.98
Fancy odd pieces in Havilland China.

BICYCLES.

IMPERIAL WHEELS COLUMBIA CHAINLESS—

Only $39.50

BABY CARRIAGES.

Carriages.....$4.98 to $40.00
Go-Carts.....$4.25 to $47.50
Folding Carts.....$2.98

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

Portieres for double doors—per pair.....$1.98
Ruffled Muslin Bedroom Curtains—per pair.....90c

The Finest Line of Carpets Ever Shown In Duluth.

Liberal Terms of Credit
Very Easy Payments.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.

226-228 W. Superior St.
Duluth. Minn.

Rugs of All Sizes. Splendid Assortment of Oriental Rugs.

THE NEW BRITISH EMBASSADOR, HON. MICHAEL HENRY HERBERT, AND HIS AMERICAN WIFE.

The late Lord Pauncefote's successor in Washington, the Hon. Michael Henry Herbert, is now secretary of the embassy to Paris and is regarded as one of the most accomplished diplomats in King Edward's service. Mrs. Herbert, who is an American woman, was Miss Leila Wilson, daughter of Mr. R. T. Wilson of New York and sister of Mrs. Ogden Goelet and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt. Embassador Herbert was legation secretary in Washington in 1888-89 and later in 1892-93, when the vexing Venezuelan dispute was in progress. He was also British agent for the Venezuelan commission which settled the boundary dispute. Mr. Herbert will not reach his new post until after the arrival of Lord Pauncefote's body in England.

ARE FINED.

Tug Firemen Who Assaulted Capt. Jacobs Plead Guilty.

John McCaffrey and John Murphy, members of the Tug Firemen's union that recently assaulted Capt. Joseph Jacobs when he tried to take out the trust tug Abbott, were this morning fined $15 each in police court.

The men originally were charged with assault in the second degree, which is a state's prison offense. Subsequently this charge was dismissed, and the men entered a plea of not guilty to a charge of assault in the third degree. This morning they appeared in court and changing their plea, were fined.

Capt. Jacobs and the two men that assaulted him are now on the most friendly terms, the captain having forsaken the tug trust and joined the ranks of the strikers again.

WATER IS HIGH.

Explorers Are Bothered By Large Amount In Woods.

Explorers and others that have had occasion to go out in the woods within the past two weeks, returned with reports that the soil is full of water. Soon after the spring breaking up the absence of snow and the clear weather made many have fears for the safety of timber in the woods and of standing timber from forest fires.

During the past month, however, the situation has changed completely. The woods are now so wet that in most places one can travel afoot with difficulty. The soil seems to be literally soaked with water, which the vegetable growth and matter prevent from running off as freely as it would in town or from cleared lands.

The swamps are said to be literally full to overflowing, and almost impassable, even over the beaten trails which experienced woodsmen are accustomed to travel, except just following the spring breaking-up.

CARS HANDLED IN MAY.

Large Increase Over Total of Last Year.

According to the data compiled in the office of James Kelly, chairman of the Lake Superior Car Service association, the number of cars handled by all roads here in the month of May, exclusive of ore and logs, was 18,109. A year ago the number handled was 13,073.

The gain is very much larger in tonnage of freight than would appear from the figures, which represent about 45 per cent increase, owing to the steady increase in the average capacity of the freight equipment.

CORBETT AND ATTEL SIGN.

Denver, June 7.—Articles of agreement were signed last night for a 10-round fight on June 27 between Young Corbett and Abe Attel before the Coliseum Athletic club, the men to weigh 127 pounds at 3 o'clock. It is understood that Manager Gallagher of the club has the assurance of the police department that the recent order forbidding prize fights will not be enforced on that occasion.

IDEA IS OPPOSED

Merchants Object to Paper Receptacle Advertising Scheme.

Removal of Advertising Signs Has Stiffened Opposition.

Plan Said Not to Be a Success In Chicago.

Merchants that have been compelled to remove advertising signs from sidewalks will object strenuously to the city going in for a paper receptacle system such as is now in use in Chicago.

The proposition is now pending before the council. Had it not been for the timely opposition of Alderman Neff it might have been ordered at the meeting of the council last Monday evening.

A local hardware house has offered to put in metallic receptacles on the street corners through the business district. These boxes occupy a space about three feet square, and the merchants say that if they cannot have signs occupying less than eighteen square inches, they do not see why the city should block the street corners with boxes 8 onuch larger.

In the first place, it is argued that there is no necessity for such boxes in the business district. For a year or more there has been a campaign on to educate the people against throwing papers and other dirt on the street, and now that the result of this education is evident in the clean streets, it is proposed to get back to the old system of distributing dirt on the streets.

It is claimed that in Chicago and other cities where the system was tried under a 10-year contract it is a failure, except for the advertising company that is putting in the receptacles. The streets have just as much paper thrown on them as before the boxes were installed, and in Chicago efforts were made to break the contract, but without success.

The proposed system is likely to meet with considerable opposition here on the part of the merchants. They have made a careful investigation and find that it is nothing but an advertising scheme that will do the city more harm than good.

Further investigations are being carried on, and it is expected that if the council will delay action a little longer, some reports will be received from other cities on the failure of the system that will cause a change in aldermanic opinion.

Alderman Neff is receiving congratulations on the part he took in blocking the receptacle proposition Monday night. Business men that had their advertising signs removed by order of the board of public works say that the city has no more right to obstruct sidewalks than the private individual, and that he will fight the box scheme legally if they cannot do away with the threatened nuisance any other way.

GRATIFYING NEWS.

Moorcroft Oil Co. Now Controls Even Section of Rich Oil Property.

Notice was received on the 3rd by Messrs. Derrig & Gunniss from Mr. A. L. Smith, president of the Moorcroft Oil company, stating that they had added to their holdings another half section of oil land, making the holding of the Company an even section of oil land instead of a half section, as originally incorporated.

It will be gratifying for shareholders to learn that in making this addition the capital was not raised further than that two rigs instead of one will be at work within the next few days.

The well is now down over 400 feet; oil is coming in greater quantity as depth is gained. The regular sandrock and oil sands are expected to be reached most any day now.

Mr. Smith is constantly on the grounds and is jubilant over the progress they are now making.

The crude oil has been subjected to most severe tests in arriving at comparisons as between its lubricating qualities and manufactured lubricating oils. The crude oil in each and every instant shows a great saving; in a couple of tests it shows a saving of 100 per cent. It is no wonder, therefore, that the United States Geologists places it as the highest valued crude oil in the United States, or that chemists at Eastern oil centers and at London and Glasgow state it stands alone without an equal the world over.

Peculiar To Itself

In what it is and what it does—containing the best blood-purifying, alterative and tonic substances and effecting the most radical and permanent cures of all humors and all eruptions, relieving weak, tired, languid feelings, and building up the whole system—is true only of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

No other medicine acts like it; no other medicine has done so much real, substantial good, no other medicine has restored health and strength at so little cost.

"I was troubled with scrofula and came near losing my eyesight. For four months I could not see to do anything. After taking two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I could see to walk, and when I had taken eight bottles I could see as well as ever." SUSIE A. HAIRSTON, Withers, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

IN NEW QUARTERS.

Armour Packing Company Gives Opening In New Branch House Monday.

Next Monday the Armour Packing company will have the formal opening of its new branch house at Nos. 20-22-24 Michigan street, and a cordial invitation has been extended to the public to inspect the building. The opening will last from 8 o'clock in the morning until 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and light refreshments will be served.

The local branch, James C. Fisher, manager, will have a suite of the finest office rooms in the city. The building is a very substantial brick structure, and has been thoroughly overhauled and remodeled to make it a packing house second to none in the Northwest. It is equipped from the basement to the top floor in the modern style, and the office appointments are especially handsome.

The new plant will have every modern facility, including smoke houses, whereby all the hams, bacon, etc., will be strictly fresh from the smoke, weighed and packed at the time of shipment. In its new quarters the new Armour Packing company will have increased facilities for handling its big trade.

AT WEST DULUTH

A serious accident happened to the machinery of the Merrill & Ring mill about 5 o'clock this morning. Two large fly wheels went to pieces. One wheel was nine feet in diameter and the other had a diameter of four feet. The cause of the accident is not definitely known, it being claimed that the engines were not running fast at the time of the accident. No person was near the wheels when they burst so, fortunately, there were no fatalities. The supposition for the breaking of one wheel is that the engines ran away after the first wheel broke.

The company is making arrangements to replace the wheels as quickly as possible. It is understood that two wheels have been located, which, if secured, will be placed and the engines started up by next Wednesday. If it is found necessary for new wheels to be cast, it will be a week or ten days before the mill will be in operation again.

The accident comes at a time when the mill was running to its full capacity and on a day and night shift. Over 200 men will be thrown out of employment until the mill is again operating. Unless the delay is a long one it will not seriously affect the season's cut of the Merrill & Ring company this season. The season started early this spring, and the company has already made good progress on its 50,000,000 feet contract cut for the Split Rock Lumber company.

FILIPINO SOUVENIRS.

Julius Lindgren has received a box of interesting Filipino souvenirs from William Springstead, the West Duluth boy who is now serving in the United States hospital corps in the Philippines. In the collection is a woven straw belt that was worn by a Filipino belle, an assortment of pipes, a cigaret holder, old stamps and two bracelets made of wild boar tusks. Mr. Springstead was still at Cervantes when he wrote. He said that at the time Manila had been quarantined for cholera since April 7, and that only one American had contracted the disease, but large numbers of the natives were attacked. The quarantine tied up the incoming mails for the soldiers.

CHURCH SERVICES.

The usual Sunday services will be held at West Duluth.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church Elder John Wilson will preach at 10:30 a. m. and L. A. Marvin, at 8 o'clock in the evening.

The Sunday school of the Asbury M. E. church will observe children's day tomorrow at 10:30 o'clock in the morning. An interesting and appropriate program will be rendered. At 8 o'clock in the evening, Miss Louise Hollister will speak. Epworth league at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Rev. Arthur J. Hoag will speak at both services of the West Duluth Baptist church tomorrow. In the morning the subject will be "The Church and the Children." In the evening, at 8 o'clock, the topic will be "A Portrait of a Beautiful Woman." The B. Y. P. U. will meet at 7 o'clock and Sunday school at noon.

Miss Louise Hollister, one of the national W. C. T. U. workers, will deliver a lecture at the Congregational church this evening. There will be a children's mass meeting at the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to express our sincere and heartfelt thanks to the Ladies' Orange lodge and Anna Stang hive, L. O. T. M., and also to our many kind friends for their kindly assistance and loving sympatry in our late bereavement.

MR. AND MRS. JAMES. CURRIE.
ALEX. ROBINSON.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. A. T. Pake left today for the ranges, where she will visit friends for a couple of weeks.

John N. Westlake has returned from Muskegon, Mich.

The Swedish Benevolent association, of West Superior, will have a picnic at Zenith Park a week from Sunday providing the weather is favorable.

Mrs. Fowler, of Iron River, Wis., is visiting Mrs. Broadwell.

William Leach and sister have returned from a visit in Saginaw.

John G. Cameron, formerly a resident of West Duluth, now of Los Angeles, Cal., is visiting his friends here.

Miss Angie Gilley is entertaining Miss Ida Schroeder, of Crookston, Minn.

Mrs. Rie Sawyer and daughter, Miss Eva Sawyer, left yesterday for St. Paul, to visit Mrs. Sawyer's daughter, Adelaide Thurston. They will be gone all summer.

While the members of the West Duluth Commercial club favor a Fourth of July celebration as individuals, the club itself will not participate. In event the business interests of West Duluth wish to get up a celebration, the members of the club, as citizens, will assist.

The steamer Mary Mann will make regular trips to Zenith Park Sunday. Fare, 10 cents for round trip.

Pilla'rault, undertaker, West Duluth.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Duluthians Honored.

Three Duluthians were among those who received diplomas at the commencement exercises of the State university held at Minneapolis Thursday.

Miss Adelaide Julia Kilchil received the degree of bachelor of arts; Otto A. Poirier the degree of bachelor of laws, and C. Charles a diploma as engineer of mines.

WIL REPRESENT CUBA.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, June 7.—The government of Ecuador has decided that the United States consul here is to continue representing Cuban interests in Ecuador until President Palma appoints a consul at this place.

UNUSUAL PROJECT

Bill to Establish a National Conservatory of Music.

Proposes to Have Four Branches In As Many Cities.

Report of Minority of Committee on Isthmian Canals.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A bill presenting a somewhat unusual proposition has been introduced in the house by Representative Metcalf, of California. It provides for the establishment of a national conservatory of music to be aided by the government, in order that it shall become a national institution and practically a post-graduate school for students of music who now go to Europe for such a course. It proposes to establish four branches of the conservatory. One at Washington, for the South and Middle Eastern states; a second at New York, for the East, a third at Chicago, for the West, and the fourth at San Francisco, for the Pacific coast. It is estimated that it will cost about $1,000,000 a year. Pupils shall pay a common fee of $50, which is all they will have to pay for their instruction. The diploma of the graduates shall bear the signature of the president, to give it a distinct national character. One of the most enthusiastic supporters of the Metcalf bill is Reginald DeKoven, the composer, who lives in Washington. Mr. DeKoven makes the point that the government maintains a great library, the national museum, the Smithsonian institution, assists in the support of an art gallery, and other educational institutions and that it should further extend its support in the form of a national institution for the study of music. Although the bill has attracted some attention in the house there does not seem to be any disposition to pass it at this session.

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The minority of the committee on inter-ocean canals, consisting of Senators Hanna, Pritchard, Millard and Kittredge, are ingeniously taking advantage of the recent volcanic eruptions at Martinique to scare those senators who favor the passage of the Hepburn canal bill, in their minority report recently presented, they quote in full a New Orleans dispatch to a New York paper, which says, on the authority of passengers arriving from Guatemala, that a terrific eathquake shock passed over the port of Momotombo; that the bottom seemed to drop out of the Managua, and that a terrific volcanic eruption occurred at the very moment of the earthquake.

As the majority members of the canal committee, who are fighting for the Nicaraguan route, failed to receive any confirmatory reports of these disturbances, they called upon the Nicaraguan minister, Senor Corea, for official information. Senor Corea sent the following cablegram to President Zelaya:

"It is urgent for me to answer officially as to the truth of published assertions that volcanoes in Nicaragua have recently been in eruption."

Without delay President Zelaya answered:

"The news published about recent eruptions of volcanoes and earthquakes in Nicaragua entirely false."

"These dispatches are in the hands of Senator Morgan, who is using them to combat the arguments of the opponents of the canal.

Minister Corea this afternoon with a map of Nicaragua before him, explained that the volcanoes of Nicaragua, none of which are to be feared, are all on the Pacific coast. 'Momotombo,'" said he, 'which is erroneously reported to have played havoc in Lake Nicaragua, is on the northwest edge of the lake at least one hundred miles, by air line, from the proposed route of the canal. In the history of Nicaragua there is no record of an eruption from this volcano. Smoke issues from it at times, and occasionally there is a little dust, but vegetation covers it and there is never the slightest indication of trouble.

"The volcano Ometepe is one of the closest to the proposed route of the canal and it is at least twenty miles away. It is on the extreme north side of the island of Ometepe. This island stands between the canal, which runs through the lake on the south, and the volcano. The lake is deep and offers protection if the volcano should burst forth. But there is no fear that the volcano will ever become dangerous. We have no record of an eruption from this source. In 1852, when Panama was nearly destroyed by an earthquake, Ometepe discharged dust for a short time, but there was no lava or mud and no damage was done. Madera, which is not far from Ometepe, is no more to be feared than the latter.

"Momhuacho has the city of Krenada at its base. It is covered with coffee plantations. We have no record of an eruption and no one has fear of any. Its crater is on the side of Lake Nicaragua and our people have regarded it as a water volcano, which at one time poured forth into the valley now occupied by the lake.

"It has been printed, also, that the volcano Soseguina is dangerous to the canal. That is a stupid statement. The volcano, which has been extinct, is two hundred miles from the canal, on Fonseca bay, which forms the extreme northwest boundary of Nicaragua. In 1835 there was a slight eruption, but there has been nothing since. It emits no smoke or dust or noise and causes no earthquake. Vegetation is abundant about it and no danger whatever exists. The eruption of 1835 cannot properly be called an eruption, because there was no flow of lava or mud. Ashes and smoke issued for a short time, but no one was killed or injured and no damage was done. Amosoco is not a volcano, but a mountain and an eruption is impossible.

"On the Atlantic coast there is not a volcano. The condition of the land, which is soft and marshy, leaves nothing to be feared on account of earthquakes, and they are not felt. Inasmuch as the volcanic region is confined to the Pacific slope I may say that only seventeen miles of the proposed route lies within the alleged danger zone. That cut is through the mountains from the lake to the Pacific at Brito and is just one-third of the Panama line that is exposed to earthquakes."

Since the Hanna faction is attempting to make a bogy out of the volcanoes Senator Morgan will show that Panama is in danger of earthquakes that are more serious. From the New York Herald cables of Sept. 8, 1882, the following special from Panama has been taken:

"At twenty minutes past 3 o'clock this morning there occurred here one of the severest earthquakes ever known on the isthmus. Many buildings were damaged, but no lives were lost."

Also the following from the edition of Sept. 9:

"The effects of the earthquake were very severe on the whole isthmus of Panama. Ten miles of Panama railway are impassable. Bridges are damaged and abutments cracked. The damage amounts to over $100,000. This is partly estimated. Rails were bent in places by the earthquake. At other places the track was sunken. A freight building of stone in Aspinwall is reported to be destroyed. One man was killed there and several injured. Several small shocks occurred during the day in Panama yesterday at 11:30 a. m. and 4:10 and 4:20 p. m. There was a distinct movement last night at 11:50 an another at 3 o'clock this morning that brought down more ruins. Not six lives were lost in Panama."

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There is one member of congress who was especially gratified over the announcement that the British terms of peace had been accepted and that the Boer war was at an end. This was Representative Allan Dougherty, of the Third Missouri district. Mr. Dougherty is a candidate for another term and there has been strong opposition against his renomination. This opposition was based largely upon his attitude toward the British mule supply camp which has been maintained for several years at Lathrop, Mo. When an agitation was commenced in congress, by the resolution calling for an investigation of the supply camp at Chalmette, Louisiana, Mr. Dougherty rushed to the defense of the camp at Lathrop. He insisted that the enterprise was owned entirely by Missouri men and that the British had nothing to do with it, except to purchase mules, horses and feed from the owners of the plant. Other Missouri Democrats here joined him in objecting to an investigation and the impression was given out that an inquiry by the government into the Lathrop camp would be a blow at a thriving industry in Missouri which would be resented by the voters. There was much good feeling among the members of the Missouri delegation here when it became generally understood that the federal authorities were not going to interfere with the operations of the British mule buyers at Lathrop. When that fact was established Mr. Dougherty and his friends again insisted that the British had nothing to do with the camp at Lathrop.

It appeared later that all the voters in Mr. Dougherty's district did not have mules to sell and they decided to make a fight against his renomination. The proposer sentiment was strong in the district and Mr. Dougherty was asked to explain his opposition to an investigation of the Lathrop camp. The charge that the British authorities were directly concerned in the enterprise was strengthened by the press dispatches announcing that the camp was to be abandoned and removed to Toronto, Canada. Mr. Dougherty's friends feared that the developments in the case would result in his defeat for renomination. They now think that as the war has ended the fight against him will be dropped.

"The most important bureau in the agricultural department by long odds is the weather bureau," said Representative Scott, a member of the house committee on agriculture, today. "For many years after the work of forecasting the weather was first attempted, it was regarded as a joke, and was ranked along with the goose bone and the corn husk and the almanac. But that stage has long since passed. A careful record for the last five years show that the predictions of the weather bureau have failed in but 5 per cent of the total number of forecasts made. The result is that no ship sails from any port in America when the storm signals are flying, and hundreds of lives and millions of dollars' worth of property are thus saved every year. The storm which practically destroyed Galveston three years ago was predicted two days in advance, and if the warning had been heeded, the loss of life would have been far less appalling. Not only along the coast, but in the interior, has the work of the weather bureau resulted in preventing great loss of life and property. During the last great flood in the Lower Mississippi valley in the spring of 1897, warnings issued by the weather bureau were timely and effective. The rise of rivers to the danger line was foretold for two days in advance. Indeed two weeks before the first serious break in the levees, bulletins predicting disastrous floods were issued, and as the flood approached its height, the warnings were repeated and emphasized. Of course it cannot be known accurately the value of these warnings, but it is estimated that no less than $14,000,000 worth of live stock and moveable farm products were saved as a result of the precautions taken."

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Probably the most indecent exhibition of haste to step into a dead man's official shoes was that in the case of Mr. Prentiss, the United States consul who lost his life in the appalling disaster at St. Pierre. Officials of the state department were disgusted over the efforts of applicants to obtain appointment and it is safe to predict that their eagerness will not improve their chances when their applications are taken up by the secretary of state. So far there are eighteen applicants for Mr. Prentiss' place. News of the horror had hardly been announced before the first application, that of a Michigan man, was filed. Others came rapidly and a dozen were recorded within a week, before it had been definitely ascertained that Mr. Prentiss had lost his life in the disaster. Officials at the state department report that the succeeding eruptions and the apparent probability that the island will be entirely destroyed have had no deterring effect upon aspirants for the consulate, and that new names are being added to the list daily. No action will be taken upon any of the applications until the volcanic mountains and business affairs resume their normal condition.

WILL BE ARBITRATED.

The Hague, June 7.—The international court of arbitration has been notified of the conclusion of an agreement between the United States and Mexico to submit to the court the dispute regarding the payment of damages in connection with certain church property in California. If this convention is ratified it will be the first case to come before the court.

LITTLE RED DEVILS.

Mind Makes Peculiar Things.

Coffee almost kills some people before they are willing to admit that coffee is really the cause of the trouble. Yet it is easy to break off the habit providing Postum Coffee, well boiled, is served in its place.

A lady says: "After coffee drinking had become a habit with me, I experienced a sense of faintness in the stomach, with lassitude and dullness of the mind. This was accompanied with severe pains in the region of my liver.

"Gradually my health failed and I became thin and a nervous wreck, having sick headaches every day. Then insomnia set in and I suffered for four years such torments as those who have been through the experience know of. At night I would grow so nervous over the continual distress in my stomach that I would imagine hundreds of little red devils had strings attached to the back of my stomach and were trying to pull it out. I was compelled, at times, to take laudanum to relieve the distress and cramps.

"This condition lasted, with some variation for about three years. I tried various physicians and finally was advised to try leaving off coffee. This I thought could not be done. I was finally induced to give up coffee and use Postum and I began to get well.

"When I recovered and thought I was well enough to go back to coffee again I tried it, but after using it a short time the old stomach trouble came back and I threw the balance of the coffee in the stove. There has never been a grain of the old-fashioned coffee in the house since, and never will be as long as I am running it.

"Postum Coffee is delicious when made according to directions and served hot with good cream and some sugar. The whole family use it and enjoy it greatly. I have gained forty pounds in the last year and my nerves are fast becoming a thing of the past. I sleep perfectly all night and am a well woman, thanks to Postum." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

DREAMS

Of Wealth That Were Most Rudely Shattered.

Horse Picked For Walkover Lay Down and Slept.

"Wee, wee," remarked the young-old man with the mildewed face and the outstanding ears, to the New York Sun, as he stood on a Sixth avenue corner one afternoon last week shooing approved players that came along in the direction of the pool room with the changed address, "what larks us girls used to have when the Shetlands were strolling around the old desperado track, Alexander Island, across the creek from Washington, goodness gracious, sakes alive!" And the old time outside man gazed shiftily at a rough-neck club swinger who just then lumbered around the corner to chase a push-cart picture peddler. "Alexander Island was the place where you played every card in the box with the copper on, and even then you were so liable to get the quadruple cross even at the hands of your roommate that you were never able to feel like anything but a boneless shad for more'n ten minutes at a stretch.

"Member the great Alexander Island walkover in '94? No? I do. Yes, I remember it. I had the longest smoke out of that that was ever cooked over a lamp, and when the windup came it was me to feel and look like the lee scuppers of a Chinese junk on shark fin soup day, or nothing at all.

"All of six owners there needed the others papers the worst way; and that, I might just as well state right now, is the way they got it. None of 'em had a Percheron in his barn that could run fast enough to keep the bumblebees away, and none of 'em had got into the money since the beginning of the meeting.

"At this stage of it the six of them got into the sizing each other up out of the slits of their eyes, and finally the night flitted along when they got together. When they got through conferring that night they walked out separately with expressions of great calm on their mugs.

"I used the sandbag on one of them, a pretty good mate of mine as minutes went at Alexander Island, and he let me in. When he got through I could see myself spending the approaching winter on the high seas, with me polishing the fresh water flounders with green money cut into the shape of files for bait.

"It looked to me that I was afraid that I might get locomotor ataxia and thus be prevented from making a run for mine when it was due to happen. It was to happen on the first day of the following week.

"Each of the six was to enter one of his mutts in a six-furlong sprint and to keep out others that were intended to enter for the race by quietly tipping them off as to what was due, thus enabling them to go after their bits. Duly appointed agents were due hike for New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia and some of the Class B towns in between, and get down the money on the horse of the six selected on the Sunday before the killing.

"Then, when the dough was all down, and about an hour before the race, all of the horses were to be scratched except the one upon which the coin had been spread, thereby giving that one a walkover, one of those zinc-lined things in which the lone remaining steed has only to show up with his boy on his back and stroll around the course, while the gang in the stand whistle the lockstep, to pull down the main end of the purse.

"The five scratching owners were to throw a caloric talk into the stewards' stand that their animals had suddenly been taken sick. There didn't seem to be any reason in the world why this frame shouldn't be got away with especialy because everything went at Alexander Island except throwing rocks through the windows of the judge's stand, and because the only people due to get the butt end of it were the proprietors of the pool-rooms in the big stiff. No. 2 towns.

"This little conversation,' said the one of the six who let me in, 'will set you back about $2,000, say, which you are going to put down for me on the number drawn, yes?'

"I told him not to talk about such foolish money as $200, and that if the gig came out as plotted I'd fix him out so that he'd have to promise me that he'd never do another day's work as long as he lived. I got his permission to let my runningmate, who was about $500 to the good at the time, in on the dish-out, on condition that my pal, too, should come to the feed, and it began to dawn on me as if I'd better be dusting off my shingle to hang it out again.

"When I told my pal about it he, too, began to dope up on a system that he'd long had in mind for beating the bank at Monte Carlo, where, he said, he thought the two of us might go just as well and spend the cold winter. We ought to be able to get fair board and lodging somewhere in Monaco for about $100 a day each, said he, and what would be the use of our jogging around to continental places that we'd never heard much about? Oh, were we smoking, maybe not!

"Well, it all sounded along like thistledown through the sunny air on a gusty day. There didn't appear to be any chance of the thing not going through, no matter how big the price on the dog selected, and so the eventual pick was a skate that looked as if he ought to figure at about 15 or 20 to 1 in the morning pool-room odds.

"Rigged out with the name of the walkover horse, that was going to do his little canter the next afternoon, all of us outside people with the cash to put down on the rush executed the quick hike. My pal and I took the midnight train from Washington for New York.

"When we got to New York we made a count-up, and I found that I had just $100.85, while he had $501.12. That left us just $1.97 for breakfast and a shave and carfare uptown—we wouldn't have loosened up the saffron-paper money on any consideration, for we had the hunch that it would be bad luck if we didn't go up and down the line with the absolute round-number currency on the good thing that was just going to stroll us into riches.

"The first poolroom that my pal and I romped into along toward 10 o'clock that morning was on Third avenue, near Twenty-third street, and the house handicapper had already shot up the house betting on the first three Alexander Island races. The one that had been selected for the solitary sitting was outside the bum breastworks at 20 to 1.

"Well, we had to gulp hard to keep down the joy, but we got away with it, and I walked up to the card writer behind the glass—a chap that I knew—and told him that about $100 on Howbuck—which is near enough to the walkover's name—would come pretty near rounding out my Dutch book. He gave me the grin as he pencilled me the $2000 to $100 card board.

"'Still taking 'em on the limb to win?' said he, derisively. 'Say, why don't you hire a booth down in the second-hand clothing district and peddle matches?'

"I pretended that his kidding had scared me out so that I wanted to draw the long-shot bet down, but he wouldn't stand for it, and then my pal and I did a quick dissolve for another room down the line, where Hawbuck was also on tap at 20 to 1 and plenty of it in the morning house betting. My mate took $100 worth of that and stood for the guying of the boy behind the window who wrote the ticket, and we kept on moving.

"At some of the rooms the best we could snag for our coin was 15 to 1, but we ate it up, being anxious to get the whole bundle down, knowing as we did that any price was a good price, and not feeling safe in stowing more than $100 in any one room on Hawbuck. It was about 1 o'clock in the afternoon when we got the last $100 down in a Park Row room, and by that time we were hungry—but lunch? Nix the lunch—we couldn't afford it.

"I stood to cash about $17,500 on the walkover, and my pal an even half of that, and the things that we had it all carded to do with the programs in the White Light feed emporiums when we'd got through collecting were a sin and a shame. We were so nervous and hungry while we sat there in that Park Row poolroom, waiting for the minute to get around, that we came near mixing it up with each other in a discussion over the brand of magnums that we were going to get outside of after we'd chucked the sadness into the room proprietors.

"Our walkover was the second event on the Alexander Island card, and as the moment for the scratching to begin crept around we could hardly stand in one spot more than twelve seconds at a time. We figured it that, as the races began at 2 o'clock, the scratching for the second event ought to be under way around half past 1 o'clock, and when the clock sailed past that point, and still no scratches in our walkover, we began to get the lidbuzz so's that we were afraid the other folks in the room would hear the cogs a-slipping.

"But at 1:40 the first scratch was announced by the operator, and then the way the bookmaker began to rub out the house betting on that race was something swift. A few minutes later a couple of the six were rubbed out, and then the boss of the room began to gaze in the direction of my pal and I in a reproachful kind of way, while we pretended that we didn't know he was in the room.

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"'Hawbuck at the post, and now starting to walk around the track,' announced the operator at post time, and then I said to myself that it would be a graceful thing for me to run down to Jersey in the course of the next few days and buy my old uncle that new set of false teeth that he'd been wanting for a long time.

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"'Hawbuck doesn't finish his walkover. He lays down in the middle of the track in the back stretch and takes a nap. He can't be got up by his boy, and he won't be able to finish the walkover within the time limit.'

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"Then my pal and I went away. It wasn't until the next morning that we found out how it had happened, and then we didn't care much.

"The owner of Hawbuck wrote to us about it, and his hypo was on the same level, at that. When the poolroom keepers scattered all around the Middle Atlantic states had got wise to the fact, by the scratching out of all the rest but one, that the thing was a frame, they all whooped along telegrams to their agent on the Alexander Island grounds, telling him that they stood to lose their bank rolls in case Hawbuck happened to get away with his little canter around the ring, commanding him to get busy to the end of frustrating the same.

"About fifteen minutes before Hawbuck was carded to go to the post for his little jog the agent of the poolroom folks managed to introduce a sleep-pellet about the size of a blood orange into the system of Hawbuck while his owner wasn't looking—and that was all. When Hawbuck started on his walkover the slumber capsule got to jouncing around in his frame and getting in its fine work, and then Hawbuck just naturally had to give a sad sigh, like that of a little tired che-ild, when he'd got half through his walkover, and stretched himself out to pound his ear on the track until he'd worn out the effects of his involuntary dope jag.

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"I dug up a telegraph operator that I knew was on the velvet and put him under the gun for $5 by threatening to chop off both of his arms with a hatchet and then jumping into Newtown creek if he didn't come to the front. He produced the 50, and I got $25 of it down on Halcyon at 30 to 1. Halcyon was played down at the track to 4 to 1 before post time, and the operator hit when the walkover was all walked and the solitary number hung out.

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"Well, it all sounded along like thistledown through the sunny air on a gusty day. There didn't appear to be any chance of the thing not going through, no matter how big the price on the dog selected, and so the eventual pick was a skate that looked as if he ought to figure at about 15 or 20 to 1 in the morning poolroom odds.

"Rigged out with the name of the walkover horse, that was going to do his little canter the next afternoon, all of us outside people with the cash to put down on the rush executed the quick hike. My pal and I took the midnight train from Washington for New York.

"When we got to New York we made a count-up, and I found that I had just $100.85, while he had $501.12. That left us just $1.97 for breakfast and a shave and carfare uptown—we wouldn't have loosened up the saffron-paper money on any consideration, for we had the hunch that it would be bad luck if we didn't go up and down the line with the absolute round-number currency on the good thing that was just going to stroll us into riches.

"The first poolroom that my pal and I romped into along toward 10 o'clock that morning was on Third avenue, near Twenty-third street, and the house handicapper had already shot up the house betting on the first three Alexander Island races. The one that had been selected for the solitary sitting was outside the bum breastworks at 20 to 1.

"Well, we had to gulp hard to keep down the joy, but we got away with it, and I walked up to the card writer behind the glass—a chap that I knew—and told him that about $100 on Howbuck—which is near enough to the walkover's name—would come pretty near rounding out my Dutch book. He gave me the grin as he pencilled me the $2000 to $100 card board.

"'Still taking 'em on the limb to win?' said he, derisively. 'Say, why don't you hire a booth down in the second-hand clothing district and peddle matches?'

"I pretended that his kidding had scared me out so that I wanted to draw the long-shot bet down, but he wouldn't stand for it, and then my pal and I did a quick dissolve for another room down the line, where Hawbuck was also on tap at 20 to 1 and plenty of it in the morning house betting. My mate took $100 worth of that and stood for the guying of the boy behind the window who wrote the ticket, and we kept on moving.

"At some of the rooms the best we could snag for our coin was 15 to 1, but we ate it up, being anxious to get the whole bundle down, knowing as we did that any price was a good price, and not feeling safe in stowing more than $100 in any one room on Hawbuck. It was about 1 o'clock in the afternoon when we got the last $100 down in a Park Row room, and by that time we were hungry—but lunch? Nix the lunch—we couldn't afford it.

"I stood to cash about $17,500 on the walkover, and my pal an even half of that, and the things that we had it all carded to do with the programs in the White Light feed emporiums when we'd got through collecting were a sin and a shame. We were so nervous and hungry while we sat there in that Park Row poolroom, waiting for the minute to get around, that we came near mixing it up with each other in a discussion over the brand of magnums that we were going to get outside of after we'd chucked the sadness into the room proprietors.

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CLASS OF '02 GRADUATES

The Commencement Exercises at High School.

Essays and Orations By Five Honor Pupils.

The members of the class of 1902 of the Duluth central high school did their last school duties last evening, and stepped off the stage in the High School Assembly hall no longer high school pupils, but citizens and alumni, armed with high school diplomas as weapons of offense and defense in their struggles with the world.

Some will add the sheepskins of higher institutions of learning to their armament, but more will face the world with only the high school diplomas.

It is always rather a pathetic and interesting spectacle to see these young people at the parting of the ways. With most their school days are over, and in their battles as citizens they are soon to realize, as they never realized before, what a privilege were their happy school days.

The graduating exercises of the class of 1902, marking the last scene of their high school experience, was a brilliantly successful affair. The graduating class is notable among the classes that have been put forth from the high school for scholarship and brilliancy, and the papers that were read last night were ample evidence that this statement is no empty compliment.

The assembly hall was packed to the doors, hundreds of people standing up throughout the evening. The young women of the graduating class were dressed in pure white, and their bright, charming faces and their burdens of flowers made a most pleasing and gratifying picture. The class, sixty-seven strong, filled the great stage, and it formed a more beautiful sight than the fern-decked rostrum.

On the stage, besides the members of the class, were Charles Alden Smith, the principal of the high school, who has guided the class during most of its high school career; R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the public schools; J. L. Washburn, representing the board of education, and Rev. Alexander C. Manson. An excellent orchestra furnished music.

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

The program opened by an invocation by Rev. A. C. Manson, after which Miss Esther Searle gave an essay on "The Promise of the Twentieth Century." She opened by giving a brief sketch of the accomplishments of the century just closed, showing what a century can do. She told of the gigantic advancements in science, mechanics and sociology that have been made, and predicted that corresponding progress would attend the century just begun. She said that the nations have made the greatest advancement when they have been engaged in the pursuits of peace, and it is doubtless for this reason that this country has made greater advancement than any other.

She did not believe that the measure of inventive accomplishment had been filled. The wireless system of telegraphy, the conveyance of sight as well as sound by electricity, the flying machine, are destined to be perfected in the years of the present century. Much, too, will be done along social and economic lines. The great work of the century will be the distribution of wealth and the equalization of social conditions. She did not believe that the present tendency of centralization of wealth, whereby great fortunes are being built up at the expense of the masses, could long continue in a free country governed by popular suffrage. Vast wealth has been created by the use of special privileges, and the great combinations of capital are tending rapidly toward socialism. Discussing Bellamy's dream of nationalism in "Looking Backward," she said that much of it would be realized, but its effect was socialism, doing away with ambition and incentive and individualism, and she did not believe that that would be the outcome.

Nevertheless, conditions are at present working rapidly toward socialism. Sentiment is strong and growing stronger in favor of the public ownership of public utilities. Municipal ownership of water and light and street railway plants is becoming more popular, and is being widely adopted. Probably a majority of the people now believe in the national ownership of railroads, and this would remove the engine that has built up the great monopolies and created the immense fortunes, so great that they are almost incomprehensible.

The class sang "The Red and White," an arrangement of a college song by Mr. Custance.

GERMAN LYRIC POET.

"A Great German Lyric Poet" was Miss Clara Laughton's subject, and she told the story of the great German poet Heine. A good description of the old German town on the banks of the Rhine was given and her description of Napoleon's passage through the town, and the excitement incident to the abdication of the elector and the coming of the French was well drawn. Heine, she said, attracted the particular attention of the great emperor.

Like many boys of literary ability, Heine detested study and caused his practical German parents much annoyance by his insistance on reading verse and stories instead of studying as he ought. He went to the university to study law at his fathe '• command. Shortly after receiving his degree he became interested in revolutionary projects and was exiled from his country. While in exile he wrote much beautiful poetry praising the country which had exiled him and the mother who had failed to understand him.

His work, said Miss Laughton, compares favorably with that of the ancient German lyric poets, and has even been declared to be the equal of that great German verse writer, Walter von der Vogelweide. One of his best efforts is a beautiful descriptive poem called "Lorelei." Heine has been called the Burns of Germany. His work at first was light and joyful, but with the misfortunes of greater years it became sad and much more effective.

CLARA LAUGHTON.

She continued her comparison of the two great poets, showing how, though both were not entirely blameless as to their private lives, they were loved by their people. Many similarities between the works of the two men were also brought out.

In his later years Heine's poetry was read by all the Germans. They were anxious to know and honor the author of such touching verse, but Heine, who wrote anonymously, let the credit be given to a sick monk who was supposed to be dying of leprosy in a monastery.

In his last years Heine said of himself that he had amounted to nothing, been only a poet, but that it would be "hypocritical humility" if he should say that that was not being a great man.

After his death, Miss Laughton concluded, the people of Germany wanted to erect a statue in his memory, but because of his political opinions the government would not allow it. One, however, has been erected in New York by the German-Americans, who are nearly as great in number as the Germans in the fatherland. So in a way Heine belongs as much to America as to Germany.

"He surely belongs to us all in that every man who does a great work for humanity belongs to not only one people, but the whole world, and such a man was Heinrich Heine."

Raymond Stevens sang a tenor solo, "Bid Me to Live," by Mr. Custance, very acceptably, responding to an encore.

JESUITS IN NORTHWEST.

"The Early Jesuits of the Northwest" was the title of an essay by Miss Grace Duncan on the Jesuit missionaries who

GRACE DUNCAN.

labored with the Indians in this part of the country before the days of civilization. It was a magnificent appreciation of their great work. The paper was excellent, both from the point of composition and delivery.

She opened up by saying that the first people to enjoy the delights of Minnesota Point, now the site of the summer cottages of so many Duluth people, were the Indians. Her description of the scene around an Indian camp fire, supposed to be situated down toward the southern end of the point, was poetic. As she talked one could easily imagine the old Indian and the stalwart young braves scattered around him, the camp fire lighting their faces.

Shortly a dark object appears down the lake shore and disappears. It is soon seen again in the light of the moon, when it resolves itself a boat containing the first Jesuit missionary who ever visited this part of the country, and his two Indian oarsmen.

The essay then dealt with the experiences that the good priests went through in attempting to convert the Indians to Christianity. It depicted the trouble they had in overcoming the superstitions, fancies, and the belief in incantations that all Indians in the uncivilized state are subject to. She told how the Indians would occasionally desert the priests in the heart of the forest, leaving them entirely alone to take care of themselves as best they could. Nothing daunted by all these difficulties the missionaries continued to explore, and finally, after much work, drew a slight appreciation of the Christian religion from the Indians. Their explorations, surveys, etc., opened the way for others, while the reports that they carried back to the countries from which they came induced many others to come to this country and settle. In these ways they did an immense amount of good for the Indians, the early settlers and the country at large.

Miss Duncan closed her essay with the statement that the present civilization was founded on and would be impossible without the foundation that "The Early Jesuits of the Northwest" wrought with so much bravery and labor.

The class gave a choral song, "Last Night," by Kjerulf, in an excellent manner.

"OLD BLACK JOE."

"The Old Slave Musician" was the title of an essay by Miss Leta Phelps. It was a description of a negro musician of St. Augustine, Fla., "Old Black Joe," a quaint character of that famous old Southern city, a half-humorous old figure, but with a pathetic history that quickly enlisted the sympathies and tears to the eyes as the old man told it.

Miss Phelps gave a fine description of the picturesque sceen from the long drawbridge which connects St. Augustine with the Anastasia Islands, the spot where the old slave was met one beautiful evening. His coming was first indicated by the sound of his violin, which proved to be a rather dilapidated specimen of the "king of instruments," the bow, in fact having no hair, and producing sound by means of a liberal application of resin to the wood itself. The old man himself was powerful of frame, but age had already marked his face and form. His face was a kindly one, but bore the marks of a patient suffering.

At the request of the party he played on his old instrument, and then told something of his life. It was a story full of pathos. He was born a slave, but his boyhood days were happy, for his master was kind. When he died the slaves were sold and Joe went to a cruel Georgia planter. He was torn from all he loved, the only thing connecting him with his former life, besides memory, being the old violin. His new master treated him like a dog, and at last he ran away, taking with him the old violin. Bloodhounds tracked him and he was recaptured and terribly beaten.

The year and the freeing of the slaves ended his sufferings, and with joy he started out to find his poor old mother, from whom he had been separated at the slave market, and of whom he had never heard a word. At St. Augustine he learned that she had been sold, but no word beyond that ever came to him, and the search of his life was fruitless.

"When his story was finished," concluded Miss Phelps, "he stood motionless with a faraway look in his eyes, as if the narration had carried him

LETA PHELPS.

back to the old days. Suddenly arousing, as if from a day dream, he simply said 'Good night,' and, turning, was soon lost to view in the deepening twilight. But, like a farewell message, softly came the old familiar strains to which each listener instinctively added the words:

"I'se comin', my head is bending low,
I hear their gentle voices calling
"'Old Black Joe.'"

Mrs. A. F. M. Custance sang Barnby's "The Beggar Maid," in a manner that brought her warm applause and a vigorous encore, to which she responded.

DANGERS OF IMMIGRATION.

Sumner Smith's oration was on a timely topic, "The Dangers of Immigration."

After a short resume of the first 200 years of America's settlement by the pilgrims, Mr. Smith mentioned the changes that have taken place during that time. He spoke of the evil that has crept in with commercialism, and characterized the recent demonstrations over Hobson and Dewey as hysterical bursts of enthusiasm which indicate a shallowness of character that is rapidly developing in our national life.

Speaking of the immigrants of our present day, he said:

"They have brought with them old world ideas and customs, a disregard of the Sabbath, an ignorance and misapprehension of Republican institutions and often dangerous anarchistic beliefs. On account of the difficulty of assimilating these incongrous elements, a species of national indigestion, if we may so call it, has resulted, from which emanates some of the most serious evils that now confront us."

He ascribed the corruption of municipal politics to this source, for the reason that it is almost entirely by the support of the lowest elements of the city that the political machines have been able to hold their power. They often gain their ends by the ignorance of their supporters and the ease with which votes may be purchased. He said that we could never hope to have really clean politics while there still were sufficient numbers of uneducated men to turn the elections one way or another.

Speaking of the assassination of President McKinley, Mr. Smith said that a state of affairs was revealed by it that could have never sprung from our own social conditions, but must have been brought in from other countries.

The speaker said that aside from stricter immigration laws, the public schools and the churches are the best mediums toward the correction of these evils. The general trend of affairs is toward the broader education rather than the mere intellectual polish.

In conclusion Mr. Smith said: "From the standpoint of this general culture we may trustfully encounter the perils that assail us. Secure against dangers from abroad, united at home by the stronger ties of common interest and patriotic pride, holding and unifying our vast territory by the most potent forces of civilization, relying upon the

SUMNER SMITH.

intelligent strength and responsibility of each citizen, and most of all upon the power of truth without undue arrogance, we may hope that in the centuries to come our republic will continue to live and hold its high place among the nations as 'the heir of all the ages in the foremost files of time.'"

The class sang its valedictory song, "All Through Life," the words by Mr. Custance, the music based on a Welsh air, after which Principal Charles Alden Smith presented the class. As the hour was late he spoke briefly. To the class he commended the motto it had chosen, "Carpe Diem," "Seize the Opportunity." He commended the class for its work in school, and wished it the fullest success through life. Supt. R. E. Denfield distributed the coveted diplomas, accompanied by a few happy words of advice, after which the entire school sang the school song, "Triumphales," and the exercises were over.

LAST CHAPEL EXERCISES.

Final Meeting of Year of High School.

The last chapel exercises of the high school were held yesterday afternoon in the High School Assembly hall. After the usual hymns and Bible reading, Principal Smith and Superintendent Denfeld addressed the students, bidding farewell to the seniors and urging the members of the other classes to be sure and return to the school in the fall.

Taking up the words of the Bible text which Principal Smith had read, Mr. Denfeld gave the students some good advice about the benefits to be derived from hope, truth, charity. He talked about the future of the school, saying that the board of education, while it was doing all for the students that it could, was unable, for financial reasons, to furnish many of the conveniences that they would like. The board, he said, did not have the money to run the school with that it had had some time ago, and though they realize the fact that more teachers and smaller classes were necessary for the best work of the school, they were unable to furnish them. It was unavoidable, and the school would have to go along as best it could with the facilities at its command.

He spoke with pride of the school's accomplishments in the athletic line, making quite a hit with the students when he said that he wished there was a good gymnasium out on the campus in which the boys might train for their contest and the girls play their basketball. He was given great applause when he said that he approved greatly of the girls playing basketball, only he thought they might be a little more charitable and let the boys in to see the game.

He said he hoped the students would crowd all of their picnics into the vacation and come to school in the fall prepared for uninterrupted work. He concluded by giving the students some good advice in the matter of conduct.

Each of the class presidents gave an address expressing their good wishes for their teachers and the departing seniors and the classes were given their reports for the year, finishing up the school year.

BASEBALL SEASON ENDED.

Game With St. Paul Could Not Be Arranged.

The high school baseball team will probably play no more games this year. St. Paul, whom they had hoped to meet today, was unable to come, and it has been found advisable to discontinue the season entirely.

A game may be played next Saturday with the Board of Trade team, but that at any event will be the last. The men, many of whom want to play ball during the summer, will organize under another name, and meet the other amateur teams in this part of the country. They are playing the Business University tuis afternoon under the name of the Big Duluths.

The season this year has been very successful from the point of successful games played. Not one has been lost. Financially, owing to unfortunate weather, it has not been such a success.

As only one of the men on the team graduates this year, next year's aggregation will be one of the strongest that the school has ever had.

THE DAKOTAS.

Flattering Raises In Salaries For South Dakota Postmasters.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—Wor has been received from Washington of the following changes in salaries of presidential postmasters, taking effect July 1: Aberdeen, $2500 to $2600; Alexandria, $1200 to $1300; Armour, $1500 to $1600; Beresford, $1400 to $1500; Britton, $1200 to $1300; Brookings, $1800 to $1900; Canton, $1700 to $1800; Centerville, $1500 to $1600; Chamberlain, $1400 to $1500; Clark, $1400 to $1500; Custer, $1100 to $1200; Deadwood, $2300 to $2400; Dell Rapids, $1500 to $1600; De Smet, $1200 to $1300; Elkton, $1000 to $1100; Faulkton $1100 to $1200; Flandreau, $1500 to $1600; Gettysburg, $1000 to $1100; Groton, $1200 to $1300; Hot Springs, $1500 to $2300; Lead, $2200 to $2300; Madison, $1800 to $1900; Milbank, $1600 to $1700; Mitchell, $1900 to $2000; Howard, $1100 to $1200; Huron, $2200 to $2300; Parker, $1500 to $1600; Pierre, $1800 to $2000; Plankinton, $1200 to $1300; Redfield, $1600 to $1700; Sisseton, $1500 to $1600; Woonsocket, $1200 to $1300; Decreases—Eureka, $1200 to $1200; Bowdle, $1300 to $1200.

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IN MICHIGAN.

Grand Marais Man and Bear Have a Fight.

Grand Marais—As the result of a lively fight with an angry bruin, Henry Richards, of this village, is the possessor of a large bear skin. The man stumbled across the animal and four cubs in a windfall from which egress was difficult, and before he realized it the bear was charging on him. A charge of buckshot failed to stop the rush and Richards resorted to clubbing the animal with the gun, breaking the stock as a result. He had only one more shell and after some lively dodging managed to get this into the gun and discharge it, despite the damaged stock. The shot went through the heart and the man had won.

Marquette—John F. Westerberg, former treasurer of Stambaugh township, near Iron River, has been arrested on the charge of misappropriating $500 of the public funds. He was elected treasurer two years ago, was re-elected a year ago, and at the last election was chosen as township clerk. The shortage was discovered by the present treasurer. Westerberg was very popular and was being groomed as a candidate for county treasurer this fall.

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A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT

This Opportunity is Offered to All by the Immediate Purchase of Stock in the

MOORCROFT OIL CO.,

Who have recently ADDED TO THEIR HOLDINGS ANOTHER 320 ACRES OF OIL LAND WITHOUT RAISING THE ORIGINAL CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY. Further two rigs will be at work on the property instead of one in a few days. The experimental stage is past and they are pushing the work of development as rapidly as possible. THINGS TO BE REMEMBERED IN THIS CONNECTION.

The company owns their section of land, NOT LEASED, and it is in the heart of the richest of the Wyoming oil fields.

They are not looking to other oil companies to take their product, but instead will market it themselves to consumers direct, thus GIVING SHAREHOLDERS THE BENEFIT OF PRODUCERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' profits. From the market standpoint none better could be chosen for this oil.

The Black Hills, Butte, Anaconda and other Western mining districts will take the produce, as we are in a position to save them from $1.50 to $2.50 per barrel on freight alone as compared with freight charges from points they are now drawing their supplies. In the Black Hills district common black oils are costing the mining companies 20c per gallon in large lots, on shipments made from the East. Our oil may be used as black oil, engine oil on shafting, stamp heads and all places where good lubrication is required.

Numerous tests of the oil have been made at the head of the lakes recently, the results of which proved beyond a doubt the superiority of this crude oil over manufactured or refined lubricating oil.

Men of many years' experience in the oil business are officials and heavy shareholders of the company. Their thorough knowledge of oils, the handling and marketing of the same, will be of great value to the shareholders.

The oil is a natural lubricating oil, not the grade of lubricating oil which has to be sent to a refinery for separation from lighter constituents, but an oil refined by nature and ready for use as soon as it comes from the well.

The opportunity of securing the stock at 15c PER SHARE is still offered, all who can do so should invest in it now. When the next block of stock is put on the market (if any more is put on at all) it may be beyond the reach of those who can buy now. No orders accepted for less than 100 shares. Samples of the oil bearing sand-rock may be seen at office of undersigned.

CALL OR SEND FOR PROSPECTUS.

DERRIG & GUNNISS,

M. L. Derrig. 409-410 Torrey Bldg., Duluth. J. T. Gunniss.

THE MINNESOTA and VIRGINIA MINING and DEVELOPMENT CO.

Having several good properties in Buckingham County, Va., have still a small amount of their 50c per share allotment unsold, and as soon as disposed of the next issue, if any be necessary, will be offered at—

75 CENTS PER SHARE

The stock of the company has so far met with phenomenally ready sale, the exceptionally high merit of its properties, making it an attractive investment. Of thirty-one assays recently made from the ore bodies and their approaches an average of $15.74 was obtained. When you deduct from this 65c per ton for treatment of the ore $15.09 per ton represents the profits—and with the **Extensive Ore Bodies in Sight,** you have here a proposition of undoubtedly high promise. When you take into consideration that some of the biggest gold mines in the world return handsome dividends of $3.80 average per ton assay, just think what about four times the value will yield. If you contemplate a gold mining investment or any other, look into this one, and you will invest in no other. The money to be derived from the sale of the stock now offered is for the express purpose of continuing the work now being done preparatory to the installment of the **40 Stamp Mill** being contracted for, and which will be in place within a very months. **After that Look Out for Dividends.** Apply early, if you want to get some of this stock while it is still on sale, to—

N. H. MURRAY, Manager,

210 Trust Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

☞Orders for this stock from outside towns should be accompanied by bank draft or other money order, made payable to **N. H. MURRAY, Manager.**

George Trankovitch, a laborer employed in the north branch of the Tamarack mine, was killed by falling on a rock on the thirteenth level of No. 3 shaft.

Sault Ste. Marie—Reginald Barr, tried on a charge of manslaughter, was acquitted. Barr, in an altercation, struck Lindsay Morrison, who fell to the ground and expired. Barr alleged self-defense.

At the special election called for the purpose of voting on a proposition to bond the city for $20,000 to be expended in municipal improvements, the movement was carried by a big majority.

SQUATTERS WOULD STAY.

Fight Over Section Sixteen at Cass Lake.

Washington, June 6.—A stiff fight for possession of the Cass Lake townsite is now on at Washington. Judge Frank Ives has been here some weeks trying to find some way to compromise matters so that the squatters on section 16 will not have to abdicate. George Lydeck, whose wife claims title to this land, now so valuable, has also put in an appearance and is insisting on having a final determination of the claim.

The point involved in Lydeck's case is whether or not Mrs. Lydeck severed her tribal relations with the White Oak Point band.

Capt. A. G. Bernar and Ed L. Warren, who represent the Cass Lake business interests in behalf of the Chippewa bill, are taking no hand in the section 16 fight, but looking after the fate of the Morris bill.

Washington, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $12 monthly has been granted to Henry Charron, of Little Falls.

Notice For Bids.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that sealed bids will be received by E. W. Bohannon, 2029 East Third street, until 8 p. m. June 11th, 1902, for plastering, laying cement floors, sidewalks and grading grounds at the Normal school, said bids to include all materials and labor.

The plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Palmer, Hall & Hunt. The work must be completed by the 20th of July, 1902.

Satisfactory bond will be required of the successful bidder.

E. W. BOHANNON,
President and Purchasing Agt.

ECZEMA

COMES FROM THE BLOOD AND NOT THE SKIN

The prevalence of Eczema among the young and old is due to the introduction of poisonous matter in the blood. Those pimples, eruptions and sores upon the face, neck and body are all due to the same cause. It is a waste of time and money to attempt to cure such a condition by doctoring the skin. The seat of the trouble is in the blood and the cause is the blood's impurity. A specific course of MEDERINE will open the natural channels of the system and promote a drainage of the impurities of the blood, which will filter, cleanse and purify it so that no form of eruption upon the skin can appear. MEDERINE is the only Guaranteed Cure for Eczema and all blood impurities. It stands alone today upon its own merits and challenges the world for a specific blood purifier like it. Do not nurse your trouble along. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis., for their system of treatment. All letters answered.

MEDERINE TRADE MARK

The only Remedy that Cures SKIN DISEASES Those Pimples on the Face and Body

THE HOME OF MEDERINE AND GUARANTEED

Max Wirth, 13 West Superior Street, Lyceum Pharmacy, 431 W. Sup. St. Emile Petersen, [illegible] W. Sup. St
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Sup. St. Wm. A. Abbott, 201 W. Superior st. S. J. Nygren, 7232 N. 55th Ave. W

CLASS OF '02 GRADUATES

The Commencement Exercises at High School.

Essays and Orations By Five Honor Pupils.

The members of the class of 1902 of the Duluth central high school did their last school duties last evening, and stepped off the stage in the High School Assembly hall no longer high school pupils, but citizens and alumni, armed with high school diplomas as weapons of offense and defense in their struggles with the world.

Some will add the sheepskins of higher institutions of learning to their armament, but more will face the world with only the high school diploma.

It is always rather a pathetic and interesting spectacle to see these young people at the parting of the ways. With most their school days are over, and in their battles as citizens they are soon to realize, as they never realized before, what a privilege were their happy school days.

The graduating exercises of the class of 1902, marking the last scene of their high school experience, was a brilliantly successful affair. The graduating class is notable among the classes that have been put forth from the high school for scholarship and brilliancy, and the papers that were read last night were ample evidence that this statement is no empty compliment.

The assembly hall was packed to the doors, hundreds of people standing up throughout the evening. The young women of the graduating class were dressed in pure white, and their bright, charming faces and their burdens of flowers made a most pleasing and gratifying picture. The class, sixty-seven strong, filled the great stage, and it formed a more beautiful sight than the fern-decked rostrum.

On the stage, besides the members of the class, were Charles Alden Smith, the principal of the high school, who has guided the class during most of its high school career; R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the public schools; J. L. Washburn, representing the board of education, and Rev. Alexander C. Manson. An excellent orchestra furnished music.

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

The program opened by an invocation by Rev. A. C. Manson, after which Miss Esther Searle gave an essay on "The Promise of the Twentieth Century." She opened by giving a brief sketch of the accomplishments of the century just closed, showing what a century can do. She told of the gigantic advancements in science, mechanics and sociology that have been made, and predicted that corresponding progress would attend the century just begun. She said that the nations have made the greatest advancement when they have been engaged in the pursuits of peace, and it is doubtless for this reason that this country has made greater advancement than any other.

She did not believe that the measure of inventive accomplishment had been filled. The wireless system of telegraphy, the conveyance of sight as well as sound by electricity, the flying machine, are destined to be perfected in the years of the present century. Much, too, will be done along social and economic lines. The great work of the century will be the distribution of wealth and the equalization of social conditions. She did not believe that the present tendency of centralization of wealth, whereby great fortunes are being built up at the expense of the masses, could long continue in a free country governed by popular suffrage. Vast wealth has been created by the use of special privileges, and the great combinations of capital are tending rapidly toward socialism. Discussing Bellamy's dream of nationalism in "Looking Backward," she said that much of it would be realized, but its effect was socialism, doing away with ambition and incentive and individualism, and she did not believe that that would be the outcome.

Nevertheless, conditions are at present working rapidly toward socialism. Sentiment is strong and growing stronger in favor of the public ownership of public utilities. Municipal ownership of water and light and street railway plants is becoming more popular, and is being widely adopted. Probably a majority of the people now believe in the national ownership of railroads, and this would remove the engine that has built up the great monopolies and created the immense fortunes, so great that they are almost incomprehensible.

"The calss sang "The Red and White," an arrangement of a college song by Mr. Custance.

GERMAN LYRIC POET.

"A Great German Lyric Poet" was Miss Clara Laughton's subject, and she told the story of the great German poet Heine. A good description of the old German town on the banks of the Rhine was given and her description of Napoleon's passage through the town, and the excitement incident to the abdication of the elector and the coming of the French was well drawn. Heine, she said, attracted the particular attention of the great emperor.

Like many boys of literary ability, Heine detested study and caused his practical German parents much annoyance by his insistance on reading verse and stories instead of studying as he ought. He went to the university to study law at his father's command. Shortly after receiving his degree he became interested in revolutionary projects and was exiled from his country. While in exile he wrote much beautiful poetry praising the country which had exiled him and the mother who had failed to understand him.

His work, said Miss Laughton, compares favorably with that of the ancient German lyric poets, and has even been declared to be the equal of that great German verse writer, Walter von der Vogelweide. One of his best efforts is a beautiful descriptive poem called "Lorelei." Heine has been called the Burns of Germany. His work at first was light and joyful, but with the misfortunes of greater years it became sad and much more effective.

CLARA LAUGHTON.

She continued her comparison of the two great poets, showing how, though both were not entirely blameless as to their private lives, they were loved by their people. Many similarities between the works of the two men were also brought out.

In his later years Heine's poetry was read by all the Germans. They were anxious to know and honor the author of such touching verse, but Heine, who wrote anonymously, let the credit be given to a sick monk who was supposed to be dying of leprosy in a monastery.

In his last years Heine said of himself that he had amounted to nothing, been only a poet, but that it would be "hypocritical humility" if he should say that that was not being a great man.

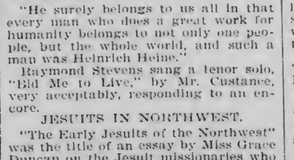
After his death, Miss Laughton concluded, the people of Germany wanted to erect a statue in his memory, but because of his political opinions the government would not allow it. One, however, has been erected in New York by the German-Americans, who are nearly as great in number as the Germans in the fatherland. So in a way Heine belongs as much to America as to Germany.

"He surely belongs to us all in that every man who does a great work for humanity belongs to not only one people, but the whole world, and such a man was Helnrich Heine."

Raymond Stevens sang a tenor solo, "Bid Me to Live," by Mr. Custance, very acceptably, responding to an encore.

JESUITS IN NORTHWEST.

"The Early Jesuits of the Northwest" was the title of an essay by Miss Grace Duncan on the Jesuit missionaries who labored with the Indians in this part of the country before the days of civilization. It was a magnificent appreciation of their great work. The paper was excellent, both from the point of composition and delivery.



GRACE DUNCAN.

She opened up by saying that the first people to enjoy the delights of Minnesota Point, now the site of the summer cottages of so many Duluth people, were the Indians. Her description of the scene around an Indian camp fire, supposed to be situated down toward the southern end of the point, was poetic. As she talked one could easily imagine the old Indian and the stalwart young braves scattered around him, the camp fire lighting their faces.

Shortly a dark object appears down the lake shore and disappears. It is soon seen again in the light of the moon, when it resolves itself a boat containing the first Jesuit missionary who ever visited this part of the country, and his two Indian oarsmen.

The essay then dealt with the experiences that the good priests went through in attempting to convert the Indians to Christianity. It depicted the trouble they had in overcoming the superstitions, fancies, and the belief in incantations that all Indians in the uncivilized state are subject to. She told how the Indians would occasionally desert the priests in the heart of the forest, leaving them entirely alone to take care of themselves as best they could. Nothing daunted by all these difficulties the missionaries continued to explore, and finally, after much work, drew a slight appreciation of the Christian religion from the Indians. Their explorations, surveys, etc., opened the way for others, while the reports that they carried back to the countries from which they came induced many others to come to this country and settle. In these ways they did an immense amount of good for the Indians, the early settlers and the country at large.

Miss Duncan closed her essay with the statement that the present civilization was founded on and would be impossible without the foundation that "The Early Jesuits of the Northwest" wrought with so much bravery and labor.

The class gave a choral song, "Last Night," by Kjerulf, in an excellent manner.

"OLD BLACK JOE."

"The Old Slave Musician" was the title of an essay by Miss Leta Phelps. It was a description of a negro musician of St. Augustine, Fla., "Old Black Joe," a quaint character of that famous old Southern city, a half-humorous old figure, but with a pathetic history that quickly enlisted the sympathies and tears to the eyes as the old man told it.

Miss Phelps gave a fine description of the picturesque sceen from the long drawbridge which connects St. Augustine with the Anastasia islands, the spot where the old slave was met one beautiful evening. His coming was first indicated by the sound of his violin, which proved to be a rather dilapidated specimen of the "king of instruments," the bow, in fact having no hair, and producing sound by means of a liberal application of resin to the wood itself. The old man himself was powerful of frame, but age had already marked his face and form. His face was a kindly one, but bore the marks of a patient suffering.

At the request of the party he played on his old instrument, and then told something of his life. It was a story full of pathos. He was born a slave, but his boyhood days were happy, for his master was kind. When he died the slaves were sold and Joe went to a cruel Georgia planter. He was torn from all he loved, the only thing connecting him with his former life, besides memory, being the old violin. His new master treated him like a dog, and at last he ran away, taking with him the old violin. Bloodhounds tracked him and he was recaptured and terribly beaten.

The war and the freeing of the slaves ended his sufferings, and with joy he started out to find his poor old mother, from whom he had been separated at the slave market, and of whom he had never heard a word. At St. Augustine he learned that she had been sold, but no word beyond that ever came to him, and the search of his life was fruitless.

"When his story was finished," concluded Miss Phelps, "he stood motionless with a faraway look in his eyes, as if the narration had carried him back to the old days. Suddenly arousing, as if from a day dream, he simply said 'Good night,' and, turning, was soon lost to view in the deepening twilight. But, like a farewell message, softly came the old familiar strains to which each listener instinctively added the words:

LETA PHELPS.

"I'se comin', my head is bending low,
I hear their gentle voices calling
"'Old Black Joe.'"

Mrs. A. F. M. Custance sang Barnby's "The Beggar Maid," in a manner that brought her warm applause and a vigorous encore, to which she responded.

DANGERS OF IMMIGRATION.

Sumner Smith's oration was on a timely topic, "The Dangers of Imaigration."

After a short resume of the first 200 years of America's settlement by the pilgrims, Mr. Smith mentioned the changes that have taken place during that time. He spoke of the evil that has crept in with commercialism, and characterized the recent demonstrations over Hobson and Dewey as hysterical bursts of enthusiasm which indicate a shallowness of character that is rapidly developing in our national life.

Speaking of the immigrants of our present day, he said:

"They have brought with them old world ideas and customs, a disregard of the Sabbath, an ignorance and misapprehension of Republican institutions and often dangerous anarchistic beliefs. On account of the difficulty of assimilating these incongrous elements, a species of national indigestion, if we may so call it, has resulted, from which emanates some of the most serious evils that now confront us."

He ascribed the corruption of municipal politics to this source, for the reason that it is almost entirely by the support of the lowest elements of the city that the political machines have been able to hold their power. They often gain their ends by the ignorance of their supporters and the ease with which votes may be purchased. He said that we could never hope to have really clean politics while there still were sufficient numbers of uneducated men to turn the elections one way or another.

Speaking of the assassination of President McKinley, Mr. Smith said that a state of affairs was revealed by it that could have never sprung from our own social conditions, but must have been brought in from other countries.

The speaker said that aside from stricter immigration laws, the public schools and the churches are the best mediums toward the correction of these evils. The general trend of affairs is toward the broader education rather than the mere intellectual polish.

In conclusion Mr. Smith said: "From the standpoint of this general culture we may trustfully encounter the perils that assail us. Secure against dangers from abroad, united at home by the stronger ties of common interest and patriotic pride, holding and unifying our vast territory by the most potent forces of civilization, relying upon the

SUMNER SMITH.

intelligent strength and responsibility of each citizen, and most of all upon the power of truth without undue arrogance, we may hope that in the centuries to come our republic will continue to live and hold its high place among the nations as 'the heir of all the ages in the foremost files of time.'"

The class sang its valedictory song, "All Through Life," the words by Mr. Custance, the music based on a Welsh air, after which Principal Charles Alden Smith presented the class. As the hour was late he spoke briefly. To the class he commended the motto it had chosen, "Carpe Diem," "Seize the Opportunity." He commended the class for its work in school, and wished it the fullest success through life. Supt. R. E. Denfield distributed the coveted diplomas, accompanied by a few happy words of advice, after which the entire school sang the school song, "Triumphales," and the exercises were over.

LAST CHAPEL EXERCISES.

Final Meeting of Year of High School.

The last chapel exercises of the high school were held yesterday afternoon in the High School Assembly hall. After the usual hymns and Bible reading, Principal Smith and Superintendent Denfeld addressed the students, bidding farewell to the seniors and urging the members of the other classes to be sure and return to the school in the fall.

Taking up the words of the Bible text which Principal Smith had read, Mr. Denfeld gave the students some good advice about the benefits to be derived from hope, truth, charity. He talked about the future of the school, saying that the board of education, while it was doing all for the students that it could, was unable, for financial reasons, to furnish many of the conveniences that they would like. The board, he said, did not have the money to run the school with that it had had some time ago, and though they realize the fact that more teachers and smaller classes were necessary for the best work of the school, they were unable to furnish them. It was unavoidable, and the school would have to go along as best it could with the facilities at its command.

He spoke with pride of the school's accomplishments in the athletic line, making quite a hit with the students when he said that he wished there was a good gymnasium out on the campus in which the boys might train for their contest and the girls play their basketball. He was given great applause when he said that he approved greatly of the girls playing basketball, only he thought they might be a little more charitable and let the boys in to see the game.

He said he hoped the students would crowd all of their picnics into the vacation and come to school in the fall prepared for uninterrupted work. He concluded by giving the students some good advice in the matter of conduct.

Each of the class presidents gave an address expressing their good wishes for their teachers and the departing seniors and the classes were given their reports for the year, finishing up the school year.

BASEBALL SEASON ENDED.

Game With St. Paul Could Not Be Arranged.

The high school baseball team will probably play no more games this year. St. Paul, whom they had hoped to meet today, was unable to come, and it has been found advisable to discontinue the season entirely.

A game may be played next Saturday with the Board of Trade team, but that at any event will be the last. The men, many of whom want to play ball during the summer, will organize under another name, and meet the other amateur teams in this part of the country. They are playing the Business University this afternoon under the name of the Big Duluths.

The season this year has been very successful from the point of successful games played. Not one has been lost. Financially, owing to unfortunate weather, it has not been such a success.

As only one of the men on the team graduates this year, next year's aggregation will be one of the strongest that the school has ever had.

THE DAKOTAS.

Flattering Raises In Salaries For South Dakota Postmasters.

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Pierre—War has been received from Washington of the following changes in salaries of presidential postmasters, taking effect July 1: Aberdeen, $2500 to $3000; Alexandria, $1200 to $1300; Armour, $1500 to $1600; Beresford, $1400 to $1500; Britton, $1200 to $1300; Brookings, $1800 to $1900; Canton, $1700 to $1800; Centerville, $1500 to $1600; Chamberlain, $1400 to $1500; Clark, $1100 to $1200; Custer, $1100 to $1200; Deadwood, $2200 to $2400; Dell Rapids, $1500 to $1600; De Smet, $1300 to $1400; Elkton, $1000 to $1100; Faulkton $1100 to $1200; Flandreau, $1500 to $1600; Gettysburg, $1000 to $1100; Groton, $1200 to $1300; Hot Springs, $1500 to $2000; Lead, $2200 to $2300; Madison, $1800 to $1900; Milbank, $1600 to $1700; Mitchell, $2000 to $2200; Howard, $1100 to $1200; Huron, $2200 to $2300; Parker, $1500 to $1600; Pierre, $1800 to $2000; Plankinton, $1200 to $1300; Redfield, $1600 to $1700; Sisseton, $1500 to $1600; Woonsocket, $1200 to $1400; Deceases—Eureka, $1300 to $1200; Bowdle, $1500 to $1200.

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Grand Marais Man and Bear Have a Fight.

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Calumet—The opening of the mining fields of South Africa will likely induce a great exodus of miners from this district and the iron ranges to those mining camps. When the mines in South Africa were closed because of the war many men thrown out of work found employment in the Lake Superior copper and iron mines, and they will return as soon as the mines in South Africa resume operations. The Cornish miners of this district are the most experienced in the country and in great demand. A party of men will be formed here in a short time to return to South Africa.

George Trankovitch, a laborer employed in the north branch of the Tamarack mine, was killed by falling on a rock on the thirteenth level of No. 3 shaft.

Sault Ste. Marie—Reginald Barr, tried on a charge of manslaughter, was acquitted. Barr, in an altercation struck Lindsay Morrison, who fell to the ground and expired. Barr alleged self-defense.

At the special election called for the purpose of voting on a proposition to bond the city for $200,000 to be expended in municipal improvements, the movement was carried by a big majority.

SQUATTERS WOULD STAY.

Fight Over Section Sixteen at Cass Lake.

Washington, June 6.—A stiff fight for possession of the Cass Lake townsite is now on at Washington. Judge Frank Ives has been here some weeks trying to find some way to compromise matters so that the squatters on section 16 will not have to abdicate. George Lydeck, whose wife claims title to this land, now so valuable, has also put in an appearance and is insisting on having a final determination of the claim.

The point involved in Lydeck's case is whether or not Mrs. Lydeck severed her tribal relations with the White Oak Point band.

Capt. A. G. Bernar and Ed L. Warren, who represent the Cass Lake business interests in behalf of the Chippewa bill, are taking no hand in the section 16 fight, but looking after the fate of the Morris bill.

Washington, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $12 monthly has been granted to Henry Charron, of Little Falls.

Notice For Bids.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that sealed bids will be received by E. W. Bohannon, 2029 East Third street, until 8 p. m. June 11th, 1902, for plastering, laying cement floors, sidewalks and grading grounds at the Normal school, said bids to include all materials and labor.

The plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Palmer, Hall & Hunt. The work must be completed by the 20th of July, 1902.

Satisfactory bond will be required of the successful bidder.

E. W. BOHANNON,
President and Purchasing Agt.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT

This Opportunity is Offered to All by the Immediate Purchase of Stock In the

MOORCROFT OIL CO.,

Who have recently ADDED TO THEIR HOLDINGS ANOTHER 320 ACRES OF OIL LAND WITHOUT RAISING THE ORIGINAL CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY. Further two rigs will be at work on the property instead of one in a few days. The experimental stage is past and they are pushing the work of development as rapidly as possible. THINGS TO BE REMEMBERED IN THIS CONNECTION.

The company owns their section of land, NOT LEASED, and it is in the heart of the richest of the Wyoming oil fields.

They are not looking to other oil companies to take their product, but instead will market it themselves to consumers direct, thus GIVING SHAREHOLDERS THE BENEFIT OF PRODUCERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' profits. From the market standpoint none better could be chosen for this oil.

The Black Hills, Butte, Anaconda and other Western mining districts will take the produce, as we are in a position to save them from $1.50 to $2.50 per barrel on freight alone as compared with freight charges from points they are now drawing their supplies. In the Black Hills district common black oils are costing the mining companies 20c per gallon in large lots, on shipments made from the East. Our oil may be used as black oil, engine oil on shafting, stamp heads and all places where good lubrication is required.

Numerous tests of the oil have been made at the head of the lakes recently, the results of which proved beyond a doubt the superiority of this crude oil over manufactured or refined lubricating oil.

Men of many years' experience in the oil business are officials and heavy shareholders of the company. Their thorough knowledge of oils, the handling and marketing of the same, will be of great value to the shareholders.

The oil is a natural lubricating oil, not the grade of lubricating oil which has to be sent to a refinery for separation from lighter constituents, but an oil refined by nature and ready for use as soon as it comes from the well.

The opportunity of securing the stock at 15c PER SHARE is still offered, all who can do so should invest in it now. When the next block of stock is put on the market (if any more is put on at all) it may be beyond the reach of those who can buy now. No orders accepted for less than 100 shares. Samples of the oil bearing sand-rock may be seen at office of undersigned.

CALL OR SEND FOR PROSPECTUS.

DERRIG & GUNNISS,

M. L. Derrig. 409-410 Torrey Bldg., Duluth. J. T. Gunniss.

THE MINNESOTA and VIRGINIA MINING and DEVELOPMENT CO.

Having several good properties in Buckingham County, Va., have still a small amount of their 50c per share allotment unsold, and as soon as disposed of the next issue, if any be necessary, will be offered at—

75 CENTS PER SHARE

The stock of the company has so far met with phenomenally ready sale, the exceptionally high merit of its properties, making it an attractive investment. Of thirty-one assays recently made from the ore bodies and their approaches an average of $15.74 was obtained. When you deduct from this 65c per ton for treatment of the ore $15.09 per ton represents the profits—and with the **Extensive Ore Bodies In Sight,** you have here a proposition of undoubtedly high promise. When you take into consideration that some of the biggest gold mines in the world return handsome dividends of $3.80 average per ton assay, just think what about four times the value will yield. If you contemplate a gold mining investment or any other, look into this one, and you will invest in no other. The money to be derived from the sale of the stock now offered is for the express purpose of continuing the work now being done preparatory to the installment of the **40 Stamp Mill** being contracted for, and which will be in place within a very months. **After that Look Out for Dividends.** Apply early, if you want to get some of this stock while it is still on sale, to—

N. H. MURRAY, Manager,
210 Trust Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

☞Orders for this stock from outside towns should be accompanied by bank draft or other money order, made payable to **N. H. MURRAY, Manager.**

ECZEMA

COMES FROM THE BLOOD AND NOT THE SKIN

The prevalence of Eczema among the young and old is due to the introduction of poisonous matter in the blood. Those pimples, eruptions and sores upon the face, neck and body are all due to the same cause. It is a waste of time and money to attempt to cure such a condition by doctoring the skin. The seat of the trouble is in the blood and the cause is the blood's impurity. A specific course of MEDERINE will open the natural channels of the system and promote a drainage of the impurities of the blood, which will filter, cleanse and purify it so that no form of eruption upon the skin can appear. MEDERINE is the only Guaranteed Cure for Eczema and all blood impurities. It stands alone today upon its own merits and challenges the world for a specific blood purifier like it. Do not nurse your trouble along. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis., for their system of treatment. All letters answered.

MEDERINE TRADE MARK

The only Remedy that Cures SKIN DISEASES Those Pimples on the Face and Body

THE HOME OF MEDERINE AND GUARANTEED

Max Wirth, 13 West Superior Street. Lyceum Pharmacy, 431 W. Sup. St. Emile Peterson, [illegible] W. Sup. St
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Sup. St. Wm. A. Abbett, 201 W. Superior st. S. J. Nygren, 7232 N. 55th Ave. W

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DURING SUMMER MONTHS

Dr. Hartman Gives Free Advice to Suffering Women.

MISS LIZZIE SNEATHING

MRS. ALEX. JOHNSON

Dr. Hartman, the Famous Gynaecologist and Inventor of Peruna, Offers to Treat Women Free During the Summer Months.

America is the land of nervous women. The great majority of nervous women are so because they are suffering from some form of female disease. By far the greatest number of female troubles are caused by catarrh.

Women afflicted with pelvic catarrh despair of recovery. Female trouble is so common, so prevalent, that they accept it as almost inevitable. The greatest obstacle in the way of recovery is that they do not understand that it is catarrh which is the source of their illness. In female complaint, ninety-nine cases out of a hundred are nothing but catarrh. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

The following letter was recently received:

186 W. 68th St., New York City.
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

"Gentlemen:—What bread and meat means to the hungry Peruna means to the sick. It is an especially valuable medicine for sick women. I have found that no medicine so quickly restores health and places the body in a normal condition. I but voice the sentiments of women who were once weak, but are now in perfect health.

"MISS LIZZIE SNEATHING."

All women who are in doubt as to what their trouble is should write Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio. Give him a full description of your trouble, previous treatment, symptoms and age. He will promptly reply with full directions for treatment free of charge. This is an opportunity which no ailing woman should miss. Dr. Hartman has become renowned through his success in treating women's diseases. His experience in these matters is vast. Correspondence is strictly confidential. No testimonials published without written consent. Dr. Hartman relies principally upon Peruna in these cases. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

Mrs. Alex Johnson, 256 University avenue, Kingston, Ontario, Can., writes:

"I have been a sufferer for years with bearing down pains and backache, and got no relief from doctors' prescriptions. I commenced taking Peruna and after taking the first bottle I felt much better and within a month I was a well woman, and heartily recommend it to any woman who is in as poor health as I was."

MRS. A. JOHNSON.

Miss Mabel Meyers, Argentine, Kansas, collector for the Kansas Temperance Union, writes: "Peruna has proved a friend to me for it cured me when I was sick and the least I can do in return is to acknowledge its value to the public. Since I was 17 years old I have suffered with headache, backache and pains in the shoulder blades. I caught cold easily and my lungs were weak. Catarrh of the lungs was what the doctors called my trouble. I took their medicine for eighteen months without any benefit and hearing about Peruna I decided to try it. I used nine bottles and was restored to health. This was two years ago, and I am now in perfect health."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be glad to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER AND ZINC WORK.

UNION SHOP **LEONARD'S HARDWARE STORE.**

1910 West Superior Street. New 'Phone 424—"Hello."

IT IS HOUSE CLEANING TIME!

When You Take Down Your Lace Curtains Think of Us.

WE GUARANTEE to do Lace Curtains as fine as any other laundry in these United States. We employ a Lace Curtain expert. We have been doing curtains for the best people in town for years. Consult us before you send yours out of town or attempt to do it at home. We'll save you a lot of worry.

LUTES' LAUNDRY, 808 East Second St.

Electrical Contractors!

All kinds of Electrical Construction and Electrical Machinery furnished on short notice.

J. H. McLaughlin & Co.

Room F Palladio Building. Bell Phone 636-4. Zenith Phone 753

WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.

Modern Dentistry

At reasonable prices is what you want. We can give it to you at the following prices:

Gold Crowns (22k)..... **$7.00**
Porcelain Crowns..... **$5.00**
Gold Fillings, up from.... **$1.50**
Silver Fillings, up from..... **75c**
Painless Extracting..... **50c**

Full Set Best Teeth, $10

Zenith Telephone. Open Sundays—10 to 12.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.

Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

We have just published a NEW MAP OF DULUTH—You need one.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

Mrs. George S. Chesebrough, of 1710 East First street, gave a handsome reception yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Louis Jones, of Detroit, Mich., who is the guest in Duluth of her sister, Mrs. James F. Granger. The house was beautifully decorated. In the reception room and hall were pink peonies in profusion. In the dining room the same color scheme was carried out, the table being decorated with pink roses and mignonette.

Mrs. Chesebrough and Mrs. Jones received and were assisted by Mrs. James E. Granger, Mrs. B. F. Myers, Mrs. J. B. Cotton and Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr. In the dining room Mrs. A. H. Comstock and Mrs. H. C. Marshall presided at the table.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Olcott, of East First street, will entertain at dinner this evening.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hartman gave a delightful informal dancing party last evening at the Oatka Beach auditorium. The guests numbered about a hundred. Among the out-of-town guests were Mrs. Jones, of Detroit; Miss Lewis, of Jackson; Miss Rogers, of Milwaukee, and Miss Finch, of St. Paul.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Granger, of East First street, entertained at cards Tuesday evening for Mrs. Louis Jones, of Detroit, Mich., Mrs. Granger's sister.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Adams will entertain at a card party at the Kitchi Gammi club Monday evening, in honor of Mrs. Louis Jones, of Detroit, Mich.

• • •

Miss Rogers, of Milwaukee, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Dalrymple, of East Superior street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Olcott, of East First street, entertained at dinner Wednesday evening, and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence D. Shepard were the guests of honor. Other guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
William Dalrymple, G. L. Douglas, E. P. Towne.

• • •

Mrs. Robert B. Eyster and Miss Clara Ames will entertain the Card club next Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Eyster, 1431 Jefferson street.

• • •

Mrs. G. A. Tomlinson, who has been on a continental trip for the past few months, set sail from Europe the last of this week for New York. She is expected to reach Duluth within the next two weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Tomlinson will stop at the Spalding.

• • •

Mrs. N. J. Miller has gone to St. Paul to meet Miss Gertrude Miller, who is returning from Texas.

• • •

The reception given by the juniors of the Duluth high school to the seniors at the Spalding hotel Thursday evening was one of the largest functions of the nature that has ever been given. The dancing hall was beautifully decorated with the colors of the two classes. The program consisted of twenty-one numbers.

• • •

Miss Gladys Meimbach, of East First street, who has been visiting in California since last summer, has returned.

• • •

Mrs. H. H. Myers and son left today for Ely to visit relatives for a week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William Upham, of Mexico, arrived here this week to visit Mr. Upham's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Upham, of East First street. Mr. Upham's sister, Mrs. Spears, and son, who have been visiting in Mexico, returned with them.

• • •

Cards have been received in the city announcing the marriage of Miss Charlotte Morrison and Frank B. Smith, to take place June 18. The wedding will take place at Portland, Ore., where the bride has made her home since leaving Duluth a short time ago.

• • •

The wedding of Miss Mame Bagley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Bagley, and John Ball, a board of trade man of Minneapolis, has been announced to take place June 18 at the home of the bride's prents, 405 East Third street. The bride graduated from the Duluth high school three years ago, and since that time has been away from the city studying music.

• • •

The marriage of Dr. Clarence Wilbur Taylor and Miss Lulu Blanche Davis will take place next Wednesday evening. Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Taylor will give a wedding reception for them at their home, 1115 East Third street, Wednesday evening.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Edna L. Brooks, daughter of William H. Brooks, of Lakeside, and R. G. Hamilton, of Lakeside, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Wednesday. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. A. MacKenzie, pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Crookston, Minn., who is a son-in-law of Mr. Brooks. The wedding was a large one, many of the guests coming from out of town. At the conclusion of the ceremony a reception was given at Mr. Brooks' home.

• • •

Mrs. E. S. Palmer and children left Thursday for a visit at Seattle.

• • •

Arthur House has returned from New York, where he attended Columbia college.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Magner are visiting in the Twin Cities.

• • •

Mrs. Ida Trucks left this week for a visit at French Lick, Ind.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Helm were visitors in Minneapolis this week.

• • •

J. J. Rupp is visiting his old home in Saginaw, Mich.

• • •

Mrs. F. E. House and daughter returned this week from a visit at Beaver, Pa., and Pittsburg.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Leston Taylor, of Chicago, are in the city for a short visit, on their way to Grand Marais, on the north shore. They expect to spend the summer at Grand Marais. While in the city they have been guests of Miss Kugler and Mrs. William Schupp.

• • •

Mrs. J. P. Johnson, of East Superior street, and son, Robert, left last night for an outing at Deerwood.

• • •

Mrs. C. A. Chamberlain, of 1415 West Michigan street, is entertaining Mrs. J. B. MacFarlane, of Ottawa, Canada.

• • •

Thursday evening, June 12, the Duluth lodge of Elks will give an Elks' ladies' night for its members and their ladies. The committee in charge is said to have secured some of the best talent, and an effort will be made to outdo former events of the same nature. The program will begin at 8 o'clock, and will consist of entertainment, music, refreshments and dancing.

• • •

Mrs. W. F. Markus, of 4005 West Fourth street, has gone for an extended visit with relatives and friends in the southern part of the state.

• • •

James C. Geggie, who has been connected for the past twelve years with the grain firm of Spencer, Moore & Co., will leave Monday for Minneapolis, where he will make his future home. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Geggie and son. Mr. Geggie has accepted a position with the grain firm of E. S. Woodworth & Co.

• • •

Henry L. Winter left yesterday for Erie, Pa., where he will very shortly be married to Miss Nora Bellentin. They will return to Duluth in about two weeks, where they will make their home. Mr. Winter has a position with French & Bassett as piano and organ tuner.

• • •

Miss Linne Paulson, of Marshalltown, Iowa, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John E. Johnson, 2018 East Superior street.

• • •

The pupils of the Duluth Business university gave a large dancing party at Lester Park last evening.

• • •

Yesterday afternoon Miss Vesta Randall, teacher of the Bay View Heights school, was pleasantly surprised by a number of the parents of her pupils and several friends. The pupils presented Miss Ranall with a set of very handsome silver forks. The presentation address was made by Mrs. Louis Clausen. Light refreshments were served. Those preesnt were:

Mesdames—

Clausen,	Dibbell,
Saunders,	Martina,
Larson,	Ramlow,
Clements,	Bethune,
Sugg,	Burgett,
Hutchinson,	Lewis,
Holasky,	Hilmberg,
Barrett,	Mulligan,
Olson,	Randall.

Misses—

Swingle,	D. Randall,
Sullivan,	Smith,
Hohys,	Goodwin,

• • •

An awakened interest in art is shown in the recommendation of the Women's council in Duluth, asking its constituent organizations to co-operate in the purchase of one of Miss Robertson's copies of some of the world's famous paintings, now on exhibition in the public library. In pursuance of this object all club women of Duluth are invited to attend a meeting on Wednesday morning, June 11, at 10 o'clock ,to examine the paintings and take some action in regard to the proposed purchase. If this plan is perfected the council recommends that a box be placed in the library, in which each club member may contribute 25 cents, more or less, the box to be accompanied bya book to record the name of each contributor and the organization of which she is a member, but not the amount given. It is the wish of the ladies that the picture hang in the art room of the library for an educational purpose, until the time arrives when a building can be erected known as the Woman's Club Home of Duluth. The contributors may not all be here to enjoy a beautiful club home, but their names as contributors to the purchase of a beautiful painting will receive the thanks of those who "come after," and their efforts will be duly appreciated.

The presidents of the various organizations represented in the council endorse the action of the Woman's council in calling the meeting for Wednesday morning. They are:

Librarian Class—Mrs. William Hegardt.
Saturday Club—Miss E. Roe.
Matinee Musicale—Mrs. J. McAuliffe.
Relief Society—Vice President Mrs. C. Markell.
Magazine Club—Vice President Mrs. A. B. Login.
Lester Park Literary Club—Mrs. D. H. Williams.
West Duluth W. C. T. U.—Mrs. Keyes.
Outlook Club—Mrs. H. C. Marshall.
Bishop McGolrick Club—Mrs. L. P. Corcoran.
The D. A. R.—Regent Mrs. E. Markell.
Twentieth Century Club—Mrs. J. H. Crowley.
Mrs. O. H. Simonds, chairman art committee of Woman's council.

• • •

The Daughters of Erin had a very pleasant and largely attended dancing party at Kalamazoo hall Wednesday evening.

Mrs G. D. Noe and daughter left yesterday for Michigan and other Eastern points, to be absent al summer.

• • •

The second concert of the Duluth Male Glee club next Wednesday evening at the First M. E. church will afford music lovers a rare treat. The Duluth Male Glee club will appear to even better advantage than at the first concert, both numerically and in tonal capacity. Ada Markland Sheffield, dramatic soprano from Chicago, will sing, and comes recommended as one of the very best on the American concert stage today. The Musical Leader, of Chicago, says of Mrs. Sheffield:

"No singer now before the public is coming more rapidly to the front as a singer for oratorio and concert programs than Ada Markland Sheffield, the soprano. With a voice of beautiful timbre, under splendid control and cultivation, Mrs. Sheffield is one of the few artists who have obtained a legitimate success in a legitimate manner. Every appearance she makes is one of more victory, and the present year seems likely to be an eventful one, from the number of present and past engagements. There is one special method by which the value of an artist is known, and that is the "return" engagement. If the public and press are pleased, the return engagement is always sure to follow and this good fortune has invariably attended Mrs. Sheffield. She has just returned from Kansas City, where her singing was received with acclamation."

Frederick G. Bradbury, the violinist who will play, needs no introduction to local concert goers, being an artist of high artistic merit, who is always well received. Following is the program in full:

"Concert Waltz ..... Dudley Buck
Duluth Male Glee club.
C. ... Weeks, director.

Songs—
"Daffodils Are Blooming" (new).... ..... German
"Daisies" ..... Hawley
"Roses of June" (new) ..... German
Mrs Sheffield
"When the Corn Is Waving" ....Harmonized by Buck
Violin—"Ballads et Polonaise" .... Vieurtempts
Mr. Bradbury.
"Tom, the Piper's Son" .....Kendall
Glee Club.

Songs—(French)—
"Arlette" ..... Vidah
"Amour-Amour" ..... Tosti
"Ella et Moi" ..... Beach
Mrs Sheffield

Three songs—
"Juanita" ..... Arr.
"In the Gloaming" ..... Arr.
"Massa's in de Cold Ground" .....Arr.
Mr. Olson and Club.
Aria from "Queen of Sheba" ....Gounod
Mrs Sheffield
Violin—"Serenade" .....Schubert-Remenyi
.....Mr. Bradbury.
"The Martyrs of the Arena"....De Rille
Glee Club.
Accompanist, Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher.

ADA MARKLAND SHEFFIELD,

Dramatic Soprano, Soloist Duluth Male Glee Club Concert.

Some of the pupils of Gerard Tonning will give a recital at the Endion M. E. church, Nineteenth avenue east and First street, under the auspices of the Ladies' union next Friday. Miss Alice Cooley soprano, and Miss Antoinette West, contralto, and Miss Elsie Thiel, violin, will assist.

The program in full is as follows:

Piano duet—"At the Spinning Wheel" ..... Joseph Low
Ethel and Edna Ericson.
"Study" ..... Bertini
Robert Walker.
"Spanish Song" ..... Tschaikowsky
May Sweenie.
"Melody" ..... Jules Massenet
Dagny Henriksen.
Soprano solo—"Sweet Lassie".. Godard
Miss Alice Cooley.
"Song of the Harper" ..... Behr
Alfred Moe.
"In the Forst" .....Jules Ten Brinck
Eva Lemalgnan.
"The Evening Star" .....Wagner-Liszt
Gertrude Schiller.
"Golden Butterflies" .....Enrico Bossi
Edith Herrington.
Contralto solo—"Far, Far Away"..... ..... Gerard Tonning
Miss Antoinette West.
Violin obligato, Miss Else Thiel.
Duet for two pianos—
"Scherzo" ..... Gustav Satter
"Ode" .....
Miss Josephine Carey and Miss Elizabeth Marton.
"Thornrosa" ..... Franz Bendel
David Freimuth.
Duet from Stabatmater. "Quis est Homo" ..... Rossini
Miss Cooley and Miss West.
"Valse in A Flat" ..... Chopin
Miss Elizabeth Morton.
Finale from "Military Symphony"..... ..... Haydn
Miss Carey, Miss Lillian Mallough, Miss Morton and Gerrard Tonning.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Gilbert, who have been living at the Spalding, have taken up their residence on East Superior street for the summer.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Morrow left this week for a visit in New York city.

• • •

Mrs. George C. Howe visited in St. Paul this week.

• • •

Mrs. J. S. Spence was a visitor in the Twin Cities this week.

• • •

A piano recital will be given by the pupils of Miss Winifred Holmes, assisted by Miss Mary Bradshaw, at the Masonic Temple hall, next Thursday evening. The program is as follows:

PART I.

"In the Garden"..... .....Neumann
Herbert and Nettie Paul.
a. Andante from Surprise symphony.. ..... Haydn
b. "Merry Go Round".....Tschirch
Ruth Erieson.
"The Village Blacksmith".....Heino
Franklin Coventry.
"May Party" .....Wachs
"Farewell to Home" .....Behr
Laurel Squier.
"Magic Flute" .....Mozart
"Children's March" .....Schubert
Gertrude Gonska and Miss Holmes.
"Robin Adair" .....
Alegretta ..... Kuhlau
Dorothy Baker.
"Marionette's Waltz .....Lynes
Nettie Paul.
"In the Mountain Hut".....Heins
Edith Coventry.
"Heart Sorrow" .....Behr
Pearl Hector.

PART II.

"Second Waltz" .....Godard
Alfhild Nordby.
"Au Matin" .....Godard
Alma Kruschke.
"The Flatterer" .....Chaminade
Piano 1, Grace Spurbeck; piano 2, Alma Peterson.
Song ..... Selected
Miss Mary Bradshaw.
"Valse Arabesque" .....Lack
Ray Leland.
"The Mountain Stream".....Smith
Grace Spurbeck.
"The Sleighride" .....Holst
Piano 1, Olive van Valkenburg and Mae Shuck; piano 2, Ada Perrett and Alma Kruschke.

• • •

Saturday evening a large and enjoyable reception was given at the home of Miss Sue Barnard, of Park terrace, for Miss Clarke, formerly superintendent of the kindergarten schools in Duluth. Miss Clarke will leave shortly to make her home in Syracuse, N. Y. The guests of the occasion were the teachers that had studied the kindergarten work at the training school at the time that Miss Clarke had charge of it. The guest of honor was presented with a beautiful pearl-set ring as a token of the esteem and regard of her fellow-workers. Those present were:

Mesdames—

N. Randall,	Robert Eyster,
Edward Parker,	Grover, of Michi-
Edwin Haines,	gan,
A. Boer.	Clapp.

Misses—

Margaret Quillard,	Victoria Erieson,
Maud Foster,	Emma Longstreet,
Edith Scoville,	Elizabeth Farrell,
Florence Williams,	Lilian Ingalls,
Jessie Nichols,	Florence A. Hall-
Leopold,	ing,
Jannett Smith,	Anna Farrell.
Alta Owens,	Buchanan,
Alice Drew,	Anna Milne.

A Bach piano recital will be given next Friday afternoon by Miss Cornelie Smith, assisted by Mrs. Charles P. Craig and Miss Katherine Fiebiger, at the rooms of Ernest Lachmund in the Masonic Temple building.

• • •

Miss Nellie Siegel, of Eveleth, visited relatives here this week.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Walker left Monday evening for the East. They will visit at Toronto and attend the commencement exercises at Vassar college, where Mrs. Walker's sister, Miss Shores, will graduate.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. E. Y. Slocum are entertaining Mrs. Arthur Ramsden and daughter, of Buffalo.

• • •

Mrs. W. E. Morrow and daughters left by steamer Tuesday for a trip down the lakes.

• • •

Mrs. F. A. Pearce and children left Monday for a visit at St. Paul.

• • •

W. C. Stearns and family left this week for Portland, Ore.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur G. McKinley, of Chicago, arrived Tuesday on their wedding trip. They were married at the former home of the bride in Canton, Pa., May 17. Mr. McKinley lived here for several years, leaving for Chicago about three years ago.

• • •

The Somerset Y will give a dancing party at Oatka Beach auditorium on the evening of June 19. The young ladies of the society are furnishing one of the rooms in the new St. Luke's hospital.

• • •

Mrs. H. C. Harding left Wednesday for a visit in Minneapolis and Charles City, Minn.

• • •

Miss Kate Dunphy, daughter of the late Judge Dunphy, has returned from Mexico, where she has been teaching school.

• • •

Mrs. F. E. Hough and children, of the Buffalo flats, left this week for an extended visit with relatives in Minneapolis.

• • •

Mrs. G. N. Lyman and daughter, of Minneapolis, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman J. Achenbach, in the Buffalo flats.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Eden visited friends and relatives in Minneapolis this week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Prindle and daughter left Wednesday for a several days' outing at Deerwood.

• • •

Mrs. A. E. McManus is visiting in Minneapolis.

• • •

Carl E. Longren left this week for a vacation at the Twin Cities and in Ellsworth, Wis.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Spencer, of Genesee, Ill., are visiting at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Pillsbury, of 1525 Jefferson street.

• • •

Mrs. T. D. Merrill left this week for a visit in the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Simonds were visitors in Chicago this week.

• • •

Mrs. James B. Geggie left Wednesday afternoon for a visit with friends in the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Sheridan left this week for a visit in the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Dunning have gone to Walker, Minn., for an outing.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Kline and daughter, of 615 East First street, are visiting friends and relatives in Chicago and Bay City, Mich.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Traphagen, of 216 East Fifth street, are entertaining Miss Ethel Wallwork, of St. Paul.

• • •

Mrs. J. H. Dight and family have gone to Deerwood for the summer.

• • •

Hector A. McLean, who has been attending Princeton university, is home for the summer.

• • •

Mrs. Michael Lutz, the mother of Mrs. Frank Hibbing, has gone to her old home in Germany to visit until next fall.

• • •

Mrs. Theron H. Hawkse, Jr., and children, left Thursday afternoon for a visit at Mrs. Hawkes' old home in Marietta, O.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Eva D. Morgan and Capt. James C. Dunbar was solemnized at high noon Tuesday, the ceremony being performed at the First M. E. church, by Dr. S. P. Long, the pastor. The wedding was witnessed by a few of the intimate friends and the relatives of the couple. Mrs. Long was bridesmaid and Harry Morgan, a brother of the bride was best man. The bride was becomingly gowned in a brown traveling suit. Mr. and Mrs. Morgan left on the steamer Monarch for a visit at the groom's old home in Toronto. They will be at home in Duluth after the last of this month. The groom is a popular member of the headquarters fire department.

• • •

Mrs. S. A. Pierce and children are visiting in St. Paul.

• • •

At high noon Monday, the marriage of Miss Maude Armitage and Charles A. Parsons was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Young, in the Altdena terrace. The ceremony was performed by Dr. S. P. Long, of the First M. E. church and was witnessed by the relatives and immediate friends. Miss Ollie Parsons was bridesmaid and Percy T. Armitage acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Parsons left the same afternoon on their wedding trip and will be at home in Duluth after June 15.

• • •

Mrs. W. L. Hayden returned the first of the week from a short visit with her little daughter, who is attending school at Frontenac, Minn.

• • •

Miss Anna Osterloh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Osterloh, of 207 East Superior street, was united in marriage to Joseph Beaun, of Erie, Pa., Monday morning. The wedding took place at the German Catholic church, Rev. Francis L. Kosmerl officiating. Miss Lillian Berbig was maid of honor and Henry Berbig acted as best man. After the wedding breakfast at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Beam left for a few months' visit in the Twin Cities.

• • •

A pretty wedding was that of Miss Mary Mahan and John McLean, which took place Tuesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Mahan, of 110 West Sixth street. The ceremony was performed by Dr. S. P. Long, of the First M. E. church, in the presence of the relatives and immediate friends. Miss Chrissie Mahan, sister of the bride acted as bridesmaid and Charles McEwen, was the best man. The wedding march was played by Mrs. W. F. McEwen. Mr. and Mrs. McLean will make their home in Duluth.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Lizzie M. Peterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Peterson, of Vasa, Minn., and William M. Tilderquist, secretary and treasurer of the Duluth Gas Engine works, was solemnized Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents. It was a large wedding and was attended by a large number of guests from out of town. Dr. E. Norlehs, of the Lutheran church, performed the ceremony. Miss Mollie Peterson was maid of honor and David Tilderquist acted as best man. The wedding was followed by a large reception. Mr. and Mrs. Tilderquist will be at home at 1228 West Fourth street, after July 1.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Carr, of Oneota street, are entertaining their niece and nephew, Miss Rose Driscoll and Don Driscoll of Iron Mountain, Mich.

• • •

Mrs. Fred Lee, of Lester Park, has gone to Bayfield, Wis., to visit her husband and son.

• • •

Mrs. Ernest Row left the first of the week for an extended visit in Minneapolis.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Northmore and Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Long have returned from a week's trip to Sault Ste. Marie.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Jeffery have returner from the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Merchant and Mrs. S. L. Merchant left the first of the week for New York city.

• • •

A marriage to which there was no small degree of romance attached was that of H. H. Chamberlain, of Ottawa, Can., who visited his brother, C. A. Chamberlain, of 1415 West Michigan street, last winter. The news is of special interest to Mr. Chamberlain's relatives and friends here from the fact that he will arrive with his bride in a few days to make Duluth their home. The bride is Miss Margaret Maxwell, of Cascade, Can., and the ceremony was performed in Ottawa May 27, by Rev. Dr. Moore. The story is related by Mr. Chamberlain's friends here that the parents of the bride objected strenuously to the marriage of their daughter and an elopement followed in the wee small hours of the night, the bridal couple being pursued clear to Ottawa, where the wedding took place. The Duluth friends of Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain are preparing to give them a warm welcome when they arrive June 15.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. McDonald, of 115 East Third street, gave a very enjoyable musicale at their home Tuesday evening for a number of their friends. The house was handsomely decorated for the occasion. After the program the evening was devoted to dancing. Selections were rendered by the Misses Lafitte and Ames on the piano; Miss Mary Anderson recited; Miss Minnie Schulz and Franz Schulz sang solos; Mes La Stella Solon, of West Superior, sang; Miss Katherine Fiebeger rendered a piano solo; D. P. McDonald sang a baritone solo; Miss Anna Farrell rendered a soprano solo and Mrs. Joseph McKinnan recited.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Susie Crawford, of New Duluth, and Charles Morris, of Winnipeg, was solemnized Wednesday at high noon at the home of the bride's parents. Rev. Mr. Knudson performed the ceremony. It was witnessed by the relatives and immediate friends. Miss Grace Crawford, of Minneapolis, a sister of the bride, was bridesmaid, and Roy Huggins, of New Duluth, was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Morris left Wednesday evening on their bridal trip and will be at home in West Duluth after June 15.

• • •

George C. Morrison and family have removed from 107 Central avenue to 1116 Garfield avenue.

• • •

Mrs. C. M. Pierce has returned to her home in Madison, after a visit with West Duluth friends.

• • •

R. T. Travis has returned to his home in St. Paul after a week's visit with friends in West Duluth.

• • •

James and Neil McDonald, of Minneapolis, are visiting their parents in West Duluth.

• • •

Miss Addie Eitel, daughter of Mrs. E. Flick, was married to J. J. Smith, of Proctorknott, Tuesday afternoon, at the Murray house. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Hoag of the West Duluth Baptist church, and was witnessed by a few relatives and immediate friends. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have gone to housekeeping in their new home at the corner of Twenty-first avenue west and Second street.

• • •

Mrs. C. E. Schultz, of Green Bay, Wis., arrived here Wednesday to visit her daughted, Mrs. F. H. Armstrong, of Proctorknott.

• • •

J. V. Gilbert, of Proctorknott, received a visit from his mother last week. She returned on Tuesday to her home in St. Paul.

(Continued on page 8.)

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 7.—It is a little cooler in the Dakotas and Minnesota and warmer in the lake region, Ohio valley and North Atlantic states, high temperatures continuing in Central states and throughout the South. Showery weather prevailed in most districts north of the thirty-fifth parallel and east of the Rocky mountains during the past twenty-four hours. The barometer is low in the eastern lake region and New Mexico and high over South Atlantic states and the Dakotas. In the lake region this morning the weather is partly cloudy to threatening with fresh to brisk westerly winds.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	90	Marquette	64
Battleford	56	Memphis	90
Bismarck	58	Miles City	60
Boston	68	Milwaukee	60
Buffalo	78	Minnedosa	60
Calgary	50	Modena	82
Charleston	82	Montgomery	96
Chicago	84	Montreal	66
Cincinnati	88	New Orleans	90
Denver	90	New York	76
Detroit	82	North Platte	82
Dodge City	88	Oklahoma	86
Duluth	64	Omaha	80
Edmonton	58	Pittsburg	86
El Paso	94	Port Arthur	62
Escanaba	80	Portland	74
Galveston	84	Rapid City	90
Green Bay	78	San Francisco	62
Havre	60	Santa Fe	90
Helena	62	Shreveport	92
Houghton	64	Spokane	70
Huron	70	St. Louis	88
Jacksonville	84	St. Paul	74
Kamloops	68	Sault Ste. Marie	56
Kansas City	80	Swift Current	58
Knoxville	92	Washington	90
La Crosse	80	Williston	58
Lander	78	Winnemucca	80
Los Angeles	76		
		Winnipeg	64

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth—West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and possibly cooler tonight and Sunday with possibly local showers; fresh and brisk winds, mostly northerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 7.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Generally fair today and Sunday; cooler tonight. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Sunday; slightly cooler tonight. The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday; warmer Sunday. Upper lakes—Fresh and brisk northwest to north winds; threatening this afternoon; generally fair tonight and Sunday.

IN THE FRONT RANK.

McIntosh, Minn., Times: As a live paper for busy people, The Duluth Evening Herald ranks right up at the top notch and we esteem it the most highly of any of the city dailies. Our reason for this is that its news service, always full and complete, is so boiled down as to give all the important news of the world within a space that busy people can easily cover.

Big Profit From a Little Article.

The postoffice department has never been conducted at a profit, a large deficit always appearing at the end of each year. It is the aim of the department to furnish everything, especially in the way of supplies, at as near cost as possible. There is one trifling little article of convenience used daily by a large number of people, which although sold as near to cost as practicable, has netted the government a handsome sum for so small an affair. Reference is made to the little paraffine paper books for which an extra cost is charged over the cost of the stamps contained therein. A great many people seem content to pay this extra penny for the privilege of having this little book which one can carry stamps in the pocket without danger of damage from the heat and moisture of the body. No compulsion is exerted by the department upon the postmasters, or by the postmasters upon the public; yet the returns of the two years during which the little books have been sold show that, at a profit amounting to only a fraction of 1 cent, the government has cleared more than $80,000 in cold cash. That the idea is popular and the fad not dying out is proved by the fact that in the whole fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, the profit was slightly above $29,000, whereas in the succeeding ten months it touched $36,000 and more; so that, if the same rate of increase continues, the total for the present fiscal year will considerable exceed $43,000.

Our Trade With South Africa.

The United States is likely to profit largely in a commercial way by the settlement of the war in South Africa. Before the war trade with South Africa was large and profitable. It has been practically dead since the outbreak of hostilities. Such exportations as there have been were supplies and principally for the British army—mules, horses, hay and such army supplies as canned goods that were particularly American. Most of the mules, horses and hay have been shipped in British transport bottoms from the port of New Orleans. A little hay and canned goods have been carried from the New York port, but these also have been shipped in British transports. The real trade in supplies for the country has been simply dead. That this trade will spring up again and as soon as conditions in the Transvaal and the Orange Free States are settled, is confidently believed this belief or expectation is not based on theory or speculation, but on actual conditions. That part of South Africa which has been under martial occupation is distinctively an agricultural country, where farming operations are conducted on a large scale, similar to that of the great West in this country. They use steam ploughs, reaping, mowing and harvesting machines. If these are to be purchased they must be bought in the United States in the proportion of ninety to ten. Practically three years of abandonment to war has wasted these implements. There must be a demand for them on the return of the population to their natural pursuits. Under the terms of peace the British government is pledged to restock the farms so that the lack of funds which might have been supposed would follow as a result of a wasting, ruinous war plays no part in the outlook of the exporters and shipper. Other supplies that a country changing from war conditions to those of peace and industry will naturally need, in the belief of the shippers, will also be furnished by the United States in their fair proportion; but the great bulk of the daily shipments, it is the prevailing opinion, will be agricultural implements. Thus in more ways than one is the proclamation of peace a direct benefit to the United States and the people rejoice that the end has come.

GOOD CROPS IN SIGHT.

There is occasion for rejoicing throughout the Northwest over the seemingly now well-assured prospect for this time of the year that there will be a bountiful harvest in the grain-raising regions to the west this fall.

The interview with Mr. McCabe, a well-posted grain man of this city, whose sources of information through his elevator agents scattered pretty well over North Dakota are most excellent, which was published in The Herald a few days ago, makes it clear that on the whole the threatening aspect of conditions that existed earlier in the spring has undergone a material change for the better. It apparently may now be accepted with reasonable certainty that not only the grain acreage of last season will be sown this year, but that considerable addition may be looked for.

The wheat area of the Red River valley, and perhaps of the whole state of North Dakota, may not be so large, but in view of the splendid indications that are to be found wherever the crop has been put in, it seems reasonable to predict a much larger yield of all kinds of grains, with a yield of wheat equal to last year's.

Of course there is plenty of time as yet for unfavorable weather to materially change the optimistic outlook that now prevails quite generally throughout the Northwest. But with such a promising start, so much more promising than is customary, a good part of the battle is won, and if Nature continues to smile, another year of wonderful prosperity will be the fortune of the husbandmen and the business men and workers of this Northwestern country.

CLERK OF SUPREME COURT.

The Herald notes with pleasure the movement which seems to be on foot to nominate Harlan P. Hall, the veteran editor and publisher of St. Paul, for clerk of the supreme court on the Democratic ticket. No person in the state is more deserving of this honor, and there are few whose names would give as much strength to the state ticket. Indeed Mr. Hall is worthy of any position on the ticket that he may desire, and if the office of clerk of supreme court would not accord with his desires, give him what he wants—he would fill any office with credit to the party and to the state. Certainly in his case the nomination would appear to be equivalent to an election, as he has hosts of friends all over the state who would vote for him, regardless of their party affiliations.

Mr. Hall was the founder of the St. Paul Dispatch, and later of the St. Paul Globe, and displayed great ability in the management of those papers. He is now the publisher of the St. Paul Trade Journal, and is making it a success. As a member of the Minnesota commission to the Columbian exposition at Buffalo, he gained fresh laurels by his splendid management of the state's exhibit.

The Democrats should not hesitate to put Mr. Hall on their state ticket. He would give it strength and be elected.

A COMMANDING POSITION.

Exceedingly flattering is the commanding position which the United States has assumed in the world's production of iron and steel. An idea of this position is conveyed in the figures published by the London Commercial Intelligence, devoted to such matters.

The world's total product of pig iron in 1901, it says, amounted to 40,408,000 tons, of which the United States contributed 15,878,000 tons; the United Kingdom, 7,750,000 tons; Germany, 7,-63,000 tons; Russia, 3,100,000 tons; France, 2,362,000 tons, and the remainder of the world, 3,655,000 tons. Comparing the product of 1901 with that of the annual average for the five-year period 1866-70, it will be seen that the United States has increased its iron steel output far more rapidly than any other nation, the figures being: United States, from 1,464,000 tons to 15,878,000 tons, an increase of 985 per cent; United Kingdom, from 5,133,000 tons to 7,750,900 tons, an increase of 51 per cent; Germany, from 1,226,000 tons to 7,663,000 tons, an increase of 525 per cent, and the entire world, exclusive of the countries mentioned, from 2,710,000 tons to 9,117,000 tons, an increase of 236 per cent.

An even more noticeable feature of growth pointed out by the authority from which there figures are quoted is the steady and enormous growth of the proportion of the world's product supplied by the United States and the equally rapid decadence in the position held by Great Britain. Thirty-five years ago Great Britain produced practically one-half of the world's pig iron, while the United States produced less than one-seventh of the total; whereas in 1901 the United States stood first in its proportion of the total, contributing practically four-tenths, as against less than two-tenths by the United Kingdom, and about the same share by Germany.

In the five-year period 1866-70, the world's per capita consumption of pig iron was 17 pounds; in 1901 it was 57 pounds; while in the latter year the United States consumed 455 pounds per capita and the United Kingdom 350 pounds per capita.

The effect of this remarkable increase in the production of iron in the United States has been strongly marked in its relation to our foreign commerce. Imports of iron and steel manufactures in 1882 amounted to $67,976,897 and formed 9.3 per cent of the total imports; in 1901 they had fallen to $17,874,789 and formed but 2.2 per cent of the total imports. On the other hand, our exports of iron and steel manufactures have grown during the same time from $20,748,206 in 1882, to $117,319,320 in 1901. They formed, in 1882, about 3 per cent of the manufactures exported; while in 1901 they formed 8 per cent of the total exports and 28 per cent of the manufactures exported.

SOCIOLOGICAL PROGRESS.

Rapid progress is being made throughout the various states of the Union in legislation dealing with sociological questions, and there is every reason to believe the future growth in this direction will be much more rapid and satisfactory. In this line the insane forms a prominent feature and much more attention is being given to improving their condition and studying their needs. Marked progress was made last year in Michigan and our own state. The former state provided for the erection of a psychopathic ward at the University of Michigan; the latter established in all cities of over 50,000 a retention ward for doubtful cases. New York also established a state board of control. Pennsylvania appointed a commission to inquire into the best methods of treatment of the insane, and Indiana enacted a statute allowing counties with a population of 150,000 or more to establish asylums for the chronic insane. The only legislation of importance looking to the care of the feeble-minded and the epileptic was in New Hampshire and New Jersey. New Hampshire had made no provision for the care of these classes prior to 1901, but in that year an act was passed "for the establishment and maintenance of a school for the cure and education of the feeble-minded." New Jersey passed an act "to establish a village for epileptics."

The trend of legislation relating to penal institutions was toward the centralization of control, the substitution of reformatories for prisons, and a more extended use of probation, indeterminate sentence, and parole. States that enacted laws embodying some or all of these ideas during 1901 are: Massachusetts, New York, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Minnesota, Michigan, California, Indiana and Vermont. Ohio and Virginia appointed a commission to inquire into the convict labor question. Missouri, South Carolina, Tennessee and North Dakota broadened the scope of convict labor by allowing them to be employed on the highways or railroad lines, on state farms, or in the state factories.

Legislative action relative to the liquor traffic for 1901 clearly indicates an intention to subject the business to such moderate restrictions as have heretofore proved effectual in limiting the number of places for traffic and locating them where the least harm can result and where they can be kept under surveillance. The imposition of excise taxes or license fees, as the initial step towards this accomplishment, continues to receive legislative approval. Laws dealing in some way with the liquor traffic were enacted in thirty states. These and many other states show plainly the trend of thought in the line of improvement. It speaks well for the states; it speaks well for our country.

THE COST OF WAR.

Now that terms of peace have been arranged and hostilities in South Africa have ceased, the cost of the great struggle in cold cash becomes an interesting study. Of course it cannot be ascertained at present what it cost the Boers in money. Their cash resources at the outbreak of the war have not been made public, but they were small in comparison with the huge sums expended by Great Britain. It is the British taxpayer upon whom the principal portion of the heavy burden must fall. A British parliamentary paper recently published gives in detail the figures covering the cost up to the close of March last, leaving the expenses for April and May to be compiled after the tumult of peace subsides. The total is £222,947,000, or $1,114,870,000.

The huge sum which the Boer war has cost England is divided in the following way: In 1899-1900 the total charges (interest on war debt, original and supplementary appropriations for the army, and the civil list) amounted to £23,217,000; in 1900-1901 this sum was almost trebled, the total being £65,120,000; in 1901-1902 this was still further increased to £71,037,000; and for the present year the estimate is £63,600,000. To meet this great expenditure in addition to the ordinary disbursements of the government money has had to be raised by extra taxation and by loans. The total ordinary expenditure for the four years in question (exclusive of interest on the war debt) is estimated at £486,190,000, and the ordinary revenue in that time (exclusive of the yield of taxation imposed since 1899-1900) has been £470,-133,000, leaving a deficit of £16,057,000. The total proceeds from the new taxation are estimated at £76,025,000, divided as follows: For 1900-1901, £14,055,-000; for 1901-1902, £27,797,000; for 1902-1903, £34,173,000. These proceeds with the £13,868,000 of revenue set free by the suspension of the sinking fund have left a total balance of revenue available for war charges of £73,836,-000; this in turn leaving £155,148,000 as the total balance of war expenditure to be charged to the capital account. To meet this balance a total of £159,-000,000 debt has been incurred, which realized in cash a total of £152,214,000.

With a total expenditure of almost £229,000,000, England will have spent in two campaigns (South Africa and China) about $30,000,000 more than Germany received from France in the shape of war indemnity. Strictly speaking Germany received as indemnity only five milliards of francs, or $10,000,000,000, but it got about $115,000,-000 more in the form of a special contribution from the city of Paris, special taxes and interest on the chief indemnity. Out of this total sum Germany paid the entire expenses of the war, established a pension fund of $140,000,000 for its old soldiers, spent $80,000,000 on army reorganization, $90,-000,000 on fortresses, $42,500,000 on strategetic railways and set aside $3,000,000 in gold as an imperial war chest in case of emergencies.

THE STEEL CORPORATION.

Some interesting figures have been computed from a comparison of basic figures given in the recently published annual report of the United States Steel corporation regarding the relative figure that that consolidation of producing and manufacturing represents in the steel world. There is no desire to here cram down readers' throats so many cold figures that they will not be understood or retained. Therefore, some contractions of these data have been prepared with the idea of furnishing the average person some conception of the extent of the factor that this corporation has become.

In the first place, there is a surprise in store for those persons even to whom the subject of steel rails is somewhat familiar. In this one thing the Steel corporation comes farther from having an actual monopoly than in anything else it makes. Its output of steel rails last year was equal to only 59 per cent of the total production of this country.

On the other hand, if we inquire about the raw material, we find that though the corporation last year made only 45 per cent of the pig iron product of the country, and mined only 46 per cent of the ore produced, it made 57 per cent of the Bessemer steel ingots manufactured in the country. It was equal to over 80 per cent of the total steel production of Great Britain and Germany. Still, it is shown that the corporation is in a sense, at least, under normal conditions, subject in its price influence to independent mines and furnacemen. This explains the large purchases of pig iron that are referred to for the first quarter of 1902, which are now in contemplation.

In other finished materials, the figures indicate a manufacture by the Steel corporation of about 65 per cent of the plate and sheet tonnage of the country. However, 55 per cent of this country's wire and wire products came from the corporation factories, and perhaps a much larger percentage of tinplate products were made by the factories. In tubes and pipes the steel trust's percentage of the whole was fully 85 per cent.

The corporation employed 158,000 men, paid $113,000,000 in wages, or an average of $713 to each, and its products brought a total of $411,000,000, or nearly one-third more than its manufacturing cost, though this undoubtedly does not represent the total cost of the products from the mine until placed f. o. b. cars when consigned to dealers.

SHOULD LEARN SPANISH.

The Hartford Courant advises "every bright and ambitious boy in these parts to begin the study of Spanish as soon as he can and keep it up until he cannot only read but write and speak Spanish with fluency. This advice is especially for boys who expect to go into business or to follow the profession of engineering." And it might have included other professions also.

This is excellent advice. In many developing countries a good working knowledge of Spanish may open the gates of opportunity to thousands of young men. Mexico is the nearest and perhaps the most important of such countries now, but beyond that are the states of Central America; vast, undeveloped South America. Cuba, almost at our door, and Porto Rico, our possession. And then across the Pacific are the Philippines, where in a few years will be opportunities for engineers, managers, superintendents, clerks and young men fitted for various positions. In all these countries Spanish is the chief language spoken. Those who would go abroad to do business in any of these countries should possess a knowledge of Spanish.

It would be of vastly more benefit to the boys in our high schools if they were taught Spanish instead of Latin or French.

Grouping together the French parliamentary groups of radicals, radical-socialists and socialists, it is found that their position in the chamber of deputies was much improved by the recent elections. The elections of 1898 gave them a total of 235 seats, while those of this year give them a total of 276 seats. The elections of 1893 gave them a total of 171 seats. It is evident that the principle of republicanism, as distinguished from the principle of monarchy, is steadily growing stronger.

John L. Sullivan would fall if he attempted to write a classic, but his philosophy is sound as may be judged from the following interview on wealth, using John D. Rockefeller as a text: "What good are his millions to him when he has a corrugated liver and would drop dead if he dared to have a good time?" asks Professor Sullivan. "Any healthy teamster in this town, who lives right, and lays by a bit for a rainy day, can lose Rockefeller when it comes to a showdown on happiness."

A Kentucky preacher, in an eloquent outburst, the other day cried upon God to "rain men like President Roosevelt for a year." A world full of Roosevelts, says the Des Moines News, would make life so strenuous that the Kentucky preacher would be praying the Lord to take some of them to Himself.

A startling precedent has been established in Mount Vernon, N. Y. A telephone girl there has been sent to jail for sixty days for flirting over the wire with a Port Chester builder. If telephone flirtation is going to be similarly punished everywhere, our jails will have to be enlarged.

Mr. Edison has again stimulated hopes in the automobile world by his confident statements concerning the possible development of his storage battery. But inventors sometimes get over-confident.

The proposition to have a new fifth postal class to cover educational publications is interesting, but who, asks the Boston Globe, is going to decide just what publications are educational?

Sir Thomas Lipton has ordered a Shamrock III so that America is sure of sport next year. The Shamrocks are likely to hold out indefinitely, for Sir Thomas does not easily tire.

The supreme court holds that the influence of beauty on a jury is not reason to upset a verdict in favor of a woman who sued for damages. It is a chivalric decision.

The governor of Montana has been made a Doctor of Laws. But no university has conferred the degree on Governor Van Sant; it would cause a laugh.

A Delaware man has been choked to death by a piece of beefsteak he was eating. Another horrible warning against the evils of extravagant living.

If Acting Governor Wright's statement be true, that warfare has ceased in the Philippines, there is no war now anywhere in the world.

The Chicago Chronicle says the action of the majority of the delegates at the Los Angeles convention was the Tillman shotgun policy feminized.

A London dispatch says that the duke of Marlborough is to wear the garter. This is where he gets on even terms with the duchess?

President Roosevelt is not coming to the Minnesota state fair this year. But he will visit the state later in September.

Paying the Boers $15,000,000 to restock their farms is cheaper than continuing to fight.

The Missouri mule must rejoice at the arranging of peace in South Africa.

What is so rare as a day in June—when it does not rain?

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Press: She—You don't love me as you once did. Before we were married you considered me absolutely perfect.

He—Exactly, and now you're perfectly absolute.

Chicago News: Youngwen (on bridal tour—I would like rooms for myself and wife.

Hotel Clerk—Suite, I suppose?

Youngwed—That's what. She's the sweetest thing that ever happened.

Somerville Journal: A woman has reason to begin to doubt a man's love to her when she finds that it is no longer possible for her to torment him.

Harper's Bazar: May—I had no idea before last night that Mr. Belcher was a man of such lofty ambitions and exalted ideas.

Maud—How did you come to find it out?

May—He proposed to me.

New York Sun: First Chicagoan—What was the reason of their separation?

Second Chicagoan—They couldn't agree on a mutual cause for divorce.

Smart Set: Prof. Wing—Now that we have discussed the entire feathered kingdom I wish you young women would tell me which one of these birds you consider most important to the welfare of the human race.

The Class (in chorus)—The stork.

New York World: Little Girl—Ma, Uncle Silas eats with his knife.

Ma—Uncle Silas is rich enough to eat with a fire shovel if he prefers it.

Philadelphia Press: Daughter—I don't see why you dislike Mr. Spooner.

Father—Well, for one thing, he's too close and—

Daughter—Oh! pa! Were you mean enough to spy on us last evening?

Chicago Tribune: "Esmeralda," asked her father, with some sternness, "what was that young congressman's business here last night?"

"We were merely holding a caucus, papa," she replied.

"H'm!" he rejoined, glancing at something that sparkled on one of her shapely fingers, "and you adopted a ringing resolution, did you?"

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The bird of paradise is the stork.

Honesty is the best policy for the man you are honest with.

There is no use trying to love any woman by a fixed rule.

A woman never wants to forget her first love; she never wants to remember her last.

If a man could understand one woman in the world he could understand them all, but he stops at the first.

THE HOME-COMING.

Sure, it's years an' years, alanna, since we saw you leave the door,
But you're comin' home tomorrow, an' you'll never leave us more.
You are comin' home, aroon,
Wid the brightness of the noon—
An' the mother's lookin' younger than she ever did afore.

Sure, 'twas all the worl' between us when you went across the sea,
Just a towhead Irish laddie fresh from playin' at my knee,
Wid the curls upon your brow—
But your grown to manhood now,
Yet you've always been the laddie that you used to be, to me.

There'll be scrapin' o' the fiddles when the neighbors come to greet,
An' the smilin' o' the mother's sure to make your welcome sweet.
Sure, she's often, often wept
As she told of how you crept
Trough the roses, where the blossoms tried to kiss your little feet.

'Twill be joy for sure tomorrow, when you're in your home again,
But you'll never be the laddie that I used to dandle then;
An' I somehow—never mind!
But I somehow wish the laddies wouldn't grow up into men.

Sure, its' years an' years, alanna, since your boy-feet hurried down
To the ship that stood awaitin, over there beyant the town—
But you're comin' home, aroon,
Wid the brightness of the noon—
An' the mother'd not change places wid a quane in golden crown.

—Baltimore American.

All Flags Look Alike to Him.

Chicago News: Morgan lets 'em fly any flag so he gets a profit.

Title He Fought For.

Louisville Post: "Street Car" Money, of Mississippi.

Wireless Telegraphy Limitations

By Prof. Michael L. Pupin, Inventor of the Induction Coil for Telephones.

There is no doubt in my mind that wireless telegraphy will be a great commercial success. It is a mistake to call it wireless telegraphy, for the water acts as a wire—with salt water very much better than fresh water. These messages will have a field entirely their own and for oceanic messages between fixed points on land the cable will always be superior.

Wireless messages may be sent across the ocean, but the work will be necessarily slow. The wireless system can never compete with the cables of the cables are developed to their highest efficiency. The cables certainly are not so developed today. It would be possible for cable messages to be sent at the rate of 1000 words a minute instead of the very slow method of today.

The Marconi system will compel cable companies to lay new cables which can send messages without delay and with great rapidity. When such cables are laid, there will be no competition between them and any wireless system. This is due to the fact that the wireless message is not concentrated, but is weakened by being scattered. It goes everywhere and is not picked up until it strikes a current attuned to the same number of vibrations.

There is an infinite number of points on the scale of inductance, and it is possible to so adjust two wires that they may receive messages from each other at this infinity of attunements. This would make it extremely difficult for a hostile operator to pick up a wireless message. Suppose two fleets of battleships were enemies. If I was talking to one of my own fleet and the enemy sought to get the message, it would take them a long time to catch the attunement, and by the time the enemy could catch the tune, so to speak, it would be changed to another. The value of the Marconi system will lie in the communication with ships on the ocean. There will be a tremendous business along just this line.

Wireless messages can never be sent at great distances on land. The land is a very poor conductor, and all of these messages go right on the surface of the land or water, not more than a few inches below the surface at most. I doubt whether such messages could be sent from New York to Philadelphia, for example.

Too Much Criticism of Our Soldiers

By Major General Wesley Merritt; U. S. A. (Retired.)

There is too much criticism of our soldiers.

We ought to be more generous to them. They're the most intelligent soldiers in the world and require very little commanding. I do not believe now, nor have I ever believed, it difficult to manage the Philippines. If we treat the natives in a generous American spirit, they will respond. If we give them to understand that they are to be a part and parcel of the United States, they will not be so anxious to continue to fight.

The un-American principle of treating them as an inferior, conquered and vassal race will never succeed.

They expected great things from us, and we have done little for them. Thus far we have done one good thing—we've sent them teachers, and we ought to send more.

No Election of Senators By the People

By William P. Frye, President pro tem of the Senate.

The senate in its present formation has lasted now for considerably more than 100 years, and in my opinion no change will be made in the next hundred years.

I do not believe that the people of the United States, after the matter has been discussed and thoroughly understood, will have any doubt of the wisdom of the fathers in conferring upon the legislatures of the several states of the Union the power of electing United States senators instead of making their election depend on the popular vote of the people.

I cannot personally see any good reason for a change in the method of electing United States senators or any benefit to be derived by any departure from the present methods.

I will say, in conclusion, that I am very decidedly against the election of United States senators by popular vote.

Snubbing, the Bane of Social Intercourse.

By Mrs. Donald McLean.

The bane of social intercourse is snubbing. Snubbing is adopted presumably to emphasize one's superiority to the person snubbed. On its face it defeats its own end, for the woman who wishes to be agreeable to society naturally wishes to make society believe in her. But when she snubs anyone whom she considers beneath her, she is giving ample proof that neither she or her ancestors have not been used to the grade of society in which she finds herself, and that she is therefore not what she would have others believe.

The woman who has a right to the social position she occupies and whose family for generations has been in the same position will find it necessary to snub no one, neither those whom she meets socially and whom she does not consider her social equals, nor those in other walks of life with whom she is brought into casual contact.

Graciousness to her friends and to her servants, to her acquaintances and to her sewing women, to her children and to everyone asking a favor of her, to those who are gentlewomen and to those who are not—that is the first rule of conduct for one who fulfils her duty to society by being agreeable.

The negative compliment of graciousness is also important; that is amiability.

Under the most trying circumstances, when it is difficult indeed to be gracious, a woman can always be amiable. There are circumstances in which graciousness is more than human, but they are not many, and at any time amiability is possible. The woman who has a talent for neither would far better lack personal charm.

A National Bureau of Criminal Identification

By Major Richard Sylvester, Chief of Police of Washington.

There is a bill before congress having for its object the establishment of a national bureau of criminal identification in connection with the department of justice.

Those who are familiar with the proposed law do not hesitate to pronounce it a desirable one, a companion measure to that which provides against anarchy.

When it is considered that criminal information of all kinds can be concentrated and disseminated to the police authorities generally without delay under its operations, and that records and names of those who are inimical to good government can readily be secured, some conception may be had of its value to the authorities and the country at large.

There are those who are apt to close their eyes against a painful truth, who are loath to believe that within our gates exist organizations of a secret character whose purpose and acts are inimical to the welfare and existence of the state. Those who compose them are generally the product of foreign climes. They teach no doctrine, they possess no principles, they have no creed, but aim to destroy, simply to witness destruction. They would pull down the pillars of the temple in order to see them fall and crush those who would construct and systematize. Our liberal laws as to publication and speech have been taken advantage of to encourage them in their work. It has remained for history to repeat itself in cruel assassination to emphasize these conditions. Nearly a year ago the Association of Chiefs of Police of the United States and Canada memorialized congress to define anarchy and to name a penalty for it. Action has been had in that direction, but congress should pass the proposed law and provide, at a small expense, those means which would enable us to gather, concentrate and officially communicate the names, addresses and movements of anarchists at home and abroad.

The contemplated national bureau of criminal identification is the entering wedge which would assist in stamping out the growth of such an element.

Let John Chinaman Sleep

By Professor Frederick Starr.

The Chinese are better able to conquer the world by migration than any other people.

They are physically adequate in ways that other people are not. Their power is recognized and feared.

It would be well not to rouse the Mongolians from their long sleep.

Closing Out Sale.

Pianos and Organs

(Manufacturers' Sale.)

At **half (½) price on monthly payments.** I have been instructed by the manufacturers to sell all Pianos and Organs now on hand at less than cost to manufacture them. This stock of new and second hand Pianos and Organs must be sold before June 10th. Call and satisfy yourself that I am offering:

$200 Pianos for $100
$300 Pianos for $150

GEO. W. TIETZ, 34 W. First St., Cor. 1st Ave. W.

OPEN EVENINGS.

ZENOTA ?

The Selection of Glasses....

Is not one in which personal taste and fancy can alone dictate. You must allow your optician, after a thorough test of your eyes, to give you a lens that suits your particular case. Both eyes may not be exactly alike, or some other requirement will interfere. Put your case in my hands and you will get the right treatment. Satisfaction guaranteed and examinations free.

A. L. Norberg,

OPTICIAN,

No. 5 West Superior Street.

TORTURE

Inflicted on Filipinos as Considered By a Legal Publication.

Law Notes: Among the other instances of torture inflicted by American soldiers on natives in the Philippines, it was related before the senate committee on May 8 that the "water cure" was administered to "ten or twelve" Filipinos to compel them to show whether they had participated in the murder by the roasting and "toasting" of an American soldier. According to the witness one of the natives confessed and implicated the others. The water cure was administered two successive days, though information was obtained the first day. That our soldiers should be guilty of such things in a land in which they were present as bearers of civilization to unenlightened savages is a matter of indignation and humiliation to all good citizens. Such proceedings can take the representatives of American civilization back some centuries and place them on a level for cruelty and intellectual obtuseness with the officers of the inquisition, or with the administrators of the systems descended from the Roman law before Beccaria and placed man's inhumanity to man in its true light. Moreover, it does not show a high degree of intelligence that in the twentieth century men should think that by processes of torture the truth could be elicited. "Torture," says the Digest of Justinian, "is a weak, dangerous and fallacious method of inquiry. For most men by patience and the endurance of torments come to despise torture so much that the truth can in no way be elicited from them; others are so timid that they will lie as you please rather than suffer torture; so it happens that they speak at random and accuse not themselves but others." No modern lawyer needs to be reminded how fallacious are confessions even under the best circumstances, and numerous instances like those of the Bourneg and of Constance Kent will occur to his mind. Further illustrations of the effect of the use of torture may be found in 27 How. St. Trs. 765, where the cruelties of government officials in suppressing the Irish rebellion of 1798 are detailed. On page 783 is related the case of a man who under cruel flogging made a random accusation against another without foundation. How many accusations extracted under torture in the Philippines are equally unreliable?

* * *

All modern systems of torture find their sanction in the Roman law, and in that system torture is said by Cicero to rest on immemorial custom. Its use seems to have been confined to slaves at first, but under the law of the empire it was allowed in various cases, and titles in the code and the digest are devoted to its regulation, which was as fair as the rules for such a proceeding could be. It was to be applied only as a last resort, and in general solely against accused persons and when there was an indicium of guilt from other sources. These rules were taken up by the church, and, after the revival of Roman law in the middle ages, spread over all countries deriving their jurisdiction from that source. The use of torture was never recognized in England by the books of the law, although under the Tudor and Stuart kings resort was frequently had to it. Under t[illegible] good Queen Bess it reached its culminating point, and "the rack," says Hallam, "seldom stood idle in the Tower for all the latter part of Elizabeth's reign." Yet Sir Edward Coke declared that there was "no law to warrant tortures in this land," and to the same effect was a resolution of the judges in Felton's case, 2 St. Trials 371. A prohibition against torture is said in Coke's Inst. 48 to be contained in the 29th chapter of Magna Charta, which forbids any man to be in any way destroyed unless by the law of the land. The official use of torture has been altogether unknown in the United States as a means of procuring evidence; yet there are two or three instances of the infliction of torture in which these matters have been discussed. Miller v. People, 39 Ill. 47; Hector v. State, 2 Mo. 166, 22 Am. Dec. 454; State v. Hobbs, 2 Tyler (Vt.) 380. In the days of the French law in Quebec, torture is said to have been a familiar mode of discovering and punishing crime. 18 Quart. L. Rev. 182.

It is the quality of pitch to blacken what it touches, and civilized officers seem not to be able to withstand contact with the half-civilized savages without a loss of moral susceptibility. This is illustrated by the trial of Gen. Thomas Picton, governor of the island of St. Trinidad, for ordering the application of torture to a mulatto woman suspected of knowing more than she told about a robbery. 30 St. Trs. 225. His defense was based on the fact that the Spanish laws which allowed the use of torture were still in force in the island. Yet it seems that he only escaped by the reluctance of the authorities to punish a brave and capable officer; and Gen. Picton was a brave officer, who, after serving in the Peninsula, subsequently met death at Waterloo as Lieut.-Gen. Sir Thomas Picton. Another analogy of our brave and excellent soldiers, who in command are guilty of conniving at these atrocities. The "water cure" seems to have been in use long ago, and John Evelyn describes its infliction on a poor wretch in Paris in the middle of the seventeenth century.

Sunday Excursion!

to TWO HARBORS On Steamer

IROQUOIS

Leaves Singer's dock, Lake avenue and Morse street, at 10 a. m., for Two Harbors. Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves at 2 p. m. for Two Harbors. Returning, leaves Two Harbors at 5 p. m.

Fare 50c Round Trip.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Boston—Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 3.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 5.
At Brooklyn—Chicago, 6; Brooklyn, 3.
At New York—Pittsburg, 4; New York, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 14; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Kansas City—St. Paul, 10; Kansas City, 4.
At Columbus—Louisville, 11; Columbus, 2.
At Toledo—Toledo, 7; Indianapolis, 6.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 5; Milwaukee, 2. Second game—Minneapolis, 4; Milwaukee, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	29	23	7	.821
Chicago	29	25	14	.641
Brooklyn	40	20	20	.500
Boston	38	16	22	.421
New York	40	17	23	.425
Philadelphia	39	17	22	.436
St. Louis	39	15	24	.385
Cincinnati	40	15	25	.375

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	35	21	14	.600
Chicago	35	20	15	.571
Boston	36	21	15	.583
St. Louis	34	17	17	.500
Baltimore	37	18	19	.486
Detroit	34	16	18	.471
Washington	38	18	20	.474
Cleveland	38	13	25	.342

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Louisville	36	23	13	.639
Columbus	41	26	15	.634
Indianapolis	38	23	15	.605
St. Paul	37	22	15	.595
Kansas City	38	19	19	.500
Milwaukee	37	16	21	.432
Minneapolis	37	13	24	.351
Toledo	36	8	28	.222

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that **cures a cold in one day.**

The Whirl Of Politics

It looks like lots of company for J. Adam Bede and a lively campaign before the primaries.

The Herald's political friends have informed it with a considerable degree of certainty this week of the following facts:

W. E. Culkin is going to run for congress.

W. E. Culkin is not going to run for congress.

Leon E. Lum is going to run for congress.

Leon E. Lum is not going to run for congress.

F. B. Daugherty is going to run for congress.

F. B. Daugherty is not going to run for congress.

Frank E. Searle is going to run for congress.

* * *

The most definite announcement in this list is the last one, and it may be looked upon to be authoritatively confirmed almost any day. Mr. Culkin has stated that he would not run, and his statement did not appear to have any string on it. Mr. Daugherty has said nothing, but there are numerous reports that his health is so much improved that he has an ample supply to carry him through a most vigorous campaign, and that he is likely to attempt it. Mr. Lum is not saying much, either, but it is believed that he is a receptive candidate, at least.

* * *

This sudden awakening of interest gives promise of a much more interesting campaign than had been expected. With only one candidate for the nomination it would have been a pretty tame affair, but with several there ought to be a real nice time, and voluminous contributions to the gaiety of nations should result.

* * *

Anent the Searle candidacy comes this mysterious remark from George A. Van Smith's political column in the St. Paul Globe:

"The St. Paul News says apathy on the part of F. E. Searle to break into the Republican congressional race in the Sixth district has led to the mention of other possibilities. If Searle lived in the Sixth district, or had been mentioned as a Sixth district candidate he might be expected to be somewhat apathetic. Once upon a time he managed a congressional campaign for his brother in the old Sixth district, and a lot of Republicans have not forgotten it either."

* * *

"Why should I conceal it?" inquired George J. Mallory yesterday afternoon. "Yes, I am a candidate for renomination to the legislature in the Forty-ninth district. I guess the boys have imagined enough so this will not be very startling information, but it is true, just the same."

* * *

Representative Noyes of Barnum is still off the reservation, and refuses to come in and be peaceable, but gets on his war paint and feathers and utters the war whoop every time the name of Van Sant is mentioned. In his last issue he says:

"There are certain ones in this county who say we made a mistake in opposing Governor Van Sant's renomination and that it will cost us our seat at St. Paul. We have never been a party to any scheme to keep from the people the facts, and if we have got to get down to lying in order to be re-elected, why, we won't be elected. We have said, and do so repeat it, that to renominate Governor Van Sant would be suicidal for the party; that his fight against the 80-called merger is, and has been, nothing but a farce, simply a scheme to blind the people in his political interests, and we defy any one to prove differently. Has any practice for the people been gained by the many suits started? Are not the railroads declaring their dividends right along? and will anyone dare to say that this unwarranted action on the governor's part is not indirectly, if not directly, the cause of so many shops today in which many unthinking men have been led to act by the selfish and unpatriotic action of the governor. Look at the returns of 1900, when we had William McKinley to lead the party, and do they not show that this same Van Sant ran about 69,000 votes behind McKinley? Now facts are facts, and we believe that we are as conversant with the true situation as any of our critics, and we assure them that we shall vote for and do as much for the ticket as nominated as any one in our humble position. But mark our prediction, Van Sant will not be re-elected."

* * *

It is interesting to note the manner in which the name of H. P. Hall, as the Democratic nominee for clerk of the supreme court, is being taken up all over the state. The name of the veteran St. Paul newspaper man has been hailed with enthusiasm on every hand, and it is very probable that he will receive the nomination at the Democratic convention. The nomination would add great strength to the ticket, and with John Lind at the top it would make a very popular combination.

* * *

Odin Halden has been most of the week looking after the affairs of the state auditorship campaign farther down in the state, in the enemy's country. It is a big state, with its eighty-two counties, and it will, of course, be impossible for Mr. Halden to cover it all in the time alloted him. However, his friends are pretty well scattered over the state, and each one of them is a center of activity in the fight. Mr. Halden has been getting some very favorable press comments in the lower part of the state, out in distinctly Iverson and Jacobson territory.

The auditorship is a warm one, and it is getting hotter every day. From present appearances it is going to be a hot finish between Halden and Iverson, with Jacobson safely in the rear. Even those who favor Jacobson seem to think he stands no show whatever. The great noise he has made in the legislature from session to session, and the immense amount of advertising the newspapers have mistakenly given him, will undoubtedly bring him votes, but the belief that he is not a safe man for so responsible a position will drive many more away.

* * *

One admirable thing about the fight is that the three candidates are treating each other very nicely. Not one of them has yet uttered a harsh word about the others, and this relieves the fight of all unpleasantness.

* * *

Dr. DuBois, of Sauk Center, seems to be occupying in the Democratic congressional field in the Sixth district the same enviable position of loneliness that has been J. Adam Bede's lot for so long. Judge Buffer of St. Cloud has flatly and positively withdrawn from the field, and as Dr. Hemsted announced some time ago that he was simply a candidate for the house again, this leaves Dr. DuBois alone in the field, and he will probably get the nomination. He will have Senator C. B. Buckman to go against, in all probability, and it will be a pretty fight in the closest district in the state.

* * *

Preparations are going on for the second annual banquet of the Republican club of West Duluth, which will be held at Great Eastern hall, West Duluth, Wednesday, June 18. An excellent program of speakers is being prepared, and it will be ready for announcement about the middle of next week.

* * *

"Why not James Gray?" asks the Sauk Center Avalanche, in the matter of the Democratic nomination for governor, and then it goes on to answer the question by saying that "no mistake would be made in naming him for governor."

* * *

Nevertheless, as June 25, the date for the Democratic convention, draws nearer, the feeling that Mr. Lind may be the Democratic candidate after all grows stronger, and the easiness that the Republicans of the state felt a few weeks ago when it was generally considered that John Lind was out of it has given way to feelings of trepidation. Nothing is certain about it one one way or another, in the absence of any definite declaration on the part of Mr. Lind, but the feeling is swinging to the belief that he will be unanimously nominated and that he will not refuse.

* * *

The Milaca Times says that "the Republican bosses of this district are mighty slow about endorsing J. Adam Bede. But then he is being very liberally endorsed by the rank and file and will probably be able to get along quite comfortably without their stamp of approval."

* * *

In discussing the matter of tax reform and the special session of the legislature—though those subjects are widely dissimilar and have no faint relation or connection—the Red Wing Argus sums it up thus:

"Here was the whole trouble—the majority in the legislature had no program, no policy, no agreed purpose. They were working in the dark. They did not know what they wanted nor what their constituencies wanted."

* * *

The Minneapolis Journal says that Odin Halden has cut into the section "eat-a-cornered" from Duluth, according to the following extract from the Ivanhoe Times:

"We believe Mr. Halden, as a representative of the north, has a claim that should not be ignored. What the party most wants is harmony at all times and justice and fair dealing is one of the tenets of the faith.

"Mr. Halden is a gentleman and is highly qualified, both by his ability and experience to fill the office, and 'Bob' Dunn could have no worthier successor. Besides, Mr. Halden lives in the mining district of this state and perhaps better understands, than any other man—having been for several years auditor of St. Louis county—the conditons there, and if elected state auditor will be able to force these corporations to pay their just proportions of taxes, which heretofore has never been done."

* * *

The St. Peter Free Press, which was at one time one of the papers that were fearful of Odin Halden because of the silly belief that the iron interests have a mortgage on all the human beings in St. Louis county, is out with this pleasant paragraph about him:

"Odin Halden, of Duluth, candidate for state auditor, appears to get stronger as he grows older and it would not be very surprising should he carry of the plum in a contest which but a few months ago seemed to be a forlorn undertaking. Mr. Halden represents the anti-trust element of St. Louis county and the mere fact that he was elected county auditor in the face of corporative opposition speaks well for his strength and his popularity. His nomination would also mean much for the rest of the Republican state ticket and in a possible close election probably be the cause of saving the party from defeat. The matter is deserving of serious consideration."

* * *

The Virginia Enterprise thus holds out hope to the Democrats and looks threatingly at the Republicans:

"The Duluth politician again seeks acquaintance with the range press and the range people. If the Democrats of the county should favor the ranges with a goodly percentage of nominations some of the old-timers around the court house might conclude that a closer acquaintance with range voters in the interim between campaigns would have been a paying proposition."

* * *

At the beginning of the campaign the usual run of plens is being heard for recognition of location, race, creed and what not, regardless of the fact that the primary election law has made it most difficult to deliver the goods. The party managers might have the best intentions in the world to placate faction or locality by conceding places on the ticket, but they would not be able to do it. The primary election is free to every man with $10, and instead of controlling 750 delegates in a convention to deliver a county office, the politicians will have to control the 8,000 or 10,000 voters of their party in the county, which is rather a large order. Thus, the managers might concede that the ranges are entitled to an office or two, as some of the range papers are claiming, and they might consent to give them. They could not, however, prevent Duluth men who were not party managers filing their certificates and getting on the ticket, and once on the ticket they might prove to be strong men and win out over the concessions of the party managers.

* * *

The Aitkin Independent thus arranges the legislative affairs of the Fifty-second district for the Republicans:

"The Grand Rapids Magnet is out for Col. Potter for the senate, and there seems to be a general disposition to get together. A. L. Cole, of Walker, will in all probability be a candidate for the house and Carlton county will have a candidate for the other house vacancy. So this fixes the legislative affairs for the Republicans."

* * *

Some time ago The Herald was informed from what appeared to be reliable sources that A. P. Cook was not going to be a candidate for sheriff this year, and it so announced. It now appears that there was a mistake somewhere, and that Mr. Cook is in the field, as large as life. So are Sheriff Sargent, W. W. Butchart, Archie Phillips and "Zeke" Kendall.

* * *

Says the Virginia Enterprise:

"It is stated by the Mesaba Ore that Dame Rumor connects the name of ex-President Redfern, of Hibbing, with a desire to connect with a legislative seat. But the rumor is started late; if the Mesaba breaks into the halls of the lower house this year the credentials will be carried in his inside pocket by a man named Dowling, of Eveleth. But at that we scarce think Mr. Dowling is losing any sleep in pondering over the possibility of being placed in such a predicament."

* * *

The Brainerd Arena thus sententiously, epigrammatically and most truthfully philosophizes:

"Servility of newspapers to party corruption and corrupt politicians is an attribute of limited intelligence."

A Wonderful Medicine.

Beecham's Pills

FOR ALL

Bilious and Nervous Disorders,

Sick Headache, Constipation, Wind and Pains in Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver and Female Ailments.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE PROPRIETOR,

Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Eng., and 365 Canal St., New York.

Sold by all Druggists in United States.

In boxes, 10c. and 25c.

LET EVERY MAN AFFLICTED WITH

VARICOCELE

READ CAREFULLY WHAT FOLLOWS:

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

ADVANTAGE OF MY METHOD OF CURING VARICOCELE.

My treatment is absolutely painless and devoid of danger; no anaesthetic is given.

The cure is permanent. I have treated thousands of the most aggravated cases without a single failure or recurrence.

You are under the care of a reliable specialist, that is acknowledged authority in the treatment of men, and whose superior method of treatment is nowhere else obtainable in America.

You are not subjected to the dangerous experiments of antiquated treatments which you are liable to receive at the hands of incompetent and inexperienced doctors. Varicocele is a very serious and delicate disease, and necessarily requires skilled, expert treatment. I am treating many cases daily, and have gained a national reputation as being successful in the treatment of Varicocele and its results — Nervous Debility and Lost Health.

I Also Cure to Stay Cured

Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervous Debility

and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes?

STRICTURE.

It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture or how many different doctors have disappointed you. I will cure you just as certain as you come to me for treatment. I will not do it by cutting or dilating. My treatment is entirely original with me and perfectly harmless. It completely dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction of the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the vital organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

BLOOD POISON.

Specific Blood Poison was for ages supposed to be incurable. This ancient idea still exists in the minds of many physicians, who continue to salivate their patients with potash, mercury and other dangerous mineral mixtures, which, instead of forcing the disease out of the system, drives it deeper in, where it lies dormant for a time, and then breaks out again in the form of some frightful skin, blood or bone disease. I cure Specific Blood Poison to stay cured forever. I challenge the medical world for a case in any stage that I cannot positively cure, never to return, in from sixty to ninety days. My treatment for this disease is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It is purely vegetable in composition and perfectly harmless in effect.

NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY.

Men, many of you are now reaping the result of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and you will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all vital diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. I have treated so many cases of this kind that I am as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by me and you will never again be bothered with emissions, drains, premature weakness, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or pleasure. My treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

ASSOCIATE DISEASES.

In curing a disease of any kind I never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to a perfectly healthful condition. If it is Contagious Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint are entirely and permanently elliminated from the system. If it is Impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a premature decline of physical and mental power are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence all resulting ills and reflex complications which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact, are often more serious that the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, I say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Most cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at my office, write me a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Address all communications to

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

AT THE HOTELS

Edwin Romberg, of New York, is at the Spalding. Mr. Romberg is a son-in-law of Lazarus Silverman, of Chicago, and is understood to be interested with him in section 25, which is situated near the famous section 30.

* * *

D. T. McPhee and D. Z. Glendenning, business men of Koochiching, the town on the Canadian border, just opposite Fort Francis, that is to be the northerly terminus of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake railway, are at the St. Louis. They are witnesses in the murder case against "Bill" Randolph, which is to come to trial in Itasca county.

* * *

Charles Etten, of Ely, is at the McKay.

* * *

C. F. Schoepfel, Sandusky; S. Hubert, Minneapolis; A. R. Olson, Minneapolis; John G. Lusch, New York; George D. Healy, Hibbing; Charles A. Fisher, St. Paul; N. D. Stoner, Bemidji; Charles E. Dormin, Minneapolis, and A. A. Muck, Lake Nebagamain, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

E. A. Lycett, St. Paul; D. O. Macqualne, Chicago; E. F. Sands, St. Paul; E. E. Leighton, Minneapolis; R. H. Shaller, Cincinnati; H. F. Bray, New York; Burt F. Lum, Frank Dimond, Minneapolis; H. S. Hawkins and Hanks and wife, Jackson, Mich., are at the Spalding.

* * *

Sam Norcon and wife, Alpena; M. A. Torinus, Stillwater; J. H. Robbins, St. Paul; Mrs. William Cleland, Jamestown, N. D.; E. F. Sternberg, St. Paul; J. R. Porterfield, Cloquet; E. B. Smith, Minneapolis, and A. R. Merritt, Lexington, Neb., are at the McKay.

THE HAUGE SYNOD.

Prof. M. G. Hanson Has Been Re-Elected President.

Sacred Heart, Minn., June 7.—The Hauge Norweglan Lutheran synod elected officers as follows: Professor M. G. Hanson, of Red Wing, re-elected president; Rev. J. N. Sandven, Roland, Iowa, vice president; Rev. N. J. Lohre, Minneapolis, Minn., secretary.

A number of official reports were read. The attendance at the Lutheran college at Jewell, Iowa, was 159 and $900 has been raised for a new dormitory. Contributions to the different branches of work have been liberal.

Five new churches have been dedicated, namely: Bloomington, Ill.; Chicago, Ill.; Ihlen, Minn.; Blooming Prairie, Minn.; and Grand Rapids, Mich.

The attendance at the Red Wing seminary is 148.

Mrs. Jane Christenson, of Ada, Minn., has donated $1000 to the Chinese mission. The synod is running six prosperous schools for children in China, the attendance being over 200. The Orphans' home at Beresford takes care of about fifty children. The Budbaereren has 2,500 subscribers, and the receipts of the publishing house were $9000; of home missions, $3900, and those of the Chinese mission almost $9000.

The important question of permanently locating the Red Wing seminary will be discussed next Monday.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

Chicago to New York In 20 Hours.

"THE PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL."

In addition to present through trains, the Pennsylvania Lines will, on Sunday, June 15th, inaugurate their 20 Hour Passenger Service between Chicago and New York, leaving Chicago daily at 12 o'clock noon.

The Equipment of the new train will be up to date, and it will be known as "The Pennsylvania Special"—running through from Chicago to New York in 20 hours.

For particular information, please call upon or address H. R. Dering, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, 248 South Clark Street, Chicago.

AMENDMENT

To Morris Bill Accepted In House Committee.

Washington, June 7.—The house committee on Indian affairs yesterday decided upon an amendment to the Morris bill providing for the publication of rules and regulations for disposing of timber ninety days before the date of the first sale. Many lumbermen objected to the bill because of the fact that it is indefinite in its terms and nothing could be known in advance about what would be required of successful bidders in the way of time and place of cutting with relation to the date of the acceptance of the bids. It is believed that these regulations will cover fully all the points in dispute between the lumbermen who are prospective bidders and the department.

Representative Eddy also offered an amendment providing for the sale of timber at public auction instead of by sealed bids. It was defeated by a vote of 6 to 2, two other members being present and not voting.

Eddy declined to say anything whether he would offer the amendment on the floor when the bill comes up for consideration, but added that when he starts out to get something he does not stop until he is beaten at the windup of the game.

TIRED BRAINS

and diseased nerves go hand in hand. If you are suffering with nervous debility, insomnia, indigestion, weak memory or pain in the back, take

VIRTUAMA

Compounded from the favorite prescription of one of the foremost specialists for nervous diseases in the world. And is without a peer as a nerve and brain treatment. Worth its weight in gold.

Sold only by

MAX WIRTH,

Druggist,

13 West Superior Street.

Actinic or Violet Rays

The most effective and painless treatment known for

Cancer, Consumption and Skin Diseases.

This is the same light as that used by the celebrated Dr. Finsen, of Copenhagen, and eminent New York specialists.

For particulars address

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.,

319 First Ave. East, Duluth.

Condensed Phosphorous Water

will cure **RHEUMATISM** Kidney, Liver and Stomach Troubles.

Apply to John Hoerr, 1316 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

Wall Paper

In order to make room for our new Fall stock we will make a reduction in all lines of Wall Paper that will interest you.

⅓ Off on All Grades!

30,000 ROLLS.

This makes a room 12 x 14 as low as 50c.

H.A.Hall & Co.

16 E. Superior St. DECORATORS.

ZENITH PAPER CO.

Yes! An Expanding Book Case.

One which will grow as your library develops. It is always complete. All you need to start it is a base and a top and one section, then as you need more shelf room you add more sections.

If you are interested call at our store and see our stock, or telephone 118 and our salesman will call on you.

We have a complete line of office furniture.

222 and 224 West Michigan Street. 'Phone 118.

Our Work Speaks for Itself Every piece of work we take in charge is given our most exacting personal attention until it is completed. We make a specialty of original and strictly exclusive designing. 'Phone 1397.

Duluth Painting and Decorating Co., 412 W. First St.

New Spring Wall Papers

100,000 Rolls—Just From Factory.

SUTTON'S, 14 W. Sup. St.

Peachey & Lounsberry,

The Printers.

Zenith 'Phone 316. Duluth 'Phone 166-5.

New Address Providence Bldg.

DUFF FOUND IT NO BLUFF

Iowa Farmer Promised to Kill Physician If He Returned to Garden Grove and He Made His Threat Good.

Garden Grove, Iowa, June 7.—Because he returned to this village in spite of a threat that his life would be taken if he did so, Dr. W. D. Duff has been shot and killed by W. H. Clark, a farmer. Dr. Duff had formerly practiced medicine here, but recently removed to Blackton. Ill-feeling had existed between the two men, and when the doctor departed the farmer promised to kill him if he ever came back. When Clark learned that Duff had returned, he borrowed a shot gun and, locating the doctor in a drug store, he entered and fired two shots at him, both taking effect near the heart. Clark at once gave himself into custody, remarking that he had kept his promise.

LAMENTABLY DEFICIENT

Caustic Criticism of the Inefficiency of the Officers of the British Army In the Report of Military Committee.

London, June 7.—The report of the committee on military education and training, issued today, furnishes the strongest official corroboration of the inefficiency of the officers of the British army. The committee's report, which is based on the evidence of the officers themselves, from the commander-in-chief downwards, fills forty-eight printed pages with caustic criticism of the existing system. The witnesses were unanimous in saying that the junior officers were lamentably deficient in military knowledge, the desire to acquire knowledge and in zeal. The committee finds that the young officers will not work unless compelled to do so, that "keenness is out of fashion," and that "it is not correct form." The committee declares that many officers do not possess an elementary education, and plaintively protest that officers ought "at least to be able to express themselves clearly and concisely in their own language." The report condemns the system of both Woolwich and Sandhurst, where education is "far from satisfactory, the instructors having no inducement to teach the cadets, still less to work."

With the view of diminishing the expenses of officers belonging to cavalry regiments, the report recommends that polo tournaments, regimental coaches and the keeping of hounds be forbidden.

Perhaps the penultimate paragraph is the most important of all. "So long as mediocrity is permitted to pass muster," says the committee, "and signal ability meets with no substantial recognition, it is useless to hope for any valuable results from verbal amendments to the regulations. Nothing but inducements, in the shape of certain reward for good work, either in peace or war, can raise the standard of knowledge through the commissioned ranks.

The committee, therefore, recommends an "honest system of promotion by merit, following upon tests honestly conducted and honestly reported on."

The report plainly hints that officers can hardly be expected to work so long as the present system of advancement through social influence, is in vogue, or so long as efficiency has nothing whatever to do with the selection of officers for desirable appointments.

The committee recommends among other things, that more commissions be offered to the colonies and that officers be compelled to know either German or French.

BOERS COMING IN FAST

Several Commandoes Have Surrendered---No Longer Any Fear That Cape Colonists Will Refuse to Accede to Peace Terms.

Cape Town, June 7.—The surrender of more than 1500 Boers has already been reported covering various points. Commandant Fouche brought into Cradock, Cape Colony, his commando, consisting of thirty-six Free Staters and 219 rebels. Fouche is ill.

Commandant Conroy's men, on hearing that peace had been concluded, threw their hats in the air, cheered for King Edward and sang "God Save the King." These incidents dissipate the fear expressed that the Cape Colony commandoes would refuse to accede to the peace terms.

Gen. Christian De Wet is personally superintending the surrender of the Boers in the Vredefort, Orange River colony district.

Gen. Schalk-Burger, former acting president of the Transvaal, who is the guest of the governor of Natal, Col. Sir Henry Edward McCallum, at Pietermaritzburg, in an address to the burghers in the concentration camp asked them to make the best of the situation and to forget and forgive the past. He pointed out the hopelessness of continuing the struggle; urged the Boers to accept and act in accordance with the terms of surrender, which he intended to uphold, and desired them to work for the good of South Africa.

ANOTHER CAMPAIGN

Civic Federation Goes After the West End Saloonkeepers.

Warns Them to Observe Law Rigidly or Take Consequences.

Minnesota Anti-Saloon League Is Behind the Federation.

The Civic Federation has begun an active campaign against the saloon men of the West End. A delegation from the federation, represented by all the ministers of the West End churches visited every saloon in that portion of the city this week and notified the proprietors that they must keep regular hours and live up strictly to the Sunday closing laws. Warning was given that the federation will prosecute the first violation.

The crusade has aroused a great deal of talk in the West End, and the result of the warning is awaited with interest. Speculation is being made freely whether the liquor dealers in that part of the city will keep their places closed tomorrow, run them openly or on the quiet. One of the West End citizens said last evening that there was no question that the federation meant business and would surely prosecute violators of the law. He quoted the abolishment of Sunday baseball playing as an evidence.

It is understood that the federation will hold regular meetings hereafter, and that if it is successful in its efforts to keep the saloons in that part of the city strictly within the provisions of the law, the campaign will be carried to other parts of the city.

The federation will have regular meetings hereafter and the plans of the campaign will be discussed. It is claimed that at a meeting to be held very shortly two men will be appointed from each church congregation in the West End to keep close tab on the saloons and report every violation to the federation. The names of the men who will perform this duty will be withheld from the public and will be known only to the federation.

It is learned that the Civic Federation has the backing of the Minnesota State Anti-Saloon league. The league has in the past several years been carrying on a quiet campaign in the city, but hereafter the work will be carried on openly and with greater vigor than ever.

One of the liquor men of the West End is said to have created quite a scene on West Superior street the other day by calling one of the ministers who was in the visiting delegation out of a grocery store and giving him a severe tongue-lashing. There is a feeling prevalent, however, that the decided attitude taken by the federation will have the effect of either closing the saloons or else they will be run with extreme caution.

U. C. T.

Zenith Council No. 40, of the United Commercial Travelers will go to Lake Minnetonka on Thursday, June 12, to attend the grand lodge meeting. They will leave on a special train over the Great Northern at 1:55 p. m., arriving there at 6:30, in time for supper. The railroad fare will be $3.50 for the round trip, tickets good until the 23rd of June, returning on any of the regular trains over the Great Northern. Certificates can be obtained of C. W. Sutton, secretary any time after 9 a. m., Thursday, the 12th, at ticket office of Great Northern. Members will get hat and badge at Big Duluth. Those intending to go kindly notify the secretary, C. W. Sutton, by Monday, the 9th.

To Clear Land.

George McKay has gone to Holyoke, on the Eastern Minnesota, to set a large crew of men at work clearing up the 850 acres of land he has bought there with the intention of making a large stock farm of it. A. C. Jones also has about 1,000 acres of land in the same locality and he has the same designs for his property. Both consist of cut-over lands, with no timber remaining except a little scattering hardwood.

Becomes a Director.

Former Senator Charles A. Towne has been elected a director of the California King Gold Mining company, of which Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada, is president. The company was organized in April to develop and promote a gold mining property located at Picacho, Cal. A stamp mill is being put in with a capacity of crushing 1,000 tons of rock a day, and it is said that ore assaying $10 a ton has been encountered at 90 feet from the surface.

STABBING AFFRAY

Greatly Excites the People of Granite Falls.

Granite Falls, Minn., June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A stabbing affray occurred here Thursday night. Two days ago two suspicious characters struck town and Thursday evening attended a dance. One of them picked a quarrel with Ted Tierney, who left the hall and was followed by one of the men who gives the name of F. S. Smith, alias George C. Arnson. As soon as the street was reached he plunged a knife into Tierney twice, once in the breast and once in the side. Tierney fell and was picked up and taken to the hospital where he lies in a dangerous condition. Smith or Arnson was arrested and is now in jail.

MRS. BROOKS WAS COOL.

Drove Away Burglars at Point of Revolver.

Chippewa Falls, June 7.—The residence fo F. W. Brooks was selected as a field of operations by two burglars Thursday night, but they were driven away by the remarkable coolness and heroism of Mrs. Brooks.

Her husband was absent, and when the burglars were about to enter the house through a window which they had pried open she confronted them with a revolver. The burglars made a speedy exit and Mrs. Brooks fired three shots as they disappeared. None of the shots took effect.

Cheapest store in the Northwest for fine goods.

Pure Solid Silverware

For Home Use and Wedding Gifts.

We invite attention of those about to buy Sterling Silver Tableware to our new and exclusive designs in French grey finest—

The Ellsmore

The most graceful and artistice patterns we have ever had, at very very low prices. Much lower than others ask for poor, ill-shaped designs.

The Tea Spoons cost, per set of six	$3.25 up
The Dessert Spoons cost, per set of six	$8.00 up
The Knives cost, per set of six	$8.00 up
The Forks cost, per set of six	$8.00 up
The Oyster Forks cost, per set of six	$5.50 up
The Butter Spreaders cost, per set of six	$6.50 up

F. D. Day & Co

Fashionable Jewelers, 315 W. Superior St.

PRESIDENT AND HANNA

Have Long Conference on the Coal Strike.

Washington, June 7.—The president today had a long conference at the White House with Senator Hanna on the coal strike. The president conveyed to Mr. Hanna the idea that he would like very much to do something toward settling the strike. Nothing definite, however, was decided upon. The president also sent for Carroll D. Wright, the commissioner of labor, to get his views on the situation and also as to what might properly be done by the government looking to a settlement of the controversy. It is probable that other conferences will be held and the president kept advised of the situation. He will be in readiness at any time to extend aid if it is found that he can be of service in settling the differences that exist between the operators and miners.

AT CHICAGO.

Count and Countess Rochambeau Entertained at Windy City.

Chicago, June 7.—Count and Countess Rochambeau arrived in Chicago at 8:10 a. m. today and were met at the depot by Alderman Honore Palmer, representing the city. The distinguished Frenchman declared that their experiences in St. Louis yesterday had been very pleasant and that the trip to Chicago had been uneventful.

At the Auditorium annex, where Count and Countess Rochambeau will stay till they depart for the East tomorrow afternoon, Mrs. Harrison, wife of Mayor Harrison and a number of ladies received Countess Rochambeau. A visit of the entire party to the stock yards followed.

At noon Count Rochambeau was a guest at a luncheon at the Chicago club, while Mrs. Harrison entertained the countess in a similar manner at the Harrison home. Among the guests at the Chicago club, aside from the count and hwis immediate party, were Mayor Harrison, Henri Merou, the French consul; Robert T. Lincoln and Professor Ingres of the university of Chicago.

Fifteen hundred invitations have been issued for the reception to the count and countess to be held at the Art institute tonight under the auspices of the Illinois society of the Sons of the American Revolution and the Daughters of the Revolution. Governor and Mrs. Yates will be among those in the receiving line.

POLO GAME POSTPONED.

London, June 7.—The committee of the Hurlingham Polo club, decided to postpone the game which was to be played today, between the American and English teams, in the series for the American cup, on account of the weather and the state of the grounds. The Americans desired to play, but they were overruled. There was a good crowd present in spite of the rain.

SMALL BOY KILLED.

Chippewa Falls, June 7.—The 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Bronsky, of Bruce, had his right leg torn off by being caught in the spokes of a buggy wheel and died of his injuries yesterday.

Wedding Gifts...

Par excellence can be selected from our superb assortment of

FINE PICTURES,

Beautiful Oil Paintings, dainty Water Colors and Etchings, handsome Photogravures, exclusive creations, which you would not expect to find elsewhere in the city, await your inspection here. What more suitable for a wedding gift or more appreciated by the recipients? Some particularly fine pieces of hand-painted china.

Engel's Art Store,

17-19 Third Ave. East.

SECTION THIRTY

Price In Reported Deal Rather Dazzling to Iron Men.

Lazarus Silverman Said to Be Figuring With Same People.

Report of Another Iron Find In Atikokan District.

The news that a deal for the optioning of the famous section 30 had about been closed with the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, of Cleveland, attracted great attention when it was read in last night's Herald. It was generally understood among iron men, and indeed had been authoritatively admitted that negotiations had been in progress for a month or two past looking toward the leasing of the property.

These negotiations have been carried on with several different concerns or their representatives, so that the terms at which it was held have become quite generally known. Consequently The Herald's announcement that the price set on the property is $4,000,000 bonus and 50 cents a ton royalty on the output, is quite generally known to be correct. Whether this price is being adhered to in the present negotiations is not known definitely, though it is said that efforts to shave it by other prospective lessees have been unavailing.

The price seems very large to people outside the business. However, it is explained that each succeeding top notch bonus that is paid for a big iron property has astonished many people and has been discredited on account of its size. The Pioneer lease was sold for something under $1,000,000—some say $920,000, and some a little over $800,000.

The Minnesota Iron company, it is said, put down over sixty pits on this section. The supposed iron formation is elliptical, almost cigar-like in form, as it appears on the geological maps of section 30 and section 25, adjoining it on the east. The latter is owned by Lazrus Silverman, of Chicago, whose presence here and at Ely at this time, seems to lend color to the report that he too has negotiations under way with the Cleveland-Cliffs company for the sale of his holdings. Iron is said to have been found in all certainty on the eastern part of section 30, but the question of the extent of the deposit on the western end of the section is said to depend somewhat on the deductions that may be made on discoveries regarding what seems to be an apron-formed jasper ledge.

For this reason, it is believed that the presence of Prof. H. L. Smyth, assistant instructor of geology at Harvard university, who has had considerable experience in geological research in the Lake Superior region, has some bearing on this phase of the question.

The Cleveland-Cliffs company is a consolidation of the Cleveland and Cliffs Mining companies, two early-formed corporations on the Marquette range. It is one of the strongest mining concerns outside of the Steel corporation. Its head is W. G. Mather, of Cleveland.

It is believed that the deal for the optioning of the property is very nearly, if not quite, settled. The general belief seems to be that the consideration will be contingent on the amount of ore shown up, perhaps by future explorations.

ANOTHER DEPOSIT.

New Iron Find Reported on Atikokan Range.

There is another Lake Angeline deposit of iron ore on the Atikokan range, just across the line in Canada. At least that is what reports from the new hematite district brings to Duluth. It is Steep Rock lake, which is in the heart of the recently-discovered hematite field.

It is reported that it is the intention of the discoverers of the deposit to drain the lake if possible of its water and work the vein in its bank. The ore bed is said to show at the shore of the lake and just at the surface. The inference from observations made thus far is that the ore extends down to and below the bed of the lake.

Some years ago the proposition to drain Lake Angeline, on the Marquette range, in order to continue the working of the Lake Angeline vein, was received with much marveling. Perhaps incredibility were a better word. But the water was pumped out, and the mine was worked, and is being worked today, from what was once the bed of the lake.

Steep Rock lake is an enlargement of the Seine river, which flows into and out of it. It is said to be a very deep lake, almost crater-like, of considerable size, irregular and of a sort of horseshoe shape, with fine water power possibilities. The intention is said to be to enlarge the mouth of the lake to such an extent that the accumulation in the lake itself will run off and the volume of water represent only the normal flow of the river itself. In this way, it is hoped to lower the water very largely and well down into the outcropping of ore on the bank. The shores of the lake are very high, and the scenery is of a most picturesque character. One great difficulty of draining the lake completely is said to be that a great many smaller streams than the Seine empty into it.

A drill is said to be in operation, near Nickel lake, under the direction of L. P. Brown, of Nashville, who is acting in behalf of a Cleveland chemical company. The deposit is one of sulphate of iron.

F. H. Clergue, of the Soo, has exploratory operations going forward under the superintendence of former Superintendent of Mines of Ontario Bow. The Oliver Iron Mining company is pushing explorations under R. H. Flaherty, who is said to be overseeing some investigations at Michipicoten as well.

VILLAGE DESTROYED.

Vladikavkaz, North Caucasia, Russia, June 7.—The village of Cammulata, in a mountain pass of the Uruch range, has been destroyed by a landslide. A large rent suddenly appeared in the mountain, which shortly afterward toppled over on the village and the neighboring farms. The inhabitants escaped.

Presents for June Brides.....

We have By Far the largest and best selected stock of Gold and Silver Articles appropriate for Wedding Gifts—and we unquestionably quote the Lowest Prices.

Inspection invited—it in no way implies an obligation to purchase. Do You Want the Best?

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY COMPANY,

334 West Superior Street. Providence Building.

NEW CABINET.

France Now Under the Leadership of M. Combes.

Paris, June 7.—M. Rouvier today accepted the portfolio of finance in the new Combes ministry, and the cabinet is thus completed.

The new French cabinet is constituted as follows:

Premier-minister of the interior and minister of public worship—Senator, Combes.
Minister of justice—Senator Valle.
Minister of foreign affairs—M. Delcasse.
Minister of war—Gen. Andre.
Minister of marine—M. Pelletan.
Minister of public instruction—Senator Chaumier.
Minister of public works—M. Mareujoul.
Minister of colonies—M. Dounergue.
Minister of commerce—M. Trouillot.

M. Herard, a member of the chamber of deputies, will become under-secretary of posts.

RUDYARD TO DETOUR.

Railroad Line Projected Between the Two Places.

Sault Ste. Marie, June 7.—A railway line from Rudyard to Detour, connecting at the first named place with the Soo Line, is a project under consideration for the past three or four months by leading officials of that line, who have been carefully looking the ground over. The branch line will be about forty-one miles in length. The Soo Line is placing new steel on its road between this point and Gladstone. It is said that steel being taken up will be used in building the Detour-Rudyard line.

ACCEPTS QUEEN'S OFFER.

Amsterdam, June 7.—It is reported here that Mr. Kruger has declined the facilities offered by Great Britain for his return to South Africa, but has accepted Queen Wilhelmina's proffer of a Dutch vessel to convey him to South Africa when he decides to return there.

BUTTON-MAKERS STRIKE.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 7.—Seventy-five employes of the pearl button factory walked out because the company discharged three employes who were organizing the men into a union. The management declares the factory will be closed before union men will be employed.

Members of Duluth Hive No. 1, L. O. T. M.

Meet at 1 p. m. tomorrow in lodge room, to attend the funeral of our late sister, Nellie Carlton.

EFFIE JOHNSON, Com.

Thomas A. Edison

Is one of the greatest living inventors. He was born in Milan, Ohio, February, 1847. He had little education, and when quite young became a newsboy on a railroad. His early life and struggles read like a romance, and are interesting to every American youth. Edison's electrical inventions have been many, but next, perhaps, in importance to his perfection of the quadruplex telegraph instrument are his improvements upon the electric light. The system of lighting railroad trains by electricity is a product of Edison's brain and dates back only a comparatively few years. The perfection of may be found upon the through trains of the Milwaukee, the first road in the West to substitute electricity for the oil lamp. Today all its Chicago trains are thus lighted and its celebrated Pioneer Limited, the famous train of the world, is also the best lighted train in the world. Students of electrical science would profit by an inspection of this wonderful train as it leaves the Twin Cities for Chicago and Milwaukee any evening.

Edison is still at work upon various inventions and his laboratory at West Orange, N. J., is one of the most complete in the world.

Special Rates East.

VIA DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

Boston and return $22.00

Account Christian Scientists Convention. Tickets on sale June 10th, 11th, and 12th, and limited for return passage to June 25th, with privilege of extension to July 31st.

Marquette and return $9.10

Account Biennial Review K. O. T. M. Tickets on sale June 9th, 10th and 11th, good for return passage until June 16th, inclusive.

Ishpeming and return $8.60

Account meeting of Evangelical Lutheran Angustana Synod. Tickets on sale June 9th, valid for return passage until June 23rd, inclusive.

City Ticket Office.
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

KUBELIK PARTIES.

In London last spring a Kubelik party was the very smartest entertainment even a duchess could offer her friends. Indeed, since Paderewski's advent there has been no such lion as this pale-faced, long-haired, spiritual-looking Hungarian gypsy virtuoso of the violin.

Kubelik is only 21 years of age and his is not the musical genius that starves in a garret. By a sudden bound he has leaped into the forefront of his profession. It is said that he is about to undertake a tournee, as it is called, for which he will receive $100,000. This fortune is sometimes the reward of a lifetime of struggle and hard work; but Kubelik has scarcely emerged from his teens, and he is going to make this sum in the course of a few months in the United States while waiting for the next London season to commence. He plays, too, with an abandon which shows the artist. As one watches him one feels that he has forgotten his audience; that his mind is far away, and his soul wrapped in music.

It is pathetic to see how the prodigy is guarded and protected from the vulgar mundane crowd. At the parties that he goes to he never touches any refreshments. Nobody is allowed to carry his violin; he has his own accompanist and his own piano. A monarch could not show a higher or more loyal sense of dignity. Yet he is a charming, unsophisticated boy, absolutely unspoiled by the homage that is paid him. There is a touch of pathos about his career, too. Born in a little village near Prague, he had for father a humble peasant, who was also a fiddler, just an ordinary village fiddler, who used to play at rustic feasts. This father taught his boy to play, but the pupil soon outstripped his master. The parent saw that the fates had sent him a genius. To provide a fitting musical education for that genius, to send him to the Prague conservatorium, where he would have Sevcik, the famous trainer of genl, for his master, the poor father pinched, and, maybe, starved himself. But he was not destined to see the fruits of his unselfishness; he died just before the boy he had scraped and slaved for made his first success.

HIS BLOOD FOR FOOD.

ABLE-BODIED MAN, WITH STARVing family, understands seven languages, wishes a place; willing to give all furnishing for steady work, and will sell blood.

This advertisement was brought to the New York Herald by Alois Vedernjak. Beside the husband there is a wife and two children—a boy, Alois, nearly 8 years old, and Emma, 6 years old. There were two more children, both girls, in the family last fall, but they both died. Their mother spoke of them sorrowfully, saying that they were "nice little girls."

In his eagerness to obtain steady employment, Vedernjak exaggerated the situation to some extent when he said that his family were starving. They have been called upon to endure hardships, but they have not yet been reduced to the last extremity. The man has been able to get odd jobs, chiefly as a musician. He plays the zither, the piano and the violin, his wife said and she has done what she could to help him.

She was alarmed when she learned that he had offered to sell his blood, and she objected strenuously to his carrying out such an idea. She explained that he was a strong man and that he believed some physician might be in need of blood for a patient. He had read of blood transfers and was willing to part with some of his own to obtain relief from his necessities.

Vedernjak was out when a reporter for the Herald called at the house in which he lives. His wife said that he was filling one of his rare musical engagements and might not be back until early morning.

"What we want is work," she said. "My husband understands English, German, French, Italian, Hungarian and other languages. He has a good education and writes a good hand. He could fill the position of a clerk, but he is willing to take anything that promises steady employment.

"He volunteered in the war with Spain and was sent to the reserve camps in Pennsylvania and South Carolina. Since he came back he has been unable to get steady work and we have had to get along as best we could. I know how to cook and I have helped.

SANDOWS OF THE KEYBOARD.

How many, or, rather, how few, of the tens of thousands who find pleasure and profit in the control of the "five-and-thirty black slaves, half a hundred white," of our well-beloved domestic orchestra, are cognizant of the fact that the rendition of a classical piece of the average length of 200 bars calls for an outlay of muscular force equivalent to the lifting weight of 500 pounds avoirdupois, a statement which reads more like a record achievement of the renowned Sandow than anything else, asks the London Piano Journal. The degree of this touch-resistance has fluctuated greatly during the strange, eventful history of the "forte-piano or hammer clavier," as it was styled at the time of its invention in the year 1709, as the following figures clearly show:

	oz.	drs.
Weight required to depress the lowest C of the horizontal grand piano of 1790	1	8
Ditto for grand of 1877	4	0
Ditto for grand of present time	2	10

No inconsiderable proportion of the muscular and nervous force called for in the rendition of a piece is dependent upon the construction and character of the "action," which, in these days, has been brought to a high pitch of mechanical perfection.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

STOP RUMMAGE SALES.

"Rummage sales" and "remnant soirees," at which cast-off clothing of all descriptions, from pjamas to ulsters is knocked down to the highest bidder, are to be stopped by the health department, and the church organizations and social settlements will be forced to other devices for raising charity and missionary funds, says the Chicago Chronicle.

In the spread of disease the "rummage" sale is said to do more direful execution than the cheap second-hand stores of the "ghetto" and Clark street. Deadly microbes lurk in the folds of the discarded raglans, sand kimonas and case of malignant disease have often been traced to the use of habiliments contributed to the sales by families in which sickness has been prevalent.

The sales, in the main, are conducted by churches, which take this means of furnishing clothing to the poor at low prices and incidentally swelling their treasuries.

The epidemic of measles that prevailed in the river wards a year ago was attributed by the health officials to the distribution of discarded garments that had never been fumigated, and last winter "rummage sales" were stopped in Lake View and other districts where there were numerous cases of measles and diphtheria.

The newly appointed health committee will meet next week, and Alderman Butterworth will take steps to secure the passage by the council of an ordinance prohibiting all "rummage sales" in all parts of the city. Investigation of the horse meat-sales will be postponed for a time, and the first act of the committee will be to sound the death knell of the "remnant soiree."

Churches on the South Side which for years past have conducted sales at regular intervals have been sounded on the proposition by Alderman Butterworth, with the result that several protests have been made against the contemplated prohibition of the sales, and when the committee meets it is expected that representatives of charitable clubs and associations will be present to fight for their remnant fairs.

"They sell everything from a baby's bib to worn out shoes at these sales," said Alderman Butterworth, "and the health department for years has recognease."

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

A COURT FOR KIDS

Effort to Be Made For Establishment Of One.

Idea Is to Keep Juveniles From Police Court Influence.

Many Unnecessary Arrests Made But Some Are Unavoidable.

Efforts will be made to have courts for juveniles established in Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Preparations are being made to present the matter at the next session of the legislature.

The movement is a result of agitation at the recent national convention for corrections and charities held in Detroit.

The Minnesota delegation to this convention took particular interest in the discussion and papers on juvenile courts owing to the fact that these courts have been desired in the larger cities of the state for some time past.

The object is to keep children offenders out of the regular police court influences and put them where special attention can be given their needs.

At this convention there is a great deal of complaint just now over the arrest of boys. Within the past few weeks boys have been in court that were but little over 9 years of age.

Frequently young boys are arrested for nothing more than street fighting. It is held by those that disapprove the policy of juvenile arrests that school boys will settle their differences with their fists in spite of all the courts in the land and the arrest for such a trivial matter does the boy more harm than good.

A well known physician recently discussed the arrest of a 13-year-old boy for thrashing the son of a neighbor. He said that boys so young cannot do permanent damage to each other with their fists, while an arrest throwing the boy in the criminal class frequently puts him on the downward road.

However, Duluth has a great many youngsters that of necessity come under the head of the law and it is said that better attention could be paid their cases in a court devoted exclusively to juvenile corrections.

H. C. Withrow, who represented the Duluth Humane society at the Detroit convention has returned and says the convention was a great success. Nearly seven hundred delegates from all parts of the country attended and papers were read by men and women that have made a thorough and scientific study of charities and corrections.

The next convention will be held in Atlanta, Georgia, and the convention in Duluth will probably come to Duluth.

WAS FIERCE.

Storm of Monday That Wrecked Cloquet River Bridge.

County Commissioners O. A. Berg, Edward Patterson and Charles Kauppi, who were appointed at the last meeting of the board to investigate the condition of the Cloquet river bridge on the Swan Lake road, about twenty-five miles from this city, returned last evening.

Commissioner Berg says that the bridge was struck about 7 o'clock Monday evening by a wind storm that was cyclonic in its intensity. The big 288-foot bridge was totally destroyed. One of the settlers who lives close to the river says that the wind came up the river, wrenched the structure off the piles and hurled it into the river. Logs were floating down the river very quickly and a jam was formed that completed the destruction of the bridge, the debris now hanging on the rocks further down stream with logs and timber.

The bridge was supported by piling sheathed in iron and these have been bent and battered until they will be of no further use. The bridge was a substantial structure of wood and iron and was built four years ago at a cost of over $1000. The county commissioners have just spent an additional $200 in replanking it.

Commissioner Berg said last evening that the bridge will probably be rebuilt before fall. The committee from the county board was empowered to advertise for bids and this will be done, so that the rebuilding of the bridge may depend to a great extent on the county finances. It is one that has been largely used and the country in its vicinity is fast becoming settled. The loss of the bridge will be quite a hardship to the settlers.

The wind storm of last Monday did not confine its damage alone to the bridge, for Commissioner Berg says that large quantities of timber, most of it dead, were blown down. The roof on the large barn of Eric Ericson, a settler near the river, was picked up and carried sixty feet. Many of the settlers had the roofs blown off their buildings.

A Dramatic Career.

Bruno Eyferth, teller in the savings department of the First National bank, has returned from Chicago, where he spent his vacation visiting his daughter, Miss Meta Eyferth. Miss Eyferth, who a year ago started upon her pursuit of a dramatic career, has just closed her season with Katie Emmet's "Waifs of New York" company, and immediately after accepted a special engagement to play Kate Burke in "A Man of Mystery," under the direction of Alvin Wykoff.

Engagement Announced.

Mrs. Fred J. Griffith, of Munger homestead, gave a very pretty luncheon Thursday for Miss Mabelle Stevenson at which she announced the engagement of Miss Stevenson and R. G. Henderson, both of this city. The wedding will take place June 25.

A Rare Opportunity for

Ladies Desiring Hair Switches.

A rare opportunity for ladies desiring Grey Switches. Having just bought a large stock of switches at a greatly reduced price, we will sell same while they last, at equally reduced prices.

Knauf Sisters

101 West Superior St.

(Both Phones.)

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St. Parlor theater. Elegant vaudeville show. Chas. A. Stark & Co. are now located

The local Great Northern offices have been warned to hold all exchange orders for tickets filled in on Great Northern order form X-1. This form is said to have disappeared with Ticket Agent R. W. Morrison, of the S. F. & N. at Rossland, B. C., who is described as a man of medium height, weighing 150 pounds and with a red face and light mustache.

National Secretary G. A. Scott of the National Protective legion at Waverly, N. Y., will deliver an address open to all Monday evening at Kalamazoo hall.

Harp recital by Signor Valenza during Sunday evening dinner at the Spalding, 6 to 8 o'clock.

Professor Durat will give a party at Lester Wednesday, June 11, at 243 Palladio building.

Smoke X-Ray and Duluth Herald cigar. Parlor theater. None better in town.

Marriage licenses were issued to James Fern Rawson and Lillian Taylor White and Gustaf Kurki and Kaaisa Hoopala.

Jan Wozniak, a former resident of Poland, took out his first citizenship papers today.

The board of county commissioners is advertising for bids for a new steel bridge to cross the Cloquet river on the Swan Lake road, to replace the one blown down by a cyclone last Monday evening. The bids will be received up to 2 o'clock p. m., July 7, and the bridge must be completed by June 1, 1903. It is to have a span of 180 feet.

PERSONALS.

Frank W. Smith will leave today for Portland, taking passage on the North Coast limited.

E. H. Flinn, James H. Flinn and Fred A. Robinson, of Detroit, arrived at the Spalding this morning. Mr. Robinson is a brother of Mrs. George Cheesebrough. The three represent large mineral and timber interests in this locality.

Rev. C. H. Hjorthoim, of the Zion Norwegian Lutheran church, at Twenty-fifth avenue west, left yesterday for a trip to Iowa and will be away a few weeks. Hans Hegman, a student from the theological seminary of that denomination, will fill the pulpit during the time Rev. Hjorthoim is away.

E. B. Smith leaves tomorrow for Portland.

R. C. Haase, traveling passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohio., is in town today.

F. R. Hogan left today for Tacoma.

Alex Van Praag, of Minneapolis, came up from the Twin Cities this noon and registered at the St. Louis.

Miss Nolte, of Chicago, arrived over the Omaha this morning to pay a short visit to her brother, Henry Nolte, the real estate man.

Miss Ida Corbin, of Minneapolis, is registered at the St. Louis.

Henry Smith, of Iron River, came in over the Northern Pacific this morning and is stopping at the St. Louis.

Charles W. Conway, of Black Duck, is stopping at the St. Louis.

James Bole, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

W. D. Campbell, of St. Paul, is spending the day in Duluth.

E. K. Smith, the head of the English department of the high school, leaves this afternoon for his old home in Massachusetts.

M. M. Duncan, of Ishpeming, Mich., arrived in the city over the South Shore this morning.

H. C. Sage and wife, of Mlwabik, are at the McKay.

W. H. Bliss, of Nashville, Tenn., with his wife and daughter are registered at the McKay for a few days.

L. E. Biellermann and family, of Ely, are at the McKay.

Mrs. Albert Preston, of Minneapolis, is spending a few days at the McKay.

George S. Ryan left over the Great Northern for the Twin Cities today.

Miss L. MacArthur and Miss Anna Hartman left over the South Shore last evening for Cleveland, where they will spend their summer vacations.

Mr. Londstork, well known in mining circles hereabout, leaves this afternoon for Milwaukee over the Omaha.

Miss Anne Nolte, of Chicago, sister of Henry Nolte, the real estate man, arrived over the Omaha this morning to pay a visit to her brother.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Mullin, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Johnson and son, and W. J. Hunt are spending a vacation at Deerwood.

Mrs. Joseph Brown has returned from a trip through Southern Oregon and along the Pacific coast, and will leave as soon as possible for London, Ont., on account of the illness of her brother.

S. H. Rothermel and C. H. Maginnis will leave tomorrow for California to look after an oil proposition in which they and other Duluthians are interested. Mr. Rothermel will remain there for some time and have personal charge of the development work.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

RECRUITS.

Naval Officers Secure Fifteen at Duluth--- Leave Tonight.

The United States naval recruiting party, under the command of Lieut. Littlefield, that has been recruiting in Duluth for the past week, completed its work here this afternoon, and will leave this evening or tomorrow for Fargo, N. D., afterward going to Sioux Falls.

During the past week fifteen men have been recruited. Lieut. Littlefield says he has done much better than he expected, and he is well pleased with the men enlisted. All are large, able-bodied men, and compare very favorably in qualifications with those enlisted elsewhere.

Those enlisted from Duluth were as follows:

Landsmen—John L. Laflin, Floyd J. Gunn, John A. Whiteman, William J. Weltin, Otto P. Rinde, William A. Cook, John W. Ruecroft, John Kureski.

Landsman for yeoman—Albert H. Gerbig.

Coal passers—Andrew Kugala, Archie Bell.

Apprentices—Louis F. Spice, Carl A. Bowman, George A. Jordhoy.

Baker—Edwin Williams.

All of the enlisted men will be sent away this evening. The landsmen and coal-passers will be sent to a training ship at Norfolk, Va., and the apprentices will be sent to the training station at Newport, R. I.

The recruiting party has been on the road since September, 1901, and has visited over forty cities, enlisting over 3000 men. It will complete its work about the middle of next October.

West Duluth Sales.

Property in West Duluth has been quite active during the past week. J. J. Frey reports the following sales:

Lots 10 and 11, block 130, Fifth division, to H. C. Hendricks. He will erect a dwelling on the property.

House at 416 Fifty-eighth avenue west to M. Campbell, of St. Paul.

House at 215 Fifty-fifth avenue west to George Lenhart, of Winona.

House at 223 Fifty-seventh avenue west, to D. Denelso.

House at 528 Fifty-ninth avenue west, to S. Edlund.

5119 Gosnold street, to S. C. Anderson.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

Going to Tower.

The baseball team of the Hub Clothing company left at 3:15 this afternoon for Tower, where they will play two games with the Tower team tomorrow. One of the games will take place in the morning, and the other in the afternoon.

Robinson, catcher; Minece, pitcher; Coughman, first base; Caugie, second base; Peckman, third base; Salvoy, shortstop; Macey, right field; Coombs, center field; Ryan, left field, is the way the team will line up for the struggles.

RETAIL CLERKS

I. Lieberman Case Against Them Comes Before Court.

Clerks Claim Right to Picket Store as Non-Union.

Case Argued and Judge Dibell Takes It Under Advisement.

The fight between I. Lieberman, who runs a non-union clothing house at 407 West Superior street, and the Retail Clerks' union, was taken up in district court this morning before Judge Dibell.

Lieberman claims that the clerks and men they have hired have been interfering with his business by distributing placards and keeping intending customers away by the use of violence, and he wants an injunction restraining them from doing this.

A temporary injunction was issued some time ago, and the matter came up for hearing this morning. Alexander Marshall appearing for Lieberman and Adams & Miller for the clerks.

The clerks say that all they are doing is to place pickets outside the store to distribute cards warning patrons that it is a non-union place, and may absolutely deny any violence. If there has been any they know nothing about it and have nothing to do with it. As to the distribution of cards, they contend that that is nothing out of the way, and that they have a right to do it if they want to.

Lieberman says that the clerks came to him some time ago and asked him to sign an agreement to close his store at 6 o'clock every night except Saturdays, and that he signed it on their solemn word that all other stores would do the same.

He found out later that one of his fiercest competitors was keeping open nights, so he began to keep open. Then, he says, the clerks began to bother him, and he wants the court to make them stop.

He claims that the clerks are engaged in a conspiracy to injure his business.

The case was fully argued by the attorneys to Judge Dibell this morning, and he took it under advisement and will announce his decision later.

EXCURSION

TO

TWO HARBORS

ON STEAMERS

America and Argo.

SUNDAY, JUNE 8,

Leave Booth's dock 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

Fare 50c Round Trip.

New Worker at Bethel.

T. S. Thompson arrived in the city Thursday evening to take the position of financial secretary of the Bethel association. He was here for a week in April looking over the field and has now brought his family and expects to remain in the work permanently. His first work will be to raise money for the improvement of the property on Lake avenue. Mr. Thompson has had eleven years' experience in missionary work in city and country.

Miss Shannon, who has been out of the city a few weeks, has returned this week to take up her rescue work.

NOTICE!

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

Decoration services Sunday, June 8, 1902. All members of the order are requested to be at Forest Hill cemetery at 2:30 p. m. sharp.

THE COMMITTEE.

IN SENATE.

Senator Nelson Speaks On the London Dock Bill.

Washington, June 7.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today Mr. Depew, New York, addressed the senate in advocacy of the bill appropriating $10,000,000 for the purchase of 3,000,000 acres of land for a national forest reserve in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee.

The senate began consideration of the measure, commonly known as the London dock charges bill.

Mr. Nelson (Minn.), in support of the bill, said the charges made at the London docks against American flour, principally, were a discrimination against the United States. In response to an inquiry from Mr. McCumber as to what guaranty the shippers of this country would have in the event of the elimination of the London dock charges, that the Atlantic freights would not be increased.

Mr. Nelson replied that there was no guaranty and could be none. Shippers would have to take their chances on that. The steamship trust organized by J. P. Morgan, he said, might raise the freight charges. That was not to be prevented by the pending bill.

"God deliver us from trusts," declared Mr. Nelson. "That is a matter we will have to take care of later on."

The bill, he said, was for the purpose of protecting the American producer and the American farmer; which protection was needed all the more since the formation of the shipping combine by Mr. Morgan. As the situation is, said he, "The American shippers are in the clutches of a devil fish of a monopoly from which we ought to pray every evening before to bed to be delivered."

Safe Contract Awarded.

J. S. Ray, of the Hall's Safe company, has been awarded the contract to furnish the Steel building forty vault doors.

BLONDIN INDICTED.

Boston, June 7.—An indictment for murder in the first degree was reported today against J. Wilfrid Blondin, of this city. It is charged that Blondin murdered his wife in Boston and transported her body to Chelmsford, where it was found hidden in a brush heap. The head had been removed and this was found in another spot some distance from where the body was discovered.

A FAILURE.

Less Than One Per Cent of Men Out at Clarksburg.

Clarksburg, W. Va., June 7.—Reports from all the coal mines in this region have been received and there is not an idle plant, there being less than half of 1 per cent among the 40,000 miners out. This was to have been the center of the strike demonstration today, but the agitators found an audience of less than fifty persons at the place of meeting and declined to deliver addresses.

Elkhorn, W. Va., June 7.—The general strike order has been obeyed in every field along the Norfolk & Western railway. But few collieries are attempting to operate today and these have not an eighth of the usual force at work. The operators are endeavoring to keep strikers away from mines where a few men are yet at work. Between 11,000 and 12,000 men are out today on the Flat Top, Elkhorn, Tug River, Thacker and Dingess fields. Operators posted notices at Elkhorn this morning that all the strikers living in the companies' houses must vacate at once. Trouble is feared.

Coopers, W. Va., June 7.—Five hundred or more striking miners passed through here this morning from the Flat Top field. They are going west and say they will not return.

TROPHIES

For Contestants In Rifle Practice Are Considered.

New York, June 7.—A meeting of the directors of the National Rifle association of America will be held here on June 17 to consider possible action by a committee of the association under a bill now pending in congress to provide for a national trophy and medals and other prizes to be contested for annually by military organizations under regulations prescribed by the secretary of war. A commission of the association waited upon Secretary Root in January, and laid before him a plan which has been embodied in the bill now before congress. This plan includes an appropriation annually of $10,000 for the expenses of the rifle teams engaging in the contests for the trophy, medals and prizes. The commission of the association has added that an advisory commission of fifteen be formed, seven men to be appointed by the president of the United States and eight to be selected by the association to make recommendations as to ranges and the targets for the annual congress and to prescribe a uniform system for the qualifications of experts in the use of the rifle. The object of the association is declared to be to raise the standard of marksmanship in this country.

DISAPPROVED.

Findings of Court of Inquiry In Chicago Case.

Washington, June 7.—The navy department this morning gave out the following statement concerning the court of inquiry which investigated the case of the American officers arrested at Venice:

"The court of inquiry recommends trial by court-martial of Lieut. John C. Doddridge, U. S. N.; Capt. Robert F. Wynne, U. S. M. C., and Assistant Surgeon Robert E. Ledbetter, U. S. N., on the charge of unbecoming behavior in public and that no further action be taken in the case of Naval Cadet James C. Kress, U. S. N., and Private Wilfred Langley, U. S. M. C. Admiral Admiral Crownshield has disapproved the opinion and recommendation of the court of inquiry where it is adverse to the officers on the ground that the evidence is not sufficient."

There will be no further proceedings in this case, according to the present intention of the official proceedings. The grounds upon which Admiral Crownshield disapproved the finding, namely, the insufficiency of evidence would not, it is believed, give any cause for offense to the Italian government.

ARE UNJUST.

Omaha's Freight Rates Between Duluth and Norfolk, Neb.

Washington, June 7.—The interstate commerce committee today in an opinion by Commissioner Yeomans, announced its decision in the case of Charles H. Johnson, of Norfolk, against the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway company and others. The decision of the commission is that the freight rates in effect from Chicago to Norfolk, Neb., and from Duluth, Minn., to Norfolk, Neb., are unjust and unreasonable and upon the facts and circumstances shown in the case the rates from Chicago to Norfolk should not exceed those in force from Chicago to Columbus, Neb., and the rates from Duluth to Norfolk should not exceed the rates in force from Duluth to Emerson, Neb., added to the present local rates in effect from Amerson to Norfolk. The commission also holds that posting a notice in a station or depot that the tariff sheets of the railway company may be found in some other place is not compliance with the provision in the sixth section of the act requiring the posting of rate schedules or tariffs in every such depot or section.

CHOATE'S DINNER.

London, June 7.—The dinner which Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador and Mrs. Choate will give to King Edward and Queen Alexandria will take place Wednesday, June 11. Not for years have a king and queen been guests at the table of a foreign ambassador.

The Hatch Smelter.

Word is received from the Vice President of the Hatch Electric Smelter Co. that a preliminary test was made June 3rd at the company's plant at Parry Sound, Ontario, and the smelter is proving all that is claimed and expected for it. He states that Mr. Hatch took the copper from the rock in fine shape, and those present were more than pleased. Mr. Armstrong adds: "I have no doubt about the furnace. It will do all he claims for it. This can be only good news for those who participated in promoting the smelter scheme, and we may now expect increasing interest, as the big transformers are put in place. Samuel Armstrong," vice president.

HATCH ELECTRIC SMELTING AND REFINING CO. OF ONTARIO, LIMITED.

By O. L. Young, Manager.

A QUICK TURNOUT

Life Saving Crew Made Remarkable Run to Wreck.

Accident Over So Quickly They Could Do Little.

Wilson Sank as the Life Boat Left the Shore.

The life saving crew made a marvelously quick run from the station on the point to the wreck of the Wilson.

The lookout saw the collision, from the bay side of the point. He rang the telephone, and jumped for the lake side without even stopping to replace the receiver.

By the time he reached the shore he had to wade into the water up to his knees to reach the boat. But by the time the boat was under way the Wilson had gone out of sight. This was not over two minutes from the time the alarm was given.

The run from the point to the scene of the accident nearly two miles, took only ten minutes. When the scene was reached Captain Smith had picked up all of the men, and the life boat started to follow the Hadley, which was making for the shore. Some of the men from the Hadley had jumped into one of her boats, which was full of dunnage, and the crew of the life boat knew that if the Hadley sank the boat would go down also. The crew was so worn out from the pull, however, that it was unable to reach the Hadley.

SURRENDER.

Lord Kitchener Reports That Many Lay Down Arms.

London, June 7.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Pretoria dated today announced that the progress made in the surrender of the Boers is entirely satisfactory. Four hundred and forty burghers have laid down their arms at Middleburg, Transvaal. They also brought in a pom-pom complete with ammunition and indicated the hiding places of a howitzer and Maxim gun.

Two hundred and eighty-nine Boers have surrendered their arms at Standerton, Transvaal, and Lord Kitchener confirms the report that 255 Boers, of whom 219 were rebels, surrendered at Cradock, Cape Colony. Many more surrenders are expected today. All the Boers, who surrendered in Cape Colony expressed themselves as being rejoiced at the fact that peace had been arranged.

MANY ACCIDENTS

Occur to British Torpedo Boats and Destroyers.

London, June 7.—The frequency of British torpedo boat collisions and other accidents was emphasized today in reply of the secretary of the admiralty, Mr. Arnold-Forster, to a question in the house of commons, showing that there were no less than 119 such occurrences in 1900 and 1901. In the former year, two torpedo boat destroyers grounded and six torpedo boats and forty-one torpedo boat destroyers were in collision. In 1901 two torpedo boats and four torpedo boat destroyers were in collision.

REFUGEES WANT TO RETURN.

Denver, June 7.—The twenty-seven refugees in this city have formulated an appeal to the British ambassador at Washington relative to their return to South Africa. These twenty-seven speak for the ninety Boers who are in Colorado. They ask that arrangements be made for their return to South Africa and promise to be law-abiding citizens. The appeal has been forwarded to Washington through the local British consul.

TWO OLD MEN KILLED.

Paducah, Ky., June 7.—An Illinois Central passenger train struck a buggy containing Mason Cole, aged 90 and Nelson Parker, aged 87, prominent farmers at Pennrstburg, below here last night and killed both men. A freight train broke in two near the same place this morning and killed an unknown negro tramp.

ANNUAL PILGRIMAGE.

Springfield, Ill., June 7.—Five hundred excursionists arrived here this morning in attendance on the second annual pilgrimage of the Lincoln-McKinley association to the National Lincoln monument in Oakridge cemetery. All members of the association voted for both Lincoln and McKinley in presidential campaigns.

WRIT DENIED.

Chicago, June 7.—E. W. Johnson, the "beauty doctor," charged with causing the death of Miss May Thompson, who died May 29 after wearing a mask prepared by the "doctor" was denied his liberty on a writ of habeas corpus today by Judge Dunn.

POSTMASTERS.

Washington, June 7.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Postmasters—Iowa, Lon G. Hardin, Ames; John D. Paddock, Malvern; William B. Arbuckle, Villisca. Minnesota—Mark Swedberg, Luverne. Wisconsin—Rollin C. Lybrand, Richland Center.

DOMINION LINE

High Class Passenger Steamships.

NEW GIGANTIC TWIN SCREW.

Boston to Liverpool Via Queenstown.

"COMMONWEALTH".....June 26—July 16
(Twin Screw—23,000 Tons.)
"MERION".....June 25—July 23
(Twin Screw—11,625 Tons.)
"NEW ENGLAND".....July 2—July 30
(Twin Screw—11,600 Tons.)

Boston, Naples, Genoa.

"CAMBROMAN".....July 5—August 16

Montreal to Liverpool.

"DOMINION".....June 21—August 2

Portland to Liverpool.

"CALIFORNIAN".....July 12—August 20
"COLONIA".....June 28—August 2

T. H. LARKE, General North-western Agt. L.

127 Guaranty Building, Minneapolis.

ASSAULTED.

St. Paul Man Severely Injured In a Tunnel.

St. Paul, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Josephson, 45 years old, a woodsawyer living at Swede Hollow, was attacked by two men while passing through the Fourth street tunnel about 2 o'clock this morning, hit with a rock and afterwards cut severely with knives.

They threw him into a shallow place in the Phalen creek. When found and brought to the city hospital about 6 o'clock, his head had a severe scalp wound, the windpipe was cut and the tendons on both wrists. As he had $130 cash and $300 in certificates of deposit on him untouched, it is thought the motive was spite and not robbery. His condition is serious.

TRACK MEETS.

Universities of Chicago and California Test Their Strength.

Chicago, June 7.—Two track meets—one between the University of Chicago and the University of California, and the other between more than thirty high schools in Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa and Kansas—were held on Marshal field this afternoon. In the inter-scholastic meet 177 budding athletes were entered. South division high school was picked by many to win, but the outcome was by no means regarded as settled by the crowd which was present at the start. The Varsity meet was generally conceded to California, the Chicago men being more or less crippled.

SUICIDE.

Adelbert Shaw of Washburn Takes His Life.

St. Paul, June 7.—A Washburn special to the Dispatch says: Adelbert Shaw, for many years a bookkeeper for the A. A. Bigelow company of this city, and one of the best known citizens, was found dead with a rifle ball through his head late last night. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane.

REPORT DENIED

Of Strike Among Boilermakers at Barnesville.

St. Paul, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Statements were obtained from the operating department of the Great Northern today denying positively that there was a strike among the boilermakers and helpers at Barnesville, Minn., Havre, Hillyard or at other Great Northern shops. Some seventy men are out here, and they claim that 600 more are out along the line.

CUBAN HOLDINGS

Of Americans Explained Further By Truman Palmer.

Washington, June 7.—Truman G. Palmer, of Chicago, today continued his statement on the subject of American holdings of Cuban sugar lands before the senate committee on Cuban relations. He added to the two classes of American owners four others. Summarizing the entire presentation he placed the number of Cuban estates held by Americans, individual and corporate, at 173, with a total acreage of ownership amounting to 1,482,891 of which 330,846 acres are cane producing. The annual cane capacity of this land, he placed at 830,444 tons, but he said that the land was not producing to its full capacity and some of it not at all. These American owners have war claims against the United States amounting in the aggregate to $41,335,803.

TOOMBS REPRIEVED.

Governor Yates Stays Execution Until July 11.

Springfield, Ill., June 7.—Governor Yates today issued a reprieve stay in the execution of Lewis G. Toombs to Friday, July 11.

RETAIL BUTCHERS

Of New Orleans to Testify Regarding Trust.

New Orleans, June 7.—Subpoenas have been issued by the federal grand jury summoning all retail butchers in the city to appear before that body on Monday. They will be required to tell all they know regarding the methods employed by the big packing houses. It is the desire of the grand jury to ascertain if the packing houses did not operate a uniform price list. One following the lead of the other in the matter of advances and also to interrogate the retail dealers regarding the alleged blacklist kept up by the packers.

VALIDITY APPROVED.

Topeka, Kan., June 7.—The validity of the Farrelly anti-trust law was approved today in a decision handed down by the state supreme court in the case of E. J. Smiley, secretary of the Kansas Grain Dealers' association.

DIX FOUND GUILTY.

Whatcom, Wash., June 7.—The jury in the case of the state vs. John Dix, charged with wrecking two banks in this county while under his control, returned a verdict today of guilty of larceny by embezzlement. The maximum punishment is ten years in the penitentiary. Dix was arrested in London, England, about four months ago and, after stubborn resistance, was extradicted.

REQUISITION GRANTED.

St. Paul, Minn., June 7.—A requisition has been granted for the return of R. S. Abbott to Kansas City. Abbott is under arrest in St. Paul awaiting extradition. He is charged with having obtained $600 under false pretense.

WATER SURPRISED HIM.

The miracle performed by Moses when he caused water to gush from the rock which he smote has almost been equaled by George Guthrie, of Pittsville, in the Fall River valley, northeast of this city, says the San Francisco Chronicle. On the upper end of Guthrie's ranch, at the base of a rocky bluff, is a boggy, springy piece of ground, from which in two or three spots a little water oozed.

Last week Guthrie decided to cut a ditch through this spot for the purpose of draining it. Starting in at the lower edge he dug toward the bluff, cutting a trench about two and a half feet deep. After going about thirty yards he encountered a big rock, and yesterday from beneath that rock there burst a mighty stream of water. It is a big artesian well. Guthrie estimates that he now has at least 100 inches of water flowing night and day, and it is at such an elevation that he can run the water over the entire ranch. Guthrie has lived on the ranch for eighteen years, and has spent thousands of dollars in constructing an irrigating ditch and bringing water from Pit river, little dreaming that right at home, and within three feet of the surface, was all the water he wanted.

CAPT. KIDD OR DEPEW?

Capt. Kidd's treasure has been discovered again. Last time it was on the Jersey shore, near Red Bank. Now it has been unearthed in the excavations that are being made at a promontory called Anthony's Nose, on the New York Central railroad, in the town of Peekskill, says the New York Tribune. This story cannot be certainly traced to Chauncey M. Depew, who begins so many of his best stories with "When I was a boy in Peekskill," because the senator has not been in Peekskill in some time and there are a number of witnesses who are ready to swear that the Italian laborers engaged in the work of relaying the Central's tracks at that point unearthed the treasure.

The wealth discovered consists of a box of about 250 pieces of some yellow metal, thought to be gold, each about the size of a Bland dollar, and bearing on one side a German inscription translated to read: "Who ventures, wins." There are no dates on the coins.

Of course Senator Depew is all the more under suspicion because the treasure was found in connection with the work on the Central's tracks, but the coins look old enough to have been buried by the notorious captain. Nobody ever heard, either, of Senator Depew burying any money in Peekskill, while the Kidd theory is strengthened by the fact that there has long been a legend in existence that the renowned pirate buried some of his ill-gotten gains at Jones' Joint, which is opposite Peekskill.

"I dunno," said "Mike" McGeachey, who was in charge of the gang that unearthed the treasure, "whither it's Cap'n Kidd or Sinitor Depew, but you kin bet 'tis wan or the other."

HE CAUGHT HATS.

On the recent windy Sunday a new and apparently profitable industry was disclosed uptown, says the New York Tribune. It was a day when hats went suddenly off the head and traveled a block or two before they alighted and then rolled or bounded three or four blocks more, like low-driven golf balls. People at Broadway and Forty-second street had just watched a young fellow disappear down the street in pursuit of his derby, and were turning to go on their ways, when a negro rounded the corner, who looked like a hatrack. Derbies were tucked under each arm; he held a muddy tall hat in one hand and a white felt crush hat in the other, and on top of his own derby a black felt hat was jammed securely. He wore a smile from ear to ear.

"What are you doing with all those hats?" some one asked him.

"Well, I's takin' all dat am comin' ma way," and he grinned, "I could a' got more, but I ain't got no more place to put um."

"Why don't you give them back to the men who lost them?" he was asked.

"Well, you see," said he, "they was most gen'rally so fah away dat I couldn't wait."

Then he went on up Broadway with all his hats.

"He proves the old saying," was remarked, "never chase your own hat—some one is always ready to do it for you."

A sweet little story concerning a pet monkey and a pot of jam is vouched for by a Johns Hopkins university man now residing on McCulloh street, says the Baltimore Sun.

It was in the country and all on a summer's day that the family monkey was seen scudding homeward literally drenched in raspberry jam. He was pursued by an irate neighbor with uplifted broom, but once safe on the house plot he swung himself lightly into the nearest tree and peacefully listened to her tale of wrong.

It seems the neighbor had some hours before been making jam, a great bowl of which was cooling on a table beneath the trees. This the monkey spied, but had scarcely started liberally helping himself to it when it was discovered. With loud outcry and the broom the lady started toward him, when the mischevious beast, knowing his minutes were numbered, hastily overturned the bowl on the table. Then rolling himself joyously in it several times from head to heels he scampered beyond her reach. During the recital of her woe, and, in fact, for the remainder of the day, the monkey sat scooping the sweetmeat from his body and licking his paws with glee.

Even the man who says he don't read advertisements goes to a well-advertised store and calls for an advertised article. So "soak in' ads should appear often in The Herald.

BIRTHS.

SELLWOOD—A son was born today to Mr. and Mrs. Richard M. Sellwood, of 1432 East First street.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING.

Largest Stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.

C. O. NELSON. Open Day and Night, 20 1st Ave. W. and U. S. Blk. 19th Ave. W. Both Ph 208

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

CHALK CONTAINS LIME, CORN starch spoils, is sticky. Use only Satin-Skin Powder; harmless, invisible, extra adhesive. Best made. 25c, 3 tints.

WILL PAY FOR INFORMATION leading to the present address of Alice Sutherland, a Chippewa half-breed, X Herald.

WANTED — CIGAR SALESMEN; EXperience unnecessary; good pay. E. Manuel company, Station "J," New York.

WANTED — A SALESMAN TO SELL our makes of blankets, flannels and dress goods direct to the retailers on commission. Good side line. Frank D. La Lanne & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to

W. C. McCarter,

Business University.

A Richly Appointed Table

Is the pride of every housekeeper and if she has one desire above another in this direction, it is for handsome silverware. I have all the newest and most unique designs in superb tea and dinner sets, breakfast cream pitchers and sugar bowls, butter dishes, syrup jars, etc. My assortment is varied and up-to-date, and is being sold at reasonable prices.

Jacob Gruesen,

Expert Watchmaker and Jeweler, 31 West Superior St.

HALF CENT ADVANCE

Wheat Started Out Higher and Ruled Quite Strong.

Cables Were Firm and the Weather Conditions Bullish.

Flax Trading Was Light and the Market Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 7.—The wheat market was stronger today and closed with an advance of 1gc on the Duluth board for the July option. The news was bullish throughout the session, all the cables being firm and continued wet and threatening weather being reported throughout the wheat country.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 244 cars and at Chicago, 7, a total of 251 cars, against 392 for two days last week and 439 last year.

The Liverpool market closed 5d higher, Paris was 1d@2c higher. Primary receipts of wheat were 371,000 bus; last year, 472,000. Shipments, 377,000 bus; last year, 234,000 bus. Clearances were 620,000 bus.

Corn in Chicago closed 1/4@3/8c higher, and oats slightly higher. Primary receipts of corn were 362,000 bus; last year, 559,000 bus. Shipments, 419,000 bus last year 98,000 bus. Clearances were 9000 bus.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth floor was very quiet. The market opened 1/2c up at 73@3/8c, sold at 73@3/4c at 9:32, at 73@3/8c at 10:12, at 73@3/8c at 10:47, and closed at 73@3/8c, an advance of 1/2c. Chicago advanced 3/8c and Minneapolis 1/4@3/8c.

Cash sales were very light for No. 1 northern, 1/2c over July was paid, for No. 2 northern 1c under and for No. 3, 2@3c under.

Flax trading was very light and the market steady. Cash seed closed unchanged and September and October 1/2c higher. Itye advanced 1/2c.

Following are the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 76@3/4c; 1 northern, 73@3/4c; 2 northern, 71@3/4c; 3 spring, 70@3/4c. To arrive—1 hard, 76@3/4c; 1 northern, 73@3/4c; July, 73@3/4c; September, 71@3/4c. Manitoba, 1 northern, 73@3/4c; 2 northern, 71@3/4c. Oats, September, 24c; Rye, 56c; September, 55c. Flax, cash, $1.75; to arrive, $1.70; June, $1.70; July, $1.60; September, $1.43@1/2; October, $1.39.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 9; last year, 64; oats, 2; rye, 3; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 9787 bus; flax, 581 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 175,417 bus; barley, 2373 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Firm Cables Pushed Grain Prices Up Again.

Chicago, June 7.—Firm cables from all foreign markets and continued wet and threatening weather pushed grain prices up again today at the opening. July wheat started 1/2c higher at 72@3/4c to 72@3/4c and advanced to 72@3/4@1c. Shorts covered freely, through fear that the wet weather would hurt the harvest. Outside markets were slightly higher and good buying was reported generally, although the trade was not large. There was practically no selling pressure early and July held its top figures well. Local receipts were 7 cars, 1 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 244 cars, making a total for the three points of 251 cars, against 392 cars for two days last week and 439 a year ago.

Support in wheat continues fair and July sold to 72@3/4c. Liquidation brought a dip to 72c but the close was firm, 3/8c up at 72@3/4c.

July corn started 1/4@1/2c to 3/8@3/4c higher at 63c to 63@1/4c. Receipts were large, but the percentage of contract stuff was small. Cars here today were 337. The principal strength came from higher cables and we weather in the corn region.

July corn dipped to 62@3/4c on light trading but rallied and closed firm, 1/4@3/8c up at 63@3/4c.

Shorts were best buyers. For the first hour prices fluctuated narrowly between opening figures.

Oats were strong again at the opening, although without a heavy trade. Cash business still continued good, offerings were light, commission houses bought fairly and the other grains lent some strength. July opened 3/8c up at 39@3/4c, sold at 39@3/4 and steadied after some liquidation near 39@3/4c. Receipts were better, at 112 cars.

Manipulation again dominated provisions. After yesterday's advance through artificial buying by packers, the same crowd tried to unload stuff on the strength of a higher hog market at the yards. Prices advanced a little early, but trade was very light and little stuff was wanted. July pork opened unchanged to 5c up at $17.40 to $17.45, advanced to $17.47@1/2 and eased again to opening figures. July lard started unchanged at $10.25 and sold at $17.27@1/2@10.30, and July ribs 2@2c up at $10.17@1/2.

Close, wheat, June, 72@1/2c; July, 72@1/4c; September, 71@3/4@1/4c; December, 72@3/8c. Corn, June, 62@3/4c; July, 63@3/4c; September, 58@59@1/8c; December, 44@1/4c. May, 45@3/4c. Oats, June, 40c; July, 36@3/4c; new, 29@3/4@1/4c; September, 29c; November, 31c; December, 29@3/4c; new, 31@3/4c. Pork, June, $17.45; July, $17.42@1/2; September, $17.45; January, $16.30. Lard, June, $10.22@1/2; July, $10.25@10.27@1/2; September, $10.20; October, $10.20; December, $9.37@1/2; January, $9.35. May, $9.25. Ribs, June, $10.17@1/2; July, $10.17@1/2; September, $10.07@1/2. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.75; Southwestern, $1.69; September, $1.44; October, $1.38. Rye, July, 55c; September, 56c. Barley, cash, 64@68c. Timothy, September, $4.65. Clover, cash, $8.35. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 78@80c; No. 3 red, 77@79@1/2c; No. 2 hard winter, 75@76c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@76c. No. 1 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@76c; No. 3 spring, 70@2c. Corn, No. 2, 62@3/4c; No. 3, 62@3/4@63@1/4c. Oats, No. 2, 42@43@1/2c; No. 3, 41@42c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	72@3/4B	73@1/4-3/4	72@3/4-3/8	78@3/4
High	73@1/4	73@1/4	73@3/4	78@3/4
Low	72@3/4B	72@3/4	71@3/4-72	78@1/4-3/4
Close	73@1/4B	73@1/4	72@1/4	78@3/4
September—				
Open	.71B	73@3/4	71@1/4-1/2	77
High	71@1/4B	73@1/4	71@1/2	77
Low	70@3/4B	73@1/4	70@3/4	76@1/4
Close	71@1/4B	73@3/4	71@1/4-1/4	76@1/2B

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 7.—Closing, wheat, spot dull. 1 northern spring, 6s 3/4d; 1 California, 6s 3@3/4d. Futures, quiet, July, 5s 10@3/4d; September, 6s 1d. Corn, spot quiet. American mixed old, 5s 7d; American mixed new, 5s 9d. Futures, nominal, July, nominal; September, 5s 2@3/4d; October, 5s 2@3/4d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 7.—Close, wheat, July, 75@3/4c; September, 76@2c. Corn, July, 68c; September, 64@3/4c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, July wheat, 72@3/4c.
Calls, July wheat, 73@3/4c.
Puts, July wheat, 73@3/4@1/4c bid.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	37@1/4	63@63@1/4	$17.40
High	37@1/4	63@3/4	17.40
Low	36@3/4	63	17.37
Close	37@1/4	63@3/4	.....

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 7.—Cash wheat, July, 73@3/4c; September, 69@3/4c. On track, No. 1 hard, 76@3/4c; No. 1 northern, 73@3/4c; No. 2 northern, 72@3/4c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, June 7.—The wheat market ruled firm all day on covering by shorts owing to continued strength in coarse grains, too much wet weather in the winter wheat belt, also higher cables from abroad. The market closed 3/8c higher than yesterday. Liverpool reported their market as firm, 5d higher for the day. Continental markets were also higher. Weather abroad is reported broken, but not sufficient to do any damage. Bradstreet predicts world's shipments Monday will be about 9,000,000 bus, of which quantity Europe will take about 8,000,000 bus. We expects a good increase in the quantity on passage, as the arrivals in the United Kingdom during the past week have been about 6,000,000 bus, compared with 4,000,000 bus last week. Visible supply in this country is expected to show a fair decrease. Cash demand was very quiet and the seaboard reported very little doing there for export. Estimated receipts for Monday, 30 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in corn today and the market ruled firm and closed July 1/2c and September 3/8c higher than last night. Foreign markets were moderate but cash demand was rather quiet. Weather generally favorable for the growing crop although too much rain is reported in parts. Estimated receipts for Monday 435 cars.

Oats ruled firm all day with fairly large trade and closed practically unchanged from last night. Country offerings were very light, cash demand continued good. Weather is generally unfavorable for growing crop. Estimated receipts for Monday, 130 cars.

Provisions opened irregular, lard easier, ribs and pork higher, later ruled dull and closed about as yesterday. In the rib advance there was selling by brokers, supposed to be for some of the leaders. There seems little doubt, but some one is selling the market, selling what they can without forcing the market and sustaining the market against any raids. Scalpers the past two days have turned to pork and the reports of demand for pork strips while not excessive, be made much of, but holders stopped the enthusiasm by selling the July and offering cash pork. Packers were feeling encouraged by an excellent cash demand, but with present supply of hogs it is badly needed. Look for very large run of hogs when washouts are repaired. Estimated receipts for Monday 45,000 hogs, and for next week 175,000.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., a. m. 75th meridian time, Saturday, June 7, 1902:

STATIONS.	Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall inches.
Alexandria	Cloudy	62	50	.31
Campbell	Pt. cldy	64	44	.26
Crookston	Pt. cldy	66	46	.94
Detroit City	Clear	66	46	0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	84	58	T
Montevideo	Cloudy	68	46	.12
Minneapolis	Cloudy	72	52	.06
New Ulm	Cloudy	72	52	.06
Park Rapids	Pt. cldy	62	46	.04
Winnebago City	Cloudy	82	54	.70
Worthington	Cloudy	80	50	0
Devils Lake	Cloudy	60	42	.22
Langdon	Clear	58	48	0
Larimore	Clear	66	46	.06
Lisbon	Cloudy	68	48	.02
Pembina	Clear	62	40	.18
Aberdeen	Cloudy	78	48	T
Milbank	Cloudy	66	48	.52
Redfield	Cloudy	68	50	.48
Bismarck	Cloudy	58	42	.04
Duluth	Cloudy	64	47	.17
Huron	Cloudy	70	50	.96
La Crosse	Cloudy	80	62	.02
Moorhead	Clear	66	50	.04
St. Paul	Cloudy	74	54	.08
Winnipeg	Pt. cldy	64	42	0
Pierre	Raining	72	52	.12

It is cool in the Dakotas and Minnesota and moderately warm elsewhere. Showers occurred generally, heavy as follows: Dixon, Ill., 6.08 inches; Sycamore, Ill., 1.64; Delphi, Ind., 2.34; Battle Creek, Mich., 1.50; Baker, Kan., 1.50; Sedan, Kan., 1.84; Ashland, Neb., 1.50; Fairmount, Neb., 3; Tecumseh, Neb., 2.46.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market opened very quiet to the extent of the supplies on hand, which were large. Good to choice drafters and delivery horses maintained an active movement, while the common and inferior grades showed no betterment over the quiet and slow condition existing at the beginning of the week. Prices held steady and firm on the active kind but were exceedingly low on the sluggish grades. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@220
Drafters, choice	140@165
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	125@145
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	50@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 7.—Cattle receipts, 500, including 400 Texans; steady; good to prime steers, $7.25@7.50; poor to medium, $5.00@6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.50@5.75; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2.50@6.50; calves, $3.00@6.50; Texas steers, $4.00@6.40. Hog receipts, 15,000; Monday, 42,000; left over, 3867; 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $6.95@7.40; good to choice heavy, $7.35@7.50; rough heavy, $7.05@7.30; light, $6.85@7.20; bulk of sales, $7.05@7.30. Sheep receipts, 500; steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, 5.25@6.15; fair to choice mixed, $4.50@5.25; Western sheep, $5.25@6.15; native lambs, $5.25@6.85; Western lambs, $5.40@6.85; spring lambs, $7.20. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 3767; hogs, 30,496; sheep, 6089. Shipments—Cattle, 1750; hogs, 3580; sheep, 203.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	22
Creamery, tubs	22
Dairies, fancy	19@20
Packing stock	16

EGGS.

Fresh	15@1/2@16

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	12@1/2@13
Twins, full cream, old	10@11
Full cream, young America	13@14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberber, full c'm, choice	15
Primos	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15@16
Fancy white clover in jars	12@1/2@13
Extra strained, per lb	13@14
Golden rod	13@14
Dark honey	13@14
Buckwheat, dark	13@14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 00@2 50
Medium hand picked, bus	1 90@2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90@2 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7@8

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	6 00@6 50
Apples, per box	2 75@3 00
Apples, fancy varieties	3 50@4 50
California figs, per box	90@1 10
Turkey figs	1 10@1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 25@1 50
California lemons	3 25@3 50
Bananas	2 25@2 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 75@4 00
Dates, pkd, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	23
Navel oranges	4 00@4 25
Strawberries, per case	2 00@2 25
Cal. cherries, per case	1 75@2 00

VEGETABLES.

Mushrooms	45
Dry onions, per sack	2 00
Beets, per doz	40@50
Carrots, per 100	1 35
Cabbage, per crate	4 00
Potatoes, per bus	65@75
Bermuda onions, per crate	2 25
Spanish onions, per crate	2 00
Turnips, per 100	75@85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Oyster plant, per doz	55@65

FRESH VEGETABLES.

California celery, per bunch	1 00
Lettuce	50@60
Green onions, per doz	13@1/2@15
Green peas, per bus	1 50
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	85
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75@2 00
Mint, per bunch	30
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	40
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50@60
Parsley, per doz	30
Pie plant, 100 lbs	1 00@1 25
New beets, doz bunches	45
New carrots, dozen bunches	45
Water cress, doz bunches	65
Spinach, per bus	40
Asparagus, doz bunches	50@60
New Potatoes	1 25

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50
Fruit juices	4 00

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3@4
Choice, per lb	3@4

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens	12@13
Geese	10
Turkeys	13@14
Ducks	10

MEATS.

Mutton	11
Lamb	12
Veal, fancy	8@9
Dressed beef	9@10
Hogs	9
Pork loins	11
Lard	10@1/2
Lard, compound	8@1/2

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 7.—Butter, steady; creamery, 18@22c; dairies, 18@19c. Cheese, weak, twins, 10c; daisies, 10@1/2@10@1/2c; young Americas, 10@1/2c. Eggs steady; at mark, cases returned, 15@1/2c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 7.—Butter—Receipts, 8230; market unsettled; state, fair, 19@20@1/2c; state creamery, 19@1/2@22@1/2c; renovated, 17@20c; factory, 17@19c; imitation creamery, 17@1/2@20@1/2c. Cheese—Receipts 4743 packages; market irregular; state, full cream, small, colored, 9@3/4c; white, 10@3/4c; large, colored, 9@3/4c; white, 10c. Eggs—Receipts, 13,485 packages; market weak; state and Penna, 17@1/2@18c; Western storage packed, 17@18@1/2c. Southern, 13@1/2@14@1/2c.

AN ISOLATER RACE.

"The Mormon explorer's reference to the San Blas Indians, in an interview printed in the News, was of great interest to me," said a well-known physician to the Galveston News. "I happened to have some knowledge of the curious people myself. Just after I left college I took a trip to South America for the purpose of studying fevers, and I had several encounters with the San Blas. There are no more curious people in the world than these presumptive, self-sufficient, stubborn Indians.

"During a sojourn of several months in the vicinity of their reservation I was able to converse with only one of their number. He was an old fellow who had made several trips to New York on a steamship and who had picked up a little English in his wanderings. He assured me that the King of San Blas—that is the title given their ruler—was the greatest monarch that ever sat upon a throne. From the general run of his talk I saw that the San Blas looked upon the rest of the world with pity and contempt. They have a great horror of any other race mingling with theirs. They guard their women closely and the marriages with aliens is possible. In fact, I learned there were few persons in the vicinity that ever saw a San Blas girl after she was 8 years old. The king very naively boasts that although his people absolutely forbid any trespassing on their lands, that no one had ever been shot in the back by his warriors. This would indicate a high sense of honor, but it is further explained that when a stranger is assassinated from ambush, his murderers first whistle to him from the rear, and just as he turns to death. This is certainly a quick and a peculiar way to ease the conscience, as I suppose it is calculated to do. I would not be surprised if some day an organized party of Americans with a hatred for vanities were to invade the San Blas reservation, and force the Indians to extend the welcome hand to the outside world, with which they maintain a perpetual defensive and often offensive war."

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EXTREME DULLNESS

Prevailed In Stocks As During the Whole Week.

Opening Dealings Marked By Slight Changes In Prices.

Fluctuations Grew Wider But Market Stiffened Near Close.

New York, June 7.—Stocks have been dull and depressed this week from anxiety over the anthracite miners' strike and the possibility of its sympathetic extension. Disappointment is felt that the declaration of peace in South Africa has resulted in no revival of the markets, either here or abroad. Otherwise conditions have been highly favorable as reflected in railroad earnings, good reports from the wheat, corn and cotton crops and the sustained activity of the iron and steel trade. The heavy expansion of credits by banks, the low percentage of cash reserves and the large foreign obligations to mature during the year are incentives to caution in borrowing money for speculative purposes in the face of the coming period of currency requirements in the interior.

Opening dealings in stocks today were so small and the drift of prices so insignificant that no distinct tone was disclosed. International Pump fell away 3/4. In the majority of cases changes did not exceed 1/4.

Fluctuations became a trifle wider and were both upwards and downwards. Amalgamated and Canadian Pacific showed cosnlderable firmness, while St. Paul, Reading and Norfolk & Western were depressed. Westinghouse Electric dropped 4 points. Near 11 o'clock there was a slightly higher level of prices all around.

The market was almost stagnant with a drooping tendency. Canadian Pacific fell to a shade under last night. Pressed Steel Car preferred rose 1 point and Des Moines & Ft. Dodge preferred after an inactive period over a year, sold at an advance of 2 points. Canadian Pacific stiffened again to the best. The closing was idle and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	68@3/4	68@1/4	68@3/4
Atchison, T. & S. F.	79@3/4	79@3/4	79@3/4
do pfd	94@1/2	94@1/4	94@1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	105@1/4	105@1/4	105@1/4
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	66@3/4	66@3/4	66@3/4
Chesapeake & Ohio	45@1/2	45@3/4	45@3/4
Chicago & Alton	36@3/4	36@3/4	36@3/4
Col. Fuel	99@1/4	98@1/2	99
Chi. Great Western com.	27@3/4	27@1/4	27@3/4
Erie com	36@3/4	36@3/4	36@3/4
do 1st pfd	67@3/4	67@3/4	67@3/4
Louisville & Nashville	137@1/4	137	137
Leather	13	13	13
do pfd	86	85	85
Manhattan Con	130@3/4	130@3/4	130@3/4
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	67	67	67
Missouri Pacific	99@3/4	99@3/4	99@3/4
New York Central	154@1/2	154	154
Norfolk & Western	56@1/2	56@1/4	55@1/4
Pennsylvania	149@1/4	149	149
Republic Iron and Steel	17@3/4	17@1/4	17@1/2
do pfd	74	74	74
Reading	62@1/4	62@1/4	62@3/4
do 1st pfd	82@3/4	82@1/2	82@3/4
do 2nd pfd	68@1/4	68@1/4	68@3/4
Southern Ry	36@1/4	36@1/4	36@1/2
do pfd	94@1/2	94@1/2	94@1/2
Southern Pacific	64@1/4	63@3/4	64@1/4
Smelter	48@3/4	48@3/4	48@3/4
Sugar	127	127	127
St. Paul	169@1/4	168	168@1/4
T. C. and I.	62@1/2	62@1/4	62@1/4
Union Pacific	104@1/2	104@1/2	104@1/2
do pfd	87@1/2	87@1/4	87@1/2
U. S. Steel	40	39@3/4	39@3/4
do pfd	88@1/4	88@3/4	88@3/4
Wabash	26@3/4	26@3/4	26@3/4
Wisconsin Central	26@3/4	26@3/4	26@3/4
do pfd	48	47@3/4	48
Canadian Pacific	136@1/4	135@3/4	136@1/4
Metropolitan	148@1/4	148@1/2	148@3/4

The total sales were 55,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The foreign monetary situation is worth noting. The bank of France has 515,000,000 francs in gold on hand which probably breaks all records, while the Bank of England has not the largest ratio of reserves to liabilities with one exception since 1897. What a fine foundation the above would make for a great bull campaign in foreign securities. Heavy gold receipts from South Africa might easily provide the stimulus for fresh movement. The Transvaal output was about one million last December and about three millions in May. At this rate, further gold should be very rapid and ten millions per month is not impossible by next October or November. I expect a big bull campaign in the stocks of these over. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit earnings for the present year will show an increase of nearly $800,000. The damage suits against last year amounted to over a million will be cut down to less than half. I expect to see stock very close to par. The most important interests on the street think Union Pacific will sell at 150 and Southern Pacific at par before the year is out.

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Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.—This week has been the dullest that Wall street has experienced for nearly two years and is due to a peculiar condition which may be expressed in the following summary:

The favorable factors are the exceedingly encouraging trade reports from all parts of the country, the continued good earnings of all roads, the easy monetary conditions, no immediate prospect of gold shipments, the near approach of the time when the repeal of the war taxes go into effect, the restoration of peace in South Africa, the generally favorable reports on the growing crops and the confidence in the future on the part of holders of American securities.

Against these factors must be placed a number of technical points such as the momentary absence of any speculation abroad which was expected to develop immediately after the cessation of hostilities in South Africa, the labor troubles in both the anthracite and soft coal regions which certainly are of more importance than has generally been conceded up to the present, and the waiting policy on the part of the stock leaders. The change in this dead-lock will occur when the turn in the strike situation takes place. Should the strike be prolonged very much the ultimate effects will be great on the stock market and will add to the customary summer dullness. It is hoped that the strike will be of short duration and with it would come a renewal of stock speculation. Another factor that will contribute to the activity will be the interest taken by European capitalists but this will hardly take place until the coronation ceremonies have been concluded. Until such things occur it is plain the market offers only small profits to traders.

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Warrington to W. H. Laidley & Co.—As I stated yesterday I believe the market is on the bottom, all indications point to that conclusion and if such is the case Monday or Tuesday next will give definite ideas and you can then buy with all confidence of a good advance. Sugar is a sale around 128. A bull market is near at hand and I would be cautious about going short.

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Miller to Paine, Webber & Co.—Notwithstaning the general opinion that Union Pacific will pay 5 per cent in August we have it from reliable source that the dividend will not be more than 4 per cent.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23¼	24¼
Arcadian	6	5½
Allouez	3	3½
Atlantic	31½	34
Anaconda	28	29
Amalgamated	68⅝	68¾
Calumet & Hecla	570	.....
Centennial	19	19¼
Copper Range Com.	67½	57¾
Franklin	11	12
Isle Royale	12	13
Bingham	34¾	35
Mass	19¾	20½
Mayflower	2	2¼
National	1½	2
Mohawk	41¼	42
Michigan	11½	12½
Old Colony	3	5¼
Old Dominion	21	21⅞
Osceola	62	63
Parrot	28	30
Phoenix	4⅞	5
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2	2¼
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1½	2
Trimountain	.....	100
Utah	21½	22½
Victoria	4¼	4½
Winona	3½	4
Wolverine	66	56
Wyandote	1¼	1½
Elm River	2½	4
Trinity	12½	13
Dominion Coal	139	140
U. S. Mining	20½	21
Calmet & Arizona	.....	48

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Amalgamated company has not yet disposed of its large copper accumulation, but it is admitted by officials to be still sold three months ahead, or Sept. 1. The position of the Amalgamated or copper market is therefore a little constrained at this time. A dispatch from Houghton says lake shipments of copper for the week were 1000 tons. The Phoenix mill has been completed. Quincy copper will be produced hereafter less than 9 cents per pound. With the coal dock completed Quincy is equipped in all departments. All of the shafts in the Conglomerate vein will be free from water July 1, when a thorough examination of the underworkings will take place.

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Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: There is nothing whatever to say on coppers. The market is too dull.

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Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The copper share market is neglected and featureless, though the metal market is firm and the undertone is strong and it is only a question of time in our minds when this will be reflected in the higher prices for the better class of stocks.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 7.—Close, money on call steady at 3 per cent, closed offered at 3; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¾ per cent; sterling exchange nominal with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼@5 for demand and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85¾@4.86 and $4.88½@5; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.84¾. Bar silver, 61¾c; Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, steady; railroad bonds, steady.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, June 7.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending June 7 shows: Loans, $884,296,900; decrease, $1,325,700. Deposits $945,896,500; decrease, $2,429,900. Circulation, $31,466,400; increase, $221,100. Legal tenders, $75,546,100; decrease, $2,929,900. Specie $172,295,000; decrease, $221,600. Reserve, $247,759,700; decrease, $1,250,900. Reserve required, $236,474,125; decrease, $607,475. Surplus, $11,285,575; decrease, $643,425.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 7.—Cotton opened steady with prices unchanged to 3 points lower, though one sale of July was made at 8.77 and August sold off 1 to 4 points. On absence of buying orders the flurry of selling for both accounts set in and prices weakened. July dropping 9 points to 8.68 and August 6 points to 8.43. But at these figures substantial buying came to the front and the market more cautious offered for cover. Before 10:30 the whole list had rallied some 4 points, July selling at 8.73 and August at 8.47.

Spot cotton closed on the basis of 9¾c for middling uplands and 9¾c for middling gulf; sales were 2480 bales. The market for futures closed barely steady, with prices net 1 to 7 points lower; June, 8.88; July, 8.68; August, 8.43; September, 8.01; October, 7.87; November, 7.82; December, 7.81; January, 7.82; February, 7.83; March, 7.86.

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TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, June 7.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $196,927,884; gold, $98,183,536; silver, $22,743,523; United States notes, $9,171,276; treasury notes of 1890 $105,750; national bank notes, $9,556,443; total receipts this day, $1,680,007; total receipts this month, $16,466,056; total receipts this year, $524,196,776; total expenditures this day, $1,585,000; total expenditures this month, $9,600,000; total expenditures this year, $446,971,797; deposits in national banks, $126,290,995.

LOTS OF PENNIES.

"You would think that a large postoffice would take in through its stamp windows more pennies than it pays out, but the contrary is the case," said a clerk in the Washington city office to the Star.

"I often have to exchange silver for pennies in the afternoon with the newsboys who sell the Star on the front steps of the postoffice department building, and we are always ready to accommodate the boys when they proffer their nickels and dimes. In this way the pennies the people pay for the Star are at once thrown in the mighty stream of circulation, as I often pay out over 300 pennies in a day more than I take in. In fact, we at all times keep a reserve stock of the handy little copper coins.

"Yes, I know that many people suppose that we receive pennies largely in excess of what we pay out, the idea originating no doubt because those who hand in pennies for stamps may suppose that a majority of the sales are thus paid for. I have sold a single penny postage stamp, a 2-cent stamp, a penny newspaper wrapper or a single postal card and received a $20 bill to change, in short, the stamp window of a postoffice is really a place for changing bills of all denominations, and silver coins, especially on the department pay days, when the large bills drop in here like the dry leaves in the fall."

A treasury official told the Star man that there was a big demand for pennies from all over the country, but there was no scarcity of the coin.

"During the last calendar year," he said, "we put into circulation about 70,000,000 pennies, and the average yearly output is about 65,000,000. Beginning with August, the mint in Philadelphia, which is the only mint where pennies are coined, will begin to turn them out by the millions to meet the demand for the fall and holiday trade. We have greatly increased our facilities for coining pennies, and we now have ten presses for that purpose, as we do not use the presses with which we coin gold and silver pieces for copper coins. We buy the copper in strips by the avoirdupois pound, and one press can strike off 100 a minute, or we can turn out in a day of seven and a half hours about 750,000 pennies.

"Pennies disappear like pins—no one knows where they go, but they go, as may be judged when it is remembered that we have coined in all 10,000,000,000 pennies. The old white eagle pennies, which few of the present growth of small boy have seen, are redeemed when turned in and made into nickel pieces, which, by the way, are more copper than nickel, as they are made of an alloy of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel. Around the holidays, and before the coming of the circus into town, the pennies are hoarded by the small boy all over the land by the millions, one Washington boy of my acquaintance having dropped into his little home bank $6 in pennies to go into a savings bank. The railroad companies and other corporations and firms who receive pennies in quantities turn them into the treasury in bags subject to count, and they are redeemed in currency. There are untold numbers of pennies all over the country in the banks of children, which are withdrawn temporarily from circulation. People do not like to receive pennies in change, yet, because they do not like to carry them in the pocket, often have to go out of their way and to much trouble to secure them when needed."

NEWS OF THE L

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

Whitney Wall's List:

WEST END.

$1900 Buys an 8-room house on West First street, near Nineteenth avenue west; has sewer and water.

$2000 for a well located eight-room house, in the best of repair, near Nineteenth avenue west.

$2750 will buy a corner on West First street. All improvements in street and avenue. Location a fine one.

$550 for 25 feet on West Fourth street, near Twenty-seventh avenue west. Lot lays well, street improved and sidewalk down.

$200 for 25-foot lots in Walbanks addition.
I have a bunch of lots well located.

EAST END.

$4700 will buy a well built and nicely located 7-room house, near Superior street, and west of Fifteenth avenue east. Has hardwood floors, fire place, sewer, water, bath, concrete cellar, furnace, etc. Large barn on premises. Lot nicely sodded, shade trees. Size of lot 50x150.

$2100 for 100 feet on East Fourth near Fourteenth avenue east. This is a very pretty piece of property and the very best bargain offered in the East End. Can be purchased on easy terms.

$1800 buys 50x150 feet on upper side of East Third street, near Twenty-first avenue east. All improvements in street and avenue.

$1000 for 47 feet front on Tenth avenue, opposite Portland Square.

$750 will buy 15 acres near Woodland, a short distance from the street car line. If you want acres here is a bargain.

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Two Bargains.

$2500 For a fine double corner (100x140) on East Superior street on brow of hill. Finest residence location in the city. Will double in Value.

$195 per foot for the scoutheast corner of First street and Lake avenue, lot (100x100 feet) cheapest corner on First street.
Will buy leases on Mesaba range.

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BARGAINS!

$1500 Will buy a seven-room house, 5515 London Road. Lot 50x140; $500 cash, balance at 6 per cent. This is the greatest bargain offered at Lakeside.

$4500 Will buy 1627 East Superior street, eight rooms, bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house. Lot 50x150 feet; $1800 cash, balance $2700 due June 1, 1904, at 6 per cent. Let us show you this house.

$50,000

On hand to loan at 5 per cent in amounts to suit. No delay in closing loans. If you want a loan it will pay you to see us.

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AND—
LESTER PARK...
Lots In all parts of these suburbs
Dead Cheap
Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.
LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

We Offer for $3250
If taken this week, lot 40, West Third street, near Third avenue west—$1250 cash, balance one and two years, if desired.
E. D. FIELD CO.,
804 Exchange Bldg.

CATCH ON.
The manufacture of iron and steel at West Duluth is now assured and that means a large growth. I have the greatest bargains in acres adjoining the platted part of West Duluth ever offered—there is 100 per cent profit in the next 12 months—and it is worth almost that much more than the price now. Call and inquire about it.
C. E. LOVETT. 706 Palladio Bldg

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5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg **5½%**

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WILL ACCEPT CHILDREN IN ITS MODEL CLASSES.
If you would have your children enjoy the great advantages that come from small classes and model instruction, you should buy a lot near the Normal School, ten minutes car service; gas, water, sewer, sidewalks, graded streets and low prices are some of the advantages of that locality.

Endion Lots.
SUPERIOR STREET—
West of 20th avenue east..... $1600
THIRD STREET—
West of 19th avenue east..... $950
Exceptional Bargains on London Road and Jefferson street.

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Exchange Building.

4½ PER CENT **5** Money to Loan
"On or Before"
R. M. Newport,
302 Lonsdale Building.

HOMESTEADS

We can locate you on government land; close to railroads, navigable streams and the rapidly growing city of Koochiching. These claims will all be taken up this summer, so write at once to

GIBSON, HULBERT & CO
Koochiching, Minnesota.

Timber and farm lands for sale. Estimates and reports for non-residents.

Forty Acres
of Cleared Land at
Pike Lake
For Sale.
G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

FOR SALE! $1200

Eight-room house, Second avenue east—good well.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

MARKED REVIVAL IN REAL ESTATE

Past Week Characterized By Distinctly Better Feeling---Transfers For Month of May Very Large---New Residences Planned.

There is no question but that there has been a distinct recovery in the feeling among real estate men during the past week. The market has at no time during the fortnight preceding been what might be termed dull. Dealers, however, are prone to report a lull if their new business is not largely closed up or at a culminative point. The fact that there is plenty of new business in sight, and that there are plenty of buyers for the sort of property they seek, is likely to be lost sight of. Naturally a review of the week reflects the general character of a consensus of the views expressed by dealers, and these views must not be taken as expressing a new condition in the market, rather as a qualification for the time being of the new conditions that have been existing since the market began its new era of activity. Like any trade operations that are of a somewhat speculative nature, the real estate movement ebbs and flows, though maintaining when at all active an average condition of animation.

• • •

Consequently, when it is shown that the recorded transfers in this county in five months have approximated $7,000,000, and that well night one-half of the aggregate of considerations was involved in transfers filed for record in May—in other words, that almost one-quarter as much business as was transacted all last year was done last month—it is quite likely that there will be considerable amazement by people that do not keep in close touch with the progress of the market. Yet this fine showing is made by computing a summary of the transfers for May and for the preceding four months, and printed further down in this column. The action of the market is shown to have varied from $310,000, in February, to $2,300,000 in May—an active month alternating with a less active one.

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But proof in the nature of formal evidence is not needed to establish the fact that Duluth real estate is in an exceptionally healthy condition. The demand for the property shows the strength of the market, values that show a tendency to rise prove the firmness with which the property is held at ruling quotations.

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This week reports of reals that have been closed are given out with somewhat more freedom, though by far the larger part of those that have been closed have been withheld for a more promising stage for publication. The sales that are reported by dealers constitute a very small proportion of the total number that are closed each week. For one thing many sales never appear outside of the recorded transfers, because one party or the other to the transaction does not wish it made public. For the same reason some transfers are not placed on record until a time after the conveyance is made. As a result, the actual volume of trades can be learned only from the recorded transfers themselves.

• • •

It is understood that Radcliffe & Hill are preparing plans for one of the finest homes in the city, which is to be built by William J. Olcott, on the southeast corner of Twenty-third avenue east and First street, where Mr. Olcott recently bought 120 feet of frontage on the street. The house, it is said, will cost from $20,000 to $40,000, and some intimate that it may be the most beautiful residence in Duluth. Architect Hill decline to discuss the report that they have a commission to prepare plans for the house, but it is known that Mr. Olcott bought the site with the idea of improving it at once, and it is now said that he will have contractors' figure on the job within a very few days. The impression that has gained currency is that the house will be of brick, and the exterior of a beautiful, pure colonial type. It is understood that the colonial style will be carried into the hall, but from that point each room will be finished in a different style. The dining room, it is said, will be done in English oak, with German great beams and minor timbers alternating and forming the ceiling. The parlors will be in birch or birdseye maple, with a new finish, and the other rooms will be finished in equally handsome style.

• • •

Renewed activity in house building is reported in all circles that figure in such movements—architects, builders, loan agents and dealers who have sold sites for such improvements. At least two such sales are reported for this week for sites for the erection of houses for renting purposes. Loan agents say there is a good demand for loans for building improvements—the best that has existed this year. Architects, who have been very conservative since early in the year about the likelihood of a very large house-building movement this season, now concede that a notable and definite improvement in the outlook has taken place in the last few weeks. Meanwhile building operations of all kinds and in all parts of the city go forward actively and on a very large scale. An exceptionally large proportion of the building that is being done this season is of a massive or durable character. These improvements are of a most material character and afford effective evidence of the stability of latter-day Duluth building.

• • •

John J. Wangenstein will give out plans to contractors for figures next week for a frame residence for R. R. Forward, to be built at Twenty-seventh avenue west and Fourth street.

Mr. Wagenstein will also submit for figures plans for a brick ofice building to be built at Hibbing by Sweeney & Pearce.

Mr. Wagenstein reports that the outlook shows a decided improvement, especially for the erection of a large number of houses in the city before the close of the season.

• • •

Radcliff & Hill report that they have awarded a contract for the erection of a home in the modernized colonial style, to be built for Louis Bieberman at Twenty-first avenue east and First street, to Otto Johnson. The house will be frame and will cost in the neighborhood of $6,500.

The same firm also announces that it has received a commission to prepare plans for a brick flat building to be erected in the East End, though the name of the builder and the location are withheld for the present.

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Palmer, Hall & Hunt expect to give out to contractors for figures this week the specifications for the completion of the building and grounds of the state normal school, ready for occupancy next fall.

• • •

While no agreement has been reached regarding the matter between Frerker Bros. and the nanagement of the Spalding hotel, the indications are that the new Frerker building will be built six instead of three stories high. The Spalding is said to desire to lease the upper three stories.

• • •

It is understood that the directors of the Bethel have decided not to make use of the newly purchased property on South Seventeenth avenue east for a resecue home, the purpose for which it was acquired. Some opposition was expressed to the plan by residents of that part of the city, and President H. H. Hanford announces that as a result the property, which was bought at a very low figure, will be disposed of to other parties and a new location sought. Mr. Hanford says that the Bethel has no desire to do anything that will run counterito the welfare of the community.

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F. L. Buell has bought the property at 1401 East Third street, with three frame houses, from John P. Rossman, for $7,200.

• • •

The townsite of Nashwauk, near the Hawkins mine, the new Deering property, is being surveyed. It is in section 32, 57-22, near Swan lake, and will be reached by the Eastern Minnesota road.

• • •

One well-known dealer says that he has been commissioned by a customer to buy a certain piece of property at twice what was paid for it within a year and a half ago. He is inclined to believe that business is in a pretty healthy condition, when such an advance in such a short period is voluntarily offered.

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N. J. Upham & Co. report the sale to Martin Smith of the dwelling at 2801 West Third street for $2600. The property was formerly owned by William and John McLaren.

• • •

Several well-known real estate men are in the East in connection with trades, it is said, of considerable magnitude.

• • •

The largest month's recorded transfers this year, and undoubtedly since the panic, were footed up in the register of deeds' office for May. The total was $3,306,411.34, as compared with $615,000 in April, $1,175,000 in March, $310,000 in February and $1,500,000 in January. A great many delayed transfers were recorded last month, but the large aggregate was largely due to several deals in which the considerations ran into six figures. Among them was the sale of the DuluthTransfer railroad system to the Northern Pacific railway for $550,000 and of the West Duluth blast furnace for $150,000, while a number of mining and timber deals helped swell the whole. The transfers recorded by days during May were as follows:

May 1	15	$ 518,157 37
May 2	23	18,584 00
May 3	9	1,886 00
May 5	11	13,812 00
May 6	11	5,537 00
May 7	25	17,297 20
May 8	20	44,505 00
May 9	21	24,884 50
May 10	23	28,367 00
May 12	12	7,491 00
May 13	17	26,434 00
May 14	21	14,423 00
May 15	28	36,600 23
May 16	26	24,184 00
May 17	23	43,812 00
May 19	9	4,653 00
May 20	10	42,584 00
May 21	26	25,827 00
May 22	22	12,908 34
May 23	20	43,278 95
May 24	17	9,211 40
May 26	11	1,507,070 00
May 27	16	158,472 00
May 28	25	593,611 68
May 29	25	12,744 00
May 31	31	69,918 90
Total		$3,306,411 34

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W. M. Prindle & Co. report the sale of the following property:

100 feet at the southwest corner of Ninth avenue east and Second street to George Lounsberry for $4500. The property was formerly owned by C. E. Wyman, of St. Paul, and is bought as a site for a row of nine brick houses, which will be built at once.

Two houses near Eighteenth avenue east and Superior street to John P. Morrow, formerly owned by Charles Schiller.

Double house and lot near Superior street and Tenth avenue west to Pilson & Prefontain, $1050.

Lot on East Superior street, $2900.

House and lot on Sevents street at First avenue east, $1500.

Southeast corner of Fifteenth avenue east and Third street to P. Heinmann, $3300, bought as a site for five brick houses.

• • •

M. J. Lyons, with Prindle & Co., reports these trades:

Corner lot at Second avenue east and Third street to August Rehtel, $3500.

Lot between Sixth and Seventh avenues east on the upper side of Fifth street, $700.

House and lot on Second street between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth avenues west to Thomas Halford, $2300.

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Transfers for the week are as follows:

Southern Townsite company to Valborg Bohen, lot 2, block 8, Hibbing 80
Francis L. Shipley to Zachary T. Mullin, part of lots 11 and 12, block 5, Portland division..... 5,250
Same to same, part of lots 13, 14, 15, block 5, Portland 6,000
James C. Johnson to John Baucher, lot 22, block 20, Hibbing.. 350
Northwestern Improvement company to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, se¼ of nw¼ section 27-50-16 70
John Baucher to Sarah Baucher, lot 22, block 20, Hibbing..... 350
Flora D. Smith to Eva Lauterbach, w½ of se¼ of nw¼ section 7-50-14 2,000
Levi A. Barber et ux to Charles C. Kritzer, lot 8, block 85, Endion 1,650
Northwestern Improvement company to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, sw¼ section 25 and se¼ section 26-51-17 980
Sara D. Robbins to Elsie H. Cole, und 6-37 of lots 1 and 2, block 60, Endion 648
John L. Trousdale to V. Palmquist, e½ of lot 335, block 125, Duluth proper, Second division 625
Mary A. King et mar to W. H. Bliss, lot 165, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth 900
Northern Security company to Jens Dangaard, lot 5, block 45, West Duluth, Sixth division 250
L. A. Marvin et ux to John S. Gooch, lot 17, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth 100
Thomas J. Walsh et ux to Robert B. Whitcombe, und ¾ of lot 8, section 33-63-15 1
Same to same, und ½ lot 8, section 15-62-13..... 1
First National bank of Duluth to John B. Adams, lot 5, block 53, Endion 7,500
Frank W. Meyer to Mueller Lumber company, timber on n½ of ne¼ section 32-61-18 1,200
Wellington R. Burt et ux to Eastern Railway company of Minnesota, part of s½ of nw¼ section 32-58-20 1
Alfred Merritt et ux to Mesaba Central Land and Exploration company, s½ of nw¼, w½ of ne¼, n½ of sw¼ and n½ of se¼ section 11-53-18 1
W. S. Bishop et ux to John B. Adams, lot 6, block 53, Endion.. 1
Sidney Luce to Mary A. Klug, lot 165, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth 1
William Lucas, as receiver, to Lizzie Shelienberger, w½ of lot 5, block 22, Hazelwood addition to Oneota 40
Charles C. Kritzer et ux to Zenith Telephone company, part of lot 8, block 85, Endion 1
Same to Samuel Loeb, same..... 1
Samuel H. Farman, administrator, to Elsie H. Cole, und 31-37 of lots 1 and 2, block 60, Endion.. 3,186
Joe Frazell et ux to John Melenschak, lot 24, block 29, Eveleth.. 1
P. C. Bailey et ux to William J. Wallace, se¼ of nw¼, lot 3, section 5-53-17 109
John Melenschack et ux to Joe Franzell, lot 16, block 24, Eveleth 2,400
J. E. Bowers et ux to J. Ledingham, lot 378, block 50, Duluth proper, Second division 1,250
John Halvorson to W. S. Telford, lot 20, block 2, New Endion.... 1,100
William M. Prindle et al to F. A. Patrick, lot 1, block 32, Harrison's division 250
J. D. Ensign, judge, to Western Land association, lots 8, 9, 10 and 11, block 24, Portland..... 1
C. P. Webber et ux to Franklin Lumber company et al, sw¼ of ne¼, n½ of se¼, se¼ of se¼ section 4-50-19; and sw¼ of sw¼ section 34, ne¼ of se¼ section 26-5021
Lewis Howard et ux to Mary Syma, lands in sections 10,11, 12, 13, 14-58-20 1
C. P. Alexander to John A. Coke, lots 7, 8, block 34, lots 4, 5, 6, 7, block 48, Harrison's division, each
Oscar Olson to Charles I. Foss, s½ of lot 141, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth 150
Chisholm Improvement company to Arnold Karon et al, lots 15, 16, block 14, Chisholm 800
Roswell H. Palmer et ux to Christian S. Welk, lot 34, East Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division. 500
N. E. Jesmer et ux to Rose T. Bowne, lots 1 and 2, block 146, West Duluth, Fifth division..... 750
George B. Manter to A. A. Forbes, lot 13, block 15, Second Glen Avon division 1,250
Franklin Lumber company et al to F. R. Webber, lands in section 12-63-14, section 7-64-13, sections 2, 32-63-13, sections 8, 9-62-14, sections 32, 33-64-16, section 29-63-14, section 28-64-15, section 2-63-14, section 12-63-14, section 24-63-15, section 2-62-17 1
Same to same, lands in section 23-63-14, section 33-61-15, sections 14, 27, 32-63-16, section 32-63-15, section 33-64-16, section 2-63-17, sections 10, 22, 26-64-17 1
Same to same, lands in section 4-64-15 section 35-64-16, sections 10, 12, 15, 21, 31-64-14, section 30-64-13, sections 11, 12-64-14, section 33-65-14 1
Same parties, lands in sections 1 9, 12, 21-64-14, section 31-63-16..... 1
Franklin Lumber company to F. R. Webber, lands in sections 19, 22-64-17, in section 10-64-14, in section 28-64-14, in sections 29, 31-64-17
Delia Chevrette as administratrix to Louis Bierlin, lot 5, block 9, Ely 350
Northern Pacific Railway company to R. H. Doran, east 24 feet of south 100 feet of lot 13, block 5, Portland 1
Franklin Lumber company et al to F. R. Webber et al, lands in sections 26, 27, 28, 33, 35, township 64-16 1
Same to same, lands in sections 7, 18, 24, 26, 29, 30, 34, 35, township 65-15; section 12-65-19, sections 25 and 35, township 65-17 1
Franklin Lumber company et al to F. R. Webber, lands in section 12, 13, township 64-15, section 21-64-15, sections 1, 2, 19, 21 28, township 65-15, section 19-63-14 .....
John Hunter et al to Joseph Burger, fractional lots of 3 and 4, block 63, Harison's Brookdale division 125
Frank R. Webber et ux to William C. Vanderwoort, undivided ½ of lot 52, Minnesota avenue, lower Duluth 175
E. P. Alexander et ux to same, undivided ½ of same 175
Frank Carlson et ux to D. R. Barber, timber on se¼ section 2-50-15..... 100
Howard C. Kendall et ux to Oliver Iron Mining company, timber on 9-128 of lot 4 and sw¼ nw¼ section 4, lot 1 and se¼ ne¼ section 5-62-14..... 1
Charles d'Autremont, jr., et ux to same, timber on 9-16 of above.. 281
Nicholas Walsh to same, timber on 32-128 of above..... 375
Frank M. Parcher to Oliver Iron Mining company, timber on 6-256 of lot 4, and sw¼ nw¼ section 4, lot 1 and se¼ ne¼ section 5-62-14.. 53
Frank W. Eaton to same, 18-128 of same 211
Jacob C. Clark to same, timber on 9-128 of same 105
W. A. Wagner et ux to same, timber on und 9-128 of samo 105
Wilmot Parcher to same, timber on 9-256 of same 53
James L. Travers et ux to same, timber on 18-128 of same..... 211
Franklin Lumber company to F. R. Webber, lands in section 7-64-17; sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 22 and 23-64-18; section 34-63-16; sections 20 and 21-63-15..... 1
Oneota Cemetery association to John J. Rowe, lot 4, block 10, section F, First division, Oneota cemtery 15
H. C. Akeley Lumber company to Eastern Railway company of Minnesota, part of n½ of ne¼ ne¼ nw¼, and lot 1 section 30-57-21.... 1
Joseph Plion et ux to M. L. Cuningham; se¼ ne¼ and lot 5, section 4-51-17..... 175
A. D. Morse et al to Stephen Thomas, se¼ se¼ section 18-49-15..... 125
George K. Boutelle to C. M. Hill Lumber company, ne¼ ne¼, sw¼ ne¼ section 23, nw¼ ne¼ section 27-55-16..... 1
H. W. Wheeler et al to Charles H. Stevens, se section 8-50-16..... 30
Erick Forsberg et ux to Max Shapiro, part of block 32, Eveleth.. 800
George K. Boutelle to W. W. Billson, lot 32, East Eecond street, Duluth proper, First division.... 5,500
William McLaren to Martin Smith, undivided two-thirds of lot 9, block 2, Gay's division..... 1,733
William McLaren to same, undivided one-third of above..... 867
Gottlieb Salzmann to Charles G. Hillebrand; nw¼ nw¼ section 34-50-15 1
John M. Longyear et ux to Agnes Murphy, lots 30, block 7, Hibbing 709
Charles C. Wieland et ux to August Magnusen, w½ nw¼, section 30-50-15 150
Elma W. Matter et ux to W. M. Prindle, trustee, lots 13, 14, block 87, Portland 649
Chisholm Improvement company to John Rochellan, lot 11, block 13, Chisholm 1
Robert Lockhart to Michael Shanahan, lot 8, block 24, West End addition 250
J. W. Crockett et ux to Frank Faber, lots 9 and 10, block 37, Biwabik 100
Emma Rosenbusch to C. G. Colton, lot 6, block 74, West Duluth, Sixth division 4,500
William R. Wright et al to George D. Jewell, lots 9, 10, 11, block 103, West Duluth, Sixth division.... 1,200
Christ Bunes to R. J. Collins, ne ¼ sw¼ section 20-65-16..... 300
Samuel Williams et al, executor to Mary C. Magler, west 40 feet of lot 83, all of lot 85, block 23, Duluth proper, Third division.. 4,200
F. L. Buell to W. P. Rossman company, und 1-8 of lots 3, 4, 5 and nw¼ sw¼ section 29-62-14..... 300
J. P. Rossman company to Emma Sutton, w½ of lot 16, block 90, Endion 7,200
H. A. Schreck et ux to W. J. Scott, lots 3 and 4, block 40, West Duluth, Sixth division 1,700
William G. Hegardt et ux to Sarah Mosher, lot 128, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth 100
R. R. Bailey to Joseph Rooney, lot 18, block 12, Virginia 150
Jerry Johnson et ux to Nels Nori, lot 4, block 7, Biwabik..... 175
Franklin Lumber company et al to F. R. Webber, lot 6, section 24, and lots 1 and 3, section 25-56-16.. 1
Crown Lumber company to Franklin Lumber company, n½ se¼, se ¼ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼, section 28-64-15 565
Same to same, lands in section 29-64-15, and sections 29 and 32, township 64-17 1
Franklin Lumber company to same, n½ se¼, se¼ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼, section 28-64-15 1
Same to same, lands in sections 26, 27, 28, 33 and 35, township 64-16 1
John Hunter et al to A. C. Olson, lot 2, block 67, Harrison's Brookdale division 350
Sharon Ore company to Wilhelmina Stream, lot 7, block 1, Buhl. lots 5 and 6, block 19, Spirit Lake addition 100
F. G. Webster to Max Shapiro, lot 26, block 18, Virginia..... 400
David Pepper to George W. Buck, lot 57, East Third street, Duluth proper, First division..... 800
John M. Longyear et al to Maggie Tawyea, lot 18, block 11, Hibbing 2,500
F. G. Jewett to Mats Karpi et al, lot 24, block 12, Hibbing..... 90
Peter McHardy et ux to Margaret Tawyea, lot 19, block 11, Hibbing. 175
J. G. Scott to P. W. Scott, north 25 feet of south 150 feet of block 1, Virginia 225
Wilhelmina Stream to Edward Johnson, lot 7, block 1 300
R. H. Palmer et ux to Thomas Duluth proper, First division.... 60
Duluth proper, First division.... 5,000
Jed L. Washburn et ux to J. R. Hathaway, nw¼ section 22-51-14.. 3,200
Sharon Ore company to Joseph Kasun, lot 22, block 4, Buhl..... 200
Same to Edith C. Nichols, lot 2, block 4, Buhl 100
Francis J. Howell to Joseph Burger, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 3, Spalding addition 700
C. H. Graves et al to J. C. Schenck, lot 5, block C; lot 10, block 1; lot 13, block 47; lot 13, block 5; lot 3, block 8; lots 1 and 7, block 23; lots 14 to 24; lots 1 and 12, block 27; lot 12, block 28; lot 6, block 31; lots 4 and 12, block 32; lot 13, block 33; lot 12, block 34; lot 6, block 35; lot 6, block 38; lot 13, block 46; lot 2, block 46; lot 4, block 47; lot 10, block 47; lots 1 and 16, block 48; lot 11, block 52; lots 3, 8 and 9, block 53; lots 1 and 7, block 55; lot 4, block 57; lot 5, block 60; lot 1, block 68, Endion 1

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

Some Suggestions About Real Estate Investments.

FOR INVESTMENT.
We have some rare bargains in SUPERIOR and FIRST STREET property, improved and unimproved. Call and see what we have to offer. It will pay to buy now.

IN HOMES.
Three strictly modern houses in best localities in East End—very choice at $7500, $8000 and $10,000 respectively. Another fine house and barn on Superior street, near Twelfth avenue east, 62½ feet front, $7500. This is a good deal In smaller priced houses—we have a large list—probably the largest in the city.

HOUSES ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
At Hunter's Park—the most delightful part of Duluth—city water and gas mains there. In fact we have some beautiful places to sell—for instance, one eight-room house, hardwood finish, in nice condition, two lots and barn—all for $2000, on easy payments. Others at $1100, $1300, $1800, $2500, etc. In center of city, at Lakeside and West Duluth. We can sell handsome homes at less than cost of buildings alone, and REMEMBER, ON EASY TERMS. Now is the time to buy a home. They are going rapidly.

WEST DULUTH.
Things are looking up out there. We have about 75 houses—mostly taken under foreclosures—which we can sell at very low prices—most of them on monthly payments. Also some vacant lots at half their value.

4½, 5 and 6 per cent Money to Loan—Money ready for any good loan.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK, Torrey Bldg.

CROSBY'S Exclusive BARGAINS.

Lakeside and Lester Park.

$1400 buys six-room house on corner lot near London road and car line; lot 50x140 feet; electric light, well built, warm. A rare bargain. Immediate possession.

$1900 buys seven-room house on corner lot, 50x140, near car line, facing lake; water and sewer. One-third cash. Immediate possession.

$2300 buys six-room house on Oneida street, in fine locality, lot 50x140; house has city water, sewer, bath, stone foundation, full basement, with concrete floor, furnace heat; cannot be duplicated for $3000. Two blocks from car line. This is a snap.

$2000 buys a six-room house with water and sewer, on upper side of London road: lot 50x140, fine lawn. Terms, $300 cash, and $25 per month at 6 per cent for balance.

East End and Central.

$1800 buys seven-room house near Third avenue east; good well and private sewer. House in fine condition—$1000 cash and balance at 6 per cent.

$4750 buys nine-room house on Jefferson street in very desirable location near Fifteenth avenue east; water, sewer, bath, closet, electric light, gas, mantel, grate, stone foundation, full basement with laundry; furnace heat. A model home.

$3000 buys fine home on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east, eight rooms, water, sewer, bath, hardwood floors down stairs, large basement—$600 cash and monthly payments will handle this.

WE write fire insurance in the best of companies.

WHEN you want to sell your home or buy a new one, call 24 either 'phone, and will do the rest.

GEO. H. CROSBY, 106-7-8 Providence Building.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
"ISLE ROYALE ROUTE"
Fast Passenger and Freight Service.
Leave Duluth Sundays and Thursdays 7:30 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton. Direct at Hancock for Calumet. Arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m.
Leave Tuesdays and Fridays 9 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland; Ontonagon, Hancock, Houghton and intermediate points ... 9:00 a. m.
Leave Duluth Mondays and Thursdays 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur ... 9:00 a. m.
Leave Tuesd ys 5:5 p. m. for Port Arthur and Isle Royale—72 hour service ... 5:00 p. m.
Leave Sundays 7:30 p. m. for Isle Royale and Port Arthur via Houghton ... 7:30 p. m.
Sunday excursions to Two Harbors. Boats arrive and depart from Singer's dock, Lake ave. South.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mngr., Lyceum Building. Lake Avenue as of Canal

U. S. & D. T. CO. (BOOTH'S LINE.)
Duluth-Port Arthur Route.
S. S. AMERICA leaves Duluth every Sunday and Wednesday 10 a. m. and Friday 2 p. m., calling at Two Harbors, Beaver Bay, Grand Marais, Chicago Bay and Isle Royale. **10 a. m. 2 p. m.**

Duluth-Ashland-Hancock-Houghton Route
S. S. ARGO leaves Duluth every Monday and Thursday 10 a. m., calling at Orients, Port Wing, Herbster, Bayfield, Washburn and the Apostle Islands. **10 a. m.**

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

	STATIONS.	
7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia....Lv	8:05	3:34
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		† 12:40 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**2 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 10:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:35 a m
8:00 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 8:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 6:00 p m
11:15 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot
*9:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv——LOCAL——Ar. †7:25 p m
Marquette & Cooper Country.
Daily. † Except Sunday

THE HERALD'S WANT PAGE IS DAILY CROWDED WITH OPPORTUNITIES OF EVERY KIND FOR PEOPLE OF ALL CONDITIONS AND CIRCUMSTANCES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

East End Building Lots.

$4200 Northeast corner of Twenty-second avenue east and First street—lot140 feet.

$3000 Northeast corner Twenty-fifth avenue east and First street—100x140 feet.

$1400 Good corner lot on Sixteenth avenue east, below Third street. This is a snap.

$1700 Good building lot on upper side Second street, west of Sixteenth avenue east—50x140 feet.

$1400 Lot on lower side First street, east of Fourth avenue east—50x140 feet.

For Sale Exclusively by **W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,** FIRST FLOOR LONSDALE BLDG.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Central Property.

$600 and $700 Fine building lots at Second avenue east and Sixth street.

$1100 Eight-room house and lot at No. 207 West Sixth street.

$1600 Eight-room house and lot at No. 824 East Third street.

$3000 Nine-room house, very central, corner lot on East First street. Snap.

$2000 Two houses on central corner, paying 20 per cent net.

$1750 Takes 50 feet upper side of East First street. All improvements, including concrete walk. Cheapest lot on East First street.

$1800 Takes 50 feet on East Superior street.

A. C. VOLK & CO.
202-203 Palladio Bldg.

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

FOR SALE.

Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—

$7500.

R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

House For Rent

East End—$35 per Month

CHAS. A. STARK,
213 Palladio Building.

$2400 Nine-room house, city water, closets, bath, gas; in good condition; not ten minutes' walk from city hall.

$3150 Nine rooms, city water, closets, bath, stone foundation good condition. Not ten minutes' walk from city hall.

$1500 Good house on West Fourth street.

$1650 Fine new house on West Fourth street.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
401 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

FOR SALE.

Lot 50x140 feet in West End, double front between Superior and Michigan streets, both streets and avenue paved; also sewer and water connections. This lot once sold for $5000. We will sell it today for $2000; $500 cash, balance in three years. This is a bargain.

Two houses on hill, lot 50x140; houses in good condition; immediate possession given; must be sold. Make us an offer.

Exclusive sale of above properties.

Little & Nolte

FOR RENT.

Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.

Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x450 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building.

FOR SALE

$1050 Lot on East Second street, 50x140 feet in area.

$1500 No. 1425 West Superior street, small house and lot, 50x140 feet in area.

$3200 Flat building containing four flats with city water. Building has stone foundation and rents readily.

$4200 Eleven-room house in East End with all conveniences and hardwood finish. Will sell or trade for smaller house.

FOR RENT—Two or three desirable offices in the Burrows building.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

$14,000 For a brick row, East End; five dwellings, netting about 9 per cent.

$10,000 For a first class modern double house, ten rooms each; best location in East End.

$500 Each for two full 50-foot lots on West Fourth street, near Ninth avenue. They are cheap.

$1900 Seven-room house, city water; well located in Lakeside.

$350 For full 50-foot lots, Sixth street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west.

Farm lands in Minnesota and Dakota.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

Fifteen acres of beautifully shaped property on the lake shore, near the pumping station. A great investment.

Lots on East Fifth street, water and sewer on the street, for $500.

Three houses in the West End, well located, for sale cheap.

Lots on Twenty-third avenue west for $250 and upwards.

Lots on West Third street, near Twenty-ninth avenue west, for $450.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap

In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

GREAT BARGAIN!

Nine-room house for sale, centrally located. Terms to suit purchaser. Property must be sold.

205 Lyceum.

FARM LANDS

Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Stree

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE!

150 feet in very desirable locality on London Road; water and sewer connections all in. Suitable for two fine residences. Offers received. Address B. G., care Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — SEVEN OR EIGHT-ROOM house, East End, below Fifth street; must be a genuine bargain. Address all particulars to X X, Herald office.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND, OSTEOPATHIC specialist. Graduate American School of Osteopathy. 9 Phoenix block.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

MASSAGE.

R. M. HOSS, COMPETENT MASSEUR. Best references. Prices moderate. Call Zenith 'phone 4067, West Superior.

TAILORING.

A SUIT OPPORTUNITY—MADE TO order, $15 and up. John Mueller, the clothes cleaner, 21 West Superior street.

TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—ORANGE AND lemon income orchards; all kinds large, honest business propositions wanted. Lester, Copp building, Los Angeles, Cal.

ENGRAVING.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second street.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, TRANCE medium, gives readings, 1413 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior street.

INSTRUCTION.

WANTED—PRIVATE PUPILS BY EXperienced teacher of short hand. Terms moderate. Address X 58, Herald.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. BAIN SMITH HAS OPENED dressmaking parlors. 5, over Suffel's.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

Come in and get the list of houses we have for sale on monthly payments.

$2200 for 200 feet on West Fourth street, sidewalks down and street graded. Assessments all paid.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$1500 for five-room house; sewer, good barn, good lot; on Sixteenth avenue east.

$2000 Buys seven-room house on East Fifth street; city water, sewer. Lot 25x140 feet.

$3250 buys fine seven-room house, city water, sewer, stone foundation, cellar with concrete floor. Lot 50 by 140, on East Fourth street.

FARM 10 and 20-acre tracts of cleared land near the city.

360 acres near the city, well watered, suitable for stock farm. Good speculation. Will sell cheap.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest
5-room house..	525	130—balance 6 per ct.	
6-room house..	600	150—balance 6 per ct.	
5-room house..	650	150—balance 6 per ct.	
6-room house..	675	170—balance 6 per ct.	

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNTS.

On Watches, Diamonds—all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Reduced rates from $10, $20, $50, $100 up to $1000, and we guarantee to hold your goods for one year.
KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO
16 West Superior street and also
15 West Michigan street.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

Western Loan Co.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan Office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 W. Mich. St.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST-CLASS WORK, CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

AND REPAIRED. 129 FIRST AVE. W.

PERSONAL.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADle to grave; what I tell you comes true. Send time and birthdate. Prof. J. Myers, drawer 704, Chicago.

BUSINESS MAN, MIDDLE AGED, worth $20,000, seeks at once, poor but faithful wife. Address Mr. Hamilton, 403 Omaha building, Chicago.

$500 REWARD FOR ANY CASE OF OBstinate abnormal suppression in pathology, from any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve; mail; harmless, vegtable, safe, sure; how long suppressed; $100 reward for any other remedy advertised that will relieve one in twenty. Dr. Jackson R. Co., Chicago, Ill. (Corporation.) Paid up capital $50,000.

HANDSOME, INTELLIGENT AMERIcan lady, worth $85,000, will marry immediately and assist kind husband financially. Belle, 134 Van Buren street, Chicago.

FOR ADOPTION—FINE BABY BOY. Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue.

LADIES! USE OUR HARMLESS remedy for delayed or suppressed period; it cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

RAILROAD BUILDER, 60, GENIAL affectionate, accumulated $300,000; tired of loneliness, seeks congenial life companion. Jackson, care of Deffaa, 1417 Second avenue, N. Y.

DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION cured. Box free. C. H. Rowan, North Milwaukee, Wis.

PASTURAGE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PASTURAGE FOR horses and cattle at Spirit lake. Inquire Zenith 'phone 3090.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phone 1471.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

CHARLES LARSON WILL ARRIVE with car fresh milch cows, at 2012 West First street, June 10.

20-YEAR GROUND LEASE CAN BE made on 50-foot corner, Ogden and Broadway, West Superior. Inquire J. C. & R. M. Hunter, Exchange building.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, VERY fine; large, clean as new; a bargain if taken at once. 904 East Third street.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAILBOAT; GOOD as new with mast, sail, oars, etc., will sell cheap. Inquire Patterson's boathouse.

FOR SALE OR TRADE IN FOOD LAND my stock of general merchandise, invoice about $6500, in a prosperous town about one thousand. Lock Box 36, Pine Island, Minn.

FOR SALE — SHETLAND PONIES, thoroughly broken to ride and drive; fine stock. Meadow Brook Farm, Rice Lake, Wis.

FOR SALE — GUN, CHEAP; AN $85 high grade L. C. Smith hammerless 12-gauge double barrel shotgun; guaranteed as good as new. Address Charles R. Cooley, Biwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE—GOOD TEAM OF HORSES, harness and wagon. Easy terms. Snap if taken at once. Address C 38, Herald.

FOR SALE—NO. 8 STEWART COOK stove, wood or coal; good as new. 316 Lake avenue north.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED COTTAGE. Park Point. Inquire Camp Marquette.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE, SEVenty boarders, doing good business. 210 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE; GOOD location. Address E 33, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE COW AND calf. Address Youngberg, end of street car line, Woodland.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ORGAN. Inquire at 1529 East Third street.

FOR SALE—$50 BUYS OLD HICKORY lumber wagon, 3½ by 3 inch tire, for two weeks only. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND OFFICE furniture, including desks, tables, filing cabinets, chairs, safe and office fixtures. Room 206, Manhattan Building.

FOR SALE—ESTABLISHED, THRIVing news stand. Cheap. Address 201 and 202 Lyceum.

Two carloads of first-class Drivers, Delivery and General Purpose Horses just received. Be sure and inspect our stock first. We defy all competition.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Mammoth Stables, opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth ave. W.

FOR SALE — CAR FRESH MILCH cows has arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

LIGHT CEDAR ROW BOATS FOR sale. H. S. Patterson, near depot.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows; will sell or exchange. L19 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING, silver gray Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 for 15. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, very cheap. G 96, Herald.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY. X 63, Herald.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT WOULD like to secure position in office for the summer months, where he can continue his route on The Herald. Can furnish very best references. Address H 44, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG man who has had office experience with systems in large commercial concerns. Can furnish A-1 references. Address X 62, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY ACTIVE, intelligent young man; outdoor hustling preferred; no canvassing or insurance soliciting considered. Address Aleck Olson, 115 South Fifty-sixth avenue, West Duluth, Minn.

SITUATION WANTED AS CLERK BY experienced man in grocery. Understands Scandinavian and German languages. Address 422 John avenue, West Superior.

WANTED—LAWNS TO CUT FOR SEAson; basements to whitewash, from Second to Twenty-fifth avenue east. Address E 31, Herald.

Launches, Row Boats,
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION CO., Duluth.
Send for catalogue.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment, M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

MONUMENTS.

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND MARble work. Only shop in Duluth. Duluth Monumental works, 306 E. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TRIMMED hats at 106 West Superior street.

NEW SHIRT-WAIST HATS AT SWENson's, over Suffel's. Open evenings.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; best wages. Inquire Monday and after. 2332 East First street. Mrs. Page Morris.

WANTED—SALESLADY IN DRAPERY department to learn the business. Good position for the right person. French & Bassett.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. 931 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK; good wages. Mrs. L. S. Loeb, 1129 East Superior street.

LADIES! COPY LETTERS AT HOME; $10 per 1000. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Novelty company, Dept. 22, Chicago.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND iron. Three in family. Apply to Mrs. D. D. Gaillard, 1418 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, small family; no children. Call Mrs. G. S. R. Richards, "Camp Orlando" cottage, Twentieth street, Park Point.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Address 218 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT LAUNDRESS. Apply Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, WOMAN for house cleaning. 102 East Second street.

WANTED, AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. M. C. Clark, No. 6 Adams flat.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be able to cook; good wages. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. John Crosby, 2508 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL. 707 WEST SUPERIOR street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No children. Good wages. Mrs. C. E. Lum, 1103 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT dressmaker for one day only, any time next week; will pay good wages. Address S 11, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD DININGROOM GIRL. 218 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. Hotel Arlington.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid. Apply to Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — AT ONCE, NURSE GIRL. 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND HOUSEmaid. Good wages. 432 West Second street.

WANTED — THIRTY GIRLS AT SOMers' employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking; two in family; call mornings. Mrs. A. Neuman, 5304 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE. COMPETENT cook. Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

$12 TO $24 PER WEEK AT HOME WRITing during spare hours; no canvassing or peddling; no outfit or goods required; either sex; send stamp. Advance Advertising Agency, Cleveland, O.

WANTED—SALESMEN. GOOD PAY, permanent position. Brown Brothers Co., Rochester, N. Y.

SIDE LINE MEN—$10 A DAY AND more guaranteed to side line men who are experienced advertising solicitors, to introduce our new advertising proposition. Big commission on original, and liberal per centage on renewals. No goods to sell. No samples to carry. Send references and territory covered. American Saving Stamp company, 90 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESmen, to call on all kinds of business houses, manufacturers, wholesale and retail stores and banks, to introduce and sell our magnificent advertising calendars, comprising over 200 different styles, all original, late, handsome patterns, nothing like them ever seen before. Customers want and buy at once on seeing them; really no competition; wonderful works of art. We pay the largest commission. Those giving exclusive time to the work readily make $100 to $250 every week. We guarantee them to be the best side line for traveling men ever heard of. Write at once with references. All commissions paid promptly. Success assured. American Novelty company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED — TRUSTWORTHY PERSON in each county to manage business, old established house, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $18 paid by check each Wednesday, with all expenses direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 379 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — MEN OR WOMEN TO DO writing at home; $3 per day working during spare hours; no canvassing. Enclose stamp. Larue, 1260 Euclid avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE — HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATAlogue explains how we teach the barber trade in short time, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

SALESMAN WANTED — HUSTLING salesman for Minnesota by well established wholesale house. High commission contract with $25 weekly advance while traveling. Jess H. Smith company, Detroit, Mich.

WE MUST HAVE AN EXPERIENCED, capable traveling salesman to fill June first vacancy. M. F. Bixler & Co., Ltd., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED — TRAVELING SALESMAN for Minnesota to sell retail trade. Attractive salable line. Established high rated house. Box 225, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — AT ONCE, A STRONG man for porter work. Only those who are steady and reliable need apply. Superintendent Panton & White Co.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. HOTEL McKay.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED—Continued.

WANTED — SUB-CONTRACTORS FOR fifty miles new railroad work in North Dakota, near Bismarck. Call on Olund & King, No. 507 West Michigan street.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ONE NEW COTTAGE on Park Point in course of construction, from July 1; also one 4-room cottage at Nineteenth street, for balance of season. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows.

FOR RENT — 4-ROOM FURNISHED cottage on Park Point. Inquire at old Pavilion.

THIRTEEN-ROOM MODERN BRICK house, steam heat, at 313 West Fourth street. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED OR UNfurnished room; allow housekeeping. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE LARGE ROOMS upstairs; $3 per month. 306 East Eighth street.

ROOM FOR RENT—SUITABLE FOR lady or lady and gentleman. Old 'phone 1023-4.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; steam, gas, bath. Bostwick flats; flat E.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR lady, with bath, electric light; one block east from Munger terrace. 215 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms with or without board. 18 West Second.

FOR RENT; ONE NICELY FURnished room; also suite suitable for three. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, PLEASant location, one block from high school; one or two ladies preferred. F 48, Herald.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, $15 PER month; city water. 708 East Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room; modern conveniences. 631 West First street.

LARGE FURNISHED WITH COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 18½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—PARLOR AND ALCOVE. 7 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 710 West Second street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, electric lights, screens. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AT 624 West Third street; $5 a month.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, PARTLY furnished; light housekeeping allowed; three blocks from business center; modern. G 95, Herald.

FOR RENT—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR in a brick building, 50x140 feet in area; centrally located; desirable for manufacturing and other business purposes. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows building.

FURNISHED ROOMS. INQUIRE 409 Lowell building; old 'phone 208-5.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT. 429 NINETEEN and a half avenue west.

FURNISHED FIVE-ROOM FLAT, INcluding piano, in East End; no children. Address E 32, Herald.

FOR RENT—DURING SUMMER months, seven-room flat furnished. All conveniences; centrally located. Apply F 45, Herald office.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT, WITH bath. Inquire Eureka Laundry, 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT IN Bellevue terrace. All conveniences. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows' building.

LADY CAN GET FURNISHED ROOM with bath, on street car line. 203 Eighth avenue east.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first class and modern; centrally located; immediate possession. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM. 207 WEST SECond street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. 218 West Third street. Mrs. Fogleson.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, FOUR OR FIVE rooms for housekeeping by young couple without children. Address F 49, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—FOUR TO SIX rooms on ground floor. Call or address E. G. S., 504 Board of Trade.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company. No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK COCKER SPANIEL bitch. Return to 19 West Superior street. John Adams.

LOST—PURE WHITE FOX TERRIER, long ears and short tail. Call or address 2629 West Fourth street, and receive reward.

STOVES REPAIRED.

GASOLINE AND OTHER STOVES REpaired, bought and sold. C. J. Refuss, 25 East Superior street. 'Phone 742.

HEATERS STORED FOR THE SUMmer. Am. Stove Repair Co., 17 1st av. W.

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DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 W. Sup. street. All communications strictly confidential. 'Phone, enith 1445.

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THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

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MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St. Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

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FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS FLAvor use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

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MEN'S FIRST CLASS BUSINESS SUITS, $21 and up. Linne Tailoring company, 118 West Fourth street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old 'phone 344-5. New 'phone 418.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 2, 1902. Work, second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 9, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stirson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 11, 1902. Work, P. M. and M. E. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, at 8 p. m. Next conclave June 10th, 1902. Work, Drill. Willam B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Mieheaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First." Tuesday evening, June 10, followed by school of instruction.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.—Duluth Aerie No. 78, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. U. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE NO. 17 MEETS every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. A. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. William Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 266, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth ten No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

TEAM DRIVERS' UNION, NO 411, meets every Wednesday at 8 p. m. in marine engineers' hall, Hunter block. All team drivers are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY 2

How She Married Off Her Eight Daughters

The Confessions of a Match-Making Mother

Marrying off eight daughters without one of them having the least suspicion of the mother's plotting is a superb example of match making. Such, however, was the feat accomplished by the widow of an English officer, if we are to trust the confession of the mother herself, as told in "The Confessions of a Match Making Mother," a recent English novel. There may be much for reflection in the methods of this master of the art that will appeal with peculiar force to mothers that may have similar aspirations, or to a daughter that may need the advice of a skilled social pilot.

This mother, although a highly improbable creature from a realistic point of view, is quite a delightful person. She takes you into her confidence in the very beginning and keeps you there until the end. She seems to anticipate that you will set her down as a worldly minded woman, and to offset any such opinion she begins by telling you how happy her own married life was with her late husband, dear Dermot. She lets you feel from the first that she knows you will sympathize with her in her keen desire to do her duty by the eight daughters that are left to console her in her widowhood—that is, to effect for each one of them a marriage as happy as her own had been. She declares that their happiness is all she cares for, however much unselfish action it calls for on her part.

The widow's methods are unique. She leaves India because the loss of her husband's army pay would necessitate a more moderate plan of living than they had been accustomed to, and she argues that it could not fail to jeopardize her daughters' matrimonial chances to "cut down" expenses there. She comes home to England and selects a summer cottage on the edge of a town which contains an army post.

She doesn't want to look to army men for husbands for her daughters, but knows that they will be available if all else fails. The eight daughters are at school until the little cottage is made as cosy as inexpensive decorations can make it. Then the two eldest girls are brought home for the winter's campaign. These are Beatrix and Helen. The fond mother begins at once to study her daughters' characteristics. She decides that her eldest born has all the qualifications that go to make a successful society woman and that Helen is domestic. That point gained, she assigns to Helen the task of keeping the cottage cosy and of learning to serve dainty meals. Beatrix gets all the pretty gowns, for all time and money within the widow's reach are to be expended upon her until she is successfully married.

Point number two in the widow's method consists in determining the kind of man to be the proper mate for this future society woman and where he could be found. She soon heard of Austin Jarrold, a young diplomatist, destined, people said, one day, to make a big stir in parliament. He was a "heavy" sort of a person, with no thought for society, all his interest being centered upon matters of finance. However, as it is an easy matter to meet the inmates of a small town, the widow soon became acquainted with the young diplomatist and took occasion to ask such well directed questions about finance that he could not help from offering to come to her house to lend her some books that she would, in his opinion, find instructive.

On the day of the promised call, the widow had Bee rigged up in her best white gown and seated in the parlor with a book in her lap. The widow herself quite skillfully managed not to be dressed in time to answer the door, and in this way gave the two young people a chance to become acquainted. Her theory was that she had only to bring together people with the right sort of temperaments for them to promptly fall in love with each other. But it took some manipulation on her part for young Jarrold to be convinced that Beatrix, and not her mother, was the proper helpmeet for him. When he hinted that her interest in finance had aroused in his manly breast the hope that he, too, might be happy as other men are, the widow rose to the occasion and told him of the confidence of her eight daughters and the slender means she had to take care of them with. Then she pictured to him the younger, more beautiful, who should crown his career with success for him, skillfully describing her daughter Bee, and letting her eyes, with seemingly unconsciousness, wander across the room to where that young lady was dispensing tea to an admiring group of young men.

It worked like a charm. A few days later the widow came across them suddenly in the garden and her woman's wit telling her that Jarrold was proposing, she crouched behind a huge busn so as not to spoil anything.

Victory once won was easily repeated. The method used in the case of her eldest child was repeated for each of the seven others and with the same marvelous success. For Helen, the widow selected a widower with five children, because Helen was domestic and love did not appeal to her in the romantic way it does to most young women. But the widower was comfortable, with an excellent housekeeper and no woman, the widow confidentially tells you, would have had the heart to disturb that comfort, except a mother anxious for the welfare of her child. To make him realize that he needs to marry again, she finds a better place for this housekeeper, the loss of whom throws his home into confusion. And to make him soon realize that Helen is the very woman for him, she has him and the children over to eat the little delightful meals that Helen prepares and that her mother boasts about. Helen is very soon married.

Louisa is religious and a curate is picked out for her.

The girl promptly falls in love with him but does not meet with a return of the same feeling. The widow, growing alarmed, goes to his church to hear him preach, in hope of the better understanding his character and is visited with an inspiration that brings about the successful coup. She realizes that his whole emotional being is centered in the profound reverence he has for martyrdom. Hence begins the persecution of Louisa. Tormented in her own home the poor girl seeks consolation from the curate and when he seeks to remonstrate with her mother for compelling her to go to the theater during Lent, she reminds him that her authority is paramount with her daughter, although it would yield to a husband's authority. The curate then proposes.

Enid is the one daughter of the widow who has an individuality of her own. She turns up her nose at the suitor her mother selects for her and marries the successful banker her mother has picked out for Rosamund. But the banker has a close friend who expresses a desire for matrimony and is thoroughly encouraged to pay his attentions to Rosamund. Rosamund is romantic and it requires many conferences on the part of the would-be husband and the mother before she will capitulate to the little god Love. Finally, by interpreting the friendly overtures of a dog in a daisy field in the light of a mad dog's antics and begging Rosamund to run for her life while her lover strangles the furious brute and of losing a few pounds of his snug fortune, Mastyn succeeded in making Rosamund look upon him in the light of a hero. And then, they were married.

The twins and Baby Barbara were all that were left. Sybil and Cora were taken abroad. Sybil was clever and in accord with the laws of contrast fell in love with a very stupid young Englishman. Cora was a flirt and broke everybody's heart, until a flirt of the male persuasion came along and broke hers and then they were married.

The widow never lets you forget that every one of these marriages were love matches and turned out happily, yet they never would have been consummated but for her own skill in throwing the proper persons together. To prove that she is not mercenary, she tells of the proposal of a broken down lord with lots of money for the hand of her 16-year-old Barbara and of her scornful refusal. Then she allows Barbara to engage herself to the old nobleman's young nephew, even knowing that in consequence he might be cut out of the old man's will. But it is significant to remark that he is not.

Having safely disposed of her eight daughters, the widow takes unto herself a new husband, a man she had refused thirty years before, but who had been left a widower with two daughters on his hands. In concluding, she gives this advice to all matchmaking mothers:

"And now if any mother feels tempted by my successes to follow in my footsteps, let me give her one warning word. It is not an easy thing to undertake matchmaking. It calls for courage and patience and unselfishness. A mother must be prepared to give up all her own advantages to her daughter's good. It means perpetual watchfulness and work and waiting, but the result is its own sufficient reward. To make one's daughters happy and successful, what more need a mother ask?"

FABLES BY GEORGE ADE

The Modern Fable of the Regular Kind of a Place and the Usual Way It Turned Out.

(Copyright, 1902, R. H. Russell.)

Once there was a home-like Beanery where one could tell the Day of the Week by what was on the Table.

The Stroke Oar of this Food Bazaar had been in the Business for 20 years and she had earned her Harp three times over. The Prune Joke never phased her and she had herself trained so as not to hear any sarcastic Cracks about the Oleo. She prided herself on the Atmosphere of Culture that permeated the Establishment and on the Fact that she did not harbor any Improper Characters. A good many Improper Characters came around and sized up the Lay-Out and then blew.

It was a sure-enough Boarding House, such as many of our Best People know all

A HOME-LIKE BEANERY.

about even if they won't tell. All they had to do to get the Center Table ready for Ping-Pong was to take off the Caster.

The Landlady was doing what she could to discourage the Beef Trust, but she carried a heavy line of Oatmeal. She had Oatmeal to burn and sometimes she did it. And she often remarked that Spinach had Iron in it and was great for the Blood. One of her pet Theories was that Rice contained more Nutriment than could be found in Spring Chicken, but the Boarders allowed that she never saw a Spring Chicken.

In the Cast of Characters were many of the Old Favorites. There was the lippy Boy with the Williams and Walker Shirts who knew the Names of all the Ball Play-

SOME OF THE BOARDERS.

ers and could tell when there was a good Variety Show in Town.

Then there was the other kind with a strawcolored Mustache and a prominent Adam's Apple who was very careful about his Pronunciation. He belonged to a Social Purity Club that had a Yell. His Idea of a Hurrah was to get in a Parlor with a few Sisters who were under the Age Limit and sing the Bass Part of "Pull for the Shore."

Then there was the Old Boarder. He was the Land-Mark. Having lived in Boarding-Houses and Hotels all his Life, he had developed a Grouch that enveloped him like a Morning Fog. He had a Way of turning Things over with his Fork, as if to say, "Well, I don't know about this." And he never believed anything he saw in the Papers. He said the Papers printed those things just to fill up. The Circassian Princess that brought in the Vittles paid more attention to him than to anyone else, because if he didn't get Egg on his Lettuce he was liable to cry all over the Table Cloth.

Then there was the chubby Man who came in every Evening and told what had happened at the Store that Day, and there was a human Ant-Eater who made Puns.

One of the necessary Features of a refined Joint is the Slender Thing who is taking Music and has Mommer along to fight off the Managers and hush the Voice of Scandal. This Boarding-House had one of these Mother-and-Child combinations that was a Dream. Daughter was full of Kubelik and Josef Hoffman. Away back in the Pines somewhere there was a Father, who was putting up the Outfit. Mother's Job seemed to be to sit around and Root. She was a consistent little Booster. If what Mother said was true, then Effie's Voice was a good deal better than it sounded. She said the Teachers were just crazy about it and all of them agreed that Effie ought to go to Paris or Milan. The slangy Boy with the rag-time Shirt went them one better and said that ALL of the phoney Melbas in this country ought to pull for the Old Country and wait until they were sent for.

In this same Boarding-House there was a Widow whose husband had neglected to die. Being left all alone in the World she had gone out to make her Way, since which time she had gained about 30 pounds and was considered Great Company by the Young Men.

Necessarily there was a Pale Lady who loved to read and who stuck to the Patterns that appeared in Godey's Magazine soon after the War.

Then there was the Married Couple, without any Children or Furniture of their own, and the only reason they didn't take a House was that Henry had to be out of Town so often. Henry's Salary had been whooped $50 a Year and she was just beginning to say Gown instead of Dress. She had the Society Column for Breakfast and things looked Dark for Henry.

For many months this conventional Group of ordinary 6¾ Mortals had lived in a Rut. At each mealtime they rounded up and mechanically devoured what was doled out to them and folded their Napkins and broke ranks. Each day was the Duplicate of another and Life had petered down to a Routine.

One Evening, just as they had come in for their Vermicelli, a new Boarder glided into their midst. She was a tall Gypsy Queen with about $1200 worth of Clothes that fit her everywhere, and all the time and she had this watch-me kind of a Walk, the same being a Cue for all the other Girls to get out their Hardware.

When she moved up to the Table and began to distribute a few sample Smiles, so as to indicate the Character of her Work, the musical Team went out with the Tide, the Grass Widow curled up like an Autumn Leaf, the touch-me-not Married Lady dropped into the Scrub Division. The Lady who read was shy a Spoon and afraid to ask for it. The Men were all goggle-eyed and the Help was running into Chairs and dropping important

THE SLENDER THING THAT IS TAKING MUSIC.

parts of the Menu.

Presently the Landlady came in and explained. She said that Mrs. Williams was in the City to shop for a couple of Days and her Husband would be up on the Night Train. Whereupon five men fell under the Table.

MORAL: Nothing ever happens at a Boarding House.

The Angler's Lures

Devices Really Useful In Catching Fish—Artificial Baits That Are Not Calculated to Deceive.

Izaak Walton disported himself with a cane pole, a rough line of linen, a crude hook and an impaled angleworm. Fish, possibly, were more plentiful in his day, and certainly the fisherman demanded less to make him happy.

Nowadays, says the New York Sun, the man goes into the woods or along stream in search of nature and nature's delights needs an outfit that would have caused the old Englishman's eyes to bulge with astonishment. In fact, it is the fault of most of those who go into the countryside only occasionally that they take too much. Too much is nearly as bad as too little—not quite so bad, as part of it can be thrown away.

Modern ingenuity has placed within the reach of rich and poor an enormous variety variety of things to be used in taking fish. Of them nine-tenths are worthless, but of the remaining tenth a man must have at least a tenth or he will get few fish.

The number of artificial lures is almost infinite, but most of them are merely experiments. They appear one season, are tried by fishermen, are pronounced to be worthless and then disappear. To say what becomes of them is as difficult as to say what becomes of the pins.

Many of them are costly and at the end of the season the manufacturers are out thousands of dollars on their account. There are certain standards, or stand-bys, however, which are always popular.

Their worth has been demonstrated and there is an increasing demand for them, for as the population of the country grows the number of anglers increases. Moreover, there is no doubt that of late years business men have taken more and more to the fields.

Twenty years ago the number of business men going fishing on their vacation was comparatively small, but now the trains are packed with them on Saturday afternoons. This is due to the more widely spread recognition of the truth that for the tired mental worker there is no rest like engaging in physical toil in the open air.

Chief of accepted artificial lures for bass, trout or the members of the pike family is that oddly shaped contrivance, the spoon. It does not look like a fish when held in the hand and depends for deception upon whirling when dragged through the water.

It thus becomes nearly circular to the of the fish, simulating the round body of a darting minnow. It is made in many styles and sizes, but fundamentally its varieties are the same.

Some makers coat half of its sides with gilt, some put more or less red upon it, some make it of copper, some of tin alloy. Each of these kinds has its advocates, who will argue about its merits far into the night.

The fact is that there is little difference in their killing qualities. One man, having taken a twenty-pound muskallonge upon a gold-gilt spoon, when his companions were unsuccessful, swears violently by the gold-gilt kind; another, having used a straight silver spoon without hint or ornamentation or color, is ready to fight for the merits of the plain metal.

The main requisite is that they should be not too large or too small for the kind of fish it is desired to attract, and that they should whirl easily. Water is not so good a thing to see through as air, and at five feet a fish cannot tell whether a rapidly moving spoon has gilt on it or copper tinge.

He sees merely the darting of a shining object, which he takes to be a small perch or minnow, and he strikes at it so rapidly that he cannot distinguish its metal nature until it is between his jaws.

The older angler a man is the smaller spoon he is apt to use. He learns by experience that it is easy to get spoons too large. Bass are sometimes taken upon No. 6 spoons, or even upon No. 9's, which are muskallonge spoons, but in general the No. 3 is big enough.

It will be seen as far as the fish will care to strike, and its size promises that it will not get away so fast, and goes more easily into the mouth. This is especially true in fishing for the small mouthed bass, which is the genuine black bass and one of the most valuable of all game fishes.

The size of the spoon of course does not determine the size of the hooks attached behind it. A man may hang any size of hook he chooses, but it is well not to get it too large.

Every spoon is made so that the hooks which the maker puts upon it may be detached readily and others substituted. This is a good thing in waters full of weeds or pond lilies, where it would be impossible to cast or troll with the ordinary three-hook gang behind the spoon.

One of the most killing lures for bass, as well as one of the most lasting and convenient, is made by reaching the hooks from a No. 3 spoon, substituting a single weedless hook and putting on the weedless hook a thin strip of bacon fat two inches long, a quarter of an inch wide in the middle and tapering slightly toward each end.

This bait when taken through the water behind a whirling spoon, wiggles exactly as a minnow wiggles and would deceive a wiser thing than a fish. The hook being weedless, casts may be made into and recovered from the thickest beds of lily-pads, and toward noon on warm days there are certain to be big lazy bass shading themselves under those leaves.

The spoon catches slightly, but not enough to hang the line, and as it is reeled in it skips along over the pads, the bacon wiggling through the small spaces of open water between, and it makes a very tempting sight, indeed. Often before it can cross a bit of water a foot wide some giant rushes from below, coming straight upward, and nails it, rising half out of the water from the momentum.

Then, as the lily vines are all around, thick almost as the threads of a net, the man with the rod will need all of his skill. In fighting a fish in a place of this kind there is but one rule to follow. Get him to the boat as quickly as possible and never give an inch of line. The slightest slack enables him to wind the line about a pad stem and that means inevitable loss of the fish.

If a bit of red flannel be attached to the weedless hook just above the bacon no harm will be done, though this lure is more effective when skittering for pickerel than in fishing for bass, which are taken most often with baits or lures traveling a foot or so under the surface.

Of other artificial lures those which are most effective are least pretentious and conform most closely to the appearance of small fish. The phantom winnow made of rubber is not good.

There are many ornate articles, having devices for making them whirl at tremendous speed and tinted in a half dozen colors, which catch pocketbooks but few fish. The catalogues of sporting goods shops are filled with pictures of these things, and nine times out of ten it is well to let them alone.

To this category belong rubber or celluloid frogs, beautifully painted in green, gray and black, with hook gangs between their hind legs; celluloid helgramites, larvae and crayfish, red rubber angle worms, and so forth. They are unsuccessful for the reason that they are all imitations of amphibians or insects taken by bass and trout when they are not in rapid motion.

The frog is a possible exception, though its speed under water is not great. That is true, too, of the crayfish, but crayfish taken by bass are always loafing along the bottom or banks, not darting backward into or out of their holes. Helgramites, larvae and worms are, of course, practically motionless in the water.

If an imitation of one of them be taken through the water rapidly the bass knows that it is not genuine; if it be allowed to remain at rest, or nearly so, the bass detects the cheat. The fish is foiled by the spoon because the spoon imitates a minnow darting past, and there is no time for investigation.

Even though this be so, the men who use some form of flesh bait with the spoon catch more bass, season in and out, than those who use the bare spoon. There are two reasons for this: Firstly, the bait, whether it be bacon, fish flesh, bird meat, minnows or worms, scents the water and so aids in the deception; secondly, there are many short-striking fish, bass or trout, that hit hard and miss the lure by three inches or so.

If these fish find only a bare spoon when they miss they will not come again, but it is within the memory of every angler how a bass has gone short of live bait, or a baited spoon, wheeled within a yard and reattacked it to his own destruction.

The ingenuity of man has devised phosphorescent lures of various kinds, frogs, minnows and such like, intended to ensnare the bass at night, but they are commonly despised because it is an unfair advantage to take of the bass to fish for him all day and all night too, and these shining things do not catch anything anyhow.

There are days when all lures, genuine or artificial, fail, and days when the fish will strike at almost anything. Such days are most frequent in autumn, just before the long winter freeze sets in.

On warm, still October days it often happens that the bass are astonishingly active and voracious, particularly if they be in a stream. Then there is nothing practically that they will not attack, provided that it be small, and the angler who has taken as many as his conscience will permit may amuse himself by watching their rushes at things which will do them no good.

A crimson leaf plucked from a maple and sent fluttering down to a pool will be struck at from three directions at once. A bit of dark colored cloth, a quid of tobacco, a cigar butt, will cause the surface to be broken from near and far.

This state of affairs is to be explained of course, only by hunger. It is a time of year when there is no more insect life wandering by and falling

(Continued on page 2.)

Tammany Hall's History

Hon. William Sulzer, Member of Congress From New York City, and Former Speaker of the New York Assembly, Discusses the Noted Organization.

For a man to speak well of a noble friend and patron is but natural, and so when I am asked to tell something of Tammany—the real Tammany, as known from intimate acquaintance, and not the fabulous Tammany of fevered political imagination—I accept the invitation more as a pleasure than a task. But it should be understood that Tammany needs no defense and needs no champion, for it was born of the indomitable stock of revolutionary days, and it stands today like some giant rock, against which the waves of clamor and prejudice lash themselves into impotent fury. It is not, therefore, as a defender of Tammany that I present this brief sketch, but merely as a recorder of the real Tammany as viewed from within by one who knows and venerates the organization.

The Tammany society is generally misunderstood and sometimes wilfully misrepresented by those who are not members of it and unfamiliar with its organization and workings. There is the Tammany society, or Columbian order, which

CONGRESSMAN WILLIAM SULZER.

is a fraternal organization dedicated to the noblest works of mankind, and there is the Tammany political organization, dedicated to sound governmental principles and to the welfare of the people and the public weal. Let us glance for a moment at the manner in which these organizations came into being. It is a story to be proud of and one linked with the rise and growth of the great American republic.

THE TAMMANY CHIEF.

The word "Tammany" is an Indian name and belongs to America. It was here before Columbus came, and it will be a part of our nomenclature while history lives. This was the name given by the Indians to that stately mountain on the banks of the Delaware, and it was the name, too, of one of the wisest and most celebrated chieftains in all Indian history. This Indian Tammany, was the trusted companion of William Penn, who speaks of him as a grand old man, wise, sagacious and with high ideals of liberty. The wise sayings of Tammany made him a saint and one of the wisest of Indian chieftains and from the stately mountain the Society of Tammany took its name. The actual origin of the society came as an incident to the tremendous struggle for American liberty. After the stress of seven years of war and privation; after the shock and suffering of battle; after peace had been declared and America had taken her place among the nations of the world, incident to it all and on the ruins of long years of tyranny and despotism, two societies were formed, one on the banks of the Hudson, called the "Society of Cincinnati," and the other in the city of New York, called the "Society of the Columbian Order." The first was organized by the officers of the revolution to be an exclusive organization based on the feudal principle of primogeniture, only the officers and their eldest sons in a direct line being eligible for membership. The second, the Tammany society, was organized by the rank and file of the soldiers who fought for American liberty. It was inclusive of and based on the immoral principles of the Declaration of Independence.

The Society of Cincinnati represented aristocracy; the Tammany society was Democracy in the broadest sense. One was for the few, the other for the many—one hereditary, the other equality.

THE TAMMANY TIGER.

The "tiger" is a familiar emblem of Tammany, and this emblem is but one of many by which the society preserves the aboriginal Indian names, costumes and ceremonies. The Tammany year is divided into four seasons. December, January and February is the season of snows; March, April and May, the season of blossoms; June, July and August the season of fruits; September, October and November the season of hunting, and these seasons are divided into moons.

The members of the society were divided into thirteen tribes, corresponding to the number of the original states. New York was the Eagle tribe; Delaware, the Tiger; Virginia, the deed; Georgia, the Wolf; North Carolina, the Buffalo; Pennsylvania, the bee; Connecticut, the beaver; New Hampshire, the squirrel; Maryland, the fox; New Jersey, the tortoise; Massachusetts, the bear; Rhode Island, the Eel, and South Carolina, the Dog. Formerly, when members joined the society, either they chose the tribe to which they proposed to belong or were assigned to one by the grand sachem; but this observance has now fallen into disuse. They are all now called "Tigers," probably from the characteristics which the great Chief Tammany in his farewell legendary address to the children of his several tribes, attributed to the tiger.

The society elects annually thirteen sachems, the number of the original thirteen states. One of them is selected as grand sachem. This body forms the council presided over by the grand sachem which meets quarterly for the transaction of business. The other officers of the society are a scribe, a treasurer, a sagamore, and a wiskinskie. The duty of the scribe is to record the proceedings of the society; of the sagamore to take charge of its property, and of the wiskinskie to act as doorkeeper.

THE GRAND SACHEM.

Members of the society other than honorary are proposed at one meeting, elected at the next, and initiated at the next. They must have nearly a unanimous vote to be elected. The names of the honorary members are inscribed on a roll separate from the names of the active members. At the initiation of the grand sachem the "Et-hoh Song" is sung, commencing:

Brothers, our council fire shines bright,
Et-hoh.

At the initiation of a member, a different one is sung, the first stanza of which is as follows:

Sacred's the ground where Freedom's found
And Virtue stamps her name;
Our hearts entwine at friendship's shrine,
And union fans the flame.
Our hearts sincere
Shall greet you here.
With joyful voice
Confirm your choice.
Et-hoh! Et-hoh! Et-hoh!

Every member who proposes a person for initiation is required to vouch that he is a true patriotic and firmly attached to the constitution of the United States.

Besides the Tammany society there is also in connection with it the Tammany political organization, the greatest organization of the kind in the country. It first asserted itself in the closing days of the eighteenth century. It first attacked the Federal party, which was rapidly establishing on the ruins of monarchy, an aristocracy. Before 1800 Tammany was composed of men of different political opinion, and took no prominent part in politics. But in the campaign of that year, which resulted in a decided victory for the people, its members stood together, the Federal party received its death blow; the power of the aristocracy was broken, the tendency to empire was swept away, and Thomas Jefferson elected president of the United States. It was the first and most signal of popular triumphs in this country. It was the end of the Federal party.

TAMMANY AS A PATRIOT.

From thence forward the influence of Tammany has been felt in every great national epoch, in every great popular movement. It supported and lent luster to the administration of Washington. It aided in the ratification of the constitution. It raised a great fund for the mausoleums where rest the bones of our martyred patriots who died in British prison ships. It supported Jefferson in his great reform administration, and in the Louisiana purchase. It urged Madison to protect American sailors from British depredations, and it never faltered in the war of 1812. It first suggested and proclaimed the Monroe doctrine. It had at its council fires Andrew Jackson, who loved Tammany and its teachings. It was the first to celebrate Washington's birthday. It opposed the proscriptions of the Know Nothing party. Tammany has always been opposed to monopolies, to class legislation, to all laws to favor an individual class of individuals over the other members of the community in the acquisition of wealth or in the enjoyment of special privileges.

During the civil war, the Tammany society lifted out and sent a fully equipped regiment to the field of battle, known as the Tammany regiment, and the members of the organization raised other regiments and brigades for the war. At Gettysburg the Tammany regiment was in the thick of the fight, and lost in killed and wounded 18 officers and 223 enlisted men; and considering the total number of men present in line of battle this record gives the Forty-second the right to be included, as history has already included it, among the great fighting regiments of the war. On the battlefield of Gettysburg, Tammany has erected a magnificent monument to the brave and gallant Tammany regiment. In the recent Spanish-American war Tammany also organized and equipped a regiment and offered it to the government, but it was never mustered into service.

TAMMANY'S REVILERS.

And yet many well-meaning citizens continually revile Tammany and denounce the organization as a danger and menace to free institutions. Instead of being a menace and threatening the stability of our institutions, it is really a safeguard. Has any great victory in the history of the world, for good and the right, ever been won without organization? Men may take a pessimistic view of organization today because it seems to be popular, but in the day of darkness and trouble and defeat, nothing can accomplish more good for the greatest number than the determined efforts of men united together under one grand leadership, fighting for principles that represent truth, justice and humanity.

Organization is the secret of success in all great undertakings; very little can be accomplished by individual effort. In organization there is strength. The history of the world teaches this, and successfully demonstrates the falsity of every argument advanced against it. Every step in the world's progress, every movement for the betterment of humanity has been accomplished by organization. In my judgment, more can be done for the benefit of society at large by systematic organization with fixed purposes and a determination to succeed than in any other way. We must deal with men as we find them, and not as we would wish them—with things as they are, and not as we desire. We cannot have everything as we would like until the millennium is at hand. This is a practical age—let us be practical.

Many intelligent and worthy people are opposed to Tammany because they know so little about it. They hear it called an organization, and hence straightway denounce it and all organizations. It would be as logical and equally as absurd to denounce all government because you do not like the political machinery of the Chinese empire. From the unit of the family to the highest perfection of civilization everything is organization in a greater or a lesser degree.

TAMMANY AS AN ORGANIZATION.

All government, all society, all business, all association, and all institutions are based on the sure foundation of more or less perfect organization. It is the organization of the drilled regiment that makes it effective and capable of successfully coping with the multitude and the mob. It is the discipline of the police organization that gives the citizen confidence in the security of his person and his property. It is the trained organization of the firemen that makes insurance rates so low in our cities. Opposition to organization is unjust, undemocratic, and un-American. What great movement has succeeded without organization? From the beginning of civilization, from the establishment of the Christian church, from the discovery of America, from the revolution to the present day, everything that has been accomplished for the progress of the world and the advancement of the human race has been done by organized effort and concerted action.

The men who, in season and out of season, continually denounce Tammany, who denounce its leaders, who revile it and prophesy all evil concerning it, know not of what they talk. Its organization is thoroughly simple and absolutely democratic in the broad sense. In New York city there are various assembly districts—each divided into election districts containing about 400 voters. In each assembly district the primary meeting is held strictly according to law. Ample notice is given of the time and place by publication, and all Democrats are cordially invited to attend and participate in its proceedings and deliberations. This is the whole system in a nutshell. What could be less dictatorial, less autocratic and more in harmony with our popular institutions? All power comes from the people, these men and those committees represent constituencies. If they neglect their duty, if they prove false to their trust, the remedy is in the hands of the people and can always be promptly and effectually applied. Every man in the city is welcome, and if the organization is not all that he could wish, the fault, if fault there be, is to some extent, to say the least, his fault. Chronic fault-finding is unfair, sweeping denunciation unwarranted.

RUNAWAY WIFE

Skipped Out Sixteen Times But Always Returned.

Philadelphia, June 7.—For the sixteenth time in three years Mrs. Hannah May Garthmeier, aged 24, is missing from home.

Like Sherlock Holmes, her husband succeeded in locating her each of the other fifteen times in various parts of the city.

On one occasion he found her in a hospital undergoing an operation which he knew nothing of; another time she was working as a cook in a restaurant. As Garthmeier has two young children, his wife's escapades cause him much annoyance.

"Every time I find her," he said, "she says: 'Joe, I am now ready to go home with you.' When I question her she says she merely wanted to stop work a bit and enjoy herself."

The Garthmeier's home life is very happy, and the woman is described as a model wife except for her disappearances. The police are helping Garthmeier in his search this time.

WORLD OF LABOR

Annual Convention of State Federation Opens Next Monday.

Duluth Will Be Represented By a Large Delegation.

Neary Opposed By Ryder of St. Paul For President.

Scheduled labor meetings:

Minnesota State convention, Monday and Tuesday, Rochester.

Building Trades council on Monday at 21 West Superior street.

Plasterers' union meets Monday at 18 West Superior street.

Meat Cutters' union meets Tuesday at 18 West Superior street.

Cooks and Waiters will meet Tuesday at 18 West Superior street.

Sheet Metal Workers' union meets Tuesday at 18 West Superior street.

Electrical Workers' union meets Thursday at 21 West Superior street.

Plumbers' union will meet Thursday at 18 West Superior street.

Building Laborers' union Thursday at 18 West Superior street.

Painters and Decorators meet Friday at 18 West Superior street.

Federated Trades assembly Friday at 18 West Superior street.

Leather Workers' union meets Friday at 18 West Superior street.

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The sixth annual convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor opens at Rochester on Monday morning.

Duluth will be represented by one of the largest and hardest working delegations ever sent to the convention.

Alderman McEwen, of this city, will undoubtedly be re-elected secretary and treasurer of the federation. M. E. Neary, of Minneapolis, will also be honored with a re-election to the office of president.

William Tunnell, of the local Meat Cutters' union, will be the assistant secretary of the convention, and other Duluth men will be honored with important committee appointments.

The following is a condensed program for the convention:

Sunday evening—Attending divine services. Sermon by Rev. D. A. Doran.

Monday, 10 a. m.—Opening of convention. Usual address of welcome and responses. Credential committee's report.

Monday afternoon—Appointment of standing committees; reports of officers; presentation of resolutions and memorials; report of several standing committees.

On Monday evening there will be a great mass meeting at the opera house. The following interesting program has been arranged:

Parade, headed by Union Marshal and Queen City band. City officers in carriages and all attending delegates in line, followed by the unions of Rochester and citizens in carriages.

At Opera House:

Selection by orchestra .....
Address of welcome .....
By the Mayor.
Response .....
M. E. Neary.
Male quartet .....Easton
Address .....
Thomas Spellane, Esq.
Vocal selection .....
Miss Schamfeld.
Address .....
M. E. McEwen.
Male quartet .....
Address .....
Rev. D. A. Doran.
Vocal selection .....
Miss Schamfeld.
Address .....
Hon. John O'Donnell.

Tuesday will be taken up with the adoption of new business, resolutions, final reports of committees, the all important work of organization, and the election of officers.

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At the meeting of the local Tailors' union, held Monday night, the following officers were elected for the next six months, as follows: John H. Moork, president; L. Halling, vice president; John G. Elder, corresponding secretary; John Benson, financial secretary; Louis Nelson, treasurer; O. E. Lumley, inside guard; Peter Nelson, O. E. Lumley and Oscar Frieberg delegates to the Federated Trades' assembly. The trustees of the union for the ensuing term are: John Pearson, T. Leed and Martin Borowicz.

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A report from St. Paul this morning announced that J. J. Ryder, of the Typographical union of that city, would make a try for the presidency of the State Federation against M. E. Neary. As near as can be learned his support is only with the delegates from his own union and the St. Paul assembly, which does not give him over ten votes in a convention of over 150.

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Henry Dworchak, J. W. Richardson and Henry Perault, delegates from the assembly, left for the Rochester convention this afternoon. In Minneapolis they will be joined by Gordon O'Neil.

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The Carpenters' union has raised its initiation fee from $10 to $20. This union has 378 members in good standing. It will be represented in the state convention by such workers as J. W. Richardson, George Davis, S. T. Skrove, E. F. Heller and J. L. Heasley.

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The newly organized union of local team drivers held a big meeting in Kalamazoo hall on Wednesday. Twenty new members were added, bringing the membership up to sixty-five. Archie Cameron has been elected president, John Vesterfelt, vice president; Donald McRae, secretary and treasurer; John Murphy, recording secretary, and O. B. Cole, conductor.

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The union recently organized by team owners has adopted the name of "General Wagon Drivers," and will hold an important meeting at 18 West Superior street this evening.

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Secretary Paul Neuman of the Cigarmakers' union will represent that organization at Rochester next week.

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As a result of the ball of the sheet metal workers at Lester Park Tuesday evening, I. Pierce will receive a substantial benefit. Mr. Pierce is in very poor health in New Mexico. He was very prominent in Duluth labor circles a few years ago.

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Last Sunday the Typographical union elected officers as follows: G. W. Bergstrom, president; W. J. Moran, vice president; C. E. Brown, secretary and treasurer; Miss Van Auken, recording secretary; H. N. Wilson, sergeant-at-arms; A. Murphy, E. Haugen and Carl Boerner, trustees; W. J. Moran, Gust Anderson and A. Murphy, auditors, and Henry Dworschak, W. J. Moran and T. O'Flaherty, delegates to the assembly.

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John L. McLain, the popular treasurer of the Tug Firemen's union, was married Tuesday evening to Miss Mary Maghan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Maghan.

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August Murphy, of the Typographical union, has gone to Europe for the summer.

LABOR NOTES.

Pittsburg stonemasons are on strike.

New York laborers want 35 cents an hour and double price for overtime.

Syracuse, N. Y., garment workers, numbering 1500, struck for the nine-hour day.

Mrs. Anna B. Fields is president of the Trades and Labor council of Elwood, Ind.

Montreal iron workers refused to compromise and stand by their original demands of 27½ cents an hour.

Five thousand men employed in the building trades in Denver, Col., went out on strike for the eight-hour day.

The tobacco trust gives employment to 35,000 workpeople, none of whom belong to the Tobacco Workers' union.

The offer of the Metal Trades association of Baltimore to exchange delegates withe the Federation of Labor is likely to cause trouble between them.

The Dominion Transport company of Montreal granted their 200 carters $1.50 per day with extra money for overtime. This is an increase of 90 cents a week.

The United Textile Workers of America has 9000 members on strike in South Carolina and Georgia to resist the attempt by Southern manufacturers to destroy the union.

Greater New York has about 150,000 organized wage-workers in the five boroughs of the city, and it is expected that at least half of them will turn out in the Labor day parade in September.

Brooklyn bakers' union wages are $20 a week, with 30 cents an hour for working overtime for men working at ovens, and $16 a week with 30 cents an hour for overtime for men working at the benches.

Brockton, Mass., is the largest shoe city in the world, producing about $24,000,000 worth of shoes in a year. It also pays the highest wages in the world, the average at present being $500 a year, or 20 per cent higher than its nearest competitor.

Chicago is to have one of the largest electric plants in the world. It is to be built by the Commonwealth Elecetric company. It will cost $6,000,000, and have a capacity of 100,000 horse-power. Its construction will cover a period of five or six years, involving annually an expenditure of $1,000,000.

San Francisco horseshoers have provided an arbitration board to meet the employers in joint session. The Cement Workers' union of California is for the raising of the minimum wage scale so that laborers shall be paid $3 instead of $2.50, and finishers $4.50 instead of $4 a day of eight hours.

The strike among the miners employed by the Empire Coal company, whose mines are located near Bellaire, Ohio, was settled by the company agreeing to pay the regular scale of 80 cents a ton. The organized miners had been out for a long time and their places had been taken by foreigners, who were paid 67½ cents a ton.

All the section foremen and laborers working for the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern Railway companies in Manitoba and Assinaboia are organizing. Since the trackmen's great victory on the Canadian Pacific, divisions of the brotherhood have been organized at Winnipeg, Belmont, Portage la Prairie and Minnedosa.

The 17000 carriage workers who have been locked out for thirty weeks by a combine of bosses in Cincinnati and have been repeatedly enjoined are to be given the united support of organized labor in a financial way. The American Federation of Labor officials have indorsed a circular letter that will be sent to unions everywhere.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad has increased the wages of machinists, blacksmiths, boilermakers, car repairers and helpers and other shopmen in their employ. An advance of from 1 to 4 cents an hour is made, according to the class of labor. There are 4000 shopmen employed by the Baltimore & Ohio system, and the raise will mean an addition of $12,000 to $15,000 per month to the shop pay rolls.

The employes of the Union and Consolidated Traction companies gained the most sweeping victory ever won by street car men in the United States. It includes the right to organize under the banner of the Amalgamated association of Street Railway Employes. Reinstatement of all men discharged for joining the union. Companies to treat with committees from the union all disputes that may arise. All future disputes to be settled by arbitration. Furthermore, an agreement covering these points will be signed for one year.

Bottle workers who are now trying to arrange their wage scale for the next year are figuring on the possibility of an open war in their business. Last year the flint bottle workers withdrew from the American Flint Glass Workers' union and went into the Green Bottle Blowers' association. When the amalgamated was complete the first thing done was to bring the wage rate of the flint men down to the basis of the green bottle workers. Since then many of the former have wished to return to the old organization.

The principal matter of concern is in relation to the use of machines. Just now the new bottle blowing machine invented by the Arbogast interests, threatens to revolutionize the bottle making trade. During the past week the preliminary wage conference between the bottle workers and the manufacturers at the Hotel Lincoln, devoted nearly two days in trying to settle which side of the glass trade should control the new machine. As the work of this machine brings into play both the blower and presser, or, in other words, the leading trades in both the flint and green works, the dispute will probably cause a disruption in the bottle workers' trade.

MARK TWAIN

Secures a Reward For Telling the Truth.

Columbia, Mo., June 7.—Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) corrected some history Wednesday. He asserted that never in his life, either as Mark Twain or as Sam Clemens, did he steal a lot of peas. "I acknowledge," he said, "that I did once upon a time purloin a watermelon, but I was a green hand at the business, therefore swiped a green melon." This forced acknowledgement at once bore its reward, for the faculty of the State university immediately conferred on him the degree of Doctor of Laws.

"When I received my degree of Doctor of Literature in an Eastern college recently," said Mark, "an envious man wrote to me asking what did I know about doctors and literature, anyhow, and I replied that I knew enough to doctor my own literature at any rate."

"You can't give me too many honors," concluded Mr. Clemens. "I deserve them all, and I am willing to accept anything in that line that you have to offer."

Teachers' Rates to Eastern Points.

Fare and one-third for the round trip, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company. Tickets on sale June 6th, 7th, and 8th. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace with the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company steamers leaving Duluth 6:45 p. m., Friday, June 6th.

Reserve sleeping car and stateroom accommodation early.

M. ADSON, Gen'l Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Children's Day to Be Observed In Many of the Churches---Dr. Cleland to Speak On General Assembly.

At the First Presbyterian church the morning service will be devoted to the anniversary of children's day, together with baptism of children. The pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland will at the evening service deliver an address on the work of the late Presbyterian general assembly.

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At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexaider Milne will preach morning and evening. Children's day service in the morning. Evening subject, "Learning to Pray."

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At the First Methodist Episcopal church the pastor Rev. Samuel P. Long, will preach. In the morning there will be a children's day services with baptism of children. Evening subject, "Peace," service at 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Largo" Handel-Whitney
Organist's improvisation.... .....
Quartet—"The Sabbath Dawns With Welcome Rest" ..... Abt
Offertory—"Offerolre" ..... Dubois
Solo—"The New Kingdom" ..... Tours
Postlude in C ..... Pattison

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Serenade" ..... Gounod
Chanted—Response ....
Quartet—"The Shadows of the Evening Hour" ..... Barri-Shelley
Offertory—"Interlude" ..... Boely
Mixed quartet—"Gloria in Excelsis" Buck
Postlude—"Entree du Cortege" ....Dubois

C. W. Weeks, director of music.

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Rev. H. B. Sutherland will occupy his pulpit at the Lakeside Presbyterian church, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Theme for the morning—"Make Way for the Children." Evening subject—"The Homing Instinct of the Soul." Children's day and reception of members. Subject, "Waiting for Jesus." Evening service at 8 p. m., subject, "Undecided." The pastor, Rev. A. C. Manson, will preach.

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At Park Point fire hall, Rev. John Callahan will conduct Sunday school and preach at 7:45.

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At Hazelwood Park Presbyterian church, there will be Sunday school at 2 o'clock. Preaching service at 3 p. m. Rev. A. C. Manson will preach.

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At Grace Methodist church tomorrow morning Dr. Robert Forbes will preach. In the evening John T. Dow will speak.

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Rev. Harry W. Knowles will preach at Highland church tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

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At the Endion M. E. church, Rev. Harry Knowles will fill the pulpit at 10:30 a. m. In the evening, at 8 o'clock, Dr. Robert Forbes will preach.

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At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, First avenue east and Third street, there will be service tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. Anton Ringsred will occupy the pulpit.

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Rev. Thvedt will preach at Zion Norwegian Lutheran church, Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street at 7:45 p. m. Sunday school, Norwegian and English at 9 a. m.

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At Bethany Lutheran church, Dr. A. E. Elmquist, pastor, will conduct services at 10 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. tomorrow. Preaching by the pastor and student A. M. Green, from St. Peter, Minn.

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At St. Peter's chapel, 1932 West Michigan street, corner Twentieth avenue, Swedish service will be held by the Rev. Lewis Rietz at 8 o'clock in the evening.

At the First Swedish Baptist church, corner Nineteenth avenue west and First street, children's day will be observed with a sermon by the pastor, Rev. K. A. Lundin in the interest of the Sunday school in the morning at 10:30. At 12 o'clock noon the usual session of the Sunday school will be held and in the evening at 7:30 there will be a program with songs and recitations by the children and a short address by Rev. K. A. Lundin. The young peoples society meets at 4:30 in the afternoon. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

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The English Evangelican Lutheran church of the hold Trinity holds services at 10:30 o'clock in the morning and 8 o'clock in the evening in Columbia hall, at Twentieth avenue west. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. Rev. Paul W. Roth, pastor.

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At Zion's Norwegian Lutheran church, Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street, the services will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. At the morning service Christ Hanson will officiate and in the evening Rev. N. B. Thvedt will preach. Sunday school at 9 o'clock in the morning.

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At the Norwegian Danish Methodist church, Twenty-first avenue west and First street, the services will be at 10:30 in the morning, with a sermon by the pastor, Rev. O. H. Wilson. In the evening Dr. N. E. Simonson of the theological school at Evanston, Ill., will preach. Sunday school at 12 o'clock.

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At the First Swedish Methodist Episcopal church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, the services will be at the usual hours, at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. At the morning service there will be confirmation of a class of twelve by the pastor, Rev. John A. Anderson, and in the evening the children's day program will be rendered by the scholars of the Sunday school. An interesting program has been prepared.

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At the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street there will be services tomorrow forenoon at 11 o'clock, Rev. Olaf Turmoe, of Halfway Creek, Wis., will preach.

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St. Paul's Episcopal church will be reopened tomorrow for the usual services.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

The church is the creature and not the creator of Christianity.

To employ a revivalist will not help us evade our own responsibility.

The world is not a see-saw in which you go up by sending another down.

One hypocrite may eclipse the sun to some, but he cannot hide it from all.

TEMPLE EMMANUEL

—Photo by Gallagher.

Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock Temple Emmanuel of the Reformed Jewish church will be dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. This house of worship is located at the corner of Seventh avenue east and Second street, and was recently finished.

The dedicatory address will be delivered by Rev. Dr. S. N. Deinard, of Minneapolis. Addresses will also be delivered by Rev. Dr. Robert Forbes and Rev. Harry White. The music will be a feature and will include numbers by a choir and a solo by Miss Jane Everington.

In the evening from 8 to 10 o'clock there will be a reception in honor of Dr. Deinard.

The program for the exercises is as follows:

Organ prelude .....
Anthem—"Lift Up Your Heads" ....
Choir.
Ceremony—Kindling the perpetual light by the oldest member of the congregation.
Presentation of the key of the temple by the chairman of the building committee to Louis Hammell, president of the congregation.
Acceptance by the president.
Anthem—"How Goodly Are Thy Tents, O Jacob" .....
Choir.
Invocation .....
Rev. Dr. Deinard, of Minneapolis.
Anthem—The Lord is My Light"..
Choir.
Dedicatory address .....
Rev. Dr. Deinard.
Anthem—"Fear Ye Not, O Israel"...
Miss Jane Everington.
Address .....
Dr. Robert Forbes.
Anthem—"Bless the Lord, O My Soul" .....
Choir.
Address .....
Rev. Harry White.
Closing remarks .....
Benediction .....

MISS GENEVIEVE CLEMENS,

PRESIDENT OF THE NORTH SIDE YOUNG WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

Women have as important work and they should be as active and ambitious as men. The time has passed when women's usefulness in any sphere is to be lightly spoken of. Though as mothers in the home they rock the cradle and rule the world, women are also active in almost every walk of life. They are prominent factors in literature, music and art—even in politics. They exert a wide influence through the church, the club and numerous useful societies. Kindergartens, orphan asylums and nearly all great charities are dependent upon their careful direction, faithful work and loving care. In every land progress may be measured by the position of women.

But with all these opportunities to exert her sympathy and with all these invitations to useful service, hundreds of thousands of our women are unnecessarily the victims of female weakness which is sapping their life blood and vitality. They are ambitious but the drag of disordered menses is too much for their strength and the terrible drains and pains they suffer make them unequal to the demands of their every day life. We say these troubles and limitations are unnecessary because Wine of Cardui has raised hundreds of thousands of women from beds of helpless weakness to lives of health, strength and usefulness.

Miss Genevieve Clemens, No. 427 LaSalle Avenue, Chicago, Ill., had permitted this trouble to run on to a serious stage. She then tried Wine of Cardui and she tells about her happy cure in the following letter:

"From my experience with McElree's Wine of Cardui I am satisfied that it is an honest, reliable medicine which does all and more than it claims to do. Since my girlhood I have suffered agonies every month at the time of my menstrual periods and always had to remain in bed two or three days at that time. Father spent hundreds of dollars with doctors but I found as I grew older the pains increased. A neighbor who called one day when I was sick advised me to try your Wine of Cardui. I sent for a bottle and used it faithfully during the month and to my surprise found that at the next period my pains were very much lessened and in another month I was perfectly well. This is a year ago and during that time I have had neither ache nor pain, thanks to Wine of Cardui."

Here was a bright and intelligent girl becoming a discouraged invalid, the pain getting worse as she grew older. After trying many doctors she took Wine of Cardui and this great medicine gave her the health and energy necessary to take her place as a leader among women. She is now the president of the North Side Young Women's Temperance Association and her influence as a leader is felt among a wide circle of associates. If she had not taken Wine of Cardui she would be a sufferer today and the world would have lost her works and talents. Her simple, honest letter stands out boldly for what Wine of Cardui will do for any discouraged, suffering woman. All women are alike. What cured Miss Clemens will cure you. If you need advice write The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn., telling all about your case and your letter will receive the attention of persons highly competent to advise you. Thedford's Black-Draught to regulate the bowels and stir up the torpid liver, will assist materially in any cure. Your health is worth much to you. The pain all gone, a new woman, with renewed energy, ambition and aims, results. Giving up means oblivion in the grave or in the asylum. Women's lives are too often blasted by ill health. Miss Clemens' letter shows the way to health. Get a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist and you will feel like a different woman next week.

WINE OF CARDUI CURES THE DISEASES of WOMEN.

He who does not hear the burden of sous now will not bring his sheaves then.

Men are nearer to God than the angels, as the sons are closer than the servants.

It is sometimes easier to avoid offenses ourselves than to forgive them in others.

Reputation is the shadow cast by character and dependent on the light in which it is seen.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT

Washington Post: Bishop Potter is on the verge of another collapse. The good man has been overphotographed.

Boston Transcript: The clergyman who said that "it requires no great amount of brains to play cards" might have cause to revise his opinion after a little game of draw or bridge. A great many persons have paid dearly for their belief that brains are not a necessary concomittant to card playing.

Chicago Post: Rev. J. T. Morgan, of St. Paul admits that he cannot prove absolutely his charge that there was a deal in votes between Senator Hanna and Archbishop Ireland. In such circumstances the reverend gentleman would have shown the possession a grain of wisdom in refraining from saying a word. The public is growing tired of gossip started by persons who cannot prove what they say.

Minneapolis Times: Nebraska's fighting parson, who dwells at Wymore, manifested a willing spirit, some strength of flesh but not much gun. At close range he fired five shots at his enemy and failed to score. It is a fortunate thing for both the preacher and his intended victim that the bullets flew wide of their target, but it is at the same time something of a reproach to Nebraska, a state once famous for good marksmanship.

Brooklyn Eagle: All this movement in creeds is toward love, mercy and tenderness and away from vengeance, rancor, revenge and tyranny. The desire to reduce damnation in creeds coincides with the effort to abolish capital punishment in law. The kinship of these propositions is undeniable by intelligent men, whether they approve of one or the other, or neither of them. And what time the Presbyterian assemblies were denouncing the sin of infant damnation and proclaiming against fetishism and fatalism, in the ways mentioned, the young king of Spain was saying that he would like to bring bull fighting to an end and for it substitute horse racing, cricket and baseball in his kingdom. Churches say at damnation. Kings say at barbaric feats of blood and cruelty. Slaughter house theology, slaughter house law and slaughter house sports are waning. The world moves an an honest creed's the noblest work of man.

ANGLER'S LURES

(Continued From Page 1.)

helplessly; helgramites, larvae and worms are not to be thought of; the frogs have grown too big and wise, the crayfish have gone into their holes, minnows are few and far between. The fish know that the season is on them when they will become partially dormant, or will find living hard.

Whatever the mental attitude of the bass, fishing on such days is not angling in its truest sense. It consists simply in casting, striking in the hook and reeling in.

In an hour's time the wrist aches as if inflammatory rheumatism had set in. The coarse sack in the bottom of the boat is filled with graceful dead forms. A feeling of pity for the hungry foolish ones intervenes to stay the slaughter.

The wise and generous man—and what genuine angler is not both wise and generous?—will detach his reel, unjoint his rod and set the prow homeward. He likes bass that test his knowledge and skill. Those which swarm about his boat and beg to be captured and broiled pall upon him.

June, however, taken all in all, is probably the best bass or trout month of the year. The woods and waters are handsomest then; the air is not too hot nor too cold; the lakes and streams have reached a proper temperature; insect life is rife; the fish are in excellent condition, having recovered from the winter fast; they are not rapidly hungry, and pit their wits against the man's wits.

In June a half dozen two or three-pounders of a morning are better than twenty taken in the fall, when the angling appetite is dulled and the bass are willing victims.

One Fare Chicago to Boston and Return.

June 12-13-14 via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Return limit may be extended to July 31st. Full particulars, with train service, on application to W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn.

ORDERS TO TAFT

The Instructions Under Which He Visited the Vatican.

Purely Business Matter For Purchase of Friars' Land.

The Church and State Must Be Entirely Separate.

Washington, June 7.—Secretary Root sent to the Philippine committees of the senate and house textual copies of the instructions given by him to Gov. Taft for his guidance in dealing with the Vatican respective to the acquisition by the United States of the friars' lands in the Philippines. These instructions were exhibited by Gov. Taft to the Vatican officials and will be perceived, from their context, served the purpose of credentials. The text is as follows:

May 9, 1902—Sir: It is now apparent that congress will not have acted upon the Philippine commission's recommendations regarding the purchase of friars' lands before the time of your departure for Manila, which cannot be longer delayed. You cannot, therefore, as we had hoped, now receive definite instructions, and proceed to take such steps in the execution of specific authority from congress, as should properly be taken before you return to Manila. The committees of both houses have, however, reported favorably upon the commission's recommendations and it appears probable that congress will confirm their action. In view, therefore, of the critical situation of this subject in the Philippines, and of the apparent impossibility of disposing of the matter there by negotiating with the friars themselves, the president does not feel at liberty to lose the opportunity for effective action afforded by your presence in the West. He wishes you to take the subject up tentatively with the ecclesiastical superiors who must ultimately determine the friars' course of conduct, and endeavor to reach at least a basis of negotiation along lines which will be satisfactory to them and to the Philippine government, accompanied by a full understanding on both sides of the facts and of the facts and purposes of the parties to the negotiation; so that when congress shall have acted the business may proceed to a conclusion without delay.

You are according authorized, in the course of your return journey to Manila, to visit Rome and there ascertain what church authorities have the power to negotiate for and determine, upon a sale of the lands of the religious orders in the Philippine islands, and if you find, as we are informed that the officers of the church at Rome have such power and authority, you will endeavor to attain the results above indicated. Any negotiations which you may enter upon are always subject to granting of power by congress to follow the negotiations by binding action. In any conferences and negotiations you will bear in mind the following propositions, which are deemed to be fundamental, and which should be fully and frankly stated to the other side in the negotiations:

1. One of the controlling principles of our government is the complete separation of church and state, with the entire freedom of each from any control or interference by the other. This principle is imperative wherever American jurisdiction extends, and no modification or shading thereof can be a subject of discussion.

2. It is necessary to deal now with the results of establishing a government controlled by this principle in the Philippine islands, which have for centuries been governed under an entirely different system, with church and state closely united and having functions of the one exercised by the agents of the other; where the church has long controlled and acted virtually as the agent of the state in the field of public instruction and public charities, and has from time to time acquired large properties held by it or by its subordinate corporations or officers for these public uses. A novel situation has been created under which the adjustment of means to ends appropriate to the former systems entirely fails to produce the intended result under the new system, and the separation of the church and state requires to be followed by a readjustment and rearrrangement in the interests both of church and state, and for the attainment of the great ends of civil government, of education, of charity and of religion.

3. By reason of the separation, the religious orders can no longer perform in behalf of the state the duties in relation to public instruction and public charities formerly resting upon them, and the power which the formerly exercised through their relations to the civil government being now withdrawn, the find themselves the objects of such hostility on the part of their tenantry against them as landlords and on the part of the people of the parishes against them as representatives of the former government, that they are no longer capable of serving any useful purpose for the church. No rents can be collected from the populous communities occupying their lands unless it be by the intervention of the civil government with armed force. Speaking generally, for several years past the friars, formerly installed over the parishes, have been unable to remain at their posts, and are collected in Manila, with the vain hope of returning. They will not be voluntarily accepted again by the people, and cannot be restored to their possessions except by forcible intervention on the part of the civil governmen, which the principles of our government forbid. It is manifest that under these conditions it is for the interest of the church as well as the state that the landed proprietorship of the religious orders in the Philippine Islands should cease, and that if the church wishes, as of course it does, to continue its ministration among the people of the islands, and to conduct in its own behalf a system of instruction, with which we have no desire to interfere, it should seek other agents therefor.

4. It is the wish of our government in case that congress shall grant authority that the titles of the religious orders to the large tracts of agricultural lands which they now hold shall be extinguished, but that full and fair compensation shall be made therefor.

5. It is not, however, deemed to be for the interest of the people of the Philippines that in thus transforming wholly unproductive tracts of lands into money capable of productive investment a fund should thereby be created to be used for the attempted restoration of the friars to the parishes from which they are now separated, with the consequent disturbance of law an dorder.

6. Your errand will not be in any sense or degree diplomatic in its nature, but will be purely a business matter of negotiation by you as governor of the Philippines for the purchase of property from the owners thereof and the settlement of lands in such a manner as to contribute to the best interests of the people of the islands. Very respectfully,

ELIHU ROOT,
Secretary of War.

Hon. William H. Taft, civil governor of the Philippines, Washington, D. C.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Drink West Baden Water...
Now is the time to fix up your stomach. Excellent for the liver, kidneys and constipation. Handled by Frank Stimson, gent, room 20-21 Mesaba block. Old Phone 551.

For a Drink of Good Whisky
Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

GOWNS FOR THE DINNER

They Occupy An Important Place In the Summer Wardrobe.

No Denying the Supremacy of White When One Has Not Many Gowns—Trick In Transforming a Gown.

New York, June 4.—If the dinner party is a pretty feature of social life in winter, in summer it is doubly so. Now, there are the handsomest gowns, with the added accompaniment of soft winds blowing sweetly across the table. And there are beauties of flower and varieties of fragrances that are denied the winter guest.

By a pretty mimicry woman intimates in a way the outer glory and in her gown there is a subtle reflection of the living world, a touch of beauty of field and flower.

In this natural selection of hers, this fondness for bringing indoors the prettiness which she sees outside, woman is aided by the manufacturer who makes her gowns, and by the dealer who sells them. Yes, and by the very modiste who makes them up, for all favor the flower patterns.

While the snow was flying last winter, and Jack Frost was king of earth, the looms were busy with their shuffling sounds and the great mills and factories were turning off dress fabrics. And these were not the materials of winter, by any means, but those of brightest summer.

At the first sign of springing blade these were brought forth upon the counters, and from their myriad numbers woman has selected her hot-weather wardrobe.

And what were the materials that were spread out, what the fabrics with the mimicry of nature woven into them? Of the Louisines there were many, some in flowers and some in brightish irregular figures, some in silks and some in fine muslins and soft, high-priced cotton, and there was figured pongee in buff tones decorated with marvelous green figures.

Pongee is an odd material. One day you think it a rain cloth and buy it for a rough weather wear. Again you see in it a traveling material and purchase it for the train or yacht. The bride views it as a traveling gown and discovers some charming lily leaf green shades and she sees tones of cream and blue.

Again, as you look across pongee and get its glisten, you are assured that it is a dinner fabric, and you rush away to match its sheen with velvet of the same blue, for the making of straps and turn-over cuffs; and for great collar points over which you will place lace, for a dinner gown.

The dinner muslin, flowered with those marvelous roses that are either too small for the rose kingdom or much too large for it, are seen everywhere, yet one does not tire of them.

Take a cream-colored muslin, flowered with pink button roses, and let it be made up over a changeable rose-colored taffeta. With it you will want to wear a new sash, a sash of rose-colored satin ribbon, very wide, and drawn through a great gold buckle at the back of the belt, with ends that hang down to the very hem of the dress.

The buckle is a feature of the very new sash. The knot is tied through it, or the whole bow is drawn through the buckle until the middle knot of the silk is clasped into it. The bigger the buckle the better.

The buckle sets are more and more numerous and one now sees as many as fifteen buckles all adorning one pretty flowered muslin. There are tiny buckles upon each wrist puff; there are buckles at the top of the puff where it disappears under a tight upper part. There is a buckle at each side of the stock, or one at front and at back. There are two at the belt, one in front and one behind; while all the rest of the buckles are used in catching up the lace that makes a flounce for the lower part of the skirt, or are used in the ribbon treatment, which is part and parcel of every gown.

The figured materials are not confined to those that come ready made. The newest thing is the floral panel, which is embroidered at one side of the skirt in such a manner that it points toward the top. It begins at the head of the deep flounce and extends upward in a wide panel shape, which speedily comes to a point.

The dinner gown occupies an important place in the summer wardrobe. Try to get along without it, if you be a woman of any fashionable pretensions, and see how woefully it will be missed. The shirt waist has its mission, and a broad and varied one it is. You can wear a hundred-dollar shirt waist or a one-dollar one. But you can hardly make either take the place of the full dinner costume.

There is no denying the supremacy of white when one has not many gowns. In a white dress, say of chiffon, if one can risk the delicacy of this material, or in silk muslin, or in silk organdie, or in mull, or silk lawn, or all lace, or veiling, or fancy gauze or any other of the many fabrics, one can make an excellent appearance many times during the summer, always wearing the one gown.

There is a trick in the transformation of a gown. It can not be done with bows of ribbon, nor can it be accomplished by the putting on, or the taking off, of a lace coat. But it can be brought about by the wearing of a different lining or by the application of floral panels or by the hasty stitching on of a deep flounce of lace.

Tiny choux of white ribbons are used for fastening a flounce to a skirt, and the woman with fifteen minutes to spare can change her plain white taffeta into a lace-trimmed gown, or can give her rose chiffon the one touch needed to make it quite a dream.

The dinner gowns of the summer are not so very low in the neck. The tendency is more toward the higher neck and the trimmed neck. The bertha of lace and flowers, the flounce of embroidered silk and the rose garland are used for bordering the neck. Chiffon ruffles are spangled with glass dewdrops and caught around the rounded neck; and one sees the cross-over fichu in gauze folded over the breast and fastened at the belt line under the arms.

Immensely stylish dinner bodices are made of lace, very heavy and stiffened underneath. They remind one of those coats of mail which were so fashionable at one time. All of jets or of silver spangles or glittering with steel, these pieces of armor formed waists and whole gowns. Indeed, one sees them yet.

The heavy lace bodice is decollete and sleeveless except for straps upon the shoulders. The lace beside being very heavy is embroidered and worked in metals and in silks so that the front is really a weighty fabric. Upon one shoulder the plainness is relieved by an ornament of some sort, usually a great silken rose.

Dinner sleeves are most interesting. They vary from the sleeve which is no sleeve at all, but only a strapping, to the sleeve which is long and shirred from top to bottom, with a chiffon outside and a taffeta lining. But such sleeves are waning a little in their popularity and the sleeve that is liked is the elbow sleeve.

It is strange how the elbow sleeve is catching on. Women looked at it at first askance, then grew to admire it and to try it. At first one feels awkward in an elbow sleeve. It is neither one thing nor the other. Then one becomes accustomed to it and one's elbows no longer bother one.

There are sleeves that are merely a deep band of insertion with a little ribbon run in the lower edge, and these are pretty and comfortable. The band is sometimes six inches deep and is finished with a little jabot of lace at the back.

At dinners one sees the new colors. In the daylight, by the garish sun, one hesitates about putting on the new tones, but when the soft electric glow throws its radiance around, then the colors are made less pronounced and the tones that would be too glaring in the day are made becoming and desirable.

Glacier blue is a blue that you can imagine. Not quite as cold as ice blue, nor as light, it is still a blue that is steely and clear, a blue that takes cream white to soften it and a blue that must be used carefully.

A month ago I was feeling surprised over the number of new coats that were appearing. Since then the output has increased steadily, until now the woman with a liberal supply of pin money has so many sorts to choose from that selection is likely to be made in bewilderment. The garments are marked by fine taste, too, so with expensive materials, novel arrangements of new trimmings and high-grade makers, they're a costly product. I saw at no of the new ones—affairs made in the "fancy" manner, that is in the fashion that resulted during spring and winter in so many very elaborate and handsome tailor gowns. In the order I saw them they were linen colored pongee, batiste embroidery and velvet and fine braid in emerald green; putty colored broadcloth, fine white silk soutache, Dresden silk, black and cream chantilly and black velvet, and for the third coat green and red shot silk, self-trimmed with tabs and finished with black velvet and white nainsook embroidery. The sailor collar is rampant in these coats, appearing almost as often on them as it does on bodices. It's not a fashion that I admire, but few hideous models have come out as yet, and the stylishness of the finish is beyond criticism. I like better the fichu arrangements that apparently are the alternative finish for dressy coats, but fewer of these are seen and a tendency to elaborate them too much is noticeable.

The sailor collar will be repeated in bodices with sickening frequency before summer is over, or I miss my guess. The more industrious of the dress designers—those whose output is more marked for abundance than for ingenuity or elegance—have found an easy mark in these collars. A little change of shape here or there, or a bit of new ornamentation, was enough to make two collars different, and as each was the characteristic feature of its gown, you can see how quickly the result was overdoing the fashion. If you are determined to have a sailor collar, if you never lay up a cent, get some novelty on it by hook or crook. Otherwise avoid it, say I. Appearances indicate that my sisters, or very many of them, are beyond this advice, and I know there's as little use in trying to stay a succeeding fashion as there is in striving to sweep back the tide. But I have found some pretty shoulder finish that will not blow up over the wearer's ears, that won't look utterly awful on large women and that will be passable in rear view. This gown was string-colored linen, its bias folds stitched in white. White pearl buttons and white silk cord ornaments were the remaining trimming. The collar, being of reasonable proportions, is not objectionable. A new layer bodice was the attractive substitute in another model. White serge, with stitching, and pearl buttons to match, were other requirements, and simple ones if adroit making be left out of consideration. Yokes are also plentiful and as stylish as ever, so there's no need of adding an awkward collar to show them off unless one wishes to. A yoke arrangement I saw is pretty enough to stand alone. I saw this dress in white organdy over lettuce green silk, the yoke white mull sprinkled with black knots, the trimming for the rest embroidery and ribbon loops. Gray etamine was over white silk supplying trimming for both skirt and skeleton bolero. Jackets of this general order are very plentiful, and the sailor collar often is a feature of them. The collar always is detachable.

Delicate dove gray, mauve, biscuit and lemon tints are taking the place of white in gloves for dress use. They are very soft suede kid, with either three or four buttons for street wear, and many-buttoned for dress occasions. Metal tints are for general wear, as well as several shades of tan and biscuit. Silk gloves will be worn during warm weather. White, gray and tan will be the favored shades, and all have two or three buttons. Lisle and silk are for general wear.

Dull, black kid, with Cuban heels and colonial toe and buckles, are the stylish low shoes, while dull black calfskin, lacing in front, the fashionable high boot. Patent leather ties will be used for dress, as usual, the colonial tie being most fashionable. The latest ties button, but laced ties are also shown. Tan shoes are out so far as style goes.

All cotton fabrics this season are as profusely decorated and artistically designed as those of far more expensive materials. The little black and white dimity gown is invisibly trimmed with black chantilly and has an accordeon plaited deep flounce in a very novel design. The corsage is low over a mousseline guimpe. The sash is white satin.

DIMITY IDEALIZED.

DAINTY BLUE HAT.

Midsummer model hat of soft blue chiffon, the rim corded with Irish lace. Sprays of miniature pink roses. From James McCreery & Co.

THE BATHING GIRL.

This is one of the pretty suits the bathing girl will wear, when she in July and August, takes her daily dip. It is made of blue brilliantine with silk stripes and has a white silk collar and shield trimmed with blue braid.

Strawberry Recipes

New Ways of Preserving the Delicious Fruit.

In the opinion of many people no method of serving strawberries is quite so satisactory as with rum and sugar, the liquor being an aid to digestion, and at the same time it blends with the fruit most deliciously. The berries should be fine ones, hulled and prepared after the usual manner. The rum should be the best Santa Cruz and mixed with two-thirds its quantity of water. Place the berries in the dish in which they are to be served. Sprinkle plentifully with powdered sugar, then pour over them rum and water in the proportion of one-half pint to each quart. Let stand on ice until thoroughly chilled.

STRAWBERRY SUN PRESERVES.

It is a curious fact not well known to scientific folk and model housewives that the direct action of the sun is at once surer and more satisfactory than that of any other known heat. A tradition well known in Virginia cookery is how to preserve strawberries in the sun in place of over the stove.

The berries treated after the following recipe are both richer and more perfect than those prepared other ways. The object of the glass is, of course, only that of concentrating the heat while the peculiar purity of the sweetness combined with the succulent redness in the sun-cooked preserve gives a suggestion of some oriental conserve. The berries seem to be permeated with the sun's sweetness, in addition to their own, and the sirup becomes rich, pure and clear.

The Virginia rule requires three-quarters of a pound of sugar to a pound of strawberries. The sugar is mixed with just enough water to wet it and put on to boil. It is to be taken off before it thickens much and poured over the strawberries. Then the berries are set in the sun two days, covered with a pane of glass. They are occasionally stirred.

On the third day pour off the sirup and boil it again. It will be found much thinned by the juice of the fruit. While boiling, drop in a lump of alum the size of the top of your little finger. Pour the hot sirup over the berries and set in the sun again under glass. The next day pour all into the preserving kettle and boil until the berries plump up. Then set in the sun again for a day. The next morning seal and preserve in small jars with brandied paper on top.

Strawberries preserved in this manner never mold or ferment. They are excellent for roll pudding, for filling tarts, for layer cakes, to serve with glass custards, and can be eaten for any meal when a sweet is required.

STRAWBERRY PRESERVE.

Measure fine, large berries after hulling them. To each quart of berries allow a quart of fine, white sugar. Put the fruit and the sugar in a preserving kettle in alternate layers. Let the berries and sugar stand over night. In the mornig cook slowly, without stirring,, until the liquid is clear and the fruit soft. Skim thoroughly and pack in jars. Heat the jars by filling them with water and putting them in a large pan, also filled with water; then stand the pan on the range and let the water heat slowly. By this means all danger of cracking will be avoided. Fill the hot jars with the preserves to the very brim; then screw on the tops loosely and let stand until cool. When cold, tighten the tops and store in a cool closet.

CANNED STRAWBERRIES.

Fill a quart jar with large, ripe berries, from which the hulls have been taken; fill the jar with cold water; then pour it out again into a measure. For every twelve jars to be put up use thirteen of these measures of water, and in it dissolve six pounds of sugar. Pack the jar with berries as closely as possible without mashing them. Fill each jar up to the shoulder with sirup, cover it closely with the lid and set it in a large boiler, which should have a loosely fitting wooden bottom pierced with holes. If set on the metal bottom the jars are liable to crack. When the boiler is full of jars, pour in cold water up to their shoulders; cover it and set it on the fire. At the same time put the surplus syrup in a saucepan and allow it to become hot. As soon as the water in the boiler begins to boil, note the time, and when it has boiled for eight minutes, remove the boiler from the fire. Take out one jar at a time, fill it even full with hot sirup in the saucepan, fasten it airtight and put it back in the boiler. When all are filled and covered, let them stand in water until cold, then store in a cool place until wanted.

THE GRANDEST

The Most Satisfactory and Safest Medicine any Sick Woman Can Take.

Thus Does a Prominent Brooklyn, N.Y., Woman, Speak of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

When a woman of the prominence and social standing of Mrs. Atherton whose portrait we are herewith permitted to reproduce, voluntarily furnishes us with a letter of such unqualified endorsement as the following, we feel that we not only owe her a debt of gratitude, but all women who are ill should feel under deep obligations to her, for she tells them in unmistakable words where they may look for a cure and not be disappointed.

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women; all ovarian troubles; inflammations; ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb; backache; irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation. Surely the volume and character of the testimonial letters we are daily printing in the newspapers can leave no room for doubt. Truly is it said that it is **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** that is curing so many women, and no other medicine.

MRS. FLORENCE ATHERTON,
Vice-President Societe Francaise de Bienfaisance, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For the benefit of suffering women I want to testify to the fact that I have by personal experience and by friends who have been cured by using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** come to the conclusion that it is the safest, the grandest and the most satisfactory medicine any sick woman can take. Life was a burden to me five years ago, I felt so miserable with female troubles and irregular menstruation; to-day it is all different, for I am perfectly well. Dozens of my lady friends join me in singing your praise. Yours, FLORENCE ATHERTON, 47 Hoyt St., Brooklyn, N. Y."

"A Boston Woman's Experience."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** enough. I was a sick woman when I commenced to take it. My trouble was female disease, and I had pain in my back and sides. The doctor said I was going into consumption; I had been married eight years, but had no children. I had some of the best doctors in the city, but none seemed to cure me, so I decided to take your medicine, and it has made me a new woman, and I now have a lovely little baby boy. I would advise all sick and weak women to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**"—MRS. ALPHONSE CROKE, 18 Rockingham Place, Roxbury District, Boston, Mass.

Remember every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Her address is Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

TREATMENT

Of the Proper Kind Not Given a Sick Girl.

Columbus, Ohio, June 7.—Harriett Phillips, colored, aged 16, was returned to her home in this city from the Delaware Industrial Home in sueth physical condition that her friends will demand a further investigation of affairs at the institution. The family of the girl had been apprised that she was suffering, and they appealed to Probate Judge Galloway to have her released so that she could get proper attention.

It is learned that in March last the Phillips girl stepped on a nail. The girl says she received but four calls from the physician during the three months she was sick.

She tells how she was laid across a bed or chair and beaten with boards. She says she was struck in her sides by the matron, Martha Rowe, who used her fists. She relates how she was compelled to sweep the walks during the cold days of February when wearing worn-out shoes and consequently her feet were frozen and blistered. She says she appealed to the matron for relief because of the agonizing pain in her feet, and that the matron only laughed at her.

That sealbrown taste of a canton flannel tongue speaks from the liver and tells you to take Rocky Mountain Tea at night, genuine 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

"WHAT'S THE MATTER?"

Friends Thought That Pfaffenberger Was Dead.

Toledo, Ohio, June 7.—Fred Pfaffenberger, a saloon keeper, took a nap in room back of his place. Friends who through a window saw him lying quietly decided he was dead and raised a cry that he had been murdered. An officer rushed in, failed to awaken him, and sent for more policemen and an ambulance. A crowd assembled, and just about as he was to be carried to an ambulance Pfaffenberger awoke, asking in a half dazed way, "What's the matter?"

OLD CRIME

May Be Uncovered In Discovery of Skeleton.

Washington, C. H., June 7.—Since the skeleton of either a camel or an odd-shaped horse was found by workmen engaged in excavating, the well-preserved skeleton of a man was discovered. There were no signs of any coffin, box or wraps, and no buttons or anything but the bones of the man. The indications were that he had been forced into a hole in the ground, his knees being near his head and the right side of the skull had been crushed. Everything about the find indicates that the man and the animal had been buried at least 10 years, and that the skeletons are all that remain of a tragedy of the early days.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best because adhesive, invisible, harmless. Flesh, white, brunette tints, 25c.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread.

Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

Myrkle & Harder Stock Company At the Lyceum All Next Week.

"Florodora" Having a Great Run At the Illinois Theater In Chicago—Perosi's Oratorio of "Moses" Produced At Rome.

In speaking of the Myrkle & Harder stock company, which opens a week's engagement at the Lyceum Monday night, the Daily News of Alpena, Mich., says:

"In heralding the Myrkle & Harder company as one of the best popular-priced repertoire organizations that ever played before an Alpena audience, the opera house managers were well aware of the large number of excellent organizations with which this company was being placed in comparison. That they knew whereof they spoke was well evidenced last night when the popular organization opened a week's engagement in 'A Man of Mystery' to a well-filled house.

"The great secret of the success of the Myrkle & Harder production, however, made itself apparent before the conclusion of the second act, and that is not only the commendable individual merit it contains, but the talent in the aggregate, well balanced and evenly modulated.

"The star, Miss Myrkle, is a very charming and petite little personage, and as the frivolous young lady, was indeed very captivating. Will Harder, as Noah Lott, furnished plenty of comedy, clean and wholesome.

"FLORODORA."

In the three weeks that have elapsed since "Florodora" began its run at the Illinois theater, Chicago, there have been all sorts of reasons advanced as to just what element in the big musical comedy was responsible for a success that made it possible for this play to fill the largest of New York's theaters for seventeen consecutive months and also give it a prestige which enabled two road companies to present it to crowded houses throughout the country this season.

Many have argued that it is the unusual catchy quality of the music which is "Florodora's" chief charm, but others seem inclined to think the originality and refreshingly clean style of the comedy was entitled to equal credit, and all parties have agreed that the superiority of cast and truly gorgeous character of the stage settings and costuming are factors in the play's success that cannot be too highly appreciated.

As a matter of fact, it was the remarkably clever combination of elements rather than any single feature which gave "Florodora" its first boom into popular favor and has carried it through on the high wave of prosperity for the past two years. It is one of the best balanced entertainments in musical comedy which has ever been produced in this country, and presents such a varied program of enjoyable features that the one who would be inclined to find fault after witnessing it need entertain no hope that the immediate future will produce anything more likely to please them.

In the twenty-four musical numbers scattered through the two acts there is nothing of a commonplace character. All of the music is of a decidedly more catchy and dignified type than usually is the case as the lyric setting for plays of this kind, and many of the selections are really brilliant. "Under the Shade of the Palms," "The Fellow Who Might," "Queen of the Philippines," "Tact," "I Want to be a Military Man," "I've An Inkling" and various other of the songs are entitled to distinction from a purely musical standpoint, while the various others were written with a view to pleasing the vast majority with a fondness for something catchy rather than strictly musical.

"Florodora" is having a great run at the Illinois. The fourth week is now in progress and the house crowded every night. Edna Wallace Hopper, R. E. Graham, Helen Redmond, Cyril Scott, Jeannette Lowrie, W. P. Carleton, Lily Collins, James A. Kiernan and Nance Bonville continue in the leading roles, and the sextet has been materially strengthened during the past week by two clever Chicago girls. The out-of-town patronage at the Illinois is unusually heavy since the "Florodora" engagement began, the public in suburban towns having realized that with the original New York company playing the piece, it constitutes an event that is worthy of a special trip to Chicago.

PEROSI'S ORATORIO.

A Rome letter to the Dramatic Mirror says:

The great sensation of the past month has not been a dramatic production of any sort. It has been Perosi's oratorio of "Moses," which, notwithstanding the greatest of expectations, has succeeded beyond all dreams of success. From beginning to end it enthralled the public by its rich and melodious inspirations, its magnificent music ideas and its instrumentation, all of which show how earnestly Perosi has studied since his first work appeared. Such an intellectual feast the public had not had for many a long day. The oratorio is worked on Biblical subjects, beginning with a chorus of women and shepherds at evening prayer. The priest Raguel then appears anxious about his daughters, who have not yet returned home. But Sephora quiets him by saying that she and they had been protected from some aggressive men by Moses, her husband. Moses then appears, and tells how he has heard Jehovah's voice, bidding him return to Egypt to free the Israelites from Pharaoh and slavery. In the next part Moses is in Egypt, and then we have Pharaoh's obstinacy, the plagues, etc., with the flight of Moses with the children of Israel, Pharaoh's pursuit of them, the passage of the Red sea and the destruction of Pharaoh and his hosts, the part ending with a chorus of the Israelites for their miraculous deliverance. Rarely have every human sentiment and passion been so truly rendered as Perosi has rendered them in this oratorio, which is as dramatic as any opera can be; nay, it is an opera without any scenery and costumes. Oh, if Perosi were only allowed to write an opera, what an opera we should have! We have a revelation of this in the marvelous love duet between Moses and Sephora, which is as delicately passionate as any poet could compose. It was encored, as also was the finale of the first part, which carries you away in a flood of sublime harmony and song! If he had written but this Perosi would have earned a place among the most inspired composers of sacred music that ever lived. Again in the second and third parts encores followed each other in quick succession, and who will ever forget the description of the passage of the Red sea, with Moses' address to the people: "Who murmurs!" "Who imprecates!" "Oh, ungrateful, unbelieving people!" And then, the funeral silence, which follows the drowning of the Egyptians with Pharaoh at their head. Who shall forget the thrill of horror felt at that! The execution of the oratorio was perfect. Nothing it seemed could excel the celebrated Roman orchestra or the chorus. As for the baritone, Mario Sammarco, who sang Moses, he is our newest star, and already a celebrity. His voice is of wondrous beauty, and he has studied in the best Italian school of this or any other day. As "Moses" was given in a theater Perosi could not conduct the oratorio in person. He could only listen to it, sitting in a box. When he was seen the whole house rose, and gave him such an ovation as he had never had before. He was obliged to appear on the stage at least a score of times. He looked very shy, when he was being dragged on, but one could see that he was pleased. He is much stouter than he was when last I saw him, and has lost his boyish look more of a man now. You must hear "Moses" as soon as you can, and I would advise the singers all to wear the costumes of the period, though the scenes may not be acted.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Ill-Fortune Interfered In Rose Shay's Debut.

New York, June 4.—The bow of Miss Rose Cecilia Shay was to an audience that taxed the capacity of the big Grand Opera house. At the beginning it was not a sympathetic one, nor is "Carmen" an opera calculated to win much applause in the first act. But Miss Shay, naturally nervous, made her entrance effectively, and won much deserved commendation before her really strong scenes. The weak spots in the performance were not due to her, but largely to an unfortunate combination of circumstances, chief of which was the unexpected resignation at almost the last moment of the musical director. His place was filled by Lissegang, who for years directed the Castle Square Opera company, and whose merit is unquestioned. However, he had only one rehearsal, and in consequence the chorus was rugged and largely out of step and tune. All this tended to make the work cut for Miss Shay far more difficult than it should have been for so young a singer. That she won spontaneous applause in liberal quantities, both by her singing and her strong dramatic acting, speaks higher than words for her talent. She was not received overkindly by the critics, but one of the best known of these said to me after the performance: "It was really unfortunate that Miss Shay should have been cast for Carmen the first week. That role, above all others, is so closely identified with Calve that it invites comparisons, and really compels them, of course to the disadvantage of any newcomer. The power of Miss Shay's voice, especially in the lower register, is all that could be desired. She lacks stage experience, yet her acting gives promise of better things, and it is now far better than most of the Carmens outside of Calve who have not been seen in New York since the days of "The Sphinx." He possesses a voice of great power and is a comedian of original and most effective methods, but he has chosen of late years to devote himself to the legitimate. Stevens went to the Pacific coast, and while there all sorts of rumors floated East about him, among them one that he was devoting himself to Spiritualism or something of the kind. This he denied when he took up here again as a member of the Empire Theater Stock company. In the cast, too, are William Pruette, Adele Ritchie, Amelia Stone, Mrs. Egbert Guinan, Wells Van Rensselaer Wheeler, William Burress and Kate Barry, who plays Fifi.

Charles Frohman has obtained another new play from Capt. Marshall, author of "His Excellency, the Governor," and "A Royal Family." This is the second one Frohman has for next season, and it will be seen early at the Garrick.

Now it is reported that Frohman will surely bring over Seymour Hicks and Ellaline Terris this year. If he does they will be seen in a one-act play written on the life of Edmund Kean by Miss Gladys Unger, a daughter of Frank Unger, of San Francisco.

H. Hassard Short, who made a hit as a brainless young nobleman with John Drew in "The Second in Command" at the Empire, has been engaged by Edward Terry to play the leading juvenile roles in his revivals at his London theater during the coronation.

Lee Arthur, having come from that section of the country made famous by Mark Twain's "Huckleberry Finn," will dramatize that book for Klaw & Erlanger, who want all the local color they can get for it.

Nellie McNaughton has shown herself made of sterner stuff than the average chorus girl. Nellie has heaps of ambition, and when George Lederer gave her the part of understudy to Irene Bentley in "The Wild Rose" she "swelled visibly." Alas for her hopes. Miss Bentley having made her peace with Eddie Foy, developed a streak of health calculated to break the heart of even the most hardened understudy. Miss McNaughton has just told Lederer that she will stand around no longer, and her conscience will not permit her to take money and do nothing, so there's a chance for another understudy who is not so sensitive or hopeful.

When Mrs. Pat Campbell comes back, as she says she will do, under the Frohman wing, she will have to give us something new. That was the most important clause of the contract, and the reason Frohman would not sign with her before. Mrs. Campbell insisted that her old plays were good enough, but Frohman didn't believe it, and now he will have his own way. Mrs. Edith Wheaton, the American novelist, has been commissioned by Mrs. Campbell to translate Hermann Sudermann's "Es Lebe das Leben," and this will be used, as will the drama, "Aunt Jeannie," by F. F. Benson, author of "Dodo."

New York will have another summer show in "The Chaperons," which will follow "The Hall of Fame" at the New York on June 9. The cast will include Walter Jones, Harry Conor, J. C. Miron, Eva Tanguay and Trixie Friganza.

Mrs. Genevieve Haines is to be revenged on Miss Amelia Bingham after all. Her play, "Hearts Aflame," which that actress handed back after paying for it, made a sufficient impression upon Henry B. Sire for him to agree to give it a run next season at the Bijou, which, to a considerable extent, has become identified with Miss Bingham. Contracts were signed this week and the production will be made with even more elaborateness than it was at the Garrick.

Manager John C. Fisher, who with Thomas W. Ryley brought "Florodora" over from London and made several fortunes all in one season, has completed arrangements to produce its successor, "The Silver Slipper," at the Broadway theater on Oct. 7. This opera was composed by Leslie Stuart and written by Owen Davis, the authors of "Florodora," and has had a most successful run at the Lyric theater in London. Edna Wallace Hopper and Cyril Scott are already engaged for the production here, and Mr. Fisher, who has sailed for London, will bring back some of the original company.

Rose Coghlan and Charles Stevenson were the only members of the old Wallack company who took part in the benefit for Mrs. Wallack. Miss Coghlan appeared in a sketch with her adopted daughter, Rosalind, while Mr. Stevenson made a speech of thanks on behalf of Mrs. Wallack. For both the afternoon was filled with sad memories, and when Miss Coghlan's part was over she retired to her dressing room, and there breaking down she wept as if her heart would break.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Madame Rejane, who is playing at the Imperial theater, London, had to change her bill suddenly last week at the command of King Edward. "Zaza" had been announced as the bill, when the king, who had declared his intention of attending the performance, sent word at the last moment that he wanted to see "Ma Cousine" instead. The change delayed the performance half an hour.

It is reported that Mascagni is working on a new opera, "Marie Antoionette," that will be produced in Paris and Vienna early next season.

Thomas E. Shea is said to have found in his new play, "The Hunchback's Daughter," by Eugene Thomas, a role that gives him equal opportunities with Mathias in "The Bells" and "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." The play is to be produced early next season.

Girl seems to be the very backbone of modern comic opera. And just now on Broadway there is a girl wave. It is a fact that the ordinary thing that is given us nowadays labeled comic opera wouldn't have a leg to stand on were it not for the eternal girl. She is as necessary to the mental nutriment and education of comic opera-goers as problems are to the Ibsenites or symbols to the Pinki-pankipoos.—Matinee Girl, in Dramatic Mirror.

The eruption of Mont Pelee, Martinique, and the destruction of St. Pierre are to be the subjects of a spectacle that Frederick Thompson intends to stage next season. Mr. Thompson is the manager of "A Trip to the Moon," that was a feature of the Pan-American exposition, and is now at Coney Island. He is going to Martinique to get material for the spectacle.

Williams and Walker will appear next season in a new musical comedy, "In Dahomey," by Paul Laurence Dunbar and Will Marion Cook.

The St. Louis Mirror asserts that Richard Mansfield is this country's most successful cynic, and then proceeds to pay him the following compliments: "He is a megalomaniac of stupendous proportions. He has illusions of grandeur, and he has so long affected the gloomy and peculiar that he has come to believe that he is a sort of composite of all the great roles he has assumed. He is more particular about his hotel accommodations than Prince Henry was. He pulled the bell cord on a train the other day, and when the train had stopped the conductor found that Mr. Mansfield had been particularly struck by the scenery, and didn't want to dash past the favored spot without a chance to see it. There is no other personality like Mr. Mansfield now on this planet, and he is well worthy of attention not only in his actual daily life, but in the corrosive study of him that the anonymous author of 'The Imitator' has given the world in the character of Arthur Wantage."

Mary Mannering has decided to abandon comedy, in which she has been so successful, for the serious drama. She is led to this, it is said, by the favor she has met with in the roles of Camille and Pauline. Clyde Fitch has about finished a drama of emotion for Miss Mannering, that she will appear in next season. Frank McKee will continue to manage her. Miss Mannering's leading man will be Arthur Byron, whom Mr. McKee intends to star next season after next in Mr. Fitch's "Maj. Andre," to which William A. Brady once held the rights. The announcement of Miss Mannering's production of the new Fitch play probably means that she has abandoned the dramatization of "Graustark," that has been given as her next season's play.

Raimund Theater gave the premier of Karl Bleibtreu's historical drama, "Weltgericht," April 12. The scene is laid in Paris at the close of the revolution. Most of the great characters of this stirring epoch play their parts behind the scenes, while a host of small characters relate the doings of the great ones in a monotonous strain. Of the deluge of Napoleonic drama of the last few years Herr Bleibtreu's effort is certainly the worst.

Sarah Bernhardt will start a season at the London Garrick on June 9. Fred G. Latham is her business manager for Maurice Grau. Before the coming of Sarah, Arthur Bourchier will try, for one night only, a new comedy written by John Oliver Hobbes (Mrs. Craigie) and Murray Carson. It is at present entitled "The Bishop's Move." Tree will revive "Hamlet" at Her Majesty's on the nights when Ellen Terry goes to the Lyceum with Irving.

Hubert Wilkie and Bettina Girard are to present an operetta in vaudeville. "Arizona" has passed its one hundredth performance in London.

The name of the new play recently produced by Mr. and Mrs. Kendal is henceforth to be "Mrs. Hamilton's Silence," instead of "Conscience," a title which has already been made use of.

A dozen performances by Weber & Fields in Chicago yielded $50,000.

Frank Bush is amusing Londoners.

Jessie Bateman, who was with Charles Hawtrey in America, will play in Mrs. Craigie's and Murray Carson's play, "The Bishop's Move," at the London Garrick, June 6.

"Ping Pong," a new farce comedy to be produced in Chicago, will enlist the services of Wilfred Clarke, W. J. Ferguson, Eugene Canfield, Charles Harbury, John Glendenning, Karra Kenwyn, Grace Griswold and Mabel Haslett.

Rehearsals are in progress in Salt Lake City of "Corianton," a new Mormon drama by Arestes U. Bean, to be produced there during the Elks' national reunion in August. Joseph Haworth is directing the production, and, with Agnes Rose Lane, will enact the two principal characters. The characters of the play are those that figure in the "Book of Mormon," and the author states that his work will have about the same relation to its source as "The Sign of the Cross," "Quo Vadis" and other similar dramas, dealing with the Christian religion do to the Bible. The characters are nearly all Aztec, and the period is about 75 years B. C. The scene is laid on the Magdolend river, Columbia, South America. The costumes will be historically correct and the scenery likewise. There is also to be a ballot of sixty people.

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FATHER ENJOINED

From Kidnaping His Own Child In Tennessee.

Knoxville, Tenn., June 7.—In chancery court Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Clapp, of Union county, enjoined A. S. Davis, formerly of this place, but now of Blue Ridge, Ga., from kidnaping his own child, Lillian Sidney Davis, aged 10. The complainants recite their love for Lillian, whose mother died when she was but a week old. The father persuaded the complainants to care for the babe, and Mrs. Clapp, a sister of the child's mother, nursed Lillian as she did her own little girls. Recently Davis married Mrs. Ellen Shafer, and now seeks possession of his daughter.

WOMEN FLED

After Being Summoned to Appear as Lepers.

New Orleans, June 7:—Somewhere in the United States are two women, Mrs. Ada Scheurmann and Mrs. Laura Verdell, w. are alleged to be lepers. Summoned to court to show cause why they should not be sent to the lepers' home, they asked for time in which to prepare their defense. Fearful of the isolation which awaited them at the home, no sooner was the continuance granted than they departed for parts unknown. Wednesday the cases were called. Neither woman responded. Inquiry at their respective homes revealed that they had fled the city. The cases are without precedent.

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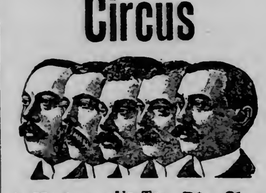

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Frederick G. Bradbury, Violinist.
Margaret Hoelscher, Accompanist.
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DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION AND PRIMARIES.

A Democratic delegate convention for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, will be held on Saturday, June 21st, 1902, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the city hall, in the city of Duluth, in said county, for the purpose of selecting forty-five delegates to the Democratic state convention, to be held in the city of Minneapolis on Wednesday, June 25th, A. D. 1902, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following state offices, to be voted for at the next ensuing general election to be held Tuesday, the 4th day of November, A. D. 1902, to-wit: Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, attorney general, treasurer, clerk of the supreme court, and one member of the railroad and warehouse commission.

Also for the purpose of selecting two residents of said county who shall be recommended to the state convention for election as members of the state central committee; to appoint a county central committee, the members of which shall serve for two years or until their successors are elected and shall have qualified; and transact such other business as may properly come before said convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for every 50 votes or fraction thereof, cast for John Lind for governor in November, 1900.

In accordance with the above apportionment the several precincts will be entitled to the following number of delegates:

CITY OF DULUTH.

First ward—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	2
Fourth precinct	2
Fifth precinct	1
Totals, First ward	7
Second ward—	
First precinct	2
Second precinct	2
Third precinct	2
Fourth precinct	2
Totals, Second ward	8
Third ward—	
First precinct	2
Second precinct	2
Third precinct	2
Fourth precinct	2
Totals, Third ward	8
Fourth ward—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	1
Fourth precinct	2
Fifth precinct	2
Totals, Fourth ward	6
Fifth ward—	
First precinct	2
Second precinct	2
Third precinct	2
Fourth precinct	2
Fifth precinct	1
Totals, Fifth ward	9
Sixth ward—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	1
Fourth precinct	3
Fifth precinct	1
Sixth precinct	1
Totals, Sixth ward	9
Seventh ward—	
First precinct	2
Second precinct	2
Third precinct	3
Fourth precinct	3
Fifth precinct	2
Totals, Seventh ward	10
Eighth ward—	
First precinct	2
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	1
Fourth precinct	1
Fifth precinct	1
Sixth precinct	1
Seventh precinct	1
Eighth precinct	1
Totals, Eighth ward	9

ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

City of Duluth	
Ely—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	1
Tower	1
Virginia—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	1
Fourth precinct	1
Mountain Iron	1
Proctorknott	2
Alborn	1
Allen	1
Biwabik—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Thirda and Fourth precincts	1
Fifth precinct	1
Breitung—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	1
Fourth precinct	1
Clinton	1
Canosia	1
Culver	1
Town of Duluth	1
Fayal	1
Floodwood	1
Gnesen	1
Grand Lake	1
Great Scott—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Herman	1
Industrial	1
Kelsey	1
Mesaba	1
Midway	1
Mesaba Mountain—	
First precinct	1
Second precinct	1
Third precinct	1
Fourth precinct	1
Missabe Mountain—	
Fifth precinct	2
Sixth precinct	1
Seventh precinct	1
Eighth precinct	1
Morse	1
McDavitt	1
New Independence	1
Nichols	1
Rice Lake	1
Solway	1
Stuntz—	
First precinct	2
Second precinct	1
Township 50-20	1
Township 52-20	1
Township 52-21	1
Vermilion Dam	1
Harding	1
Dwyer's Camp	1
Lavell's Farm	1
Totals—160 precincts	
Pluralities	

The primaries for the election of delegates shall be held in the usual voting places in the several precincts on Thursday, the nineteenth day of June, A. D. 1902, from 7 to 8 o'clock p. m.

By order of Democratic County Committee.

M. B. CULLUM, Chairman.
C. J. MARSHALL, Secretary.

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Roy Hansell Said to be Doing Well With His Globe Trotters.

Si Bennett Joins the St. Cloud Ball Team —Duluth Wants a Team Badly— Gossip About Fighters.

Old Roy Hansell, whom the Duluth fans knocked so unjustly out at Oneota park two seasons ago, is still in the game. He has organized the Globe Trotters, which is touring the state making money and playing about as fast a game as any independent professional team in the Northwest. Hansell is playing left field as well as managing the team. At St. Cloud he took eleven long chances without an error. There are those that would like to see "Hanse" back in the game in Duluth.

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Si Bennett, who has been playing a remarkable game at short for Hansell's team, is reported to have signed with St. Cloud. The country people are going wild over his hitting and base running. Another good thing gone owing to Duluth's apathy.

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Wilson, the colored pitcher signed by Duluth before the season was declared off by Rev. Knowles, is winning every game he pitches for Wausseca, and he has been against some very heavy propositions.

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Duluth wants a baseball team and wants it badly. All that is needed is a little nerve and some money.

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A real batsman may come and go, but few will ever equal, let alone surpass, the little captain of the Brooklyn squad. The secret of Keeler's success with the stick is the inability of the opposition to conjecture just what sort of an attack he has in contemplation. Your simon-pure graduate from the School of Slug who knows nothing but the slap-bang manual, is easy to lay for, because he possesses no other idea, and does nothing but blazes away, but not with Keeler, he rarely uses the same inside tactics twice in succession. With the infield playing out, he is most likely to lay the ball down, and if the cordon moves in on him he takes a chance at smashing it through the lines with better than a fair degree of success.

"Keeler, to my mind," declared Manager McPhee one day this week, "is the best representation of the scientific batsman in the business. He can come nearer placing a ball just where he figures on putting it than any man in uniform today. He is the hardest man to play for that I've ever seen, for he gives in his position at bat not the slightest inkling of what he intends to do. Bunting is a knack that can only be acquired by the hardest kind of practice. That old Baltimore squad used to bunt us to death nearly all the time. The Reds would realize more on their natural ability today if they mixed a little more of the unexpected with their play."

• • •

The result of his fight with Jimmy Britt at San Francisco on Thursday night will in all probability cause Kid Lavigne to retire from the ring. The Kid prepared faithfully for his go with Britt, but had to give in to a stronger and younger opponent. The only conclusion to be drawn from the fight is that poor old George has seen his best day.

Lavigne has been fighting for nearly fifteen years, and in his day has met all the leaders in the lightweight class. Lavigne was never much on cleverness, his long suit being to go in and wear a man down by punishing him about the body. His defeat of Joe Walcott years ago showed what an awful punisher the Saginaw Kid really was in his prime. His famous punch was a left hand to the stomach, which he delivered with a swing. He would step back with his left foot and then rip the left into the wind. It was with this blow that he put many a good man out of business, but in some cases he found it utterly impossible to do any damage with the same kind of a punch. When Lavigne fought George McFadden, years ago, McFadden got onto the Kid's style and successfully blocked him in every round. Lavigne was popular with all classes of sporting men who regret very much that the chances are decidedly against him in his efforts to regain lost laurels.

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Fitzsimmons and Jeffries have gone into earnest training for their coming battle, and stories from the training grounds are eagerly devoured by followers of the ancient sport. Billy Delaney tells the following anecdote apropos of the difficulty of getting a suitable referee. It is anent his campaign with Corbett through Texas and Arkansas at the time the governors of these states were on their high horses. After they were chased into the latter commonwealth, it looked very much as if Corbett and Fitzsimmons would come to blows, and they began to discuss the refereee problem. Martin Julian, who was managing Bob, was rejecting this one and that one with great regularity. "It looked to us as if Fritz was trying to sidestep us, and not give Corbett a fight," said Delaney, "but finally I got our party together one day, and I said to them: 'I have a man which Fitz can not reject, and if you will accept it I will stand personally for it.'

"'Who have you?' shouted Billy Brady, who is always more or less impatient.

"'I propose Charley White,' said I to them. Now, White was training Fitz, if you remember, and what a howl Corbett and Brady raised when I mentioned his name, but that did not dishearten me. I told them that I had known White since he was a boy, and knew him to be honest—absolutely honest—and if he refereed the fight he would give us a shade if there was any to give, rather than to give the public a chance to think that he favored his man. Finally I got Corbett and Brady to accept White, but then we were arrested, so the fight did not come off there, and I did not have a chance to spring his name. A few years ago I told Charley about it, and he thanked me very profusely for the confidence I had in his honesty."

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Frank Erne, ex-light-weight champion, is now in England to meet Pat Daly, the English light-weight champion, at the National Sporting club's coronation carnival next month.

Erne, after a brief conference with Dr. Ordway, the American rperesentative of the National Sporting club, was told that his match with Daly, which was arranged before he was defeated by Gans, held good.

This was just what Erne wanted, and he immediately set about to see how quickly he could get to England and begin to prepare for his battle with the English champion. Erne, although feeling his defeat keenly, is not at all discouraged, and he believes that he will yet have an opportunity to prove that his defeat was an accident.

Dr. Ordway said that he did not think that Erne's fight with the colored boxer was a fair test, and for that reason he believed the Buffalo boxer to be the best attraction to go abroad.

The National Sporting club will give a purse of $2,500 for the Erne-Daly bout, and the boxers have agreed to weigh in at 133 pounds at the ringside.

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The Young Corbett-Broad ten-round fight was a surprise to the champion's most ardent admirers. So much had been said of the champion's improvement in every branch of the fighting game they looked to see Corbett give the kid the worst trouncing in his career. In fact, it was strongly hinted he would have Broad on the canvas for the count before the expiration of the contest. In this he failed dismally, as at no time during the bout did he jar the kid hard enough to interfere with his thinking apparatus. On the other hand, press accounts of the contest say the champion was within a few steps of the corner of Queer street in the ninth round. The champion's long layoff probably accounted for his poor showing.

Corbett's next contest will be with Abe Attel, the speedy little Californian that so easily outpointed Broad and made it so interesting for Yanger in the early stages of the recent contest at St. Louis. The articles call for the boys to weigh in at 126 at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the contest, which will give the champion much the best of the weights. It is really difficult to figure the outcome of that contest. Corbett, as champion, with weight and hitting powers in his favor, and backed up with considerable speed and science, should trim Attel, but judging from their respective fights with Broad Abe looks the best. He never permitted Broad to land an effective blow, and if he can do the same with Corbett the latter will have a strenuous time of it winning a decision over him.

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Benny Yanger's victory over Austin Rice recently makes him the top-sawyer of the legitimate featherweight class—a class that unfortunately for Benny carries with it no honors such as it would have carried several years ago or before Terry McGovern and Young Corbett raised the scale of weights.

This boosting of weights by champions, not only in the featherweight class but in the bantam and lightweight divisions, is to be deplored, but as the champions fix the scale and are upheld by the sporting public nothing can be done in the matter. It is only a short while ago that we had champions at every known weight, between the bantam, feather and lightweights, but they, it appears, have been lost in the shuffle, and the champions in the three divisions have pooled their issues, so to speak, and have set the notch to the highest possible limit. Beginning with the bantams we find their weight limit raised from 110 pounds to 115. The featherweights have gone further by adding fully ten pounds to their limit. A few years ago the high notch was 118 pounds; this was later raised to 122, and at present is 127, weigh in about six hours before entering the ring, the weight Corbett and McGovern have signed for their next championship battle. The lightweights have not been quite so brash with the scales, as the present champion, Joe Gans, has signified his willingness to meet any one at 135 pounds—two pounds above the old limit.

This making of new champions that do not fit the old and legitimate notches demands a general revision of weights. If not that, then some kind of arrangement should be made for more champions. As the matter stands at present there are too many pounds between the bantam, feather and lightweights. With the high mark for bantams at 115 pounds, a 118-pound youngster would be a full-fledged featherweight, and as such would be compelled to fight a 128 or 130-pounder for the championship, and a 105-pound bantam would have to cope with a 115-pounder. This is too big a handicap, but the champions in those two classes demand aspirants for their honors must fight at the weights they set. Unfortunately there is no governing power in pugilism, and the high weights in the bantam and featherweight classes, at least, will remain intact until some light bantam or feather comes along, trims the champions, and sets the weights back to the old limit.

Yanger's victory over Rice places him, as stated, at the head of the legitimate featherweights. He has never met with a defeat and is in a direct line for championship honors. His next opponent will be either McGovern or Champion Corbett, provided they will take him on at 128 pounds ringside—or fully four pounds above Benny's weight.

• • •

Last Saturday will long be remembered in field and track athletics of the United States.

On Berkley Oval Arthur F. Duffy, the diminutive sprinter of Georgetown university, ran 100 yards in 9 3-5 seconds, lowering the world's record of 9 4-5 made by himself and B. J. Wefers, formerly of Georgetown.

There is no question as to the genuine character of the feat. It occurred on an accurately measured and remeasured track, under the auspices of the inter-collegiate association, and was timed by experienced men.

Schick, of Harvard, was second in this dash, doing the distance in 9 4-5 seconds, yet Duffy beat him over the tape by about eight feet.

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In the Western college meet at Chicago five new records were established, as follows:

Mile run—G. R. Keachie, Wisconsin. Time, 4:31 2-5. Former record, 4:33.

Two-mile run—N. A. Kellburg, Michigan. Time, 10:07. Former record, 10:09⅗.

120-yard hurdles—Fred G. Maloney, Chicago. Time, :15 3-5. Former record, :15 4-5.

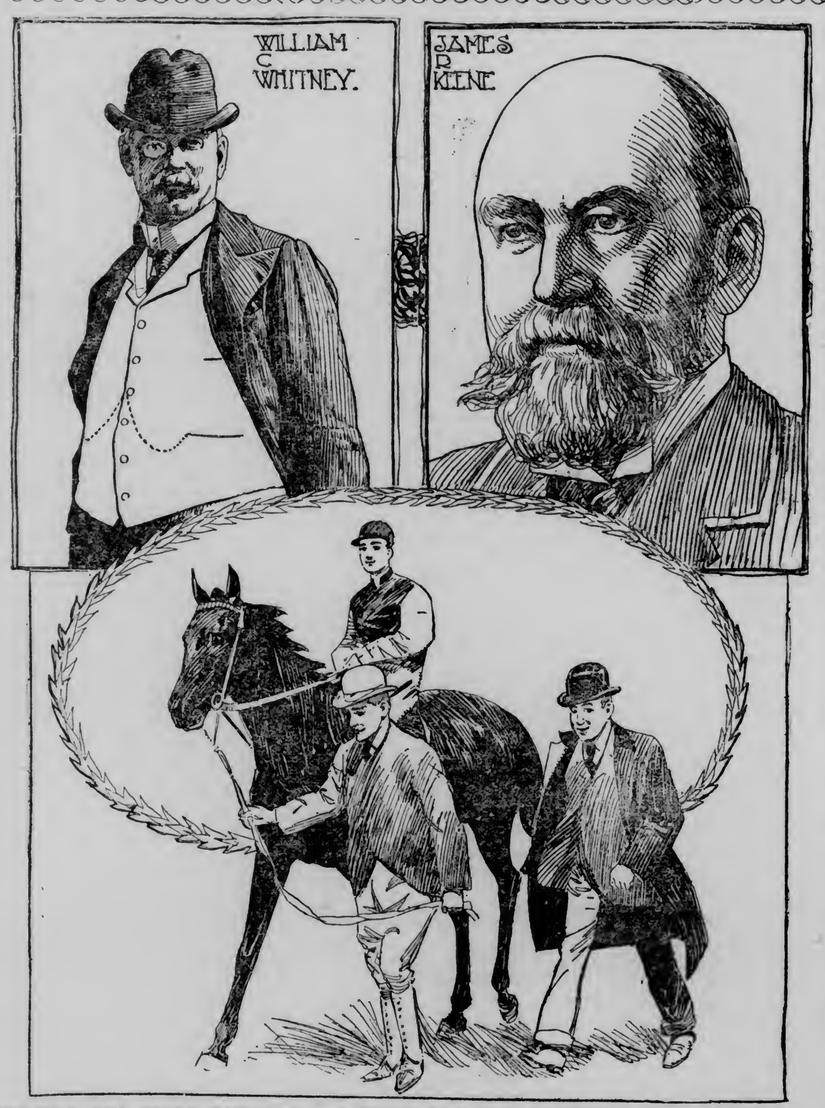
Pole vault—H. T. Chapman, Drake. Height, 11 feet 6¼ inches. Former record, 11 feet 6 inches.

Shotput—H. E. Kirby, Notre Dame. Distance, 118 feet 9 inches. Former record, 117 feet 4 inches.

You've got to hustle all the time to keep in the swim. If you are slipping down the ladder of prosperity, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Makes people strenuous. Ask your druggist.

Great Northern Excursion Bulletin.

$45.000 Round trip, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Victoria, Vancouver. $45.00 Round trip to San Francisco. $61.00 Round trip to Los Angeles. May 27th to June 8th. $4.30 Round trip Minneapolis and St. Paul. June 1st to 7th inclusive. $9.30 Round trip, New Ulm, account Fireman's Convention, June 9th, 10th, 11th. $32.15 Round trip, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo. $39.50, Ogden and Salt Lake. One fare plus two dollars round trip to Hot Springs, Deadwood and Lead, S. D. June 1st to 21st. Full information and through tickets at City Ticket office, corner of Spalding Hotel.



SCEPTRE, THE DERBY FAVORITE, FOR WHICH $175,000 WAS REFUSED BY HER OWNER.

Sceptre failed to win the Derby, coming in fourth, but on Friday captured the Oaks stakes, valued at 4500 sovereigns. She won the Two Thousand Guineas on April 30 and the One Thousand Guineas on May 2. Intruder, owned by William C. Whitney, and Kearsarge, carrying the colors of James R. Keene, were other entries in the Derby, but made a poor showing.

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IN COPPER DISTRICT

Effect of New Mines Becoming Perceptible on Production.

Figures For This Year Will Show Noticeable Increase.

More of Them Will Make Copper Next Year.

Houghton, Mich., June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The effect of the new mines is becoming quite perceptible in Lake Superior copper production, and the figures of 1902 output will be the first to show a noticeable increase due to the output of new mines. Although the first of the new and reopened mines of the present era of activity began work five years ago, the Isle Royale and Baltic having started operations in 1897, and none of the new mines began work later than 1898, the immense amount of work required, both underground and on surface, and the slow and costly process of equipment, have rendered it impossible for the new mines to become considerable producers until this season, and a number of them will do but little in the way of making copper before next year.

Of the new mines the Baltic began production soonest, leasing one stamp at the Atlantic mill. The Baltic is now in its own mill and increasing production every month. The May production was 325 tons of mineral, a gain of 15 tons from April, and compares with 130 tons in May, 1901, and 62½ tons in May, 1900. The Baltic has by no means gotten its full growth, and will continue to increase its output every month for some time to come. Additional stamps, for which there is room in the new mill, will also be required in eighteen months or less. The Baltic is proving a very fine mine, and will become a big producer.

The Trimountain produced about 140 tons of mineral in May. Considering that this was made by the use of a leased stamp, at the Arcadian mill, and under circumstances not the most favorable, the showing is a very good one. The Trimountain rock is yielding better than 2 per cent ingot copper, including the mass and barrel copper secured in the mine and at the rockhouses. The new mill is nearly ready for work, but is delayed in going into commission by the failure of machinery contractors to deliver part of the equipment when ordered. The mill should be in commission this summer, and Trimountain will become a heavy producer from the start.

The Champion output of mineral and mass copper for May was 120 tons. Like the Trimountain, the Champion is producing with a leased stamp, and under circumstances not the most advantageous. The new mill is well along and the Champion, which is yielding an even higher percentage of copper per ton stamped than is the Trimountain, will become another big producer. The three mines of the southern range group—Baltic, Trimountain and Champion—are among the most promising ever opened in the district, and it is but a question of a few years when these three mines, collectively, will be turning out more copper than the Calumet & Hecla.

The Atlantic product of 321 tons in May is about the same as the April production. Developments on the drift in the lode recently cut at the section 16 exploration have not materially changed in status within the past two weeks.

The Isle Royale's mineral product for May was better than 300 tons, and as it was secured with a small force, must have been made at a profit. The Isle Royale has proven disappointing in the percentage of copper returned, but the mine is largely opened, magnificently equipped, and in conservative and experienced hands, hence possesses certain advantages of importance, and should be able, working on the present economical scale, to run at a profit so long as operated on the present plan.

Wolverine's May output was 262½ tons. The June production will probably be the largest in the mine's history. The new mill, at the mouth of the Tobacco river, is now almost equipped, and should go into commission next month. The mine has been extensively opened in advance, preparatory to feeding the new mill, and will be able to supply the two stamps with selected rock without unduly crowding underground work. When the new mill starts the Wolverine should be able to make copper at the rate of 8,000,000 pounds or more per year, and to reduce its present low costs. The mine and mill of the Wolverine are fully equipped in every particular, and all the new work has been paid for out of the surplus fund accumulated since 1895 from actual net earnings of the mine. The Wolverine will be able to continue its regular dividend rate of $2 per share, semi-annually, being the only copper mine of the lake district that is not forced to cut dividends because of the low price of the metal.

Quincy made 1,150 tons of mineral in May, and its output of refined copper for the present year will be about the same as in 1901, barring accidents of an unusual nature. The new coal wharves and hoists of the Quincy at Mason, on Torch lake, are nearing completion, and will be among the finest to be found anywhere. Owing to the building of the new wharves the Quincy has less coal on hand, in comparison with requirements, than any other mine of the district, and some apprehension is felt on account of the possibility of a strike of the bituminous coal miners. Cargoes are being rushed to the old wharves and the new plant will be in operation in a few weeks.

Judging from the status of the cash reserve of the Rhode Island company at the beginning of the year, an assessment will have to be levied this summer or in the coming fall, if work is to be continued on the present scale.

The new mill of the Mohawk company is four to six weeks behind its twin, the Wolverine mill, but should go into commission not later than September. Another shipment of 175 tons of mohawkite, the peculiar arsenical copper ore found in this mine, was made to the smelter in New Jersey this week.

Official figures of production for 1901 by the Calumet & Hecla show that the output of refined copper was materially smaller than had been anticipated. At present the mine is producing on a larger scale than at the corresponding season last year. The working force is also smaller, and the property is being handled more economically than for some years past.

Preparations are under way for the resumption of exploratory work on the Globe tract, next south of the Champion mine, where an amygdaloid, supposed to be the Baltic lode, was cut by a diamond drill last fall. The overburden of sand at the Globe is so heavy that drilling work is done with difficulty.

Saint Mary's Mineral Land company is also doing diamond drilling, in search of the Baltic lode. The Elm River and Wyandot companies are drilling, so far without important results.

The Winona mine is now looking better than for a long time past, and the management is much encouraged by the continuance of productive copper ground in the new openings. It is hoped to make a thorough mill test of 15,000 to 20,000 tons of Winona rock, within a short time. This can probably be done when the Champion releases the stamps now in use at the Atlantic mill, on the completion of its own mill.

Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, postmaster general under Cleveland, who has been interested in lake mines for many years, has been elected Michigan director of the Quincy, in the place of the late Lieutenant Governor Dunstan. The law requires that all mining companies operating under the Michigan charters shall have at least one director who is a resident of the state.

The Lake Superior Concentrating company, which is working the old Franklin sands, is to increase its capacity to 650 tons per diem.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Annual Reports of Stratton's Independence Company.

Colorado Springs, Colo., June 7.—The reports presented at the annual meeting of Stratton's Independence company, limited, held in London, May 17, have just been received in this city and show something of what this mine is doing. For the year ending June 30, 1901, the mine shipped 57,534 tons of ore the gross value of which was £534,716. After deducting all expenses at the mine and in London, the company paid dividends amounting to £229,163, or about $1,300,000. This is the greatest dividend record ever made by a Cripple Creek mine in a single year. The Portland stands next, paying $720,000 a year in dividends. From June 30, 1901, to March 31, 1902, a period of nine months, the mine produced 71,987 tons of ore which resulted in gross value of £351,445. Dividends amounted to £75,000 were paid in that period, making the total dividend record under the British company £704,171.

The production of the Cripple Creek district for the month of May was $1,621,000, derived from 52,290 tons. The Portland and other big mines of the district were forced to curtail their production which considerably reduced the tonnage. These big mines will be in running shape within the next thirty days, when the output will be materially increased.

The directors of the Golden Cycle Mining company announce that that company will pay its first dividend in July, amounting to ¾ of a cent per share on an issued capital stock of 1,569,699 shares. The disbursement will amount to $11,250. On May 1 the company had $70,365 on hand which was increased by $15,000 net profits for May. By the end of this month the cash reserve will exceed $100,000.

The internal revenue department has notified the officers of the mining exchange that on and after July 1 all revenue taxes on mining shares, certificates and transfers will be repealed. The tax has been in force three years, and is one of the last to be repealed.

The Elkton mine on the first of the month increased its production to 100 tons per day or about 3000 tons a month. The ore is an average high grade and is coming from the seventh and eighth levels. The Portland mine has opened a vein of ore 50 feet wide in the 700-foot level, which makes this the largest vein ever opened in this property. The annual report of the Last Dollar Mining company has just been issued and shows that the property produced $240,000 during the past year.

The King's Coronation.

The King's coronation promises to be the most elaborate and costly public function of modern times, and our country is to be represented there by three prominent statesmen, selected by the President, who will represent our state, army and navy. Many other people will also take the ocean voyage principally as a means of improving their health. They will, however, only obtain temporary relief, and their old complaints will surely appear again when least expected. The best way to recover your health is by strengthening and restoring the stomach to its normal condition by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is a positive cure for loss of appetite, nervousness, insomnia, indigestion, dyspepsia and malaria. Try it.

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DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Thomas Herbert returned to her home in Barnum Saturday, after a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. L. S. McKay.

Friday night the Woodmen gave an entertainment and dance in the Maccabee hall. An interesting program was rendered which consisted of the following numbers: Camp songs by Joseph Rutter, Charles Mills, Rudolph Dietz, Byron Kurn; reading, by Miss Wilner; sool, by Joseph Rutter; reading, by Ethel Mahoney; phonograph selection; recitation by Miss Miller; Song, "America." Among the out-of-town people who attended were Mrs. Bennet, Miss Dean Cox, of Duluth; Misses Hazel McArton, Minnie Kehler, Constance Wilner, Katie Knox, of West Duluth; Misses Florence Brink, Anna Segl, of Smithville; Miss Grace Crawford, of Minneapolis; Miss Katherine Nacelli, of Shortline Park; Messrs. Ed Dash, of Smithville; Frank Youngberg, Henry Thompson, of Shortline Park; Nels Wilner, of West Duluth; O. H. Osmundson, of St. Paul.

Mrs. Frank Widell spent Saturday and Sunday in Duluth.

Miss Mabel McDonald, of West Duluth, visited a number of her friends in New Duluth a few days this week.

A very pretty wedding was held at the home of Mrs. Emma Crawford Monday morning when her daughter, Miss Susie Crawford and Charles Morris, of Winnipeg, were married. The bride was gowned in white and was attended by her sister, Miss Grace Crawford, of Minneapolis. The groom was attended by Roy Huggins, of West Superior. Rev. P. Knutson performed the ceremony. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple departed amid showers of rice and old shoes for West Duluth, where they will be at home after June 15. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Bennet, of Duluth, Roy Huggins, of Superoir; Ed Huggins, of Cloquet.

Mrs. Brackett and Miss Brackett, who have been visiting Mrs. Knutson for the past week, returned to their home in Pine City Friday.

Mrs. W. D. McGill, of West Superior, is visiting Mrs. A. J. Tower this week.

Otto Hermann called on friends here Wednesday. Mr. Hermann will leave for his home in Milwaukee Saturday.

Miss Ethel Becklinger, Matilde Bartz, Ethel Mahoney and Wilbert Mahoney represented the Stowe school at the eighth grade graduation exercises at the Duluth Central High School Thursday night.

Mrs. C. Tower and Mrs. W. D. McGill were shopping in Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. A. J. Munroe, of Carlton, is spending the week at the home of George E. Tupper.

Miss Zilda Scheff, of West Duluth, is visiting Miss Luella Lockhart.

E. Herbert, of St. Paul, visited Mr. and Mrs. L. S. McKay Tuesday.

O. H. Osmundson, of St. Paul, was a guest at the home of George E. Tupper Sunday and Monday.

The Woodmen held a meeting Tuesday night to initiate Joseph Rutter, Louis Fischer, W. H. Reickhoff and Ernest Busbel into the lodge. Twenty-five members from Old Hickory camp No. 155 of West Duluth come up to help with the initiation and drill work. After the meeting the Royal Neighbors surprised the men by serving luncheon and spending the rest of the evening with them.

Thomas Bowers, of the Duluth public schools, visited the Stowe school Tuesday.

Frank Brand and George E. Tupper transacted business in Duluth Monday.

A large barge of cedar logs came up to the cedar yard Thursday.

Frank Widell spent Friday and Sunday with his family here, returning to Duluth Monday.

The many friends of George Shaw will be pleased to learn of his marriage to Miss Shelby, of Duluth, Thursday evening. Shaw is a brother of Mrs. I. J. Mahoney and was a resident of New Duluth for many years. Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney attended the wedding.

Miss Cherry Berge, of West Duluth, visited her sister, Mrs. Otto Kruger, Tuesday.

Ed Tizzard left Monday to spend a short time on his homestead near Lake Vermilion.

Miss Grace Crawford returned to her home in Minneapolis Tuesday.

John Lockhart and Mrs. Jerry Lockhart spent Saturday in Duluth.

W. H. Rieckhoff is adding new machinery in the box factory and increasing his force of men.

Among those who attended the eighth grade graduating exercises at the Duluth High school Thursday night were Mrs. John Bartz, Mr. and Mrs. C. Becklinger, Miss Smith, Arthur Mahoney and Charles Bartz.

Miss Luella Lockhart and Paul Scheff spent Sunday in Duluth.

Eddie Rieckhoff, eldest son of W. H. Rieckhoff, was hurt quite badly Tuesday by being kicked in the face by their horse. He was standing near the horse playing a mouth organ when the horse became frightened and kicked him near the mouth. His lip and cheek were cut.

Mr. and Mrs. Bennet returned to their home in Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. D. D. Mitchell and Miss Winnifred Tower drove to Fond du Lac Thursday.

The Royal Neighbors held a social session at the home of Mrs. Frank Brand Thursday night in honor of Miss Wilner, who will leave for her home in West Duluth in a few days. Refreshments were served and a very enjoyable time reported by all the ladies.

Ed Huggins returned to Cloquet and Roy Huggins to Superior Monday.

August Grochau spent Decoration day with his brother in Duluth.

MESABA.

Mesaba, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Dahlien, from St. Louis River, visited Mrs. Henry and Mrs. Anderson here last week.

Miss Josephine returned from Duluth. She had been spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. L. Gagne.

M. Stott visited Miss M. Schur in town last Sunday.

John Wallace left town for Duluth. He expects to remain there for several weeks.

Mrs. Eva Agrill, of Proctorknott, is visiting her sisters, Mae and Alice Corkins.

Mrs. M. Gibeau was on the sick list this week.

S. Sherman was in town on business Wednesday.

Miss Josephine Gibeau visited Mrs. Joglin at Lakewood last week.

Mrs. Anderson went to Duluth Monday.

A. McDougle was in Tower Wednesday.

Miss Hazel Hulsel visited in Biwabik Wednesday.

Robert Lockery has accepted a position with the C. M. Hill Lumber company at Drummond.

Superintendent A. T. Park was here on business Tuesday.

Mr. West was in Virginia last week.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Klink transacted business at Biwabik Monday.

The Auburn mine has been shut down for the present and the hoisting machinery taken out. This mine is one of those which the Steel corporation own the fee and their policy seem to be to work the mines on which they have to pay a royalty on a minimum output, in preference. Undoubtedly when this mine is reopened it will be a steam shovel proposition and the ore hauled via the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway for but a short spur from that line and a little stripping would make it a fine steam shovel mine. The Auburn was the largest mining proposition in this district though a large force of men was never employed.

All the range people are laying in good stocks of hard coal in anticipation of a shortage on account of the coal strike.

Cashier F. H. White, of the Duluth & Iron Range spent Sunday fishing at Eagle's Nest lake.

Considerable exploring is being done on the McCumber property on Armstrong lake, between Tower and Ely. The Minnesota people did some work there about two years ago, but were not successful.

Postmaster N. B. Shank, of Biwabik, transacted business here on Saturday.

Superintendent McDougal, of the Roberts mine, visited with friend at Duluth over Sunday.

Sam Lippman transacted business at Biwabik on Thursday.

Benny Carlisle has sold his interest in the St. Louis hotel here to his partner, Mr. Miller, and will shortly go into the liquor business at Biwabik.

Misses Jeannette Glassner and Eva McGraw, of Biwabik, visited with friends here Saturday.

The Pettit mine is now shipping about 250 tons of ore per day from their shaft.

Merchant John Nick transacted business at Biwabik on Monday.

The Duluth & Iron Range are laying new steel on their main line between Athens and Tower, a distance of six miles, and doing some repair work there. They are also building fences along their line from Norway to Tower. Fred Shalberg, of Duluth, having the contract to do the work.

Lineman G. E. Lister, of the Bell company, was in town doing repair work a couple of days this week.

A number from here attended the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company show at Biwabik, Thursday evening.

C. H. Pettit was up from Minneapolis this week looking over his mining interests here.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Alger-Smith company, through their attorney, L. H. Harris, have made complaint against the proposed expending of money by the township to put in a culvert over the creek at the Cedar street crossing in the village.

Assistant Yardmaster J. C. Towne, of Fayal, visited with friends here over Sunday.

A large number secured their second papers this week at the general term of district court.

Landlord McPhee, of the Commercial, spent a few days last week on his farm near Drummond.

Rev. J. F. Kraft, of Chicago, has accepted the pastorate of the Swedish Lutheran church here in place of Rev. A. F. Wicklund, who has resigned.

Railroad Commissioner J. G. Miller was up from St. Paul the past week visiting with his friends.

The steamer Gettysburg discharged 600 tons of rails here the past week for the Alger-Smith company at Knife river. The rails are to be used to extend their railroad, the Duluth & Northern Minnesota. Work has already been commenced, log hauling has been stopped and altogether about eighteen miles of steel will be laid before they commence hauling again. This will give them about fifty miles of track and the present extension will be eastwards, crossing the Duluth & Iron Range near York, thence going towards the northeast and will be but five miles from the lake.

Mrs. D. A. Burke departed yesterday for Elk River, Minn., to attend the wedding of her sister at that place.

Misses Felia Lewis and Edna Bralev took a trip to Port Arthur on the steamer America this week.

Sunday's rain was the heaviest of the season and had the streets about flooded for a time.

Superintendent W. J. Marquis, of the local schools, departed Tuesday with his family for Toronto, Canada, where they will spend the summer months.

The steamer Nichols discharged a cargo of coal at the docks here this week. The railroad company and the mines appear to be endeavoring to get their year's supply of coal in earlier this year than usual.

Rev. J. W. Smelers has recovered from his illness and returned from Duluth Friday to resume his charge here.

J. Adam Bede spoke at the First M. E. church Sunday evening. His subject was "Patriotism."

The social given at the Norden hall Saturday evening by the ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church proved a very pleasant affair, and was well attended.

The recent heavy rains washed out the Lunz mill dam on the Little Stewart river by undermining it. It is being rebuilt.

Evangelist James Burwick and a party from here went to Virginia on a special train Sunday to lecture at that place.

The Scott-Graff Lumber company have put in a steam loader on their new spur near Drummond and expect to start within a few days their summer shipments. About thirty cars per day will be shipped to their Duluth mills.

Fred Hickman was down from Cloquet river Sunday for a visit with friends.

The Duluth & Iron Range have reopened their telegraph office at the ore yards. Frank Wilson, of Biwabik, is in charge.

The weather has been quite foggy and disagreeable the past week and undoubtedly, unless there is some change, the summer will be a poor one for the excursionists.

Fireman Hurly met with an accident near Embarrass Sunday morning and in consequence will be laid up for a few days.

Hans Hanson was a Duluth visitor on Saturday.

A number of people from here have been taking in the fishing at Bassett lake, which is reported excellent.

A. O. Hulberg, who has been in the jewelry business here for the past five years, has sold out to his brother, O. G. Hulberg, of Duluth, and expects to depart soon for California with his family, where he has purchased a fruit farm and will reside.

The new First National bank of Two Harbors will be opened by the Davidson & McRae interests within the next few days, their building now lacking about ready. John Barton, of Ely, will be acting cashier for the present.

By a rail spreading yesterday morning, an Iron Range ore train was wrecked near Himsdale, thirteen cars being damaged. The locomotive passed over safely and only the cars were damaged. Traffic was delayed, a short time. Conductor G. R. Smith was in charge of the train. No one was injured and the loss was not great.

Children's day services will be held a the different churches tomorrow. Archdeacon Appleby, of Duluth, held services at the Episcopal church Thursday evening.

Russell Brown and Miss Agnes Gervais, both well known and popular young people of this place, were married Wednesday evening at the Catholic parsonage, the Rev. Father Smiers officiating.

The village council held a short session Monday evening, the business transacted being the allowing of bills amounting to $788.33, which included the monthly salary list of the village employes. Considerable discussion was had in regard to the employes at the power station, but no action was taken.

Miss Lloyd, of Minneapolis, an elocutionist and reader, will give an entertainment at the Norden hall next week.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will meet at the association parlors next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. H. A. Douglas returned from Conneaut, Ohio on Thursday and will live here for the present.

A number of people from here went to Duluth Saturday to see Nat Goodwin and Maxime Elliott at the Lyceum.

Manager R. N. Marble, of the Alger-Smith company, attended to business here on Saturday.

The steamer Sachem and barge Owen have been taking on cargoes of lumber at the docks took week from the Tower Lumber company's mills for Chicago.

James Barwick visited at Bassett on Friday last.

Miss Ethel Burdick has gone to Duluth and will study stenography at the Duluth Business university. Mr. Burdick has accepted a position as engineer for the Nester people at Gooseberry and moved his family there this week.

The Duluth & Iron Range employes held a meeting Saturday evening to make arrangements for their annual outing and picnic, which they decided on holding July 19 at Fond du Lac, Minn. Those chosen for the arrangements are M. T. Hannon, chairman, and heads of committees, F. E. Evans, finance; Frank Woodlie, sports; W. H. Sturgeon, treasurer, and M. M. Hanna, secretary.

Operator L. B. Yeaier, of the dock office, is reported quite ill with pneumonia.

Work has been begun on the iron chutes for No. 4 dock and it is expected to commence putting them up soon, but it will be July 1 before the dock will be in commission.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Stephenson is reported quite ill.

The Iron Range has adopted the watch inspector system in use by most of the older roads.

The Duluth Logging and Contracting company has shut down their logging operations on Island lake for the summer and one of the engines they leased from the Northern Pacific railway for the time is passed through here Wednesday on its return to Duluth.

Ore business has been good this week. Up to June 1, about 1,400,000 tons of ore have been shipped from the docks for the season.

Mrs. C. Thulin returned this week from a visit with relatives at Sioux City, Ia.

The steamer Maud Churchill, of the Lehigh Valley line, is discharging a cargo of coal at the docks today.

Mrs. Paul Houke was a Duluth visitor on Tuesday.

Fred Gallroy has been appointed coal agent for the Pittsburg Steamship company here.

AITKIN.

Aitkin, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—County Commissioner John L. Borg and wife returned on Tuesday from their wedding trip.

F. P. McQuillan has been in the Twin Cities this week to consult an oculist.

The little girls realized $14 at their fair, which was held last Saturday.

Clem Ady, who has had charge of T. R. Filey Co.'s Billings store, has given up that position and is now back at Ady bros.' store.

Miss Louise Hollister, national organizer and lecturer for the W. C. T. U. gave an address in the M. E. church before a large crowd on Tuesday evening.

The material has arrived and work has been commenced on the new N. P. freight house, which will be 36 by 150 feet.

The members of the W. R. C. and G. A. R. enjoyed a grand camp fire and banquet last Thursday evening.

The city cleaning movement is now in force, all the stores close every night, except Saturday, at 6:30.

Mrs. Mcgrow, who has been very ill, is able to be around again.

Capt. West an old timer, was in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Marr and Miss Seney are enjoying a visit from Mr. and Mrs. Magoon, of Massachusetts.

T. W. Chill, who has been ill for some time, has gone to St. Paul for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Young are enjoying a visit from their daughter Mrs. George Scott, of Hibbing.

Mrs. F. M. Shook and daughter are spending a few days at Minneapolis.

Miss Libby Dolan left for West Superior last Saturday, where she will take a course in bookkeeping and stenography.

Mrs. George W. Knox is visiting friends in Minneapolis this week.

W. H. Birch, his mother and two sisters, of Duluth, were visiting friends in town last Friday.

Little Falls defeated Aitkin at Little Falls last Sunday by the one-sided score of 17 to 3.

Rev. W. E. Griffith attended the conference of the Congregational churches at Brainerd last week.

N. W. Bennett, who has been ill for some time, has recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Green are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Johnson report the arrival of a new girl at their home last Friday.

Ester Anderson returned on Saturday from a visit to Duluth.

Geo. McQuillan is enjoying a visit from his daughter Bertie, of Wadena.

Rev. Mr. Wright has taken charge of Foley's store at Billings.

Mrs. Cromwell, of California, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. S. J. Warren.

Aitkin forfeited a game to Brainerd on Decoration day, because Capt. Burns called his men from the field.

Ben Hossman returned on Wednesday from a brief visit with his parents at Hutchinson.

Bessie Peterson and Amie Seving went to West Superior last Friday for an extended visit.

The High School band gave a lawn social at the residence of A. A. Swalman last Tuesday evening, and realized about $17.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Lano, the ladies of the North Side Study club entertained their husbands last Wednesday evening.

Charles Bennet had his arm cut last Wednesday by coming in contact with a circular saw at McDonald's mill.

A necktie party was given at Clear Lake school house, May 24, and about $28 was realized toward the Sunday school.

Lester Sugner is suffering from a bad attack of rheumatism.

Dr. Congen and family, of Chicago, will occupy Kennedy's cottage at Cedar Lake this summer.

Fred A. Hodgins, who have been in Iowa all winter returned to Aitkin last Wednesday.

Mrs. E. J. Nordquist, who has been visiting friends here, returned to her home in Duluth last Sunday.

The Ladies' Aid of the Episcopal church will give a coffee social in the church next Thursday evening.

The Congregational church has just received a new Sunday school library.

Prof. Lord, who is to teach here next year has been in town this week conferring with the board of education.

George W. Knox of this village has been appointed colonel on the staff of Governor Samuel R. Van Sant.

Aitkin won the first game with the Globe Trotters by the score of 6 to 5.

Andrew Johnson, father of Mrs. A. A. Wendell of this place, died very suddenly on Monday of heart failure.

The First Methodist church of McGregor was dedicated last Sunday by Dr. Forbes and Rev. E. K. Copper.

Miss Minian Lowell and Miss Mabel Rogers are the graduates of the Aitkin high school, this year.

Justice Harrison has moved his office into the building lately vacated by Dr. Avery.

Work has already commenced on the new store and office building, which is to be erected by Potter & Co. this summer.

Professor Maxfield, who had charge of the summer school here last year, will be in charge again this summer.

The annual graduating exercises of the Aitkin high school were held in the Auditorium on Thursday evening. The following was the program:

Selection .....
High School Band.
Vical solo .....
Mildred Cliff.
Essay—"Mary Stewart, Queen of Scots" .....
Mable E. Rogers.
Selection .....
Mandolin Club.
"Dixie Kid" .....
Quartet.
Essay—"The Chippewa Indians of Northern Minnesota" .....
Miniam I. Lowell.
Vical solo .....
Susie Mesrow.
Graduation song .....
Quartet.
Presentation of diplomas.....
Professor Lowell of Board of Education.
Closing march.....
High School Band."

J. H. Bedbury went to St. Cloud last Thursday for an extended visit.

Miss Alida Hanson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hanson, died last Wednesday of typhoid fever.

John Gray and Cousin Gladys returned last Saturday from Royalton, where he has been visiting an uncle.

Mattie Henlum and family moved to Cloquet last Friday.

Mike O'Toole went to Minneapolis last Saturday for a visit with his sister.

Fred Soden has returned to his home at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Mrs. Norgren, of Duluth, is visiting her parents at this place.

Peter Howard departed last Sunday for Popular, Wis., where he will work during the summer.

Fred Niles returned last Wednesday from a trip to Cedar Rapids Iowa.

The second game between the Globe Trotters and the locals was called off on account of rain in the fourth inning, when the score stood 4 to 1 in favor of Aitkin.

GRAND RAPIDS.

The village council at its meeting held last Monday night passed resolutions authorizing the recorder to advertise for bids for the construction of an electric light plant. It seems that the council has not been able to purchase Mr. Beckfelt's plant for what they consider the right figure and have thus decided to go ahead and build a plant at once. The council has, after thorough investigation decided that Mr. Beckfelt has no franchise, and that they can terminate his contract—as it is called—at any time. Mr. Beckfelt, however, has an altogether different opinion. The Romans appeared before the board in behalf of his minor son, Victor, and asked that a settlement be made as to their demands for injuries received by the collapse of the Third street bridge last summer. A demand had previously been made for $5000. The council appointed a committee to confer with Mr. Romans.

About twenty-five Grand Rapids firemen will go to Cass Lake to take part in the tournament to be held there on the 27th, 28th and 29th of this month. The village council will help the boys defray expenses.

The June term of the district court opened Tuesday. There are sixty-four civil and nine criminal cases on the calendar, and the grand jury will probably bring in a few more indictments. The majority of these cases are for trial this term. The Randolph murder case will be taken up next Monday.

The celebration of the Fourth of July was the principal matter of business to come before a meeting of the Grand Rapids fire department held last evening, and it was agreed by all concerned that while they were on the ground Virginia should do their best on each occasion. At the council meeting Tuesday night a committee composed of Mayor Eaton, Aldermans Cohen, Recorder Bickford, A. N. Thompson and N. J. Sigel, was appointed to take care of the Fourth of July arrangements. For the Fourth annual meeting of the Vermilion-Mesaba Firemen's association to be held in this city the second week in August, the committee will have over to Mr. Bushell.

The Virginia club will tender a social dancing party at Fay's Opera house next Friday night. LaBrossa's orchestra will be up from Duluth for the occasion, and this alone will assure attendants a good time. Tickets will be $3. Supper will be served by Duluth caterers.

H. C. Landsverk, who formerly conducted the Hotel Superior in this city, but who has conducted a hotel at Mountain Iron the past year, has leased of Abe Jefford his restaurant and building, and will continue the business at that stand.

Frank Shipley is engaged as craner on a shovel at the Stephens mine, going there last Friday.

H. S. Clark and family have moved from the Karl block to the Union block, across the street.

Capt. J. H. Pearce, of Duluth, was in the city Tuesday.

While in Chicago a week ago, Capt. T. J. Jones and Albert Coats made arrangements for the shipping of a "locomobile," which is on the automobile plan, and the new vehicle will be here some time next week. Other Virginians interested are R. R. Bailey, Chris Johnson, D. W. Freeman and Ed Finch. The roads to Eveleth and Mountain Iron are good paths for the machine and a pleasant time will be had. Steam is to be used as power. This will be the first auto to be shipped north of Duluth.

R. B. Taber, of the Taber Lumber company, of Keokuk, Iowa, and son, were in the city Wednesday. The Tabers are heavily interested in logging some twelve miles north of Virginia and have a four years' cutting ahead of them. The logs are conveyed to this city by the new Duluth & Virginia railroad and transferred to the Great Northern and to the Iowa road. The company is at present working in 24 60-18, where they have several camps. Shea & England are the logging contractors for this firm.

Louis W. Ericson has for the third time cast his lot with Virginians. He returned Monday from Wisconsin for the purpose of taking up the leadership of the Woodman band here. He is also engaged as foreman on the Enterprise. It is to be hoped that after he gets the band in the usual good condition he will stay with us. He is a splendid leader.

Recorder Bickford is improving his residence property on Maple street by the addition of a porch and touching up the exterior with paint.

F. J. Rinnet, who has the contract for excavation and stone work for the foundation of the new Catholic church, was in Duluth Monday making arrangements for material. He commenced on the excavation work yesterday morning.

Ed Mehtonen has moved from the Hawkinson block to the rooms upstairs over the Bank of Virginia. The room vacated will be occupied by a firm of West Superior.

Frank Rinnert, of Moorhead, arrived in the city Tuesday, and will be engaged on the Catholic church work, on which his brother, F. J., has a contract.

Archdeacon Appleby, of St. Paul, held services at the Episcopal church Sunday last.

The Misses Peake, Beatty, Edwards, Stevens, Simpsons Moore, Dawn, and Crawford, and Messrs. Rogers, Currie, Thompson, Green, Peterson, Hearn and McMullen, composed a party of picnickers at Ely lake on Decoration day.

Otto Halverson, formerly in the meat business here, but now of Eveleth, was taken to St. Luke's hospital, Duluth, Wednesday, accompanied by Andrew Hankinson and O. Wiggen, of this city. Mr. Halverson is a victim of consumption.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lamb have come to this city from West Superior. Mr. Lamb is range agent for the Cudahy Packing company and will make this city his headquarters.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Engel are the parents of a baby girl, which arrived Saturday.

Herman J. Nathanson, of this city, and Miss Rose Etta Bloom, formerly of Virginia, were married at the home of the bride at West Superior Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Moore and son, Donald, and Agent Farrand of the Iron Range, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Shipman at Ely Sunday.

Mrs. Daniel E. Shea and son have returned from their visit with relatives at Hurley.

Joel Tornquist, the liveryman, had business at Duluth Thursday.

The young men of the city have organized an athletic club and it is officered as follows: Ed Berg, president; Ed Deering, vice president; Mike Bonner, secretary and Oscar Schoenleber, treasurer. As soon as the club secures suitable rooms a full line of sporting apparatus will be purchased.

Rev. Todd went to West Superior Wednesday to be in attendance at the Bloom-Nathanson nuptials.

Dr. Lemont, assisted by Drs. Sedgwick, of Eveleth, and Morcom, of Mountain Iron, performed a serious operation on Mrs. C. O. Blanchard, at her home, Tuesday. The patient is getting along nicely.

D. E. Britts, of the Bank of Virginia, spent Decoration day with Duluth relatives.

M. V. Caldwell has returned from a trip to Hudson, Wis.

Mrs. D. E. Cuppernull left yesterday for a visit at Mankato. Miss Pearl Wilmot, her sister, graduated from the normal school at that place, and Mrs. Cuppernull attended the exercises.

"Uncle" Pierce fell from the roof of the new Fay cottage Saturday, and as a consequence is confined to the house. Nothing serious resulted, but Mr. Pierce was sadly "jarred."

Mrs. Joseph West has returned from her visit at Hillsboro, N. D.

John Duffia was over from the Zeba Monday.

J. B. Sattler was up from the Zenith city Thursday.

Richard Baker, W. R. Byrne, Chris Johnson, William Sturges and D. H. Mahtin are attending the Eagle convention at Minneapolis this week.

Harry J. George took in the Elks' carnival at Minneapolis this week.

J. B. Adams was up from Duluth Wednesday.

General Manager Mauseap, of the Mesaba Telephone company, was on the range this week.

E. J. O'Rourke, on whom Drs. Bates and Crowe performed an optration for a tumor under the right shoulder is getting along nicely and is able to move about the house.

The "court in wheels," composed of Judge Cantwell and Clerk of Court J. P. Johnson, will be in this city Wednesday evening next. They will hold forth at the recorder's office in the city hall prepared to issue second papers.

Arthur Snyder has been appointed as poundmaster and dog catcher of this city and is rounding up unlicensed canines and roaming cattle and animals.

Fred Stein, of Port Townsend, Wash., is here on a visit to his brother, Jacob, of the Virginia Cash grocery and John, of the Virginia iron works.

Dr Stuart Bates was a Duluth visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Shunedling and family spent the week at Minneapolis.

Capt. Harry Roberts was up from Duluth Monday.

W. H. Cole was up from Duluth Thursday.

Capt. William White of the Grant mine, was over from Buhl Saturday.

General Manager G. W. Wallace, of the Corrigan-McKinney interests, was in the city the fore part of the week.

The common council of the city will meet but twice a month in the future.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A letter from Senator Knuto Nelson, written to A. L. Ordean, of Duluth, has just been made public here, and indicates that Senator Nelson is taking an active part in the work being done to secure the passage of the Morris Chippewa bill. The letter is as follows:

"Washington, D. C., May 24.—A. L. Ordean, Duluth: In reply to your favor of the 22nd, I beg leave to say that I have already done some work in the house, and shall continue to do more, to aid in securing the passage of the bill to which you refer. There is no doubt but what it ought to pass this session. Yours truly, "KNUTE NELSON."

Mrs. E. L. Warren, Mrs. S. Sutor and Mrs. Babcock were visitors at Walker on Tuesday, spending the day with friends there.

Dr. Rodwell was a visitor at the Leech Lake agency, Onigum, on Tuesday.

A. A. Harper was at Walker this week, in attendance at the meeting of the board of county commissioners, of which body he is a member.

Miss Mabel Hart returned on Saturday last from Bemidji, where she has been attending the high school, which closed on Friday of last week for the summer vacation.

Mrs. Ella M. Hart will leave Monday morning for St. Paul to attend the annual meeting of the grand lodge of the Daughters of Rebekah of Minnesota. The meeting will convene on Tuesday next, and Mrs. Hart will be in attendance in her official capacity at deputy president for this district.

J. G. Dawes and H. S. Gilbert, of Pine River, were visitors in Cass Lake Monday night, consulting with several local parties.

George Johnson, who so successfully led the Cass Lake band last summer, was a visitor in the village on Sunday. He did yeoman service, with his cornet, in the band which the local players got together

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, June 7.—The annual O. R. C. excursion from Cando, N. D., and points along the line, brought a large crowd of visitors to Bemidji last Sunday. The excursion train consisting of fifteen well-filled coaches, pulled by two locomotives, arrived here at 3 o'clock p. m. The Bemidji band at once "tore loose" and rendered one of their best selections, and the crowd guided by the band made their way up town.

The stores in Bemidji, with the exception of one or two, will hereafter close at 6:30 p. m.

D. W. Bean, of Abbotsford, Wis., is in the city this week the guest of his brother, A. L. and family.

Attorney Chester McKusick and family are camping out for the season on the lake shore north of Drummond Point.

Mrs. R. Sutor and children, of Fosston, are in the city visiting her brother, Matt Phibbs and family.

Mrs. Hetherington, a sister-in-law of Attorney Loud, returned to her home in Duluth, Monday, after visiting a week.

Lloyd Browning, a student at the state university, was entertained by Mr. Jerrard for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wahl and Miss Allie Brannnon, of Leeds, N. D., are visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. W. H. Roberts is visiting relatives in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Naylor spent Sunday at Blackduck.

Mrs. A. E. Henderson is visiting relatives at Eau Claire, Wis.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. William Klug, of Wadena, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Zimerick.

The graduating exercises of the Park Rapids high school were held at the opera house Monday evening, attended by a large crowd. The graduates were Miss Blanche Leavitt and Miss Neva Devenbaugh.

Miss Cora Wright, of Hubbard, visited with her sister, Miss Pearl Wright, at the Park Rapids hospital a few days this week.

Clifford White is now night clerk at the Great Northern hotel.

Rev. W. H. Spriggs returned Wednesday from Southern Illinois, where he has been visiting with relatives for the past two weeks.

S. D. Kemp is over and son are erecting a new store building on Main street. It will be used for a furniture store.

Mrs. A. L. Rice, of Akeley, visited with relatives here a few days last week.

The G. A. R. encampment will be held here next week, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Preparations are being made for entertaining a large crowd.

Mrs. E. E. Bonham, who has been seriously ill at the Park Rapids hospital for the past week, is reported to be slowly improving.

H. H. Crowell, of Akeley, transacted business here the first of the week.

Miss Phinney returned to her home at Monticello Monday after an extended visit with her cousin, Mrs. Charles Waldron at that place.

Mrs. Rose Brearley, of Wadena, visited with her parents here a few days last week.

Mrs. A. M. Pilson returned Saturday from Sebeka, where she has been visiting with relatives for a few days.

Mrs. McPhee, of Redwood Falls, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. A. P. Henriontte.

Thomas Cochran and daughter returned Wednesday from St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Day returned Monday from St. Paul, where they attended the Baptist anniversary as delegates from the Baptist church here.

A little daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Page Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Easton, of Straight River, visited with Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Weekley Monday.

O. N. Olson, of Menominee, Wis., visited with his brother here a few days last week.

Miss Ruth Farnham, of Little Falls, was called here Tuesday by the illness of her sister, Mrs. E. E. Bonham.

Mrs. George Burt, of Mason City, Iowa, is visiting with relatives in this vicinity.

M. J. Moen and D. L. Quinlan, of North Dakota, are putting in a stock of general merchandise in the Malty building on Main street.

Walter Petrie, of Nevis, transacted business here Wednesday.

A. E. Huntington, of Minneapolis, is visiting at the home of J. W. Conard.

Mr. and Mrs. George Mandigo returned from Constantine, Mich., Tuesday.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Virginia citizens are to be the entertainers for Mesaba and Vermilion range residents this summer, and that they will do it to the satisfaction of all comers will be undisputed when the events are pulled off. First will some a grand Fourth of July celebration. It will be of the old-time order and will be replete with all kinds of games and sports. For this occasion $1500 will be raised. While it was thought at first that on account of the firemen's tournament to be held in August that the Fourth would be passed up this year on account of the financial drain on the business men in donating heavy for both events, it was agreed by all concerned that while they were on the ground Virginia should do their best on each occasion. At the council meeting Tuesday night a committee composed of Mayor Eaton, Aldermans Cohen, Recorder Bickford, A. N. Thompson and N. J. Sigel, was appointed to take care of the Fourth of July arrangements. For the Fourth annual meeting of the Vermilion-Mesaba Firemen's association to be held in this city the second week in August, the committee will have over to Mr. Bushell.

The Virginia club will tender a social dancing party at Fay's Opera house next Friday night. LaBrossa's orchestra will be up from Duluth for the occasion, and this alone will assure attendants a good time. Tickets will be $3. Supper will be served by Duluth caterers.

H. C. Landsverk, who formerly conducted the Hotel Superior in this city, but who has conducted a hotel at Mountain Iron the past year, has leased of Abe Jefford his restaurant and building, and will continue the business at that stand.

Frank Shipley is engaged as craner on a shovel at the Stephens mine, going there last Friday.

H. S. Clark and family have moved from the Karl block to the Union block, across the street.

Capt. J. H. Pearce, of Duluth, was in the city Tuesday.

While in Chicago a week ago, Capt. T. J. Jones and Albert Coats made arrangements for the shipping of a "locomobile," which is on the automobile plan, and the new vehicle will be here some time next week. Other Virginians interested are R. R. Bailey, Chris Johnson, D. W. Freeman and Ed Finch. The roads to Eveleth and Mountain Iron are good paths for the machine and a pleasant time will be had. Steam is to be used as power. This will be the first auto to be shipped north of Duluth.

R. B. Taber, of the Taber Lumber company, of Keokuk, Iowa, and son, were in the city Wednesday. The Tabers are heavily interested in logging some twelve miles north of Virginia and have a four years' cutting ahead of them. The logs are conveyed to this city by the new Duluth & Virginia railroad and transferred to the Great Northern and to the Iowa road. The company is at present working in 24 60-18, where they have several camps. Shea & England are the logging contractors for this firm.

Louis W. Ericson has for the third time cast his lot with Virginians. He returned Monday from Wisconsin for the purpose of taking up the leadership of the Woodman band here. He is also engaged as foreman on the Enterprise. It is to be hoped that after he gets the band in the usual good condition he will stay with us. He is a splendid leader.

Recorder Bickford is improving his residence property on Maple street by the addition of a porch and touching up the exterior with paint.

F. J. Rinnet, who has the contract for excavation and stone work for the foundation of the new Catholic church, was in Duluth Monday making arrangements for material. He commenced on the excavation work yesterday morning.

Ed Mehtonen has moved from the Hawkinson block to the rooms upstairs over the Bank of Virginia. The room vacated will be occupied by a firm of West Superior.

Frank Rinnert, of Moorhead, arrived in the city Tuesday, and will be engaged on the Catholic church work, on which his brother, F. J., has a contract.

Archdeacon Appleby, of St. Paul, held services at the Episcopal church Sunday last.

The Misses Peake, Beatty, Edwards, Stevens, Simpsons Moore, Dawn, and Crawford, and Messrs. Rogers, Currie, Thompson, Green, Peterson, Hearn and McMullen, composed a party of picnickers at Ely lake on Decoration day.

Otto Halverson, formerly in the meat business here, but now of Eveleth, was taken to St. Luke's hospital, Duluth, Wednesday, accompanied by Andrew Hankinson and O. Wiggen, of this city. Mr. Halverson is a victim of consumption.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lamb have come to this city from West Superior. Mr. Lamb is range agent for the Cudahy Packing company and will make this city his headquarters.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Engel are the parents of a baby girl, which arrived Saturday.

Herman J. Nathanson, of this city, and Miss Rose Etta Bloom, formerly of Virginia, were married at the home of the bride at West Superior Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Moore and son, Donald, and Agent Farrand of the Iron Range, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Shipman at Ely Sunday.

Mrs. Daniel E. Shea and son have returned from their visit with relatives at Hurley.

Joel Tornquist, the liveryman, had business at Duluth Thursday.

The young men of the city have organized an athletic club and it is officered as follows: Ed Berg, president; Ed Deering, vice president; Mike Bonner, secretary and Oscar Schoenleber, treasurer. As soon as the club secures suitable rooms a full line of sporting apparatus will be purchased.

Rev. Todd went to West Superior Wednesday to be in

on a few hours' notice. George visited here until Monday noon, when he returned to Warren, where he is now residing. It is barely possible that Mr. Johnson may return to Cass Lake when—the reservation opens.

C. C. Kelley and Charles S. Hanley, land agents at Ellis, spent Monday night in Cass Lake.

A. F. Cummings spent Tuesday in Walker, whither he went on business connected with his office of justice of the peace.

Robert Owens, who has during the past year acted as night operator at the depot, left on Tuesday for Melrose. "Roly" will hereafter fill the position of relief agent on the Fergus Falls division, he being succeeded here by G. A. Swallow, from Park.

Mrs. A. N. McIntosh was over from Paris doing some shopping Monday evening.

Ed Phelps came over from Grand Forks Sunday and visited with his wife till Monday, when he returned, to assume his labors at the sawmill of the Grand Forks Lumber company.

J. H. McArthur, the traveling representative of the Nellis Lumber company, spent Sunday in Cass Lake, being accompanied by W. D. Millar of Grand Harbor, N. D., the owner of a lumber yard in his home town. Mr. McArthur formerly lived in Cass Lake, but is now a resident of Minneapolis, and he returned to that city Monday.

N. A. Pamoult, the deft "whisker extractor" from Grand Rapids, was a transient in the village Sunday. He "took in" all that was good of the excursion, and left on Monday morning for Minneapolis, to see that the Elks of the Flour City conducted their street fair in a creditable manner.

O. E. Jackson, a former resident of Cass Lake, who is now managing a store for the Tuller company at Blackduck, passed through town Sunday, en route home from a business trip to Duluth.

Editor A. W. Foss and Bankers Louis Lohn and Ay Kaiser were a delegation of Footsuttse who came over on Sunday to enjoy some fishing. Through some temporary aberration of mind on the part of the station agent at Fosston, the boat, fishing tackle and "heir" belonging to the gentlemen were shipped to Bagley, and they were deprived of their "home comforts" while here. They had a good time, down at the lake, "ats somse."

Mrs. Jacob Mohr and son left on Sunday for the Mohr claim, in the Big Fork country. Mr. Mohr departed for the same place on Monday, and the family will make their home there during the balance of the summer.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, June 7.—Mrs. John T. Bawden, who for the past six months has been suffering from cancer of the breast, died at her residence here on Monday afternoon at the age of 62 years. The funeral took place from the M. E. church on Wednesday and was attended by a large number of friends.

Mrs. J. Almen returned from Europe Wednesday evening. She had been spending the winter at her old home in Sweden. While on the voyage her 18-months-old child took sick and died and had to be buried at sea. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. Almen in their bereavement.

Mr. A. L. Graves returned from Duluth on Tuesday afternoon.

William Desjardine left Saturday morning for Shell Lake, Wis., for a couple of weeks' stay on his farm.

Barney Larson left on Monday morning for a month's sojourn on his farm in Todd county, this state.

Mrs. Dolkinghene went to Hibbing for a few days' visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. Thomas.

Dr. W. Goldsworthy, of Two Harbors, was visiting his parents here Wednesday.

Mrs. Ayres, of Chicago, arrived last Friday for an extended visit with her son, Dr. G. T. Ayres, of this place.

At a meeting of the city council held last Tuesday, the purchasing committee was empowered to advertise for bids for new machinery for the light and water plant.

Harvey Sheridan, of Hibbing, is at present visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sheridan.

Miss M. Nyberg, recently of the post-office staff, has accepted a position as bookkeeper for R. S. Miller.

Will Bulmer, Bob Kolstad and Johnnie Colombat left here Tuesday morning for Itasca county, where they will take up claims. The party will be gone about a week.

Misses Burnsen, Miss Mallough and Miss Nettie Asp, school teachers of Two Harbors, were the guests of Miss Josie Van Blarcom, of this city, for a couple of days this week.

Miss Eva Johnson returned from the normal school at St. Cloud Saturday last, where she has just graduated. She will teach here the coming year.

The children attending the Finnish Sunday school were entertained at Sandy Point on Lake Lake at a picnic on Sunday last. Practically the whole Finnish population was present and the manner being fine all enjoyed themselves immensely.

IRONWOOD.

Ironwood, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—M. Gaughan and wife, of Gogebic, spent the day visiting friends last week.

Mrs. T. V. Laughren, of Kaukauna, was in town visiting relatives Saturday.

A. Meiver and Miss W. Hickey, a well-known couple of Ironwood, were married at St. Ambrose church Wednesday morning. Rev. Nosbisch officiating. The young couple left for Duluth on a short wedding trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Daley, of Kaukauna, were in town visiting their son, Thomas Daley, of this city.

C. Leavens, of Neenah, Wis., was in town all week visiting friends.

"The well known opera "El Capitan," was played to a large audience at the Auditorium of the L. L. Wright school Thursday evening by the Glee club. F. H. Haller played in the title role.

M. A. Fitzsimmons, of this city, left for Salt Lake City last week to visit relatives.

The foundation for a new schoolhouse is being laid at the Bonnie mine.

Mrs. M. Masterson left for St. Paul Saturday for a short visit with friends and relatives.

On account of the great rush of business the Chicago & Northwestern railway have decided to lay a double track between this city and Ashland.

H. Prout and Miss Sarah Stevens, well known in Ironwood, were married at the First M. E. church Thursday afternoon. Rev. Clemo officiating. After the ceremony they returned to the home of the bride where a great banquet was held. Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Libby and baby were in town all week visiting relatives.

IRON RIVER.

Iron River, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Clerk of the Circuit Court F. A. Bell, of Washburn, spent last Sunday in the city.

Attorneys A. R. Mead and Morris attended the June term of circuit court in Washburn last Monday.

John A. Pettingill left last Wednesday for California, where he will spend the summer months looking after his interests there.

Chairman John Brady was in Ashland last Monday transacting business there.

Carl Scheutler, of La Crosse, and Miss Winnie Nelson, of Bayfield, were united in marriage June 5 at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Deschamps. The ceremony was performed by Justice N. W. Barker. The young couple have the best wishes of all their acquaintances.

Gordon Young, of Island Lake, was in the city last Monday. He says that the prospect is good for a lively time at the lake.

Gust Herman and Albert Johnson finished moving from the old stand near the Northern Pacific depot to the corner of Main and Pine streets near the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic depot, in the store occupied by Alfred Johnson, a brother of the former Albert Johnson. The firm's name will be Herman & Johnson & Co. They are adding forty feet to the old building which will make it when completed 24 by 80 feet.

George Howard, of Port Wing, was in the city last Thureday. Mr. Howard is employed in putting up the telephone wire along the stage road from here to Port Wing. He expects to have it completed by July 1.

James R. Withell, of Portland, Me., is in the city this week looking over the farming lands with the view of purchasing.

Attorney E. Sauve and Deputy Sheriff Joe Andre were out to Orienta last Thursday on legal business.

James Sullivan was out to Slow Bridge last Thursday on legal business.

A. J. Angus, of Pike Lake, was in the city yesterday on business.

The school election which took place Monday evening at the town hall, resulted in the election of M. B. Morris. There were 340 votes cast of which M. B. Morris had 241 and H. O. Lund 209. Morris' majority was 32. There were separate ballot boxes provided for ballots cast by the males and females. There were 340 votes cast by the males, of which M. B. Morris received 164 and H. O. Lund 167. There were 119 votes cast by the females, of which M. B. Morris received 77 and H. O. Lund 42, which elected M. M. Morris to the office of school clerk, which office he has held now for three years and has given entire satisfaction heretofore.

Paul Reno was arrested last Friday night, May 30, charged with rape. Mrs. Anna Lathean is the alleged victim. She is the complainant in the case. Mrs. LaBean is Paul Reno's sister's daughter, and is 17 years old. The defendant was arraigned last Saturday evening and the case was adjourned until last Thursday evening at 6 p. m. by the court for the purpose of securing the county attorney. Last Thursday evening the case was called and E. Sauve appeared for the defendant and made affidavit for a change of venue which was denied by the court. The district attorney, A. W. Linscott, not appearing for the state the case was again adjourned until Saturday night at 8 p. m. by the district court. The attorney has promised to be present.

John Hughs and wife left last Monday morning for La Crosse. Mr. Hughs is a delegate to attend the meeting of the grand lodge of I. O. O. F. which met there last Tuesday.

The jurors all returned home from Washburn last Thursday evening where they have been attending the June term of circuit court. The court calendar was very short this term for the second county.

C. C. Williams left last Wednesday for Eau Claire lake looking after his farming interests there.

Mr. and Mrs. Richie, of Orienta, were in the city last Thursday on business.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, June 7.—The children of the Eveleth public schools will celebrate flag day on Monday next when they will form in procession headed by the band and march through the streets to the schools where appropriate exercises will be held.

John J. Murlink, the dry goods merchant, has purchased the brick building on Grant avenue now occupied by Swain, from D. T. Ellis.

Herman Nathanson, one of the proprietors of the Star Clothing house of this city, was married in West Superior Thursday to Miss Rose Bloom, who formerly resided in Virginia. The young people are both well known here and much esteemed society. Many friends extend congratulations.

The Eveleth fire department drove in a body to the Virginia cemetery on Decoration day and placed flowers on the grave of their old friend and companion, Dan McNeills, who besides being a fireman was a Cuban soldier and served in the Spanish-American war.

The members of the Eveleth fire department are now holding regular practice and training meetings and are fitting themselves to cope with the other range firemen in their endeavors to capture a few of the prizes at the tournament this summer.

A new automobile has made its appearance here this week, the purchase of several Virginia and Eveleth citizens. It is a large roomy vehicle and will undoubtedly be operated on the stage line between this city and Virginia.

Roy Westcott, of the Adams, returned from St. Paul Tuesday, where he went to undergo an operation for an injured arm.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Boorman, Miss Alpha Viger and Earl Keefer were out to Moose lake several days this week.

Hans Van Nostlitz, Hugh McGinnis and B. L. Sayre were Moose Lake visitors Sunday. They were very successful in their catch of fish.

Mrs. J. C. Poole left Monday morning for Alexandria, this state, where she will visit with her parents for a few weeks. She was accompanied by her little brother.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, June 7.—Frank Dear has been on the sick list this week.

John Mitchell and Frank Ansley, of Eveleth have purchased the Hotel Superior from Powers-Simpson company and took possession last Monday. The hotel will be refurnished from top to bottom.

Dr. George F. Brooks and his mother, Mrs. Mary Brooks of the Stevenson mine, are visiting with friends in Chicago.

Mrs. William Chapman left on Monday last for West Superior to attend as a delegate to the convention of United Order of Foresters.

Miss Florence Schnell left for her home near Minneapolis last Monday to spend her school vacation.

Max Rolgalsky and wife left on a visit with friends in Duluth last Wednesday.

Capt. H. Webb and wife left for a trip to Ironwood, Mich., to visit with relatives.

Mrs. A. P. Firkus has arrived from Stevens Point, Wis., and will make Hibbing her home.

John Myers has returned from the Pacific coast.

An informal party was held at the new residence of A. P. Silliman on the Pillsbury addition the fore part of the week, among those present were: Mesdames Godfrey, Cook, Webb, Jones, Messrs. Somers, Tripp, Morrissette. The evening was spent in music and games.

Mrs. John Dedfern entertained a number of her friends Wednesday evening at her home with cards, games and dancing. The house was prettily decorated and an enjoyable time was spent.

Miss Ethel Northey is spending her vacation with her parents this summer here.

A delightful house party was held at the residence of Dr. Werrick last Saturday evening, cards, games and music were the program of the evening. Among those present were: Dr. R. C. Rod and wife, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Kirby, P. Corly, P. Mitchell and wife Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs. Greiser, of Chisholm, Dr. M. Ghent.

Mrs. J. J. Stewart of the Hotel Hibbing has been on the sick list this week.

The Hibbing baseball team opened up the season with a picked team from the Longyear company. The visitors almost broke their backs trying to reach for an out-shoot, at the end of the game the score stood 12 to 0 in favor of the local nine. Batteries, Coughlin and Kleffman, Brown and Woods.

Eight new beautiful statues have arrived and have been paced in position in the church of the Blessed Sacrament, and with an addition of 99 electric lights on the altar makes this one of the finest churches in the Northwest.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Clio club entertained their members in the lodge rooms Saturday afternoon. Each member was presented with a bunch of violets with a small bow attached to it. A dainty lunch was served. The club holds their last meeting for this year next Saturday. They intend organizing again in October. The club had about twenty-five members this year.

Ansti Chimo returned Saturday from Hancock, Mich., where he attended school.

Albert Kuivamdes has returned to Biwabik after an eight months' absence and has again accepted a position as clerk in Mr. Chissmer's store.

Miss Lawson, of Eveleth, spent a few days in town, the guest of Miss Brant.

Miss Mabel Trevena was over from McKinley and spent a few days with her parents here.

Miss Wilhemina McCullum returned from Canada and intends making her home here with her sister, Mrs. Will McWhinney.

The Finnish society gave a dance at the city hall Saturday evening for the benefit of the brass band. It was well attended. The boys intend buying new music and instruments with the proceeds.

Miss Mary Layee returned home from Hancock Saturday, where she is taking a course in the Finnish school.

Mrs. MacDonald and baby daughter, of Hibbing, returned to their home Tuesday after spending a few days in town visiting old acquaintances.

Mrs. Salmon, of McKinley, was in town Saturday on business.

Messrs. Gilpatrick and Fredolph Anderson were Sparta visitors Friday.

Mrs. Strom, who has been very ill at her home at the Canton, is much improved and is able to be out again.

Mr. Flynn, of Pine, Minn., has accepted the position of operator at the Duluth Missabe depot. Mr. Jarris, who was the former operator, was transferred to Pine.

The Biwabik mine discharged twenty-five men the fore part of the week.

Matt Doyle, of Virginia, spent Sunday in town with friends.

James Enright came up from Highland and spent Sunday in town with his parents.

Miss Swanson, of Eveleth, visited with relatives the fore part of the week.

Master Alec Feldman arrived home to his home at Eveleth after spending a few days with Harry Cohen.

Murdoch McDonald was down from Hibbing and spent Sunday in town with his family.

A. T. Park, county superintendent of schools, visited here last week. He expressed himself much pleased with the progress the schools were making.

Frank Lundeen returned friday from a business trip to Duluth.

Mrs. J. B. Furtney left Monday afternoon for a few weeks' visit in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. George Thomas returned to her home at Hibbing after spending a few days in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Capt. Thomas, at the Hale mine.

Mrs. Fred Chandler came down from Sondan Tuesday to spend a few weeks with the parents of Mrs. Prior, Mr. and Mrs. William Smith.

Mrs. Gordon Sendell was down Tuesday, the guest of Mrs. W. Shank. Mrs. Healey left here Wednesday noon for her new home at Hibbing.

The ladies of the Methodist Aid society gave a strawberry and ice cream social at the town hall Tuesday evening.

Mr. Bailey was on the sick list a few days this week. He is again able to be out.

William Crockett has sold his saloon and bowling alley on the east side of Main street and Canton avenue to Frank Faber, for $500. Mr. Faber took charge of the place Friday. Mr. Crockett intends leaving here soon.

Miss Annie Blomberg is over from Eveleth and is spending a few days in town with her parents.

Miss Jennie Louse left here for Eveleth where she will make her home for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Nick Shank intend leaving soon for a visit at their respective homes.

Will Kinnefeck has closed his two saloons here on account of the dull times.

Mr. Fraser was out on business at Virginia Tuesday and Wednesday.

Dr. Bray is having his hospital remodeled and painted. Mr. Eyxe is also putting a fresh coat of paint on his house on Canton avenue.

Mrs. Carey returned Tuesday from a few days' visit at Superior.

Mrs. Lundeen and daughter spent Sunday at Sparta with relatives.

The Missabe Telephone company's linemen were in town this week repairing their lines. They are putting in a new cable, which was burnt out by the severe electric storms of last week.

Mrs. Merrill and son intend leaving in a week for an extended visit at the home of Mrs. Morrill at Ironwood, Mich.

Mrs. Emdrigal and children spent Sunday at Virginia.

Miss Mayme McGraw spent Sunday at Two Harbors visiting friends.

Tom Mewhinney was over from Buhl Thursday and visited at the home of his brother Will.

Mr. and Mrs. Pickett and children spent Sunday at Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Aditz spent a few days at Virginia this week.

Dick Sellwood was up from Duluth Wednesday and looked over the business interests at the Hale and Kanawa mines.

Orr Everrett was over to McKinley Thursday on business.

A special train was run through here to Virginia Sunday.

Dr. Adams intends building a hospital soon at Hibbing.

Mrs. Frank Croton is on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Donovan, of Eveleth, were in town Monday shaking hands with old acquaintances.

Mrs. Rendom was over from Eveleth Monday, the guest of Mrs. Frank Dane.

Max Glassner returned this evening from Duluth, where he has finished his second year at the high school and will spend the summer with his parents.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Joseph Minett, in the circuit court of Racine county, pleaded guilty to the charge of murdering John Mulaney, of Waterford, on Monday last and Judge E. B. Belden sentenced him to the state prison at Waupun for life. Louise Brown, the woman whom Minett assaulted at the time he murdered Mulaney, will recover.

H. E. L. Zewick, while acting as field judge at the Cleveland interscholastic field meet Friday, was killed in a peculiar manner. In the hammer throwing contest Sherburn Wightman swung the hammer preparatory to making a throw. It parted in his hands, one of the pieces striking Zewick, who was standing twenty feet away, squarely in the stomach. He died two hours later.

A fierce northwest gale is sweeping the coast line of New Foundland, and doing much destruction to fishing boats, fishing gear and other property. The same gale is blowing over the Grand Banks and is forcing the fishing fleet toward the land.

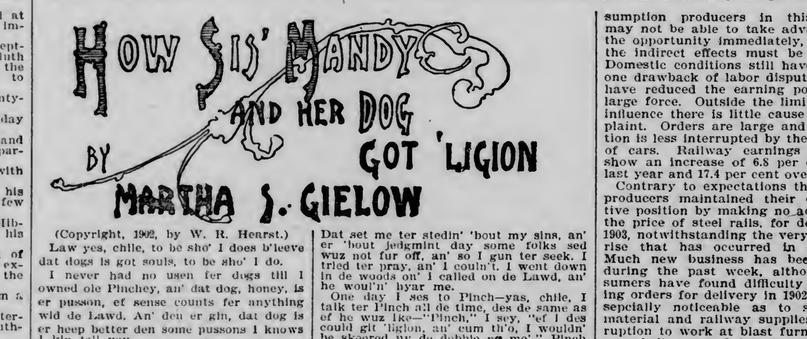
Grant Frazier, said to be implicated in the forgery of postoffice money orders for which Dwight Carpenter, of Minneapolis was sent to the penitentiary last January, has been apprehended in Milwaukee. Frazier formerly lived in Oxford, Wis., and is a brother-in-law of Postmaster J. J. Wright, from whose office the fourged orders were stolen.

The Missouri State express on the Chicago & Alton road collided with the rear end of a freight train standing on the track near Blue River, just south of Kansas City, Friday night. B. V. Meade and Fireman Landman, jumped, the former receiving fatal injuries. The fireman was only slightly injured.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it, advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is

HIGH SCHOOL CHAMPION BASEBALL TEAM.

F. Scoble. J. Clayton.
H. Potter. F. Peterson. F. Summers. H. Staacke.
Harvey Dash, Manager.
Edward Congdon. A. Berg.
Al Cummings, Capt. W. Dash.



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Law yes, chile, to be sho' I does b'leeve dat dogs is got souls, to be sho' I do.

I never had no usen fer dogs till I owned ole Pinchey, an' dat dog, honey, is er passon, ef sense counts fer anything wid de Lawd. An' den er gin, dat dog is er heep better den some pussons I knows I kin tell you.

De way I cum ter own Pinchey, wuz dis: You see de times is mighty hard down hyar in Alabama, whar de cotton don' fetch but 5 cents er poun', an' I is had er mighty hard time er gittin' er long. Sometimes I kin pay de rent, an' sometimes I can't, an' sometimes I has braid in de ashes, an' sometimes I ain't.

Well, one day I wuz des gittin' over er spell uv de chills, an' er feelin' putty miserble, an' no count, an' I riz outen de baid an' cum to de do' an' set down on de step, an' gun ter study 'bout how I gwine git som'n ter eat, like he wuz er way pickin' cotton on de youther side uv de creek, an' I wuz all er'one by hisc'f, an' nobody fer ter help me.

I set dar ster'n 'bout what to do, an' de fus thing I know I seed dat ve'y dog you is lookin' at stan'in' right befo' me, lookin' at me. He looked at me, an' I looked at him, an' pres'n'y I sey to 'im, "What you want hyar, dog, I ain' got nuffin fur you, you hatter go long to dem what you berlongs ter." Wid dat he gun ter wag his li'l ole bob tail an' walk up closer ter me, an' I seed he wuz raw boned an' hongry. lookin' lak he didn' belong ter nobody. "Whar you cum fum, dog?" I sey ergin, des ter be er talkin', an' honey, ef dat dog didn' turn round an' look to'ds de crossroads, I ain' er settin' hyar.

I know'd right den dat he don't been turnt er way by de po' niggers at de settlement. Well, he ses out ergin er ergin as I set dar. "Well, dog," I ses, "you an' me is in de same fix. You is done been driv off kase day ain' got nuffin' ter feed you on, and like, my ole massa's done gone off an' lef' me, pertendin' ter be pickin' cotton over de creek. I knows who he's wid over dar, I ses—an' he knows better, kase her cum back hyar yeste'day a back-slidin' ways. wan' no Christian, honey, an' de chu'ch members didn' come ter look after me, kase I wuz er dancer, an' hadn' come ter de 'Well, chile," I sed dat, dat dog looked up de road de ve'y way dat Ike would er cum, an' he wag his li'l stump tail er gin an' git closer ter me den ever.

Somehow I couldn't he'p talkin' ter dat dog, he look so knowin' an, I know'd dey wuz both hungry an' I sez, "I tell you I have in de house fer ter eat. Hit gun ter git dark, an' so I went to de spring an' fetched er bucket er fresh water, an' I picked up a few sticks fer ter make up fum er blaze fer ter see by. When I raked up de ashes an' blowed up de coles, I turned 'em out. I ses to de old dog what wuz still watchin' uz me: "Ef you cou' go an' ketch er rabbit," I ses, "or er squir'l, or sum'n," I ses, "you an' me mout hab ed supper," I ses. Chile, dat dog whut you is lookin' at right now, what I calls Pinchey, he turns right er roun' an' walked out uv de do', lak er passon, an' when he cum back he had er rabbit in his mouf, what he had bruk his neck. Yasuna! I so 'stounded I fell right down flat in de flo'. But hit wan' many minnits fo' I wuz eatin' dat rabbit, an' Pinchey wuz eatin' uv de bones. Fum dat day ter dis Pinchey is lived toge'r, an' dat dog knows ev'y word I ses ter 'im. I calls 'im Pinchey, kase he wuz bofe in sech er pinch when he cum ter me. Nome! Ike never did cum back, an' ef it harn't been fer ole Pinchey, I'd er starve ter def 'fo now. Dat dog goes huntin' ev'y day uv his life. When possum season come, ole Pinchey fetches possums in reg'lar, an' when rabbit season com, he fetches in de rabbits an' de squir'ls an' de birds, an' someties dat dog fetches er chicken an' er piece of meat somebody done give 'im roun' de settlement somewhar. One day bre'r Rastus, de preacher, cum er long, an' he ax me ef I wan' gwine jine de chu'ch. Dat de camp meetin' wuz gwine on at de Flatwoods chu'ch, an' he was hopin' I wou' cum roun' an' perfess. Dat set me ter stedin' 'bout my sins, an' er 'bout judgmint day some folks sed wuz not fur off, an' so I gun ter seek. I tried ter pray, an' I couln't. I went down in de woods an' I called on de Lawd, an' he wou'n' hyar me.

One day I ses to Pinch—yas, chile, I talk ter Pinch all de time, des de same as if he wuz a pusson. "Pinch," I sey, "ef I des could git 'ligion, an' cum th'o, I wouldn' be skeered uv de dobble ng mo'." Pinch looked at me, but he don't say nuffin' an' de nex' day dat dog never cum back fum de woods. Fo' days went by an' Pinchey never come—al dat time I wus still er seekin', and Pinchey wuz er seekin', too, dough I didn' know it. On de four day, I recollec' I wuz fixin' fer ter make some ley homly. I had done put de pot on ter bile wid de corn an' ashes, an' I wuz er standin' by it wid my long fire stick, stirrin' it up, I stir er way, an' I stir er way, all de time, stedin' 'bout my sins, an' 'bout de way I like done treat me, an' bymeby, while I wuz standin' dar, Pinchey cum in fer de do, an' laid down on de flo' an' watched me. Presently all uv er suddint, I 'gun ter feel de sperrit uv peace in my heart, an' I hyard som'n speakin' ter me 'fro' de shinin', an' I sey "Sis Mandy, dog' greeve no mo', repent fum yo' sins an' come th'o." Den I 'gun ter feel happy, an' de ner minnit I feel myse'f bendin' dis way an' dat way wid motion. Den I 'gun ter shout, chile, twell de ve'y flo' seem ter be er shoutin' wid me. All dat time Pinchey sat dar a-lookin' at me an' wimlin', but bymeby, dat dog couldn't rersis' de sperrit what was on us, an' fo' de Lawd ef he didn' git up off de haf an' gin ter shout right wid me. De mo' I shout, de mo' he shout, twell we bofe git wo' out fer de want uv strenf ter shout wid. Dat night, honey, I went ter meetin' fer de fus time since I 'fess fer me. I went right up ter de meaners' bench, me an' Pinchey, an' when Bre'r Rastus, de preacher, comed down fum de pist-fo'm fer ter 'spound de 'spe'ance, I tole 'im 'bout Pinchey, an' how me an' Pinchey done bofe cum th'o' tog'er. No, chile, I ain' no Methodis, is er Baptis' an' my skin, an' when Bre'r Rastus immersed me in de creek, I ses ter 'im, dat I want 'im ter baptize Pinchey 'long wid me. He sey, "Sis Mandy," he sey, "I'm gwine take de 'sponcibility uv baptizing dat dog. I ain doubten but dat he is rightly cum th'o', but den I ain' never is baptized no dogs, an' I don' 'low ter begin now."

"Bre'r Rastus," I sey, "ef you don' baptize my dog wid me, you will hab er mess sponsibility res'n on yo' soul den I will have ter answer fer, an' I tells you no."

Well, honey, dat dog hyard ev'y word I sed, an' he know'd des whut ter do, fer de Sunday dat I went in de creek, I felt som'n pull me an' push me, an' come up fum under de water, an' fo' de Lawd dar wuz Pinchey, done baptize hissef right erlong wid me. Yassum, hits res lak I tell you. Dat dog got sense lak er pussun, an' me an' Pinch is bofe Christions, an' we bofe spec ter live ehgin when we dies.

DUN'S REVIEW

Peace In South Africa Has Improved Commercial Outlook.

New York, June 7.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s Review of Trade says: Peace in South Africa has greatly improved the outlook. Foreign industrial markets will quickly benefit by the development of that country, while a return to active gold mining will have a helpful influence in monetary circles. Owing to the present exceptional home consumption producers in this country may not be able to take advantage of the opportunity immediately, but even the indirect effects must be effective. Domestic conditions still have but the one drawback of labor disputes, which have reduced the earning power of a large force. Outside the limits of this influence there is little cause for complaint. Orders are large and distribution is less interrupted by the shortage of cars. Railway earnings for May show an increase of 6.8 per cent over last year and 17.4 per cent over 1900.

Contrary to expectations the leading producers maintained their conservative position by making no advance in the price of steel rails, for delivery in 1903, notwithstanding the very material rise that has occurred in pig iron. Much new business has been placed during the past week, although consumers have found difficulty to booking orders for delivery in 1902. This is specially noticeable as to structural material and railway supplies. Interruption to work at blast furnaces was not wholly averted, but the loss in output did not reach a large figure, owing to prompt concessions on both sides. Practically no orders were accepted for pig iron, however, owing to the uncertainty as to the ending of the strike. In tubes, pipe and foundered lines there is much activity, with quotations fully maintained. Bituminous coal is abnormally stimulated by the anthracite coal shortage, and the output of coke in the Connellsville region is establishing a new record each week. According to the latest report more than 4 per cent of the ovens are idle.

Sales of footwear have materially increased with the advancing season, jobbers reporting and generally favorable symptoms. A favorable season in leather, hemlock sole selling in moderate quantities, but shoe shops soon secured all the desired materials. Belting belts were the most satisfactory division of the leather market, prices being strong and demand sustained. Quiet prevails in hides. Textiles are firmly held with stocks well under control.

Buyers still show a disposition to hold back orders, yet better terms are not indicated by the conditions of supplies. The fall print basis has been established, at least for the time. Inquiries are large for export grades of cotton goods, but sales in all lines are limited. Quiet conditions are also reported in woolens, some cancellations following the better delivery by mills resulting through strikes.

Satisfactory weather in the leading producing regions had a depressing influence on grain quotations, and last week's advance was lost. Cash prices were slow to react, owing to the extremely strong statistical position, but the next crop options fully reflected the progress of the crops.

Failures this week in the United States were 218, against 194 last week, 192 the preceding week and 185 the corresponding week last year, and in Canada 16 against 20 last week, 12 the preceding week and 20 last year.

LESS IRON FOR ENGLAND.

The iron fields of North Spain, whose ores have been sent out through the port of Bilbao, on the Bay of Biscay, have been chiefly tributary to Great Britain, whose iron makers have imported from first to last about 100,000,000 tons of this ore, says the New York Sun.

About the time the British mines ceased to afford an adequate supply of raw material attention was attracted to Spain as a most convenient source of ore. The ores of Bilbao for years enabled British blast furnaces to maintain, although not materially to increase their output in competition with the product of rival countries.

Hundreds of thousands of tone of Bilbao ores were delivered in Great Britain at about $3 a ton at a time when the Lake Superior ores of similar class on which our iron industry chiefly relies were cost at least $5 a ton. No European country, except Spain herself, and one or two districts in Austria and Italy, have ever supplied ore of equally high quality so cheaply as that which has been exported through Bilbao.

Germany, Belbium and France, like the British, have also depended to a considerable extent on Spanish ores of a higher class than they could command at home.

Until we took the supremacy in the iron production a while ago the British claimed that the Spanish ores placed them in a position to produce the cheapest pig iron in the world of a high grade.

The great Krupp works of Essen have for years owned iron mines in the Bilbao district, whose product was used exclusively at Essen, and was carried in ore vessels owned by Krupp.

The importance of the port of Bilbao led to the expenditure of large sums of money to remove accumulations of sand caused by the current which creeps eastward along this coast. The river Nervion, on which Bilbao stands, was canalized so that vessels of 25 feet draught might enter.

Now that her main supply of ore has been exhausted, what will Great Britain do? Her available supplies of home ores have been falling off from year to year for seventeen years past, until today only the Cleveland and West Cumberland mines are left as sources of supply that may be depended on for large requisitions.

The ores of South Staffordshire, South and West Yorkshire, South Wales, Shropshire and Scotland, which were formerly the mainstay of the British iron industry, are now so far exhausted that they are not likely to be of much account in the future. It is probable, therefore, that Great Britain must depend upon ores imported from other and more remote parts of Spain or from mines situated within the Arctic circle, as the Gellivare mines of Sweden, which are capable of being worked only during six or seven months of the year.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

THERE IS HOPE FOR EVEN SUCH AS HAVE GLIMPSES OF THE DARK VALLEY.

Paine's Celery Compound

The Medicine that Saves Life and Restores Lost Health.

A merciful Providence still keeps the spark of life in thousands of wasted and feeble bodies. The fitful flickering spark will burn with decreased power as the hot days of summer approach. There is still hope for even those who are now catching glimpses of the dark valley. The use of Paine's Celery Compound during the month of June will at once arrest the progresss of wasting diseases. It will strengthen the weak and inflamed nerves, rid the body of morbid waste material, make the blood pure, and give healthy action to the stomach, liver and kidneys. Nervousness, sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles quickly vanish when Dr. Phelps' marvelous prescription is used. Mrs. Alice Terry Wood, 515 Highland street, Helena, Mont., says:

"I can say to all that I believe Paine's celery Compound a great medicine. I should have been in my grave if it hadn't been for the wonderful curing virtues of the Compound, and I can say to all who are tired and run down, to try it, and they will find relief at once. My trouble was general weakness, lack of appetite, and heart trouble. I have taken four bottles of Paine's Celery Compound and feel like a new person. Now I have a good appetite, do all of my work, and feel well."

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HIS END IS NEAR

Prof. Weichmann Who Testified at the Surratt Trial.

Last Surviving Witness But One In Famous Case.

His Was Last Chain of Evidence That Convicted Her.

Anderson, Ind., June 7.—Professor Lewis J. Weichmann, one of the most important witnesses in the trial of Mrs. Surratt following the assassination of President Lincoln, is dying at his home in this city.

It is said that with the exception of John Surratt, of Baltimore, Professor Weichmann is the last surviving witness in the famous trial of Mrs. Surratt and others charged with being implicated in the assassination.

Professor Weichmann had boarded at the Surratt home, and, knowing the landlady and occasionally hearing some radical talk on the civil war, his evidence was generally believed to be the strongest against the woman, and at the time she was put to death it was said that Weichmann's testimony was the last chain of evidence that convicted her.

Professor Weichmann has always brooded over the supposition that what he said on the witness stand against Mrs. Surrat caused her execution. His friends have always tried to persuade him to the belief that he demonstrated that he was a man of integrity and truth, and that by telling the truth on the witness stand in the Surratt case he had not sinned against any one, and that he should dismiss the matter from his mind.

Professor Weichmann was a Catholic and his brother, Rev. F. C. Weichmann, is the priest of the Catholic church at Gas City, but the professor has for many years concluded that he had incurred the enmity of the Catholics in general because of having testified against Mrs. Surratt, who was also a Catholic.

At the time of the assassination of Lincoln Professor Weichmann was at Washington seeking a higher education in some lines and working in one of the government departments. After the trial of the Surratts he removed to Philadelphia, where he was located for many years.

He was married in Philadelphia during that time, but the fact that he had been married was never known in tals city until it was stated today by some of his relatives, who wished only to faithfully and truthfully review his career.

Concerning his marriage, it was stated that Professor and Mrs. Weichmann soon after their marriage disagreed because Mrs. Weichmann was a woman who lectured frequently, and did considerable writing for newspapers. Her views on some matters did not meet those of Professor Weichmann, and later on they mutually agreed that they should separate in as quiet manner as possible. Both expressed great respect for each other, and between themselves drew up an agreement of separation which subsequently was passed upon as legal. The agreement included Professor Weichmann's pledge of $50 a month for the support of the woman for the lifetime. He paid the monthly pledge regularly, until Mrs. Weichmann advised him that she would no longer require him to assist her for support, and they drifted apart, and for many years have never met or seen each other. The name of the woman prior to her marriage was not given today in the statement made for the purpose of correcting the general belief that Professor Weichmann was a bachelor.

From Philadelphia Professor Weichmann came to this city more than twenty years ago and engaged upon the work of an expert accountant and as a teacher of languages. During the past ten years he conducted a business school in this city, and was a proficient and popular instructor. He never indulged in social pleasures in this city, nor paid marked attention to any woman. He was about 69 years old. His health began to fail about six months ago, but he was not prostrated until recently, when he went to the residence of his sister, Mrs. Charles O'Crowley, who made her brother understand that it was his home.

The world will never know perhaps what Professor Weichmann had intended to write in a book he began two years ago, as he told his intimate friends that before his death he hoped to put into print a publication reviewing the assassination of President Lincoln

BOOKS AND THEIR MAKERS

"The Heroine of the Strait," "The Gospel of Judas Iscariot," "Miss Petticoats," "Hearts Courageous" And Other New Books—The June Magazines.

"The Heroine of the Strait," a romance of Detroit in the time of Pontiac, is a second story of old Detroit even more interesting than "A Daughter of New France," by the same author, Mary Catherine Crowley. Of Miss Crowley's previous books, "A Daughter of New France," Richard Henry Stoddard wrote in the Mail and Express: "This is not a made book, washed off together for commercial purposes, and therefore it deserves the better a popular as well as a critical success." Seven editions have been printed, which is proof of the impression it made on the reading public. "The Heroine of the Strait" should be even a greater success. Its principal events are the surrender of eDtroit to the English, the conspiracy of Pontiac and the siege of Detroit by the Indians under his command. It is a story of love, adventure and war, in which the reader's interest deepens with each succeeding chapter. The romance has been drawn from historical authorities, the old French manuscript of the story of the siege of Detroit by the Indians, under Pontiac, being the principal source, the translation followed being that preserved in the collection of the Michigan Pioneer association. It is beautifully illustrated by Ch. Greenwall. Published by Little, Brown & Co., Boston, Mass.

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Under the striking title of "The Gospel of Judas Iscariot," Aaron Dwight Baldwin has written an historical novel so much out of the beaten track as to insure attention on the part of the great reading public. From the standpoint of a romance it is possessed of great originality and dramatic power. It deals largely with the origin of the Christian faith, and presents warm, realistic and beautiful pictures of the Jewish world in the time of Our Lord. This subject of universal interest is treated in a serious, delicate and masterly manner, orthodox religion being ever upheld and given a living force and vitality scarcely to have been expected at the hands of a layman. • • • The book purports to be written by Judas Iscariot, and its prime object is to show, following the gospel accounts, that Judas was not, could not have been, a bad or unworthy man, and that the so-called act of "betrayal" did not involve moral torpitude on his part. The line of defence adopted is entirely unique. Published by the Jamieson-Higgins company, Chicago.

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Particular attention is called to the mechanical appearance of "Miss Petticoats," the long-expected and much discussed novel by the mysterious Dwight Tilton, which the C. M. Clark company, of Boston, has just brought out. The novel is bound in gray silk, and the cover design is that of a young lady of distinguished beauty wrapped in a long, red cloak lined with ermine. This is artistically stamped in four colors. The seven full page illustrations are by Charles H. Stephens, and they are printed in colors by a new process which gives the effect of a most faithful reproduction of the original colors in the oil sketches. Lovers of books will appreciate the English hand-made paper upon which this novel is printed; gilt top.

Now for the story—this publishing company has already won a reputation for its output of books out of the common rut. Whatever criticism was made of their "Quincy Adams Sawyer" or "Blennerhassett," nobody ever pretended to say they were on the dull level of the commonplace. They each had something to say, and they said it without fear or favor. The people liked that sort of thing, and they bought the books liberally. "Miss Pettticoats" will be popular for its distinctive flavor and its piquant originality. Its very name, "Miss Petticoats," suggests something unusual. While it enforces through a tense and brilliant narrative the eternal truth that "there is no sex in sin," it is far from being a "purpose" novel. If it has a purpose at all it is to tell an attractive story first. This is done in a terse and dramatic way that will grip the reader as by 1000 links of steel and hold his willing allegiance till the last word of the last page is read.

"Miss Petticoats," the heroine, lives as a girl with her grandfather in an old whaling bark tied up at one of the wharves of "Old Chetford," a locality in the novel which many readers will recognize as the old New England whaling town, New Bedford. She is stormy, passionate, proud as Lucifer, but warm in her affections, brave, honest and truthful. Incidentally she is beautiful. Having done a great service for an aristocratic lady of the town, the girl is taken into the proud household. By and by slander, malice, jealousy and the insulting love of a young society favorite combine to form a tremendous climax in the young woman's life, from which she emerges hardened, embittered and bent upon revenge. Fortune at last makes her a creature of power, beauty, brilliancy and great resources, and then the one ambition of her existence seems near its fulfillment.

The chief charm about "Miss Pettlcoats" is its absolute unconventionality. Its people are not moulded on the ancient pattern of fiction. Its scenes and incidents have not been doing novelistic duty for the last thirty years. Its theme is fresh and healthful, its love element passionate but clean. Its warm-hearted heroine is as loveable as any young woman of fiction for a long time, yet she, too, is of very distinctive make-up.

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Hallie Erminie Rives, the author of "Hearts Courageous," though born in Kentucky, is a Virginian of Virginians. She is of the family of Sir John Ryves, of Damorey Court in Dorsetshire, England, whose descendants came with the Cavalier emigration to Virginia in 1645. Miss Ryves has from early childhood been a lover and an intimate friend of nature, and has always had a love for literature and a desire to write. As a little girl she wrote odes and obituaries for the various chickens which pip and other barn-yard ills carried off from the spring brood. Her first story was written when she was 15 years old and concerned the boyhood of Adlai Stevenson, a friend from youth of her father. It was at once accepted in Chicago for publication and widely copied. Her first novel, published when she was 18 years old, was "Smoking Flax." "A Furnace of Earth," published two years ago, was a stronger book and had an enormous vogue both in this country and in England. "Hearts Courageous," which she has just completed, has required the best part of her time for the past two years and is, by far, her most ambitious work. It is published by the Bowen-Merrill company, Indianapolis.

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Street & Smith, New York, have published "The King's Gallant," by Alexander Dumas, the first time that the novelized version of the play, "Henry III. et sa Cour," has ever appeared in this country. "The King's Gallant" resembles "Du Barry" in parts, but it is a stronger and more convincing story. Dumas wrote it as a play, and under its original title of "Henry III. et sa Cour," it became exceedingly popular in France. This is the first time it has been novelized, strange to say; but age has not hurt it any, and the American public will be glad to have the opportunity of enjoying one of the best things Dumas ever produced. One of the powerful scenes in the book is that which describes the culmination of jealousy and love. A man of petty impulses loves a woman as madly as his sordid soul will permit. The woman, however, loves and is loved by another. Just how the jealous rival plots the downfall of his enemy makes thrilling reading. The story is a dramatic one and absorbingly interesting.

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Since public attention has been called of late to the romantic elements in American history—in the Colonial, Revolutionary and Civil war periods—it is well to recall the notable contributions of that sort already available. A famous novel of the reconstruction era in the South is "A Fool's Errand, by one of the Fools," from the pen of a Northern man who lived for seventeen years in the midst of the tremendously exciting events depicted, taking large share in them. This book had an extraordinary vogue in the 'eighties, and justly, while it has never ceased to hold a certain popular interest. Prof. Harry Thurston Peck has recently said that it is 'one of the most dramatic American novels ever written." It came out anonymously, and the press generally exhausted conjecture in trying to fix its authorship. It is beyond question a book of intense interest and dramatic power, unrelenting in its grip on the absorption of the reader. The publishers, Fords, Howard & Hulbert, of New York, bring out immediately a new printing of "A Fool's Errand," illustrated large 12mo, with gilt top, uncut edges, in rich red cloth, etc.

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"The Rebuilding of Old Commonwealths" is a new volume by Walter H. Page, editor of the World's Work, which sets forth that vigorous movement in education which is just now searching out the "forgotten man," particularly in the South. In a larger view it is really a study of democracy, the very virtue of which, says Mr. Page in his preface, "is that by the right training of all its children it has the power constantly to reinforce itself from the rear." The book opens with "The School That Built a Town," a picturesque presentation of the proper function of the public school.

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Mary Devereux has written what her publishers state is her best book in "Lafitte of Louisiana," which will be brought out early in June. This author's reputation was made by "From Kingdom to Colony," a romance of Marblehead (Mass.), in the revolution. Last year she wrote "Up and Down the Sands of Gold," a present day novel, but her new book is the romantic history of Jean Lafitte, who, after leaving France for Louisiana, bore a prominent part in the history of that territory.

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It is certainly a novelty, and may at first thought appear startling, for a maker of wines to enter the already crowded field of theological discussion, and yet, when that wine-maker is a man of varied experience, a thorough expert in his line, and a man whose education is by no means confined by the limits of his wine vaults, and when his special contribution to literature is nothing more nor less than "A Lay Thesis on Bible Wines," a title which accurately describes the topic selected for discussion, the thought of incongruity between subject and author vanishes. And considering that much has been written upon the subject from a theoretical sense, and little from a practical point of view, it is easily seen that from this standpoint no one is more qualified to write upon this subject than the author, Edward R. Emerson. The book is published by Merrill & Baker, 9-11 East Sixteenth street, New York.

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The illustrations in Hallie Erminie Rives' new novel, "Hearts Courageous," are in some ways unusually notable. When A. B. Wenzel was making the pictures he was so enthusiastic over the book and so expectant for the excellence of his part in it, that he asked the publishers to give special treatment to the reproduction of his drawings. It was at his suggestion that M. Halder was engaged to make engravings on wood for Mr. Wenzell's very attractive pictures.

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The June Woman's Home Companion is especially strong in fiction. Cyrus Townsend Brady's gentle love-story, "Woven With the Ship," reaches its most interesting part, and there are short stories by Albert Bigelow Paine, Julia Truitt Bishop and Angela Morgan. The coronation of King Edward VII. is described by Edgar Fawcett, and amply illustrated with beautiful photographs. The Rev. Dr. James L. Ludlow tells of the perils that come to missionaries, in his "Chapter of Missionary Adventures." Ernest Harry Baynes makes a "Little Journey" after birds' nests. Another effective nature article is the double page showing the famous American waterfalls. A new feature is a page of stories and verse for little folks. Published by the Crowell Publishing Co., Springfield, Ohio; one dollar a year; ten cents a copy; sample copy free.

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The Pilgrim for June comes in a new dress that makes its appearance strikingly attractive. The increased size has tended to a greater wealth of illustrations and the opportunity provided appears to have been taken advantage of by the editor. The contents of the number are varied and timely. In the department, "Men and Matters of Moment," the editor, Willis J. Abbot, discusses trenchantly topics of national significance which have arisen within the month. The special literary feature of the number is a brilliant illustrated article by W. T. Stead, in the course of which the author expresses in no uncertain terms an estimate of the character and actions of Joseph Chamberlain.

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There is something about the June "Success" that makes one seek the green fields to secure some new inspiration and health in the primal things of the wild things live. This thought is strongly exemplified by reading, in this number, a charming bit of nature-study, "The Adventures of Reynalda," —a fox story, by Martha McCulloch-Williams. This is one of the truest animal stories we have ever read, and it will certainly tend to make one love the cunning little fox and his haunts. Walter Camp, the well known authority on athletics, contributes a valuable and interesting article on college games, and Dr. Louisa Smith, the director of physical culture at Bryn Mawr college, tells of the importance of this branch of work in women's universities.

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The Smart Set for June opens with a novelette by Gertrude Lynch, entitled "The Fighting Chance." This story is as interesting as it is valuable. It presents a vivid picture of a phase in the life of an honest statesman, and the theme is treated with great skill by an author whose personal experiences enable her to write luminously of department life in Washington. The love-interest in the story is fascinating, while the plot is absolutely distinctive, as original as it is satisfying. Beyond all this there is the charm of very clever dialogue which permeates the novelette. The short stories are of great variety, but all very human and all of the best literary standard.

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The leading article in the June Forum—the last issue of that magazine before its transformation into a quarterly—is contributed by Prof. Felix Adler, who writes on "The Philippine War: Two Ethical Questions." These questions are, whether it is treason to condemn a war waged by our country while the war is still in progress, and whether civilized nations are justified in adopting uncivilized methods of warfare. O. P. Austin effectively uses the commercial statistics of recent years to demonstrate "Our Growing Dependence Upon the Tropics," and shows the bearing of this fact upon the possibilities of our acquisitions in the East.

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The illustrations in the June Everybody's are certainly of unusual beauty, variety and value. Howard Pyle illustrates the character study of William Phips. Orson Lowell contributes pictures for "Danny." Some exceedingly clever illustrations by Frederick Richardson accompany "Alice and the Golph-Lynx." C. D. Williams, R. N. Hyde, Gustav Verbeek, Murray McKay, John Cecil Clay, C. E. Hooper and Lee Woodward Ziegler are also represented.

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The June Lippincott has evidently been made up with early summer travelers in mind. The complete novel this month is "A Real Daughter of the Revolution," a spirited love story by Caroline Gebhardt, a personality new in fiction, possessing fresh charm and ready wit. Her work stands easily beside the best of recent revolutionary tales. The story teems with recoats and gallant rebels; there are some sharp skirmishes and close escapes. A British colonel and an American captain fight for their love as well as for their country. In addition to the novel there are half a dozen up-to-the-standard short stories such as Lippincott's magazine has won a reputation for.

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The June Century is alike a man's and a woman's number. For so-called business men there are articles on "Making Laws at Washington," a searching exposition of the machinery of Congressional action, by Henry Loomis Nelson, the well-known student of public affairs, with attractive pictures by Keller; on "Triumphs of American Bridge-Building," by Frank W. Skinner, with pictures of the most notable bridges built by Americans; the second paper by Ray Stannard Baker on "The Great Southwest," dealing with "The Desert;" "An Audience With Diaz," by Alfred Bishop Mason; a diverting paper on "Episodes of Journalism," by Francis E. Leupp, the well-known Washington correspondent, and a curious article on "Bloodhounds in America" and their growing use in the West as detectives. Of particular appeal to women are the third part of Mary Adams' much-discussed "Confessions of a Wife," dealing with "Motherhood," and "The Royal Family of England," by Professor Oscar Browning, of Cambridge, England, setting forth some characteristics of the royal family based on personal acquaintance, and with several portraits of the king and queen, two of which, in tint, form the double frontispiece of the number.

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The first authorized statement that John Alexander Dowie, founder of Zion City and of the Christian Catholic church in Zion, has ever given out to the general public is a distinguishing feature of Leslie's Monthly for June. This authoritative account of one who is certainly a remarkable man, at the head of a remarkable movement, gives those facts which are needed for a calm judgment of his career, and supplies data which has until now been withheld from the public.

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The principal contents of the Popular Science Monthly for June are: "On the Definition of Some Modern Sciences;" "Introduction," Professor W. H. Dall; "Statistics," Hon. Carroll D. Wright; "Political Economy," Professor Roland P. Falkner; "Psychology," Professor E. P. Falkner; "Sociology," Lester F. Ward; "The Commercial Value of Human Life," Marshall O. Leighton; "Instinct," Douglas A. Spalding; "Educational Value of Photomicrography," Arthur Curtis Scott.

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As full as usual of timely articles on men and affairs, McClure's for June will perhaps be chiefly welcomed for the first installment of Booth Tarkington's new serial, "The Two Vanreveis." Miss Stone continues her splendid narrative, which grows the more enthralling as the events she narrates begin to cover that period of her captivity of which the world yet knows little or nothing. John La Farge furnishes the fourth of his "great artists" series in a magnificent paper on Rubens, magnificently illustrated. For thrilling narrative of fact it would be hard to beat Harold Spender's "End of a Great Mountain Climber," which is the story of the death of Owen Glynne Jones and three guides on the Dent Blanche, in 1889, one of the most famous of Alpine tragedies. If anything could surpass the story it would be the astonishing series of photographs of mountain climbing that illustrates it.

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The June Atlantic offers an unusually long and varied line of especially seasonable contents. The serious of outdoor papers which began in the May number with John Corbin's "The Modern Cavalry," is continued with a brilliant paper on Golf by William Garrott Brown; it will be followed in July by an article on "Sailing," by W. J. Henderson, of the New York Times. Llinos Eglinton gives a charming description of "The Nightingale's Song," rendering the vocal melody also into musical notation.

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Scribner's Magazine for June shows in a striking manner both the progress of the times due to the latest advances in knowledge and a wealth of original literary material—notably the two great serials by the leading American writers, Richard Harding Davis and F. Hopkinson Smith. These two stories, which reach the highest mark in the achievement of each writer, are entirely different in scope and treatment. One is a story of adventure and the other is a romance of artist-life in New York. "The New Agriculture," by W. S. Harwood, is what the author calls glimpses into "the pages of a book of magic." Few people realize that 1000 trained scientific men are at work, and $1,000,000 are expended annually by the government, to support the agricultural experiment stations in the various states. The illustrations show some of the experiments in progress. The article will be an eye-opener to those who believe that agriculture has stood still while other American industries have gone ahead.

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Senator Hanna, Senator Frye, Poultney Bigelow, Charles G. D. Roberts and Frederick Lawrence Knowles are among the celebrities who contribute to the June National. Senator Hanna writes the third of his papers on "William McKinley as I Knew Him." Senator Frye's theme is "The Gap in America's Armor." Poultney Bigelow, just back in New York from a visit to Bermuda, discourses on "Bermuda and the Boers." Bermuda, he says, is garrisoned chiefly by beautiful young American widows. Mr. Roberts pictures the pleasures open to sportsmen in the region 'round about Fredericton, New Brunswick. Mr. Chapple's "Affairs at Washington" is a chatty budget of personal gossip gathered at the capital, lavishly illustrated.

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Country Life in America for June is an enlarged and superb number dealing with timely pursuits and things of summer that thrill the lover of the out-door world. Among the features beautifully illustrated are canoeing, coaching and fishing, together with practical home-making and gardening. "Monticello, Country Seat of Thomas Jefferson," shows the grandeur and broad-mindedness of the early president's living, and "Old Williamsburg in Virginia" tells of buried history in a rural town; while foremost as a suggestive article is "Duck Raising For Profit," an exposition of unique methods at the Clovernook duck ranch, with photographs that recently won a fourth prize. Then, also, "The Harness Horse and Country Turn-Outs" shows how the various sorts of animals and equipage are to be selected and used to the best advantage; and "How to Fish for Black Bass" deals concretely with tackle, methods and the good waters that are most accessible.

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The World's Work for June contains three articles of unusually timely importance. One of them by G. W. Ogden explains in picturesque detail "Why the Price of Beef is High." Arthur Goodrich, with the aid of thirty remarkable pictures, forecasts the future of American shipping, and Henry Harrison Lewis, who has lately returned from Cuba, writes an almost sensational story about conditions in the newly-freed island. A considerable portion of the magazine is taken up with crisp, important articles on educational subjects. London as it is when King Edward is crowned is described by Chalmers Roberts. The striking personal story of the greatest peach grower in the country is told by Mr. Hale himself and handsomely illustrated.

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In the June number of Ainslee's there are several striking short stories and some exceptionally readable special articles. "New Orleans, the Most Dramatic City in the United States," by W. S. Harwood, is a very picturesque account of the commercial, social and personal side of the South's metropolis; the illustrations are numerous and handsome. A very important article by John Gilmer Speed, is entitled "The Growth of Luxury in America." "Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Society Leader," by Charles Stokes Wayne, is a well-illustrated character sketch of this peculiar type of New York society.

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Among the interesting features of the Argonaut for June 2, are "The Jewels of Bendita; Their Fascination for a Mexican Pawnbroker's Clerk," a story of love and revenge, by Gilbert Cunyngham Terry; "Football in Hungary," a letter from "Van Pletch" on the relation between international politics and football; "A Boer Concentration Camp," an article contributed by W. R. Townsend, of San Francisco, after a visit to the camps at Merebank; "Exit Nixon," a "Flaneur" letter on Tammany's troubles; an extended review, with extracts, of Sir Wemyss Reid's biography of William Black, the famous English novelist; and a criticism of Kathryn Kidder in "The Country Girl," by Josephine Hart Phelps.

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The second installment of Mrs. Humphry Ward's new novel, "Lady Rose's Daughter," is published in the June Harper. This story promises to be one o fth estrongest and most human that has yet appeared from the pen of Mrs. Ward. In this number William Sharp describes "Walter Scott's Land." Science is represented by an article called "Autobiography of the Stars," by Ralph Bergengren, and "Insects and Civilization," an essay by Menry C. McCook. One of the interesting features is an article on "New York Society a Generation Ago," by Elizabeth Duer. Morris Jastrow, Jr., professor of Semitic languages, University of Pennsylvania, is the author of a scholarly essay on "Creation Legends in Ancient Religions." Edwin A. Abbey contributes four more remarkable pictures to his series of illustrations for "The Deserted Village."

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The first article in the June number of the North American Review, "Air-Ships and Flying-Machines," is also the first article Santos Dumont has written. It sets for the principles on which his machines have been constructed, the method of their management, and the grounds of his confident belief that he is on the way to master the problem of the navigation of the air. N. S. Shaler, professor of geology in Harvard university, and one of the most distinguished of living seismologists, expounds "The Nature of Volcanoes;" he shows how the intense heat, by which they are caused, is generated in the under-earth, and what occurs when an eruption takes place, illustrating his theme by reference to observations made by himself on the very edge of the crater of Vesuvius while that mountain was in eruption. In "The New Influence on the British Throne," Lady Jeune dwells upon the good fortune of England in having had a woman for a ruler during a period of social and political revolution, and discusses the effect likely to be produced on the national character and policy by the accession and government of a king.

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In the June number of Outing one may see the out-door life of the season in striking illustrations, gleaned with much hard work by skilled photographers. A series of rare photographs show record-holding athletes in the act of winning contests. Polo, just now of paramount interest, is described by two well-know authorities and illustrated with photographs of great players. Intercollegiate rowing is treated in a masterful article by Ralph D. Paine. The nature lover finds a series of most charming wild flower photgraphs, illustrating an article on this branch of photography. No more charming article on angling has appeared in years than "Trout and Philosophy on a Vermont Stream," illustrated by full page drawings.

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"Famous Farm Houses in the Narragansett Country" is the title of an attractive article by Harry Knowles in the June number of the New England Magazine. It is pleasant to follow the author in his rambles through the "storied halls" of "King Tom Mansion," the home of a famous chief of the Narragansett Indians, the house of Dr. James McSparadan, the first rector of the first Episcopal church in New England, and of the birthplaces of Gilbert Stuart and the two commodores who have immortalized the name of Perry in American naval annals. The romance which he weaves about the home of "unfortunate Hannah Robinson" is full of interest for the reader.

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Table Talk, Philadelphia, for June, keeps up to its usual high standard of practical value and helpfulness to the housewife. In addition to its profusion of culinary matter and illustrations, it sandwiches in some good literary articles. "The Romance of American Women" is ably written and full of historic interest. All women of intelligence interested in reading the romances of some noted women will enjoy this article. Another article of amusing interest is entitled, "Startling Experiences at a Dutch Dinner."

The special features of the June number of the Review of Reviews are an illustrated account of the Martinique and St. Vincent volcanic eruptions by Dr. W. J. McGee, the eminent ethnologist and vice president of the National Geographic society; illustrated papers on "Oxford and the American Student," by Professor Francis H. Stoddard, and "Bowdoin College: a Century of Service," by William I. Cole; a brief estimate of the two American novelists, Bret Harte and Frank Stockton; a suggestive article on "Some New Books to Read this Summer," by Francis W. Halsey, with portraits of many of the season's favorite authors; a sketch of the queen regent and the young king of Spain, by Helene Vacaresco; and interesting discussions of "The New Tide of Northwestern Migration," by Conde Hamlin.

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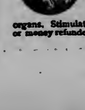

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AGAINST ANARCHY

A Stringent Measure Is Passed By the House.

Commissioner Jones Is Cleared of Charges.

Washington, June 9.—When the house met today the pending question coming over from Saturday was on the motion of Mr. Dearmond (Mo.) to recommit the anti-anarchy bill with instructions to strike out section 3, which made the killing of foreign ambassadors and ministers punishable with death, and section 13, which creates the legal presumption, in all prosecutions under the act, that the officers to be protected by its provisions are engaged in the performance of their official duties at the time the offense is committed. The roll was called.

The motion wa lost, 71 to 125. The vote then was taken upon the passage of the bill, Mr. Lanham (Tex.) demanding the ayes and nays. The bill was passed, 175 to 38.

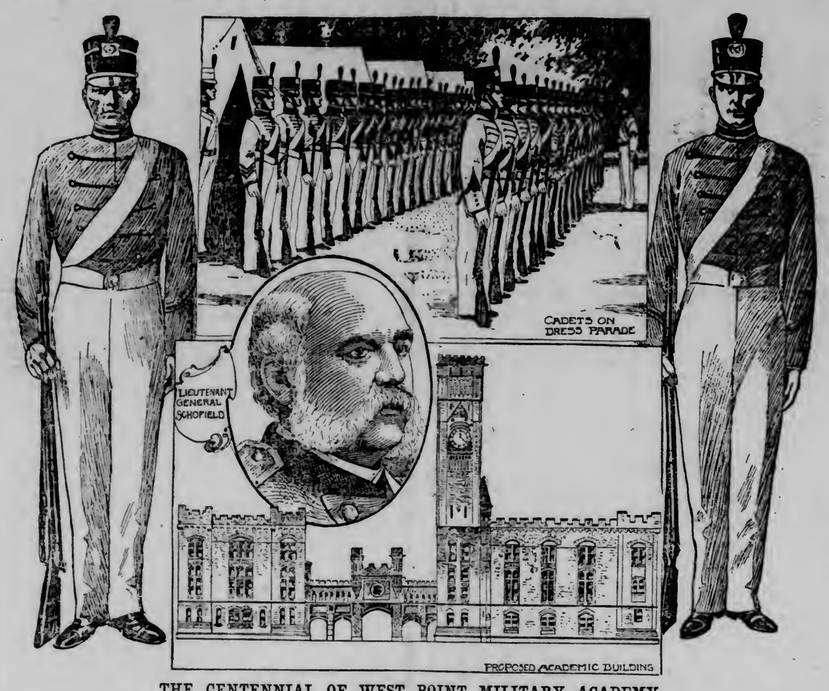
Mr. Hitt, from the committee on foreign affairs, presented a resolution which, after reciting the fact that peace has been established in South Africa, call upon the secretary of state for a complete list of American citizens now detained as prisoners of war in South Africa, and for information as to what action is being taken to wa sadoutes. The house then, under the order made last week, passed to the consideration of the bill, to transfer certain forest reserves to the control of the department of agriculture, and to authorize game and fish preserves in forest reserves.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, June 9.—Soon after the senate convened today a report was made from the committee on Indian affairs of an investigation made by that committee of the conduct of W. A. Jones, commissioner of Indian affairs, with respect to the leasing of certain Indian lands of the Standing Rock reservation, S. D. The committee charges that there was no foundation for the charges made, and that the conduct of Commissioner Jones was entirely unselfish. The report was agreed to.

Mr. Simmons (N. C.) then addressed the senate in support of the bill for the establishment of a national forest reserve in the Southern Appalachian mountains. He explained that ten forest reserves had been established in the United States, none of them east of the Mississippi river. He said the establishment of the ten forest reserves in the West was made from the public domain, while cash would have to be paid for the proposed reserve. He did not believe, however, that there was any difference between appropriating cash from the treasury and appropriating property from the government. Mr. Simmons said it had been suggested that there might be some "job" in the pending bill. This, he knew, was not true, and there was no foundation in fact for the suggestion. The measure was essentially national in character, and it was advocated as a national proposition.

At the conclusion of Mr. Simmons' speech, consideration was begun of the naval appropriation. The bill as reported carries appropriations aggregating $78,166,838.



THE CENTENNIAL OF WEST POINT MILITARY ACADEMY

West Point is a hundred years old and very proud of the fact. The Military academy was formally opened June 4, 1802. Lieutenant General John M. Schofield, retired, is president of the Graduates' association.

ATTACKED BY WOMEN

Coal Superintendent Assailed But Not Hurt.

Trades Unions Take Hand In Helping Miners.

Hazelton, Pa., June 9.—Superintendent Kudlick of Coxe Bros. & Co. was attacked by women on the streets of Freeland today but he was not injured.

About 800 strikers gathered today at Ebervale and about 1000 at Jeddo to intercept traction cars carrying non-union men to North Side collieries. Sheriff Jacobs was notified last night of the strikers' intention, and, accompanied by eight special officers, took an early car to Freeland to prevent any demonstration. The mine workers learned last night that the sheriff had been appealed to for protection, and to make interference on his part unnecessary, District Secretary Gallagher preceded Sheriff Jacobs to Freeland. As his car neared Ebervale it was boarded by the strikers in search of non-union men, but Secretary Galagher appealed to the men to disperse and persuaded them to return to their homes. At Jeddo the car was again stopped and boarded by strikers, but no non-union men were found. Mr. Gallagher talked to the men at Jeddo and told them it was for the best interests of all that they discontinue these tactics. They retired upon his advice and when an hour later the car carrying the sheriff and the officers came along no strikers were in evidence. The sheriff proceeded from Freeland to Wilkesbarre.

A. Pardee & Co. today issued a statement that they have no intention of starting up operations at Cranberry colliery under present conditions. It was reported last night that an effort would be made today to resume work at the Cranberry washery.

Unable to secure firemen and pumprunners, J. S. Wentz & Co. will permit the Hazelbrook colliery to be flooded.

Coxes' Stockton colliery is reported by the mine workers as filling with water owing to the depleted force of firemen and pumpmen.

The mine workers have given permission to the local light companies to haul culm for their plants from abandoned banks.

A committee of citizens went to Mauch Chunk today to protest against the stationing of deputies at the York town colliery by Sheriff Gombert, of Carlton county.

Sheriff Jacobs has been appealed to by Coxe Bros. & Co. to furnish protection to non-union men on their way to and from Drifton.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 9.—The "tightening up" process which has been in progress since the anthracite coal strike began four weeks ago today continues. All classes of trades unions in the hard coal belt have taken a hand in helping the miners, and now the long predicted move of the railroaders in the region has been made. The decision of these men at meetings held in different parts of the region yesterday, to refuse to aid the companies in their fight against the miners has encouraged the strikers greatly.

At Freeland yesterday the railroad men of the Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill railroad decided to refuse to handle the trains carrying deputies, coal and iron police or non-union men. The Lehigh Valley company men met at the same town and will not handle soft coal that may be wanted to displace hard fuel, and at Kingston the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company employes protested against the hauling of soft coal and condemned the action of railroad conductors in acting as deputies.

It is reported that sixty-eight new men were taken into the No. 5 colliery of the Cusquehanna Coal company at Nanticoke early today. It is not yet known whether the men are to man the pumps or be placed on guard duty. A crowd gathered near the colliery, but no demonstrations were made.

Keystone, W. Va., June 9.—The mines in the Flat Top and Tug River fields are practically at a standstill. Probably twenty care were loaded during the forenoon at Bottom Creek colliery. About 5 per cent of the men are at work at Elk Ridge, Lynchburg, Eureka and Mill Creek. Violence is threatened. Armed guards are on duty.

Vivian, W. Va., June 9.—Conditions here are the same as Saturday. Probably 15 per cent of the miners at at work. The strikers are pleading with them to come out. No violence yet.

Charleston, W. Va., June 9.—Most of the miners are idle in this section today. The operators state that about 25 per cent of the men are working, but that the circus is responsible for many not working today. As Saturday is usually a holiday with many and this is show day, it is believed that the test will not come until Wednesday. After being idle for three days it is not expected that all who are not disposed to strike will report for duty tomorrow. No disturbances reported.

Davy, W. Va., June 9.—A hundred or more of union miners went to work today. The strikers are loud in their threats but there has been no trouble yet. Many guards are armed with rifles and are patrolling the vicinity of the mines.

Thurmond, W. Va., June 9.—Probably 10 per cent of the miners on New river are at work today. The others all being out on strike. There have been no outbreaks but violence is feared on Lower creek before the day is over. There are 8000 miners in this field, the majority of whom work in McKell' mines. Not a car has been loaded here today. A few are being loaded at Beury.

Shomakin, Pa., June 9.—The pumps at the Sterling colliery of the Philadelphia & Reading company were covered with water today owing to the inefficiency of non-union men in the boiler rooms. This will flood the mine. Five sub-bosses in the employ of the Mineral company and two working for the Union company, did not report for work today.

FELT AT ST. VINCENT

Last Eruption of Mount Pelee Created Quite a Disturbance on Other Islands---Not Safe For Settlers to Return.

Kingstown, St. Vincent, Saturday, June 7.—During the great eruption of Mount Pelee, Island of Martinique, yesterday morning, the detonations were heard in the neighboring islands, and heavy clouds of smoke issued simultaneously with Soufriere, on this island, which alarmed the inhabitants.

The island of St. Lucia was obscured by dust to a distance of three miles, and a steamship experienced difficulty in finding the harbor of Castries.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Friday pitch darkness prevailed here.

The three Americans, Professor Jagger, the geologist of Harvard; Dr. Hovey, assistant curator of the Museum of Natural History, New York, and George C. Curtis, who ascended the Soufriere, May 31, made another ascent on Thursday. They entered a dense, dusty fog, which impeded their progress as they made their way up the precipitous trail, around the awful cliffs, with extraordinary courage and perseverance, and once more reached the edge of the crater, on the east side, reaching an altitude of 3260 feet above the sea, carrying with them an aneroid barometer. They heard water boiling and spattering in the depths of the crater, but nothing could be seen through the fog, though the party waited a considerable time. The ascent occupied five hours. The return of settlers to the devastated area is discouraged by Professor Jagger, who is of the opinion that the crater, in continuing active, may emit poisonous gasses at any moment without warning, and cause the death of many people from asphyxia.

SHOT TWO.

Alleged Highwaymen Are Killed By a Hunter In Kansas.

Des Moines, June 9.—It is reported today from Talmadge, forty miles southwest of this place, that two unidentified men, alleged to be highwaymen, were shot and instantly killed by Claude Bristow, of Cawker City, Kas. Bristow was hunting. He alleges the men sprang upon him from behind a clump of bushes, attacking him with clubs.

He drew a revolver, shooting one man through the head and the other through the lungs. He says both were armed. He exhibits a wound on the back of his head said to have been caused by the highwaymen.

LIFE LOST AT SARATOGA

Disastrous Blaze at Summer Resort Destroys Three Hundred Thousand Dollars In Property and Causes Loss of Life.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 9.—One person was killed, on fatally injured, two others severly hurt and a number are reported missing as the result of a fire here early today. The property destroyed was valued at $300,000 with estimated insurance of $175,000.

The dead:

MRS. MABIE.

Injured: Fire Chief Shadwick, badly burned about head, fatally. It is feared. Mrs. Hart; servant girl, name unknown.

The missing: Mrs. Gaens, Mrs. M. C. Hart, Mrs. Ahern, David Howland and wife, Mrs. Morris, Miss Morris and Miss Ida Foster.

Mrs. Mabie, who was burned to death was asleep in her apartments in the Arcade.

The fire started in the Arcade building, on Broadway and destroyed that building together with the Shackleford and the Theater Saratoga, located in the Citizens National bank building.

That portion of the building occupied by the bank was damaged only by water. The contents of the safes and deposit vaults remain intact.

Fortunately there was no wind. Otherwise the fire which was in the heart of the city and not far from several of the largest hotels, might have developed into a general conflagration. By hard work the firemen succeeded in checking the flames and at 5:25 a. m., the fire was pronounced to be under control.

Chief Shadwick was injured in rescuing Mrs. Hart from one of the burning buildings. The missing persons were tenants of the Arcade building. The burned buildings were occupied by offices and stores, among them being the postoffice, the Daily Saratogian newspaper, the Western Union Telegraph company, Saratoga country treasurer's office, and Theater Saratoga.

ARBITRATION

Will Be Advocated to Prevent Trouble In Chicago.

Chicago, June 9.—Alarmed by the disturbances that marked the strike of the packing house teamsters last week, employers have started a movement for the prevention of strikes, in the shape of an arbitration board.

It is proposed that all difficulties that cannot be settled by the men directly with their employers shall be submitted to a joint advisory body, composed of representatives with the national teamsters union for arbitration.

The movement has the support of eight associations of employers, and the tactic approval of President Albert Young, of the National Teamsters' union.

The initiatory action will be taken this afternoon at the Great Northern hotel, when three delegates from each of the eight employers organizations will meet. These delegates are expected to select a committee of seven to meet a similar committee from the teamsters unions to devise a course of procedure whereby all serious differences may be adjusted.

FRENCH BARONS ARE ROBBED

New York, June 9.—Robbers have entered the apartments of two wealthy Frenchmen, Baron Jacques Meyronnet de Saint-Marie and Baron Andre de Neuflize, at No. 15 West Forty-sixth street, and secured jewelry valued at more than $3000.

"My things," said Baron Saint-Marie, "were quite valuable intrinsically, but much more than mere money to me for their historic and family associations. A chain alone that was stolen had been in my family since 1459, and is the heritage of the oldest son. If necessary I will pay $20,000 for its return."

Both French noblemen have been in New York throughout the winter. Baron Neuflize is here studying the methods of New York banking preparatory to entering his father's banking house in Paris. Baron Saint-Marie is on his way around the world.

A week ago he left New York for a flying trip to Detroit to attend the wedding of a friend. When they returned they found the apartments had been rifled.

SAYS HE'S A MURDERER

Man Charged With Killing Wife Is Arrested In Chicago.

Chicago, June 9.—Charged with murdering his wife in Cleveland, O., Frank Hoffman was arrested here today. Hoffman is said to have confessed to the murder.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT

Minneapolis, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—A murderous assault was made upon W. L. Davis, a bicycle repairer, in his shop early this morning by a burglar whom Davis surprised as he was in the act of robbing the place.

Davis was sleeping over his shop when he heard the burglar at work below. Before the latter could make his exit through the rear window, where he had entered, Davis was upon him and a terrible struggle followed.

In his efforts to break the iron grasp with which Davis held him, the burglar seized a long chisel and stabbed Davis in four places in the body and head.

Although Davis was bleeding profusely and was weak from loss of blood, he held the robber until assistance arrived.

When the patrol wagon arrived it came with only the driver. The latter could not leave his team, and when the citizen, who held the burglar, left him to place the injured man in the patrol wagon, the burglar broke away and ran through the dark alley and escaped. Davis was very weak from loss of blood, but as soon as he was received at the hospital the flow of blood was stayed.

BARROWS EULOGIZED.

Work of Late Preacher Lauded In Chicago.

Chicago, June 9.—The life and work of Rev. John Henry Barrows, preacher, lecturer and educator, whose death is so greatly mourned, has been lauded in many of Chicago's pulpits, a special memorial service being held in the First Presbyterian church, of which Dr. Barrows was pastor for many years. Rev. Dr. William J. Chichester, the successor of Dr. Barrows in the pulpit of the First church, preached the memorial sermon.

Bishop Samuel Fallows, of St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church eulogized Dr. Barrows in a prelude before his sermon at the morning service and Rev. Dr. Willard R. Thorp at the South Congregational church last night spoke of the late preacher as embodying in himself certain great ideas of modern Christianities.

YACHT FOR THE PRESIDENT

New York, June 9.—Rear Admiral Barker, commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard, has received orders from Washington to place the converted cruiser Mayflower in commission within two weeks. It is understood this vessel, which formerly was the yacht of Mrs. Ogden Goelet, will be used by President Roosevelt as a dispatch boat. He probably will witness the autumn maneuvers of the army and navy off the coast of Long Island from the deck of the Mayflower.

The yacht saw service in the Spanish war and was then fitted up for a dispatch boat for Governor Allen of Porto Rico. When he resigned, the Mayflower was sent to the Brooklyn navy yard.

STRIKE MAY BE SETTLED

President Mitchell Goes to New York to Meet Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor at the Latter's Request.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 9.—President Mitchell left here at 11:05 over the Lehigh Valley road for New York, where he will meet Carrol D. Wright, the United States commissioner of labor at 7 o'clock tonight at the Manhattan hotel. He expects to return to this city tomorrow morning. Mr. Mitchell went at the request of Mr. Wright with whom he was in communication today. When this information became known, rumors of peace were revived and for a while they flew thick and fast. Mr. Wright, it is believed, will directly represent President Roosevelt. According to Washington dispatches Mr. Wright and Senator Hanna have held a conference with the president during the last two days on the strike situation. Whether Mr. Wright carries a plan for peace is not known at this time. Mr. Mitchell said before leaving, that he did not know what Mr. Wright wanted to see him for. It is not believed that the president or the commissioner of labor will interfere because they have no authority to do anything more than investigate the cause of strikes. It may be that the president wants to obtain a thorough knowledge of the dispute and that he wants it officialiy, and for that reason he has sent his personal representative to New York to meet the labor president.

New York, June 9.—Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor, said today that for him to tell whom he expected to see or what he intended to do might seriously interfere with his investigations of the anthracite coal miners strike. He said that under sections seven and eight of the law under which the labor bureau is operated charged the commissioner to investigate and report on all labor disputes. "Of course," said Mr. Wright," "I cannot interfere or act as arbitrator. Although possessing no power under existing conditions, as a patriotic citizen, President Roosevelt is interested in settling this trouble. He cannot interfere and can only advise or suggest and the official investigation may reveal chinks in the situation which have not as yet been touched upon in the general report and upon which he may be able to act. He wants all the information obtainable and all the energies of my department are being directed to that end. Perhaps we may be able to discover something below the surface. I shall hold a conference this afternoon and don't anticipate I shall have any trouble in getting the information asked for."

RED HATS BESTOWED

Rome, June 9.—The pope was present at the consistory held this morning. He was borne to the Sistine chapel in the Sedia gesta toria, surrounded by cardinals, and formally bestowed red hats on Mgrs, Martinelli, formerly papal delegate in the United States; Prince Archbishop Skrbensky, of Prague, and Prince Bishop von Prezzyna, of Cracow. The pontiff also appointed several bishops, including the very Rev. William J. Kenny, vicar general, Jacksonville, Fla., as bishop of St. Augustine, Fla., in succession to the late Bishop Augustin Verot, and Very Rev. Philip J. Garrigan, vice rector of the Catholic university at Washington, as bish of Sioux City, Iowa. Subsequently, at the secret consistory the pontiff delivered a short allocution.

Judge Taft, governor of the Philippine Islands, and the Americans with him, were invited to witness the ceremony. The party occupied seats in the diplomatic gallery, in the Sala Rega (entrane hall to the Sistine chapel). As the pontiff passed he recognized them and smilingly bowed to the Americans.

QUESADA COMES.

Cuban Minister on His Way to Washington.

New York, June 9.—Gonzalo Quesada, Cuban minister to Washington, and his family have sailed for New York, says a Havana dispatch to the Tribune. Minister Quesada will go immediately to Washington and open the legation at the Hotel Raleigh until he secures a house. He is the bearer of the good wishes of President Palma to President Roosevelt. He also has been instructed to use every endeavor to secure favorable and quick action on the question of tariff reduction on Cuban products. A large number of friends went aboard to say good-bye and wish Senor Quesada success.

Col. Carlos Garcia, oldest son of the late Gen. Calixto Garcia, probably will be sent to Hamburg as consul general.

FOOLISH BANTER COST A LIFE

New York, June 9.—For telling Noah Parker, 22 lears old that he lacked the courage to shoot a fly, James Crane, aged 28 has been shot and killed in a Brooklyn saloon. The bullet entered the man's heart killing him instantly.

When he saw his victim fall, Parker became excited and fired four other shots at the other persons in the saloon. None of the bullets taking effect however. Parker then hurried to his home and later surrendered to the police.

Parker, who is a negro, came from Kentucky. An argument over horse racing brought about the banter to shoot which caused Crane's death.

BURNED BEFORE THE ALTAR

Bay City, Mich., June 9.—After saturating his clothing with kerosene, Joseph Rejhs, last Saturday night set fire to himself in the Catholic church at Fisherville, this county. His charred remains were discovered in front of the altar Sunday morning. Holes had been burned through the church floor by his blazing body. Rejhs, who was 29 years old, was the organist of the church and a teacher in the church's school. It is supposed he was temporarily insane.

WATER FAMINE AT HONG KONG

San Francisco, June 9.—The Pacific Mail steamship City of Pekin arrived last night from the Orient bringing news of a water famine in Hong Kong. The wells of the city have run dry, and in order to supply the city with water, tugs were kept running between the city and the main land. The officers of the Pekin state that the drouth affected the Chinese mostly at the time the vessel left.

Before every public watering place natives stood waiting a chance to fill their buckets. In one place in the business part of Hong Kong there were more than a thousand coolies in line waiting to get water for their perishing families.

MOUNT RAINIER IS STEAMING

Tacoma, Wash., June 9.—Two columns of steam are rising from the apex of Mount Rainier. The melting of the snow by the heat of the sun, the lifting and driving of the snow from the summit by the wind and several other possible explanations of the phenomenon are offered, but none of them seems to be satisfactory.

ONE MAN DIES.

St. Paul, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—As a result of injuries received in last evening's riot between citizens and Italian railroad laborers in West St. Paul, A. Roberge died early today. The others injured will probably recover.

PASSED BY REICHSTAG.

Berlin, June 9.—The reichstag today passed the third reading of the bill abolishing the dictatorship in the reichsland (Alsace-Loraine).

ST. PAUL MAN ENDS HIS LIFE

St. Paul, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Matt Sternberg, 45 years old, was found dead in his room in the Rouleau hotel, Ninth and St. Peter streets, yesterday. A bottle partly filled with carbolic acid was found in the room, and it is thought that he committed suicide. Mr. Sternberg was a cigarmaker and had been out of employment for some time. His board at the hotel had been paid in advance by friends. It is said that he had become despondent. He was unmarried and was born in Germany.

"BLIND PIGGER" KILLED

Five Men Are Under Arrest at Jamestown, N. D., Charged With Robbing and Beating Fritz Prillip to Death.

Jamestown, N. D., June 9.—At Bowdon Fritz Prillip, keeper of a "blind pig," was robbed and beaten to death. The crime is charged to Thomas Davis, Thomas Carr, Albert Bowman, Harry Cullum and James O'Brien, transients.

Prillip came from Garner, Iowa, three months ago, to Bowdon, and started a "blind pig." On the night of the murder there was a large crowd in his place, drinking and carousing, until finally only the five men now under arrest were left, and it is alleged they decided to rob Prillip.

In the morning some citizens visited the place and found Prillip and Davis in bed together. Davis was in a drunken stupor and Prillip was nearly dead. He lived fifteen hours.

A watch charm and coat belonging to Prillip, also a pair of skeleton keys, were found on the prisoners.

At the inquest it developed that death had been occasioned by blows on the head and shoulders. Davis waived examination. The preliminary hearing in the case of the others is being held at Fessenden.

The New Coronation Sack Suits arrived today—Come in and see them.

Nobby Straw Hats
50c $1 $1.50

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern Duluth
THE BURROWS STORE.
SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

Genuine Panama Hats
$15 $20 $25

M. S. BURROWS.

Great Clothing Purchase

of The Stein-Bloch Co., Wholesale Tailors of Rochester, N. Y.

400 Suits and Top Coats

Come to us at a big concession in price, owing to a cancelled order of a large Eastern clothing house. None better made—exquisite in style, faultless fitting, merchant tailor effect characterizes this clothing. The nobbiest and purest weaves in pure all wool Worsteds, Reedsburg Cassimeres, Homespuns, Cheviots, Blue Serges, Black and Whites, Unfinished Worsteds, Vicunas, smooth surface Cassimeres.

One Make of Men's Clothes That Stands Prominently Ahead of All.

A brainy man knows that while clothes do not always make the man, they go a long way toward commanding respect and attention. A brainy man knows, or should know, that it is no longer necessary to pay custom tailors' prices. Your tailor, if he is frank, will admit that the Stein-Bloch Co. clothing equals anything he can produce.

Stein-Bloch Co. Clothes for Stylish Men

$15 $20 $25

That were made to sell for $20, $25 and $30.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

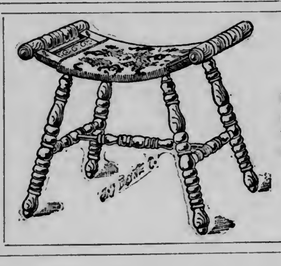
LOW PRICES ARE POSSIBLE HERE

Because

- We buy in large quantities at favorable prices.
- We take advantage of all cash discounts.
- We receive goods in carloads at lowest freight rates.
- We do so large a business that small profits are of consequence.
- We have the largest retail store of any sort in Duluth.
- Our rent on First street is less than half what stores pay on Superior street.
- Our expense of conducting business is less than any similar store in Duluth or Superior, considering the volume of business done.

There are a good many "wes" and "ours" in the above, but it is a plain statement of established facts, for your consideration when in need of Furniture or House Furnishings.

A FEW GOOD THINGS AT PRICES THAT TALK:



FOOT STOOLS.

Perfect Rests for Tired Feet.

Footstools like cut—in golden oak—weathered oak and mahogany finish—neatly upholstered in velour—an article both useful and ornamental—would sell in the ordinary store at $2.00 to $2.50—our price this week only

95 cents each.

All goods sold on monthly payments.

ROCKERS.

An Endless Variety.

Rocker similar to cut—finished in Golden Oak—cane seat, braced arm—serviceable either as a bed-room Rocker or sewing chair. An ordinary store would ask you $2.00 for this same article—our price this week only—

95 cents each.

All goods sold on monthly payments.

Beautifully cut 7-inch Berry Bowls	Beautifully cut 8-inch Berry Bowls	Fancy cut Tumblers, set of six—	5-in sauce bowl as nappie	5-inch sauce bowl as nappie
$2.85	$3.85	98c	$1.98	$1.28

The month of June—the month of the June bride is here. Many are in search of suitable gifts for these wedding occasions. The art department is full of attractive articles which make suitable wedding gifts. The tables are covered with innumerable articles, any one of which would gladden the heart of a prospective bride. We invite your inspection.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE MAKERS"

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE MAKERS"

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

BURNING HIS MONEY

Frank La Salle Shows Mt. Clemens Sports a Few Things.

Five Dollars For Shine and Two Dollars For Shave.

Buys Hackload of Carnations and Distributes Them on Streets.

A Duluth boy's strenuous effort to separate himself rom $40,000 is causing life invalids to sit up and notice things the the famous Mount Clemens health resort.

Frank La Salle has been springing palpitating sensations daily, not only in Mount Clemens but in Detroit. Sports that have traveled in the swift set for years acknowledge that their best past performances are like so many false starts compared with the pace that young La Salle has been setting them.

Those that are in a position to know say that he will shortly succeed in his purpose, and are of the opinion that his fortune is already greatly depleted.

Before leaving Duluth for Mount Clemens young La Salle thought nothing of handing $20 to each of a crowd of five fellows he chummed with just to see which one could spend the money in the shortest time. In Duluth his tips to porters that shined his shoes were never lower than $2. Reports from Detroit and Mount Clemens announce that he has raised the minimum tip limit for porters to $5 and cut down the tip to barbers for shaving from $5 to $2.

The Detroit Free Press of Saturday contained an item to the effect that the sporting fraternity of Mount Clemens was having a stupendously happy time in their efforts to help the Duluth boy get rid of his money. The Free Press says:

"He spends his time in various ways, but with it all manages to keep his wealth in circulation. He pays $5 to have his shoes shined, and there is no limit to the amount he is willing to pay for his lunches.

"One day he hired a carriage, and, driving to a florists, bought enough carnations to fill the back. Then he hired a brass band for several hours and drove about town, throwing flowers out at every step, the band following.

"Every day he has a new scheme for spending his fortune as well as entertaining the bathers and citizens. He has been stopping at the Eastman, where several of the bell boys are talking of buying up the state of Michigan and fencing it off as a private game preserve, they have obtained so much money."

Young La Salle also seems to be doing much good for the Mount Clemens resort. People that went there to die are again taking interest in life, and their friends and relatives imagine it is the mineral waters that are keeping them alive.

NOT HEAVY.

Pickands-Mather Shipments of Ore Will Be Light.

The Pickands-Mather people do not expect to make any very large shipments of ore from their Mesaba range properties this season. The Pitt mine, one of their newly-purchased properties, is being opened in readiness for mining. It is situated west of Hibbing, and was explored by Capt. Tom Jones. Some ore will be shipped from this property this summer, but in all probability not a very large quantity.

The other Pickands-Mather property on the Mesaba is what has been known asthe Culbsholm & Raod mine, through the connection of these gentlemen with the exploration of the same. It is situated on section 32, just east of Hibbing. Preparations are now making for developing this property during the current season, but it is not likely that it will become a shipper.

SAVED FROM AN AWFUL FATE.

"Everybody said I had consumption," writes Mrs. A. M. Shields, of Chambersburg, Pa. "I was so low after six months of severe sickness, caused by hay fever and asthma, that few thought I could get well, but I learned the marvelous merit of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, used it and was completely cured." For desperate throat and lung diseases it is the safest cure in the world, and is infallible for coughs, colds and bronchial affections. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's Drug Store.

Dies of Injuries.

Frank Bonville died at St. Luke's hospital last evening. Four weeks ago, while working for the Duluth Telephone company on the Northwestern coal dock, he fell from a pole sustaining the fatal injuries. He never regained consciousness sufficiently to give an account of the accident. Mr. Bonville's home was in Chippewa Falls, and the interment will occur in that city.

Heights Beats Canosia.

The Duluth Heights baseball team beat Canosia in a slugging match yesterday. The game was fast and furious from start to finish. The score by innings was:

Duluth Heights .....1 1 0 1 5 2 1 4 0—15
Canosia .....0 1 1 4 2 3 0 0 0—11

Pitchers—Summers and Butler.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

AMUSEMENTS.

KING DRAMATIC COMPANY.

The King Dramatic company closed its engagement of two weeks at the Lyceum Saturday, presenting "East Lynne" in the afternoon and "The Cotton King" in the evening.

MYRTLE & HARDER COMPANY.

Tonight the Myrtle & Harder company will open a week's engagement at the Lyceum, presenting "A Man of Mystery."

PULITZER GOING ABROAD.

London, June 9.—The White Star liner Oceanic, which is to sail from Liverpool, on Wednesday next, for New York, will have among her passengers Joseph Pulitzer, the proprietor of the New York World.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

EXCURSIONS.

This Week Sees the Opening of Duluth Season.

The season of excursions is at hand. The railroads, taking advantage of the first prospective fine weather, will open the Duluth excursion season today, and the steamer people are getting ready to enjoy the influx of people from the outside. The Northern Pacific will bring the first excursion from outside on Friday.

The Eastern Minnesota road will provide a special train Thursday afternoon for the delegation of Commercial Travelers that will go down from both sides of the bay for the state convention at Minnetonka. It is expected that from 200 to 300 knights of the grip and their wives will go along. The train will leave at 1:55, and as it will run on special schedule is expected to arrive at Wayzata, the nearest station to the Hotel St. Louis, where the convention will be held, in a little over four hours. A special steamer will he in waiting at Wayzata to convey the party to the hotel.

About 125 members of Companies A and C, Third regiment, M. N. G., together with the Third Regiment band, left over the Eastern Minnesota last night for Lake City, Minn., to go into annual encampment. The companies returning will leave Lake City on the 18th and arrive home the following morning. The contingent is in command of Majs. Reseke and Eva.

The South Shore will attach a special sleeper for Boston to its night train Wednesday night, when it will carry the Duluth delegation to the sessions of the mother church of the Christian Scientists at Boston. It is expected that about a dozen local Christian Scientists will go to Boston on this train, but others from near-by points will swell the number to perhaps a score. It was the intention to run the sleeper clear through from Duluth to Boston, but the disabling of the international bridge at the Soo has interrupted railway traffic between the Canadian and American side for perhaps a month, and all traffic will have to be transferred pending repairs.

KRON PRINZ TRAVELS FAST.

Plymouth, England, June 9.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm, Capt. Richter, which sailed from New York June 3 for Cherbourg and Bremen via this port, arrived here this morning after a passage of 5 days, 11 hours and 32 minutes to Eddystone light, at an average speed of 23.53 knots per hour, which is the best eastward record for speed thus far made across the Atlantic.

MEN REFUSE TO STRIKE.

Middlesboro, Ky., June 9.—About 5000 miners and coke workers in Buchanan county, West Virginia, and in Wise and Scott counties refused to obey strike orders and are at work. The Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke company work most of these men. High officials of the company state that they have no fear of their men going out any time.

MORE SURRENDERS.

London, June 9.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Pretoria, under today's date, announced the surrender on Saturday and Sunday of 2500 rifles, of which 448 were handed in by Cape Colony rebels. The remainder were principally from Gen. De Wet's men. The British commander adds that the cheers given by the Boers for King Edward were hearty.

IN DOUBT.

Fight For Nomination For Governor of Pennsylvania Unsettled.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 9.—The fight for the Republican nomination for governor is still in doubt, with the chances favoring Gen. A. L. Pennypacker of Philadelphia and Attorney John Elkin of Indiana county, with ex-Lieutenant Governor Louis A. Walter of Scranton claiming to hold the balance of power. Much depends on the thirty-six delegates from Allegheny county, and until it is known for a certainty how they will vote there will hardly be any material change in the situation. These delegates will arrive tomorrow, and it is expected they will have a caucus during the day to determine how they shall vote on Wednesday. Senator Quay and Insurance Commissioner Durham, who have charge of Pennypacker's candidacy, still claim he will be nominated on the first ballot, even if he does not get a single vote from Allegheny.

Elkin says he is sure of a majority of the Allegheny delegates, and that he has enough pledged to nominate him on the first ballot. Pennypacker's managers have already disclosed their candidates for convention officers.

United States Senator Penrose has been selected by them for temporary chairman, and Congressman Sibley for permanent chairman.

Senator Quay will be a candidate for state chairman if Pennypacker wins. The present state chairman, Banking Commissioner Reeder, is a member of the state administration and is pledged. The Elknites have not yet indicated their choice for officers for the convention. The state committee will meet tomorrow afternoon to make up the roll of delegates and decide the contests. The committee will also decide the temporary officers of the convention.

NO PLEDGES

Given to the Boers That Were Not Published.

London, June 9.—The suggestion that Lord Kitchener, with the connivance of the government, entered into a secret compact with the Boers, to induce them to surrender was denied by the government leader, A. J. Balfour, in the house of commons this afternoon. Mr. Balfour declared that so far as the government was aware no pledges and no assurances were given by Lord Kitchener, which had not been published. The colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, answering a question regarding the agitation for the suspension of the constitution of Cape Colony, said he had received a petition from forty-two members of the parliament of Cape Colony in favor of its suspension, and had awaited the observations of the Cape ministry on the subject. An act of the imperial parliament, he added, was required before the constitution could be suspended.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

PATTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG— GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

THE OUTWARD APPEARANCE of the Glass Block looks pretty dilapidated, nevertheless the inside of it is teeming with the newest, up-to-date merchandise and at prices that will please and surprise you. **One would think** that the enormous undertaking of ours (of building and remodeling) would interfere with business. But it don't. It improves it. Our patrons are as much interested in the progress the contractors are making as we are ourselves.

For Tuesday and Wednesday

We will make it an object for our patrons to visit The Big Store and we will tell you about it in as few words as possible.

DIMITIES. BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 1.

3 1/2c

Two cases Manufacturers' Remnants of summer Dimities — neat, new designs and colorings. We could just as easily get 7c for them but we want a big crowd here tomorrow. "Be on hand."

PERCALES. BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 1.

7c per yard is the price we put on three thousand yards of Standard Percales—light or dark colorings—this is the regular 12½c quality, but in remnants—price ---- **7c**

WHITE GOODS BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 2.

10c

We have been successful in finding another case of imported White Goods in remnants. You have all had them before — they are worth from 15 to 35c a yard. Tomorrow you can take them while they last at 10c a yard.

DIMITIES, PERCALES.

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 4.

The greatest bargain of the season —1 case of imported Irish Dimities —worth 25c per yard—1 case of 36-inch percales in reds, blues and greys—the 15c quality—all go at---- **9c**

125 New style Shirt Waist Hats, five different styles, trimmed with velvet ribbon, quills and pompoms —values up to $2.25 for---- **$1.25 and $1.50**

25 Stylish Dress Hats—from our own workroom — trimmed in flowers, chiffons, ornaments and ribbons, values up to $10—for---- **$4.95**

We are showing the best values ever shown in Duluth at $3.00. Braid and Chiffon Hats—trimmed in flowers, ornaments, ribbons and foliage—hats worth $5.00 and $6.00—special---- **$3.00**

White Goods Department Specials.

A lot of Fancy White Madras, Dimities, Swisses, etc., worth up to 40c, selling at---- **25c**

Fancy White Madras, mercerized, Damask effects, very latest—selling at—per yard---- **48c and 39c**

36-inch India Linons, sheer and fine weave—the best values in the city at---- **20c and 15c**

45-inch Persian Lawns, sheer, soft material, very pretty—two special numbers, one at 29c, one at---- **39c**

Special Silk Sale.

Great bargeins in Black and Colored Silks, reliable stylish silks at a sacrifice.

Black peau de soie, gras grains, taffeta, peau de cygenes, louisene, handsome lace striped and Persian novelties—values $1.25 and $1.50—at per yard---- **99c**

Black and Colored Satin Duchesse, Peau de Soie, Peau de Cygenes and colored novelties, value $1.00—per yd---- **69c**

65c Foulard Silks, strictly this season's designs at per yard---- **39c**

Dress Goods.

Imported French Voiles in navy, cadet, brown, cardinal and Paris grey—regular value $2.00 yard—special at--- **$1.25**

46 inch Etamines, $1.25 values, special at---- **79c**

44 inch Minstrals, $1.00 values, special at---- **59c**

Gent's Furnishings.

200 dozen of Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, in fast black and white stripes, also unbleached. Big purchase enables us to sell these goods at 25c—worth---- **50c**

5 cases of Men's Negligee Shirts with two collars, new assortment of colors, just received, bought at a big discount —worth 69c, sale price---- **39c**

Crockery Section.

Flemish Stoneware—Another lot just opened—your choice of the entire lot, consisting of 1½ quart pitchers, 1 quart covered pails with bails and stem---- **15c**

Water Tumblers in crystal glass—first quality—our special price---- **2½c**

Housefurnishing Department.

Dog Collars—All styles and sizes — bring in the size and select while the assortment is complete. 11-inch size with name plate, at---- **12c**

15-inch size with name plate, at---- **18c**

Dog Collar Locks, Too.

Grass Hooks—For use around trees, posts, etc.—cuts close to the fence—special---- **19c**

MAY PASS SEARLE UP

Meeting of Republicans Develops Strong Sentiment For Daugherty.

Both Men Are Sent For and a Conference Held.

Daugherty Not Anxious But Searle Is Ready Enough.

A meeting of prominent citizens was held Saturday afternoon in the office of E. P. Towne to discuss the congressional situation, and the result of it may be that Frank E. Searle will be shelved and F. B. Daugherty brought out in his stead.

The meeting was called to determine which of three men was the strongest and most likely candidate—Frank E. Searle, Leon E. Lum and W. E. Culkin.

Somewhat to the surprise of those that were responsible for getting the citizens together there in mass meeting, F. B. Daugherty's name developed considerable strength.

A test vote was taken, just as an experiment. There were fourteen present, and Mr. Searle got eight votes and Mr. Daugherty six.

This showing led to an animated discussion. There were some that thought Mr. Searle was the proper man to run, but the others were vehemently opposed to him, saying that he was the weakest man that had been named, and it was impossible for him to be nominated, or to be elected if he were nominated.

Neither Mr. Searle nor Mr. Daugherty were present. The question arose as to whether Mr. Daugherty would consent to run or not. His friends stated that he did not care particularly about it, but if Duluth insisted on a Duluth man running, and would back him up, he might consent to take it. However, his health, though much improved, is not in such shape yet, they said, that he could undertake to make a hard fight for the nomination.

Both men were sent for and both came. They took part in the talk for some little time. Mr. Daugherty could not be induced to say that he was a candidate, but Mr. Searle's attitude was much more on the Barkus order.

Later there was more discussion, and the effect of it was to resolve the question before the meeting into the problem of whether or not Senator Daugherty would run. That was where the matter rested when the meeting adjourned.

This morning members of this self-appointed committee were out to see Mr. Daugherty to find out whether he would run or not. Up to a late hour this afternoon that was where the matter stood. The indications were that if Mr. Daugherty gave a nod of consent there would be a landslide of the anti-Bede forces—if there are enough of them to make a landslide towards him.

Those present at the meeting Saturday afternoon were as follows: Ward Ames, A. H. Cumstock, Joseph Sellwood, Harry Roberts, Millie Bunnell, Alexander Marshall, Dr. Eklund, L. M. Willcuts, D. R. McLennan, George W. Buck, J. A. Ferguson and others, making about fifteen in all.

* * *

Senator Daugherty has not been the choice of the Willcuts crowd, and it will doubtless be a great disappointment to them to see their choice shelved in his favor.

* * *

It is understood that considerable pressure has been brought to bear upon E. P. Towne to induce him to enter the field for the congressional nomination. He is highly popular, well-known, tied up to no faction of the party, and he would no doubt make a very creditable showing. On the other hand, his friends say that he has an excellent law practice, and that it is doubtful if at this time he could be induced to leave it for politics.

* * *

There seems to be no lack of candidates for sheriff. The latest to get into the game is John R. Meining, who was under sheriff for Mr. Sargent for some time after his first election. With Mr. Sargent himself, W. W. Butchart, Archie Phillips, A. P. Cook and H. C. Kendall, the addition of Mr. Meining makes six candidates.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker. 21 East Sup. St.

Chas. A. Stark & Co. are now located

Professor Gurat will give a party at Lester Wednesday, June 11.

Smoke X-Ray and Duluth Herald cigar.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Aid society of the First M. E. church will be held in the church parlors Tuesday, at 3 o'clock.

N. A. calico ball June 16. Columbia hall. La Brosse's orchestra. Prize for best calico dress.

Duluth plumbing company for lowest prices on plumbing and heating.

Articles of incorporation of the Grand Rapids Exploration company were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds by W. H. Burris, Geo. W. Farmer and James Wanless, the company having a capital stock of $100,000.

Eighteen recruits for the navy were sent last night over the Omaha to the Norfolk and Newport receiving yards.

A public temperance meeting will be held this evening at the First Methodist church, at which Miss Louise G. Hollister will speak. A quartet will sing and Miss Dash and Mr. Gilbert will sing.

There has been considerable rivalry as to the relative speed of R. P. Dowse's mare and W. T. Bailey's new trotter, Pilot, Jr., and it is said that a trial of speed with a little purse for an incentive will be pulled off this afternoon on London road.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Stark left this evening over the South Shore for Lockport, N. Y., on account of the sudden illness of Mrs. Stark's father, Dr. L. W. Bristol.

Miss Bridgie Simons, of Eddyville, Iowa, is in the city to spend the summer with her brother, Mr. and Mrs. J. Simons, 2229 West Superior street.

Mrs. Stewart R. Lewis, of 215 Third avenue west, has returned from Tacoma, Wash., after an extended visit with relatives at that place.

Deputy Sheriff W. J. Bates returned today from a short visit to his parents and the old farm in Chippewa county, Wis.

O. H. Simonds has returned from an Eastern trip.

John T. Condon, of St. Paul, formerly manager of the Temple and Grand opera houses, is in town.

Dr. Moore, of Virginia, is in the city today.

C. H. Sherman, J. W. Sherman and O. W. Akerson, of Tower, are guests at the McKay.

Mrs. F. W. Schultz was a passenger on today's Lake Superior Limited for Osage, Iowa.

Frank Koors has gone to Minneapolis.

C. L. Kennedy, the new general agent of the Milwaukee road, has moved into the Fred Stevens house.

Miss Nellie Abbott left via the Great Northern today for Tacoma to spend her vacation.

H. M. Bradley went to Deerwood today.

Miss Adella Cleveland left over the Omaha this afternoon for Palmyra, N. Y.

J. H. Nordby, one of Two Harbors' merchants, is in town today.

Miss Myrtle Tibbetts has returned from Minneapolis, where she has been visiting with friends during the past week.

Miss Alice Shannon and Miss Lillian Scott have returned from St. Cloud, where they have attended the normal for the past year.

George C. Howe will go East this afternoon.

John G. Howard took last night's Great Northern for St. Paul.

C. H. Munger has returned from a trip to the Oil ranges.

L. H. Kitchell has rented a house in the Brady brick row on Fifteenth avenue east, and will make his home there.

Ruth, Ralph and Susie Thompson left today over the Northern Pacific for a visit in St. Paul.

E. A. Whittaker came up from St. Paul Paul to spend Sunday with some of the railroad men.

J. L. Chute is back from the East.

George R. Laybourn has remodeled the Brenizer house at Glen Avon and is occupying it.

P. Culligan will leave today via the Northern Pacific for Sand Point, Idaho.

T. H. Larke, of Minneapolis, spent Sunday here.

Albert Mitto, of Tower, is a guest at the St. Louis.

Will S. Brown leaves for Marquette on tonight's South Shore.

George Ryen, of the Great Northern, Fred Winship, agent of the Northern Steamship company, spent Sunday in Minneapolis.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We will offer for sale tomorrow the following very

Important Values in Embroideries at 10c

Values 20c and 25c a yard—consisting of Edges and Insertions—in Cambric and Nainsook—2 to 4 inches wide.

At 12½c per yard—values 25c and 30c per yard—consisting of Edges and Insertions—in Cambric and Nainsook from 3 to 6 inches wide.

50c 12-inch Embroidery Flouncing---- **28c yard**

Consisting of Fine Cambrics in very pretty designs.

85c 12-inch Flouncing at---- **48c yard**

Beautiful Designs—on Cambric and Nainsook.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

....Fine....

Wash Waists

In this department we urge your inspection of the many beautiful designs we are showing in Waists, including Lawns, Madras Cloths, Linen Batiste, and also the Wash Silks in white and black, at from—

$1.50 to $8.50

Styles that are absolutely confined to our firm for the head of the lakes—being made in the very best manner of finest materials and are perfect fitting.

We direct special attention to A particular line of

Fine White Lawn Waists

Pleated front and back—and made with the new style cuff

At $1.25

Value $1.75.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$14.50 Silk Dress Skirts at $10.50.

We offer tomorrow several Fine Taffeta Silk Dress Skirts trimmed with bands of taffeta and cut in a most artistic and stylish manner—lines that regularly retail at $14.50, a small

Special Tomorrow $10.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

High-Class Wash Suits

Made with the same care and given the same attention as our regular Tailored Suits—In fact they should be called Tailor-Made Suits of Cotton Material—the styles are all new and the very nobblest shown this season—we will show many new styles tomorrow, at $5,$5.75, $6.75, $7.50 and $8.00.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

ASPHALT IS KILLED

The Board of Public Works Will Report Against It.

Although Petitioned For, to Lay It Would Exhaust Fund.

Would Practically Bar All Other Improvements In City.

East Superior street will not be paved with asphalt.

The board of public works will submit a report to the council this evening in which it will be announced that while asphalt has been properly petitioned for between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues, there is not sufficient money in the permanent improvement revolving fund to pay for the improvement.

This will be glad tidings to property owners in all parts of the city. There are a thousand and one little necessary improvements pending which must be made from the revolving fund. The asphalt project for East Superior street simply meant that the entire balance in this fund should be hogged in a lump sum and that all other improvements, no matter how necessary, would have to wait for another year.

It is estimated that $57,847.92 would pay for the asphalt paving between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues. The balance in the permanent improvement revolving fund is considerably lower than this—the exact amount of the shortage could not be determined at the meeting of the board this morning.

It is probable that the asphalt petition will now be covered with a petition for tar-macadam. The latter has been in circulation for some time past and has the requisite number of signatures including four names that were originally on the asphalt petition.

The objection to asphalt was not wholly on account of its exorbitant cost. It was maintained by expert street paving men that were entirely disinterested that no sheet paving would stand the wet subsoil of East Superior street where the water and moisture from the hillside works its way under the best arranged drainage system that can be devised.

Three spectres that threaten baby's life, Cholera Infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry never fails to conquer them.

NOMINATIONS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Pittsburg, June 9.—The Republican county conventions today made the following congressional nominations: Twenty-ninth district, William H. Graham; Thirtieth district, John Dalzell; Thirty-first district, James F. Burke; Thirty-second, Dr. A. J. Barchfield.

DIED IN PATROL.

John Baker Expires on Way to Station.

For the second time within a few months a man picked up on the Bowery in an intoxicated condition died in the patrol wagon on his way to police headquarters. John Baker is the name of the man who died in the wagon yesterday afternoon. While in the Branch Bethel eating dinner it was noticed that he was drunk.

Walking out of the restaurant Baker did not seem able to take care of himself and Officer Brennan took him in custody. When the patrol wagon reached the scene he had to be lifted in and at headquarters when the officers were removing him to a cot it was noticed that he was dead.

The coroner took charge of the remains. Death was pronounced due to acute alcoholism. The man is about 35 years of age and shows in his face the years of hard drinking that finally ended his life.

Nothing can be learned regarding the dead man's family or past life. The body is at Stewart's undertaking rooms.

VIRULENT CANCER CURED.

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by druggist G. W. Roberts, of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had long suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. They believed his case hopeless till he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklin's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time this salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood diseases, skin eruptions ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters, 50c; Salve, 25c, at W. A. Abbett's Drug Store.

ONLY RUMOR.

Story That Across Lake Lines Are Cutting Rates Doubted.

Rumors are current that a certain Western line that was not enjoined a few weeks ago from quoting freight rates below tariff is shading the across-lake rate cost and westbound between the Twin Cities and the Atlantic seaboard. If the truth of this were to be established it would have considerable influence in weakening lake and rail rates via Duluth.

The rumor is based on supposedly large movements of merchandise westbound and of flour eastbound via this route.

One Duluth traffic man said this morning that he did not believe the line in question had offered to cut any rate. "I know of 200 cars of freight this very road could have had out of Duluth in one bunch," said the sponsor in question "If the general freight department of the road would have allowed its representatives to manipulate freights. They didn't want to cut the rate—only to manipulate—but the superior officials, when the matter was put up to them, simply sat down so hard on the proposition that nothing more of the kind has been proposed to them since. No, I don't think that line is cutting rates."

The across-lake rate is 1 cent per hundred higher on flour than the lake and rail, and 1 cent lower than the all-rail. The across-lake traffic moves by rail to Lake Michigan, thence across that lake by car ferry to connect with one of the Michigan roads.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

Your Last Chance Before We Close!

Only a few days will you have an opportunity to buy at the Great Selling Out Sale. We expect after this week to dispose of what is left by some other method. Merchants in Minneapolis and this city have made us offers on the stock, which is not quite satisfactory to us, so we will continue our Closing Out Sale one week. *Prices cut still lower.* Some of our stocks are still very large, and they must be sold—down go the prices. Other stocks are already low. You must come at once or they will all be sold. All goods marked in plain figures with the old price we sold them for before we left "The New Store" marked out. The red ink price is what we are selling at now. This is not deceivingly called a Closing Out Sale, as some have advertised in the past, with no intention of going out of business. We are quitting business, and every piece of goods will be sold this month at some price, in some manner. **We are going out of business. Carpets, rugs and lace curtains.** We quote only a few of our bargain prices.

Lace Curtains.

Compare the quality and styles of our Lace Curtains with those in other stores. Our price is not half what others ask. A few prices at which we are closing out these patterns:

$25.00 Lace Curtains.....$11.00
$20.00 Lace Curtains.....$11.00
$20.00 Lace Curtains.....$10.00
$17.50 Lace Curtains.....$ 9.50
$15.00 Lace Curtains.....$ 8.25
$13.50 Lace Curtains.....$ 7.75
$12.50 Lace Curtains.....$ 7.50
$10.00 Lace Curtains.....$ 6.75
$ 9.00 Lace Curtains.....$ 5.25
$ 8.50 Lace Curtains.....$ 5.00
$ 8.00 Lace Curtains.....$ 4.75
$ 7.00 Lace Curtains.....$ 4.50
$ 6.50 Lace Curtains.....$ 4.25
$ 6.00 Lace Curtains.....$ 4.00
$ 5.00 Lace Curtains.....$ 3.25
$ 3.50 Lace Curtains.....$ 2.25

We have a great variety of Bobbinet and Ruffled Muslin Curtains in plain and colors at selling out prices.

Nottinghams, 50c up.

Drapery Dept.

$15.00 Portiers.....$10.50
$14.00 Portiers.....$10.00
$ 6.25 Portiers.....$ 4.25
$ 3.00 Couch Covers.....$ 2.15
$ 7.50 Couch Covers.....$ 5.00
$ 8.00 Couch Covers.....$ 6.00
$ 1.50 Table Covers.....$ 1.15
$ 1.10 Table Covers.....85c
$ 2.25 Table Covers.....$ 1.75
36c Ticklngs.....19c
20c Cretonnes.....15c
10c Cretonnes.....5c
25c Denims.....15c
17½c Denims.....12½c
15c Silkoline.....7½c
10c Silkoline.....5c
50c Ruffled Bobbinet.....35c
75c Drapery Silk.....42½c
5-foot long Curtain Poles.....5c
15c Silk Fringes.....10c
19c Silk Pillow Cord.....12c
5c Cotton Pillow Cord.....3c

Window Shades.

Bring the measure of your windows. We will make shades less than any store in the city, any size.

Ready-made shades, with good spring rollers.

3x6 feet, water colors.....19c
3x7 feet, water colors.....35c
3x6 best Oil Shades.....35c
3x7 best Oil Shades.....39c

Notice to Merchants

As we must entirely close out this business before July, we now offer for sale the entire stock, and shall be pleased to receive cash offers for same on a percentage basis. We perfer to sell the whole stock to one firm, but will consider other bids.

DON'T FORGET THESE FACTS

We are positively selling out. This will probably be the last week you will have an opportunity to buy at these prices. No other store will sell nearly so low. We have a large quantity of high class Lace Curtains at about half price. Our store is located four doors east of Lake avenue, one door east of Gately's. A. Jeffery & Co., 10 East Superior St.

Carpets and Rugs.

Don't forget to bring your room measure, as we have many odd pieces—about the amount of yards you want at ridiculously low prices. Other patterns, with large quantity.

$1.50 Wiltons and Axminsters.....85c
$1.25 Wilton Velvets.....79c
90c Velvets.....59c
$1.25 Brussels.....75c
90c best Tapestry.....59c
70c Tapestry.....39c
55c Ingrain.....35c
40c Ingrain.....25c
Best Inlaid Linoleum.....$1.25
Mattings, 10c to.....30c

Wilton Rugs.

We sell the Bigelow-Lowell Wilton Rugs. All sizes at much less than you can buy them elsewhere.

9x12 best Wool Smyrna.....$17.50
9x12 Wool Smyrna.....$13.50
7-6x10-6 Jute Smyrna.....$ 7.50
9x12 Axminster.....$17.50
$3.00 Rugs.....$ 1.95

Furniture.

$20.00 Solid Mahogany Rocker.....$11.50
$14.00 Solid Mahogany Table.....$ 8.25
$10.50 Imitation Mahogany Rocker.....$ 6.25
$12.50 Pedestal.....$ 7.00
$ 6.00 Pedestal.....$ 3.75
$12.50 Inlaid Seat.....$ 7.50
$ 9.00 Green and Gold Seat.....$ 6.00
$25.00 Teakwood Chair.....$15.00
$15.00 Teakwood Tabouratte.....$10.00
$15.00 Rattan Rocker.....$ 9.25
$ 1.50 Jardiniere Stand.....$ 1.00

Many other artistic and comfortable pieces of Furniture for a very little money.

$25.00 Iron Bed.....$15.50
$20.00 Iron Bed.....$13.25
$ 4.00 Iron Bed.....$ 3.00

Springs and Mattresses at selling-out prices.

Grand Rapids Carpet Sweepers.....$2.00
Bissell's Standard Sweeper.....$1.75
$3.00 Metal Shields.....$4.50
$8.00 Venetiern Lantern.....$5.00

Metal Spears and Battle Axes almost given away.

5-lb sacks Feathers.....$2.00

Only a few Down Cushions and Feather Pillows left.

A. Jeffery & Co. 10 E. Superior St. 4 doors E. of Lake Ave

MARKET IS FIRM

Manufacturers Get Good Prices For No. 3 Boards.

Some Sales Last Week In That Grade Are Reported.

Log Rafts Coming Down the North Shore Steadily.

A few sales of No. 3 lumber are reported for the past week and prices are said to run from $14.75 to $15 per thousand. These prices are now demanded by the manufacturers, and they do not seem to be willing to make any concessions.

The W. T. Bailey mill at Virginia has been closed down for the rest of the season. The planing mill will continue to be operated steadily until next fall.

The repairs have been made at the Merrill & Ring mill to the machinery, the fly wheels having broken last Saturday morning. The wheels have been replaced and the company expected to resume operations again today or tomorrow.

Log rafts are coming down from the north shore now about as fast as they are needed. One large raft arrived this morning. There was a period last week when it looked doubtful if the tugs could be procured to tow the logs, but satisfactory arrangements were made with the tug men on a strike, and two of the trust tugs have gone into the log towing business for the time being.

It is figured that the lumber carrying vessels that have been withdrawn from the service could take about 50,000,000 feet of lumber on one trip. If the boats are laid off for three trips, this would mean a difference of about 120,000,000 feet in the lumber moved. It is readily seen why the lumber carriers expect to prevent any lessening of the rate. Log driving is now well underway in a number of Wisconsin rivers, and will begin in others this week.

The Pigeon River drive of the Alger-Smith company has been completed earlier than usual, on account of the high water and the logs will be towed here as fast as possible. The Merrill & Ring company has already towed about 12,000,000 feet of the 50,000,000 feet that the company will cut for the Split Rock Lumber company this season.

Of the 50,000,000 feet of logs that the Duncan & Brewer and the Alger-Smith companies had banked on the west side of Rice's Point, not one remains. The lumber companies were under heavy bonds to the Northern Pacific Railway company, on whose grounds the logs were banked, to get them off before June 1. The logs were all off a few days before the date set, and the railroad company has begun the work on its dockage and trackage improvements.

The lumber manufacturers say that the month of June has opened under satisfactory conditions generally, the demand has increased for building operations have been carried on without any stop.

The farmers have, as a rule, completed their planting and are now turning their attention to building operations. Mill owners are decidedly optimistic with prices well maintained.

"One Minute Cough Cure beats all other medicines for coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles,' says D. Scott Currin, of Loganton, Pa. Perfectly safe. Acts immediately. Croup yields to it. Cure grip, bronchitis, coughs. Max Wirth.

AT THE HOTELS

P. H. Nelson, of Hibbing, who is connected with the Mississippi Logging company, is at the St. Louis.

Capt. Thomas Walters, of Ishpeming, was an arrival at the Spalding this morning.

Another Ringling circus advertising car is in the city with eleven men, who are stopping at the St. Louis.

Albert Harrington came up from Minneapolis yesterday. He is at the Spalding.

Dr. James Fleming, of Cloquet, spent another Sunday at the McKay. The doctor is said to find Duluth very attractive, even when the weather isn't as fine as it was yesterday.

Jesse L. Jellison, of Grand Rapids, who thinks he is the winning candidate for Republican congressional honors, arrived at the St. Louis last night. He spoke on the street corner at Cloquet Saturday night, and expects to speak at the Armory in this city tonight.

Henry M. Schyke, New York; J. W. Atwood, Minneapolis; P. G. Cunningham, Racine; J. ... Ogden, St. Paul; H. S. Crocker, Chicago; J. B. Atwater, Minneapolis; J. J. Brooks, Milwaukee; S. Newberger, Chicago, E. J. Longyear, Hibbing, and A. N. Purdman, Chicago, are at the Spalding.

J. E. Ritenart, Minneapolis; Samuel Cleveland, St. Paul; W. F. Lawrence, Two Harbors; J. J. McDonald, St. Paul; E. C. Tucker, Chicago; G. A. Marshall, Havana; J. A. Bede, Pine City; W. A. Chamberlain, Ashland; R. H. Grover, Bay City, and John Bowden, Ely, are at the St. Louis.

H. W. Osborn, St. Paul; C. L. Bowden and wife, Valparaiso, Ind.; John H. Moore, Schuyler, Neb.; R. L. Magoon, Pinetop; J. K. Porterfield, Chicago; W. H. Temple, Springfield, Ill.; S. L. Jones, St. Paul, and J. Poulin, Minneapolis, are at the McKay.

SUGAR GOES UP.

New York, June 9.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced five points.

WANTS A DIVORCE

Beautiful Milwaukee Actress Who Desires a Legal Separation.

Mrs. Clara Betz Charges Her Husband With Non-Support.

Was a Reigning Beauty at Time of Her Marriage.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 9.—Mrs. Clara Betz, an actress, who has had a sensational career in New York, London and Paris, began proceedings for divorce Saturday in the circuit court of Milwaukee county against Robert O. Betz, non-support being the only allegation. Both are well known in Milwaukee, having spent their entire married life of five years here, and although neither is at present in the city both retain their legal residence here.

The complaint was left with Sheriff Zillner for service and an affidavit of "not found" was attached to the return which will be made to the court. The case will probably be reached for trial in September.

Mrs. Betz says in her complaint she was married to Robert O. Betz Oct. 22, 1892, and that for several years her husband supported her in good style, but for some time previous to 1897, when they separated, his earnings had been insufficient for their support, and she was obliged to depend on friends and relatives for money to help out with, besides drawing on her private means accumulated prior to her marriage. She left the defendant in March, 1897, and returned to New York. She asks for an absolute divorce.

Mrs. Betz is a beautiful woman and when she was married in the fall of 1892 it was remarked that few brides of the season would outshine her. Her grace and beauty made a sensation at the charity ball that season, and she was a reigning toast in a gay circle of young people who knew and admired her.

When the young couple determined to separate in the spring of 1897, Mrs. Betz went to New York, where she earned a living by posing in studios for some of the New York artists. Later she attracted the attention of Charles Lome, the theatrical critic of the New York telegram, and the man who had a prominent part in exploiting Anna Held. It was partly through his influence that a special part was interpolated in one of the pieces running at the Casino, which gave Mrs. Betz a chance to show her superb figure in a series of postures in scant costumes. From the first performance the act "caught on" to such an extent that it made the play an enormous success. On the strength of it Mrs. Betz secured engagements in a new play in Paris, London and the larger continental European cities. She had been out of the country filling her engagements for about two years, and only recently has returned to New York.

Mr. Betz, the defendant, was last heard of in Scranton, Pa., over a year ago by his friends in Milwaukee.

Adds Another Sleeper.

The new train service on the South Shore road has proved so poular that the regular equipment has been found inadequate to take care of the business offered. An additional through sleeping car from Duluth to Boston has been added to the train, and will leave Duluth Wednesday evening.

Big Duluths Won.

The Business University ball team lost its first game Saturday at Oneota park. The recently reorganized Big Duluth team turned the trick by a score of 11 to 4. Duncan pitched for the Big Duluths and let the future bookkeepers and stenographers down with but three hits. It was an interesting game for the first five innings. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Big Duluth	2	1	0
Business team	0	0	1

0	0	2	5
1	1	0	0

0	9	4
0	1	1

Pitchers—Duncan and Stockman.

A Call Extended.

Dr. George W. Davis, of Cheyenne, Wyo., who occupied the pulpit of the First Baptist church for several Sundays recently, has been given a call to the pastorate by the congregation. It is not known whether he will accept, but he has made a very favorable impression upon the members of the congregation.

Fished Out of Wet.

An unknown man walked off the Fifth avenue dock last night and would have drowned had it not been for the timely assistance of E. O. Jacques.

Mr. Jacques got the fellow out at considerable risk and the man without so much as saying "thank you," stumbled away in the darkness.

WOMAN GETS DIVORCE

Without Having Served Notice on the Husband.

New York, June 9.—A divorce obtained by Harriett R. Lacey in the state of Washington against Frederick T. Lacey, without personal service of the summons within that state or an appearance by the defendant was sustained Saturday by Justice Leventritt of the supreme court, in a decision passing at length upon the laws applicable to foreign divorce. Usually such decrees have been thrown out in this state, but Justice Leventritt draws distinction to sustain the decree in the suit.

20 Hours Chicago to New York

PENNSYLVANIA SHORT LINE.

Beginning with June 15, the Pennsylvania lines will run a daily passenger train of the best modern equipment, to be known as "The Pennsylvania Special," from Chicago to New York in twenty hours, leaving Chicago at 12 o'clock noon and reaching New York next morning at 9 o'clock.

The above will be in addition to the present Chicago and New York train service of the Pennsylvania lines, "The Pennsylvania Limited" and other trains running through as usual.

For particular information please call upon or address H. R. Dering, assistant general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

AT WEST DULUTH

The National Iron works, located for some years past at the head of Garfield avenue, will move into the Iron Bay plant at West Duluth, instead of erecting a new building, as was at first intended, mention of which was made some time ago. The National company has been negotiating for the West Duluth plant for several days past, and the officials have been reluctant to have the removal given any publicity until the negotiations were all closed. There still remain a few details to be settled before the company takes possession.

The National company expected to put up a building on grounds leased from the Northern Pacific company, at the foot of the Garfield avenue viaduct, but the railway company insisted on a brick structure, whereas the iron company only figured on a frame building. The lease, which is understood to include an option to buy, will give the National Iron works excellent facilities for taking care of its increasing business. Not only will the plant permit of larger operations with a greatly increased force of workmen, but it has ample railway facilities and machine shop. All the men employed at the plant at the present time reside at the West End, and these are hardly likely to change their residence, but there is an opportunity for West Duluth in the number that will very likely be brought to this portion of the city when the force is increased.

Considerable will be done in the way of repairs and some new machinery will be added. It will be several weeks yet before the plant is occupied by the National company and in full running order.

A. C. Weddell nd F. A. Boreen, who have been operating a machine shop in the old plant, have been notified to vacate for the National people, which they will do within the next ten days. The business of the machinery company will be disolved, though both Mr. Weddell and F. A. Boreen may go into business again.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Mass Meeting of Citizens to Consider It.

There will be a mass meeting of the citizens of West Duluth this evening at the headquarters of the West Duluth Commercial club for the purpose of considering ways and means for a Forth of July celebration in this end of the city. An urgent invitation is being extended to every patriotic West Duluthian to be present and take part in the preliminary proceedings. It is believed that the sentiment of the majority of the West Duluth people is for the celebration, and that they will loyaly support any commotion at this part of the city that tends toward the pulling out of the tail feathers of the eagle. The meeting will begin about 8 o'clock, and every citizen has been requested to bring all his enthusiasm.

RECIPROCAL RELATIONS

Between West End and West Duluth Clubs.

It is considered likely that in the near future delegates will be appointed from the West Duluth Commercial club and the Business Men's club of the West End to visit the respective meetings of each club a representatives of the other. This was suggested at the last meeting of the Business Men's club at the West End, by one of the members, who said he had talked with one of the members of the Commercial club.

The plan is generally looked on as an excellent one, as the membership of both organizations is disposed to work in harmony for the best interests of the city. Both clubs, in fact, were organized along the lines of advancing the interests of the city of Duluth, and will differ in organization only regarding matters local to West Duluth or to the West End. A consolidation of efforts of the two organizations on matters that relate to the welfare of the city, it is believed, would be a powerful factor in determining the status of almost anything that might come up, for it would practically mean the common interest of the whole western part of the city.

TO CONSIDER EXTENSION.

The city council will this evening take up the matter of the Gosnold street extension between Sixtieth and Sixty-first avenues west. The council committee will report in favor of calling on the city engineer to draw a plan of the project showing the expense of the proposed extension, so that the council may have something definite to work on in figuring the cost of such improvement.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Merrill & Ring company after repairing the machinery at the mill by replacing the broken fly wheels, had another annoying accident this morning that closed down the mill for the rest of the day. The main belt to the machinery broke suddenly. No one was injured, but it took some little time to repair the damage one.

Two carloads of horses belonging to the John O'Brien Lumber company were brought here from Cloquet this morning to be loaded and shipped to Chippewa Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Hagen, of Minneapolis, left this afternoon for their home in Minneapolis. Mr. Hagen is a well known portrait artist of that city. Mrs. Hagen has been spending a month visiting her father, J. Dahl, of West Duluth.

Arthur Smith was injured in the back yesterday while trying to ride bareback John Winness' donkey. The animal while doing a head-spinning act fell on Arthur.

Alfred Grettum is kept at his home with a crushed foot. It was stepped on by a horse at one of the mills.

George Beams, of Scanlon, was a visitor here today.

Tomorrow will occur the Bolles-Osmundson nuptials at New Duluth. A number of out of town guests are expected today.

Dr. Robert Forbes left this morning for a trip in the western part of the state.

John S. Bowen has returned to his home in Denver, Col., after a visit with his parents here.

M. Gundy is back from a business trip at Houghton.

A. T. Shaw left today for Colorado for his health.

There is a rumor that John D. Jones, of Iron Mountain, Mich., is looking for a location here for a spike mill.

Notice our special sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes, Dry Goods, Furnishings and Millinery.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

What a Snap on Clothing

Wear them while paying for them, for **Men, Women and Children. Terms Easy—only . . . . . .**

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS.

Our Discount Sale Has Begun SO we can close out all Clothing in stock. They must be sold, and if you are looking for GOOD GOODS AT BARGAIN PRICES, you should come at once and pick out your goods.

Payments—$1.00 Per Week on Clothing.

IF IT COMES FROM "GATELY'S" IT'S GOOD.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.,

OPEN SATURDAY EVENING TILL 10:30 — 8 East Superior Street. — YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

Crescent Bicycles at cut prices.

This is the first time you have had such a chance to get a Crescent bicycle at a discount. Owing to the fire last week in the building where we are located, some of our wheels were slightly damaged by smoke and water, and we have cut the price from 25 to 40 per cent.

$60 Chainless, now only.....$36.00
$50 Cushion Frame, now only.....$35.00
$35 Chain Bicycles, now only.....$25.00
$25 Chain Bicycles, now only.....$18.00

The above are all Crescents—you know their quality.

WIELAND & WADE,

310 West First Street. Duluth, Minnesota.

July Delineators Now Ready.

Freimuth's
Greatest Daylight Store.

$1 Edition "In the Palace of the King" 58c.

Important Silk News.

Gleaned from this every busy section. No chance or luck has built up this big silk business—continually selling the world's best and most reliable silks at a little less than others, tells the whole story. These specials—

24-inch Satin Stripe Hemstitched Liberty Crepe de Chine—especially suitable for evening and summer costumes—a variety of colors and black—imported to sell for $1.25—the yard..... **$1.00**

At 75c—Shantung Pongee—fully 24 inches wide, one of the most wanted Silks, and very durable, guaranteed to wash—the yard, very low **75c**

Wash Reba Pongee—27 inches wide, in the pretty soft colorings—the new material in washable silk for dainty summer waists and gowns—always sells at $1 per yard—only **89c**

Black Peau de Soie—22 inches wide—all pure silk— rich heavy lustre—$1.25 quality—the yard **$1.00**

YARD WIDE BLACK TAFFETA—An All Silk Taffeta that is worth buying—not a cheap loaded silk made to sell and not to wear—$1.50 value—36 inches wide—only..... **$1.19**

Guaranteed Black Taffeta at 89c—22 inches wide— "warranted to wear" woven in the selvage of every yard—good value at $1.00; just once **89c**

Final Cuts In..... **Colored Dress Goods.**

Five pieces Crash Etamine — desirable shades, made from the finest yarns—a beautiful weave—44 inches wide—imported to sell for $2.25—only, the yard..... **$1.25**

44-inch Foulard Cloth; ten distinct colorings—correct weight for suits and skirts—usually $1.25 a yard—special **89c**

EXTRA SPECIAL — A mixed lot of about twenty pieces—to be closed out—some are plain weaves, a few fancy—widths up to 40 inches—worth up to 75c—to close make your selection, the yard **45c**

Black Dress Goods.

Light-weight Mohair Mexicana; a high class fabric made by Priestly & Co., and bearing their guarantee, 44 inches wide—made to sell at $2—very low, the yard **$1.49**

Mohair Brilliantine—finished similar to a taffeta silk —especially made for wearing qualities—beautiful material for Englans—44-in. wide—$1.50 quality—the yard **$1.25**

44-inch Black Burr Etamine—the popular light weight fabric in black for summer wear—all wool and worth $1.25—a piece left from a lot bought very low, the ward **85c**

CARPETS AND CURTAINS.

A general clean up sale of small lots—bring your room measurement if you need a carpet, and we can cover your floor at a surprisingly little figure.

A lot of China Matting—15c quality at **10c**

Grante Ingrains—all choice new patterns—extra heavy quality—35c value, the yard, only **21c**

Extra quality Tapestry Brussels—select line of parlor, hall and stair patterns—regularly 85c. Clearance price **65c**

HANDSOME RUGS—IN ROOM SIZES.

Tapestry Brussels Rugs—choice designs— 9x10½—at **$10.50**

Tapestry Brussels Rugs — choice designs 9x12—at **$13.50**

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

Good quality Nottingham Lace Curtains—pretty designs—pair worth $1.00—at **78c**

Fine Irish Point Lace Curtains—very hand- some patterns—always sold at $4.50—a pair **$3.38**

Beautiful Brussels Lace Curtains—very rich designs, $7.50 and $8.50 values—your choice, a pair only **$6.50**

The New Wall Paper Dept.

The business done in this department during May was far more than satisfactory. It has made us highly enthusiastic over the Wall Paper section. The key to the situation is the fact that our prices are much below those asked by others for the same qualities of paper, and because every roll in stock is just in from the factory.

Forty different patterns of white back papers, suitable for all purposes—heavy stock and pretty lasting colors—no back numbers in the lot—every roll the 15c kind—we split the price, at **7½c**

500 rolls Leatherette—the paper so much wanted for dining rooms, halls, and libraries—a slight working of old gold on heavy embossed paper, with the wide borders—a 30c quality, at **20c**

COMPLETED.

Northern Pacific Car Shops Practically Ready For Use.

The car shops that the Northern Pacific road is building in its yards at Rice's point are now practically completed. The shops or any of the buildings that have been erected recently will not be used in all probability until the leveling of the yards is accomplished by the aid of the hydraulic dredge that is deepening the slip spaces along the Rice's point and raising the yard grade at the same time. It is the intention to crib all the dock space on the westerly side of the point as well as along the company's property past Twentieth avenue west, excavate the slips and fill in the docks in anticipation of a continued enormous increase of lake and rail traffic here. The trestles and docks on the old properties of the company are also being renewed and put in good condition.

The Omaha road is still doing considerable work on the roadbed of its line from Duluth to Eau Claire. Near the top of the "divide," or watershed, south of Beebe spur, a couple of large bridges have been taken out and filled in over culverts. This has involved some very heavy work, but the track is again getting in goo condition. Railroad men declare that the Omaha roadbed is now in almost an ideal condition for fast running—well-ballasted with a fine quality of gravel, and that a vast betterment has taken place in the past year or year and a half.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At your druggists.

The New York Club.

The New York club, composed of former residents of the state of New York, met Saturday evening and adopted a constitution and by-laws. Giles Gilbert was elected president. He appointed the following directors: J. E. Cooley, F. L. Ryan, W. E. Culkin, J. R. Randall and M. L. Parker. Articles of incorporation are to be drawn and will be signed by all of the members.

An outing to be held at some time during the summer is proposed.

Creamy essence of sweet flowers, healing balsams and milk of plants, describes dainty Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

THEY GO TO CAMP

Duluth Companies In Third Regiment Leave For Lake City.

Third Is First of Three Regiments to Go Into Camp.

Camp Duty This Year Will Include Annual Inspection.

Duluth's national guardsmen entered on a ten days' tour of camp duty at Lake City this morning.

The Third Infantry band and Companies A and C of this city occupied three coaches on the Eastern Minnesota at 11:10 last evening, and it was expected that the Duluth companies would be the first to reach camp this morning.

The departure of the guardsmen was without special incident. The two companies carried nearly their full quota of men and all seemed to be in excellent spirits. Their transportation accommodations were the best in several years.

The report that the entire brigade would camp at Lake City at this time is incorrect. The Third regiment will occupy the camp until June 19, when the Second will go in. Following the tour of the Second the First regiment will occupy Lakeview.

The Third regiment was organized in 1887 as a reserve regiment without any financial assistance from the state. Col. Frederick P. Wright was its first commander and the first encampment was at Lake City in 1888.

The original companies were located as follows: Company A, Wasseca; Company D, Zumbrota; Company E, Owatonna; Company G, Minneapolis; Company H, Morristown; Company I, Ada, and Company K, Brainerd.

Of the seven original companies only two remain. Aside from the stations named the following towns have had companies that were either mustered out or transferred: West Duluth, Spring Valley, Luverne, Fergus Falls, Merriam Park, and Morris.

During the Spanish-American war the regimentw as known as the Fourteenth Minnesota Volunteer Infantry. Its service was all in the States.

The regiment as it went into camp this morning was as follows:

Col. C. A. Van Duzee, St. Paul, commanding officer.

Lieut. Col. C. E. Johnson, Mankato, second in command.

Maj. E. S. Peasons, Zumbrota, first battalion.

Maj. F. E. Resche, Duluth, second battalion.

Maj. H. V. Eva, Duluth, third battalion.

Company A, Duluth, Capt. P. J. Hogensen, commanding.

Company B, Anoka, Capt. A. F. Pratt, commanding.

Company C, Duluth, Capt. Richard Little, commanding.

Company D, Zumbrota, Capt. W. W. Kimble, commanding.

Company E, St. Paul, Capt. H. Lee Tourtelotte, commanding.

Company F, Brainerd, Capt. William Nelson, commanding.

Company G, Princeton, Capt. Clare E. Caley, commanding.

Company H, Olivia, Capt. H. H. Nuenberg, commanding.

The tour of camp duty this year will include the annual inspection in which ratings will be made from knowledge and execution of field movements, guard duty andrife range work, as well as company movements, the manual and condition of equipment.

THE CLOSING.

Commencement Exercises of St. Thomas School to Be Held.

The commencement exercises of St. Thomas school will be held tomorrow evening at the Catholic Association hall, corner of Second avenue west and Fourth street. The program is as follows:

Chorus—"Hail Welcome Day".....J. Wiegand
Recitation—"The Day that Never Comes".....Charles Lugrin
Annie Fitzgerald.
Motion song—"Raindrops"Jas. R. Murray
Girls of the First and Second grades.
Vocal solo—"This Letter is from My Papa".....Westendorf
Charles Young.
Motion song—"Beau Rags".....O. B.
Boys of the primary department.
Flag drill—"Clayton's March".....
Boys of the First and second grades.
Recitation—"Which Loved Best".....George T. Bass
Helen Mackey.
Drama—"The Triumph of Justice"....
Dramatis personae—
Baron .....Michael Cosgrove
Claudio .....Edward Fisher
Agostino .....George Chester
Sons of the baron and nephews to Capt. Xavier.
Capt. Xavier (a kind hearted naval officer) .....Leo Ryan
Col. Rigolio (a military friend of Claudio) .....William McGraw
Myrtillo (a dumb orphan).....
.....Patrick Fitzgerald
Estevan, the falsely accused.Edward Foltz
Pablo, chief steward, rather eccentric, fond of good living.....
.....Daniel Donovan
Gaspardo, a goat herd.Ronald Mannheim
Benedict, attendant .....Frank Scanlon
Tomaso, attendant .....William Koors
Carlo, attendant .....William Casey
Pedro, attendant .....Howard Smith
Other attendants, Joseph Holland and Victor Lanigan .....
Officers, James Lydon and Frank McGraw .....

ACT I.
Recitation—"A Boy's Complaint".....
.....From St. Nicholas
ACT II.
Song—"When I'm Big Like Papa".....
.....Westendorf
John Scanlon.
ACT III.
Motion song—"Sunbursts".W. Neidlinger
Girls of the primary department.
Wand drill .....
Girls of the Third and Fourth grades.
Song—"The Teacher and the Boy".....
James Lydon and boys of Fifth and Sixth grades.
Chorus—"Mottoes" .....F. L. Bristow
Boys of the Third and Fourth grades.
Select chorus—"We're Gypsies" ...Verdi
Girls of Seventh and Eighth grades.
Recitation—"What I Have".....
Mary Hubbard.
Drill—"Dairy Maids".....
Girls of the Fifth and Sixth grades.
Chorus—"Old Home" .....
Seniors boys.
Pantomime—"Nearer My God to Thee"
.....Wesner
Mary Lane and Seventh grade.
Recitation—"True Grandeur of Nations" .....
Leo Ryan.
Chorus—"The Clock has Struck".....
.....C. Adams
Pupils of the Seventh and Eighth grades.
Essay.....
William McGraw.
Essay.....
Edward Petz.
Address .....
Rt. Rev. James McGolrick, D. D.
Distribution of gold medals, diplomas of graduation from the Eighth grade to the high school department .....
Valedictory .....
Mary Donovan.
Response of Seventh grade.....
Nellie Ryan.
Finale—"Happy Days Gone By".....
Pupils of Seventh and Eighth grades.
Accompanist .....Estelle Miller

Special ..Sale..

Business Suits made to order, special values at—

$30, $33, $35

J. S. LANE,
328 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

THE AIR SHIP.

Col. Hillyer Not Impressed With Its Practicability.

Col. J. S. Hillyer, who returned last week from a three-years' stay in Europe, says that one of the most interesting things he saw while away was Santos Dumont's air ship.

"When I came to get up to it and examine it," said Col. Hillyer, "the marvel to me was that Dumont expected to work out a practical airship along those lines. The frame of the carriage is made of white ash, seemingly not strong enough to bear the weight of the machinery and operator. It would not be if it were not braced frequently by fine suspended wires attached to the balloon above.

"Dumont sits at the forward end of the carriage. His motor is at the rear.

If anything gets wrong with the motor, he must move from one end to the other, in order to maintain the equilibrum of the ship, he has water ballast, which may be transferred from one end to the other.

"The machine is so delicate in every part that it seems preposterous for Dumont to make the claim that he will ever cross the Atlantic in it. To my mind, the basic principle of the affair—the fact that it depends on a balloon to make it ascend and keep it suspended in the air, will prevent the practical complete success of the idea. I don't believe from what I saw of the airship's maneuvers that a dirigible balloon will ever be made to successfully navigate the air, except as a toy.

"One great achievement of Dumont's machine seemed to be the motor. I couldn't see just what principal was involved, or how it worked, but its work, considering its weight and bulk, was certainly marvelous.

"It seems to me that before a practical airship is secured, the inventors will have to perfect a system of raising their machine by the means of wings or some other flying method."

EASTERN FAST TRAINS.

Two New Ones Going on East of Chicago.

Duluthians who are anxious to make hurry-up trips East will be interested to know that two of the standard lines east of Chicago will next Sunday re-establish 24-hour service between that city and New York. Both trains will carry only through passengers, ticketed through from Chicago, at an excess fare of $5.

The only novelty of the service as compared with the former 24-hour service will be that heavier trains will be run. Both trains will leave Chicago eastbound about noon, and arrive in New York in time for the opening of business hours next morning. Coming west the trains will leave New York about 2 p. m. The regular 24-hour service will be continued as at present.

It is conceded that the 20-hour limited equipment service can be maintained easily in the summer with the water troughs in the roadbeds open, but it is doubted if it can be done in the winter, when stops at tanks to take water for the engines are necessary.

At the same time, the Erie road will put into commission, leaving at 10:30 a. m., one of the finest limited train equipments between the two cities. The train will make the regular 28-hour run for limited trains, though it is said that the Erie could with ease put on as fast time as any of the other roads if it thought the bulk of the traveling public desired the maximum of speed at the expense of comfort.

CHILDREN'S DAY

Observed In the First Swedish Baptist Church.

Children day was observed yesterday in the First Swedish Baptist church. The pastor, Rev. K. A. Lundin, preached a sermon in the morning in the interest of the Sunday school. The great advancement of the Christian religion can be traced to the Sunday school work, especially during the nineteenth century, he said. The great missionaries have come from the Sunday schools, having in them received noble inspirations for religious work. The most important thing in the present time in the Sunday school work is to teach the children to know Jesus Christ as their savior.

In the evening a delightful program was given by the pupils of the Sunday school under the direction of the superintendent, assisted by the church choir. "My Mother's Bible" was beautifully sung by the choir, with a solo by Mrs. C. Hagberg. The program closed with an instructive address to the children by Rev. K. A. Lundin.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

TEMPLE EMMANUEL

Dedication of Reformed Jewish Church's House of Worship.

Dr. Deinard of Minneapolis Officiates---Other Ministers Speak.

Interesting Ceremonies and Fine Music---Reception Given.

The dedication of the new Temple Emmanuel, of the Reformed Jews, took place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and there was a large attendance at the very interesting exercises.

The principal speaker was Dr. S. N. Deinard, of Minneapolis, who gave the dedicatory address. He spoke of the tabernacle of the children of Israel, comparing it with the Duluth temple. He consecrated the new building to the preaching of truth and justice. He referred to the liberality of his church to all others, and commented upon the advance that had been made from a people that were looked upon as down-trodden a short time ago. He prophecied much greater advances in the future. His people were friendly to all and felt hatred of none. The love of God distributed through the world manifests itself in the works of good men, in the words of great statesmen and others.

Dr. Forbes said that a temple of worship, no matter, no matter where it is located, stands as a landmark of God, a sign of good men around it. In this country and under this flag the Catholic, the Quaker, the Jew and the Gentile, and even the Chinaman, have freedom of worship and protection for their ideals. This is as it should be, and he hoped that the last thread between the church and the state would soon be cut that of non-taxation of church property.

"An institution that deserves to live will survive, no matter how many trials and tribulations it may have to undergo," Dr. Forbes said. He added that we are prone to trouble ourselves too much about the manner and the method of inspiration. When we go out and seek for definition we invite dissention. God's love falls on all, and Mohammedan, Pagan, Jew and Christian may help each other to make this world better and a more beautiful place in which to spend our earthly days.

"When Duluth shall be a city numbering its people in the hundreds of thousands, I pray that a larger and finer building may be yours, where your children's children may worship the God of their fathers—the God of Abraham, and Isaac and Jacob."

Rev. Harry White, pastor of the Unitarian church, said that it would seem natural that the greatest blessings to the world should come from the greatest nations. But such is not the case. Two little countries have done more for the world than any others. What is called Hellenism and Hebraism have kept up the standard of the world to an extent that it could not otherwise have attained. The first created the world of art and literature, while the second signifies the passion for righteousness. Throughout all the ages the Jews have maintained their belief in monotheism. They have proclaimed the doctrine that there is but one God.

Mayor Hugo made a few brief remarks. An interesting ceremony was the kindling of the perpetual light by P. H. Oswald, the oldest member of the congregation. The keys of the building were presented to the organization by the members of the building committee, Louis Hammel, president of the congregation, making a few happy remarks in acknowledgment.

Miss Jane Everington sang "Fear Not, O Israel," in a beautiful manner. The choir sang several anthems, and Charles Applehagen sang two fine solo numbers.

The new temple, which is located at the corner of Seventh avenue east and Second street, was delayed on account of the difficulty encountered in getting the furniture and other fittings.

In the evening a reception for Dr. Deinard was given at the Temple and a large number were present.

Piles always yield to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Cures skin diseases, all kinds of wounds. Accept no counterfeits. Max Wirth.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible torture they suffer. Only one sure cure; Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

Good enough for anybody!

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Royal Mowers.

Our best. We carry a full line of mowers from $2.00 up. Also Grass Hooks, Grass Shears, Hose and Sprinklers.

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CLOSING EXERCISES.

St. Anthony's Parochial School's Final Program.

The graduation exercises of the St. Anthony's parochial school were held last evening at the Sixth Avenue theater and diplomas were granted to a large class. The theater was very prettily decorated with the class colors, pink and green, and included the class motto, "Success is Won by Industry." The program was highly entertaining and consisted of various recitations, songs, dialogues, drills and a short farce entitled, "Mrs. Willis' Will."

Miss Florence Beck delivered the salutory and Miss Annie Schultz the valedictory. Both young ladies spoke effectively and in a manner that showed careful training. Miss Sadie Schubiskey read a carefully prepared essay entitled "Character of Columbus."

The address was delivered by Rt. Rev. Father Corbett who complimented the young people on their success for the past year and urged them to strive to fulfill the spirit of their motto in the years to come. The diplomas were distributed by Rev. Father Kosmerl. Diplomas were awarded from the grammar department to Misses Sadie Schubiskey, Florence Beck and Anna Schultz. Gold medals for other creditable accomplishments were awarded Miss Elizabeth Schultz, William Toben and Miss Anna Roth.

Fishermen Numerous.

The Duluth fishermen are missing none of the pleasant weather. A large number left the city Saturday evening for fishing trips over Sunday at nearby waters. There was quite a party at Middlebrook, on the South Shore road yesterday and some fairly good catches, one of them including a muskallonge, are reported. This morning's South Shore train picked up several trout fishermen at Winnebonjou, on the Brule river. The Cloquet river fishing grounds are said to have also been well patronized yesterday.

BASEBALL.

Saturday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; St. Louis, 1. Second game—St. Louis, 7; Philadelphia, 0.
At New York—Pittsburg, 6; New York, 0.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; Chicago, 1. Second game—Brooklyn, 5; Chicago, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Detroit—Detroit, 9; Philadelphia, 1.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 7; Baltimore, 3.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Boston, 3.

Sunday's Games.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Detroit—Detroit, 9; Philadelphia, 3.
At St. Louis—Boston, 7; St. Louis, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 11; Washington, 7.
At Dayton—Baltimore, 6; Cleveland 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Toledo—Toledo, 5; Louisville, 4.
At Columbus—Indianapolis, 3; Columbus, 0.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 10; Milwaukee, 3.
Second game—St. Paul, 2; Milwaukee, 0.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 11; Minneapolis, 2. Second game—Minneapolis, 8; Kansas City, 6.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	40	33	7	.825
Chicago	39	23	16	.590
Brooklyn	42	22	20	.524
Philadelphia	41	18	23	.439
New York	39	17	22	.437
Boston	38	16	22	.427
St. Louis	41	16	25	.390
Cincinnati	40	15	40	.375

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	36	21	15	.583
Philadelphia	37	21	16	.568
Boston	39	22	17	.564
St. Louis	36	18	18	.500
Detroit	36	18	18	.500
Baltimore	39	19	20	.487
Washington	39	18	21	.462
Cleveland	40	14	26	.350

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	43	27	16	.628
Indianapolis	37	23	14	.622
St. Paul	39	24	15	.615
Louisville	40	24	16	.600
Kansas City	40	20	20	.500
Milwaukee	39	16	23	.410
Minneapolis	39	14	25	.359
Toledo	37	9	28	.243

BRYAN DECLINES.

Will Not Accept Fusion Nomination For Governor.

Lincoln, Neb., June 9.—William Jennings Bryan in an interview has positively declined to accept the fusion nomination for governor. He says he shall take no part in state politics, preferring national politics.

The Only Health Coffee.

The stepping stone to perfect health is—Figprune Cereal. This delightful beverage is a great aid to digestion and its daily use, in place of tea and coffee, is already being recommended by physicians. 54 per cent fruit, 46 per cent grain. At all grocers.

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Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, May 26th, 1902.
In the matter of the estate of John O. Shaw, deceased;
Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of John O. Shaw, late of Boston, Massachusetts, deceased, and the probate thereof in probate court, in and for the county of Suffolk, and state of Massachusetts, have been delivered to this court.

And whereas, John O. Shaw, Jr., has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said John O. Shaw lately died in said county of Suffolk testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis and that said petitioner is named as executor in said last will and testament and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court at the probate office in said county, on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 26th day of May, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-26-June-2-9-1902.

CONTEST NOTICE.—
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Duluth, Minn., May 13, 1902.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Hjelmer Helmquist, contestant, against homestead entry No. 11,972, made Dec. 1st, 1898, for se¼ of se¼ section 19, sw¼ of sw¼ section 20, nw¼ of nw¼ section 29, ne¼ of ne¼ section 30, township 65, range 16 W. 4th P. M., by George W. Depoe, contestee, in which it is alleged that said Depoe has wholly abandoned said tract and changed his residence therefrom for more than six months, last past, never resided on, occupied, improved or cultivated any part thereof, said tract remaining in its natural wild and uncultivated state. That said absence was not due to service in army or marine corps of the United States during any war, said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m., on July 1, 1902, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Duluth, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed May 7, 1902, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

WM. E. CULKIN,
Register.
JOHN MAGINNIS, Attorney,
213 Providence Building.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-19-26-June-2-4-1902.

THE EVENING HERALD

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 9.—Temperatures have generally risen somewhat throughout the Northwest because of the low pressure area in Northwest Canada, which has developed since Saturday morning. The barometer is high over Southeastern states. Light and scattered showers have fallen since Sunday morning over South Carolina, New England states, Western Lake Superior, Texas, New Mexico and Northwest Canada. The winds in the lake region are fresh westerly with more or less threatening weather on Superior and generally clear skies elsewhere.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	90	Memphis	86
Battleford	70	Miles City	74
Bismarck	80	Milwaukee	74
Boston	78	Minnedosa	76
Buffalo	78	Modena	92
Calgary	76	Montgomery	94
Charleston	88	Moorhead	76
Chicago	82	New Orleans	92
Cincinnati	79	New York	79
Davenport	72	North Platte	74
Denver	82	Oklahoma	76
Detroit	68	Omaha	72
Dodge City	74	Pittsburg	66
Duluth	70	Port Arthur	64
Edmonton	72	Portland	78
El Paso	92	Prince Albert	76
Escanaba	60	Qu' Appelle	74
Galveston	84	Rapid City	84
Green Bay	78	San Francisco	64
Havre	84	Shreveport	90
Helena	86	Spokane	86
Houghton	68	St. Louis	74
Huron	74	St. Paul	70
Jacksonville	94	Sault Ste. Marie	62
Kamloops	84	Swift Current	80
Kansas City	72	Washington	80
La Crosse	76	Williston	80
Lander	88	Winnemucca	80
Los Angeles	82	Winnipeg	74
Marquette	58		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time), today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday with local showers or thunderstorms; slightly cooler tonight; fresh easterly and southerly winds

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 9.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; warmer. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday except possibly showers in northeast portion; warmer tonight. The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Upper lakes—Fresh southerly winds; generally fair tonight and Tuesday excepting showers on Superior this afternoon.

The New Department of Commerce.

It is now expected that the bill providing for a department of commerce will be passed before the adjournment of congress. It went through the senate in January and the house committee is now considering it. The senate measure is not exactly satisfactory to the house and numerous changes will be made. It is proposed to give the president authority to transfer to the new department from time to time, such bureaus of other departments as he may consider as properly belonging to the commerce department. This will permit the gradual expansion of the scope of the department in the future and make it possible for special attention to be given to certain lines of work which might otherwise remain undeveloped. The house committee proposes to drop out of the bill some of the bureaus which the senate bill provides shall be incorporated under the new department. Among these are the life-saving service, the bureau of navigation and the department of labor. It is said that the functions of the life-saving service are only remotely connected with commercial affairs, and that there is no reason why this bureau should be transferred from the treasury department. The same thing applies to the bureau of navigation, while there has been a very strong demand that the department of labor be left independent. It is possible that in years to come this department may be advanced to cabinet rank, so it is desired to keep it in its present status for the present. With the lopping off of these bureaus and the probable addition of one or two new bureaus the department of commerce will begin work with a reasonable number of branches, so closely conected that there will be complete harmony throughout. There will not be many new offices created by the bill. There will be a secretary of the department who will be a cabinet officer and an advisor of the president. This position will without doubt go to George B. Cortelyou, the president's secretary. Then, with an assistant secretary, the important offices will be filled. If any new bureaus are created that will mean other officials, but the transferring of the old will carry along the present forces with them.

Education of Indian Children.

Teachers of the Indian children are to be given the advantage of summer schools this year, and they will undoubtedly be very interesting and instructive. Institutes are to be held at Pine Ridge agency June 25 to 27, at Flandreau Indian school in South Dakota July 1 to 5, and at Minneapolis July 7 to 11, the latter being the department of Indian education of the National Educational association. The latter will attract the widest attention. The local institutes will be conducted for the convenience and help of those teachers in the Western schools who will find it impossible to attend the Minneapolis meeting. The department of Indian education will be attended by teachers from all over the country, and its program contains papers, addresses and lectures by the most eminent educators of the United States.

Though the youngest department of the National Educational association, it is one of the largest, having a membership of over 3000, composed of the various employes of the Indian service, who are scattered throughout the length and breadth of this country, engaged in the praiseworthy work of preparing the youthful aborigine for the duties of citizenship. The displays which will be made from the Indian schools will prove astonishing. They will show the practical education the government is giving its wards and the advantages to be derived by an extension of the work. Education is proving the solution of the Indian question as it will of all of this nature.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

The terrible disaster on Lake Superior within a short distance of the Duluth harbor entrance has deeply stirred this community. It took place before the eyes of many people who were shocked by the suddenness with which one valuable vessel was sent to the bottom of the lake, another was badly disabled, while nine men lost their lives, being carried down with the ill-fated vessel that was cut almost in two while proceeding on her course.

It was a beautiful, fine, clear day and hardly a ripple was perceptible on the bosom of the lake, and the disaster was therefore surprising. The facts disclosed point to the conclusion that gross carelessness brought about the terrible loss of life and destruction of property. The responsibility must be determined, and the public interests demand that those whose negligence, if that was the cause, brought about the disaster, shall be properly punished.

FLAG DAY.

Next Saturday will be Flag day, and there are indications that it will be quite generally and enhusiastically celebrated in many parts of the country. June 14 has come to be called "Flag day" by patrotic citizens of this country, because on that date, in 1777, congress enacted: "That the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the Union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation." With the admission of new states the number of stripes were increased, and then dawned upon our fathers the certain future expansion of our country, and the original thirteen stripes were unchangeably restored on April 4, 1818, when it was enacted by congress: "That from and after the fourth day of July next, the flag of the United States be thirteen horizontal stripes, alternate red and white; that the Union be twenty stars, white in a blue field, and that on the admission of a new state into the Union one star be added to the Union of the flag; and that such addition take effect on the fourth day of July next succeeding such admission." Since 1818 star after star has been added as state after state has been added to the Union, until we now number forty-five in all.

The civil war of 1861-5 gave new meaning to our flag. It had had reverence before for the sake of revolutionare memories. Since that struggle to perpetuate the Union as indissoluble, it has become the symbol of a mighty nation. Later yet, as a sequence to the Spanish-American war, waged for the sake of humanity and civilization and liberty, it has been carried to the uttermost parts of the earth, the herald of civilization, carrying the promise of the blessing of freedom.

A special plea has been made by the American Flag association for a general observance of the day this year—to see that the stars and stripes, with all they mean, shall, on June 14, 1902, greet the rising and salute the setting sun: see that the flag flies from every church edifice, school and public building, and from every private dwelling, however humble, throughout the entire land. The mayor of each city is requested to officially call upon the citizens to take part in this celebration.

THE TORRENS SYSTEM.

There has been some criticism of the Torrens system of registering land titles and transfers because more people in Duluth have not availed themselves of the provisions of the law making the use of this system optional in St. Louis, Ramsey and Hennepin counties. The suggestion has been made that the people do not want the Torrens system, but there does not appear to be any solid foundation for such an opinion. There was some question at first as to the constitutionality of the law, and naturally property owners did not deem it wise to register titles until that point was settled. A test suit was started and carried from the district court to the state supreme court. In a recent opinion the latter court pronounced the law valid. Since that decision several titles have been registered under the Torrens law, and while the movement may appear slow at present, there is no doubt that the day will come when all titles will be similarly registered.

While the Torrens system is comparatively new in the United States, it can lay claim to upward of 500 years of existence, thus ante-dating the discovery of America by Columbus. William C. Mains, of New York, sketching its history, in the current issue of the Forum, says:

"There has been in successful operation for centuries a plan which, wherever established, has given to real property the mobility and the freedom excessive charge in transfers which characterize the exchange of stocks and of bonds. The system is best known in this country as the Torrens system; taking its name from Sir Robert R. Torrens, who introduced it into South Australia in 1858. Prior to that time, however, it had been in operation in various parts of Europe for hundreds of years. Registers of ownership similar to those used under the Torrens acts have existed in Bohemia from time immemorial. There are still preserved registers of Vienna dated 1368, of Prague dated 1377 and of Munich dated 1440."

A strong point mentioned by Mr. Mains in favor of the Torrens system is that no state or country which has ever used it has abandoned it. The states of the American Union in which the option of using it has been conferred by statute are Illinois, Massachusetts, California, Minnesota and Washington. Agitation for its adoption has been undertaken in Virginia, Delaware, Texas, Nebraska, Colorado, Missouri, Rhode Island, Montana, Tennessee and Wisconsin. These lists include one-third of the states in the Union. It is said that federal legislation in favor of the adoption of the system in the District of Columbia is seriously considered. The system has been in operation in Manitoba for fifteen years or more and has proved highly satisfactory there. That it will steadily grow in favor in Minnesota admits of no doubt.

The stupidity of the present immigration laws is clearly illustrated in a case coming up last week. A hotel keeper who has a summer establishment in the Adirondacks and a winter one in Bermuda fifteen servants—people who have been in his employ here, and whom he had taken away with him. When they were questioned by the examining board, they candidly answered that they had been hired by their employer in Bermuda to come back with him for service in his hotel here, and that this was the cause of their application to enter this country. There was therefore nothing for the department to do but to order their deportation. The stupidity of the law is shown by the fact that, if they had been hired before starting from here in the first place to go and return, or if they were now to take the next steamer back from Bermuda and apply independently for admission, the department would be powerless to keep them out. While congress is fixing up an immigration law, such features as this should be corrected.

The attempt of the Cuban clique to implicate Gen. Miles in the disclosure to Democratic senators of the war department secrets has failed miserably. It has been found that the documents regarding Lieut. Arnold were in the hands of fifty persons, and one of the heads of departments is reported to have said: "If Gen. Miles wanted to give something to the Democrats he would have selected a good story—one that would count." This is rather disquieting to the Republican leaders.

S. V. ("Deacon") White is fond of making the claim that he is the oldest newspaper reporter in New York. In 1855 he was a reporter on the old Missouri Democrat, printed in St. Louis, Mr. White thinks the country is entering upon a crucial epoch, both politically and industrially. "Though the nation is extremely prosperous just now," he says, "the financial sky is clouded, and it behooves the trading public in particular to act with great care."

An advanced step in civilization has been taken by the cattle-growers' association of Mesa county, Col., in passing resolutions against cattle-roping and broncho-busting contests, which they declare wholly brutal, for horses, cattle and men. They have sent their resolutions to the Colorado humane society at Denver, which most gladly receives this assistance.

Mr. Platt announces that his candidate for lieutenant governor of New York this year will not be "Timmy" Woodruff. Mr. Woodruff has monopolized that office for several terms in the hope of climbing higher, but the New York Republicans do not have the habit of promoting lieutenant governors to the office of governor. "Tim's" star seems to be setting.

A good many married women have read with delight that a young woman in the state of New York has been sentenced to sixty days in jail for flirting with another woman's husband. They would have been still more delighted had the sentence been imprisonment for life, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Some of the British sympathizers in the American press during the Boer war are now indulging in some farewell kicks at Mr. Kruger. But the chances are that a big statue of "Oom Paul" will be raised at Pretoria within less than fifty years.

The maharajah of Jaipur has arrived in London with 100 tons of baggage and 125 servants. But the coronation procession cannot move until Whitelaw Reid arrives with his knee breeches.

Perhaps the best way to settle the trouble between the beet sugar trust and the cane sugar trust would be to wipe out all sugar tariffs and let them fight it out between themselves.

Senator Spooner's five-hour speech added a big printer's bill to the enormous Philippine expenses, but what good did it do?

There are various forms of extravagance. Some people buy $75 Panama hats and others indulge in the luxury of porterhouse steaks.

The Boer trouble is not over. There are enormous war taxes that the British taxpayer must pay.

Kitchener is to be at the coronation and will attract almost as much attention as the king himself.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Big stomachs make small wits.

Swapping horses isn't nearly as risky as getting married, but it is almost as interesting.

It doesn't take a keen-witted bridegroom long to discover that he is the small end of the bargain.

Early to bed and early to rise makes a fine headache while you are waiting for breakfast to be ready.

The presence of mosquitoes at a summer resort doesn't worry the summer girl near as much as the absence of men.

CHRISTIANA.

She is wayworn, she is weary;
She hath journeyed long and far,
In the dawning and at noonday,
And beneath the evening star.

She hath carried heavy burdens;
She hath borne another's load;
She hath shared her herbs and lentils
With those fainting on the road.

Take her scrip and loose her sandals;
Bring cool water for her feet;
Lave her tired limbs and fold them
In fair linen, fresh and sweet.

Part the soft hair on her forehead;
Lightly touch the drifted snow,
That was like the golden sunshine
In rare summers long ago.

Whisper softly, for she sleepeth!
Lay her pale hands on her breast,
Do not wake her! Lift her gently,
Lest you break this perfect rest.

Bear her to the upper chamber;
Let the sound of weeping cease;
For it looketh toward the sunrise,
And the chamber's name is—Peace.

—JULIA C. R. DORR.

El Toreador

By Carrie Elizabeth Logan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

"And the angel took the censor and filled it with fire at the altar, and cast it into the earth." Over the sacred spot where a golden censor had rested in the ground arose one of the most magnificent cathedrals in Northern Mexico. Though rich in adornment, with priceless altar treasures and valuable paintings, its most prized possession was the golden censor discovered by its founder. The blessings that had enriched the great stone church and the small community were credited to the angel gift. It was carefully guarded by an aged priest.

Night descended upon the vast, empty vault of the cathedral. Great patches of moonlight fell from windows far above the ground upon the white marble slabs of the flooring. In a square of unearthly blue light shone the golden censer. A veil of fleecy cloud swept lightly across the face of the moon, and when the blue light again rested on the golden and gemmed articles of the altar the censer had disappeared.

The wildest consternation prevailed when morning light discovered the theft. Only the old priest remained calm and unmoved. There was a strange woman in town. She had come in advance of the party of El Toreador. People had noticed her as an unusually tall woman for one of Suanish race, dressed in black and heavily veiled. She was a devout worshipper, daily polishing with her knees the marble floor of the cathedral from the great carved door to the golden altar rail. The day of the great loss she did not attend service, and it was found that she had left town.

"You are responsible for the censer. Your punishment shall fit the crime for neglect of duty," pronounced the judge when the aged priest was arraigned before him.

The priest tapped his forehead strangely. Then he spoke slowly. "The thief will surely die. He who fills a holy vessel with a strange fire shall perish by violence.

The wise men listened to the priest pityingly. Had he gone mad and hidden the censer? They would keep him under strict surveillence. On his way to the monastery he asked for Manuel, a pretty choir boy. An hour afterward Manuel left the priest's room. He was immediately questioned by priests and persons in authority.

"El Padre has found the thief."

"Who is he?"

"I do not know, though El Padre says I told him."

"El Padre is himself the guilty one," remarked a lawyer.

The door opened and El Padre approached the suddenly silent group. "Come with me tomorrow afternoon. I shall point out the thief."

The priest returned to his stone cell. With his gaze riveted on the damp, dreary wall, he fell into a deep reverie. The wall lost its solidity, becoming a gauzy curtain between him and a cheerless chamber. The curtain thickened and became the rising, swaying smoke from the golden censer, resting on the stone floor. In the midst of a white, curling cloud stood a woman of wonderful beauty of face and form. She was throwing a long sword at an imaginary enemy. In the background a gaunt, emaciated man smiled approvingly. There was a strange resemblance between the cloud-veiled faces, but the ravishment of disease had marred the beauty of the man in the gaudy, striped serape.

The cloud thickened, and the dreamy eyes of the priest rested on the white wall. "Manana," he smiled. "Tomorrow we may expect a surprise."

The town forgot its grief in the arrival of El Toreador, the hero of the arena. It seemed scarcely creditable that this slightly built young man possessed sufficient strength to rend the fierce onslaught of bulls, maddened by the torture of banderillas; yet his fame had spread through Mexico.

A bull-fight is the usual Sunday afternoon amusement in Mexico. People flocked to the large stone amphitheater, the arena being open to the sky, but the tiers of seats covered. A stone wall five feet high protected the people from a mad rush of el toro.

This Sunday an unusual interest drew the crowd because of El Toreador, with whom none could compare. Some inferior fighters tried a little bull-baiting with meek spirited bulls. The crowd grew impatient, and a number arose, drowning the cry of the venders of dulces and pulque.

The vast amphitheater was ringing with vivas and bravos when the priest and his party arrived. El Toreador was giving exhibitions of throwing the lasso on horseback and on foot. His dress jingled with reals and pesos as he cast the lasso with a wrist of steel.

The crowd grew breathless as the door at the side of the arena was flung open, and a Texas bull, with flaming eyes and hoofs that spurned the ground, rushed in charging upon the toreador. The young man sprang aside, presenting his crimson cloak to the bull. The animal was borne past by the impetus of his charge, but turned as on a pivot, and made another pass at the calm toreador.

Suddenly arose the gaunt priest, known as "El Padre," "Die, thief of the golden censer!" he shouted.

The attention of El Toreador was distracted, and the bull impaled him high in the air. Matadors swarmed over the barricade and baited the bull away from his victim. El Toro was lassoed and dragged out to be butchered.

There lay upon the yellow sand a slight figure with a coil of black hair rippling from under a jaunty cap.

"A woman!" the crowd shouted.

"Silence!" commanded the priest "The angel of death hovers near."

Kind hands succored the dying woman in the arena, while the priest drew Manuel and three others into the office.

El Padre placed Manuel in a chair and made a few passes over his face. "Child, where are you?"

"I am in a room with a stone floor. A double door opens on a court. Through the gratings in the door, the setting sun streams blood red. A man who appears to be ill lies on a bed. His lips move in prayer. White smoke curls from under the bed where the golden censer stands."

The party, staring with fixed eyeballs at the hypnotized lad, moved with one accord.

"Go on."

"He sits up, staring wildly. Now he falls back, motionless."

"The man is dead," said the priest. "His sister is also dead."

"Is the woman in the arena the man's sister?" inquired the lawyer, as he moved to the door.

"She is," answered the priest, arousing Manuel from his mesmeric sleep.

"Yesterday," continued the priest, "through Manuel's eyes I saw El Toreador and his twin sister. He was instructing her in the art of bull fighting. El Toreador accepted the challenge to fight the Texas bull. He hoped the wounds from the last encounter would heal in time. His courageous and well-trained sister offered to save his honor and secure the prize. She knew the virtues of the golden censer—who does not?—and she planned to obtain it, believing a miracle would be worked in her favor. She came here and accomplished her sacrelicious purpose. This morning the twins exchanged clothes and arrived in town."

The lawyer announced, "The woman is dead."

"The story ends at the hotel," said El Padre.

"A la fonda!" the party shouted. "To the hotel!"

A Severe Test.

Mille Lacs County Times: Devotion to Van Sant has been adopted by some Republicans as a test of party loyalty. It is certainly a severe test.

Youth and Age In Battle.

Minneapolis Tribune: It came out in the house of commons, on Wednesday, that among the Boer prisoners in British hands were 783 boys under 16 years of age, 1025 men over 60. Thus the needs of defense of the fatherland literally robbed the cradle and the grave.

The Muse Quits in Disgust.

Minneapolis Journal: The poetry is fast going out of Ironquill's life. He had to pass on all the claims for pensions rejected by Mr. Evans.

Does Not Always Show.

Atlanta Constitution: In betting parlance, Henry Cabot Lodge gets the place every time he goes riding with Mr. Watterson's man on horseback.

EXPENSIVE.

Copper In Douglas County But Mining Will Cost Much.

Capt. Dunn, a well-known mining engineer of Houghton, Mich., who has been spending the last month exploring some Douglas county copper properties near Gordon, Wis., was in the city Saturday afternoon, on his way home for a visit.

Capt. Dunn says that there are unmistakable signs of copper in the properties he has been exploring but that it will take much money and time to develop a mine. The rock bears copper but it is in small quantity. He says that the showing is just as good if not better than the first showings in some of the Northern Michigan mines that he has developed. One of the great difficulties in getting the properties developed, is the different ideas of how it should be done held by the owners or those interested.

Capt. Dunn was exploring at the locality where a Finlander was killed several days ago. Warning had been given the men to keep at a safe distance when a blast was fired, but he stood a little distance to watch the effect. A piece of rock about the size of a hen's egg, struck him over the temple, crushing in the skull, without breaking the skin. Te man was killed instantly.

Capt. Dunn said he expected to return shortly and resume operations.

SUDDEN END.

Joseph Pawlak Drops Dead While Waiting For Pay.

Joseph Pawlak, a coal dock laborer employed by the Northwestern Fuel company, dropped dead Saturday while waiting for his pay.

The coal dock men were lined up to receive their money. Suddenly Pawlak dropped out of the line and fell to the dock. He died within a very few moments. A post-mortem examination showed that death resulted from the rupturing of a blood vessel near the base of the brain.

The dead man is survived by a wife and nine children, living on Ninth street and First avenue west. Mr. Pawlak was 45 years of age, and for the past ten years had been employed by the Northwestern Fuel company.

The funeral occured at 10 o'clock this morning. The service was held in the Polish Catholic church, and the interment was in the Polish cemetery.

INDUSTRY REWARDED.

Deerwood Farmer Triumphs Over Adversity.

One of the local fishermen who has returned from a trip to Deerwood, says that there is a farmer living in that locality who is one of the best examples of a plucky and persevering settler that Northern Minnesota can boast of. He claims that the farmer arrived there eight years ago from Iowa with his family and took up a homestead. He was so poor that a neighbor had to pay the freight on his household goods before they could be taken from the depot. During the past eight years the farmer has worked early and late and has not neglected an opportunity to make money. He has eighty acres well cleared and under cultivation, good buildings and is considered in comfortable circumstances in that section. He has a family of twelve children some of whom are now large enough to help him.

During the fishing season the farmer sells bait to the fishermen from the city, or acts as a guide and rows their boat. Between his farm and the Deerwood school district was another forty acres and as he resided just out of the district his children could not be sent to the Deerwood school, but had to go several miles to another institution of learning. One of the Duluth jobbers who had watched the farmer's struggle from the first and who was much interested in him, finally bought the forty acres and sold the farmer five acres of it just across the line in the Deerwood school district. This summer the farm house will be moved a few hundred feet from its old location to the newly purchased land, and next fall the farmer will send his children to the Deerwood school. This fact he triumphantly announced to the curious fisherman.

J. N. HILL GOES ABROAD

To Create Sentiment In Favor of Oriental Trade.

Chicago, June 9.—Before he left Chicago James J. Hill disclosed parts of a plan which he has for increasing Oriental trade over the Hill railroad and steamship lines.

Within a short time J. N. Hill, vice president of the Great Northern and son of James J. Hill, will start on a long trip, in which all the important cities and commercial centers in the Orient will be visited. It will be Mr. Hill's duty to create sentiment in favor of Oriental trade and to disseminate information regarding the Hill route between the Orient and the United States.

Shortly Mr. Hill will place in service two mammoth freight boats which have been building for some time and which are destined for the Oriental traffic between North Pacific coast points and the large cities of the far East. There will be no trouble in filling these boats for the trip from the United States to the Orient, but it may be a different proposition upon the return trip.

What James J. Hill desires, and what he expects J. N. Hill to do, is to exploit the advantages of interchange of commerce between the nations and to educate the shippers of the Orient regarding facilities and the possibilities of such an interchange.

J. W. Blabon, fourth vice president of the Great Northern, said that a great deal of missionary work in this direction had been accomplished, and that the Oriental trade was destined to grow amazingly. Mr. Hill's trip, however, may result in a decision by the Hill interests to increase their Oriental steamship service beyond the present contemplated limits.

It is expected that J. N. Hill will gather data and complete information regarding the situation in the Orient, the best means of increasing the trade and the tonnage, and come back with a supply of ideas and facts that will be of great service to the management of the Hill properties.

GIRLS INVENT YELLS.

"The Musical Cheer" For a College Cry.

Chicago, June 9.—Miss Marion Talbot, dean of women at the University of Chicago, has started a crusade against "roaring, inharmonious college yells," as they are now in vogue among the different colleges of the country.

Miss Talbot calls the college cry which she wishes to introduce the "musical cheer." She dislikes the barking yell of the college student as he gives it now on the athletic field and thinks that he ought to set his yell to music.

In order to stimulate the young women to invent "musical cheers," Miss Talbot has offered two cash prizes to co-eds who will compose the best two "musical cheers." The first prize will be $10 and the second prize $5.

The Woman's union, an organization of co-eds at the university, has endorsed the innovation suggested by Miss Talbot and is seconding her in the prize contests. The young women are enthusiastic over the idea of a "musical cheer" and hope that Prof. Stagg may see fit to adopt some of their melodious college yells for his football games next fall.

ARRESTED FOR LOVING.

Lovelorn Lad's Vain Passion For School Teacher.

New York, June 9.—Anthony Comstock appeared in the Harlem police court Saturday as joint complainant against 10-year-old Charles O'Reilly, a pupil in public school eighty-three, who is charged with writing love letters to Miss Corbett, a teacher in the school.

Since the first day of school last autumn the lad has been attentive to Miss Corbett, bringing her daily remembrances in the shape of candy and later of flowers in profusion. Miss Corbett accepted them simply as an evidence of regard of one of her best pupils. She did not dream she was blowing the embers which were to flare into love.

Two weeks ago the pretty school teacher was surprised to receive by mail an impassioned appeal from the lad to accompany him to the theater. She paid no attention to the letter. The denouement was reached Thursday, when Miss Corbett received another missive, in which her pupil declared his undying devotion and threatened to shoot himself if it was not reciprocated.

Miss Corbett consulted with the principal of the school with the result that the boy was arrested. Migistrate Meade ordered the lovelorn lad held in $300 bail.

ANNOYED BY COMPLAINTS

Are the Minnesota Legislators at the Capital.

Washington, June 9.—Several members of the Minnesota delegation are confronted by complaints from their constituents which are causing them much annoyance. This is particularly true of the Twin City representatives.

These complaints are made in connection with the Morris bill, it being charged by persons in St. Paul and Minneapolis interested in the fact of the bill providing for the disposal of the Indian timber in the state that they have been assessed to maintain a delegation here for the purpose of securing its passage before adjournment. The fact that these assessments have continued is used as a basis for the complaint that the delegation is derelict in its duty in not vigorously insisting upon action.

A member of the delegation in discussing this matter said that the complaints received were altogether unwarranted. He referred to the fact that a delegation from Cass lake has been here for several weeks, but the Minnesota members are in no way responsible for it, and that the visiting delegation can in no way aid in the passage of the Morris bill.

"When the visitors gave their testimony before the Indian committees of the house and senate," said this member, "their work was finished. All that they could possibly do was to present facs. The delegation needs no assistance from the outside on matters of legislation, except in the presentation of facts as to conditions affecting local legislation. The complaints of people in the state are unwarranted."

AN INSULT TO POLAND.

Count Von Buelow Is Again In Trouble.

Berlin, June 9.—The love of Count von Buelow, the imperial chancellor, of saying a good thing has more than once run away with his discretion. He has now raised a storm among the kaiser's Polish subjects by speaking to a French interviewer on the subject of a bill for buying out the Polish landowners. He said the German policy must be resolutely national. He added:

"If in this park I were to put ten hares and five rabbits, next year I should have fifteen hares and a hundred rabbits. It is against such a phenomenon that we intend to defend in Poland the national unity."

This is equivalent to an assertion that the Poles are an inferior people who multiply rapidly and therefore must be kept down. The effect of this elaborate insult can be imagined.

NORTHERN SECURITIES.

British Royalty Is Investing In the Stock.

New York, June 9.—A Wall street news agency has published this bulletin: "One of the foreign houses has recently invested $700,000 in Northern Securities for one of the members of the British royal family. It is conjestured with some show of plausibility that the purchase was for the duke of Fife, who married King Edward's daughter, and who is very largely interested in the British South Africa company, well known as the Chartered company."

It was learned from an authoritative source that high British government officials and a number of the members of the royal family have been investors in the stock of the Great Northern Railway company for years, and more recently have extended their investments to the stock of the Northern Securities company.

At least one member of the British royal family has a block of Northern Securities stock approximating the amount named by the news agency, but it is not believed to be the duke of Fife, who is not a member of the royal family.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Week Commencing Monday, June 9.
MYRKLE-HARDER STOCK COMPANY.
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In complete productions and polite vaudeville.
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"UPS AND DOWNS OF LIFE."
A lady will be admitted free tonight with every 30c or 50c ticket reserved before 6 p. m.

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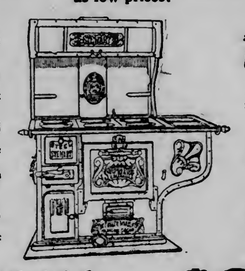
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Boys' and Children's Two-Piece Suits!
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IS IN THE **BLOOD** THIS IS SURE

You have the Catarrh and want to be cured. You have tried everything. There is only one guaranteed cure for Catarrh in America, and that is MEDERINE. It acts directly upon the mucous membranes, through the blood. MEDERINE opens up the nasal passages, soothes and allays all inflammation of the affected parts, whether of the Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs or Stomach, in any stage. It reaches the seat of the cause by filtering, cleansing and purifying the blood. MEDERINE has revolutionized the treatment and cure of Catarrh, and created the greatest sensation in this country. We have thousands of testimonials from cured patients in all walks of life. MEDERINE is pleasant to take, quick in relief and cures to stay cured. When everything else has failed MEDERINE will cure you, our guarantee for it. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis., for their system of treatment. All letters answered.

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TRAIN WRECK.

One Man Killed and Fifty Injured In Michigan Accident.

Alpena, Mich., June 9.—An excursion train, on the Detroit & Mackinaw railway, which left here yesterday for Saginaw, consisting of one bagage car and twelve coaches, and carrying over 500 people, was wrecked at Black River, while running forty miles an hour. One man was killed, three were probably fatally injured and nearly fifty others received injuries of various degrees of severity, ranging from bruises and cuts to broken limbs. The killed:

AUGUST GROSINSKI, Alpena.

Following are the most seriously injured: John McCarthy, Alpena, left arm broken and internal injuries, will probably die; Ernest Latlski, Alpena, right leg broken and probably internal injuries; Jacob Mondorff, Alpena, probably fatal internal injuries; Otto Konowsky, head badly cut and breast injured; Louis Peppler, Alpena, right thigh fractured; George Bayne, Buffalo, sprained back and face and neck bruised; Carl Beyer, right leg broken, three toes cut off and head seriously injured; Ernest Desjardin, Joseph Swallow, Thomas Connors, Christian Wolfe, all of Alpena; Jerry Sherrette, Bad Axe; John Beck, J. C. Rorison, Sylvester Klebba, Charles McDonald, Mrs. Charles McDonald, P. J. Goldsmith, Chicago, slight.

The excursion was under the auspices of the German Aid society, of Alpena. When the train reached Black River, the tender jumped the track. Engineer Hopper instantly set the air brake and reversed his engine. The sudden stop threw the first three coaches off the track and into the ditch. The first car was thrown half around, and the next coaches plowed through it and cut it in two. August Grosinski, the only person killed, was seated in this coach with forty excursionists. His body was terribly crushed and death was instantaneous. The escape of the others in the car was well nigh miraculous. Grosinski's little son occupied the same seat with his father, but the lad was uninjured.

As soon as the occupants of the uninjured coaches recovered from the shock and surprise they rushed to the wrecked cars and began aiding the injured. They were extricated from the wreck with frantic haste and given all possible relief, pending the arrival of the relief train. This train brought eight surgeons from Alpena. After temporary dressings had been made of the most serious wounds, all the injured were brought back to this city, where the surgeons worked over them until late at night.

Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Governor Jelks, of Alabama, has pardoned George Howard, Martin Fuller and John Strength, three of the four white men convicted in Elmore county of lynching the negro Robin White and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. The case is famous as the only instance in Alabama where a white man has been convicted of lynching a negro. The men had served one year.

A bull fight was given in the Plaza de Toros of Nouva, Mexico, Sunday, the unique feature of which was the successful performance of Romulus, the famous Mexican wrestler, who succeeded in throwing a wild bull, from the Sanlula Potosi ranch. Romulus grappled the bull and threw him at the first attempt. One bull was killed, but no horses hurt in the fight.

B. F. Newton, a prominent merchant of Montrose, Ark., has been arrested and has confessed to the killing of a journeyman painter. Persons near Montrose discovered a newly made grave in the woods and an investigation showed that the remains of the painter were buried within. Officers took the case up and arrested Newton, who claims he killed the man in self-defense.

The strike of the plumbers of Washington, D. C., which has been in force nine weeks, will end Tuesday. The strike resulted from differences between the employes and men on the question of "helpers," the men asking that the position be abolished. By the terms of the settlement there are to be two helpers to every three plumbers, and apprentices are to be counted as journeymen.

For some days persons at Decatur, Ind., employing negroes have been receiving warnings to discharge them. Saturday night a mob of fifty men, some of them intoxicated, attempted to drive all the negroes from the town. Another crowd formed and rescued the negroes, but all afterwards left. There was not a negro in town Sunday night.

James W. Alexander, wanted in New York city to answer a charge of embezzlement, left St. Louis for New York Sunday night in charge of a detectives. Alexander was for ten years employed as bookkeeper and cashier by the Tiffany Decorating company, of New York. He is charged with being short $9000 in his accounts. He admits being short, but says he has no idea how much of the company's money he appropriated to his own use.

John Laffoon, a half wild man of Valley View, Ky., killed his wife at his home Sunday afternoon. Laffoon and his wife and small son had just eaten dinner when Laffoon secured an ax and brained his wife. The blade was found imbedded in the woman's head. After he had committed the deed he closed the doors of the room, locked them and told a neighbor what he had done. When asked why he did it, Laffoon replied that his wife had made him mad. Laffoon made his escape and a posse is now hunting him.

LIGHTNING

Kills Two and Injures One at Columbus, Ga.

Columbus, Ga., June 9.—A heavy wind and thunder storm, which passed over the city yesterday afternoon, caused the death of two people, perhaps fatally injured a third and did considerable damage to property.

The dead:

J. J. WILLIS, carpenter.

LOUIS McCLAIN.

The injured: H. C. Cochran.

Willis was killed by lightning while standing near a large oak tree on Upper First avenue. He was conversing with Cochran, who was also struck at the same time.

Louis McClain was standing in his backyard in Phoenix City, just across the river from where Willis was killed. The lightning struck a clothes wire he was holding.

Cochran's conditon is reported as serious.

Several dwellings in the residence portion of the city were unroofed by the storm.

It produces a wonderful effect upon the human system. Indescribable feelings of pleasure go leaping and bounding through your body after taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

CANCEROUS ULCERS

Are in many respects like other ulcers or sores, and this resemblance often proves fatal. Valuable time is lost in fruitless efforts to heal the sore with washes and salves, because the germs of Cancer that are multiplying in the blood and the new Cancer cells which are constantly developing keep up the irritation and discharge, and at last sharp shooting pains announce the approach of the eating and sloughing stage, and a hideous, sickening cancerous sore begins its destructive work.

No ulcer or sore can exist without some predisposing internal cause that has poisoned the blood, and the open discharging ulcer, or the festering sore on the lip, cheek or other part of the body will continue to spread and eat deeper into the flesh unless the blood is purified and the Cancer germs or morbid matter eliminated from the circulation.

S. S. S. cleanses the blood of all decaying effete matter. It has great antidotal and purifying properties that soon destroy the germs and poisons and restore the blood to its natural condition. And when pure blood is carried to the ulcer or sore the healing process begins, the discharge ceases and the place heals over and new skin forms. S. S. S. is a strictly vegetable blood purifier containing no mercury or minerals of any description.

SSS

If you have an ulcer or chronic sore of any kind, write us about it, medical advice will cost you nothing. Books on Cancer and other diseases of the blood will be sent free.

In February, 1899, I noticed a small lump on my lower lip. The doctor cauterized it but another came and broke out into an open sore. I began to take S. S. S. and after I had taken seven bottles the place healed entirely and no signs of the disease have been seen since. W. P. Brown, Hollands, S. C.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

STRUCK THE SPAR

Steamer Fitch Carries Away Mast of the Sunken Wilson.

Same Circumstances Under Which Hadley Struck Wilson.

Work of Raising the Hadley Is Already Begun.

The sunken steamer Wilson was struck by a vessel a second time yesterday afternoon.

The steamer Fitch, bound up with coal, ran into and carried away the Wilson's spar, which was standing up ten feet out of the water as a warning to vessels and a mark of the location of the wrecked whaleback.

A curious coincidence was that the Fitch was going through exactly the same maneuver as the Hadley was when she sunk the Wilson Saturday forenoon.

She was coming up loaded with coal, and was heading for the Duluth entry. The tug Annie L. Smith came out and gave her orders to go to No. 5 coal dock, at Old Superior, and she turned in obedience to the orders. This is exactly what happened in the Hadley's case, the same tug giving the same orders to go to the same dock.

As the Fitch turned she ran into the spar, and broke it in two very close to the middle. The upper part was fastened to the wreck by the halyards and it held fast, though floating in the water. The lower portion, which was unfastened, and it came to the surface at once and floated away.

The spar had born a large red flag that served to point it out a long distance away, and it was plainly visible from the shore. At night it bore a light as a warning to vessels. Both light and flag were floating in the water with the spar after the breaking of the spar by the Fitch, however.

The spar and flag were missed by the people on shore just after the passage of the Fitch, and while many wondered what had become of them, others realized what had happened. Some supposed the wrecked whaleback had rolled over.

A little later the tug Wisconsin, commanded by Capt. McPherson, took out one of the Cleveland attorneys and Manager H. G Inman of the Union Towing and Wrecking company out to survey the two wrecks. The loss of the Wilson's spar was then discovered. The lower half was floating on the waves half a mile down the lake, its white surface glistening in the sun. The tug went after it, and it was picked up with a boat hook and brought in.

The upper part of the spar was floating above the wreck, and while no examination was made, it was supposed that it was still fast by the halyards, as it was not drifting. However, for fear it might break away, and the location of the wreck be temporarily lost, a plank was fastened to the Wisconsin's sounding line, and with heavy weights attached the line was heaved overboard.

This was not a sufficient warning to vessels, however, though it was ample intelligence of the location of the wreck. Last night the trust tug Superior stood off about the wreck, watching to see that no incoming or outgoing vessels came near.

No part of the Wilson is near enough to the surface to harm any vessels, for the only thing that could touch the bottom of a passing ship is a smokestack. This would not harm the vessel that was going by, but the smokestack would hardly survive the shock, and as it is the intention of the insurance companies to attempt to raise the whaleback, it is desirable to keep her intact as far as possible.

The sunken wreck is supposed to be heading nearly north, or a point west of north, showing that when the Hadley struck her she must have slewed about, her stem shifting fully a quarter of the circle of the compass.

No soundings have been made, but from the knowledge that exists of the depth of water and her own dimensions, it is known that twenty-seven feet of water covers her pilot house, thirty-one feet roll over her cabin, deck and that there are forty-eight feet over her hull deck.

The Hadley lies in just the same condition that she did half an hour after the accident, save that the work of wrecking her began this morning. The need of hurried work on the wrecking job is manifest. A northeaster would carry away her after cabins and engine house, and would probably sweep the deck clear. A severe northeaster might pound her on the beach and break her up.

Anyone witnessing the frightful gaps in the Hadley's stem will wonder how she lived as long as she did. Her false stem is pushed to one side, and the timbers of her stem have parted, making a perpendicular gap narrowing to a point at the top and nearly a foot wide at the bottom.

Just below what is now her water line, but considerably above her water line when afloat, the stem is cut squarely off. As the waters cover it, it is impossible to estimate the exact size of the cavity, but enough can be seen to make it evident that the Hadley did well to travel as far as she did.

It is believed that the cut on the Hadley's stem is where she struck the Wilson's walestreak.

Thousands of people watched the Hadley's wreck yesterday, though there was little enough to see. Both piers of the canal were crowded all day long, and from a distance they seemed to be black with people. The canal ferry did an immense business, for in addition to the crowds that were going over to Park Point for an outing, there were the thousands that wished to get nearer to the Hadley wreck.

The terrible catastrophe of Saturday was the leading topic of conversation all over the city yesterday, and especially among marine men. The leading feature of discussion was the location of the blame for the accident, but all such discussion was fruitless, because there will doubtless be an inquiry soon that will settle that point.

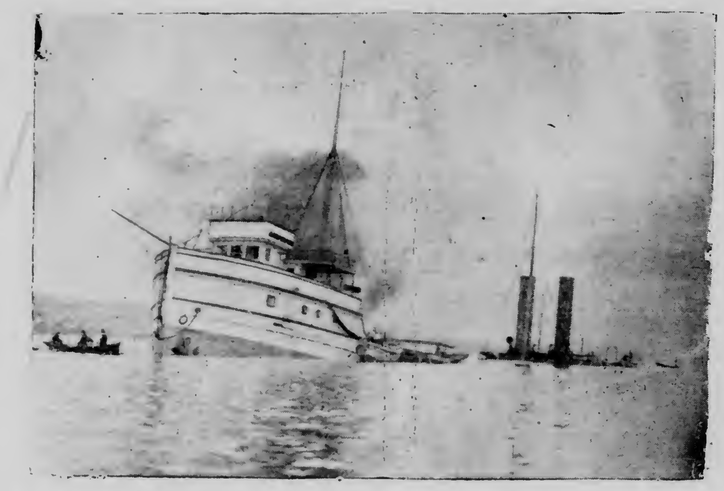
Nothing has appeared to make the officers or crew of the Wilson in any degree responsible. The Wilson never swerved from her course one way or the other. She was going down the lake when the collision occurred, and the force of the blow somewhat abaft of amidships swung her stern about so that she sank heading north.

The blame, unless it is shown to have been an unavoidable accident, must therefore be placed aboard the steamer Hadley. Capt. Fitzgerald, her master, says he gave the order to put the boat "hard a-port" after getting the word from the tug Smith that the Hadley was to go to No. 5 dock, and that he was watching the tug and talking with its captain when the Hadley turned.

The wheelman obeyed orders literally and turned hard a-port, with the result that everybody knows. None of the members of the crew of either vessed will talk, all having been instructed to keep their mouths closed until the inquiry is held, so the full details of the affair will not come out until then.

Charitable people say they can see how the captain might easily have been looking the other way, and how the wheelsman might have committed an error of judgment, believing the Wilson was going at a pace that would have enabled her to clear the Hadley as the latter went astern of her.

At any rate, nobody can feel the affair more deeply than Capt. Fitzgerald and the members of the Hadley's crew who might by any construction of the events be held liable, directly or indirectly, for the shocking affair. Capt. Fitzgerald is 73 years of age, and he is one of the oldest captains on the lakes. He has had few accidents, and never anything anywhere near so serious as this. He is nearly crushed by the blow, and discusses the accident, even with the representatives of the owners of the vessel, with the greatest reluctance.



—Photo by Gallagher.

THE STEAMER HADLEY AS SHE NOW LOOKS.

INSULTS TO WOMEN

Caused a Lively Shooting Affray at St. Paul.

Four Men Seriously Injured, One Probably Fatally.

Shooting Occurred at Italian Camp In Outskirts of City.

St. Paul, June 9.—A battle was fought with pistols and shotguns late yesterday between three citizens and about thirty Italians employed in a camp on the Chicago Great Western road at the end of the Concord street car line, resulting in the serious injury of four men, one of whom will die.

A. Roberge, 556 Concord street, is shot in the abdomen and face and will die.

N. Marcotte, 706 Ramsey street, Minneapolis, is shot in the hands and chest. His injuries are not serious.

Fred Wayman, 556 Concord street, is wounded in the abdomen, but is expected to recover.

Joseph S. Dore, an Italian laborer, has several wounds on his face, and it is thought that he will lose his eyesight.

The battle is said to have resulted from insults offered to two women who were passing the camp of laborers. Pistols were used, but which side began the shooting is not clear.

The Italians, it is said, had been drinking during the day, and when Mr. and Mrs. Roberge, Mr. and Mrs. Marcotte and Mr. Wayman passed the camp after a fishing trip, some of the laborers who were lounging on the ground made disrespectful remarks about the women. Roberge and Marcotte understood the insults spoken in Italian and answered.

A pistol shot was fired and immediately others followed. The Italians hid themselves in the ditch they had been digging, barricaded themselves behind trees and the camp building and from their position of vantage began a fusilade of shots. The shooting ceased for a while and, witnesses say, some laborers ran into the camp building and one of them fired three shots from a shotgun. Each shot brought down a man. Roberge, Marcotte and Wayman falling in the street, and then the shooting ceased.

The police arrested twenty of the Italians and twelve were detained at police stations for investigation.

When once a tonic is established within your system, it produces a most wonderful effect. It's worth one's last dollar to feel the pleasure of life that comes by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

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Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

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GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable, Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WERE RESCUED.

Twenty Persons Were on a Disabled Yacht.

New York, June 9.—Twenty persons who were caught on a yacht in Long Island sound in Sunday's gale arrived at their homes safely early today. The yacht was owned by Charles E. Clark, a politician of the Bronx. The party had failed to return up to midnight and a general alarm was sent out. It developed that the yacht's rudder broke shortly after noon, and the party, helpless before the gale, drifted in the course of the storm, until a passing steamer took them in tow late in the afternoon and took them ashore.

"I suffered from dyspepsia and indigestion for fifteen years," says W. T. Sturdevant, of Merry Oaks, N. C. "After I had tried many doctors and medicines a friend persuaded me to try Kodol. It gave immediate relief. I can eat anything I want now and my digestion is good." Max Wirth.

The Four-Track News.

When the different members of the editor's family ask, "Why don't the Four-Track News come?" it is getting to be like Castoria, even "the children cry for it," and this tells the story. It is the most interesting publication that comes in our exchanges, and the reason is easily told. Mr. George H. Daniels, the general passenger agent, who has charge of it, has the "Carnegie Faculty" of getting good men around him, who know their business, and the result is that in everything the publication department of the New York Central distributes it is "all right."—Brooklyn, N. Y., Journal.

The subscription price of "The Four-Track News" is 50 cents per year. A sample copy will be sent free for 5 cents by George H. Daniels, general passenger agent, New York Central & Hudson River railroad, Grand Central station, New York.

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VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

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LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

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They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

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HEALTHY— It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

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SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

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KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO., CHICAGO.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, telling manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

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SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Morton Denison Hull, Eudora Hull Gaylord, Marie M. Owsley, Frank A. Schulte as guardian of William Edward Boeing and Caroline Marie Boeing, minors, and Marshall H. Alworth, Plaintiffs,

vs

John T. Jones, John T. Jones, agent, Silas J. McGregor, Silas J. McGregor, agent, and The S. Dessau Company, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs herein which is on file in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district within and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your said answer upon the subscribers at their office, 500 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minnesota, within twenty days from the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid the said plaintiffs will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint herein.

Dated April 4th, 1902.

J. L. WASHBURN & W. D. BAILEY, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 500 Lonsdale Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-12-19-26-June-2-9-16-1902.

EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box. MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

MARKET DECLINES

Wheat Started Out at Lower Prices and Ruled Weak.

Fine Weather the Chief Cause of Bearish Sentiment.

Flax Trading Was Light and the Market Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 9.—The wheat market started out at lower prices this morning and ruled weak throughout the session with very dull trading. The chief bearish factor was the fine weather throughout the wheat districts. Primary receipts were larger, being 2,407,000 bus, against 2,712,000 bus last week and 1,927,000 bus last year. The Liverpool market declined 3d. Paris was unchanged to ¼c higher and Antwerp 2c higher.

The visible supply of wheat decreased 2,325,000 bus last week against 2,825,000 bus last year and the total is now 26,064,000 bus against 25,200,000 bus last year. Primary receipts of wheat were 2,407,000 bus, last year 789,000 bus. Shipments 272,000 bus, last year 419,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 500,000 bus.

Corn and oats were weaker in the Chicago market, the former declining 1c and the latter 2c. The visible supply of corn decreased 2,100 bus last week, as compared with 70,000 bus the week before and 504,000 bus a year ago. The total is now 4,280,000 bus, against 6,500,000 bus last year. Primary receipts of corn last week were 6,225,000 bus, against 3,567,000 bus the week before and 6,135,000 bus last year. Primary receipts of wheat were 545,000 bus, last year 660,000 bus. Shipments 383,000 bus, last year 749,000 bus. Clearances were 18,— bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis 371 cars, and at Chicago 27, a total of 398 cars, against 356 last week and 660 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was almost dead. The market opened with July 5c off at 72½c, sold at 72⅝c at 9:32, at 72¾c at 9:42, at 72½c at 11:30, at 72⅜c at 12:38 and closed at 72¼c, a decline of 5c. Chicago declined 1-1⅝c and Minneapolis 5-8c.

Cash prices were unchanged at 1c over July for No. 1 northern to arrive, 1½c under for No. 2 and 3c under for No. 3.

Flax trading was light and the market steady. There was no change in anything but the October option which fell ¼c. Rye fell 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

No. 1 hard—Cash, 1 hard, 75½c; 1 northern, 72¼c; 2 northern 71c; 3 spring, 69½c. To arrive—1 hard, 76c; 1 northern, 75c; July, 72½c; September, 73c. Minneapolis—1 northern, cash, 72¼c; July, 72¼c; September, 72¼c. Rye, 55¾c; September, 54¾c. Flax, cash, $1.75; to arrive, $1.70; June $1.70; July, $1.60; September, $1.43½; October $1.38¾.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 1; last year, 65; corn, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 8800 bus; oats, 8.5 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 399,367 bus.

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McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern, 2 wheat, 2 cars	$0.73½
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus	73
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72
No. 2 northern, 500 bus	72

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Fine Weather Comes to Relief of Grain Bears.

Chicago, June 9.—Fine weather came to the relief of the grain bears who were fearing wet harvests, and at the opening today influenced weak markets all round. July wheat started 1c to 1⅛c lower at 71⅝c to 71⅞@¾c and sold to 71⅝c. Cables were steady responding to the small advance here Saturday. St. Louis was weak at 1c decline and influenced general selling here. Bears sold short. The market had a weak look at the decline. Local receipts were 27 cars, 4 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 371 cars, making a total of the three points of 398 cars, against 356 last week and 699 a year ago. The world's shipments were 9,440,000 bus against 7,712,000 bus last week.

A decrease of 2,325,000 bus in the visible supply and of 2,640,000 bus on passage, helped to steady wheat for a time. Persistent selling, however, by the Southwest and heavy unloading by the local crowd on the fair weather arguments brought a weak close, July wheat 1@1¼c lower, at 71⅝@¾c.

July corn opened ⅛c to ¼c lower at 62⅝c to 62¾c on fine weather, the wheat slump and freer country offerings. Receipts were very liberal at 113 cars. Locals were the best sellers, although receiving houses let go of some stuff. The world's shipments were bearish at 6,225,000 bus against 3,567,000 bus last week. Jul on later support rallied to 62⅝@⅝c.

Corn received a little support from the big bulls and July sold at 63¼c, but continued selling and the wheat slumps depressed July to a weak close, ½@⅝c down at 62½@⅝c.

Oats were lower than corn and wheat. July started ½@⅝c down at 35⅜c, largely influenced by better weather. There was a dip for July to 35¼c on scattered selling but receipts were light and only a small percentage graded contract. Receiving houses bought fairly and July rallied to 35¾c. Receipts were 121 cars.

A slightly firmer hog market at the yards was the incentive for packers to push the price of provisions upward. Trade was small. The fact that all holdings of provisions are concentrated in packing house hands and that one packer controls ribs, one lard and the two together control pork, kept prices firm. July oened 7½c up at $17.50, dipped slightly and sold at $17.55; July lard started a shade up at $10.27½ and sold at $10.20, and July ribs 2½c up at $10.20.

Close: Wheat—June 71½c; July, 71⅝@¾c; September, 69¾@⅞c; December, 71⅛@⅜c. Corn—June, 62¾c; July, 62½@⅝c; December, 44⅛c; May, 43¼c. Oats—June, 40c; July, 36¼c; new, 38½c; September, 28⅜c; new, 30¾c; December, 28⅜c; New, 30⅜c. Pork—June, $17.50; July, $17.50; September, $17.60; January, $16.25. Lard—June, $10.30; July, $10.32½; September, $10.25; October, $10.30; January, $9.37½. Ribs—May, $9.32½. Ribs—June, $10.37½; July, $10.37½; September, $10.22½; January, $8.52½. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.76; Southwestern, $1.56; September, $1.41½@1.42; October, $1.37. Rye—July, 56¾@57c; September, 54¾@¾c. Barley—Cash, 64@68c. Timothy—September, $4.60. Clover—Cash, $8.35. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 79@80c; No. 3 red, 74¼@78½c; No. 2 hard winter, 74½@76c; No. 3 hard winter, 72½@75c; No. 1 northern spring, 72½@74½c; No. 2 northern spring, 72½@73½c; No. 3 spring, 70@71½c. Corn—No. 2, 62½@c; No. 3, 62½@63c. Oats—No. 2, 42½@43c; No. 3, 41@42c.

Main Office—132-134-136 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

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Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provis on futures.

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BOTH 'PHONES.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 9.—Close: Wheat—July, 77⅝c; September, 76⅝c. Corn—July, 57½c; September, 63⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 9.—Close: Wheat—July, 72⅜c; September, 68⅝@½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75⅜c; No. 1 northern, 73⅜@⅝c; No. 2 northern, 71⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	72⅛B	72⅝-¾	71⅝-¾	78
High	72⅝	72	71⅞	78¾
Low	72⅜	72¼	71⅛	77⅛
Close	72⅜	72⅜	71⅛-¼	72½-⅝
September—				
Open	70¼B	69¾	70½-¾	76⅝
High	70⅜	69⅞	70⅝	76⅞
Low	70	68⅝	69¾	75½
Close	70	68⅝-½	69¾-78	75⅞

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market.—
Puts, July wheat, 72½c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 72½-⅝c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 72⅝-½c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, June 9.—Perfect weather throughout the spring and winter wheat belts caused the wheat market to rule weak and heavy all day. There was free liquidation by longs as well as heavy selling by bears and the close was at the lowest point of the day. July 1c, September 1¾c and December 1¼c lower than Saturday night. Foreign markets were generally firm early, but later eased off in sympathy with our weakness. Liverpool closed ¾d to ⅞d lower for the day. Continental markets were generally steady. Weather abroad is reported unsettled, especially in France, but nothing of a serious nature. There was a fairly good demand for cash wheat at the decline, and some export business reported. The seaboard reported a better demand there for export. There was also a better flour demand in the Northwest. Broomhall cables excellent crop reports come from South Russia and Spain, but the weather in the United Kingdom is unseasonably cold. Trade was large all day and the undertone to the market decidedly weak and unless something influences in the situation turns up we look for lower prices. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40 cars.

There was only a moderate trade in corn today and the market during the early part of the session was inclined to rule steady, but later gave way in sympathy with the weakness in wheat. July closed ½c, September and December ⅜c lower that Saturday. The weather is simply perfect and crop prospects are fine. Foreign markets were quiet. Liverpool closed ¾d lower for the day. There was no special feature to the market, which still remains in a manipulated condition. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 500 cars.

Oats ruled easier, purely in sympathy with the weakness in wheat. Country offerings were very light, while there was an excellent cash demand, with cash oats on track bringing full prices of Saturday. We see no reason for any decline in the market and advise the purchase of July oats on all weak spots. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 200 cars.

Provisions opened strong for ribs and pork and quiet for lard. Later, on good demand from scalpers and brokers, the market advanced sharply, but on the advance there was selling of nearby futures that was attributed to one of the leaders. Outsiders were attracted by activity in the market and bought pork freely the past few days. We think the market due to react and advise selling October lard, January lard and September pork. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 21,000 hogs.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., a. m., 75th meridian time, Monday, June 9, 1902:

STATIONS.		Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall inches.
Campbell	Clear	64	50	0
Crookston	Clear	76	54	0
Detroit City	Clear	74	58	0
Grand Meadow	Clear	70	50	0
Montevideo	Clear	76	54	0
Minneapolis	Pt. cldy	72	52	0
New Ulm	Clear	74	52	0
Park Rapids	Clear	72	56	0
Winnebago City	Clear	74	52	0
Worthington	Pt. cldy	72	54	0
Devils Lake	Clear	74	58	.02
Langdon	Clear	74	48	0
Larimore	Clear	78	52	0
Lisbon	Clear	74	54	0
Pembina	Clear	78	52	0
Aberdeen	Clear	78	54	0
Mailbank	Clear	74	52	0
Mitchell	Clear	84	58	0
Redfield	Clear	74	54	0
Bismarck	Clear	88	52	0
Huron	Raining	74	56	T
La Crosse	Clear	76	54	0
Moorehead	Clear	78	56	0
St. Paul	Clear	70	56	0
Winnipeg	Cloudy	74	50	T
Pierre	Clear	86	54	0

Generally fair weather prevailed; moderature temperatures were the rule.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

MIDWAY MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the past week a quiet one on the market. The only perceptible feature was the retail buying of heavy draft horses by lumbermen, west and southwest. On this the tone of the market was heavy throughout the day. Cash demand is slow, only a small export business being reported so far. The governness being reported so far. The governness being reported tomorrow is an important one and is expected to be on the whole bearish. The outlook continues dull and we gather anticipate a dragging market in wheat for the immediate future.

Corn: The market is easier, apparently somewhat in sympathy with wheat. Country offerings are as heretofore small. The change in the weather is to some extent favorable for an increase. There was some selling of July corn today by the interests prominent in the market but was only in a small way and seemingly for the purpose of depressing the price. Cash demand is only moderate.

Oats: The market was weak early on the weather. There was no other noticeable change in news or conditions. Cash oats are at a large premium, limited supply and urgency of demand. As long as these conditions last we think September oats should be bought on weak spots.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 9.—Wheat, spot, dull; No. 1 northern, spring, 6s 8d; No. 2 California, 6s 2¾d; futures, dull; January, 5s 10¾d; September, 6s 3d. Corn, spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 5s 9d; American mixed old, 5s 8½d; futures, dull; July, nominal; September, 5s 1⅞d; October, 5s 1¾d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 102,800 quarters from Atlantic ports, 800 from Pacific and 91,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 100 quarters.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats, July.	Corn, July.	Pork, July.
Open	36⅜	62⅝@⅝	$17.47
High	36⅝	63¼	17.57
Low	36¼-⅜	62½	17.47
Close	36¼	62½-⅝	17.50

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, June 7:

	Bus.
Wheat,	292,555
No. 1 hard	2,906,052
No. 1 northern	2,201,982
No. 2 northern	20,490
No. 3 spring	64,955
No grade	5,985
Rejected	788,458
Special bin	
Total	6,260,008
Decrease during week	1,468,990
Coarse grain stocks—	
Corn	36,370
Decrease	6,774
Oats	7,323
Decrease	36,068
Rye	6,350
Barley	54,320
Decrease	3,740
Flax	324,973
Decrease	41,851

WOMEN

Golfers Will Begin Third Annual Tournament on Tuesday.

New York, June 9.—Miss Genevieve Hecker, who has held the championship of the Women's Metropolitan Golf association two years, will be called upon to defend her title this week. The third annual tournament begins tomorrow and extends over Saturday on the links of the Essex County Country club, at Orange, N. J.

So far more than forty entries have been received for the event, including the champion, who will play from the Apawamis links. Miss Ruth Underhill, Miss Marion Oliver, Mrs. W. Fellows Morgan, Miss Waldron, Miss Badgley and Mrs. E. H. Manice.

The tournament will begin with an 18-hole qualification round on Tuesday, while the first round at match play will be decided on Wednesday morning. The afternoon will be devoted to driving and approaching and putting competitions. The second round of the championship is set for Thursday morning and in the afternoon a best ball foursome will be the feature. The semi-final round will be played in the afternoon while on Saturday the final will be the sole attraction.

WEST POINT.

Celebration of Centennial Begins at Military Academy.

West Point, N. Y., June 6.—The anniversary and centennial exercises of the establishment of the United States Military academy, begun today and will last until Thursday, when the present first-class cadets, fifty-four members, will be graduated. The committee of officers to receive the visiting graduates is kept busy. Among the early arrivals were Generals Joseph C. Breckenridge, John Saunders, M. V. Sheridan, John Mooney, and Colonels John M. Carson and Asa Bird Gardiner; Gen. Wanser, commanding the National Guard of the state of New Jersey; Brig. Gen. H. Harries, commanding the National Guard of the District of Columbia; Gen. Henry C. Corbin, Gen. James Longstreet, Gen. S. M. B. Young, Captain Chadwick, of the naval war college; Gen. Bates, commanding department of Missouri; Gen. Greely, chief signal officer.

Following are on the retired list: Generals Sickles, Bell, Carpenter, Daggett, Grierson, Hawkins, Mills, Patterson and Sternberg.

The first and second class of cadets demonstrated to the board of visitors today the manner of pontoon and spar bridge building.

HAD GOOD REASONS

For Preferring a Monarchy to a Republic.

London, June 9.—King Oscar of Sweden was sitting in the smoking room of a hotel at Wiesbaden recently when two or three persons were discussing the best forms of government. An enthusiastic American defended his faith in democracy. A tall, gray-haired man sitting near by followed the conversation and occasionally indulged in a smile. The American, noticing this, turned to him in an off-hand fashion and said:

"My arguments do not seem to convince you, sir. I suppose you are a monarchist. Perhaps you will be good enough to favor us with your reasons for preferring that form of government."

"Oh, I have most excellent reasons," was the reply. "The first and foremost is that I am the king of Sweden."

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Volume of Dealing Continued Restricted But Tone Improved.

Not Enough Trading to Make Scalping Operations Profitable.

Room Traders Paid No Attention to Usual Favorites.

New York, June 9.—The market opened with narrow net changes on nominal dealings. Neither gains nor losses exceeded ½ in any case and only about a dozen stocks were traded in, in the first five minutes.

The volume of dealing continued restricted, but there was a better tone to the market, St. Paul, Atchison and Reading making good fractional gains. The newly listed Butterick Publishing company stock advanced 1⅞ to 40 and International Power, which opened unchanged at 66, was bid up by degrees to 68 without any further offers. Sugar rose to 128 on the advance in the second hour lifting St. Paul, Atchison, Reading, American Car, Northwestern, Lead and New York, Chicago & St. Louis a point and St. Paul & Omaha 2 points. The market relapsed into its lethargy. Canadian Pacific receded to below Saturday's close, but prices were generally well steady at the advance. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Prices generally worked lower again through the inanimation of the market, but there were gains of 3 point in Wheeling & Lake Erie, Railroad Steel Spring and American Telephone, and 2 by Long Island. Wheeling & Lake Erie second preferred lost 1⅞. There was not enough trading of any importance to make operations profitable and room traders paid no attention to the usual favorites. Very few stocks varied ⅛ from their last 1 o'clock, but Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred rose a point, while ice preferred lost as much.

Sugar rose again to 1¼ over Saturday, and Kansas City Southern pfd, Gas and Rock Island pfd sold a point higher. The bids for international power was advanced to 70. Rutland pfd declined 1½, and Westinghouse Electric 2. There was no distinguished drift of prices generally. The closing was intensely dull and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	68¾	68¼	68¼
Anaconda M. Co.	113¾	113¾	113¾
Atchison, T. & S. F.	80⅜	79⅝	80⅛
do pfd	98¾	98¼	98¾
Baltimore & Ohio	106½	105	105
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67½	67	67¼
Chicago & Alton	37¾	37¼	37¼
do pfd	99½	98⅝	99¼
Chi. Great Western com.	28	27¾	28
Erie com	36⅞	36¾	36⅞
do 1st pfd	68	68	68
Louisville & Nashville	137¾	137	137¼
Leather	13⅝	13	13
do pfd	85⅞	85	85
Manhattan Con.	131⅜	130¼	131
Missouri Pacific	100	99½	99⅝
New York Central	154⅜	154¼	154¼
Norfolk & Western	55⅝	55	55⅝
Ontario & Western	32¾	32¼	32¾
Pennsylvania Railway	149⅜	149	149⅜
Pacific Mail	41	41	41
Republic Iron & Steel	17⅝	17⅜	17⅝
do pfd	74½	74	74½
Reading	63½	62¾	63⅛
do 1st pfd	83	83	83
do 2nd pfd	68⅜	68¼	68¼
Rock Island	172	171	172
Southern Railway	36⅝	36½	36½
do pfd	94⅜	94¼	94⅝
Southern Pacific	64¾	64	64
Smelter	48⅝	48¾	48¾
do pfd	99	98⅝	99
Sugar Refinery	128¼	127¾	128¼
St. Paul	169¾	167¾	169¾
T. C. & I.	62⅜	62¼	62¾
Texas Pacific	40	40	40
Union Pacific	104⅜	104½	104½
do pfd	87½	87¾	87½
U. S. Steel	39	38⅝	38⅝
do pfd	89⅝	88¾	89
Western Union	90¾	90½	90½
Wisconsin Central	27½	27	27
do pfd	48	48	48
Canadian Pacific	135¾	135⅝	135
Metropolitan	148¾	148⅜	148⅜
American Ice	18¼	18¼	18¼

The total sales were 175,800 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Warrington to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The general situation reflects no change of importance as I have recently intimated in the settlers, the news is more likely to be better than otherwise, the market sentiment is not nervous, in fact, prices are firm and offer no inducements whatever for being pessimistic. Money conditions are easy and should continue to improve for some time to come. Crop reports are such as to warrent enthusiasm, and it is this future evidence of prosperity on which must be based any expectation of maintaining the present range of values or enchancement in the future. All known conditions at this writing must favor a further advance in prices of representative securities before the year is ended. The foundations of a big bull market is now being laid. Make no mistake, the long side of the market is the only safe side for many months to come, or if such is not the case, the vaunted prosperity of the united States is the biggest thing in the shape of a fraud on record. There must be some truth in the statements of the best representatives of the railway and industrial properities, even this can be seen by the observation of an active general business unprecedented in the history of any nation.

The labor situation is the only drawback to an ideal condition and as I have contended since the commencement of the coal miners strike, that in this instance the workmen will win, I am more convinced now than at the start, that such a conclusion is almost a certainty. that the labor forces, will hereafter receive more consideration than has heretofore been the case and an eight or nine hour day is a necessary adjunct to the progressive civilization. An advance is near at hand and while it may be deferred for a few days or a week I do not think the opportunity will be offered to buy stocks any lower.

* * *

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: Rumors of impending developments looking to settlement of the coal strike are received incredulously, but it is believed tonight that they may have some foundation in fact. It is recalled that in labor troubles when things are the worst the turn for the better is usually near. The losmses growing out of the present anthracite strike are putting a great burden on both employes and employers and that great pressure is being brought to bear by the business interests of the country for a peaceful adjusument of difficulties. So well informed people feel sure that it will not be long before there is general resumption of work in the mining regions. The strike is generally conceded to be about the only dark cloud in the financial sky. Nearly every other substantial factor is regarded as favorable and as having become more potent during the week just closed. This is particularly true of the agricultural situation and the beginning of what is pretty certain to be a big winter wheat harvest. Another consideration to which large operators attach great importance is contained in the statement of prominent bankers that a larger amount of money is to be reinvested in securities during the next few months than in any in the past. With interest and dividend payments and the maturing of bonds it is estimated that between now and Sept. 1 at least $50,000,000 of money thus released will find its way into stocks and bonds.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co: I don't look for much lower prices in stocks. The strike is losing its influence as a bear factor and everything else is favorable. Any good developments in the anthracite situation would be followed by covering of shorts and a sharp advance all through the list. Quite a bearish sentiment is spreading about the Steel shares. This makes me rather think they are on the bottom and are a purchase. My favorites for a long pull are Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Brooklyn Rapid Transit. Buy some Pan-Handle; it should advance at least 100 points within the next two years. It is possible, though not probable, that we will get a 5 or 6-point break all through the list about June 10, preparatory to the termination of the coal strike.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23¼	24
Arcadian	4½	5
Allouez	2¾	3
Atlantic	31½	33
Anaconda	27½	28
Amalgamated	68¾	69½
Calumet and Hecla	570	575
Centennial	18¾	19½
Copper Range, Con.	57½	58
Franklin	11	12
Isle Royale	12	13
Bingham	31½	35
Mass	19¾	20
May Flower	2⅝	2½
National	1½	2
Mohawk	41½	42
Michigan	11	11½
Old Colony	3	3¼
Old Colony	61½	62½
Osceola	28	29
Parrot	4⅞	5
Phoenix	136	135
Quincy	2	2½
Rhode Island	1¾	2
Santa Fe	175	180
Tamarack	18¾	19¼
Teeumseh		100
Tri-Mountain	21½	22½
Utah	4	4¼
Victoria	3	3¼
Winona	55	56
Wolverine	1	1¼
Wyandott	3½	4
Elm River	12½	13
Trinity	129	149½
Dominion Coal	20¼	20½
U. S. M.		46
Calumet and Arizona		

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: H. L. Casey: "It took the French syndicate seven years to get rid of 200,000,000 pounds of copper and it is not likely that 200,000,000 pounds surplus of this country has been consumed in eight months. Every mill in the country would have to work night and day and Sundays."

* * *

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The extreme dullness continues to be the only feature of coppers. We have nothing to say. We don't look for any particular move at present.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Coppers continued extremely dull today, there was very few stocks for sale and the tone was firmer. Traders are beginning to express more hopeful ideas on the market. They think that the coal strike must be settled and that it is about time to begin the settlement by buying stocks. The metal market continues to work stronger. We believe the whole market is a buy and that the biggest advance will be in the coppers.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 9.—The cotton market opened quiet with prices 3 points lower to 2 points higher, this being rather better than expected in view of the weak cables sent here from Liverpool. The wholesales sent here from Liverpool the wholesale list advanced rapidly during the next half hour, July climbing to 8.75, August to 8.53, October to 7.98 and January to 7.91. In New Orleans, July worked up 15 points from Saturday's close to 9.38 with other months firm in proportion. Later in the first hour, the New York market settled back several points, August, 8.47.

Cotton spot closed quiet and steady; middling uplands, 9¾; middling gulf, 9¾; sales, 2,728 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady; June, 8.85; July, 8.93; August, 8.45; September, 8.06; October, 7.53; November, 7.85; December, 7.85; January, 7.85; February, 7.86; March, 7.89.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, June 9.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $201,526,243; gold, $98,826,685; silver, $24,674,247; United States notes, $9,666,364; treasury notes of 1890, $163,811; national bank notes, $9,624,184; total receipts this day, $2,723,901; total receipts this month, $13,362,368; total receipts this year, $226,980,097; total expenditures this day, $1,588,600; total expenditures this month, $11,548,000; total expenditures this year, $448,951,597; deposits in national banks, $125,969,973.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 9, 1902.—Close: Money on call, steady, 2@2½ per cent; closing bid and asked, 2½@2½; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¾; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills, at 4.87¾ for demand and 4.84⅜ for 60 days; posted rates, 4.85½@4.88 and 4.88@4½; commercial bills, 4.84¼@4.85¼; bar silver, 59¾; Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, weak; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

SUBURBAN

Handicap Will Be Contested For By Fourteen Horses.

New York, June 9.—From present indications, the field of the Suburban handicap which will be decided at Sheepshead bay on Saturday will be made up of fourteen horses. The withdrawal of Water Cure leaves the contest in a complicated state, both as to the result and as to the horses that will participate. Trainers who have no idea of racing their charges are willing to pay the $200 starting fee, now that J. B. Haggins, crack 4-year-old is out. Many have signified their intention to take a "gambling chance."

One prominent trainer expressed the sentiments of a group of horsemen at Sheepshead when he said:

"It's a $200 gamble against $8000. All the horses entered in the race appear to have an equal chance, for there is not one left in that has a mortgage on the result."

The horses that probably will start are: Gold Heels, Advance Guard, Blues, Reina, Roehampton, Monograph, Herbert, Contend, Water Cure, Herbert, Blue Girl, Carbunkle and Dixie Line. Gold Heels is the favorite at 4 to 1. There is a drop of four points in his price since Water Cure was declared out. Advance Guard is 6 to 1, Contend, 8 to 1; Herbert 10 to 1; Monograph, Oom Paul, Reina, Roehampton and Sadie S, 20 to 1; Pentrost and Blue Girl, 15 to 1.

POPE WAS DELIGHTED.

London, June 9.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Rome says the pope was highly delighted with President Roosevelt's gift of a complete set of the latter's works, and confirms the report that the pontiff issued orders that Mosaics of St. Peter's and the vatican be transmitted to the president, with his thanks. These Mosaics are magnificent specimens of this branch of art and made at the vatican workshops.

One Fare Chicago to Boston and Return.

June 12-13-14 via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry; Return limit may be extended to July 31st. Full particulars, with train service, on application to W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Sixty Vessels Held at Sault Sunday Waiting Locking.

International Bridge Can Be Repaired Sooner Than Expected.

Steamer Marigold Starts Tuesday on Supply Trip For Lights.

Sault Ste. Marie, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—To avoid vessel jams at the piers during the break in the international bridge down-bound boats are being held at Point Aux Pines and passed down as fast as locked. Up-bound boats are being held in Hay lake and brought up in their turn. Sixty vessels were detained last night, waiting to be locked through. Present indications are that the bridge can be repaired much sooner than first expected.

A SAMPLE CHARTER.

Chicago, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Madagascar was placed for wheat to Midland at 2¾ cents from the elevator on the South Branch, and 1¾ cents if loaded in the North branch. The charter is a fair indication of rates and conditions in the grain trade today.

THE HELENA DISABLED.

Detroit, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Henela is being towed to Lake Erie on account of boilers being out of order. The United States steamer Marigold starts on another supply trip to Lake Superior light houses.

MAJ. FISK UNDECIDED.

It was reported some time ago that the engineer department of the government, in charge of the lake survey, contemplated the publication of a magnetic chart of Lake Superior.

Maj. W. L. Fisk, of Detroit, in charge of the lake survey, when asked what was being done about the matter, said:

"The subject of magnetic observation has received considerable attention in this office, and it is intended to continue them in connection with the other work of the lake survey, as has heretofore been done. As to whether a special chart devoted to magnetic curves only is desirable is a question not yet decided. Our charts now show the latest magnetic observations at all places where reliable observations have been taken, and it seems quite probable to me that this would be more convenient than to be obliged to go to a special chart for such information. As the magnetic variation at Grand Marais, Minn., determined in ..., 1887, varies from 2 degrees west to nearly 24 degrees east, within a distance of about a mile, it is quite evident that a magnetic chart would be of little use in that particular locality."

DOCK SITUATION FAIR.

Cleveland, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The ore dock situation indicates fair dispatch for vessels again this week. Vesselmen are not complaining about the delays at the Soo as they feel it will help freights by keeping vessels back.

SOLD FOUR VESSELS.

The International Steamship company, in which A. B. Wolvin, o, Duluth, was the leading spirit, and which built on the lakes a short time ago the steamers Asunclon and Paraguay and the barges Loyalty and Liberty, has finally sold all four of its vessels. The Paraguay was sold some time ago to the Sun Oil company, of Pittsburg, and the Loyalty and Liberty to the Standard Oil company. All were converted into oil tankers. Now the Asunclon, which is on the Pacific coast, has been sold to the Standard, and will also be fitted for carrying oil. The vessels were all of Welland canal dimensions.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Fitch, Harlem, Lackawanna, Mecosta, Tampa, Madden, Noquebay, Amazonas, Harry Brown, Brower, Lake Erie, coal; Marengo, Manistique, Our Son, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Saunders, Carnegie, Whitney, Briton, Queen City, Lake Erie, light for ore; Flint, Kelley's Island, limestone; Wotan, Buffalo, salt.

Departed—Iroquois, Houghton, passengers and merchandise; Bradshaw, north shore, passengers and merchandise; Argo, south shore, passengers and merchandise; Tecumseh, Ashland, light.

FOUR TUGS WORKING.

The Union Towing and Wrecking company started out a fourth tug Saturday afternoon, and the officers state that they expect to get a fifth out within a day or two, which will be about all they will try to get out for awhile.

The tug Record was put into commission again Saturday, with Capt. Con Flynn, one of the best known marine men at the head of the lakes, in command, and with Chris O'Brien as engineer. Capt. Flynn is one of the best marine men on the lakes, and while he has not been handling tugs much lately he will make an entirely competent master.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Northern King, 9:10 last night; Joliet, 9:40; Metropolite, 11:30; Seguin, 12:20 a. m.; Martin and barges, 2:40; Pope, 4; a. m.; Martin and barges, 2:40; Pope, 4; Stevens, 4:20; Italia, Amazon, 10:30. Down: Orion, 9:10 last night; Senator, 9:30; Presque Isle, 10:50; Mercer, uzon, 1 p. m.; Iron King and consort, 4:30; Pueblo, 5; Donalds, Wright, 6:20; Mala, Flower, Huron, 8; Mesaba, 8:20; Nichols, 9:30; Outhwaite, Mitchell, 11.

Up yesterday: Castle Rhodes, 12:20 p.m.; Neptune, 12:40; Clyde, Amboy, 1; Clarion, 1:30; Kirby, Hartnell, 2:20; North Star, 3:20; Whitaker, 3:40; Camelia, Malta, 4:35; Van Hise, 5; Pawnee, Orton, 6; Langham, 7:40; Quito, 8:15. Down: Pennington, noon; McVittle, 12:40 p. m.; Raleigh, Toledo, 1; Devereaux, 1:25; Syracuse, 2:30; Iosemer, 3; Harvard and whaleback, 4; Griffin, 5:15; N

RAISING HADLEY

Coffer Dam to Be Built Enclosing the Entire Boat.

Effort to Raise the Boa Without Removing Her Cargo.

Big Legal Fight Ahead---Hearing Before Local Inspectors.

The work of wrecking the steamer George G. Hadley began bright and early this morning.

Nothing has yet been done on the Wilson, but both wrecking jobs are in charge of Capt. Joseph Kidd, the marine architect and surveyor. If the Wilson is raised, a wrecking outfit will have to be brought from the Sault, as there is nothing here intended to handle a deep water job of so serious a nature.

The steamer J. C. Sult has been chartered for the purpose of assisting in the work, to do any lightering that may be necessary and to haul the timbers necessary in the work.

According to the plans now in view, however, no lightering will be done. The idea is to build a coffer-dam all around the wrecked vessel and raise her, cargo and all, just as she is. Then her stem can be repaired, after which she will undoubtedly float. In case northeasters should delay the work, other plans would be to put a jacket around the steamer's stern, or to build a bulkhead inside of her, just far enough aft to shut off all of the injured portion.

The contract for wrecking the Hadley was let to Capt. Kidd Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Three or four drivers are being employed on the work.

The remainder of the Wilson's spar was carried away by the waves last night, an dthe tug Superior, which remained near the wreck all night, brought it in today. The stays that held it parted from the force of the waves, though there was but little sea.

Arrangements were being made this afternoon to put out a spar buoy with a light attached to mark the location of the wreck, and that will be there tonight to warn vessels away from it and to preserve the location.

No bodies have yet been recovered. Nothing has been done in the way of searching for them, for there is little hope that any of them will be found. It is not believed that more than one or two, if any, of the crew were inside the steamer when she sank, and those that were outside might have been carried considerable distances. There is little likelihood of the bodies coming to the surface.

It is likely that one of the greatest pieces of marine litigation ever known on the lakes will result from the accident. Three attorneys are here representing the several side sof the matter, besides H. R. Spencer, who has been investigating the matter for the Pittsburg Steamship company.

Mr. Maston, of the office of Harvey D. Goulder, of Cleveland, is here representing Charles E. and W. F. Peck, who has the insurance on the Hadley. Mr. Cottrell, of the firm of White, Dustin & Kelly, of Cleveland, representing the Pittsburg Steamship company, is also here, and so is Charles E. Kremer, of Chicago, representing the owners of the Hadley.

Miss Maude Tripp, of Chicag, wired the local police yesterday to make inquiries regarding Aaron Tripp, cook of the whaleback Wilson. The police found that the man drowned was father of the girl making the inquiry, and formerly of Collingwood, Ontario.

Not five minutes before the collision between the Hadley and Wilson, Mr. Tripp had asked the destination of the vessel, and on being informed that it was going to Chicago, expressed great delight, as it would give him an opportunity to visit with his daughter whom he had not seen for several months.

OFFICIAL INVESTIGATION.

Government Inspectors Inquiring Into Collision.

The official investigation of the accident to the steamers Hadley and Wilson was begun this afternoon in the office of Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk. Testimony was being taken this afternoon from the crew of the steamer Hadley.

Second Mate Beyer said he was in bed at the time the boats came together. He was aroused by the shock of the collision and went out on deck to find out the trouble. He testified that the Hadley's engines were then backing and that the boat was stopped to pick up the crew of the Wilson.

John Welch, wheelsman of the Hadley, who was on duty at the time of the action, said he had been on duty about four hours preceding the accident. When he first saw the Wilson the boats were about four miles apart, the Wilson coming out of the canal. He said the boats continued towards each other until about a mile apart when Capt. Fitzgerald gave him orders to put the wheel hard a-starboard. At this time the Hadley blew two blasts, which were not answered. Shortly after this the Wilson was put hard aport. Welch said the boat remained running on this course about three or four minutes. He said Capt. Fitzgerald was on top of the pilot house during that time and he was sure the captain did not make any remarks to the captain of the Wilson when the boats were approaching.

The other evidence introduced during the afternoon was by Assistant Engineer Fred Warner, first mate Baxter, and James Lysaghart, a deckhand.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Laxerita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., corner Clinton and Jackson streets, Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
138 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,
17 East Superior Street.

SPECIALS FOR TOMORROW:

Pie Plant—per pound, only	1c
Fresh Eggs — per dozen	16c
Pure Leaf Lard—two pounds for	25c
Fresh Tomatoes—per pound	10c
New Potatoes—per peck	25c
New Cabbage—per pound	3c
New Dry Onions—per peck	30c
Pineapples—two for	25c
Pure Baking Powder—per lb	20c
Creamery Butter—per lb	22c

Order By Either Phone—199.

SOME ROASTS.

Lake County Grand Jury Indulges In a Few.

Judge Cant finished up a part of the June term of court at Two Harbors at 11:30 o'clock Saturday night, until which hour he waited to receive a verdict in a personal injury case.

One of the features of the session was the first grand jury session in eight years. The grand jury submitted a report with the usual roasts, including one o nthe county jail, which was found to be pretty bad, and another on the slot machines, which the jury found growing rampantly in Two Harbors and criticised harshly.

Two indictments resulted, and both of the prisoners pleaded guilty. One of them got two years in Stillwater and the other four months in the same place. This latter man Judge Cant would have given a jail sentence, but the jail was reported to be in such bad shape that the court thought he would be more comfortable in Stillwater.

The case that held the court until nearly midnight Saturday night was a personal injury suit, that of Ole Anderson against Powell & Mitchell, contractors on the Two Harbors breakwater. Anderson was hurt, and he sued for $1,999. The jury gave him $250. John Jenswold was his attorney.

The cases against the bondsmen of A. H. Wagner, who was treasurer of Beaver Bay township and of the school district, and postmaster as well, when he died suddenly and somewhat mysteriously, came up. In the case against his bondsmen as treasurer of the township Judge Cant directed the jury to return a verdict for the township of $1,700. The other case, involving the school district funds, followed the result in this one. Wagner was short in his accounts with the township, school district and postoffice.

One case that is to come up is somewhat peculiar. County Auditor Olson went to St. Paul on business for the county and put in a bill for $16, his expenses. County Auditor Aubolee said the county board had no right to pay the bill, and it was held up. He is now suing, and it will cost the county several times the amount involved to find out whether it is a proper charge or not.

Court adjourned Saturday night for two weeks.

COURT ON WHEELS

Has Gone to Range Towns to Put In Week.

The "court on wheels" left this morning over the Duluth & Iron Range road for the range towns, where sessions will be held all during this week for the purpose of hearing applications for citizenship papers. Each of the principal range towns will be visited, beginning with the Vermilion range and ending up with Hibbing, on the Western Mesaba range.

Judge Cant will preside, and in the party are Clerk of Court J. P. Johnson, and Deputies H. A. Liedel and F. D. Tindolph, and Deputy Sheriff H. N. Randall.

FORMAL OPENING.

Open House In Armour & Co.'s Handsome Place.

The new quarters of the Armour Packing company at the corner of First avenue west and Michigan street, were thronged with visitors today at the opening. Thousands of people roamed at will through the institution admiring the handsome offices, the ample coolers, watched the hams and bacon put in the smoke houses and all the work regularly performed in one of the large packing houses. The Armour company also served the visitors with a substantial lunch, treated them to music and distributed flowers among the ladies.

NOT INJURING THEM.

Rains Not Heavy Enough To Hurt the Crops.

Some apprehension has been felt here in grain circles the past few days regarding the effect of several heavy rains in the wheat country on the growing crop. It was feared that these rains, coming so soon after the seeding of the majority if the wheat area had just been completed, and after such a wet spring, might have a serious bearing on the outlook for the maturity of the crop.

John Miller said this morning that he had received numerous advices from various points in North Dakota that tend to dispose of this alarm. His reports show, the governor said, that the crop is coming along finely in spite of the several rains, and that they bear great promise.

NO QUORUM.

New York, June 9.—The meeting of the directors of the Amalgamated Copper company, in Jersey City, called for today, was adjourned without delay, there being no quorum present.

TAKES IT LIGHTLY

J. Adam Bede Would Be Pleased To Have Searle Run.

Would Rather Have Him Than Any Other Candidate.

Mr. Searle Earned His Enmity In Last Congressional Campaign.

J. Adam Bede arrived in the city yesterday, some say to investigate the candidacy of Frank Searle for the Republican nomination for congress. Others intimate that the Pine City man came up to see what sort of boomlet Jesse L. Jellison, of Bass Lake, is carrying about with him. Mr. Bede himself declines to discuss the candidacy of Mr. Jellison. His friends intimate that he is not in sympathy with the movement of what he terms practical jokers to get the Itasca county statesman from his money.

But when it comes to Mr. Searle's candidacy, there is a visible brightening up in Mr. Bede's manner. He straightens up quickly from his habitual thoughtful attitude and there is just a trace of bitterness in the expression that flits across his face. Then all is lovely again, and he ends up by preaching the gospel of loving one another. Before this philosophic mood returns, however, the statesman from Pine City generally says a word or two on the subject. And he did when it was broached to him this morning.

"Mr. Searle's candidacy? Why, yes, I've read about it. Well, while I don't want any opposition at all, I've got to have it, I'd rather have Mr. Searle's than any other that I know of," retorted Mr. Bede. "Trouble between us? Oh, Mr. Searle, while acting as chairman of the congressional district committee two years ago, cut out three of my dates in this county in an attempt to make people believe that I had it in for Judge Morris. I was stumping the state for the party and was under control of the state central committee, as I am the committee to assign three speeches to St. Louis county during the campaign. These three dates got lost with Mr. Searle in some way. One of the speeches was to have been delivered at Great Eastern hall. But here's an advance copy of the last issue of my Budget. That's tell about it."

Bede's Budget gives a few additional particulars that indicate its editor's feeling towards Mr. Searle:

"F. E. Searle, the last candidate to be mentioned, is recently from St. Cloud, once a part of this district, but now cut off. He has not a very wide acquaintance over the present district. He recently interviewed himself in St. Paul to the effect that Duluth demanded a business man's candidate, and tendered his personal services in that capacity. This reminds us—but let it pass. Two years ago when the Budget editor was stumping the state under the auspices of the state committee, three dates were made for him in St. Louis county at the request of the county chairman, but before the time came around to fill them, Mr. Searle as chairman of the congressional committee, had them cut out. Still the old command to love one another should be obeyed, and little things like this should never ruffle the temper of a gentleman. Mr. Searle would make an excellent candidate, as he would have to spend a good deal of money to get any votes. He has made something in iron lately."

In this connection the intimation is made that Mr. Searle's candidacy is not receiving the whole-souled support of the other members of the Republican machine that might be expected. It is said that Mr. Searle has many friends on the board of trade, in which he has his office, who have urged him to become a candidate. On the other hand, the regular machine leaders are said to feel that while Mr. Searle is an adept at directing a campaign, he is not the ideal man to run, from their point of view. Mr. Bede seems to be of the same impression.

A BAD FALL.

W. E. Morrow Thrown From Wheel at Night.

W. E. Morrow, chief of the voucher department of the Oliver and Minnesota Iron Mining companies, suffered an accident while out bicycling on London road yesterday in which he sustained painful and perhaps serious injuries. He was coasting down the hill at night, and his bicycle lantern became loosened and got caught in the spokes of the wheel, throwing Mr. Morrow heavily from his seat.

The result was a series of painful bruises and abrasions that caused him to take to his bed at once and summon a physician. He will probably be laid up for a week or so, unless it should develop that internal injuries have been sustained.

Fishing Party.

F. J. Barrows, of Minneapolis, deputy state oil inspector, arrived in the city this morning, the advance agent of a fishing party that is expected tonight to make a trip to Chicago bay. The party will include F. C. Schiffman, of St. Paul, state oil inspector; H. G. Hays, editor of the Sleepy Eye Dispatch; James A. Larson, of Redwood, a member of the house of representatives, and others.

BOY KILLED.

St. Paul, June 9.—A Winona special to the Dispatch says: Louis Scherer, 16 years old, a student in the high school, died today, from the effects of a blow given him last evening, over the ear with a club or a cane, by John Haas, of the same age. Scherer was able to go home without showing any ill effects of the blow. This morning, when called, he was found dying. A post mortem showed death due to a clot of blood pressing on the brain. Scherer was an infant seven months old when the Milwaukee & St. Paul vestibuled train was wrecked at Rio, in October, 1896, and his mother and grandmother were imprisoned in a car and burned to death while he was rescued from his mother's arms by the late Bishop Henry B. Whipple.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal). Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Removal!

On or before July 1st, I will move from 201 W. Superior St. into my new quarters at

12 West Superior Street,
Near Lake Avenue.

R. Krojanker
Leading Furrier.

PRINCETON.

The Graduating Class Is Largest In Its History.

Princeton, N. J., June 9.—The weather was clear and cool today and the campus was crowded with those who had gathered to attend the university class day exercises. The Annapolis naval academy band arrived today and will give daily concerts. The board of trustees began its annual commencement session today. Former President Cleveland, who was recently elected a member, was among those present. The 1902 class day exercises were held in Alexander hall. Edgar H. Johnson delivered the class oration and Robert P. Schauffler read the class poem. At the close of these exercises the ivy oration was delivered from the steps of Nassau hall by Alex J. Barron and the class ivy was planted beneath a window of the building.

The alumni exercises were held this afternoon. The graduating class is the largest in the history of Princeton. It numbers 258 members, 178 academic, 68 scientific departments, 9 engineering department and 3 special.

SUBSIDED.

Excitement at Marian, Miss., and Vicinity Has Quieted.

Meridian, Miss., June 9.—Telephone reports from Marian and points in the north of Lauderdale county bring news that the excitement of Saturday night has somewhat subsided. Green Johnson and Nate Moore, the negroes arrested Saturday afternoon as leaders in the movement to murder the whites, were released today, owing to a failure to identify them as rioters and writers of the letters, appointing the rendezvous for the negroes who had been armed. The decisive action of the whites in visiting negroes and telling them that the first move on their part to carry out their plans would result in their wholesale slaughter, is believed to have had a quieting effect.

FATHER AND SON HELD.

Charged With Murder of Mexican Sheep Man.

Alamosa, Col., June 9.—Herschel Smith and his son Orval, accused of being connected with the murder of a Mexican sheep man had their preliminary trial last night. Herschel Smith's bail was fixed at $10,000 and his son's at $15,000. Both gave bond. At the close of the trial, the Smith's made an attempt to whip the prinipal witness and the officers had to draw their revolvers before they could quiet them.

OUT IN SQUALL.

Many People Anxious For Safety of Friends.

Boston, June 9.—The harbormaster's office and the police stations along the waterfront were besieged today by anxious men and women, making inquiries for friends who went out in small craft yesterday and had not returned when a heavy squall swept over the harbor between 7 and 8 o'clock last evening. More than 20 persons were missing this morning. The squall came very quickly and was unusually strong and it is feared that small boats, heavily loaded, could not have survived.

GAMBLERS DISCHARGED.

No Evidence of Working a "Brace" Game.

New York, June 9.—William (Bat.) Masterson, J. Sanders, Leopold Frank and James C. Sullivan, who were arrested Friday night on the charge of having swindled George A. Snow by means of a "brace" game of faro, and were held on affidavit made out by the detectives charging them with a misdemeanor for having possession of a gambling paraphernalia, were re-arraigned today and discharged. Masterson was fined $10 for carrying a concealed weapon.

DANISH MINISTERS.

Copenhagen, June 9.—Constantin Brun, the Danish minister to the United States is expected to arrive here shortly on leave of absence. It is said in well informed quarters, that Mr. Brun is desirous of an appointment to the Paris legation, but that the government will probably wish him to remain at Washington and that P. L. E. De Lievoern, the minister of Denmark at St. Petersburg will be designated for the Paris legation. The present Danish minister at Paris, J. H. De Hegermann-Lindencrone, will go to Berlin at the end of the summer.

EMIGRATION INCREASING.

Copenhagen, June 9.—Emigration from this port to the United States is assuming increasing proportions. The emigrants are mostly young Swedes, who are leaving for America partly on account of the more stringent military service regulations.

PETITION DENIED.

Trenton, N. J., June 9.—Judge Kirkpatrick in the United States circuit court today, denied the petition of William C. Bullit for the removal of John M. Mack, as one of the receivers for the Osphalt Company of America and the National Asphalt company. The petition presented by Mr. Bullit's counsel was the one presented to Judge Kirkpatrick about two weeks ago.

SHOT THREE.

Two Desperate Prisoners Escape From Oregon Penitentiary.

Salem, Ore., June 9.—Two desperate prisoners, Harry Tracy, sentenced to twenty years, and David Merrill, a 13-year man, serving sentences for assault and robbery, committed in Multonomah county, escaped from the penitentiary this morning, after killing three guards, Frank Ferrel, shop guard, S. H. Jones and Ben Tiffany, fencemen.

The prisoners had just marched into the foundry for work at 7 a. m., when Tracy suddenly appeared with a rifle, shot Guard Ferrel, killing him almost instantly. Ingram, a lifer, attempted to take the gun away when Merrill shot Ingram in the leg. Getting outside they shot Guard Jones at a distance of 150 yards. Guard Tiffany after being wounded, jumped off the fence and followed the men, shooting at them until they killed him. The prisoners then escaped into the woods. A posse of forty men is out after the prisoners and has them located in the woods.

A battle is expected. The posse is headed by Sheriff Durbin, Sheriff-elect Colbath and several officers from the prison. The prisoners are armed with two rifles and two revolvers. The arms are believed to have been thrown over the stockade Sunday night, by friends among the excursionists who came from Portland.

Ingram, the wounded prisoner, was sentenced from Linn county for killing his brother in 1891.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, June 9.—An Eau Claire special to the Dispatch says: Dr. Harry W. Koppelberger, of Wheaton, Minn., died on Sunday of consumption ot the home of his parents in this city.

Milwaukee, June 9.—An Evening Wisconsin from Eau Claire, Wis., says: Rev. Hayme, president of the United Norwegian church of America, died today. Bishop Hoyme has been ailing a long time and death was not unexpected.

REBECCA'S DISMISSLA.

Representative Wants to Know the Reason Thereof.

Washington, June 9.—Representative Shallenberger, of Nebraska, a member of the house committee on civil service reform today introduced a resolution requiring the secretary of war to communicate to the house "the causes and reason for the dismissal of Rebecca J. Taylor, formerly of St. Paul, from her position in the classified service of the war department. Miss Taylor is the clerk recently dismissed by the war department for writing letters to the press criticising the president in connection with the administrating of Philippine affairs.

BEARDSLEY GUILTY.

Was Doing An Insurance Business Without License.

St. Paul, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The jury which tried Earl De eVre Beardsley had a conference of ten minutes in the jury room and then brought in a verdict of guilty to Judge Bunn. Mr. Beardsley is the local agent of the Co-operative Home company which has been doing an extensive business in this state and was arrested and indicted on a charge that he was doing an insurance business without securing a license from the insurance commissioner. The offense is a misdemeanor and not a felony, and the penalty prescribed is a fine.

FOR THE ARMY.

President Sends Several Nominations to the Senate.

Washington, June 9.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Army—Brig. Gens. John C. Bates and George M. Davis, to be major generals.

Colonels to be brigadier generals: Theodore F. Wint, Sixth cavalry; Frank D. Baldwin, Twenty-seventh infantry; Jesse M. Lee, Thirtieth infantry; William H. Carter, assistant adjutant general.

Major to be brigadier general: Lasker H. Bliss, commissary.

Surgeon general for a period of four years, with rank of brigadier general: Col. William H. Forwood, assistant surgeon general.

Silas A. McFarland, Iowa, now consul at Nottingham, to be consul at Reichenberg, Austria; Frank W. Mahin, Iowa, now consul at Reichenberg, to be consul at Nottingham, England.

MYSTIC SHRINERS

Assemble at San Francisco For Imperial Council.

San Francisco, June 9.—Nobles of the Mystic Shrine have assembled here from all parts of the country to attend their imperial council this week.

Special trains bearing Shriners, their families and friends, are arriving hourly. Over 1500 members of the order reached here yesterday and several thousand more arrived today. Perfect weather prevails.

The delegations from Minneapolis, Cedar Rapids, Omaha and Lincoln, Neb., are due late today.

Informal receptions and entertainments are being held today. Tomorrow the imperial council will meet and there will be two great parades.

DIVIDENDS

Declared By Directors of Chicago Great Western.

St. Paul, June 9.—The directors of the Chicago Great Western met in St. Paul today and declared the semi-annual dividend of $2.50 per share on the preferred "A" stock for the half year ending June 30. The transfer books will be closed June 28. A dividend of £2 per share on the 4 per cent debenture stock of the company will also be declared. The former dividend is payable July 31 and the latter July 31.

The meeting of the directors was purely a formal one, called for the purpose of declaring the usual dividends.

GOVERNOR RETURNS.

St. Paul, June 9.—Governor Van Sant returned today from Washington. Of the political situation he had nothing to say, except that everything was harmonious among the Republicans. President Roosevelt told the governor that he would be in Minnesota in September.

FLOODS IN PORTO RICO.

San Juan, June 9.—Extensive floods have occurred in the Patillas district of this island. Five persons have been drowned, a number of houses have been destroyed and other damage done.

GOING TO WEST POINT.

Washington, June 9.—The president will leave here tomorrow at midnight over the Pennsylvania railroad on a special train for West Point, where he will attend the centennial exercises. The following will constitute the party: The president, Miss Carew, Secretary Root, Postmater General Payne, Secretary Moody, Secretary Cortelyou, Gen. S. B. M. Young, Gen. Leonard Wood, Col. T. A. Bingham, Dr. Urie, stenographer, and two messengers.

STEEL TRUST

Wins In One Case, Another to Be Decided.

New York, June 9.—Judge Lacombe, in the United States circuit court today, denied the application made by the C. H. Werner company and others to restrain the United States Steel corporation from issuing $250,000,000 in bonds and retiring at the same time $200,000,000 of preferred stock of the corporation. The suit was originally brought in the supreme court of this state, but was transferred to the United States court, because it involved a question as to the constitutionality of a New Jersey law.

Vice Chancellor Emery sitting in Newark, N. J., granted a rule to show cause why the proposed plan of the United States Steel corporation to convert $200,000,000 of its preferred stock into bonds of the same amount should not be enjoined.

The rule is returnable tomorrow. It carries with it a temporary restraint against the consummation of the plan pending disposition of the matter. Application for the order was made by Robert H. McCarter, as counsel for Mrs. Merriman Berger, who lives in Sullivan county, N. Y. Associated with Mr. Berger are other holders of preferred stock of the steel corporation, to tahe extent of 1200 shares. A bill in the case which was filed at Trenton alleged that the proposed conversion oft he preferred stock into bonds is unconstitutional, as impairing the vested rights of holders of the stock.

ENGLAND WINS

In Second Polo Game With American Team.

Hurlingham, England, June 9.—In the polo tournament the English team scored the first goal in ten minutes. The Americans scored a goal in the first half of the second period. England won by six goals to one.

HOTELS MUST MOVE.

Must Get Off Fortress Monroe Military Reservation.

Washington, June 9.—The secretary of war has notified the owners of the Hygeia hotel and other private establishments on the military reservation at Fort Monroe, W. Va., that the land occupied by them is urgently needed for military purposes and their buildings and contents must be removed within a "reasonable time." This action is taken on the recommendation of a board of army officers appointed to consider the subject in connection with an opinion given by Judge Advocate General Davis, as to the law in the case. It is the purpose of the department to extend the batteries at this post and to erect a number of new buildings for purely military purposes.

FOR OYSTER BAY.

Mrs. Roosevelt and Family Leave on Dolphin.

Washington, June 9.—Mrs. Roosevelt and her children left Washington this forenoon on the Dolphin for Oyster bay, where the family will spend the summer. The Dolphin will stop at New York tomorrow afternoon, to enable Mrs. Roosevelt to do some shopping and will proceed to Oyster bay on Wednesday.

The party was accompanied from the White House to the navy yard where the Dolphin was awaiting them, by Secretary Cortelyou.

Mrs. Roosevelt will remain at Oyster bay until after July 4. She will then return to Washington and remain with the president, until he leaves Washington.

TO THE PRESIDENT

Records of Smith Courtmartial Will Be Taken.

Washingson, June 9.—The records of the courtmartial proceedings in the case of Gen. Jacob H. Smith, who was tried in the Philippines, for alleged cruelty in the prosecution of the campaign in Samar reached the war department today. The papers were placed directly in the hands of Secretary Root, without having gone through the usual channels. The secretary will take the case to the White House for the president's consideration, and in meanwhile no statement in regard to it is available at the war department.

HOSPITAL ON FIRE.

Chicago, June 9.—The hospital of St. Luke's society, at Twentieth and Wabash avenues, took fire at 3:10 p. m. and is burning rapidly. A panic ensued among the patients, but every effort is being made to get them all out of the building, which is a seven-story brick structure and was formerly the Woodruff hotel. It is rumored that four patients perished.

UMBRELLA MENDER'S CRIME.

Eau Claire, Wis., June 9.—Byron Shurtleff, an umbrella mender shot and killed his wife today and then shot himself. Shurtleff is still alive. Domestic troubles are said to be the cause for the tragedy.

LIBERTY

Bell Is on Its Way Back to Philadelphia.

Washington, June 9.—The liberty bell arrived here today en route to Philadelphia, from the Charleston exposition, where it has been on exhibition. The arrival of the bell was marked with brief patriotic exercises and thousands of people passed before the car throughout the day and viewed the bell.

The ceremonies began by the playing of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the United States marine band. President McFarland, of the board of commissioners, then delivered an address. Chairman Wilson H. Brown, of the joint committee of the councils of the Philadelphia, responded. Following this the marine band played "Sousa's "Liberty Bell." The crowd was then permitted to pass by the car. A number of children were lifted onto the car while little bunches of flowers from other children placed on the car were carefully laid on top of the bell. During the exercises the minute men, uniformed in colonial uniform, took position in front of the car, where they remained through the day. The marine and other bands remained through the day and played patriotic selections at intervals.

The car will remain here over night and will proceed to Philadelphia at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Established 1869.

MANLEY - McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.

You want the best—We furnish it.

Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Nora O'Neill and Louis Blssmore.
Gustaf Kurkl and Kaisa Haapala.

BIRTHS.

CRAIG—A son has been born to Mrs. Ruth Craig, of 5722 Raleigh street.

CARLSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Victor Carlson, of 502 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

LUND—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. Lund, of 615 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

JACKSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Knute A. Jackson, of Fifty-fifth avenue west.

WALLACE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. I. Wallace, of Nicollet street and Fifty-eighth avenue west.

ST. JAMES—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John B. St. James, of 5813 Ridruth street.

DASS—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Dass, of 609 South Sixty-third avenue west.

GERLOCK—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. R. Gerlock, of 5815 Ridruth street.

STRAND—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Olaf P. Strand, of 719 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

SMITH—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Philip Smith, 7 East Fourth street.

TWOHY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Twohy, of Mesaba avenue and Fifth street.

LAMB—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Lamb, of 132 Sixty-first avenue west.

YOUNG—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Young, of Forty-eighth avenue west and Oneota street.

BEELER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Barney Beeler, of Seventy-first avenue west.

WHITE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas White, of 631 South Sixtieth avenue west.

OLSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Olson, of 6721 West Second street.

ERICKSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. August Erickson, of 716 South Sixty-third avenue west.

HANSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell, of 2422 West First street.

HECTOR—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hector, of 216½ East Fifth street.

GROEHLER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Groehler, of 811½ East Third street.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING.
Largest stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.
C. O. NELSON. Open Day and Night.
21 1st Ave. W. and U. S. Blk, 10th Ave. W. Both Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

OUR BODIES ARE PROTECTED, THE face and hands neglected. No wonder skin improves, clears, clears; using Satin-Skin Cream and Powder. 25c.

FOR SALE—MOORCROFT OIL COMpany stock at 10 cents per share. Address H 46, Herald.

The **BEST** and only practical optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

For a Drink of Good Whisky
Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 9th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Terkild Jensen, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Terkild Jensen, deceased, late of the county of Saint Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Annie Jensen Hotebrugge:

It is ordered, That six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, That the eleventh day of December, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, this 9th day of June, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate court St. Louis County, Minnesota.)
Duluth Evening Herald—June-9-16-23-1902.

EAGERLY SCANNED EVERY DAY BY THE LARGEST AUDIENCE OF READERS at the Head of the Lakes---The Duluth Evening Herald's Want Page.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

East End Building Lots.

$4200 Northeast corner of Twenty-second avenue east and First street—100x110 feet.

$3000 Northeast corner Twenty-fifth avenue east and First street—100x140 feet.

$1400 Good corner lot on Sixteenth avenue east, below Third street. This is a snap.

$1700 Good building lot on upper side Second street, west of Sixteenth avenue east—50x140 feet.

$1400 Lot on lower side First street, east of Fourth avenue east—50x140 feet.

Central Property.

$600 and $700 Fine building lots at Second avenue east and Sixth street.

$1100 Eight-room house and lot at No. 207 West Sixth street.

$1600 Eight-room house and lot at No. 824 East Third street.

$3000 Nine-room house, very central, corner lot on East First street. Snap.

$2000 Two houses on central corner, paying 20 per cent net.

For Sale Exclusively by **W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,** FIRST FLOOR, LONSDALE BLDG.

$1750 Takes 50 feet upper side of East First street. All improvements, including concrete walk. Cheapest lot on East First street.

$1800 Takes 50 feet on East Superior street.

A. C. VOLK & CO.
202-203 Palladio Bldg.

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

FOR SALE.

Lot 50x140 feet in West End, double front between Superior and Michigan streets, both streets and avenue paved; also sewer and water connections. This lot once sold for $2000; $500 cash, balance in three years. This is a bargain.

Two houses on lot, lot 50x140; houses in good condition; immediate possession given; must be sold. Make us an offer.

Exclusive sale of above properties.

Little & Nolte

FOR RENT.

Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
Lots In all parts of these suburbs
Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

We Offer for $3250

If taken this week, lot 40, West Third street, near Third avenue west—$1250 cash, balance one and two years, if desired.

E. D. FIELD CO.,
204 Exchange Bldg.

CATCH ON.

The manufacture of iron and steel at West Duluth is now assured and that means a large growth. I have the greatest bargains in acres adjoining the platted part of West Duluth ever offered—there is 100 per cent profit in the next 12 months—indeed it is worth almost that much more than the price now. Call and inquire about it.

C. E. LOVETT, 706 Palladio Bldg

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

GREAT BARGAIN!

Nine-room house for sale, centrally located. Terms to suit purchaser. Property must be sold.

205 Lyceum.

FARM LANDS

Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Stree

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Fifteen acres of beautifully shaped property on the lake shore, near the pumping station. A great investment.

Lots on East Fifth street, water and sewer on the street, for $500.

Three houses in the West End, well located, for sale cheap.

Lots on Twenty-third avenue west for $250 and upwards.

Lots on West Third street, near Twenty-ninth avenue west, for $450.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE.

Bran new Rambler Bicycle—new model. Price—

$25.00.

J. ABRAHAMSON,
302-3 Palladio Bldg.

Fire Insurance written in good companies.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
"ISLE ROYALE ROUTE"
Fast Passenger and Freight Service.

Leave Duluth Sundays and Thursdays 7:30 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton. Direct 11 hour service. - - - - **7:30 p. m.**

Leave Tuesdays and Fridays 9 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock, Houghton and intermediate points - **9:00 a. m.**

Leave Duluth Mondays and Thursdays 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur - - - **9:00 a. m.**

Leave Tuesdays 5 p. m. for Port Arthur and Isle Royale—12 hour service - - **5:00 p. m.**

Leave Sundays 7:30 p. m. for Isle Royale and Port Arthur via Houghton - - **7:30 p. m.**

Sunday excursions to Two Harbors. Boats arrive and depart from Singer's dock, Lakeave. South

JOHN FLYNN, Agt., W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mngr., Lyceum Building. Lake Avenue and Canal

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U. S. & D. T. CO. (BOOTH'S LINE.)
Duluth-Port Arthur Route.

S. S. AMERICA leaves Duluth every Sunday and Wednesday 10 a. m. and Friday 2 p. m., calling at Two Harbors, Beaver Bay, Grand Marais, Chicago Bay and Isle Royale. **10 a. m. 2 p. m.**

Duluth-Ashland-Hancock-Houghton Route

S. S. ARGO leaves Duluth every Monday and Thursday 10 a. m., calling at Ontonagon, Port Wing, Herbster, Bayfield, Washburn and the Apostle Islands. **10 a. m.**

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf .. Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth .. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik .. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron .. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing .. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:35
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m
* 11:10 p.m	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Minan., Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		†12:40 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:50 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:35 a m
8:40 a m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 11:55 p m		b 8:20 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:40 a. m
All points East.

18:15 a. m. Lv——LOCAL——Ar. †2:15 p m
Marquette & Cooper Country.

Daily. † Except Sunday

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

Come in and get the list of houses we have for sale on monthly payments.

$2200 for 200 feet on West Fourth street, side-walks down and street graded. Assessments all paid.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$1500 for five-room house; sewer, good barn, good lot; on Sixteenth avenue east.

$2000 Buys seven-room house on East Fifth street; city water, sewer. Lot 25x140 feet.

$3250 buys fine seven-room house, city water, sewer, stone foundation, cellar with concrete floor. Lot 50 by 140, on East Fourth street.

FARM 10 and 20-acre tracts of cleared land near the city.

360 acres near the city, well watered, suitable for stock farm. Good speculation. Will sell cheap.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payn't	Monthly Payn't.
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest
5-room house..	525	130	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	600	150	—balance 6 per ct.
5-room house..	650	170	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	675	170	—balance 6 per ct.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNTS.

On Watches, Diamonds—all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Reduced rates from $10, $20, $50, $100 up to $10000, and we guarantee to hold your goods for one year.

KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO
16 West Superior street and also
15 West Michigan street.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or Indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.

Zenith 'Phone 906. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

Western Loan Co.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan Office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 W. Mich. St.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 906.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST-CLASS WORK, CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

AND REPAIRED. 129 FIRST AVE. W.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION cured. Box free. C. H. Rowan, North Milwaukee, Wis.

PASTURAGE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PASTURAGE FOR horses and cattle at Spirit lake. Inquire Zenith 'phone 3090.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital. 121 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phone 1471.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, ROW BOAT AND tent. Must be cheap. State price and condition. C 31, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, PORTABLE SAWmill with shingle mill attached, in good running order, sawing from 10,000 to 15,000 per day. Answer at once. John Joyce, Tower, Minn.

WANTED TO BUY—HORSE 1200 TO 1300 pounds, for delivery. A. Rohl, 107 West First street.

WANTED — SEVEN OR EIGHT-ROOM house, East End, below Fifth street; must be a genuine bargain. Address all particulars to X X, Herald office.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

CHEAP—UPRIGHT PIANO, NEARLY new; must sell at once as am leaving city. Inquire 14 Fourth avenue east; up stairs.

FOR SALE—COLUMBIA CHAINLESS gentleman's bicycle, 22-inch frame; cheap for cash. Owner leaving city. Address Bicycle, Herald.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, EIGHT-room house, 127 West Second street; must be sold at once, as owner is leaving city.

ONE HORSE, WEIGHT 1450 POUNDS; also double set of harness and wagon; can be seen at 20 West Seventh street.

S. M. KANER HAS FRESH MILCH cows for sale. 1219 East Seventh street.

CHARLES LARSON WILL ARRIVE with car fresh milch cows, at 2012 West First street, June 10.

20-YEAR GROUND LEASE CAN BE made on 50-foot corner, Ogden and Broadway, West Superior. Inquire J. C. & R. M. Hunter, Exchange building.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAILBOAT; GOOD as new with mast, sail, oars, etc., will sell cheap. Inquire Patterson's boat house.

FOR SALE — GUN, CHEAP; AN $85 high grade L. C. Smith hammerless 12-gauge double barrel shotgun; guaranteed as good as new. Address Charles R. Cooley, Blwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE—GOOD TEAM OF HORSES, harness and wagon. Easy terms. Snap if taken at once. Address C 38, Herald.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE, SEVenty boarders, doing good business. 210 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE; GOOD location. Address E 35, Herald.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ORGAN. Inquire at 1526 East Third street.

FOR SALE—$50 BUYS OLD HICKORY lumber wagon, 3½ by 3 inch tire, for two weeks only. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Two carloads of first-class Drivers. Delivery and General Purpose Horses just received. Be sure and inspect our stock first. We defy all competition.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Mammoth Stables, opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth ave. W.

FOR SALE — CAR FRESH MILCH cows has arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

LIGHT CEDAR ROW BOATS FOR sale. H. S. Patterson, near depot.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, very cheap. G 96, Herald.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SCRUBBING STORES AND offices. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL WOULD LIKE TO take care of some homes or clean offices. C 30, Herald

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY. X 63, Herald.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT WOULD like to secure position in office for the summer months, where he can continue his route on The Herald. Can furnish very best references. Address H 41, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG man who has had office experience with systems in large commercial concerns. Can furnish A-1 references. Address X 62, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY ACTIVE, intelligent young man; outdoor hustling preferred; no canvassing or insurance soliciting considered. Address Alock Olson, 115 South Fifty-sixth avenue, West Duluth, Minn.

SITUATION WANTED AS CLERK BY experienced man in grocery. Understands Scandinavian and German languages. Address 422 John avenue, West Superior.

WANTED—LAWNS TO CUT FOR SEASON; basements to whitewash, from Second to Twenty-fifth avenue east. Address E 31, Herald.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

MONUMENTS.

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND MARble work. Only shop in Duluth. Duluth Monumental works, 306 E. Sup. St.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, TRANCE medium, gives readings. 1418 Tower avenue, West Superior.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. BAIN SMITH HAS OPENED dressmaking parlors. 5, over Suffel's.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND, OSTEOPAthic specialist. Graduate American School of Osteopathy. 9 Phoenix block.

ENGRAVING.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED.

MEAT COOK, $40; PASTRY COOK, $40; waitress, $15; second girl, $15; general girls, $15 to $20, wanted at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

GIRL WANTED, SMALL FAMILY. Apply 1016 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

WANTED—LADIES WISHING TO make $5 to $10 a week at home; something new in decorative work; no experience necessary; instructors wanted; also some to travel; call and see work. Mr. and Mrs. Umsted, 119 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply during morning at 215 Third avenue west.

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED WOMAN TO make home with us. Wife in poor health. 508 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL; apply at once. Mrs. D. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

WANTED—DISH-WASHER AT THE Midland, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—SALESLADY TO DEMONstrate and take orders for latest improved belt; exclusive right given to good saleslady; no competition this side New York city. Call 419 Palladio building.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; out-of-town; small family; good wages. Address P 1, Herald.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 18 AS NURSE for two children. Mrs. Turle, 2216 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; best wages. Inquire Monday and after. 2232 East First street. Mrs. Page Morris.

WANTED—SALESLADY IN DRAPERY department to learn the business. Good position for the right person. French & Bassett.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. 501 East First street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND iron. Three in family. Apply to Mrs. D. D. Gallard, 1418 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT LAUNDRESS. Apply Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED, AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. A. C. Clark, No. 6 Adams flat.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be able to cook; good wages. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. John Crosby, 2008 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL. 707 WEST SUPERIOR street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No children. Good wages. Mrs. C. E. Lum, 1103 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE COMPETENT dressmaker for one day only, any time next week; will pay good wages. Address S 11, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD DININGROOM GIRL. 218 West Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid. Apply to Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND HOUSEmaid. Good wages. 432 West Second street.

WANTED — THIRTY GIRLS AT SOMers' employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking; two in family; call mornings. Mrs. L. A. Neuman, 5304 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE. COMPETENT cook. Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — THREE GOOD ALLround machinists, two millwrights, one blacksmith, ten laborers. Apply National Iron company, Garfield avenue.

WANTED — GOOD, STRONG BOY TO drive baggage wagon. Duluth Fuel & T. Co., 410 West Superior street.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, SALARY $60. Apply W. A. Eden, Great Northern railway local office.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter, male, with experience. Smith Premier machine, wholesale business. State salary wanted. Address in own handwriting, A. B. C., Herald.

WANTED—NEAT APPEARING GENtleman to demonstrate to every man in Duluth, and take orders for article worn by every man and boy; no competition this side New York city. Call 410 Palladio building.

WANTED — TRUSTWORTHY PERSON in each county to manage business, old established house, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $18 paid by check each Wednesday, with all expenses direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 379 Caxton building, Chicago.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATAlogue explains how we teach the barber trade in short time, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

MILLINERY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TRIMMED hats at 106 West Superior street.

NEW SHIRT-WAIST HATS AT SWENson's, over Suffel's. Open evenings.

INSTRUCTION.

WANTED—PRIVATE PUPILS BY EXperienced teacher of short hand. Terms moderate. Address X 59, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ONE NEW COTTAGE on Park Point in course of construction, from July 1; also one 4-room cottage at Nineteenth street, for balance of season. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows.

FOR RENT — 4-ROOM FURNISHED cottage on Park Point. Inquire at old Pavilion.

THIRTEEN-ROOM MODERN BRICK house, steam heat, at 313 West Fourth street. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with all conveniences. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED front rooms. 119 West First street. Apply 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, $5 per month. 224 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — DURING SUMMER months, one furnished room at Lakeside. 5215 Colorado street.

FOR RENT—NICE LARGE FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 102 East Fourth.

FURNISHED ROOM TO MAN AND wife; no children; will allow light housekeeping. Call between 8 and 9 a. m. or after 6 p. m. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms with or without board. 18 West Second.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, PLEASant location, one block from high school; one or two ladies preferred. F 48, Herald.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room; modern conveniences. 631 West First street.

LARGE FURNISHED WITH COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—PARLOR AND ALCOVE. 7 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 710 West Second street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, electric lights, screens. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AT 624 West Third street; $5 a month.

FOR RENT—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR in a brick building, 50x140 feet in area; centrally located; desirable for manufacturing and other business purposes. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows building.

FURNISHED ROOMS. INQUIRE 409 Lowell building; old 'phone 208-3.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—DURING SUMMER months, seven-room flat furnished. All conveniences; centrally located. Apply F 45, Herald office.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT, WITH bath. Inquire Eureka Laundry, 125 East First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT IN Bellevue terrace. All conveniences. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows' building.

LADY CAN GET FURNISHED ROOM with bath, on street car line. 308 Eighth avenue east.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first class and modern; centrally located; immediate possession. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM. 207 WEST SECond street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. 218 West Third street. Mrs. Fogleson.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. 'Phone 249. Zenith 691.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company, No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK SEAL CARD AND BILL case, containing one $20 and one $10 bill; also cards. Will finder kindly return same to R. C. Helm, 103 Board of Trade and receive special reward.

LOST—SUNDAY EVENING, AT WOODland, ladies' fur collarette. Kindley return to Hunter's Park Grocery and receive reward.

LOST—THREE WEEKS' AGO, LADY'S open faced silver watch. If the finder will please have the kindness of heart to return same to this office they will be rewarded.

LOST—PURE WHITE FOX TERRIER, long ears and short tail. Call or address 2628 West Fourth street, and receive reward.

FOUND.

FOUND — ONE CHESTNUT ROAN mare and colt. Owner can have same by calling on Charles R. Johnson, Superior View.

STOVES REPAIRED.

GASOLINE AND OTHER STOVES REpaired, bought and sold. C. J. Refuss, 28 East Superior street. 'Phone 732.

HEATERS STORED FOR THE SUMmer. Am. Stove Repair Co., 17 1st av. W.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, COMPETENT MASSEUR. Best references. Prices moderate. Call Zenith 'phone 4067, West Superior.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

LOWEST PRICES IN CITY. J. P. Stephenson, 211 East Superior street.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 W. Sup. street. All communications strictly confidential. 'Phone, enith 1415.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIRRORS RESILVERED.

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St. Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 320 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 966.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS FLAvor use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First ave. W. 'Phone 1068.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

A SUIT OPPORTUNITY—MADE TO order, $15 and up. John Mueller, the clothes cleaner, 21 West Superior street.

MEN'S FIRST CLASS BUSINESS SUITS, $21 and up. Linne Tailoring company, 118 West Fourth street.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old 'phone 344-5. New 'phone 418.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 2, 1902. Work, second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 9, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Sutton, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 11, 1902. Work, P. M. and M. E. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, at 8 p. m. Next conclave June 10th, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred De Michenaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. Work in the "First" Tuesday evening, June 10, followed by school of instruction.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.—Duluth Aerie No. 29, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 48, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. U. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WIP TRIBE NO. 17 MEETS every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. A. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. William Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth ten No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

TEAM DRIVERS' UNION, NO 417, meets every Wednesday at 8 p. m. in marine engineers' hall, Hunter block. All team drivers are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 10 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1902. | TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

HANNA IS DISTURBED

Defends Himself In the Burton Controversy.

Charges Against Officials Are Not Sustained.

Washington, June 10.—Senator Hanna had a long conference with the president today. At the conclusion of the interview he talked freely regarding the published intention of Mr. Burton of Ohio to withdraw from the race for congress owing to the fact that he had not been permitted to name the chairman of the district committee.

"I do not want to criticise Mr. Burton," said the senator, "but I do not believe his charges are well founded, nor do I want to make that subject a national matter. The whole thing is absurd."

Senator Hanna declared that Mr. Burton never spoke to him about the matter of having a candidate of his own until last Friday morning. The election was to take place at 2 o'clock that afternoon and Senator Hanna said he sent a telegram to Cleveland asking that a compromise be effected, if possible.

"A mistake in transmission made the initials in the dispatch incorrect," continued Mr. Hanna, "and the message was regarded as a fake and no attention paid to it. But even if I had been there they would have paid no attention to me."

Senator Hanna also stated the civil service commission had examined into Mr. Burton's charges that certain federal office holders in Ohio had taken an active part in politics and had failed to find anything in them that constituted a violation of the civil service laws. As a result the president has concluded not to send letters to the Cleveland officials censuring them for taking part in politics. Senator Hanna said:

"The main fact that a man holds public office does not necessarily mean that he should resign his rights of citizenship."

He said he was going to Ohio shortly to attend the wedding of his daughter, and that James R. Garfield, of the civil service commission, is to accompany him, the latter to pay a visit to his Mr. Garfield's) family.

The senator scouted the idea of his falling out with the president on this matter, and seemed to feel that he had been put in a false light through Mr. Burton's action.

Senator Hanna is usually exceedingly reticent when leaving the White House, but today he spoke freely and had apparently no desire to withhold anything bearing on this matter. He also discussed Cuban reciprocity and the coal strike with the president, but he had nothing to say for publication on these subjects.

PUNISHMENT IS CERTAIN

If It Is Found That Any of the Deaths In the Fire at St. Luke's Sanitarium Were Due to Negligence.

Chicago, June 10.—Of the thirty-four persons injured in the St. Luke's society hospital fire yesterday it is feared that three will die. Those reported in a critical condition today were : T. T. Mears, Enosburg Falls, Vermont, badly burned about face and body; A. W. Wattles, Chicago, badly burned and bruised; Mrs. Amelia Wilson, Chicago, badly burned.

The other thirty-one injured persons were reported better of their hurts, but most of them were still badly shaken in their nerves by the horror of what they endured and witnessed yesterday.

The eight men arrested last night are still held today, including O. E. Miller, president of the St. Luke society. Mr. Miller is said to have lived in Denver at one time, where he was in the banking business. A search of the records of the heath department today failed to discover any record showing that the hospital had been licensed according to law.

Coroner Traegar today sent deputies to view the victims of the fire, and decided to postpone the inquest for a few days till a complete investigation has been made.

"There will be a full investigation," said the coroner, "and it may make somebody uncomfortable. We will endeavor to discover if the patients were strapped down, as reported, and if there was a sufficient number of attendants. If any one of the deaths was due to negligence the guilty person or persons will be made to pay the penalty."

Perhaps the most pitiable of all the deaths was that of Alderman "Blind Billy" Kent. Not only was he totally blind, but he was incased in a straight jacket with his hands strapped to his waist. Kent was an astute politician, had been member of the state legislature, and was a delegate to the Republican national conventions of 1884, 1888, and 1892. His blindness was due to a gunshot wound received at the hands of a saloonkeeper.

Samuel K. Markham, attorney for the men under arrest, said today that the society had applied several times for a hospital license, but had always been refused, because the people in the neighborhood of the hospital objected to the location of such an institution near them. He said that Mr. Miller applied for a license after the society moved into the Hotel Woodruff, but had not received it.

DANNY SHAY ARRESTED

Clever Short Stop of the St. Paul Team Is Charged With Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses.

St. Paul, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Danny Shay, the clever short stop of the St. Paul American association team, was arrested last night as he was stepping aboard a Chicago & Northwestern train for the coast where he expected to join the San Francisco club. Shay is charged by Manager Mike Kelley and President Lennon with obtaining money under false pretenses.

Shay had overdrawn his account $150 and had recently asked Mr. Lennon for $50 more, which was refused.

In police court this morning Shay was represented by Fred McGhee, the colored attorney. McGhee takes the stand that Shay did not make any representations when he received his pay in advance, and, for this reason the present charge does not cover his case. A civil action he contends, based on breach of trust, will be the only plan for Manager Kelley to pursue.

This point will be argued before Judge Hine in the police court this afternoon. The court room was filled with baseball fans. Several members of the team were also present.

SHIP BUILDING COMBINE

New York, June 10.—All but the merest formalities of the plan to combine several of the big shipbuilding yards of the country under one management have been completed, according to the Herald. A few papers remain yet to be signed, and for this purpose a meeting of those most interested will be held today, after which a formal announcement will be made and the securities of the new corporation will be placed on the market.

In spite of the extreme reticence of the men who are promoting the formation of the combination, it was learned that the plans contemplate a company which will turn out any kind of vessel, from a tramp steamship of small dimensions to a battleship weighted down with the heaviest of armor. Iron and steel works are being negotiated for, and it is understood several extensive plants have been purchased.

Lewis Nixon, the shipbuilder, who resigned recently the leadership of Tammany Hall, and who has been most active in bringing about the combination, refused, however, to discuss his plans.

FLY WHEEL WRECKS BEER VAT

St. Paul, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fly wheel on the Corliss engine at the North Star brewery, West Seventh street, burst this morning and entirely wrecked the engine room. Pieces were hurled in all directions, through the roof, ceiling and into every corner.

By a miracle no one was seriously hurt, but Charles Enes was slightly injured.

Over the wheel was a copper vat holding 300 barrels of brew, and this was included in the wreck by half a dozen fragments of the broken wheel piercing the vat.

TEN ARE KILLED

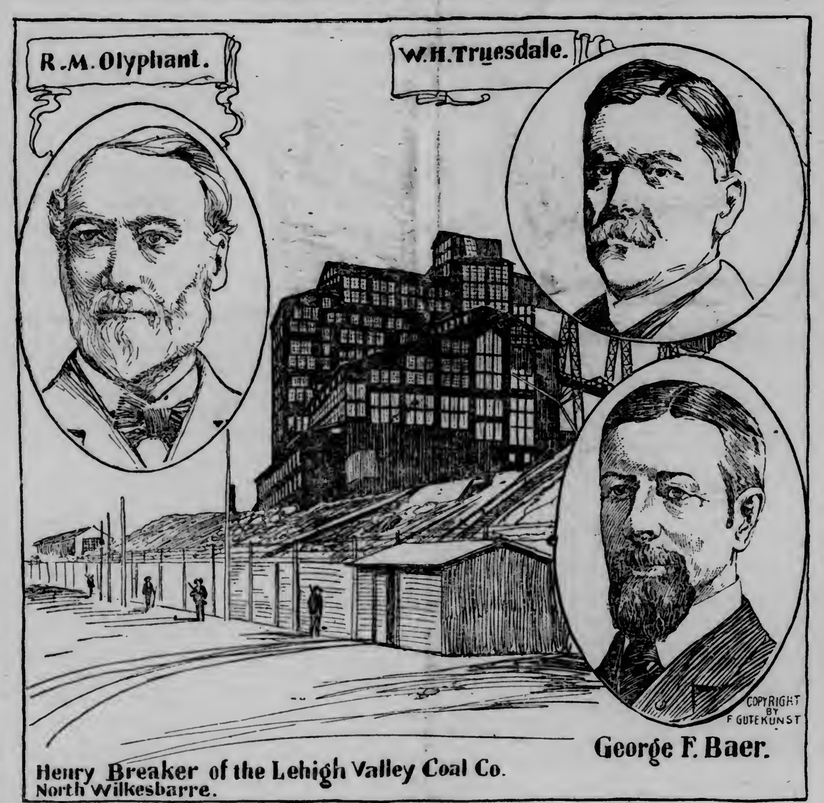
Nine Farm Houses and a Church In Becker County Destroyed By Tornado.

Lake Park, Minn., June 10.—A tornado struck twelve miles north of here at 5:15 p. m. yesterday, sweeping a strip of land two miles wide and three miles long. It destroyed nine farm houses and killed ten persons. The church at Spangelo was demolished. Further details have not yet reached here.

CARRIED DEATH AND DESOLATION

St. Paul, June 10.—A special to the Dispatch from Ulen, Minn., says: A cyclone formed five miles west of this place, between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, carrying death and desolation in its path. The area covered by the twister was one half mile wide and probably twenty miles long. It took a southeasterly course, demolishing fifteen or more farm buildings. At Voss postoffice, Mrs. Berg was killed when her home was smashed. Four miles north of Ulen, three members of the family of Andrew Horim were instantly killed, and one other was so badly injured that he may die. Hundreds of head of stock were killed, and everything swept as clean as if a fire had run over the stricken territory. It is believed that other casualties will be reported.

A special to the Dispatch from Detroit, Minn., says: Yesterday afternoon a severe storm of wind and rain visited the northwestern portion of this county, doing a great amount of damage in the towns of Atlanta and Walworth. In the latter the large Swedish church was blown down and demolished, and in the same vicinity nine or ten farm buildings were badly injured or destroyed. A few miles northwest, in Clay county, the village of Ulen was visited by a more severe storm—reported almost a cyclone. Ulen is about thirty-five miles northwest on the Winnipeg branch of the Northern Pacific.


R. M. Olyphant.
W. H. Truesdale.
COPYRIGHT BY F. GUTEKUNST
George F. Baer.
Henry Breaker of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. North Wilkesbarre.

THREE RAILROAD PRESIDENTS FIGHTING THE STRIKE AND COAL AND IRON POLICE ON GUARD.

The great coal strike is growing more and more bitter, and scenes of violence are frequent. Three of the railroad presidents who say they have nothing to arbitrate are George F. Baer of the Reading, R. M. Olyphant of the Delaware and Hudson and W. H. Truesdale of the Lackawanna.

DEMENTED.

Young American Tries to Ride Horse Up Stairs.

London, June 10.—A dispatch to a news agency from Rome published today says that Paul Heseltine Stanley, a young American, became suddenly demented on returning from a hunting trip last night, presumably as the result of being bitten by one of his dogs. Mr. Stanley rode into the court yard of the Altieri palace, surrounded by his dogs, and persistently attempted to ride his horse upstairs. He was eventually overpowered.

ROUGH TREATMENT.

Chinaman Strung Up to a Tree Twice.

Idaho Springs, Col., June 10.—Loui Sing, a Chinaman, has been strung up to a tree twice by a mob and threatened with death if he did not leave town neve rto return. The mob's wrath was aroused by the Chinaman's efforts to run away with a white girl named Nellie Merchen. It is not believed the Chinaman suffered severely, other than being cut around the neck with the rope and knocked down twice.

WANT UNION RECOGNIZED

New York, June 10.—Six hundred employes of the Empire Bridge company, Williamsburg, have struck for recognition of their union. It is said their action will delay work on many bridges in the West.

REID GETS A DEGREE

Cambridge, Eng., June 10.—The degree of doctor of laws was conferred this afternoon on Whitelaw Reid, the special ambassador of the United State sto the coronation of King Edward, by Cambridge university. The public orator, John Edwin Sandys, referred to Mr. Reid's previous official visit to England, and his return on the equally auspicious occasion of the coronation. Mr. Reid, said the orator, had also distinguished himself as ambassador of the United States to France, and as the editor of Talleyrand's Memoirs, while for the last thirty years he had ably conducted the New York Tribune, with which he had initiated and long continued a fund for giving the boon of fresh country air to poor children. Mr. Reid embodied the humanity, kindly feeling and friendship of his country and was thus entitled to a hearty welcome, not only for his own sake, but also for that of the great trans-Atlantic republic which he so worthily represented.

Mrs. Reid was present at the ceremony.

Others who received the honorary degree were the duke of Argyll, the maharajahs of Gwailor and Kolapoor, Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to Great Britain; the Rt. Hon. Sir Richard Collins, who was an arbitrator on the Venezuela boundary question and is a former lord justice of appeals; the Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph Ridgeway, governor of Ceylon, and Lieut. Col. Sir Albert Hime, prime minister and minister of defense, Natal.

In presenting Professor Horatio W. Parker of Yale university with the degree of doctor of music, the public orator said Professor Parker's compositions were well known in England. He also referred enthusiastically to the services which Professor Parker had rendered to music in America and England, and expressed the hope that his labors had by no means ceased.

PECK AN EMBEZZLER

St. Paul, June 10.—A special to the Dispatch from New Richmond, Wis., says: George M. Peck, until lately local agent of the Singer Sewing Machine company, pleaded guilty to embezlement in Hudson this morning before Judge Helms, on the complaint of George W. Pond, Eau Claire district agent. Peck admitted the embezzlement of several hundred dollars, and said he stole the money to pay doctors' bills, but the doctors got none of the money. Peck's wife was sent to a hospital in St. Paul with money raised by friends on popular subscription. Peck is well known in Viroqua, Menominee and elsewhere in the state. He was sentenced to not less than one or more than three years in the state reformatory at Green Bay.

A CLEVER SWINDLE

Equaling In Ingenuity the Humbert Affair.

Police Discover Proceeds In Chicago Vaults.

Chicago, June 10.—There was recovered last evening from the vaults of the New Era Safety Deposit company on South Halsted street 192,000 francs, or $38,400, nearly the entire proceeds of an alleged swindle, which, in the ingenuity of its conception and cleverness of execution is a rival of the famous Humbert swindle.

The whereabouts of Otto Jaehkel, for whom detectives are seeking in connection with the alleged swindle, is unknown, but his wife, under the name of Louise Wernicke, is in Chicago. She came from New York the first of May, and it was by cleverly locating and shadowing her that the funds were finally located.

Jaehkel was the correspondence clerk of the banking firm of Engelbert, Hardt Co., of Buenos Ayres, which has branches in Berlin and New York. He was a trusted employe, and had entire charge of the transmission of funds between the different branches of the firm. By means of representations as to certain business to be transacted in Germany, he induced his firm to buy five drafts amounting to 200,000 marks, drawn on a Hamburg house in favor of the Buenos Ayres firm.

It is alleged Jaehkel then induced the firm to indorse these drafts, and, by the aid of acid, removed the name of Hardt Co. and substituted that of H. Newman. He had previously written to the International bank of Brussels, advising it that H. Newman, representing the Buenos Ayres firm, would soon be in Europe to conduct certain business of a most important character and that large sums of money would be deposited to his credit by the firm.

To this Jaehkel signed the name of his firm, and he also wrote a letter, signing the name of the firm, highly commending Newman, who, it is alleged, had no existence except in Jaehkel's plans. The letter instructed the firm to give Newman absolute control of the deposit which would be placed to his credit. This was followed on March 17 by sending the drafts to Brussels, the letter requesting the firm to place the funds to Newman's credit. Jaehkel, with his wife, left Buenos Ayres and went to Brussels. When he arrived there he procured from the International bank checks on a Paris bank for the amounts deposited, representing, it is alleged, that he was Newman.

Arriving in Paris, Jaehkel, it is alleged, drew the entire amount of the checks and with little delay left the city. After visiting several European cities he came to New York.

When his wife struck Chicago she was shadowed by detectives, who discovered her going to the vaults where the money was found yesterday. In order to procure the money the courts granted a receiver. The Wernicke woman declares that she is not the wife of Jaehkel and professes entire ignorance as to his whereabouts.

MICHEL, B. C. DESTROYED

A Disastrous Conflagration Swept Through the Residence Section Rendering Nearly All the Inhabitants Homeless.

St. Paul, June 10.—A special to the Dispatch says the town of Michel, B. C., was completely destroyed by fire yesterday. Fire started in the residence section shortly after 1 o'clock. The wind blew a hurricane, and in less than four hours twenty-four houses were in ashes. About fifty families are homeless, and many had narrow escapes from death. Most of the tenants lost all their furniture. The Crows Pass Coal company's loss is nearly $50,000. Canadian Pacific cars were burned at a loss to the company of about $10,000. The Canadian Pacific railroad station had a narrow escape. Should the wind have changed and blown from the east the other part of town would have certainly been destroyed. The railroad track is badly damaged, and passenger traffic will be delayed six to ten hours. Great excitement continues in the town and halt the women and children are out in the rain. All citizens are worrying about their homes, as the fire is not yet under control.

PARDON FOR RATHBONE

He With Neely and Some Others Will Secure Their Release Through Amnesty Act Just Signed By President Palma.

New York, June 10.—There are perhaps a dozen persons who will benefit by the amnesty act just signed by President Palma, including two or three Cubans who are naturalized Americans, says a Havana dispatch to the Tribune. Estes G. Rathbone and C. F. W. Neely, who were convicted of postoffice frauds amounting to many thousands of dollars, are best known of those who will secure pardon. Neely has been in prison two years of his sentence of eight years; Rathbone is out on $100,000 bail, awaiting a decision of the supreme court on an appeal. His sentence was for eight years. News that he is to be a free man in a day or two failed to arouse Neely from the indifferent demeanor he has maintained since he was arrested. He smiled, but showed no particular interest in the information.

"I have been here twenty-five months," he said, "and I'll be real glad to get out. I must say, though, that I have been very well treated by the Cuban prison authorities. I am in excellent health, notwithstanding reports that I am suffering from consumption. I have no definite plans. I probably shall remain here a week or two, then go up to the states. Perhaps I shall take up some business schemes here, in which I was interested at the time of my conviction."

GEYSERS BECOMING ACTIVE

Santa Fe, N. M., June 10.—The United States geological survey has been notified by Capt. J. P. Connor, of this city, that the sulphur springs in Bernatto county are showing unusual activity. There are twenty-eight geysers among the springs, pulsating every thirty seconds. The largest geyser, which hitherto has been quiet, is reported to be sending up a stream five feet high.

DISPOSE OF RANSOM MONEY

Salonica, Roumelia, June 10.—The Stroumauj, a newspaper published at Kostendil, Bulgaria, says it has transpired that a secret meeting of delegates from Dubnitza and elsewhere met in Sofia at the end of March and aranged for the disposition of the money received as ransom for Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary and her companion, Mme. Tsilka. Karapeoff, alias Tschnerpeoff, the leader of the brigands which captured the missionaries, was among the delegates, who decided to send bands into Macedonia on a secret mission.

INDEPENDENCE BELL IS BACK

Philadelphia, June 10.—The liberty bell, which has been on exhibition at Charleston, was brought back to the city today and replaced in its position in Independence hall. The train bearing the famous relic reached here from Washington at 9 o'clock and half an hour later it was hauled through the streets to its old resting place escorted by troops and bands of music. Thousands of people stood along the route of marc hand cheered as the precious bit of metal passed.

At Independence hall Mayor Ashbridge welcomed the bell home on behalf of the city.

Great Closing Out Sale of Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Etc., at Bayha's

Lowest Price Housefurnishers at the Head of the Lakes.

We are giving special discounts on our entire line of Furniture, Stoves, Crockery, Lamps, Baby Cabs, and everything in our store. We also give you credit and make terms to suit you. $5 per month on $25 worth; $6 per month on $35 worth; $7 per month on $50 worth.

Closing Out Sale of Chiffoniers—

Largest stock of these goods in the city; ranging in price from $5.50 and upwards. This beautiful 5-drawer solid oak Chiffonier—exact duplicate of this cut—only **$5.50**

Closing Out Sale of Baby Cabs!

Finest line of these goods shown in this city, and at prices that are far below any other, and remember, we will let you have any of these goods with a very little cash down and the balance to suit yourself.

BAYHA & CO.

Lowest Price Housefurnishers in City of Duluth.

24-26 EAST SUPERIOR STREET. News Tribune Building.

AT WEST DULUTH

Old Fashioned Fourth of July Celebration Decided On.

Republican Club Arranges For Fine Speakers For Banquet.

Gov. Van Sant, Dar Reese, J. B. Cotton, J. Adam Bede and Others.

West Duluth will celebrate the Fourth of July in the good old way, and at the mass meeting held in the Commercial club rooms, in the Phillips hotel building last evening steps were taken toward getting the arrangements underway. The meeting was well attended, in spite of counter attractions; in fact, there were more citizens present than ever before attended a preliminary meeting of the same nature in West Duluth. The business men and citizens are quite enthusiastic over the prospect, and feel confident that West Duluth can do itself proud in the matter of a celebration.

Hon. G. J. Mallory was chosen chairman of the meeting and S. C. Murphy was elected secretary.

A committee of business men and citizens was appointed to take general supervision of all arrangements for a celebration, and to take charge of the celebration, appointing all other necessary committees. The committee is comprised of L. S. Neuman, chairman; James McDonald, William Chesney, J. A. Scott, John Galway, J. E. Nelson and F. H. Wade.

While it is yet too early to predict what the nature of the amusements of the Fourth will be, the members of the committee give assurance that the people of West Duluth will not be disappointed. Steps will be taken immediately to raise the funds to help make the eagle scream, and the business men and citizens will be asked to be as liberal as possible for on their assistance will depend largely the showing that will be made. The more money raised the more numerous and better the attractions.

REPUBLICAN BANQUET.

Gov. Van Sant, Dar Reese and Others to Speak.

The committee on arrangements for the West Duluth Republican club annual banquet, which will be held at the Great Eastern hall, Wednesday evening, June 18, reports that everything is progressing favorably. The list of speakers is nearly completed, a partial list herewith being published for the first time.

Among them will be Governor Van Sant, Hon. Dar F. Reese, clerk of state supreme court; J. B. Cotton, Ray W. Jones, of Minneapolis, candidate for the Republican nomination for lieutenant governor, and J. Adam Bede, candidate for Republican congressional nomination from the district. It is understood that some more equally strong speakers will be added to the list a little later.

Special emphasis is being laid by the committee on the supper that will be given. The ladies of the Methodist church made such a great hit with the spread they provided last year that they have been asked to prepare it for this year. Arrangements have been made for 300 plates, and the tickets are already in great demand. Judge Stone has charge of the tickets.

HUSTLING THE WALK.

The work of constructing the new sidewalk on Central avenue is progressing very rapidly, and two days more at the outside will witness its completion. This morning the old sidewalk in front of the Silvey block was taken up and a good-sized crowd of men and boys followed closely after the workmen, searching for coins that might be buried under the accumulated debris. One instance is related where a West Duluth man found a five-dollar bill, but there are circumstances connected with the find to give it the appearance of a joke. In fact the bill had too new a look to have been lying under a sidewalk for any length of time.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The iron work for the front of the Wieland & Wade new store building was placed in position this morning. It is understood that the construction work will be pushed as fast as possible, and efforts will be made to hold a big dance in the new building July Fourth, if it is in condition and the owners will grant permission.

It was reported this morning that the National Iron works will begin moving its machinery to the Iron Bay plant here within the next few days. The removal work will take several days.

Lanner's Concert band has been engaged to play at the dedication, next Sunday morning, of the new Polish church in West Superior. In the afternoon the band will play on the steamer Bloomer Girl.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hanson, of 323 Sixty-third avenue west, died yesterday. The burial will take place today at Oneota.

Joseph Hickson is on the sick list.

Edward Huggins, of New Duluth, was a visitor here yesterday.

The school board has received notification from the board of public works to build a sidewalk along the Irving school property, on Gosnold street, by June 26, or the city will build it and assess the cost against the property.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Habart and daughter left yesterday for a visit at Detroit, Mich., and other points in Michigan.

B. Fisher, a millwright at the Mitchell & McClure mill, is laid up for a few days on account of a strained back caused by slipping.

Mrs. Clara Palmer Hide has returned from California and is visiting at the home of Mrs. H. E. Smith.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Miss Eliza Remfrey has taken a position in the West Duluth exchange office of the Zenith Telephone company.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Paxo Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by Paxo Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

INDIANS ON EXCURSION.

Baltimore, June 10.—A party of seventy-five young Indians from the Hampton, Va., school, arrived today on the steamer Augusta in charge of Traveling Agent F. D. Gleason. After breakfasting the party left for New England, where the summer will be spent at various points of interest.

Would You Think It?

Would you think it possible that you could be disappointed in the face of a woman whose shapely shoulders, and beautiful hair suggest womanly perfection and beauty? Such disappointment comes not seldom when the face turned to you shows disfiguring blotches and blemishes. In general the cause of these eruptions is impure blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood, and removes the corrupt accumulations which cause disease. When the blood is cleansed, pimples, tetter, salt-rheum, boils, sores, and other results of impure blood, are perfectly and permanently cured.

"For three years I suffered with that dreaded disease eczema," writes Mrs. J. Koepp, of Herman, Oregon. "I was told to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which I did, and after I had taken fourteen bottles I was permanently cured. It has been a year since I stopped taking your medicine and it has never appeared since. I think your medicine a wonderful cure and hope others suffering as I did, will take it and be relieved of their suffering."

Some of the most remarkable cures effected by "Golden Medical Discovery," have been of scrofulous diseases.

"I will forever thank you for advising me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mrs. Jas. Murphy, of Fonda, Pocahontas Co., Iowa. "It has cured me of chronic scrofula of twelve years' standing. I had doctored for the trouble until I was completely discouraged. I also had chronic diarrhea for twelve years. I am in good health now—better than I ever was in my life, owing to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took several bottles of the 'Discovery' before I stopped."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure dizziness and sick headache.

AT THE HOTELS

"I'm feeling very well contented over my prospects for congress in the next Sixth district," said Senator C. B. Buckman, of Little Falls, at the St. Louis this morning. The senator arrived in town yesterday morning for a visit with his old friends.

"The Democrats with the most strength in the district has pulled out. This was Judge Bruener, of St. Cloud. Dr. Dubois, of Sauk Center, is the Democrat mostly talked of just now for the congressional place on the ticket. On the Republican side of the house, the leading candidate for the nomination against me seems to be Mr. Foster, an attorney of Litchfield.

"Five of the counties in the new congressional district were formerly part of my old senatorial district and I am pretty well acquainted with their people through my senatorial canvases. There are only two counties that are not quite well known to me. Consequently, as far as the Republican nomination is concerned, I am not worrying much."

The senator for a number of years operated quite largely in logging on the streams running into the rivers on the international boundary, but says he closed out his interests up there about two years ago. Little Falls, he says, is very prosperous.

"The Westinghouse Electric people are developing the water power at Little Falls," he continued, "for the purpose of generating electrical power with which to operate a new electric railway. It is designed to extend this road twenty from Little Falls in two directions so that the main line at first will be at least forty miles long. The new road will handle both freight and passengers and the aim is to bring the thickly settled portions of the southeastern and southwestern parts of the county nearer to Little Falls as their chief market. We are looking for considerable benefit from this development, as well as for additional opening up of the country. I don't know just what the possibilities of the Little Falls water power are, but I understand they are up in the tens of thousands."

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A quartet of men who are very prominent in the mining and steel world were at the Spalding yesterday afternoon on their way to the Mesaba range. The party represented the controlling interests in the great Biwabik mine and the extensive iron and steel manufacturing works of Tod, Stambaugh & Co., of Youngstown, Ohio. It was made up of H. H. Stambaugh, E. L. Ford, F. D. Wilkinson and Arthur McGraw, all of Youngstown.

Most of the Myrkle & Harder theatrical stock company people, who are playing at the Lyceum this week, are registered at the McKay.

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Among the guests at the St. Louis are M. Trewhella, formerly superintendent of the Stevenson mine, but now superintendent of one of the big Sellwood properties on the Mesaba, and Clark Clay, a veteran logger at the headwaters of the Mississippi, who lives at Minneapolis.

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Charles S. Hale, secretary of the sandstone company at Sandstone, was at the Spalding last night. These quarries are now employing 200 or 300 men and are actively engaged in the paving block and crushed stone business. They have also furnished large quantities of stone for the Clergue water power improvements at the Soo. As a result Sandstone is prospering finely.

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W. J. Jalley, of Tower, who has charge of the logging operations for the Tower Lumber company, is at the McKay.

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J. E. O'Neill, of Calumet, and William A. Bateman, of Houghton, are two copper country guests at the Spalding. Other names on this morning's page of the register include: A. P. Andrews, Eveleth; W. S. Russell Ressemer; W. Mendelson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Romans, Virginia; H. S. Lindsay, Chicago; F. A. Robinson, Minneapolis, and P. W. Oerlitz, Milwaukee.

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Capt. M. Fitzgerald and Peter McGrath of the wrecked steamer Hadley, are guests at the McKay. Others are W. B. Hebard, Minneapolis; R. W. Dercher, St. Paul; J. R. Porterfield, Cloquet; J. J. Grieve, Los Angeles; M. B. Johnson, Bayfield; O. Swanson and wife, Moose Lake; A. F. Dilworth, St. Paul; S. C. Samuels, Eveleth.

• • •

W. J. Power, a Hibbing business man, is at the St. Louis, among others, including: W. T. Engelman, of St. Paul; M. Driscoll, Newark, N. J.; E. R. Waggoner, Minneapolis; J. S. Gardner, Cass Lake; John Kliffman, Hibbing; L. D. Hayes, Durham, N. H.; John D. Connor, Barnum; A. P. Shannon, Grand River, and A. L. Sackett, St. Peter, Minn.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

The uniform success of this remedy has made it the most popular preparation in use for bowel complaints. It is everywhere recognized as the one remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant to take. It is especially valuable for summer diarrhoea in children and is undoubtedly the means of saving the lives of a great many children each year. For sale at Boyce's drug store.

It produces a wonderful effect upon the human system. Indescribable feelings of pleasure go leaping and bounding through your body after taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

USED FOR STORAGE

Electrical Commission Thinks Dead Wires Are Left In Street.

Easier to Do That Than Remove and Store Them.

City Engineer to Preface Plat Showing Condition of Wires.

The first meeting of the municipal electrical commission was held yesterday afternoon.

The commission is to solve the problem of overhead wires and endeavor to lessen the danger through the business district.

At the meeting it was announced that the network of overhead wires was in a state of chaos so far as regulation was concerned, and the commission will set to work immediately to straighten out the tangle and get the wires under ground.

From the meager investigation made thus far, the commission is of the opinion that the electric companies are simply using the down town streets for storage purposes.

Wires that have been dead for years are allowed to remain up on the poles in order to save storage charges elsewhere. When wire is needed in any part of the city the companies cut off a little of the dead storage wire.

The commission contemplates the removal of these dead wires and poles and has requested the city engineer to prepare a special plat showing the condition of all overhead wires on Michigan, Superior and First streets between Eighth avenue west and Second avenue east, and also on Lake avenue south of Superior street. Until this plat is prepared the commission will not begin its active campaign.

Mayor Hugo, who is a member of the electrical commission, said this morning that the overhead wires at present were complicated to a system or rather lack of system and very dangerous to life and property.

The commission does not anticipate any serious difficulty in having the wires put underground as the saving in one year on repair work would pay for the cost in the change of system.

The city engineer will also prepare a plat of the present conduit system and submit it at the next meeting of the commission.

THE SHERIFF

Has Prior Claim on Lerch Barn and Will Act.

The sheriff, and not the board of public works, will order the destruction of the Lerch barn.

The public works department was ready yesterday to pitch in and demolish the unsightly structure at the corner of First street and Fourth avenue west, but was restrained by legal advice to the effect that the sheriff should have the first crack at the barn.

The public generally does not care who takes it down or by what cause just so it is removed within the shortest possible time.

If the sheriff does the work the barn will probably go under the hammer to satisfy a claim against it.

AFTER HER.

Hudson, Wis., People Will Endeavor to Convict Mrs. Baker.

Tomorrow Mrs. J. S. Baker of the notorious "Baker orphanage" of this city will go on trial at Hudson, Wis., charged with obtaining money under false pretenses.

An important part of the evidence against her will be a copy of the testimony taken during the investigation of the so-called "orphanage" a year or so ago by Rev. S. P. Long, Capt. T. H. Pressnell and I. Grettum, of this city.

H. C. Withrow, humane agent for St. Louis county, has been summoned to Hudson and he too will be in a position to give some interesting testimony.

The Bakers have disappeared from the "orphanage" according to a number of Lakeside neighbors, but they are afraid to give much publicity to the fact for the reason that the last time they disappeared the neighborhood had scarcely begun rejoicing when the "orphanage" was in their midst again.

DULUTH MAN THE RESCUER.

C. P. Maginnis Took Scherer Boy From Train.

The telegraph news brings an item to the effect that Louis Scherer was killed at Winona from the effect of a blow received from a club or cane in the hands of a playmate. The item further says:

Scherer was an infant 7 months old when the Milwaukee & St. Paul vestibule train was wrecked at Rio in October, 1886, and his mother and grandmother were imprisoned in a car and burned to death while he was rescued from his mother's arms by the late Bishop Henry B. Whipple."

This statement is incorrect for it was C. P. Maginnis, of this city, who rescued the little fellow from his mother's arms. He carried the child up the bank at the side of the track and after that Bishop Whipple took charge of him. He rescued a little girl at the same time, a sister of the boy, and she, too, has since died.

Wind Too Much For Them.

The life-saving crew was aroused last evening about 10:15 o'clock by yells for help from the bay. The boat was quickly run out and eight persons were picked off a sailboat. They were a badly frightened lot of young people and the life savers received a warm welcome. The gale that sprang up was too much for the sailors, who evidently belonged to the class of navigators that ought to be kept on shore.

Fishing Is Splendid.

William McKirdy, for many years factor for the Hudson Bay company at the Nepigon, has written to deny the report published some time ago that the fish of the Nepigon, famous for its large brook trout, were dying off by hundreds from some mysterious disease. Mr. McKirdy says that this is absolutely false. He says that three parties have been up the river, and all report the fishing as splendid. They expect to have a busy season at the Nepigon.

SHIPPING DELAYED

Accident at Sault Interfering With Iron Ore Movement.

Only Five Vessels at Missabe Dock In Two Days.

Conditions Continually Improving Until This Accident Occurred.

It begins to look as if the iron ore movement for June would be seriously interfered with by the bridge accident at the Sault, as a result of which the American canal was temporarily closed to the passage of vessels.

Yesterday, there were only three vessels at the Missabe docks, and this morning only two. In a general way practically the same conditions are threatened at the Iron Range docks at Two Harbors. As yet the Great Northern docks have been furnished with plenty of vessels, and the indications are promising for a continuance of this happy lot. This is due, however, to the fact that the Great Northern is not yet shipping as heavily as it will be by the first of next month. It is just beginning to receive the first of its newly-manufactured 60-ton pressed steel ore cars. It will have 800 of these in service before the shipping season is over with, and a very large number of them by July 1. This will mean an additional ore-carrying capacity of 40,000 tons per trip.

The current month began most happily for a largely increased movement of ore from the Minnesota mines and docks. It began to seem as if the discouraging accidents and interruption of vessel dispatch and supply at the opening of the season were happily passed. The Missabe has loaded out about 225,000 tons in the first ten days of the month and the Iron Range has shipped about 250,000, or at the rate of about 675,000 and 750,000 tons respectively for the month. This showing would have been much larger if enough vessels could have been gotten to take care of the shipments to the dock, but the improvement in the dispatch of ore-laden vessels at Lake Erie ports has not yet become so great as to help the situation materially here. Some relief has come through the furnishing of more rolling stock by the roads hauling from docks to furnaces, and much more is expected.

Now, just as other conditions become favorable for fulfilling the hopes of those who have planned for an enormous movement of ore this season, all the traffic through St. Mary's river is crowded into the lock on the Canadian side of the river, and vessels are delayed up and down twenty-four to thirty-six hours.

The ore carriers, however, are not disheartened. Considerable experience in the way of just such accidents in the past has inunured their spirits from the effect of even such a series of depressing shocks. They might feel a little more encouraged by a freer movement, because everybody is anxious to contribute his share to the great record that it was hoped would be made this season, but they go on sawing wood and making coal to take advantage of every pound of tonnage that is offered, with the hope that things will be running smoothly before July 1.

In this connection, some interesting data has been prepared showing the development of the tonnage employed in the ore-carrying trade during the past seven years. The figures are for one road's docks only at the head of the lakes, but they are accepted to be representative of the general way. It is shown that the average tonnage of these carriers increased from 1809 in 1895 to 4459 in 1901. At the same time, while the shipping tonnage of these docks has gained from 1,596,000 to 3,437,000 in the same period, the number of vessels that handled the shipments decreased from 881 in 1895 to 771 last year. The number of vessels rose hithest in 1899—923—when the average tonnage was 3983. There was just one year in this period when the average carrying tonnage of the vessels chartered in this trade went backward, and that was in 1899. There was a very large increase in the volume of shipments and an abnormally large proportion of small vessels were engaged. As a result the average tonnage fell from 3803 to 3783, but the next year it jumped almost 20 per cent. Aside from that exception, the smallest increase was in 1898, when the average rose from 3541 in 1897 to 3550. The largest gain was in 1896, when one-third was added to the average cargo.

These figures are of considerable value for reference, as well as of great interest.

Glee Club Concert.

The Glee club concert tomorrow night at the First M. E. church will afford music lovers a rare treat. The club numbers about thirty-five of Duluth's best voices and is in good training. It is an organization that has come to stay, and if its efforts to give only the very best in music are appreciated by the public, it will doubtless be an organization of which the city will soon feel proud. Assisting the club will be Ada Markland Sheffield, dramatic soprano, of Chicago, an artist of the very first class, and Frederick G. Bradbury, violinist, are the two local artists who will assist.

GET DOWN TO FACTS.

Read What Duluth Citizens Say.

Get down to the facts of the matter. Don't take a stranger's word. It is easier to prove the truthfulness of statements made by citizens of Duluth than endorsements coming from some far away place. Read the following:

Mr. B. Barr, of 306 Garfield avenue, conductor on the Duluth street railroad, says: "I had constant heavy pains through the small of my back and up under the shoulder blades. It was painful for me to stoop or lift anything heavy. I became stiff and sore from sitting or lying in any one position, and in the mornings I rose feeling more tired than when I went to bed. The kidney secretions were irregular, frequent, highly colored and deposited a heavy sediment. I felt all run down, and seemed to have no energy or ambition. I was also troubled a great deal with attacks of headache. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and thought I would try them, procured a box at W. W. Abbett's drug store and used it. They helped me right away and in a short time I was entirely cured of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

MR. ROBERT SIMPKINS

HAD CATARRH OF THE STOMACH.

"I AM WELL AND STRONG TODAY."

"Doctors Called It Appendicitis"—Pe-ru-na Cured.

MR. ROBERT SIMPKINS

Mr. Robert Simpkins, Portal, N. D., writes:

"About a year ago I was suffering with pains in my stomach and bowels and the doctors said that I had appendicitis, and that an operation was necessary. I was miserable, as I could neither eat nor sleep. I wrote to Dr. Hartmann and he advised me to follow his directions, which I gladly did, and today I am a well man, thanks to this wonderful medicine, Peruna. Peruna is the best thing on the market today for Catarrh."—Robert Simpkins.

Mr. R. M. Baker, a prominent citizen of Buckhead, Ga., writes in a recent letter his experience with Peruna to build up a broken down system. He says:

"Some time ago I was troubled with catarrh of the stomach and spent lots of money in buying so-called catarrh medicines and paying doctor's bills. Peruna was recommended to me by a friend and after taking a few bottles I am happy to say that I am entirely cured.

"I can recommend Peruna, because I believe it to be the best catarrh remedy on the market. My whole system was out of order and my health generally was very bad, but since taking Peruna I am now enjoying better health than I can ever remember and fully believe that Peruna did the work. I shall always speak a good word in its behalf."

Hon. Thomas J. Henderson, member of congress from Illinois and lieutenant in the Union army for eight years, writes from the Lemon building, Washington, D. C., as follows:

"Peruna has been used in my family with the very best results and I take pleasure in recommending your valuable remedy to my friends as a tonic and an effective cure for catarrh."—Thos. J. Henderson.

Catarrh assumes different phases in different seasons of the year. In the summer the stomach and bowels suffer the oftenest as the seat of the trouble. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

AMUSEMENTS.

MARKLE & HARDER COMPANY.

Last evening the Myrkle & Harder company opened a week's engagement at the Lyceum, playing "The Ups and Downs of Life." The company is playing at the lowest of popular prices and considered from that standpoint is a strong organization. Miss Myrkle is a pleasing soubrette and Mr. Harder an actor of much individuality. The specialties are a feature and the performance is practically continuous, for they are introduced between the acts and there are no moments of waiting.

Tonight the company will present "Knobs of Tennessee."

SHOWER OF METEORS.

Eastern Montana Frequently Hit By Balls of Fire.

Helena, Mont., June 10.—The number of meteors that are falling in Eastern Montana causes the question to be asked: Did the eruption of Mont Pelee cause them? And the question is being debated with wonted vigor throughout that section of the state.

A prominent stockman of Sweet Grass county, James E. McCleksy, in an interview, said:

"A number of meteors have been seen in Eastern Montana of late, and especially since the Mont Pelee eruption. Everybody is curious to know the cause of so many meteors, and not a few of the people over our way are very much frightened.

"An itinerant preacher passing through Big Timber gave it out that it was time for Gabriel to blow his trumpet, and this started the tongues of the superstitious people of the community wagging.

"One of the local school professors suggested that the meteors were the natural result of the eruption at Mont Pelee and this theory has been quite generally accepted among educated classes.

"But the most remarkable thing about the meteors was noticed last Sunday, when one made its appearance in broad daylight. The sun had just gone down when the whole horizon about the mountain peaks was lighted up by a strange, red color.

"Suddenly there was a flash and a fiery ball shot downward from near the zenith in a perfectly straight line to the horizon. As the meteor neared the earth it suddenly exploded like a sky rocket, and flew into a number of small pieces.

"The meteor left a fiery track behind; this was perfectly straight at first, but finally became zigzagged, and at the end of half an hour disappeared. It was the most beautiful sight I ever saw, and, although many meteors have fallen in Eastern Montana, none have compared with this one in brilliancy."

This same meteor, presumably, and many others have been noticed in Helena, and have served to attract admiring throngs. The sight, viewed from the foothills of the Rocky mountains, is an inspiring one. Even the sunsets are more beautiful than ever since the Martinique disaster, and local scientists and geologists express no doubt as to the affinity between the events mentioned.

NEW AND OLD OFFICIALS.

Wisconsin State Officers Are Named For Another Year.

Madison, Wis., June 10.—E. S. Harvey has been appointed by the board of control to his old place as deputy warden of the state prison from which he resigned during Warden McClaughrey's term. It is positively stated that the wardenship has not been considered by the board since McClaughrey's resignation. There are two or three applications.

Governor LaFollette appointed Dr. Leonard E. Spencer, of the vital statistics of the state board of health, to succeed J. H. McNeel, of Fond du Lac. The term ends Feb. 1, 1903. The old officers of the free library commission were reelected at the annual meeting as follows: Chairman, J. H. Stout, Menominee; vice chairman, R. G. Thwaites, Madison; secretary, R. G. Thwaites, Madison.

It is hoped to establish a permanent school for training of librarians and a committee was appointed to investigate the matter. During the year twelve new libraries have been established. Gifts of individuals to Wisconsin public libraries during the years aggregated $420,000 of which Carnegie gave $287,000.

When once liberated within your system, it produces a most wonderful effect. It's worth one's last dollar to feel the pleasure of life that comes by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

Members U. C. T.

Will please remember that certificates for rate to Minnetonka will be honored by Northern Pacific railway, good on all trains making connection without transfer at Minneapolis. For full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

The Pleasant Part...

We want you to feel that everything in our store is of such a character that there will be no cause for dissatisfaction with it after the money is paid for it. That is the fact. It is the pleasant part of our business that so many of our customers come in say: "Well I always feel satisfied in buying anything here."

It has been our constant aim for years to establish such a reputation—and you can appreciate our gratification at the accomplishing of our long cherished aim.

S. F. Boyce Druggist.

Prescriptions receive prompt and careful attention.

Have Your Suit Fixed Up For Sunday....

Suits cleaned and pressed for...$1.00
Suits pressed for..... 50c
Pants pressed for..... 20c

All work done by first-class tailors.

JULIUS LIESKE,

Room 7 over 7 West Superior Street.

Actinic or Violet Rays

The most effective and painless treatment known for

Cancer, Consumption and Skin Diseases.

This is the same light as that used by the celebrated Dr. Finsen, of Copenhagen, and eminent New York specialists.

For particulars address

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.,
319 First Ave. East, Duluth.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.**

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

The Palm Garden,

208 West Superior Street.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Drink West Baden Water...

Now is the time to fix up your stomach. Excellent for the liver, kidneys and constipation. Handled by Frank Stimson, agent, room 20-21 Mesaba block. Old Phone 551.

CEREAL FACTORY

Duluth Is Asked If It Desires to Secure One.

Half Million Dollars to Be Invested In a Plant.

Details as to Size of Elevators and Buildings Needed.

Does Duluth want a $500,000 pure food cereal plant employing 100 hands?

That is the question that Assistant General Freight Agent Baird conveys to the Commercial club, through General Agent T. E. Blanche.

The question is asked in a general way by Charles V. Eades, whose address is given as 606 Continental Bank building, Chicago.

Mr. Eades has addressed a letter to the general freight department of the Northern Pacific, inquiring if there is a town along its line of road, to which a cereal country is tributary, that is likely to furnish some sort of a bonus for the location of the industry.

Mr. Eades in his letter indicates that the plans for the industry are well matured, but that the question at present is where to locate. He believes that a little competition will develop not only the best location, but that inducements may be offered to secure the plant.

He points out that the cereal food business is one of the most prosperous and most rapidly developing in the country, as is instanced by the thirty-two plants devoted to its manufacture at Battle Creek, Mich., where $22,000,000 is invested in the business.

The interests represented by Mr. Eades propose to manufacture all kinds of cereal foods, coffee, etc., that are now made, as well as one exclusive article, the rights to which are held solely by his people. This specialty will afford the grounds on which to put out a leader and work up the business.

The business will need an elevator with twenty-five or thirty cars capacity, a mill building two stories high, and about 75 by 100 feet in dimensions, with boiler and engine rooms, a packing room 125 by 50 feet, and two stories high a warehouse 125 by 50 feet and a box shop 25 by 50 feet.

The presumption is that these details are given in order that an idea may be gained as to whether buildings already in existence at various points can be utilized for the purpose.

The letter has been forwarded to Secretary Preston, who will bring it before the next meeting of the directors.

Renwick B. Knox has been elected chairman of the new finance committee of the Commercial club, and the committee has organized for business. It will approve all claims against the club before they are paid.

The committee on membership has organized and will meet this afternoon to begin active work on increasing the charter roll.

R. A. Mares, chairman of the Wheatland, N. D., excursion committee, has written a letter to the secretary of the Duluth board of trade to see if another excursion from Wheatland and nearby points on the Northern Pacific road cannot be arranged for soon. Such a good time was had last year that Mr. Mares, who is connected with the State Bank of Wheatland, says that farmers, business men and all are desirous of repeating the experience this early summer. They want the same rate that was made last year.

LINEMEN OUT.

Quit Zenith Company Because of the Foreman Employed.

Eleven linemen of the Zenith City Telephone company are unemployed today.

There is some little dispute as to why they are not working—the men claiming they are out on a strike and the company claiming that the men are discharged.

The trouble is caused by the fact that Manager Kritzer engaged a new foreman yesterday. His name is Edward Andrews and was formerly connected with the New Orleans union which the local men claim he assisted in breaking up.

Manager Kritzer says that Andrews worked for the Zenith company until a short time ago and that men now opposing him spoke in favor of Andrews when he was leaving the employ to try and better himself.

The company expects to get all the linemen it needs regardless of those not working today, and says the strike will not necessarily interfere with work.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

Special Sale

—OF—

Wall Paper

Forty-five thousand rolls of fine Wall Paper to be closed out to make room for changes to be made in our store rooms. You can have new and up-to-date Papers here at your own price—some as low as 1c per roll. Now is your chance. We always do what we promise.

Engels' Art Store,

17-19 Third Ave. East.

HOW TO FIND OUT

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains the linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it, or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention that you read this generous offer in the Duluth Evening Herald. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

HIGH WORK.

Louis Lumdy Completes Painting of Light Plant Stack.

An aerial artist of the paint brush, peripatetic by instinct as well as from the requirements of his business, has just completed the painting of the high smokestack at the generating plant of the Duluth General Electric company. His name is Louis Lumdy, and it required a little over two days for him to accomplish the task.

At first thought, the achievement may not seem remarkable. Very few people in looking at the tall steel stack suspect the fact that it is the tallest piece of steel construction of the kind in the West, and that at the time of its erection it was the highest steel stack that had been built. Not many perhaps realize that this stack is 208 feet high. This will give some conception of the square feet of surface that the painter had to cover, practically all of it in midair, from a swinging seat.

In this case, the task is rendered somewhat less of a feat than the customary painting of old brick stacks and steeples, for the reason that when the stack was built provision was made for ascending it for the purpose of making repairs. A securely-built ladder leads from the bottom to the very top of the exterior of the south side of the stack. In older structures of the kind, it is usually necessary for workmen to ascend from the interior and in a most primitive and difficult manner, in order to attach their tackle for the swinging seat. Here Lumdy merely clambered up the ladder on the outside carrying a light line, from which was suspended his tackle and hooks. Once at the top, the painter drew up his hooks and tackle, fastened the hooks over the top of the stack, adjusted his tackle blocks and lines and descended. His ascent in the swinging seat was then an easy matter for him. Lumdy encountered some pretty windy and stormy weather, but stuck to his task indefatigably, and made a good time record on his job.

Piano Recital.

At Endion M. E. church, under the auspices of the Ladies' union, Friday evening, June 13. 25 cents.

DISMISSED.

Case Against Agricultural Society Directors Thrown Out.

The suit of D. A. Petre, as receiver for the St. Louis County Agricultural society, against J. E. Cooley, William T. Bailey and James Sullivan, to recover $167.30 of the society's money alleged to have been converted to the use of the defendants by applying it to fictitious claims, was dismissed in district court this morning at the conclusion of the plaintiff's case.

Mr. Petre claimed that the defendants, as officers and directors of the society, turned the money over to A. J. Miller, and that he gave it to them to pay false claims of theirs.

The testimony showed that the money was turned over to Miller; that after the meeting Miller gave it to Cooley, and that Cooley then turned it over to W. T. Bailey, the treasurer, through Ed Totman.

James Sullivan testified that he got $142 of the money in payment of a note of $125, with interest, due him from the society.

There was no proof whatever that the claims were false, as alleged in the complaint, and when the plaintiff rested, the defense, represented by F. W. Sullivan, moved to dismiss the case, which Judge Ensign, before whom the trial took place, granted.

"We did not expect to win this case," said Mr. Petre, after the trial was over. "All we wanted to know was what became of the money. We got that information, and now we shall begin unlawful detainer suits to recover it on the ground that the officers that took the money to pay their own claims knew that the society was insolvent at the time." Thomas A. Gall is the attorney for the receiver.

Hunter Block Transfer.

Deeds conveying the Hunter block, at the corner of First avenue west and Superior street, were filed yesterday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds. It was sold by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company to Henry L. Lloyd for $47,500 June 2. A second deed dated June 4 conveys the property from Lloyd to Richards M. Bradley and Henry B. Cabot, of Brookline, Mass., and Arthur Lyman, of Waltham, Mass., as trustees under an agreement between them for the purpose of purchasing real estate in Duluth. The consideration in the second deed is the same.

STRIKE FOR NINE HOURS.

Beaver Falls, Pa., June 9.—The employes of the Keystone Drill company, excepting the machinists, struck today for nine hours. They have been working nine and a half hours a day. The machinists of this place, New Brighton and Fallston demanded of their employers a 9-hour day today and gave them until June 12 to decide, after which time they will strike if they do not get it.

SEARLE STEPS OUT

Departs From Congressional Field---Daugherty Now Only Hope.

Petitions Asking Him to Run Are Now Being Pushed.

If He Does Not Run Probably No One Will.

Exit F. E. Searle, R. U. E.

The result of the meetings that have been held was the retirement of Mr. Searle from the congressional field. The failure of the expected support to rally to him is given as the cause.

This leaves the opposition to J. Adam Bede up to F. B. Daugherty, who is still as reluctant to enter the race as he was before. Today petitions were being circulated, addressed to him. They set forth that as it seems desirable to have a "St. Louis county candidate," the signers would like very much to have Mr. Daugherty come out, please, and run for congress.

D. R. McLennan appeared to have charge of the petitions, which were in circulation all day today.

Ward Ames had one on the board of trade this morning, and he got only eight signers there, as follows: Ward Ames, M. L. Jenks, George Spencer, M. J. Forbes, Ward Ames, Jr., L. R. Hurd, A. B. Black and J. A. Todd.

J. Adam Bede happened to be present when the petition was in circulation, and he was asked to sign it. He did, and added after his name these words: "In consideration of support promised to me."

It is all up to Mr. Daugherty now. If he comes out there will be opposition to Bede, and if he does not come out there will be none. Mr. Daugherty, unfortunately for the Bede opposition, is not nearly so anxious about the job as Mr. Searle appeared to be. It is pretty certain that he will have to be assured something very definite in the way of support before he consents to come out, if he does even then.

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When asked about his candidacy last evening, Mr. Daugherty stated that nothing further than that when pressure was brought to bear upon a man as it was being brought to bear upon him, it was very hard to refuse.

"It is a funny thing to me," he said, "in a district like this, the nicest little district in the country, that there are not eight or ten candidates scrambling for the nomination.

• • •

It will undoubtedly be settled within a day or two, one way or the other. A funny thing is that some of the Willcuts element, which have been pretty strong Bede opponents, have begun to say that he is not such a bad fellow after all, now that Senator Daugherty is mentioned so strongly.

"That crowd," said a Republican this afternoon, "were largely instrumental in shelving F. E. Searle, as they did not desire to have the credit of backing him, and they used Senator Daugherty's name to help do it. I do not mean by that that all the Daugherty strength comes from that source. By no means. He has very strong friends and many of them. But now that Searle is out of the way you will see that same crowd quietly knocking Daugherty."

• • •

"I see my old friend T. M. Pugh is running for the state senate here," said Senator C. B. Buckman, of Little Falls, "I am glad to hear it ,and I hope the boys will turn out and put him through. His district could not do better, in my opinion."

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It is said that J. Adam Bede told Jesse L. Jellison last night that if F. E. Searle came out the principal fight would be between Bede and Jellison.

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A. H. Wilcox, of Frazee, Becker county, a member of the legislature from the Sixtieth district, was visiting in the city today, and he left this afternoon for a trip over the iron ranges. Mr. Wilcox was one of the stauncheest friends of Duluth during the last two sessions, being one of the firmest of the band that voted with the Duluth delegation through thick and thin. Immediately after the session of the legislature Mr. Wilcox went to California for the winter, and he returns much benefited in health.

The Danger Period for the Nervous and Broken Down in Health Is Rapidly Drawing Nigh.

Paine's Celery Compound

Banishes All Symptoms of Disease and Nourishes the Nervous System.

Paine's Celery Compound has saved thousands of people from nervous prostration and collapse brought on through sleeplessness, weakened nerves, and impoverished blood. The great medicine has made thousands well. It has conquered weakness and ill health when everything else has failed.

This is the time when nervous debility and nervous prostration begin to manifest themselves. The coming hot weather will only add fuel to the fire of suffering and disease.

If there is mental depression, loss of energy, lack of vitality, dullness of the eyes, blanched cheeks and lips, confusion in the head, defective memory, love of solitude—all these are direct indications of coming nervous collapse, and call for the immediate use of that nerve feeder, strength giver, and blood enricher, Paine's Celery Compound. This Heaven-sent prescription is a peerless remedy for your dangerous troubles. President T. J. Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers of the United States, writes from Pittsburg, Pa., as follows:

"In 1899 I was compelled to abandon my profession because of nervous prostration consequent upon exposure, hard study, and overwork. A number of physicians declared I would never recover, but I tried Paine's Celery Compound, and in less than a year increased in weight from 141½ to 215 pounds. During the recent strike of the Steel Workers, finding myself ready to collapse, and fearing a recurrence of my former trouble, I returned to my former friend, Paine's Celery Compound, and already am feeling more vigorous and able to meet and discharge the duties of my office."

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,

17 East Superior Street.

Prices Always the Lowest, Qualities the Best.

Fancy Creamery Butter—per lb	22c
Fancy Pineapples—each	10c
Best Spinach—peck	10c
Pie Plant—per pound, only	1c
Elegant Potatoes—per bushel	65c
Oregon Strawberries quart	18c
Choice Wisconsin Strawberries, 2 boxes	25c

Special Care Given Telephone Orders.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St

Professor Ourat will give a party at Lester Wednesday, June 11.

Smoke X-Ray and Duluth Herald clear.

Dance at Lester Thursday. LaSosse plays, and you are invited.

Miss Franc Lindsay and A. E. Frost, both of Duluth, were married June 7 at Madison, Wis., by Rev. L. M. Lunley, at the parsonage. Those present from Duluth were: Mrs. L. Lindsay and Mr. and Mrs. H. Mauseau.

The Imperial Coffee & Spice company assignment has been closed up by Assignee F. J. Pulford, and he has been finally discharged by the court. A final dividend of 58.2 per cent was paid the creditors.

The Oneida Land company has filed an amendment to its articles of incorporation making the capital stock $200,000. Of this amount, it is stated in the amendments, $150,000 has been paid in and the balance is to be paid in as directed by the board of directors.

The Chandler Iron company, at a meeting held June 3, amended its articles of incorporation so as to reduce the capital stock from $1,000,000 to 0,000. Another amendment reduces the par value of the stock from $25 to $15. The amendments were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to John Lalja, of Germany.

A temperance meeting will be held at the Christian church tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. Miss Louise Hollister will address the meeting.

Thomas Brian, custodian of the city hall, won the model government dispatch boat made by Capt. J. W. Miller. The raffle occurred this morning and Mr. Brian's lucky number was 42.

PERSONALS.

Miss Lydia Poirier left this afternoon to attend the national convention of librarians in Boston.

O. H. Kessler and Mr. Schnieder, of Tell City, Ind., are visiting Mrs. Fred Koors.

Mrs. William E. Richardson and son, who have been East for some weeks, returned on Monday, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Francis, who has been attending school at Northampton, Mass.

Edward E. Martell left last Tuesday evening for Portland, Ore. He will be absent for about three months.

Mrs. John Miller returned from Detroit, Mich., Sunday, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. V. A. Lacy and children.

Miss Mattocks leaves this evening for Boston, over the South Shore.

Robert Morland, of Liverpool, England, is a guest at the Spalding.

Mr. G. O. Braithwaite will take this evening's South Shore for Buffalo.

Fred Merrill, of Tower, is a guest from the Vermilion range at the St. Louis.

Mrs. J. S. Hunter leaves on this evening's South Shore for Boston.

R. L. White goes to Chicago this evening over the Omaha.

E. D. Nelson, promoter of the new Federal National bank, arrived in the city this forenoon from Ironwood, Mich., and is at the Spalding.

J. B. Greenfield returned this morning from a trip to Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Upton leave tonight over the South Shore for the Soo.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Taylor left yesterday for Grand Marias, where they will make their headquarters during the summer or until Mr. Taylor's health is sufficiently recovered to enable him to return to Chicago.

J. W. Wood, of Ely, is a guest at the St. Louis.

G. A. Tomlinson will leave on the fast mail this afternoon for Chicago.

James Corrigan and Price McKinney, of Cleveland, arrived at the Spalding this morning to look after the mining interests of Corrigan, McKinney & Co. Mr. McKinney said that the company's ore was moving forward very well, but that shipments would likely show an early and appreciable increase.

A party composed of Selwyn Eddy, Charles F. Eddy, Charles A. Eddy, John W. Eddy and N. A. Eddy, of Bay City, arrived at the Spalding this morning. They are well known to people conversant with the vessel and lumbering world.

D. A. McLennan will go to Chicago this afternoon via the Omaha.

Looking Into It.

W. S. Edens, of Washington, first assistant superintendent of the free delivery service, is in the city. He is investigating the necessity for three additional carriers in Duluth. The postoffice here has requested the allowance of that number of new carriers.

DANCING MASTERS

Meet In Annual Convention In New York City.

New York, June 10.—The Normal School Association of Masters of Dancing of the United States and Canada has opened its ninth annual convention in this city. There were 1000 dancing masters present, one third of whom were women.

The convention will continue ten days. One of the principal subjects before the session will be the proposed adoption of a uniform style of dancing throughout this country and Canada.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

CREDIT MEN MEET

The Seventh Annual Convention of the National Association.

Three Hundred Delegates Present at the Opening Session.

Reports of Officers Show Society In Excellent Condition.

Louisville, June 10.—The seventh annual convention of the National Credit Men's association, representing a membership of 4000 from all parts of the country, met at 10 o'clock this morning at Liederkranz hall, in this city. When President Elbert A. Young of St. Paul called the meeting to order there were about 300 delegates present. Besides a number of the wives and daughters of the members. Addresses of welcome were delivered by former Governor W. O. Bradley of the state and Walter Walker on behalf of the local Credit Men's association. The response was made on behalf of the visitors by George F. Dieterle, of Cincinnati. President Young then delivered his annual address.

President Young in his annual address said the association and its local branches could be credited with improvements in the mercantile agency service, assisting its members in advancing office methods, reducing credit questions to a system, and establishing a fund for the prosecution of fraudulent failures, the passage of laws in many states prohibiting merchandise sales in bulk without notice to creditors, the formation of friendships, and elevating the commercial standard of its members.

A new era, he said, was at hand, the possibilities of which no one can predict. The extension of agricultural, commercial, industrial and financial activity throughout the world has been unparalleled. We must no longer be satisfied with the limits of our local credits, but should adapt ourselves to large fields.

Notwithstanding the advantages in our favor, we have no copyright on prosperity, no certainty that our wonderful progress in international commerce will continue. Only by eternal vigilance, can we retain the advantages we have gained.

To adjust all the momentous pending questions will require the greatest wisdom on the part of our lawmakers. Concessions must be closed up by conflicting interests for the general good. We need fewer politics and more patriotism; less sectional feeling and more Americanism.

There should be no party lines drawn on questions involving the prosperity of our people, or the enlargement of our commerce. We must not diminish our foreign trade, but the country should constrain every nerve to adopt a system which will steadily and extend it. Commerce is the exchange of merchandise, and to continue must be mutual. Depression in foreign markets is not to our advantage. The more industries of other nations flourish, the greater their prosperay and the larger our purchases from them, the more they will be able to buy in return.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to John Lalja, of Germany.

At the conclusion of President Young's speech, former Governor Crittenden of Missouri presented to him, on behalf of the Louisville association, a gavel of white oak, the native growth of Kentucky. In presenting the gavel, Mr. Crittenden paid a high tribute to the credit men. The annual report of the treasurer, George L. Ford, of Syracuse, N. Y., showed that from June 1, 1901, to May 31, 1902, the receipts were $13,000. The disbursements for that time were $12,973. The total cash balance over all expenses on June 1 was $85. The trust fund on June 1, 1902, was $9756. The report of the secretary, William A. Pendergast, of New York, was then submitted.

The annual report of Secretary Pendergast showed that the membership of the association to June 1 was 4000, increase of 432 over last year.

Three new local associations have been added during the year, at Los Angeles, Cal., Evansville, Ind., and Lincoln, Neb. The organization is preparing to extend its work to Texas and associations will soon be organized in that state.

The report further states, that all the local organizations are in good condition and much interest is being manifested in the work. The report recommends the return to the old plan of standing committees as the present committees have too many members and are cumbersome.

The total receipts for the past year were $12,853, exceeding those of the past year by $783. The expenditures for the year were $12,999.

The treasurer's report shows a cash balance to the association's credit of $85. The receipts for the coming year are estimated at $14,100.

CABINET MEETING.

Washington, June 10.—Secretaries Hitchcock and Wilson having returned to the city various matters relating to their departments were discussed by the cabinet today, and in view of the president leaving for West Point tonight, brought up a number of subjects connected with the war department.

MORGAN AT DOVER.

Dover, Eng., June 10.—J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York, arrived here this evening from the continent and proceeded to London.

Removal!

On or before July 1st, I will move from 201 W. Superior St. into my new quarters at

12 West Superior Street,

Near Lake Avenue.

R. Krojanker

Leading Furrier.

ADVANTAGE

Taken of Strike to Use Soft Coal In New York.

New York, June 10.—Assistant Corporation Counsel Cosby in charge of the bureau for the collection of penalties, is proceeding against about forty of the large office buildings in this city under the ordinance forbidding the use of soft coal. The penalty is $50 for each violation, and where the departme of health has given notice to stop the use of soft coal, and it is continued contrary to order, the penalty is $250.

"Since the miners strike, the use of bituminous coal has become general in the city," said Capt. Cosby.

"We believe that many people are taking advantage of the coal strike as an excuse for burning soft coal. There are coal regions in Canada, England and in the South; and there is no reason why these supplies should not be drawn upon."

EXPOSITION.

Buencamino Is Getting Pointers For One at Manila.

Charleston, S. C., June 10.—Felipe Buencamino, formerly secretary of war in Aguinaldo's cabinet and who testified before the senate committee on the Philippines, arrived in this city today to study the methods of the recent exposition. It is his desire to hold an exposition in Manila to commemorate Dr. Rizal, the Filipino patriot, and he wishes to obtain ideas relative to the cost and plan of operation.

Buencamino is accompanied on his visit by three Americans who are interested with him in the proposition.

Buencamino hopes government assistance will be given for the enterprise and it is understood that he will ask for an appropriation of $100,000 in its interest.

SIXTEEN ARRESTED.

Charged With Assault on Watchman at Mines.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 10.—About sixteen men and women were arrested by coal and iron police and constables at Nanticoke today, in connection with the assault last Saturday on a night watchman who was on his way home from one of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western collieries. The prisoners are confined in a railway car a short distance below Nanticoke. The prisoners will probably be given a hearing at Kingston.

There was a slight disturbance at the Williams, a colliery of the Lehigh Valley company at Duryea today. A crowd of 150 gathered on a hill overlooking the place and threw stones and fired pistols at the workmen within the enclosure. A clerk of the company came out and pretended to take the names of some of those in the crowd, which frightened them away. No one was hurt.

BOYS DISCHARGED.

Not Allowed to Work at Stillwater Boom.

Stillwater, Minn., June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The labor commission sent a representative to the boom, thirty-five miles north of here, at the instance of the union of mill and river men, to investigate a complaint to the effect that a large number of boys were employed there. As a result the company was required to discharge a number of boys who were under 16 years of age, and also to quit work. The crew of adults there refused to work eleven hours a day.

EXHIBITION POLO.

British Team Wins Six Goals to Five.

London, June 10.—In the exhibition game of polo at Ranelagh today between English and American teams, the score at the end of the third period was three goals to two in favor of the English.

At the end of the fourth period the score stood four to four.

The British team won by a score of six goals to five.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

A. B. Chandler Named For Brimson, St. Louis County.

Washington, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for a car ventilator has been issued to Peter B. Hole, of McIntosh, Minn.

The following postmasters have been appointed: Brimson, St. Louis county, A. B. Chandler, vice B. F. Roberts, resigned; Ware, Marshall county, C. J. Berg, vice N. A. Olson, resigned.

A SUCCESS

Is New York Co-Operative Kosher Butcher Shop.

New York, June 10.—A rushing business was done by the first New York co-operative Kosher butcher shop, which has just been opened in the Jewish quarter, under the auspices of the "East Side Ladies' Anti-Trust association." The people stood in line for a block, and 2000 pounds of chuck meat was disposed of so rapidly, and at 1 cent less than the price in "Kosher" shops, that the stock was sold out in a few hours. The association has planned to open other shops throughout the district.

CONTORTIONIST HURT.

Mlle. Ethardo Fell While Performing on Chairs.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 10.—During the evening performance of a circus here yesterday, Mlle. Naoma Ethardo, a contortionist, fell while performing upon two chairs. She struck upon her head rendering her unconscious, from which condition she had not recovered when the show left the city late at night. Her injuries may prove fatal. Her husband and two children are also performers.

Even the man who says he don't read advertisements goes to a well-advertised store and calls for an advertised article. To "soak in' ads should appear often in The Herald.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We offer tomorrow:

Two Hundred Waist Lengths

in Whites, Tans and Blacks,

In a variety of Patterns—all perfect goods—from our regular stock—lengths left from large pieces—at

75c

the Pattern.

Values $1.00 and $1.25.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

The "S. & B. Co.s" Garments Lead All!

If "A thing of beauty is a joy forever," one of our beautiful Tailored Suits, Jackets or Wraps is a joy to the wearer as long as it lasts!

It's true enough that clothes don't wear as long as they used to, but the storekeepers can't help that!

On the other hand, people in general can afford to buy clothes oftener than they used to; so that evens it up!

Have you tried the S. & B. Co.'s Tailored Suits, Jackets or Wraps, of any and every sort? If you haven't, do so and you'll glad you did!

Especially now—when there are so many exceptional values being offered—as for instances:

$25 and $22.50 Tailored Suits at $11.75.

$38.50 and $35 High Novelty Jackes at $27.50.

$24.50 to $19.50 High Novelty Jackets at $15.00.

Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

The **BEST** and only practical optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

5 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The beverage made from Figprune Cereal is smooth, palatable and nutritious. Because of the large percentage of natural saccharine matter in figs and prunes, Figprune requires less sugar than any other cereal coffee. All Grocers Sell It.

America's Summer Resorts.

When it begins to get hot and dry, one's thoughts naturally turn toward the lakes and rivers and the seashore of New York and New England, and we begin to wonder how much it would require of time and money to make the trip. A lot of these questions are answered and a lot of information given free in "Four-Track Series," No. 3, "America's Summer Resorts." Sent on receipt of a 2-cent stamp, by George H. Daniels, general passenger agent, New York Central & Hudson River railroad, Grand Central station, New York.

"Famous For Low Prices."

STACK & CO.

Fifth Anniversary Sale!

The most successful we ever attempted. Saturday and Monday was like Xmas here—hundreds of people to be waited on. We make things hum when our anniversary comes around and it only comes once a year. Take advantage of it. It pays to watch our store. Extra specials for Wednesday in addition to our regular advertised list.

Lace Curtains.
Full size Nottingham Curtains, overlock edge, handsome borders—the 50c kind selling at ---------- 37c

Art Denim.
32-inch Art Denim, floral designs, worth regularly 20c per yard, sale price ---------- 12½c

Window Shades.
Opaque Window Shades, best quality cloth, worth 25c, complete with fixtures—only ---------- 15c

Ruffled Pillows.
Fancy Ruffled Pillows, size 20x20, all colors, worth regularly 39c each ---------- 19c

Bleached Muslin.
Yard wide soft finish Muslin—good, standard quality, worth 8c a yard ---------- 5c

Cotton Batting.
Large size roll pure white Cotton Batting, worth regularly 15c per roll ---------- 10c

Table Damask.
Heavy half bleached Table Damask, fancy red border, the 39c quality for ---------- 25c

Bed Spreads.
Large size Bed Spread, extra heavy, hemmed, best value in the city for ---------- 75c

India Linon.
Fine sheer quality white India Linon, full width, the regular 10c goods ---------- 7c

Carpet Ends.
1000 samples of best quality wool Ingrain Carpets, 1 1-8 yards long, for ---------- 33c

Calico.
1 case fancy striped 27-in Calico—fast colors, worth 7c a yard ---------- 3c

Twilled Crash.
5 pieces heavy Twilled Crash, extra good value for, per yard ---------- 4c

Dress Percales.
32-inch Dark Dress Percales, all colors, the 12½c kind for, per yard ---------- 5c

Wrappers.
Good Dark Wrappers, best cloth—with full flounce, worth $1 ---------- 75c

Walking Skirts.
Special — Heavy black suiting, made with separate flounce, tailor stitched, $3.50 value for ---------- $1.98

Bread Knives.
20 gross—guaranteed as represented to be, 25c value; Anniversary sale price ---------- 10c

Note Paper.
10c, 15c, 19c and 25c boxes of note paper and envelopes on sale at, per box ---------- 5c

Brush Braid.
10 gross, good quality, in colors, heavy brush, 7c value—tomorrow at ---------- 1c

Hosiery.
Children's 25c extra quality lisle thread hose—guaranteed 25c value—at a pair ---------- 15c

Men's Shirts.
20 dozen Men's Working Shirts, double back—worth 50c each—at ---------- 25c

Umbrellas.
Ladies' Silk Umbrellas, fancy handles, steel rod, patent runners, in silk case—$2.48 value, at ---------- $1.50

Ladies' Fancy Hose.
30 dozen pairs Hose for ladies in new colorings and stripes—they are regular 15c value, the goods came in too late; we had the privilege of returning them or keeping them at reduced price—you are the winner—see them at—a pair ---------- 10c

Belt Bargains.
35c Fancy Belts on sale at ---------- 25c
75c and $1 Fancy Belts at ---------- 50c

Handkerchiefs.
Child's motto Handkerchiefs—(we limit quantity to each buyer) 4c value at ---------- 1c

Toilet Soap.
1000 cakes—Kirk's "Petromilk"—5c value—tomorrow at only ---------- 2c

Brooches.
Samples from a Providence maker—25c Brooches on sale at ---------- 10c

IN MICHIGAN.

Father and Two Sons Drowned In River at Ontonagon.

Houghton—William Wissing, aged 36, and his two sons William, aged 13 and Charles, aged 11, were drowned in the river at Ontonagon Sunday night. The bodies were recovered Monday. The boys were naked, but the father was fully dressed. It is supposed the father tried to rescue them.

From tests and investigations made by an engineer and several of the village officials, the startling fact has been ascertained that there has been a leakage from the water mains of over 200,000 gallons daily for some months, or possibly years. What becomes of the water is a mystery, for the solution of which the village council has ordered an ivestigation. It is costing a considerable sum monthly to supply the water, and with two-thirds of it apparently going to waste the loss has become a serious matter.

Calumet—The Finnish Mutual Life Insurance company has been organized by several prominent Finns of the Upper Peninsula. The company, though separate, is an outgrowth of the Finnish Mutual Fire Insurance company, which has met with success. The company has been capitalized at $200,000. It is the aim of the company to cover the Finnish settlements of the Upper Peninsula and eventually all Finnish towns in the United States.

Menominee—Robert C. Gilgins and Frank W. Campbell, two well-known capitalists of Chicago, are making a tour of inspection in search of available land to be used for a hunting lodge. It is understood that they are after Chambers island. This island is about twenty-five miles long and contains 144,000 acres. In the center is a large and beautiful lake which teems with fish.

Marquette—N. M. Kaufman, of this city, presented the library board with a check for $5000 for the building fund; Peter White and Andrew Arfe each gave $5000 some time ago, and J. M. Longyear has donated a valuable site.

Laurium—President Bollman of the Laurium council has called a mass meeting of the citizens for Saturday evening, June 14. The taxpayers will be asked at that time whether or not they are willing to provide more money and pay more taxes for improvements in the village this year. Many requests have been made to the council of late for new sewers, sidewalks, and electric street lights and the village is not financially prepared to furnished them at present.

BOER LEADERS' LETTER

To Obtain Money For Widows and Orphans.

Pretoria, June 10.—Following is the text of the translation of the last letter of the Boer leaders at Vreeniging to the burghers in the field when peace was signed:

Fellow Brethren and Countrymen: We feel it to be our duty to address a word of thanks and farewell to you on ending our struggle. It is our duty to inform you that peace has now been concluded in a manner and on the terms set forth in an agreement signed by the two governments and on the grounds set forth in a resolution this day adopted by the burghers assembled at Vreeniging. We heartily thank you for your heroism, for your sacrifice of so much that was dear and beloved by you, for your obedience and for your faithful discharge of duty, all of which serves the honor and glory of the Afrikanwer people. We counsel you all to acquiesce in this peace, to conduct yourselves quietly and peacefully, and to obey and respect the new government.

Further, we would inform you that the head of the commission has appointed representatives of the two states for the purpose of obtaining money and means to provide as far as possible for the widows and orphans whose husbands and fathers have given their lives in the struggle for freedom and justice, and whose memory will ever remain in our history.

We also here express heartfelt sympathy with those who mourn, and pray God to give them strength to bear their cross.

We would also speak a word of praise and thanks to our women and children, who have so heroically borne the most bitter sacrifices and suffering. Now there is peace such as we longed for, yet let us abide where God has led us. We can with clear conscience declare that for two and a half years our people carried on the struggle in a manner almost unknown in history. Let us now grasp each other's hands, for another great struggle lies before us for the spiritual and social prosperity and welfare of our people. Casting aside all feelings of bitterness, let us learn to forget and forgive.

Cuts, Bruises and Burns Quickly Healed.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment, and when applied to cuts, bruises and burns, causes them to heal without maturnition and much more quickly than by the usual treatment. For sale at Boyce's drug store.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

CAN COUNT THEM.

Fred Schiffman Will Have His Catch on Exhibition.

Fred C. Shiffman, state oil inspector, arrived in the city last night with his fishing party, bound for Chicago bay. In the party were Dr. Schlawig, of Sioux City, Iowa; William Bredfeld, of Brainerd; H. C. Barrows, of Minneapolis; Thomas A. Bury, of Two Harbors, and Harry Miller, of St. Paul. They will be joined by others, making a party of about a dozen altogether.

There was considerable discussion about the catch the last time Mr. Schiffman headed a north shore fishing party, and he stated to The Herald last night that this would be obviated this time.

"When we return, anybody that has a mind to do so will have an opportunity to count the fish," he said.

BARLEY KING O'NEILL.

He Again Organizes For Business at Winona.

Winona, Minn., June 10.—Former Barley King H. O. O'Neill is to start in business again in Winona. The O'Neill Barley company was incorporated here yesterday, with a capital of $100,000. Frank A. Johnson, H. Choate, C. A. Boalt, E. M. Weston and Charles A. Pfeiffer are incorporators. Officers: President, E. M. Weston; vice president, C. A. Boalt; secretary and treasurer, C. A. Pfeiffer; manager, H. J. O'Neill. They will handle barley first and take up other grains later.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

Nothing but good beer ever comes out of the bottles labeled

FITGER'S

PALE BOHEMIAN.
BAVARIAN EXPORT.
BEER

because nothing but good beer is put in.

The Beer with a Reputation.

A. FITGER & CO. BREWERS.
DULUTH, MINN., PHONE 138

Proof Positive.

BLATZ BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

The occasional beer drinker as readily as the connoisseur will discover "BLATZ" genuineness and purity in the first glass. The aroma suggests purity—the taste proves it.

Export, Wiener, Private Stock, Muenchener, are the brands. Each a leader in its class.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.
(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic.

The first and only discovery in the history of chemistry known to turn gray hair back to its natural and original color without dye. It acts on the natural live coloring matter of the hair, increasing and giving it circulation. It tones up the debilitated nerve force and the torpid glands to a healthy reaction, curing all diseases of the scalp. It creates a luxuriant growth, stops hair falling in from twenty-four hours to one week. It softens the hair when harsh or dry; contains no greasy matter, sulphur or lead, or any other injurious or unpleasant substance. Permanently cures dandruff.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC is a perfect Hair Dressing, rendering the hair glossy and fluffy, greatly aiding it to remain in curl.

Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale; 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Call for Mme. Yale's book to beauty; "Women's Wisdom" (contains 96 pages.) Given Free.

We see Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic at cut price and are her Duluth agents.

PALMER-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

THE DAKOTAS.

A Serious Shooting Affair Occurs at Esmond, N. D.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minnewaukan—At Esmond Peter Sporum shot a Norwegian carpenter, name unknown, three times in the head and neck with a revolver loaded with bird-shot cartridges. The victim was dangerously wounded. The shooting was the result of a wrangle over a woman in a restaurant. Sporum was arrested by a deputy sheriff and brought here for examination.

Fargo—Some weeks ago, Allen Blood, who lives on the Dakota side of the river, was in a Moorhead saloon when a row was started and the participants arrested. Later on, he asserts, Chief Murphy, of Moorhead, placed him under arrest, alleging Blood was mixed up in the fracas. Blood denied any participation and resisted, whereupon he was struck over the head by Murphy and taken to jail. Blood says he was denied medical attendance and was fined next morning, the chief and some others paying the fine. Blood's complaint states he was in bed for six weeks after his injuries and required the attendance of two physicians. He asks $5000 damages in the United States court and the case is now on trial before Judge Amidon.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sturgis—Deputy Sheriff Smith, of Meade county, who has been close onto the trail of the escaped prisoners from the Meade county jail, has received a telegram that bird shrdlu shrdlu shrdlu. gram from the sheriff of Buffalo, Wyo., stating that he is holding three men who answer the description of some of the men wanted. Identification marks have been found on the bodies of the men and it is believed here that they have at last been found.

Yankton—The body of a boy was found in the river here and is being held for identification. Two boys are missing up river, supposed to be drowned, either of whom this body may be. One of the missing boys was a son of John Schorir, of Tindall. He was lost off Capt. Leach's new boat, at Fort Randall. The other was a son of Mr. Graham, of Chamberlain, who was drowned while bathing.

Sioux Falls—James Murphy, of Egan, appeared before Judge Carland, of the United States supreme court, in this city, and withdrew his motion for a new trial on the charge of selling liquor to Indians. He was convicted of this offense by a jury during the April term of the federal court. He was fined $100 and sentenced to a term of sixty days in the Moody county jail, at Flandreau, where he has been taken.

Armour—Miss Fannie Hauser, who went from Aberdeen to the Philippines to marry John H. Kipp, whom Governor Lee bounced from the office of commissioner of insurance in this state, and in a short time parted from Mr. Kipp, is still in Manila, and has just passed a civil service examination entitling her to a clerkship in the islands at $1800 per year.

Brookings—The committee having in charge the preparations for the G. A. R. encampment, which is to be held in this city June 17, 18 and 19, has secured the league baseball teams of Rock Rapids and Sheldon, Iowa, to play on June 18 and 19. Commander-in-Chief E. J. Torrance, of the G. A. R., will speak on June 18. Governor Van Sant will be present one day during the encampment.

FARMER WILL DIE.

Wisconsin Man Assaulted and Robbed on the Road.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., June 10.—While Clifford Lavigne, a farmer, was returning from Cadott, where he had gone to sell a load of sheep, he met two men who claimed they were horse traders. They wanted Lavigne to trade with them and during the conversation the farmer exhibited a large sum of money. After they had gone a few miles further along the road, the men assaulted and robbed the farmer, leaving him by the roadside with a fractured skull. He was found by berry pickers, and will die.

FIFTH VICTIM FOUND.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 10.—The body of Miss Mary F. Charrington, the fifth victim of the fire yesterday which destroyed the Arcade and other buildings, was taken from the ruins today.

$5.75 St. Paul & Minneapolis.

June 8th to 14th, the Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Shore Line), will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75, good returning up to and including June 16th. Three trains, including Famous Lake Superior Limited, leaving 1:55 p. m. daily. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

One Fare Chicago to Boston and Return.

June 12-13-14 via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Return limit may be extended to July 31st. Full particulars, with train service, on application to W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn.

ANN WARRINGTON

Wants to Make Her Husband Pay Alimony.

Newark, N. J., June 10.—Ann Warrington, an actress and a member of Rose Coghlan's company, who was once the wife of Luther G. Gadd, formerly called the "king of building and loan associations," is anxious to ascertain his whereabouts that she may press a claim for more than $1,000 back alimony. Miss Warrington secured a divorce from Gadd in 1897 and soon afterward he married Laura Fontaine, a stenographer, and she is now supposed to be with him. Gadd is nearly a year in arrears for alimony. Miss Warrington was a prominent Minneapolis society girl when she married Gadd. Their trouble began when Gadd wanted to move to New Jersey. Mrs. Gadd declared she would rather die than bury herself alive there.

MISSIONARIES

Of Presbyterian Board to Convene In New York.

New York, June 10.—The fifth annual conference of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions, with its newly appointed missionaries will open in this city tomorrow, and will continue until Wednesday of next week. Addresses on different phases of missionary work will be heard. The board is sending out this year sixty-five new missionaries. Seven to go to Africa, fourteen to China, nine to India, five to Japan, six to Corea, nine to Persia, four to the Philippines, two to Siam and a number are as yet unassigned.

A Noiseless Typewriter.

Scientists claim that the exercise necessary to operate an ordinary typewriter, together with its noise, tend to injure the health and cause nervousness. A German inventor has therefore perfected a machine which is operated by air pressure on the keyboard, and does away with the noise and much of the labor. Its adoption may be one way of preserving health and preventing nervousness, but there is a better and less expensive way, and that is by using Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. All people of sedentary occupation need this wonderful medicine to aid digestion and to keep the bowels regular. It will also cure dyspepsia, biliousness, insomnia and nervousness. Don't be deceived into taking something "just as good." There is no medicine equal to the Bitters.

STAND BY COUNCIL.

Denver, June 10.—The carpenters, painters and hod carries, electric workmen, stone cutters and stone masons have voted to stand by the trades council. The painters went a step further and will resume work without hiring out to the contractors.

Blotched, rough, red, tender skin, smoothed to satin softness, using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, 25c.

Special Rates East.

VIA DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

Boston and return $29.00

Account Christian Scientists Convention. Tickets on sale June 10th, 11th, and 12th, and limited for return passage to June 25th, with privilege of extension to July 31st.

Marquette and return $9.10

Account Biennial Review K. O. T. M. Tickets on sale June 9th, 10th and 11th, good for return passage until June 16th, inclusive.

Ishpeming and return $8.60

Account meeting of Evangelical Lutheran Angustana Synod. Tickets on sale June 9th, valid for return passage until June 23rd, inclusive.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

VARICOCELE

Cured without Cutting, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery.

Whatever may be the cause of varicocele, its injurious effect is well known. It depresses the mind, weakens the body, racks the nervous system and ultimately leads to a complete loss of sexual power. If you are a victim of this dire disease, come to our office and let us explain to you our process of treating it. You will then not wonder why we have positively cured hundreds of cases of varicocele during the past twelve months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the beginning. All pain instantly ceases. Soreness and swelling quickly subside. The pools or stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly resume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of disease and weakness vanish completely and in their stead comes the pride, the power, and the pleasures of perfect health and restored manhood.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We also Cure to Stay Cured

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, STRICTURE, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES.

And all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promise. It is worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men.

If you cannot call at our office write your symptoms fully.

REFERENCES — **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City**
Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492-Old
'Phone 767-Zenith
210 W. Superior St

LOSING GAME.

Strikes In Minnesota According to Labor Bureau's Report.

St. Paul, June 10.—Inspector Julius Moersch, of the state labor department, has compiled statistics showing the number of labor strikes in Minnesota during the twenty years from 1881 to 1900 inclusive, the number of people involved, the loss to employers and strikers, and the contributions to strikers by other labor organizations.

The report shows that workingmen in this state have lost 32 per cent of their lights, and the wage losses have been very heavy, while the assistance received from othr labor organizations has been insignificant in comparison. While the average loss to the individual striker has been but 40 cents per capita. During the twenty years there were 382 strikes in Minnesota, involving 163 establishments and 69,110 emtplayes. There were twenty-five lockouts, involving ninety-four establishments and 2852 employes. The wage losses of employes amounted to $1,532,280, and the losses of employers amounted to $1,693,870. The employes received assistance from other labor organizations to the amount of $71,927.

In addition to the temporary loss of pay 21.2 per cent of the strikers, or more than one man in five were replaced by others when the strike was settled. In many cases, however, this was dus to the fact that strikers had found other employment.

Building trades supplied the largest number of strikes, 18.4 per cent, and transportation lines came next with 13.1 per cent.

Chicago to New York In 20 Hours.

"THE PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL."

In addition to present through trains, the Pennsylvania Lines will, on Sunday, June 15th, inaugurate their 20 Hour Passenger Service between Chicago and New York, leaving Chicago daily at 12 o'clock noon.

The Equipment of the new train will be up to date, and it will be known as "The Pennsylvania Special"—running through from Chicago to New York in 20 hours.

For particular information, please call upon or address H. R. Dering, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, 248 South Clark Street, Chicago.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed from carefully selected barley and hops — never permitted to leave the brewery until properly aged.

ZENOTA ?

We have just published a NEW MAP OF DULUTH—You need one.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

Our Work Speaks for Itself Every piece of work we take in charge is given our most exacting personal attention until it is completed. We make a specialty of original and strictly exclusive designing. *'Phone 1397.*
Duluth Painting and Decorating Co., 412 W. First St.

New Spring Wall Papers
100,000 Rolls—Just From Factory.
SUTTON'S, 14 W. Sup. St.

FOR LESS DISPLAY

Too Much Fuss and Feathers at Commencement Exercises.

School Board Will Bar Flowers and Ask Plainer Gowns.

Insurance Men Appeal to the Board Without Result.

The school board last evening passed a resolution that, at the future commencement exercises of the Duluth high school the graduates shall not carry flowers. The young ladies must dress in plain white without unnecessary ornamentation, and the young men must observe care not to overdress. The resolution was introduced by Dr. Codding after he had made some extended remarks setting forth the trouble and worry extravagant commencements are causing in homes where the parents are not able to keep up the pace that the children from more fortunate homes are setting.

Before the resolution was passed it received a great deal of discussion and nearly every member of the board expressed himself as favorable to some restrictions along the line suggested by Dr. Codding.

J. L. Washburn declared that there is too much "social function" in the yearly program of the high school and that it should be the duty of the school board, so far as it lies in its power, to discourage too much of that sort of thing.

The resolution carried with it a provision for a circular letter to be sent to the parents of every senior and junior, setting forth the request of the board regarding a discontinuance of extravagant methods, and asking for their co-operation. It was the sense of the board that the matter is one that may be a little delicate and that any circular issued must be prepared with great care.

Insurance matters occupied no little time. Seven or eight of the underwriters of this city, who have protested against the action of the board in awarding insurance to one agency, the Manley-McLennan, were present last evening to register their kick.

Henry Nolte acted as spokesman for the insurance men. Mr. Nolte said that at a meeting of the board of underwriters it was declared an unwise plan to place the insurance of the school property in the hands of one agency. He said that the position of the men on the board of underwriters is that each is following a legitimate and honorable calling, that each represents reliable companies. Mr. Nolte said the object of the underwriters in appearing before the board was to ask that the matter be reconsidered with a view of giving the fire insurance agents a ratable proportion of the school insurance. He declared that the rest of the agencies were able and willing to give the school board insurance for the same money as that to be paid the Manley-McLennan agency. All the underwriters desire, said he, is not to have their business overshadowed by that of any one agency.

The school board committee on insurance, of which Mr. Moe is chairman, made its final report last evening, detailing the action of the committee in awarding the insurance to one agency, a move that had been previously discussed and approved by the board. The committee further reported that application had been made to J. B. McLeran, insurance inspector at Duluth, for a new schedule of rates to be applied to the school buildings of the district and personal property therein, and that the governing committee of the Union companies at Chicago has granted it and the rates asked for have been promulgated.

The aggregate amount of insurance effected by the committee is $682,300, divided as follows: $504,300 on buildings, $55,000 on the heating, lighting and ventilating apparatus, and $32,500 on the furniture and fixtures. The reduced rate on the high school is not yet effective on account of the watch clock service not yet having been installed. Fourteen boxes are to be installed and certain amendments will be enforced in the way of cleaning up in order to get the benefit of the new rate.

The report also referred to the publicity given the alleged dissatisfaction of a few of the insurance agencies of the city because of the policy adopted in giving the insurance of school property to one company, but says the committee is firm in the belief that in the various steps taken it has acted judiciously and fairly and pursued the best course to obtain the results desired and save the district and the taxpayers of the district money.

The board then clinched the insurance matter by adopting and approving of the report of the committee. Shortly after this the insurance men left the building.

The matter of schools in outlying portions of the city has been called to the attention of the school board in a way that will not admit of its being unheeded and the members in expressing themselves last evening declared that the question is a difficult one to solve. Two petitions were presented last evening for school buildings. One came from several families at Lakewood where there are alleged to be some 14 or 15 pupils of the school age that have not adequate school facilities.

The second and largest petition came from residents on Park Point below Fifteenth street. The petition was signed with fifty-six names and gave the names of 14 pupils between the ages of 5 and 16 years that would attend the school if the board provides it.

The matter was referred to the committee on buildings and grounds and the committee of schools to investigate and find out the approximate cost of such buildings.

The board passed a resolution that exceptions to the rule against the granting of the use of rooms for summer schools should be made in the cases of Mrs. Sparks of the Irving, Miss Lenro of the Jackson and Miss Coons of the Endion school. The resolution was not passed, however, without some question as to the wisdom of the policy. J. L. Washburn declared that he was opposed to summer schools, because he believes that the summer vacation is the time for the American boys and girls to play and have all the recreation possible, not for them to attend school. He also believes it bad policy for teachers who have been teaching during the year to wear themselves out in summer schools. Another objection was that the granting of special privileges to certain teachers left a loophole for the others.

The committee on buildings and grounds presented a very complete report in which it was stated that it had visited every school building and recommended that much of the repair work be done by the janitors. The largest expense will be at the Washington school, where the cost of repairs is estimated at $750. Another clause in the report referred to the keeping up of the school museum and another to the erection of a building for the manual training work, chemical laboratory and gymnasium. The report of the committee, with the exception of these two clauses, was adopted. The committee on buildings was instructed to get plans of the probable cost of the building desired, and the matter of the museum was left to the committee on schools and teachers to investigate and act.

The report of the committee on schools was read by J. L. Washburn. It recommended that the following be engaged to teach the coming year at the schedule salaries:

Miss Catherine Stephans, Mrs. Mary Chandler, Misses Margaret Collins, Edith Lewis, Mary Cullyford, Grace Arnott, Alta McLatchy, Constance Willner and May H. Stimmel.

The committee also requested authority to ask for bids for supplies, fill such vacancies as shall exist or may occur between the meeting last evening and the July meeting. It was also recommended that M. E. Alletzhaeusser be retained in his present position at his present salary, on condition that he attend to his duties with greater regularity, and that his contract be drawn so as to be subject to termination on ten days' notice.

The committee also took occasion to refer to the expense of pupils connected with the high school and recommended that "expensive trousseaus, expensive displays of flowers and expensive social functions be discouraged in the future, in the high school."

Facial skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food. 25c.

Stevens Point and Milwaukee Wis., and Return

June 9, 10 and 11 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Stevens Point, Wis., and return, for $7.70, good returning June 14th, account State G. A. R. Encampment, and on June 17 and 18, to Milwaukee and return, for $15.00, good returning up to and including June 20th, account Prohibition Convention. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

E W Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

GONE FAR ENOUGH

Jesse L. Jellison's Candidacy For Congress a Cruel Joke.

Led Into By Some of His Grand Rapids Friends.

Can Only Result In Loss of His Small Fortune.

Jessie L. Jellison, of Cohasset, addressed a handful of people at the Armory last night in the interests of his campaign for the Republican congressional nomination.

It was not a bit funny.

On the other hand it was most decidedly pathetic.

The candidacy of Mr. Jellison for congress may be a joke, as it has been treated so far, but if it is it is one of the cruellest jokes ever perpetrated.

Some of those who came to the Armory last night did so with broad grins on their faces, expecting to be entertained by an unique and eccentric genius. What they saw was the pitiful figure of an old man, taking seriously what all the rest of the community is laughing at—himself. Those who came with grins felt more like weeping after they had been there awhile.

Jellison has been a cruiser, a farmer, a laborer, a soldier. As a member of the Eighth Minnesota regiment, he entered the service of his country in the civil war. His gnarled and knotted and calloused hands show that he has had to work hard to support himself and his family, and he himself admits that he has felt the bitterest stings of poverty. Lately he has fallen into a little money.

The only issue of his "campaign" that is possible is that he will be separated from his little fortune, after which he will again be face to face with the wolf that has sat, grim and gaunt, upon his threshold many a gloomy day. It is a cruelty to him and his family to keep up the farce by humoring and by making a joke of the matter.

Jellison told the whole story, innocently enough, at the outset of his talk at the Armory last night. He told how he was talking with his friends at Grand Rapids, discussing politics, and his views coincided with theirs. They said: "Jellison, why don't you go in for congress?" At first he thought they were joking, and he did not respond. They kept it up, until finally, one day, when he had just come in from the woods in his cruising costume, they pressed him for an announcement, and he consented to run for congress.

No further explanation for Jellison's candidacy are needed. Anybody can call up in his imagination the crowd of corner grocery loafers, and the "fun" they had. One can see them drawing out the poor old veteran, getting him to discuss political issues, agreeing with him on every point, "jollying" him with suppressed snickers, putting the congressional bee in his bonnet, and watching it take hold with fiendish glee.

Jellison is absolutely harmless. He said last night that politics brought out about everything there is in a man's career, and that he was willing to have everybody know just where he had spent all his time and what he had done. Seeing him, one can easily imagine that he has done no wrong, and that nobody was ever the worse for any action of his. This makes it all the more pitiable and pathetic. Drawn on by his "friends," he has become possessed by the idea that he can land the congressional nomination. Therefore he is starting out on an absolutely hopeless quest, which will necessarily be expensive and ineffectual.

He said last night that he will canvas the district, as it was never canvassed before. He proposes to visit every city, village and hamlet in the eleven counties of the Eighth district. If he cannot reach them by rail he will reach them by team, and if he cannot reach them by team he will shoulder his packsack and cruise for them through the woods.

Often there are eccentric and original freaks of human nature that will draw votes by their very oddities, and sometimes such persons get enough votes to be elected. Jellison can't even that. His task is absolutely hopeless. He is simply a grizzled old veteran, a bronzed and hard-handed laborer, a pathetic figure that is no subject for laughter, but rather a subject for pity.

Jellison was confronted as he entered the armory last night by a phalanx of empty chairs, with a few curious people standing about the door waiting for him. As he saw the empty hall he seemed dazed for a moment, but he soon recovered. He expressed his disappointment at the small crowd, having expected a larger one in Duluth, but he naively laid the slim house to the fact that it was cloudy and somewhat threatening without.

He was introduced by M. W. Bates, a comrade of the G. A. R., who stated that Jellison had come to him yesterday afternoon and asked him to introduce him. At the fullest moment there were thirty-nine people in the armory, and at the close of the address there were eighteen. He discussed the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, the Philippine question, the Behring sea question and the Cass Lake trouble.

In connection with the Cass Lake trouble Jellison mentioned Congressman Morris, and he said Judge Morris was all right for all he knew to the contrary.

"He is a statesman," he said, offhandedly and innocently, "at least he is endeavoring to be one."

The sentiment of those that heard him last night was that the sad joke had been carried far enough, and that Jellison's friends should take him "back to the water tank, back to the pines," and prevent him from spending his money in such a hopeless task as that which confronts him.

He will speak at Two Harbors tonight.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

GLAD WAR IS ENDED.

Washington, June 9.—President Roosevelt had among his callers today, Gen. J. M. Bell, who was accompanied by Charles E. Price a prominent resident of Edinburgh, Scotland. In the course of their conversation, the president explained to Mr. Price his gratification at the ending of the war in South Africa, and indulged the hope that the British and Boers would rapidly amalgamate and settle down to their accustomed daily pursuits.

5¢

5 cents for a package of the best ginger snaps you ever tasted. A surprise in spice. Just enough ginger to tickle the palate. Just sweet enough to give you an appetite for more.

Zu Zu
GINGER SNAPS

at 5 cents a package show the possibilities of modern methods of baking; show the futility of baking at home. What's the use of worriment and trouble when you can get a feast of goodness in an In-er-seal Package for only 5 cents.

Say **Zu Zu**

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

WILSON

Succeeds Patton as President of Princeton University.

Princeton, N. J., June 10.—The chief event in connection with Princeton's 155th annual commencement, as it was a great surprise, came yesterday in the annual meeting of the board of trustees, when President Francis L. Patton, resigned the presidency and Professor Woodrow Wilson, of the McCormick chair of jurisprudence and politics, was elected to succeed him.

President Patton suggested that Professor Wilson be elected to succeed him. A prominent member of the board of trustees said that President Patton so strongly urged his own resignation that the board could not do otherwise than accept it. Professor Wilson was elected unanimously on the first ballot. When seen afterward, President Patton made the following statement:

"I have resigned my office as president of the university because I desire to carry out literary plans on a larger scale than I could do by retaining the presidency. This is really all there is to it. I trust the students will be as loyal to my successor, President Wilson, as they have been to me. I shall retain my professorship in the university in the chair of ethics and the philosophy of religion. I have been president of the university for fourteen years."

The weather was clear and cool today and the campus was crowded early with those who had gathered to attend the university class day exercises. The Annapolis naval academy band arrived today and will give daily concerts.

The board of trustees began its annual commencement session yesterday. Former President Cleveland, who was recently elected a member, was among those present.

The 1902 class day exercises were held in Alexander hall. Edgar H. Johnson delivered the class oration and Robert P. Schaumler read the class poem. At the close of these exercises the ivy oration was delivered from the steps of Nassau hall by Alexander J. Barron and the class. Ivy was planted beneath a window of the building.

PAY FOR PROPERTY

Destroyed at Hawaii on Account of Plague.

Washington, June 9.—The senate committee on Pacific islands and Porto Rico today authorized a favorable report on the proposition allowing pay for the destruction of property in Hawaii on the order of President McKinley on account of the prevalance of the plague during the transition period of that territory in 1899 and 1900. The committee decided to recommend that an amendment should be made to the general deficiency appropriation bill providing for the payment by this government of $1,000,000 and authorizing the territory of Hawaii to issue bonds for the payment of the remainder of the claims, aggregating $500,000.

TWO PEOPLE DROWNED.

Chillicothe, O., June 9.—While returning from a picnic at a late hour last night in a rowboat on the Ohio and Erie canal, south of here, Howard Fawcett, a traveling salesman of Marietta, and Minnie Buskart, of this city, were drowned by the boat capsizing. Six others in the boat, one of them a 9-months-old child, were rescued. The bodies were shortly afterwards recovered.

Headache
Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by
Hood's Pills
The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HISSES

By Women Interrupted Production of "The Lady of Lyons."

Chicago, June 9.—Storms of hisses greeted the denunciation of women in the fifth act of "The Lady of Lyons" at the matinee performance at Powers' theater Saturday. For five minutes the play was interrupted by the prolonged hissing. The house was crowded to the doors with a fashionable audience of a character that seldom yields to such a demonstration. The majority of those present were women and it was the women who did the hissing.

The outbreak was one of the strangest that has been witnessed in a playhouse in this city. Manager Harry J. Powers said that it was the first time anything of the kind had come under his notice. Macduff, who spoke the lines as realistically as to call forth such resentment, said that he had never seen the like in his experience.

When the announcement that Chicago women and started them off in their demonstration of disapproval was this line, given with telling effect by Mr. Arbuckle, in the character of Claude Melnotte:

"Yes, a miracle. In other words, a constant woman.

Some women in the parquet began to hiss. Others took it up, and the wave of indignation swept through the parquet, the boxes and the balconies. A few of the women could not refrain from giving voice to their feelings, and, though nothing was said in a loud tone, such remarks as these were heard:

"Oh, the wretch, the wretch."

"It isn't true."

"For shame."

When the demonstration had subsided somewhat Mr. Arbuckle attempted to go on with the rather long speech, commenting on woman's frailties. He was interrupted frequently. Fresh outbursts were brought on with each sentence. These are the lines that caused the trouble:

The man who sets his heart upon a woman
Is a chameleon and doth feed on air;
From air he takes his colors—holds his life—
Changes with every wind—grows lean or fat,
Rosy with hope, or green with jealousy,
Or pallid with despair—just as the gale
Varies from north to south, from heat to cold.
Oh, woman, woman, thou shouldst have few sins
Of thine own to answer for; thou art the author
Of such a book of follies in a man
That it would need the tears of all the angels
To blot the record out.

When asked as to his experience this afternoon Mr. Arbuckle said: "It is the first time I ever faced such an outburst. As a matter of fact, I may say that when I stepped before the audience a thrill of enthusiasm coursed through me, and I may have thrown more than the ordinary feeling into the part. Surely if the women only knew my true feelings for them, they would have better understood. Don't you see, it was all assumed. I don't feel that way at all. I don't approve of the sentiment of the lines myself. I was surprised, too, at the demonstration, but when I realized that such an audience would not express open animosity, I was nearly convulsed with laughter. It rather embarrassed us, though, and we had to sort of carry on a pantomime during the hissing so as to keep the thing together, don't you see? But then we fixed it all up for them again along toward the end, where I confessed that women were not so bad after all, and Pauline had lines that touched the spot. The applause then proved the safety valve."

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 6; Chicago, 5.
At New York—New York, 5; Pittsburg, 3.
At Boston—Boston, 3; Cincinnati, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 10; Baltimore, 5.
At Chicago—Chicago, 2; Washington, 1.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 8; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Columbus—Columbus, 7; Indianapolis, 2.
At Kansas City—Minneapolis, 8; Kansas City, 4.
At Toledo—Louisville, 14; Toledo, 4.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 11; Milwaukee, 7.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	41	33	8	.805
Chicago	40	23	17	.575
Brooklyn	43	23	20	.535
New York	40	18	22	.450
Philadelphia	42	18	24	.429
Boston	37	17	22	.436
St. Louis	42	17	25	.405
Cincinnati	41	15	26	.366

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	37	22	15	.595
Philadelphia	33	21	17	.553
Boston	40	22	18	.550
St. Louis	37	19	18	.514
Detroit	37	19	18	.514
Baltimore	40	19	21	.475
Washington	38	22	16	.450
Cleveland	41	15	26	.366

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	44	28	16	.636
Indianapolis	38	23	15	.605
St. Paul	40	25	15	.625
Louisville	41	25	16	.610
Kansas City	41	20	21	.488
Milwaukee	49	16	24	.400
Minneapolis	40	15	25	.375
Toledo	38	9	29	.237

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

W. C. Baker and C. D. Denzer, of Cleveland, Ohio, were arraigned at Stapleton, S. I., to answer to the charge of homicide in having caused the death of Andrew Featherstone and John G. Bogart at the automobile races of May 31. Upon the request of the district attorney the case was postponed until next Friday.

At a conference of the Republican members of the house, it was decided to postpone further consideration of the Fowler bill for the revision of the banking and currency laws until a conference, to be held on the first Tuesday after the assembling of congress next December.

A report from Cape Wolf, P. E. I., says sulphur fell there Sunday night to the depth of half an inch.

The carpenters' strike, which began May 1, at Buffalo, has been settled. The men will receive 23 cents per hour. The former rate was 20 cents per hour. They demanded 37½ cents.

The Best Cough Medicine.

I sell more of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than of all similar preparations put together, and it gives the best satisfaction of any medicine I ever sold. I guarantee every bottle of it.—F. C. Jaquith, Inland, Mich. This remedy is for sale at Boyce's drug store.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

$6.95 New Ulm and Return.

June 9th, 10th and 11th, the Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short Line), will sell tickets to New Ulm, Minn., and return for $6.95, good returning June 13th, account Fireman's tournament. Three trains daily. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

TOWARD PURCHASE

(Continued from page 7.)

west, from the railroad tracks to Cascade Park, with tarmacadam. An amendment to the resolution also called for an estimate of paving Central avenue, in West Duluth, with tarmacadam, between Main and Cody streets.

* * *

Alderman Kern of the Eighth ward secured the adoption of a resolution calling on the city attorney to take steps to cause all squatters to move off the right-of-way recently acquired by the city for the New Duluth-Fond du Lac road.

* * *

The aldermen voted to attend the annual inspection of the fire department, accepting the recent invitation of the board of fire commissioners.

* * *

A resolution was passed calling for the grading of Twenty-second avenue east, between First and Superior streets.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

PRIMUS BRAND BUTTER

Extra good is Bridgeman & Russell's PRIMUS BRAND butter. No other make is just as good. Their creameries are located in the best dairy sections of Minnesota and Wisconsin, from which points sweet cream is shipped daily to their Duluth plant, where PRIMUS butter is made daily.

More "PRIMUS BRAND" is sold in Duluth than all the other makes combined

When the best butter sold in Duluth is a home product and you can have it delivered to your home the same day it is made, why not use this make? Ask for it and insist on getting it.

All Leading Grocers Handle It.
Manufactured by
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL,
Both Phones 352. 16 W. First St.

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TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 10.—The barometer continues low in the Northwest and high in Southeastern and North Pacific states. Temperatures have risen and it is quite warm in Central and Eastern states, while in the vicinity of Lake Superior and along the Northwest Canada border it is cooler. Light showers or thunderstorms occurred during the past twenty-four hours over the upper lake region and portions of the Dakotas. The winds in the lake region are fresh northerly in northern portions and brisk to high southwesterly in southern portions, the weather being somewhat threatening.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	94	Memphis	80
Battleford	72	Miles City	94
Bismarck	92	Milwaukee	74
Boston	72	Minnedosa	62
Buffalo	62	Modena	92
Calgary	60	Montgomery	88
Charleston	76	Moorhead	92
Chicago	72	New Orleans	96
Cincinnati	72	New York	72
Davenport	76	North Platte	86
Denver	94	Oklahoma	86
Detroit	68	Omaha	78
Dodge City	90	Pittsburg	72
Duluth	80	Port Arthur	60
El Paso	94	Portland	74
Escanaba	72	Prince Albert	66
Galveston	86	Qu'Appelle	70
Green Bay	74	Rapid City	92
Havre	88	San Francisco	64
Helena	88	Santa Fe	84
Houghton	72	Shreveport	92
Huron	92	Spokane	76
Jacksonville	86	St. Louis	80
Kamloops	74	St. Paul	84
Kansas City	80	Sault Ste. Marie	70
Knoxville	84	Swift Current	76
La Crosse	78	Washington	74
Lander	90	Williston	86
Los Angeles	78	Winnemucca	90
Marquette	74	Winnipeg	66

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time), today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Occasional showers, cool weather and probably fog this afternoon, tonight and Wednesday with fresh to brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 10.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, with possibly local showers. Cooler in south portions tonight.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with possibly local showers. Warmer in west portions tonight.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight with showers in east and cooler in west portions. Wednesday generally fair and cooler.

Upper Lakes—Winds generally fresh northeasterly. Unsettled tonight and Wednesday with possibly showers.

A Fifth Class of Postal Matter.

To solve one of the perplexing problems that has arisen in connection with the closing of the second class rate of postage to many publications, it is proposed by the leaders in congress and the postoffice department to ask for a law creating a fifth class of postal matter. The subject came up through two recent incidents, an effort to procure the free transmission through the mails of books printed in embossed letters for the use of the blind, and an order of court to restrain the department from excluding from the second class the Riverside literature series. The postmaster general was strongly moved by sympathy with the blind and was disposed on general principles to approve the idea of franking literature printed expressly for them, statistics show that in this country the blind number roughly about one to every thousand inhabitants.

A compromise suggestion, said to have come from Postmaster General Payne, himself, was that a new class be formed, so broad as to include the publications for the blind and periodicals of the educational character of the Riverside series and certain others published in greatest number in Boston, to be carried at 1 cents a pound; this would bring them down as low as the transient papers and magazines, and really lower, because transient rates on periodicals are levied on separate packages, whereas the 4 cents rate of the new classification would be levied in bulk. It would seem at first glance that such a plan would be practicable and work to advantage to worthy publications and at the same time keep up the bars against the mass of useless literature that has flooded the mails to the very great advantage of the publisher.

Building Up Our Foreign Trade.

Referring again to the department of commerce, mentioned in these columns yesterday, it should be understood that one of the principle objects of the proposed department is to build up the country's business. This is clearly set forth in section three of the pending bill, which says: "That it shall be the promise and duty of said department to foster, promote and develop the foreign It is recognized that the field of greatest and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing, shipping and fishery industries, the labor interests and the transportation facilities of the United States." It is recognized that the field of greatest possibilities before foreign markets for our producers and manufacturers. It is part of the plan to have attached to this department a corps of men skilled in general knowledge relating to manufacturing and the needs of the consumers in different parts of the world. They will visit the various foreign countries, mingle with the natives, observe the kinds of goods that are being bought and find out what would be the chances of selling materials that are new to each locality. These men will send their reports to the department of commerce, where it will be put into print and sent to the American manufacturers who are concerned in the various articles mentioned. While the rearrangement of different bureaus of the government which the new department will allow will be a good thing, the prospect of building up our foreign trade is of far more importance and is one of the strongest in favor of the new department.

BEDE UNOPPOSED.

The congressional pot continues to simmer, and at times during the past week has approached the extreme boiling point, only to subside again. There have been conferences galore, and the numerous Republican factions have had mysterious meetings behind closed doors to discuss the ituation. "Wanted, a candidate to oppose Bede," has been the subject of the discussions, but up to this writing no one has been found with sufficient strength to enter the field. And the net result is that Mr. Bede is still the only candidate before the people, and with a fair prospect of continuing in that happy condition until the primaries are held.

It is understood that F. E. Searle was ready to enter the race if he received sufficient promise of support, and at one time it appeared almost a certainty that his candidacy would be formally announced. Then came a conference ostensibly to decide whether Searle, Lum or Culkin was the strongest—and the Searle boomers received a shock, a test vote disclosing the fact that nearly one-half of those present at what was supposed to be a Searle meeting were really in favor of Senator F. B. Daugherty. This knocked the wind out of the Searle boom, and Mr. Searle quickly announced that he was not a candidate for "personal and business reasons."

There is still a quiet effort being made to find some one to enter the lists against Bede, but as nearly everyone who is being urged to run has already positively declined, the chances are that Bede will be unopposed for the nomination.

SETTLING THE SOUTHWEST.

For many years the cattlemen have ruled the Southwest to the exclusion of everyone else who desired to utilize the benefits of the great unsettled tract. These things are now changed. Where six months and a year ago was open plain, today are towns with prosperous business houses, telephones, and banks. They are not large, most of the newer places having 400 to 500 population. They are the accompaniments of the railroad, and their shining new structures are visible for fifty miles across the level plain. The better class of immigrants is coming into the new country. They are not the "movers"—never at rest—but industrious toilers, familiar with Western conditions, and prepared to overcome. The old freighting of goods across the prairie has ceased, and driving of cattle to market is ended; and economic conditions are in a state of transition, as the wildest civilization of the ranges gives way to that of the farm.

Three things have caused this, according to Charles Hargar in the June Review of Reviews. The railroads have pushed their shining steel rails into the "short grass country;" the Indian lands, leased by the cattle companies for a few cents an acre annually, have been given up to the homesteader; the Western people have learned some new lessons in agriculture. In March of the present year the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway completed a line from Kansas directly across the heart of this domain to El Paso, on the Mexican border, so level and unobstructed in its course that the track of one division of 128 miles has not a curve. The main line of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe borders the territory on the west, and a new branch line skirts the east. Diagonally, from Denver to Fort Worth, is the Colorado Southern, Fort Worth & Denver. A half dozen charters for branches and individual enterprises are presages of other incursions into the unoccupied area. Immigration has turned in this direction. The homeseekers' excursions to this section are patronized as were those of old to Kansas and Nebraska. Every freight train carries a car or two of furniture, implements and teams belonging to adventurous families, leaving Eastern and Mid-Western homes in search of cheaper lands and frontier experiences.

This division of great tracts to small holders can but be productive of much good. It means the settling of a good country by worthy people and a great benefit to all concerned.

THE ANTI-CHINESE LAW.

The effectiveness of the new Chinese exclusion law which is claimed to contain a clause rendering it practically useless, is to be tested very soon. Notice has been served on the immigration officials that at the first opportunity a protest will be made against the exclusion of Chinese who are subjects of a power or nation other than China. It is expected that the fight will be made on the case of subjects of Mexico. It is learned that the plan is for a couple of Chinese who are subjects of Mexico to present themselves for admission. According to the directions of the Washington authorities, this will be promptly denied. Application will then be made by attorneys for the Mexican subjects for a writ of habeas corpus, when the contention will be made that the new law does not exclude Chinese who are not subjects of China. This claim will be based on the clause in the law which says that the old Chinese exclusion laws shall be enforced "so far as the same are not inconsistent with treaty obligations."

It is claimed that by the terms of existing treaties with foreign nations other than China, the subjects of those nations are entitled to free entry into the United States. There are hundreds of thousands of Chinese who are not subjects of China, and it is claimed that all of these men are eligible for admission into the United States under the new law. The treasury department does not propose to admit this, and so long as the administration of the law is within the power of its officers, Chinese from China, Mexico and every other place will be kept out. If the matter is taken before an outside authority, however, as would be the case in the event of the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus, a decision would be reached which would, in all probability, be binding on the immigration officials.

The point involved is a rather delicate one, and has caused the expression of widely different opinions. For instance, senators who are connected with the drafting of the new law say that it is as effective in excluding Chinese who are subjects of China, and of Great Britain, Mexico and other governments, as was the old law which it supersedes. Able lawyers have expressed a directly opposite view. A firm of Washington attorneys which was engaged by the American Federation of Labor, has looked into the matter, and has given its opinion that the law will not keep out Chinese who are subjects of governments other than that of China. With these conflicting opinions it would certainly be well to have a test case and settle the matter once and for all. If the law is found to be defective, it can be remedied.

TOO MUCH DISPLAY.

The subject of expense attending high school graduations has received the attention of the school board, which has passed a resolution declaring against unnecessary expenses and displays at commencement and other school exercises, and stating that "a plain, white dress, free from unnecessary ornamentation and extravagance, shall be the only style recognized in any commencement exhibition" for the girls taking part therein. Some time ago the pastor of a leading Duluth church referred from the pulpit to this subject, stating that he had received a letter from the mother of a high school pupil complaining of the expense connected with the commencement and other exercises which bore very heavily upon poor families. As he said at that time, it is a difficult problem and one which can be best handled by the school authorities making regulations that will do away with the lavish expenditure indulged in by many parents of pupils in the schools, necessitating similar expenditures by other parents not in a position to stand the expense, in order that their children may not feel humiliated.

It is undoubtedly true that there are too many so-called "social functions" in connection with the public schools, and too much display in the matter of dress and flowers at the public exercises, and if the school board can put a stop to the needless and burdensome expenditures it will earn the gratitude of many people. It is difficult, of course, to entirely regulate the matter of dress at such exercises, but the school board may accomplish much good by taking a firm stand against lavish display.

The shortage of doctors in Russia is the subject of an article in a St. Petersburg journal, which publishes statistics of the proportion of doctors in other European countries per 100,000 inhabitants. Great Britain heads the list with 180. Switzerland has 53, France possesses, 31, and in Germany there are 30 doctors to every 100,000. Russia has the low number of 8 in the same proportion. In order to bring the percentage to the same level as Great Britain, Russia will have to have 130,000 doctors. At present there are only about 17,000. Duluth might supply a good portion of Russia's needs in this line.

A good story is being told of an Iowa man who was being examined in Washington to determine his fitness for a consship. He was asked: "How many Hessians did George III hire to come to this country to fight the Americans during the revolution?" He thought for a long time. Then he said: "I don't know, but it was a durn sight more than went back." Evidently he is fit.

"We owe nothing to Cuba," says the New York Press. Let Cuba starve; it's none of our business. We freed Cuba, and now will slowly strangle her to death with our diabolical Dingley law. O, no; we "owe nothing to Cuba," but we owe something to ourselves, and the Minnesota delegation in congress may soon find out that the people at home do not endorse their action on this question.

Bishop Scarborough, of New Jersey, is behind the times. At the Episcopal convention in Trenton he condemned the practice of women appearing in public without hats. He had noticed it frequently, he said, at seashore resorts and in some chuches. But the good bishop doesn't know that the practice has already gone out of fashion.

The fact that Cuba, by the terms of her constitution, cannot make a treaty with any foreign government without the consent of the United States should make this government very generously disposed toward her, says the Portland Telegram.

A large delegation of British horse owners called on the chancellor of the exchequer last week and begged him to remove the tariff on oats and corn. It is evident that they have not yet learned that the foreigner pays the tax.

And now a young woman is said to be about to marry Santos-Dumont. She might learn something to her advantage by having a heart-to-heart talk with the widow of the late Monsieur Severo.

The postoffice department is making arrangements to redeem spoiled postal cards soon after Aug. 1, the same as spoiled stamped envelopes. It is a sensible idea.

In proving what a good city it is, Chicago notes that New York has 10,823 saloons, while Chicago has only 6395. But New York is a larger city.

The discovery by men drilling for oil of a lake of liquid asphalt in Texas may be the means of breaking the power of the asphalt trust.

The intrigue to force the retirement of Gen. Miles may finally result in the enforced retirement of some other people.

It is said that a lobster famine is threatened. No shortage has been noticed in Duluth.

The peach crop has been destroyed again—and will probably be bigger than ever.

By the way, is Duluth to have a Fourth of July celebration?

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Chicago Tribune: "If you think, madam," said the Disagreeable Boarder, "that by keeping your diningroom so dark in the morning you can induce us to eat a light breakfast you are making a serious mistake."

Ohio State Journal: Floorwalker—Anything I can show you, sir?

Dazed Individual—The door, please, if you will be so kind; I've been hunting it for two hours.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "My wife's millinery bill came today."

"Big, of course."

"Of course."

"Make the usual kick?"

"No. I had just bought a $60 Panama hat."

Philadelphia Press: Tess—I suppose she'll go to the mountains this summer, as usual.

Jess—Oh! no. She has become quite plump and has developed a good figure.

Tess—Well?

Jess—Well, she'll go to the seashore, of course.

Washington Star: "What's the trouble out there in the laundry?" asked one palace official.

"The help ladies are having a quarrel over a question of precedence," answered the other. "The lady in washing claims social superiority over the lady in ironing?"

Chicago Post: "Do you think anything is ever really gained by litigation?"

"Oh, yess, indeed. The lawyer gains, doesn't he?"

Detroit Free Press: Young Doctor—Now, if you will take my advice—

She—Well, I don't mind taking your advice. What I object to is your medicine.

Baltimore American: "Never," said the person of good advice to the delicately nurtured Boston youth, "never say 'I can't.'"

"Indeed, sir," responded the intellectual lad. "I trust that my dictum is not so open to criticism. If you will but be attentive to my conversation you will observe that I say 'I cawn't.'"

Chicago Tribune: "Miss Berdie," stammered the young man, "I—I feel that I can no longer disguise the sentiments that I—you must have noticed my preference for your society—and—have I said too much, Miss Berdie?"

"Not yet, Mr. Bashful," replied Miss Flyppe, encouragingly.

Philadelphia Press: "I should like a description of your gown," said the reporter.

"Oh! Mercy, no," protested the bright young woman, "it's sufficient to say that I am clothed in my right mind."

"In that case," replied the gallant reporer, "I shall have to say you were magnificently gowned."

WARMING UP.

The days are getting warmer;
It surely is a fact.
The sun is drying up the earth;
We've caught it in the act.
The same old sad complainings
By mortals will be made.
And soon the mercury will show
A hundred in the shade.

Again the ice is melting,
An on the step it lies;
Again the cream is turning sour;
Again we're fighting flies.
Again we scan the heavens,
To dodge the coming storm,
And cuss the patient weather man,
Because he makes it warm.

Again we seek the gardens,
Where air as light as foam
Goes gallivanting through the trees,
So warm it is at home.
Again the summer poet
Is writing sassy verse,
And thin al fresco sandwiches
Deplete poor papa's purse.

Again the nervy actor,
With zeal that never flags,
Is singing antiquated songs
And springing ancient gags,
And still the public listens,
And cackles, now and then.
Yes, it's the same old story—it
Is summertime again.

—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: One way to get square with people is to get around them.

The surest way not to find trouble is not to go looking for it.

Usually the man who is at the head of the house is at the foot of the family.

Good, hot biscuits are a stronger argument for domestic peace than many sermons and much exhortation.

The first time a bride has a quarrel with her lord and master she asks him to forgive her; after that she asks him to ask her to forgive him.

Continuation of Good Times.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The prosperity of an agricultural nation like this is always greatest with large crops, it being better to have the general distribution of the proceeds rather than that a limited yield should bring high prices to few. The South and West appear likely to be favored with the blessings of abundant harvests and a resulting continuation of the good times already being enjoyed.

Another Guess Coming.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: Dr. Conan Doyle and Michael Davitt have both made bad guesses. The former assumed, more than a year ago, that the Boer war was over, while the latter has just announced, also in book form, that it is going to continue indefinitely.

It Wasn't His Funeral.

Indianapolis News: Senator Foraker did not attend the Ohio convention.

Nothing Easier.

Youth's Companion: Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, a young couple recently married, were beginning their housekeeping, and were doing the work of putting the rooms in order themselves.

Mr. Bailey was having some trouble in hanging one of the presents, a fine clock, upon the wall of the dining room.

"Why is it taking you so long, dear?" asked the young wife, "to put up that clock?"

"I can't get it plumb," he replied.

"Then, why don't you send for the plumber?" she asked, in perfect sincerity.

Has Secured an Indorsement.

Pittsburg Dispatch: Gen. Miles is to be congratulated. He has earned the hostility of Beveridge, of Indiana.

Generally Calm.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: When Mr. Tillman is not lecturing he is raising anything but corn in South Carolina.

Seeking Good Company.

Philadelphia Press: If the Japs are the Yankees of the Orient, the Siamese must be the Germans of the Orient. They are sending Prince Maha to visit this country after the manner of Henry.

Good Thing to Hang Hope On.

Philadelphia Record: There is one feature of the industrial situation that gives hope to mankind and strength to stocks. The farmers have planted great breadths of land to corn—and the corn is growing.

A Popular Medicine Chest.

Washington Post: If that resolution abolishing the sale of liquor in the capitol should happen to break the record and stick, the new medicine chest of the house of representatives will become as popular as a South Carolina blind tiger.

One Important Omission.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: In his remarks to the Ohio Republicans, Mr. Hanna failed to allude to the beefless dinner pail.

Cicely's Destination

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

It was not until the ferryboat was nearing the Desbrosses street landing that Cicely bethought her to look up Grace Frederick's address.

She had it on a slip of paper somewhere—either in her hand-bag or her chatelaine purse. It was characteristic of Cicely that she never worried until she had to. She went through life in that careless, confident way familiarly termed easy-going.

Even on this, her first trip to New York, she experienced few, if any, of the tremors natural to the inexperienced traveler.

She had undertaken the journey with her usual buoyant faith, foreseeing neither dangers nor difficulties.

Perhaps that is why she had made no particular effort to impress the Fredericks' new address definitely upon her mind. Anticipations of the welcome at their home had occupied her thoughts most pleasantly.

How completely by surprise she would take them all! How overjoyed Grace would be—dear Grace, who had been begging her for months to make this visit.

"Just jump on the train and come, no matter whether you're fixed up or not," her last letter ran. "Don't bother about new dresses—you can have them made here. We are ready for you at any time. So please come—there's a dear!"

And Cicely had obeyed.

She smiled meditatively as she began a leisurely search for the address. No, it was not in her chatelaine purse, after all. Oh, yes! She remmebered now definitely. She had slipped it in the handbag with her cards.

People were beginning to leave their seats and crowd outside. Cicely soon perceived why. There was a rattling and clanking of chains, and then she felt the shock of the boat as it bumped against the pier.

Following the crowd that poured from the ferryboat she found herself upon New York soil. So this was the great metropolis! She wondered—

Her reflections were cut short by the imperative yells of wildly gesticulating cabmen. The most importunate of these drove a hansom cab. Cicely got into it. Then she remembered.

"I'll have the address in a moment," she said in answer to the driver's question.

He waited while she put the hand satchel down on the cushions and rummaged in its depths.

Surely she was making a most prolonged search! He coughed and stamped a little. Cicely was thinking rapidly. She was determined not to show her alarm. There was no need to let him know the truth. He could drive to the Fredericks' former address. Perhaps the people there could tell her where the family had moved. Meanwhile she would look thoroughly for the missing slip of paper.

She called out the old number with a cheerful assumption of finality. The driver climbed to his box and they were off.

Then Cicely began a systematic investigation. She emptied the contents of the bag on the seat and attacked every crevice that could possibly contain the lurking address. She even unwrapped a paper of hairpins, in the unreasoning anxiety of the moment, hoping to see the desired number flash to meet her gaze. But no such welcome sight rewarded her. Over and over she searched, with the same result.

"Well, it's gone—that's all."

She closed the bag and sat erect on the cushions and tried to breathe naturally. No matter what the possibilities were, she must maintain her usual composure. There was no need to be frightened. No doubt she would be able to obtain the address at the place where they were now going.

She forced an interest in the passing panorama; the imposing building, the shops, the streets crowded with surging humanity. What a rumbling and clattering and rushing there was always, without an instant's cessation!

A sense of the city's magnitude and of her own solitariness came upon her suddenly. It was Cicely's turn now to experience the timorous sensations which she had heretofore ridiculed in others. A horde of suppositions attacked her.

Just suppose that those people could not give her the address after all! Just suppose—

"Nonsense!" Cicely straightened up resolutely and tried to laugh.

He ride was a long one. There was more than sufficient time to reflect and imagine and plan. She imagined more than she planned. Somehow she could not steady her thoughts—could not hitch them to any definite purpose.

The experience, fraught with strange probabilities as it was, appealed to her somehow as a bit of fiction. It did not seem at all reality. And yet it certainly was most unmistakably real.

She, the young woman in the cab, was undeniably Cicely Bronson, and she had lost her friend's address—nor could she remember it if she tried until nightfall. She had a vague notion that it was Ninety-third street. Her memory suggested that much and then balked altogether.

Yes, it was she, Cicely Bronson—Mrs. Cicely Bronson. She had almost forgotten the prefix. She smiled—a whimsical, fleeting smile—and then sighed.

Mrs. Willis Bronson—that was her true identity. How the tendency was growing upon her to disconnect herself from the idea! or eight months now—ever since the misunderstanding and the separation—she had tried to forget entirely the unfortunate situation in life in which Willis Bronson figured. She was gradually coming to think of herself as just Cicely, with all that unfortunate experience behind her.

But the fact remained that she was Mrs. Willis Bronson. Neither he nor she had done anything as yet to alter that. She did not believe that he would be the one to take such steps. He had been hurt, grieved at her decision, unreconciled to the thought of separation. He had begged her to the last to reconsider, to be less harsh in her judgment of him. Impossible!

Even now she drew her lips tight and shook her head rigidly at the remembrance. There was no use! No use going over that ground again, no use regretting or reasoning any more. That was all. And it was better so. She was convinced of it. Even though he had started in with fresh resolutions, it was better that she had refused to begin life over again with him. They were not intended for each other. They never could have been happy together. It was best, after all, that she did let him go to New York alone to try his fortunes in that new venture—

The realization came up sharply. New York! Why, of course it was New York. He was here in the city now. Strange she had not realized it so forcibly before. Of course she had been aware of it all the time, but—

He was here—in the same city! She wondered—

A glimpse of her reflected face in the small panel mirror amazed and almost vexed her. It was childishly fresh and pretty, utterly unmarred by any trace of trouble. Cicely reflected ungratefully that no one would believe she had gone through such experience. No one would give her credit for having battled with problems that come usually to people older than she.

The abrupt halting of the cab brought her back to the present. The problems of the past vanished in the face of the immediate necessity. She had reached the apartment house where the Frederick family had formerly lived. Now to get the new address!

Cicely went bravely in to make inquiries. The people in the first flat could not enlighten her, nor could those in the second apartment. They suggested that she interview the janitress.

That person had trusted to her memory to preserve the new address, instead of putting it down in black and white, as she had been instructed to do. She assured Cicely, however, that the number was either 31, 21 or 51 West Ninety-third street. She was not positive which, but it was certain to be one of the three. Oh, yes, she remembered very well when the Fredericks had moved. It was just a month ago. She was positive that the young lady would find them on Ninety-third street.

The cabman drove as directed, to each of the numbers named. When Cicely descended the steps of the last every vestige of her courage had oozed away. The people at 31, 21 and 51 were totally ignorant of the Fredericks family's existence.

Must she admit to that dreadful cabby that she had no idea where she was going? To her excited and now thoroughly dismayed consciousness he appeared a most formidable individual, stern of eye and uncompromising of countenance.

She felt an overwhelming sense of inexperience, of helplessness, an almost childish dread of explaining the case to him and asking his advice.

No, she must not tell him yet. She would consult with the janitress once more. The drive back would give her time to think.

She avoided the cabby's eye as she gave the order. Inside the vehicle again, she strained every faculty in the effort to decide upon a rational plan of action.

But her thoughts were in a tumult. She felt the attack of panic, culminating in a weakening wave of fear and cold perspiration.

That there was no actual need of this consternation she was certain. There was surely some sensible way out of this dilemma, if she could only think of it. But the sense of loneliness, of utterly strange surroundings, of her unfamiliarity with metropolitan customs filled her with dread.

The bare fact that faced her was that by the loss of the address she was cut off from the only welcome that awaited her in the big, heartless city—for Cicely was sure it must be heartless. The only welcome! The only— Was it the only welcome?

Cicely remembered. Tears rushed into her eyes. She gasped and stifled a sob. Yes, there was one address that she recollected distinctly—the name of a certain firm on lower Broadway. It was indelibly printed on her brain.

The afternoon was waning and her bill for cab hire mounting in consequence. She must decide quickly. "But it—it isn't right—just because I have to—just because circumstances force me—"

Nevertheless, when she returned to the cab, after a most futile conference with the janitress, she gave the Broadway address in a firm, steady tone.

"There's a strange fatality about it—it must be right, somehow!"

Willis Bronson looked up from his desk as the door of the office opened softly. There were lines of worry, marks of care and sadness in his face, but they dissolved in a flash at sight of the woman standing there in the dim afternoon light.

He half stumbled toward her with outstretched arms.

"Cicely! You've come back!"

"Yes, Willis," she answered.

So, although the Fredericks missed the surprise that had been planned for them, they were treated to another later in the week, when together Mr. and Mrs. Willis Bronson called.

THE PHILIPPINES.

Chicago News: No American can read the speech of Senator Hoar on the Philippine bill without thanking God that there is still in the national senate a great and pure-minded man to say what is the truth in regard to the American policy in those islands, and to say it simply and without passion. The American conscience cannot accept the doctrine of the pharisee, particularly in the light of recent disclosures of torture and rigorous military methods copied from models supplied by the conquistadors. If the Filipino does not realize what is good for him, though we know very well by reason of our superior enlightment, at least there is something to be said on his side, because of his inherent right to the pursuit of happiness. The Filipino may inquire, as did Emerson:

"Of what avail is plow or sail
Or land or life, if freedom fail?"

That is a sentiment which does not call for application of the water torture, according to the propositions laid down in the Declaration of Independence. Senator Hoar arraigns the administration policy because it has "preferred force to kindness, all power to justice, and war to peace, and pride to generosity." He says further:

"Was it ever heard before that a civilized, humble and Christian nation made war upon a people and refused to tell them what they wanted of them? You refuse to tell these people this year or next year or perhaps for twenty years whether you mean in the end to deprive them of their independence or no. You say you want them to submit. To submit to what? To mere military force? But to what purpose or what end is that military force to be exerted? You decline to tell them. Not only do you decline to say what you want of them, except bare and abject surrender, but you will not even let them tell you what they ask of you."

This is the fatal weakness of our position in the Philippines. We hold the Filipinos as subects. Very likely they are not fit for self-government now. But suppose they should become fit for self-government after a term of years, as certainly they ought, having the inestimable privilege of learning the American system and profiting by American institutions; what then? They do not know because we will not teh them. We insist that they shall submit to any fate that we select for them. No definite pledge of any sort, no recognition that the people of the Philippines have a right to know what is to become of them, has been vouchsafed. Because we Americans are free we insist that the Filipinos are free, for we own them. This is a kind of logic that they are not sufficiently enlightened to grasp. Therefore they fight on, wherever they have any hope of effective resistence.

If the Cuban republic is a good thing and we all rejoice because it has been established, why would not a Philippino republic be a good thing some time in the future when the Filipinos are ready to govern themselves? Ten years or twenty years or fifty years from now they may be ready. When they are worthy to be free, acording to the American standard, shall we free them, assist them to establish a government and start them on their independent career with a "God bless you," as we have started the Cubans? If not, why not? If we intend to do this, why do we not fill the patriotic Filipino with hope instead of swamp water? Why do we not elevate instead of assassinate male Filipinos over 10 years of age?

We do not want the Filipinos as subjects. We cannot accept them as fellow-Americans. They are not pleasant people to govern. Why not teach them to govern themselves and thus make everybody happy?

Complete Housefurnish'gs

A larger line than has ever been shown before. Far superior goods offered at very low prices. Five large floors for displaying our samples. Every one crowded to the utmost with the very newest goods that can be shown. The display is astonishing.

OUR PRICES—considering the recent advances which have taken effect, our low prices are an innovation and a blessing—we have made no advances and still maintain our schedule of LOWEST PRICES.

CREDIT TO ALL—To those who want it we offer very liberal terms of credit at no additional charge. We make our terms to suit your purse.

The largest store in Duluth, where you're sure to find exactly what you want.

The G. C. Steele Co.

226-228 West Superior Street.

Peachey & Lounsberry, The Printers.

Zenith 'Phone 336. Duluth 'Phone 166-y.

New Address Providence Bldg.

Sally Smith.

Do you remember, Sally Smith, the days
of long ago—
'Twill take a stretch of memory, perhaps—
When you had freckles on your nose, a rag upon your toe,
And I was just the raggedest of chaps?
Out in the shaded old back yard our playhouse we would keep,
Our dinner dishes broken crockery,
And hollered down the cistern waking echoes from their sleep,
And swung each other 'neath the apple tree.

How often in our play we'd slide down the cellar door,
The while the air with jolly shouts we'd rend,
And, oh! how mother grabbed me when my little pants I tore
And spanked the spot that she would have to mend.
Those mud pies were just out of sight, the ones you used to bake
To set upon the table in our play,
And, oh! how oft I've wondered if in married life you'd make
Your pies of lighter weight than those of clay.

I well remember, Sally Smith, your ankles bare and brown,
Of graceful shape, but somewhat soiled, I vow,
And when I saw you across the street the other day in town
I noted that you treat them better now.
Those jolly days have passed away, but every time I see
Two kids at play so frisky and so lithe,
What memories come flocking to my aging brain of she
Who now is known to all as Sadye Smythe.

Patience Deserves Reward.

Detroit Free Press: President Palma's salary is to be $25,000 a year, and it's none too much for a man that had to wait twenty-five years for his job.

Welcome the Vote Getter.

Nashville News: If Roosevelt will only be allowed to speak during the congressional campaigns the Democratic party is saved.

May Enter His Objection.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: The armored cars of the coal trust may bring a protest from Uncle Mark Hanna, the Friend of Labor.

He'll Never Be a Stage Villain.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: If Elihu Root has never learned to smile, he ought to take a few lessons in this gentle art.

Who Knows?

Chicago Journal: Perhaps it will turn out that Mark Hanna arbitrated the British-Boer difficulty.

Will Be Missed From the News.

Detroit Tribune: It begins to look as if Kitchener had regretted to report for the last time.

A Little Love Tap.

Detroit Tribune: The Ohio Republicans succeeded in hitting the trusts a fearful swat with a feather bolster.

Yearning For the Spectacular.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: We should like to see a game of ping-pong between Gen. Shafter and Governor Hogg.

Strange Migration of Eminents.

Chicago Chronicle: Trains for Canada and for Mexico continue to be filled with gentlemen wearing bushy whiskers, blue spectacles and furtive expressions who start visibly at the sight of a policeman and who scan the newspapers eagerly for the news items dated St. Louis. The grand jury has almost depopulated the Missouri metropolis of its prominent citizens.

Bars Fighting In Any Shape.

Chicago Chronicle: "Crunchill" has ordered a court of inquiry for the officers of the Chicago who got into a fight in a Venice cafe recently.

AMUSEMENTS.

SECOND CONCERT
Duluth Male Glee Club
C. W. WREKS, Director.
Assisted By
Ada Markland Sheffield
Dramatic Soprano, of Chicago,
Frederick G. Bradbury, Violinist,
Margaret Hoelscher, Accompanist.
Wednesday Evening, June 11,
First M. E. Church Tickets 50c

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Myrkle-Harder Co.
Tonight—Knobs o' Tennessee.
Prices 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TOWARD PURCHASE

Another Step Is Taken Toward Acquiring West Duluth Plant.

Alderman Moore Would Restrict the Posting of Bills.

Complaint That Icemen Are Damaging Superior Street Pavement.

The council last night:

Took another step in the West Duluth water plant purchase.

Considered an ordinance regulating bill posting.

Considered an ordinance on anti-expectoration.

Ordered ice men to be careful of Superior street paving.

Received petition to pave East Superior street with macadam.

Received report of Minnesota Point sanitary conditions.

Sustained veto against moving house on Garfield viaduct.

Received resolution for new ambulance for West End.

Called for estimate to macadamize First avenue west.

Called for estimate to macadamize Central avenue.

Ordered squatters off Fond du Lac road right-of-way.

Authorized the grading of Twenty-second avenue east.

More red tape over the proposed purchase of the West Duluth water system was necessary last night.

The Duluth Light and Water company offered the plant to the city for $140,000, less $15,000 on unpaid water rentals.

The city engineer reported that the plant was worth $140,000, less the city's claim against the present owner for water furnished.

Now, under the charter the proposed purchase must be advertised for six weeks. Then an ordinance determining on the purchase shall be passed, but before such ordinance shall be binding on the city it shall be submitted to a vote of the people at a general of special election. The election cannot be held less than two months after the passing of the ordinance. To purchase the West Duluth system a ratification vote of four-sevenths of al the votes cast on the proposition will be necessary.

* * *

Alderman Moore of the First ward introduced a very important ordinance, the purpose being to restrict the hand-bill and bill-board nuisance in the residence districts.

If the ordinance passes, the posting of hand-bills over everything that comes within range of vision of the poster will have to cease. The ordinance further provides that sign-boards shall not be erected along any driveway or boulevard, or on any street where three-fourths of the buildings are occupied for residence purposes, unless the consent of three-fourths of the residence owners or occupants shall first be obtained. Aldermen McEwen, Moore and Wing will consider the ordinance.

* * *

Alderman Trevillion of the Fourth ward introduced an amendment to the anti-expectoration ordinance. The object is to prevent unhealthy and unpleasant conditions on the ferryboats and ferry docks.

* * *

The practice of ice men in dropping large cakes of ice on the Superior street pavement in the business district was called to the attention of the council by Watterworth & Fee, the contracting firm that put the paving down.

The contractors notified the aldermen that the ice men were doing a permanent injury to the paving, for which they would not be held responsible under their contract with the city.

A resolution was passed instructing Chief Troyer to do all in his power to restrain the ice men from dropping ice on the vitrified brick paving.

* * *

More than 25 per cent of the property owners owning 25 per cent of the property fronting on Superior street, between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues east, sent in a petition for Warren's bituminous macadam waterproof pavement.

This petition covers the petition for asphalt in the same district. Asphalt is not only declared too expensive a paving for the permanent improvement revolving fund, but four of the original asphalt petitioners have withdrawn their signatures in favor of bituminous macadam.

* * *

Health Commissioner Robinson submitted a report on sanitary conditions on Minnesota Point that proved interesting. Alerman Neff recently introduced a resolution calling on the health commissioner to make a personal investigation of the camping district to ascertain what danger there was from close location of outhouses.

Dr. Robinson, in his report, says that he found many vaults located not over twenty feet from the cottages, and others so near the bay as to threaten contamination of the water. The most likely diseases to arise from these conditions is typhoid fever, and yet not a case has been reported from Minnesota Point up to date.

The health commissioner expressed the opinion that the sand of the point was a strong natural filter. He also recommended that each camper disinfect the vaults at least twice a week under the regulation of the health department.

* * *

Last week the council gave permission to move a frame building over the Garfield avenue viaduct. The mayor vetoed the resolution, claiming that the building might damage the viaduct and would certainly delay interstate street car traffic three or four days. The veto was sustained.

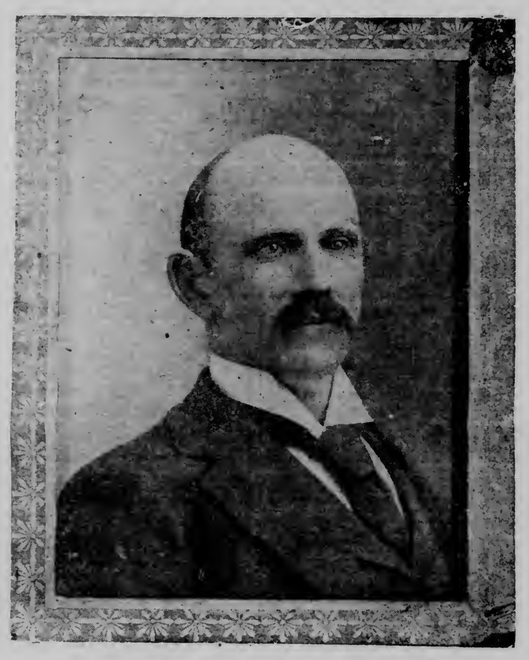
* * *

Alderman Schaffer of the Sixth ward introduced a resolution calling for an ambulance to be located in the West End. The industrial growth of the Garfield avenue district is accompanied by many accidents. The citizens in that part of the town, as well as many physicians, urge that an ambulance located in the district where accidents occur would be the means of saving many lives. The council will give the matter further consideration.

* * *

Alderman Mannheim of the Third ward, introduced a resolution calling on the city engineer to make an estimate of the cost of paving First avenue

(Continued on page 5.)



ACTING CHIEF OF POLICE C. H. TROYER,

Who was last night made harbormaster by the council. Chief Troyer serves without additional compensation, while other chiefs have fought shy of the position unless it was accompanied by a financial consideration.

TWELVE PERISHED

Patients In a Chicago Sanitarium Burned to Death.

Caged Like Rats In the Rapidly Burning Building.

Thirty Others Were Injured and Some Will Die.

Chicago, June 10.—Twelve men and one woman were killed and about thirty persons were injured in a fire which yesterday afternoon destroyed the sanitarium conducted by the St. Luke's Society at Wabash avenue and Twenty-first street.

The society occupied the building, which was long known as the Hotel Woodruff, and for a brief period as the Hotel Lancaster. By far the greater portion of the patients received in the institution were those seeking cure from the drink habit and those who were addicted to the use of drugs. When the fire broke out there was on the fifth floor a number of patients suffering from delirium tremens and some who were deranged with drugs.

Several of these were strapped to their beds and it was found impossible to save them, so rapidly did the fire spread through the building.

The dead:

S. J. NEWELL.
CARL A. CARLSON.
MICHAEL LUBY.
JOSEPH HARRINGTON.
SAMUEL DALZELL.
N. S. STANTON.
J. B. BISHOP, St. Louis.
J. A. ROEBECK, Hillsdale, Mich.
G. S. GOTT, Lavergne, Ill.
WILLIAM KENT, alerman of the Fourth ward, Chicago.
JOHN B. KNAPMANN,
MRS. M. BATMANN,
B. H. BOYD, member of the medical staff of the institution, 70 years old.

Injured:

A. W. Wattles, badly burned on head and back; internal injuries; will probably die.

Mrs. Amelia Wilson, burned about body; inhaled flame; probably fatal.

Mary McMannis, badly burned about body.

Mattie Jamieson, slightly burned and overcome by smoke.

Minnie Ellis, slight burns about face.

John Downey, Omaha, Neb., jumped from the third story to roof of ajoining building; leg sprained.

A. C. Davis, business manager of the sanitarium, slightly burned about hands and face.

Henry Norman, colored, burned about hands and face, not serious.

Frank Kapra, cut by glass while trying to jump from a window on the fourth floor. Carried down by firemen. Not serious.

Dr. H. L. Luse, burned about the face and hands.

Mrs. B. H. Bowman, burned while rescuing her 4-year-old daughter from third floor, severely burned about body.

Mary Bowman, 4 years old, burned about body, not serious.

Fireman Michael Hadley, burned while rescuing Carl Carison from fourth floor; burned about face and hands, not serious.

Mrs. Leah, Omaha, Neb., overcome by smoke, not serious.

J. F. Suit, jumped from third floor into net; injured internally; will probably die.

The fire originated in the basement of the building and spread rapidly to the upper stories throughout the elevator shaft. The blaze was discovered by James Newell, a grocer, who was driving through the alley in the rear of the building. He noticed smoke coming from one of the basement windows and ran into the engine room to discover its cause.

Behind the boilers in the center of the cellar and within a few feet of the elevator shaft he saw a small flame. The next instant the flames were caught by the draft in the elevator shaft and carried up with a roar. Newell shouted to several men in the alley to give the alarm, and to the inmates of the danger. Several hurried to do this, but by the time they reached the first floor of the building the flames had been carried to the roof, had eaten their way through it and were leaping high in the air.

As the cry of "fire" ran through the building patients sprang from their beds and before they could be prevented, several had jumped from the windows to the pavement.

The fire department was on the scene within a few minutes, and as the windows were filled with people shrieking for help, the firemen devoted their first efforts to save lives and allowed the fire to burn. While this was the means of saving a large number of people who were carried down the ladders by the firemen, it gave the fire such a headway that there was almost no chance for those on the upper floors of the building to make their escape, and such of them as were not suffocated were killed or badly injured by leaping from the windows.

Alderman Kent was in a room on the fifth floor with his attendant, A. W. Watties. The alderman, who has been totally blind for many years, was in a straight jacket, and his hands were manacled to a belt that passed around his waist.

When the alarm of fire was sounded Wattles ran to investigate. He found the elevator shaft a mass of flames and ran back to help the alderman, who, blind and unable to do anything with his hands, was almost mad with fear and was shouting like an insane person. He had groped his way to the door and by the time his attendant had reached him, had fallen to the floor overcome with smoke.

Wattles seized him and tried to drag him down the hall to a place of safety, but Kent had become so crazed that it was impossible to do anything with him.

Wattles was finally compelled to run for his life, as the flames were already scorching his clothing. He ran to a window on the south side of the building across which were iron bars. Wattles managed to tear two of these from their fastenings and with two other men who had followed him, climbed out on the sill. They were seen by the firemen, who called to them to remain where they were and they would save them. A ladder was run up and the two men with Wattles were taken down.

He became crazed with fear and not waiting for the return of the firemen sprang for a net which some men were holding on the sidewalk beneath. He fell partly in it and partly on the sidewalk and sustained injuries which probably will cause his death in a short time.

Kent was lying on the floor of his room, and evidently died of suffocation. His body was badly burned after death. Three hours after the outbreak of the fire the body was found on the floor of his room, one leg burned to a crisp, and the head burned off. He was identified by means of his clothing.

In a room on the second floor was Dr. William Bunker, of Chicago, who some time ago lost one of his legs in an accident. He was in bed when the fire broke out and on going to the door of his room found escape in that direction cut off. Hobbling to the window he climbed out on the window sill. He was without clothing and when he saw the great crowd below he crawled back into the smoke, and came out again wrapped in a blanket. He was soon taken down by the firemen and when being carried away in an ambulance said that he would rather have been injured than have come out through that window undressed.

Later his wooden leg was found and restored to him. He escaped without injury of any sort.

A scene that was maddening to the great crowd around the building was enacted at a fourth story window on the north side. Across this window was a heavy wire screen, and on the outside of the screen were iron bars running parallel to the sill. The space between these bars was too small to allow the passage of even a small boy, and behind them were gathered a crowd of men whose numbers were afterward found to me between 25 and 30. Escape in other directions was impossible for the fire filled all the halls and was steadily cutting its way toward the window at which the men were standing.

The one chance for life for the crowd of men lay through that screen and barred window. The men closest to the screen tore and tugged at it in a vain effort to rear it from its fastenings and the men behind them fought madly to get close enough to the screen to fasten their fingers in it. So fiercely did the prisoners pull at the screen that from the street below were plainly visible tiny streams of blood that trickled from lacerated fingers and hands and flowed over the window sill. A number of the men at the window were in straight jackets. The crowd in the street watching the desperate situation of the men behind the screen was simply an insane mob.

They shouted all sorts of commands and directions to the men and gave orders to the firemen, who were doing all that they could to get through the bars from the outside. As the flames came steadily toward the men the people in the street jumped up and down and screamed in helpless agony. It seemed as though nothing could be done, and that all of the men would die within six inches of freedom. That any of the men escaped at all is owing to the work of W. E. Davis of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, a patient in the institution. He induced the men to cease their disconnected pulling at the screen and to unite their efforts.

For men at first took hold of the screen and in almost a minute the crowd behind them pushed them away and before the four men could get to the screen again they were compelled to fight with their fists. Davis managed to get his men to the window again and after a few desperate pulls they managed to tear down a portion of the screen. Nerved to the work by their success the bodies of the men swayed back and forth as they put all of their strength into one last effort. The hands of one of the men were covered with blood, but he hung on and pulled as best he could, for he and all with him were to live not two minutes longer unless that screen came down. And finally down it came, the men in their desperation pulling with it large pieces of the mortar in which its sides had been incased.

The screen was gone, but the bars remained, and they were heavy placed there for the purpose of withstanding all efforts of the insane no matter how strong they might be. As many men as could place their hands on the lower bar took hold. It bent, almost double, and six of them went to the floor with a crash, holding onto the iron bar which they had torn from its fastenings.

So quickly did the men behind them spring to grasp the second bar that those who had torn down, the first were badly trampled on before they could rise. Another bar was soon torn away and the path to safety was opened.

The first man through was Dr. C. A. Anderson, of Chicago. No ladders were in front of the window, and Anderson's one hope was to reach the platform of a fire escape in front of the window just west of where he was. He hesitated for an instant and then sprang for the fire escape, clutched it and was safe. The next man through the kindow was G. S. Gott, of Lavergne, Ill. Anderson was so much exhausted that he was unable to drag Gott after him and Gott was so badly burned that he was not able to make the leap himself. He crouched on the window sill while the men on the inside clamored for him to jump.

Clinton Osborn, a real estate dealer, of New York, was the third man. He crawled out seized ott and told the men inside to grasp his feet. This they did, and, telling Gott to take hold of his wrists and drop over the window sill, Osborne hanging head downward, swung Gott to and fro until he had acquired sufficient momentum and then swung him up onto the landing of the fire escape, where Dr. Anderson seized and held him.

After the fire was over the police arrested William Lanahan, the engineer; Lee Seymour, the fireman of the building and J. P. Nagel, the inventor of a gasoline plant in use in the basement of the institution.

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one-sixth pure glycerin—the best for the toilet that human skill can produce.

A better is impossible tho' you pay a dollar a cake for it.

Use it for toilet and bath.

Use it on the hair.

Skin and hair will be as soft and smooth as silk.

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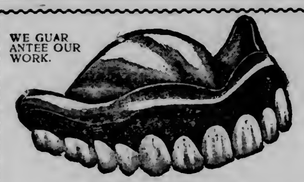
White Russian Laundry Soap Wrappers exchanged for valuable premiums. Write for list. F



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Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

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It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discoloration of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

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Offices 215 W. Superior St.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Douche. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

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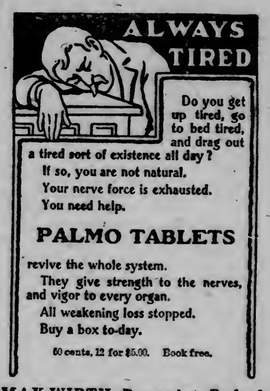

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50 cents, 12 for $5.00. Book free.

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Repairs for any stove made in the United States.

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"FORCE"

OR is a little word, but gigantic in possibilities.

Success, happiness, practically all of the good things of life, depend on good health. Most of the failures, the woes of life, rest their origin and continuance in bad health. The possibilities represented by the OR in "Good Health or Bad Health" certainly are gigantic, aren't they? Proper food, more than any one other thing, represents the difference between good health or bad health.

Any physician will tell you that a proper mixture of the whole of the wheat and barley malt is pre-eminently a proper food, one that builds normally, tones evenly, nourishes sufficiently every organ of the body.

"FORCE" is composed of the whole of the wheat and barley malt scientifically combined in the form of a delicate, crisp flake. It cannot lose its good qualities in faulty cooking, for it is ready to be put on the table when it reaches the home.

There's another OR worth considering—a hot kitchen fire on a hot summer day. OR no kitchen fire.

MARKET HIGHER

Wheat Has Weaker Opening But an Upward Turn Follows.

Congestion In Minneapolis Ju'y Option Causes Fireworks.

Duluth and Chicago Fall Behind---Flax Is Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 10.—The Minneapolis market led all others today owing to the congestion in the July option there. Within a short time after the opening the market sold up 1½c over yesterday's close. The close was 1⅛-¼c higher, while in Duluth there was an advance of only ⅝c and in Chicago ½c. The Minneapolis premium over Chicago has been steadily increasing and is now 2⅜c and there are some who look for it to go to 5c. The July price in Minneapolis closed about 5c above September.

The market started lower under the depression of fine weather in thew heat sections, and lower cables. Receipts were light and good support was forthcoming that sent the market upward sharply. The Liverpool market closed ⅜-⅝c lower. Antwerp closed ⅜c lower. Paris was down 1⅛@1⅜c.

Primary receipts of wheat were 265,000 bus, last year, 652,000 us. Shipments were 823,000 bus; last year, 226,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 204,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 4,000,000 bus in the world's visible supply, as compared with 5,447,000 bus last week and 3,569,000 bus last year.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 98 cars, and at Chicago, 52, a total of 150 cars, against 158 last week and 442 last year.

Trading on the Duluth floor was active and the market advanced. July wheat opened ⅜c off at 72⅝c, sold at 72⅝c at 9:52, at 72⅝c at 9:54 and then advanced to 73c at 10:15. It reacted to 72⅝c at 10:28, sold at 72⅞c at 11:37, at 73c at 1:05 and closed there, an advance of ⅛c.

Cash prices were unchanged at ⅛c over July for No. 1 northern to arrive, 1½c under for No. 2 and 3c under for No. 3. Sales were practically nothing.

Flax trading was light and the market closed without change. September oats fell 8c and rye 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 72¾c; No. 2 northern, 71½c; No. 3 spring, 69½c; to arrive—No. 1 hard, 76¾c, No. 1 northern, 73¼c; July, 72⅜@72⅝c; September, 70c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern cash, 72¾c; No. 2 northern, 71¼c. Oats—September, 32c; December, 32½c. Barley—64@67c. Flax—Cash, 71.75; to arrive, $1.76; June, $1.70; July, $1.69; September, $1.43½; October, $1.38¾.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 23; last year, 102; corn, 11; oats, 3; rye, 1; flax, 3.

Receipts: Wheat—1186 bus; rye, 1248; flax, 994. Shipments: Wheat—106,217 bus.

Chicago Record-Herald: "The corn coming to Chicago is almost all going into private elevators, and that is why the public corn stock decreased last week 166,000 bus. The private stocks have probably increased 500,000 bus. The corn arriving needs to be handled considerably to be made contract, as only 5 per cent grades on arrival. It is damp and contains a good many bad kernels. Counseiman was the only one who bought liberally in the country yesterday, probably 175,000. Others bought very little."

* * *

The government crop report for June will be out this afternoon and is expected to give area and condition of spring wheat area harvested last year ition of winter wheat, rye and barley. The condition of winter wheat last month was 76.4 and last year 86.4 and today's report is expected to show a condition above 80. A small reduction in area and a high condition is anticipated for spring wheat and an increase in acreage and a good condition is predicted for oats. Last year the condition was 85.3 and area of oats harvested 26,541,000 acres, the crop being 736,000,000 bus. The spring wheat and oats and the condition was 21,145,000 acres and crop 318,000,000 bus.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York
July—				
Open	72⅝B	73⅜	70⅞-¾	77⅜
High	73	73⅞	71⅜-½	77⅝
Low	72⅝B	72⅞	70⅜	77¼-⅜
Close	72⅝B	73½-⅝	71¼-⅜A	77⅝B
September—				
Open	69¾A	69¼	69-⅝	75¾-½
High	70¼	69⅝	70⅛	75¾
Low	69¾	69¼	69⅜	75¾-½
Close	70	69⅜	69⅞-⅛0	75¾

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.	July. Oats	July. Corn	July. Pork
Open	36⅜	62¼-⅜	$17.47
High	36⅜	62¾	17.75
Low	36	62⅜	17.47
Close	36¼A	62⅝B	17.72

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 10.—Wheat spot, dull; No. 1 northern spring, 6s; No. 1 California, 6s 3¼d; futures, quiet; July, 5s 9¾d; September, 6s 3½d. Corn spot, steady; American mixed, new, 5s 9d; American mixed, old, 5s 9d; futures, steady; July, nominal; September, 5s 6¾d; October, 5s 1½d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 452,000 centals, including 249,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 600 centals.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 10.—Close, wheat, July, 77⅝c; September, 75⅜c. Corn, July, 67½c; September, 63½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 10.—Close, wheat, 73½@¾c; September, 68⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 74¼@¾c; No. 2 northern, 73c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, June 10.—Continued favorable weather throughout the spring and winter wheat belts, together with foreign advices caused the wheat market to open weak and there was very good covering by shorts and later in the day prices rallied, and the close was steady, ⅛c higher than yesterday. Liverpool reported their market weak ⅜d to ½d lower for the day. Continental markets were also lower. The wether in England is improving but is still unsettled on the continent, though not sufficient to do any harm. Cash demand here was rather quiet, and the seaboard reported only a moderate demand there for export. The government report which will be issued this evening will give the condition of spring and winter wheat, also the spring wheat area, but we think it will cut little figure in the situation, which will be governed more by the weather than anything else. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 25 cars.

Trade in corn was light today and the market generally followed the course of wheat. After ruling weak early it later rallied and closed firm, ⅝@¾c higher than last night. Foreign markets were quiet; at Liverpool closed ½d lower for the day. County offerings were very light, but the cash demand was quiet. Weather continues generally favorable for the growing crop and this has induced considerable short selling of September and December and we are inclined to think both of these options are badly oversold and it is quite within the range of possibilities that the bull leaders may give the shorts a twist in these options in order to market their July. Anyway, we think around present prices, it is safer to buy on the weak spots. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 205 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today, the market, after opening lower in sympathy with wheat, later rallied on small country offerings and good cash demand. July option closed unchanged, September ½c lower than last night. The weather was generally favorable for the growing crop. The government report will probably show a condition almost average, but it is a long time between now and harvest, and after so much rain a long spell of dry weather is needed. The cash situation is strong and we think the July option is a purchase on all weak spots. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 100 cars.

Provisions opened easy for a moment on large receipts of hogs, but soon gained strength and finally developed into a booming market with traders taking profits. Lard alone was sluggish, but ribs and pork were active. Scalpers and outsiders bought the pork and shorts the ribs.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, July wheat, 72¾c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 74⅜c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 73⅜-½c asked.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

or the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Tuesday, June 10, 1902:

STATIONS.		Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall Inches.
Campbell	Cloudy	86	52	.0
Crookston	Cloudy	88	50	.0
Detroit City	Cloudy	84	50	T.
Grand Meadow	Clear	78	50	.06
Montevideo	Cloudy	90	54	.06
Minneapolis	Pt. cldy	86	58	.01
New Ulm	Clear	86	60	.78
Park Rapids	Cloudy	84	52	.18
Winnebago City	Clear	84	60	.56
Worthington	Pt cldy	82	52	.0
Devils Lake	Clear	88	46	.0
Langdon	Clear	89	42	.0
Larimore	Pt cldy	86	44	.08
Lisbon	Cloudy	88	50	.01
Aberdeen	Raining	94	54	.62
Millbank	Clear	90	54	.0
Mitchell	Clear	92	58	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	94	52	T.
Bismarck	Cloudy	90	56	.12
Duluth	Cloudy	80	48	.01
Huron	Cloudy	92	58	.0
La Crosse	Clear	78	60	.0
Moorhead	Cloudy	92	52	.0
St. Paul	Clear	84	60	T.
Winnipeg	Pt. cldy	66	38	T.
Pierre	Cloudy	..	64	T.

Warm weather prevails in the Kansas City, Minneapolis and Omaha districts, temperatures being moderate. Scattered showers fell over the Chicago, Des Moines and Minneapolis districts.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 4000, including 1500 Texans; steady; good to prime steers, $5.35@7.85; poor to medium, $5.25@7.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.70; canners, $1.50@6.70; bulls, $2.50@5.60; calves, $2.50@7.00; Texas fed steers, $3.00@5.50. Hogs—Receipts, today, 27,000; tomorrow, 35,000; left over, 5702; weak, 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $7.00@7.45; good to choice heavy, $7.40@7.45; rough heavy, $7.10@7.30; light, $6.90@7.30; bulk of sales, $7.10@7.37½. Sheep—Receipts, 14,000; sheep, steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.25@6.15; fair to choice mixed, $4.50@5.25; western sheep, $5.25@6.15; native lambs, $5.25@7.00; Western lambs, $5.50@7.00; spring lambs, $7.60. Yesterday—Receipts—Cattle 16,467; hogs, 40,252; sheep, 18,145. Shipments—Cattle, 2415; hogs, 6196; sheep, 785.

CROP CONDITIONS.

General Improvement Noted In Most Localities.

Washington, June 10.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

Although the week averaged somewhat cooler than usual in portions of the lake region and Northern New England, where light frosts occurred, the temperature conditions were generally favorable in the districts east of the Rockies and also in the Middle and South Atlantic coast regions. The states of the Lower Mississippi valley have suffered from excessive rains, which have also interrupted farm work in the northern portion of Illinois and Indiana and the southern portions of Wisconsin and Minnesota. Rain is now generally needed along the gulf and Atlantic coasts, from Texas to Southern New England, and drouth is becoming serious in the Carolinas and in the Central and West Gulf districts.

With ample moisture and favorable temperatures, corn has made good growth throughout the Central valleys, but is much in need of cultivation in the states of the Lower Mississippi valley and Wisconsin. In the lower Ohio valley and Tennessee, the crop is well cultivated and in promising condition, but the Central and West Gulf states is suffering much from drouth.

The warm showery weather of the past week has been favorable to the development of rust in winter wheat portions of Missouri and Indiana and has caused lodging to some extent in Illinois and Missouri. With these exceptions a general improvement in the condition of the crop is indicated. Harvesting has begun as far north as North Carolina, Tennessee and the southern portions of Missouri and Kansas, but is progressing under difficulties, resulting from heavy rains, in the last name state. On the Pacific coast the wheat and oat harvests are progressing rapidly, the crop being somewhat damaged in the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys.

Spring wheat has made rapid growth and is in promising condition throughout the spring wheat region, except in lowlands, where it has suffered from excessive moisture.

In the states of Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys and lake region, oats have made good progress and are in promising condition although too rank growth is reorted from portions of Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin. In the Upper Ohio valley, Middle and South Atlantic and East Gulf states, the crop is inferior.

On the whole the fruit crop continues unfavorable, the most promising reports being received from the lake region, the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic states and New England. Except in the Middle Atlantic states and Ohio valley, the grass crop has experienced a decided improvement.

WIFE NOT TO BLAME.

James Smith Exonerates Her Before Death.

Union City, Mich., June 10.—James Smith, of Burlington village, who was shot through the abdomen Saturday night by his wife, died last night. Before he died Smith said that Mrs. Smith should not be blamed for the shooting, as he effected a forcible entrance to her house, and she might have taken him for a burglar. The couple had not lived together for some time.

HOT AT OMAHA.

Omaha, June 10.—Seventy-four degrees of heat was registered at 8 o'clock this morning and by 9:30 o'clock the thermometer stood at 92, with barely any wind. The indications are for the hottest day of the season thus far.

WATCHING FOR LYNCH.

New York, June 10.—Detectives are watching all the steamers from Calais and Bonlogne, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune in anticipation of the arrival of Col. Lynch.

$5.75 Round Trip St. Paul & Minneapolis.

VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Account Elks' carnival and annual Grand lodge, I. O. O. F. Tickets on sale to and including June 14, good returning June 16. Trains leave at 1:25 p. m. and 11:10 p. m. City ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

Glee club concert tomorrow night.

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Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provisions on futures.

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Duluth and Minneapolis.

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First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Grains Declined at Opening But Steadied Quickly.

Chicago, June 10.—Fine weather and lower cables depressed grains again at the opening today but speedy support steadied the declines and even brought about slight advances. July wheat opened 1¼@1⅜c lower at 70⅝c to 70¾c. Early trade was dull. Northwestern receipts were somewhat curtailed and helped in the support that put July back to 71⅛c with a firm tone. Local receipts were 52 cars, 2 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 98 cars, making a total for the three points of 150 cars, against 158 last week and 422 a year ago.

July wheat rallied to 71⅞@¾c after the early weakness. Then trading hung rather steady awaiting the government report. July closed steady, ½c higher, at 71¼@⅜c.

July corn opened ⅛@¼c to a shade lower at 62⅜c to 62¼c on lower cables, the wheat influence and the fine growing weather. The temper of the pit, however, was very nervous. Big receipts, at 356 cars, were a factor in the early depression. Seen a support of the bull interest broke it a rally and a firm tone, July selling at 62⅝c.

July corn was supported until it touched 62⅞@¾c. Late trading was narrow. July closed firm, ⅛@⅜c higher at 62¾c.

Oats were easier with other grains, July opening ¼c lower at 36c and steady but near 36½c. Good weather and liberal receipts at 237 cars prompted considerable selling and the early tone was rather weak.

Provisions were very dull early. Hogs were weaker but packers seemed determined to keep on manipulating products for higher prices and at the opening would not let prices slip back. Conservative commission houses are advising their clients that, while provisions are much higher than legitimate conditions warrant, the packers have the holdings so concentrated and the market is so narrow at prices can be boosted at the will of the stock yards clique. July pork opened 2½c down at $17.47½ and sold at $17.50; July lard unchanged at $10.32½ and advanced to $10.35, and July ribs unchanged at $10.37 and sold at $10.40.

Close: Wheat—June, 71½c; July, 71¼@⅜c; September, 69⅝@70c; December, 70½c. Corn—June, 62¾c; July, 62⅝c; September, 63¼c; December, 44½@44¾c; May, 43¼c. Oats—June, 40c; July, 36¼c; July new, 35½c; September, 28⅝@¾c; September new, 30½c; December, 28⅝c; December new, 30¼c. Pork—June, $17.72½; July, $17.72½; September, $17.80; January, $16.25 @16.30. Lard—June, $10.35; July, $10.32½@10.37½; September, $10.40; October, $10.32½; January, $9.35; May, 9.30. Ribs—June, $10.75; July, $10.75; September, $10.37½; January, $9.50. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.76; Southwestern, $1.56; September, $1.41 @1.42; October, $1.36. Rye—July, 56⅝@⅞c; September, 54½c. Barley—Cash, 64@68c. Timothy—September, $4.57. Clover—Cash, $8.85. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 73½c; No. 3 red, 77¼@78¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 73½@ 74¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 73¼@74½c; No. 1 northern spring, 73¼@74½c; No. 2 northern spring, 72¼@73½c; No. 3 spring, 69@71¾c. Corn—No. 2, 62¾@63c; No. 3, 62¼@62¾c. Oats —No. 2, 42½@43c; No. 3, 42c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan: Chicago: The market here was very quiet. There was considerable bearish news and some little selling pressure early, but in the main wheat was fairly well held. Broomhall says the weather in Europe is more favorable and much needed rains in Australia. The consequent upon the return of peace in South Africa. The above combination of favorable influences is responsible for the lightest offerings of stocks noticeable in many months. This is true, not only of shares affected by glowing crop accounts, but applies with almost equal force to those of coal carriers. Large operators say that the fact that only a few thousand shares of these stocks are dealt in daily, though labor troubles have closed the mines, sows plainly enough that the reports of enormous losses to be sustained by the coal companies are greatly exaggerated. They point out that, while the strike will cost the operators a good deal of money, the latter will see to it that the public ultimately foots the bill. Strong buying of granger shares continues in evidence, and is based on large earnings and a brilliant agricultural outlook—an outlook on which is based the confident prediction that systems like St. Paul, Rock Island, Union Pacific, Atchison and Missouri Pacific will earn not less than 10 per cent on their respective stocks in the fiscal year beginning July 1. Good judges consider these stocks a purchase on moderate recessions, especially the more speculative of issues named.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.—An official of United States Steel corporation made the significant statement today that orders for steel rails from the big railroads were coming in more rapidly than ever before in the history of the iron and steel industry.

The orders placed during the last two weeks were considerably larger in the aggregate than in the two weeks following the pool's announcement last fall that it had agreed to sell rails for-1903 at $28 a ton. It is now estimated that the orders for 1903 delivery exceed 600,000 tons or between 20 and 25 per cent of next year's possible production.

* * *

Warrington to W. H. Laidley & Co.—It is almost a case of "nothing doing," but what little activity there is, must needs be on advancing prices. I am a bull in the situation and unhesitatingly advise the purchase of such stocks as were noted in yesterday's letter and around the prices noted. The strike interest is waning and Wall street will soon break away from further influence in that respect. Buy Reading common, important interests are steadily absorbing every share offered. Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Metropolitan can be bought around these prices.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Trading Was Not Heavy But a Firm Tone Prevailed.

Signs That the Market Is Daily Becoming Stronger.

Good Buying of Granger Shares Continues In Evidence.

New York, June 10.—Pacific Mail opened a point higher than last night and there was sufficient demand for Atchison and American Car to affect those stocks slightly. The few other stocks dealt in showed no appreciable change in prices and the market was practically idle.

The Western and Pacific stocks were strengethened by absorption of Atchison which touched 81½. There was a decline of over a point in Canadian Pacific. Northwestern preferred advanced 2 points and International Power was bid for at 75c, compared with 70 yesterday's final bid. Chicago, I. D. declined 1, Steel Spring, 1½ and Peoria & Eastern 2. Southern Railway common became quite active later and rose a point to 37½, with a hardening effect on the list.

Dealings became nominal again, but the market held its previous advances and some stocks sold higher. Manhattan and Northwestern gained a point and Northwestern preferred increased its rise to 4½. St. Joe & Grand Island first preferred gained 3⅛. Bonds were steady at noon.

The few changes during the noon hour were generally towards a slightly higher level. St. Paul rose above 170, Union Bag and Paper preferred gained 2 and the United States Leather stocks about a point each. International Power sold at 80.

There was a better demand for stocks and the market was broader. Higher prices were the rule all around and the earlier features increasing their gains while new points of strength also developed. Northwestern advanced 2¾ and Metropolitan Street Railway. Consolidated Gas, Hocking Valley, Wabash preferred, Texas & Pacific, Ohio Central preferred, Detroit Gas and Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred a point each, and Wisconsin Central preferred 1¾. St. Paul preferred lost 1 and New Haven 5 points.

Prices still advanced in the final hour. New York Central, St. Joe & Grand Island, the second preferred, New York, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred rose about a point. St. Jot & Grand Island first preferred recovered a loss of over 2 and Canadian Pacific rallied nearly a point. The closing was dull and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	69	68¼	69
Amconda M. Co.	114	112¾	114
Atchison, T. & S. F.	81¾	80¾	81⅝
do pfd	99¼	99	99¼
Baltimore & Ohio	105⅝	104½	105⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67⅝	67	67⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	46½	46¼	46½
Chicago & Alton	37½	37¼	37½
Col. F. & I.	99½	99¼	99½
Col. Great Western com.	28⅝	28¼	28⅝
Erie com	37¼	36⅞	37¼
do 1st pfd	68⅝	68¼	68⅝
Louisville & Nashville	137¼	137	137¼
Leather	13⅞	13¾	13⅞
do pfd	86	85½	85¾
Manhattan Con	131¾	131	131¾
Missouri Pacific	100¾	100	100¾
New York Central	154¾	154½	154¾
Norfolk & Western	56¼	56⅛	56¼
do pfd.	90½	90½	90½
Ontario & Western	32⅝	32⅜	32½
Pennsylvania Ry.	149¾	149¾	149¾
Pacific Mail	42	41½	41½
Republic Iron & Steel	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
do pfd.	74⅝	74½	74½
Reading	69⅝	69¼	69½
do 1st pfd.	84	84	84
do 2nd pfd.	68⅝	68¼	68⅝
Rock Island	172	171½	172
Southern Ry	37½	36½	37¼
do pfd	94⅞	94¾	94⅞
Southern Pacific	64⅜	64⅜	64½
Smelter	48⅞	48¾	48⅝
do pfd	99	99	99
Sugar Refinery	128½	127⅜	128½
St. Paul	170⅝	169½	170⅝
T. C. & I.	63½	63	63½
Texas Pacific	41	41	41
Union Pacific	105½	104½	105
do pfd	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
U. S. Steel	39	38¾	38⅞
do pfd	89⅝	89⅜	89⅝
Wabash	27¼	26⅝	27⅛
do pfd	44⅜	43¾	44½
Western Union	90¾	90½	90¾
Wisconsin Central	27½	27¼	27
do pfd	48¾	48¾	48¾
American Ice	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
Metropolitan	150¼	150	150
Canadian Pacific	136	134⅞	135½

The total sales were 280,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Rail road earnings and crops are much discussed subjects, but they are the real backbone to stock market values. The crop prospects are magnificent for cotton as well as for grain. Railway earnings continue to show average net increases of nearly 10 per cent right along. These influences must soon make themselves felt and any break resulting from adverse developments in the coal districts must be but temporary. When strike matters look darkest political interests will intervene and the strike will be quickly settled. In my judgment the end is just beginning to appear. There may be considerable bloodshed the next few days and it is possible the market will sell off sharply on Wednesday and Thursday. Stand by and watch closely, be prepared to purchase freely if the break comes, as it will be preparatory to a bull campaign.

* * *

Town Topics to Paine Webber & Co.: A strong bull point in favor of the United States Steel stocks is the refusal of Judge Lacombe to grant an injunction to restrain the directors from issuing $200,000,000 convertible bonds for a like amount of the 7 per cent preferred stocks. This he did on the ground that permanency in the relative proportion of the different securities was no part of the contract entered into by the corporation with its shareholders.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The prevailing dullness as is usually the case, will probably continue to give the market a sagging tendency and small breaks should be taken advantage of by small traders and investors to pick up a few bargains, for it is a cinch that unless something of a calamity happens, better conditions will rule later on when the paralysis caused by the strike is overcome. This blot on an otherwise brigh situation cannot remain so indefinitely and it is already observable that the most optimistic claims are being made by both sides, a sure forerunner of surrender by one party or the other.

* * *

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—The stock market comment continues to reflect growing confidence in the theory that, while reactions are to be expected, conditions on the while warrant the purchase of stocks on weak spots. The view is quite general tonight that the situation, both in and out of Wall street, is daily becoming stronger, and in spite of the coal strike, splendid weather for harvesting the new winter wheat crop and for the growth of corn and spring wheat, encourages holders of granger shares. The increased dividends on Omaha common and Northwestern common and preferred are also bullish factors. So are the stronger financial conditions abroad.

COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23¾	24
Arcadian	4¾	5
Allouez	2¾	3¼
Atlantic	31½	32
Anaconda	27½	28½
Amalgamated	68¾	69
Calumet and Hecla	575	
Centennial	19¾	19½
Franklin	11¾	12
Isle Royale	12¼	13
Bingham	34¾	35
Mayflower	2¼	2½
National	2	2½
Mohawk	42½	43
Michigan	11¾	12½
Old Colony	2¾	3
Old Dominion	19½	20
Osceola	61½	62½
Parrot	28	29
Phoenix	4½	5
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2	2½
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Tamarack	176	180
Tecumseh	1¾	2
Trimountain		100
Utah	21¾	22½
Victoria	4	4¼
Winona	3¾	4
Wolverine	55	56
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	3	3¾
Trinity	12½	13
Dominion Coal	139½	140½
U. S. M.	20⅝	20⅞
Calumet and Arizona		46

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Copper exports from Atlantic ports for the week ending June 6 were 2009 tons; imports 4,000 tons of copper and 4000 tons ore. There arrived in New York yesterday 380,000 tons of ore from London.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The local representative of a lake copper producing company says: "I have recently sold a considerable lot of copper for 12¾, but the price bid today is 12⅝ and I have made a sale at that figure."

* * *

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The copper market is utterly without feature and almost without sales. There is little prospect that business will revive until the coal strike can be discontinued. We think United States Mining a good purchase on these dull days and that the buyer of United States Oil will find himself twice as well off some day not far distant.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The character of today's market indicates that the buying of the past two weeks must have been for very strong interests. Shorts who attempted to cover found almost no copper stocks offering at any price near current quotations. At the moment there does not appear to be any active trading interests in the market except the bears. The bears are in a predicament and we shall be surprised if there is not an excited scramble by shorts before the end of this week. We strongly favor the long side of the market on the better class of coppers.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 10.—The cotton market opened firm with prices 1 to 2 points higher and during the fore part of the session, was predisposed to work still higher on bullish news from spot markets from Europe and the South on dry weather reports from the entire belt and on nervous demand from the bear side. Following the call Liverpool continued at 875. August at 851 and December at 792.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8¾c; middling gulf, 9⅝c; sales, 250 bales. Futures closed steady: June, 8.92; July, 8.76; August, 8.43; September, 8.18; October, 8.05; November, 7.99; December, 7.99; January, 7.99; February, 8.00; March, 8.02.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, June 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division or redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $199,107,341; gold, $98,826,892; silver, $23,591,447; United States notes, $9,261,284; treasury notes of 1890, $144,430; national bank notes, $9,130,878; total receipts this day, $965,154; total receipts this month, $14,228,113; total receipts this year, $527,955,032; total expenditures this day, $880,000; total expenditures this month, $12,490,000; total expenditures this year, $449,853,797; deposits in national banks, $126,072,885.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 10.—Close, money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent; closing bid and asked, 2½@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¾ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand and at $4.84½@4¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85¼@4.86 and $4.88@½; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.85¼. Bar silver, 51¾c. Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

FIRE AT GERMANTOWN.

Philadelphia, June 10.—The Germantown Junction Elevator and Warehouse company's building and the grain warehouse of L. J. Miller & Sons, together with a half dozen dwelling houses in the neighborhood, were destroyed by fire today. The loss is estimated at $125,000.

SOME IMPROVEMENT.

Roanoke, Va., June 10.—Official reports today show there is some improvement in the strike situation in the Pocahontas fields. More men returned to work this morning and it is estimated that about 20 per cent of the regular force is working. The output of coal is in about the same proportion.

TO USE BLOODHOUNDS.

Walla Walla, Wash., June 10.—At the request of Governor Greer, of Oregon, Superintendent John B. Caton, of the Washington state penitentiary, has sent his trained bloodhounds to Salem to be used in tracking the prisoners who escaped from the Oregon prison yesterday.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Car Ferry Turned Turtle at St. Ignace, Blocking Traffic.

City of Mackinac Cannot Get Through Canadian Lock.

Prospects That American Lock Will Be Clear Soon.

Mackinaw City, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The big car ferry St. Ignace turned turtle while loading car at St. Ignace early today and went to the bottom of the slip in twenty-four feet of water. For a wonder the entire crew escaped without injury. The disaster was caused by loading one side of the ferry with heavily laden cars of iron ore, with nothing on the other side to counterbalance the weight.

The sinking of the St. Ignace leaves the railroads between the two Michigan peninsulas with no means of transferring their trains across the straits of Mackinac. The car ferry Ste. Marie is now in dry dock at Detroit, but if here the steamer could not get into the loading slip so long as the St. Ignace is sunk there. The steamer Algomah was at once put on the route, carrying passengers, but the Algomah cannot carry much freight and none at all in cars. With the passage across the Soo at Sault Ste. Marie blocked by a broken bridge and the car ferry at the straits out of service, the upper peninsula is just now wholly cut off from the East in railroad transportation.

CHARGES ARE FILED.

Accusation of Conspiracy Made Against Tugmen.

Charges of being a "hindrance to commerce" were filed yesterday by the tug trust against the local striking tug men. Besides this, four of the local men were cited to appear and answer questions sent here from Buffalo as a part of the strike hearing there.

The complaints are against the following tugmen, charging them with being parties to a conspiracy to hinder commerce: Capts. Ed Montgomery, William Hoy, J. F. Beyers, E. Brown, Charles H. Green, W. C. Burnett, Alton C. Cornwall, W. A. Pringle and A. H. Kent, and Engineers George Barney, J. P. Burg, J. W. Hiller, John Meyers, N. Johnson, J. McNamara, Forest Barrows and James Fontaine.

Capt. C. H. Green, Capt. A. H. Kent, Engineer L. McNamara and Engineer Frost Barrows are summoned to appear before the local inspectors to answer a list of questions, relating particularly to the question of whose direction it was that led them to quit work.

DELEGATES ARE DELAYED.

Sault Ste. Marie, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer City of Mackinac arrived here last night with 300 delegates to the convention of the Knights of Maccabees, which begins at Marquette tomorrow. The steamer is eight feet wider than the Canadian lock, and that lock, on account of the wrecking of the international railroad bridge across the American channel, is the only way of getting up into Lake Superior. While work in repairing the bridge is being pushed to the utmost, it is not certain that the Americ. can channel can be cleared in time for the convention. In that case the delegates will be sent to Marquette by special train.

The fleet of delayed boats is strung out all the way from Iroquois point to Hay lake. They accumulated rapidly yesterday and last night they numbered nearly 100. If the channel is cleared this afternoon it is thought the jam can be cleared up by Wednesday night by using all the locks in the handling of the fleet.

The drawbridge was driven several feet off its center by the blow from the schooner Madeira and much of the machinery was reduced to scrap iron. The slow work comes from the difficulty of getting the huge structure back on the pier where it will swing. The indications at noon were that the American channel will be cleared by 6 or 7 o'clock tonight. Wreckers are making good progress and, barring accidents, the bridge can be swung out of the way by that time.

A DISINTERESTED FEELING.

Cleveland, July 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—As there seems to be no knowledge as to when the United States canal at the Soo will be open to navigation, some of the vessel owners here are talking of a meeting today to take up the matter with the war department. In most of the offices a disinterested feeling prevails on account of the prospects of better freights for wild vessels, due to the delays.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Pringle and consorts, 9:20 last night; Stewart and barges, 10:15; Lansing, 10:40; Marshall, Tilden, 11:20; Brazil, 12:20 a. m.; Hill, 2:10

MASTERS REPORT

Captains of the Two Steamers File Their Official Statements.

Difference In Their Stories as to the Signal Blasts.

The Northeaster Bothers Wrecking Operations--- Hadley a Hoodoo.

Capt. Fitzgerald, master of the steamer George G. Hadley, which sank the steamer Thomas Wilson last Saturday, claims that two blasts of the whistle were given the Wilson as a warning when the Hadley changed its course, and that when no answer to this was received, he immediately stopped and backed the engines.

He made this statement in his official report of the accident to the government Inspectors of hulls and boilers, Messrs. Monaghan and Chalk. This report is required by law.

The statement of Engineer John Hogan, also made to the inspectors, corroborates the statement of Capt. Fitzgerald, and says that the engines of the Hadley were backed full speed for as long as two or three minutes before the collision.

These statements indicate what will doubtless be the line of defense of the owners of the steamer Hadley to action that will be brought against them by the Pittsburg Steamship company.

The statement of Capt. Fitzgerald is as follows:

"I have to report that on the 7th day of June, 1902, at a little after 10 o'clock a. m., the steamer Hadley, under my command, collided with and sank the steamer Thomas Wilson, about three-quarters of a mile off the Duluth piers. The Wilson immediately sunk, having been struck by the Hadley on her port side, stem on. Nine of the crew of the Wilson are reported to have been drowned. Before the collision the Wilson was bound out of the Duluth piers, while the Hadley was bound in, laden with coal.

"While headed substantially for each other, the Hadley's helm was starboarded, and a signal of two blasts was blown to the Wilson. Receiving no answer to this, I immediately stopped and backed the engine of the Hadley, hoping to swing clear of the Wilson, but the latter ported her helm and swung directly across the course of the Hadley, and the collision was the result.

"The Hadley began to fill with water rapidly, but she remained in the vicinity of the wreck and, by lowering her boats and throwing life-preservers rendered all the assistance in her power to the crew of the Wilson. After everybody had either been saved or had disappeared, I ran the Hadley for shore and succeeded in reaching the beach just south of the harbor piers at Duluth, where the Hadley went down in thirty feet of water. None of the crew of the Hadley were injured or lost. If any further information is desired, I shall be ready to furnish the same, if in my power."

The statement of Engineer Hogan made before D. McLennan, a notary, reads as follows:

"On this 9th day of June, 1902, personally appeared before me, a notary public in and for St. Louis county, Mr. John H. Hogan, who, being first duly sworn, deposes and says, that he is the chief engineer of the steamer George G. Hadley; that he was in charge of the engines at and before the time of the collision between the said steamer George G. Hadley and the Thomas Wilson on the 7th day of June, 1902; that before the said collision took place he did not see the said steamer Thomas Wilson; that he did not hear any whistle signals blown before the collision, except on the steamer George G. Hadley, which were as follows: Two blasts of the big whistle; the next was a single signal; one whistle to stop. That he shut off steam at once. Immediately following this signal, two whistles to back engine were given, followed by a signal to back strong. The engine was backed at full speed in answer to these signals, and continued so until the collision took place.

"Affiant further says that he could not swear to the time the engine was backing, but thinks it about two or three minutes, and that it might be more or less; that after the collision all he could see of the steamer Thomas Wilson was her spar; that he stayed at the engine until the boat filled with water and was on the beach. That the only place to see out from the boat from the engine room is the two gangways. Affiant further deposes and says that there is nothing else in relation to this collision that he can give, except that the master gave him one whistle to stop her after the collision, and that they laid there quite a while, and that he then received a signal to go ahead, and then a strong whistle."

The owners of the steamer Hadley have taken advantage of the limited liability act. This is a statute which limits the damage that can be collected by the aggrieved to the value of the boat which inflicts it. Thus the Wilson and the heirs of the members of the crew who were drowned can only collect out of the value of the Hadley as she lies on the beach now.

This same act was taken advantage of by the steamer Bon Voyage at the time she burned near Marquette.

Appraisers will now be appointed to estimate the value of the Hadley.

This act is a very fortunate one for the owners of the Hadley, in all probability, for the loss of the Wilson, her cargo and crew is likely to be several times the value of the Hadley, and, if the owners could be reached for the balance, they might have a heavy bill to pay. This, of course, is based on the supposition that the blame is fixed on the Hadley for the accident.

Another point that will arise in the case is as to whether the heirs of the men drowned will be entitled to recover. If it should be held by the courts that Lake Superior is a part of the "high seas," they may have no right of action. If not, they would have a right of action under the Minnesota laws. It has been held that Lake Michigan does not come under the term "high sea," but the case of Lake Superior is different, for it will probably be classed as international waters.

This morning Capt. Malcolm C. Cameron of the steamer Wilson filed his statement of the accident, as did also his chief engineer. Capt. Cameron, it will be noted, says that the Hadley turned toward the Wilson without signal or warning, and that the two blasts of the whistle, which Capt. Fitzgerald and Engineer Hogan say were given, were blown just before the collision.

Capt. Cameron says:

"On June 7, 1902, at about half-past 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the steamer Thomas Wilson, bound from Duluth to South Chicago with a cargo of 3257 tons of iron ore, was run down and sunk by the steamer George G. Hadley, about seven-eighths of a mile outside of the Duluth piers on Lake Superior. The weather at this time was perfectly clear, with a light breeze from the northward. The Wilson had a full crew, properly stationed, and was on the usual course of vessels bound down the lake, that is northeast by east three-quarters east.

"The Hadley was in-bound for Duluth on a course so far to the northward of our course that no passing signals were given by either vessel, and they were about to pass, port to port, when suddenly, without any signal or warning, the Hadley swung sharply to port toward the Wilson's course as though under a hard-a-starboard helm. The Wilson's wheel was thrown a-port, which was the only way of avoiding a collision, and the Wilson swung to starboard away from the Hadley, but the Hadley continued her sheer to port and struck the Wilson heavily on the latter's port side, just forward of the after hatch.

"Just before the collision the Hadley blew a signal of two blasts of her whistle, but it was too late to do anything in response to this. The Wilson sank at once in twelve fathoms of water, carrying down and drowning nine of her crew. The names of the nine men are as follows: Aaron Tripp, cook; George Frink, second cook; Joseph McGraw, wheelsman; John Campbell, lookout; James M. Frazer, oiler; James McDougall, oiler; William Roebuck, fireman; John Carey, deck hand; Thomas Jones, deck hand. After the collision the Hadley was beached just south of the Duluth piers.

The report of Charles A. Fletcher, chief engineer of the Wilson, is as follows:

"On June 7, 1902, I was chief engineer of the steamer Thomas Wilson and was on watch below at the time of leaving Duluth harbor.

"After clearing Duluth piers I received an all-right whistle, and I went below into the lower engine room. A short time afterwards I felt the crash of collision, and came up from the lower engine room and stood by the throttle of my engine until compelled to leave by the flooding of my engine room.

"Almost immediately afterwards the Wilson sank, and I was carried down by the wreckage. I do not know anything of the facts leading up to the collision between the Hadley and the Wilson."

Statements were also filed by A. C. Beecroft, mate, and John A. Larmer, second engineer of the Wilson, saying they were off duty when the collision occurred and know nothing of the facts leading up to the accident. Both got out on deck as quickly as possible.

THE INVESTIGATION.

Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk Continue Inquiry.

The investigation that is being conducted by Local Steamboat Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk of the collision between the Hadley and the Wilson, was resumed this afternoon.

Milo Hanker, wheelsman on the Wilson at the time of the accident, was the first witness called. Banker testified that the Wilson was heading east by northeast until it left the piers, when she was ported about a quarter. He did not hear any whistle signal from the Wilson. He put the wheel hard aport when ordered to by Capt. Cameron, and did not know how the Wilson was headed at the time of the collision, as he stood in the starboard door of the pilot house when he saw the boats were about to come together. Banker said the engines of the Wilson were not stopped. He does not remember hearing any signals from the Hadley after sheering and said the Wilson was struck a little aft at an angle and cut into about half way.

Second Mate McGilvray was on the top deck of the cabin when the collision occurred, and had been there but a few minutes. He saw the Hadley when the boats were about a quarter of a mile apart and they had about that distance when the course of the Hadley was changed. He said he heard no signals from the Hadley before her course was changed, and heard two short whistle blasts afterward. No answer was given by the Wilson. He said the Wilson ported her wheel after the blasts were blown, that the Hadley was swinging around and was heading for the Wilson's bow or amidship when the whistle was blown. Later on he qualified his statement by saying that the boats might have been nearer than one quarter of a mile when the whistle was blown. He said there was nothing to prevent the Wilson from blowing her whistle, but it would have made no difference and would have been bad judgment.

McGilvray further testified that in his opinion there would have been no difference in the result if the Wilson had starboarded her helm, stopped or backed her engines. So far as he knew, the Wilson was running at about full speed, or twelve miles per hour.

Chief Engineer Charles Fletcher of the Wilson was questioned as to the speed of the Wilson and said she could run twelve knots under 160 pounds of steam, but when the collision took place he had on but 155 pounds, and the boat had not run far enough to get under full headway. He did not receive any signals from the captain after leaving the canal.

Capt. Jacques of the tug Annie L. Smith was on the stand late this afternoon. He testified that the tug was about 500 or 600 feet away from the boats at the time of the collision. He heard the two blasts from the Hadley's whistles, but would not say how far apart the boats were, other than a short distance, as he could not judge accurately from his point of view. He said at the time the whistle was blown the Hadley was heading for the Superior entry and the Wilson was heading about east.

WORK ON THE WRECK.

Northeast Wind Interferes With Its Progress.

Last night's northeaster caused the first damage to the Hadley since she was beached last Saturday, and its continuance today interrupted the wrecking work upon her and prevented a search for the bodies of the nine drowned members of the Wilson's crew.

During last evening the wind switched into the northeast and kicked up quite a sea, which was still making today. While not particularly severe, the sea was strong enough to shift the deck house of the Hadley, and it was necessary to make it fast today.

It had been intended to send down a diver today to explore the bottom of the lake in the vicinity of the Wilson's wreck, but the northeaster prevented this.

A good start was made on the cofferdam that is to be used in raising the Hadley before the wind interrupted the work. It is quite an interesting operation. Beginning on the bulwarks of the after part of the Hadley, a crib is being built to wholly surround the cabin and engine house of the steamer. It will be built up above the water level, of course, and probably forward on the vessel nearly to the spot where her deck rises out of the water. When this is made watertight, the stem of the Hadley wil be patched up, and she will be pumped out.

This is necessary, because if the steamer's cabin was tightened up so as to hold out the water, the force of the water outside would break in the windows and doors when the water inside was pumped out.

The weather bureau promised nothing better in the way of weather for tomorrow. The prediction is for fresh to brisk northeast winds.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

Cures sharp shooting pains in the arms, legs, sides, back or breast, or soreness of any part of the body in from one to three hours. Cures lameness, stiff and swollen joints, stiff back and all pains in the hips and loins, sciatic lumbago. It does not put the disease to sleep but drives from the system. 25c., all druggists.

HADLEY A HOODOO.

Has Cost Underwriters Large Sum Before Now.

The sinking of the wooden steamer George Hadley on Saturday just outside the entrance to Duluth harbor, after it had rammed and sunk the whaleback steamer Thomas Wilson, drowning nine of the latter's crew, came as the final chapter of a history of trouble which has followed the steamer ever since her maiden trip, says the Chicago Tribune.

A prominent Chicago marine underwriter read the telegram containing the particulars of the disaster, and remarked that he hoped the Hadley would not be raised, for it had already had cost the underwriters far more than its original value. The Hadley had just come out of the Shipowners' drydock in the North Branch after $15,000 had been spent by the insurance companies repairing damage already received this season.

There was nothing about the steamer to indicate a hoodoo. It was built after the accepted plans of a modern wooden freight steamer and was accounted a good boat. It was named after its first owner, George G. Hadley, of Detroit, and he took a party of friends on the maiden trip up Lake Superior. The steamer started in right away by losing its rudder, and drifted about the lake until picked up and towed into port.

The rest of the boat's career was a good deal of the same thing. If there was a chance for the Hadley to meet misfortune it did so. The compass went wrong and a stranding resulted if the weather was thick, and the boat showed a wonderful faculty for finding the shoal spots in the rivers. Changes of captains made no difference, for the hoodoo worked day and night and the Hadley rarely missed a season went wrong and a stranding resulted if the weather was thick, and the boat showed a wonderful faculty for finding the shoal spots in the rivers. Changes of captains made no difference, for the hoodoo worked day and night and the Hadley rarely missed a season without getting into some serious scrape.

It is said by marine men that Mr. Hadley was finally forced to sell the steamer to get rid of the bad luck that had followed it. Although insured for a large part of the value, the expenses borne by the uninsured interest in the various accidents and the losses resulting from detention in dry dock ate up all the profits.

The steamer always rated well, and was entitled to the best of conditions from the insurance companies, and this chafed the underwriters, for they had no reason to refuse the risk, although its reputation was well known. When Mr. Hadley sold out the vessel was purchased by W. P. Rend, of Chicago, who wanted a boat to carry his coal from Lake Erie to Chicago.

Old-time mariners used to think that a change of owners broke a run of hard luck, but this sign failed in the Hadley's case. Last spring the steamer was loaded with grain for a Georgian bay port, and then ran light to Lake Superior, in passing up the lake ran into a heavy gale, and suffered severely. When it was finally put in dry dock the inspectors found that the hull practically had broken in two. A thorough rebuilding resulted, and the repairs had just been completed when the collision outside of Duluth took place.

This collision apparently was a combination of hoodoos, some of which have hung over the boats of the steel trust's fleet, and particularly the whalebacks, since the opening of navigation. The steel trust has 112 ships, and thirty-three have been in trouble since April 1. Nine of the accidents have been to whaleback steamers and their consorts, and nearly all of the latter have been heavy losses.

The steel trust insures its own boats and cargoes and the insurance fund has had a big hole eaten into it with less than a fourth of the season of navigation gone. The manager of the fleet, A. B. Colvin, has instituted a civil service system among his captains, with prizes for those who can show the best records for the season. Vesselmen say if the present bad luck continues the choice for first place will be narrowed down to a comparatively few masters at the close of the year.

IT WAS EASY.

W. T. Bailey's Horse Wins From R. P. Dowse In Lively Race.

W. T. Bailey's horse Pilot Lambert (2:25) won an interesting race on London road yesterday afternoon.

Practically every horse fancier in the city drove out over the speedway to witness the race.

Mr. Bailey's horse carrying two men in a light road wagon was matched against Robert Dowse's 3-year-old with only one man in the rig.

Pilot Lambert won four straight heats over a half mile course, taking the race without much trouble. The first heat was declared off on account of breaking, but the next three went to the Bailey horse without dispute.

A little money changed hands on the race, several of the local horsemen believing that the Dowse horse would win out against the older and more steadily trained animal.

Telephone Cut Off.

For more than a week telephone communication with the life-saving station has been cut off. After the long struggle to secure telephone service for the station marine men and others that use it most are rather disappointed to think that the telephone company leaves the service practically useless for so long a time, especially during a season when it is so much needed.

NAVAL BILL IS PASSED

Washington, June 10.—Shortly after the senate convened today, Mr. Carmack (Tenn.) introduced a resolution directing the committee on civil service and retrenchment to investigate the case of Rebecca J. Taylor, a clerk in the war department, who was discharged from her position for the alleged reason of criticising the administration's Philippine policy in a communication to the press. The committee was directed to investigate the reasons for her discharge. The resolution went over under the rule.

Consideration of the naval appropriation bill then was resumed, the pending amendment being that providing for the construction of two first class battleships, two first class armored cruisers and two gunboats.

The naval appropriation bill was passed.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 10.—The house today without preliminary business resumed consideration of the bill, to transfer certain forest reserves to the agricultural department and to authorize the president to create game and fish preserves in such reserves.

Mr. Cannon, chairman of th appropriation committee, moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill. By unanimous consent Mr. Cannon, in connection with this motion, made a statement as to the status of revenues and expenditures.

IN NO HURRY.

Eastern Capital Not Rushing After Western Investments.

John A. Stephenson returned this morning from a trip to Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, in connection with real estate and investment deals, including the Hunter block sale.

Mr. Stephenson says he was surprised to find that with all the money that has been made in the East in the past few years, so little interest is taken in the subject of Western investments and the chances in this part of the country for the making of easy profits.

"There seems to be too many prospective openings for the turning of money in speculation in stocks and securities," said Mr. Stephenson this afternoon. "They seem down East not to be ready yet to take up real estate in the West to any extent.

"However, I found a fine feeling prevailing in Philadelphia toward Duluth. During the boom days I presume more money from Philadelphia was put into Duluth realty than from any other city in the country. It is gratifying, therefore, to find that the investors consider that they have been well treated and that they are well satisfied with their experience here, as they could well be, considering the times through which the country has passed.

"Monied people down East tell me that we are letting out money too cheap here. They are getting 3¾ to 5 per cent for loans right at home, and think that money should be worth more than 5 per cent out here. At any rate I judged that Eastern money will not press for Western loans as long as there is as much demand for it at home at as good rates as there is now.

"I ran across many Duluth people in New York right after my arrival there, among them former Senator Towne, John McKinley, Halsey Costello, and while I was away a host of others.

"Business down East seemed good, but on every hand I found an undercurrent of uneasiness, at times of apprehension, on account of the strike and omens of further labor troubles. These seem to be the only serious obstacles to an outlook of continued activity and prosperity."

HARD TO GET.

Claim Against Village of Floodwood Hard to Realize On.

Margaret E. Stevens, who got a personal injury verdict in district court recently against the village of Floodwood that amounted to $1169.35, when it came to judgment, is having trouble getting her money, according to a suit begun by her in district court this morning against Treasurer A. A. Hall of the village.

She says that she filed a claim with the village, and a notice that she expected to get everything that came into the treasury above the running expenses of the village until the judgment was paid.

Notwithstanding that notice, she says, the village treasury has piled up $500 above the running expenses, and she has as yet realized nothing out of her judgment. Not only that, but the village threatens to use the money for the purchase of fire apparatus and other special and extra purposes.

She asks the court to enjoin the village from using the money for other purposes, and to order the treasurer to pay her claim.

Judge Dibell has signed a temporary restraining order, with an order for the defendants to appear in special term of court Saturday and show cause why an injunction should not be issued and the treasurer made to pay the claim. John A. Keyes is the plaintiff's attorney.

20 Hours Chicago to New York

PENNSYLVANIA SHORT LINE.

Beginning with June 15, the Pennsylvania lines will run a daily passenger train of the best modern equipment, to be known as "The Pennsylvania Special," from Chicago to New York in twenty hours, leaving Chicago at 12 o'clock noon and reaching New York next morning at 9 o'clock.

The above will be in addition to the present Chicago and New York train service of the Pennsylvania lines, "The Pennsylvania Limited" and other trains running through as usual.

For particular information please call upon or address H. R. Dering, assistant general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

DEATH LIST.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, June 10.—Capt. L. J. Allen, prominent in G. A. R., Pythian and Odd Fellow circles, died here today of heart failure.

San Francisco, June 10.—Dr. George Woods, a retired medical director of the United States navy, well known in army and navy circles, is dead in this city. He was born in New Bedford, Mass., in 1835.

Minneapolis, June 10.—George W. Sweeney, the Great Northern conductor, who was injured by the falling of a standard at the Minneapolis Elks' carnival on the opening day, died at 1 o'clock this morning, at the Minneapolis city hospital from his injuries.

IN CAMP.

Third Regiment Gets Down to Regular Camp Routine.

Lake City, Minn., June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The second day of camp opened today with everything in first-class shape. Regular routine went into effect this morning. Company drill took place today, tonight the regular dress parade and review will take place. Capt. Little was officer of the day, Lieut. Josten and Lieut. Barnes officers of the guard; Bd. Lanigan, Company C, colonel's orderly. The recruit class went working on the 200-yard range today, under Capt. Lee. Governor Van Sant will inspect the regiment Thursday. The citizens of Lake City will tender a reception in the city hall Friday evening to the officers of the Third regiment at which Governor Van Sant and staff will be guests of honor. The Third regiment band of Duluth, gives concerts every evening. The work for individual scores and averages on the 20-yard range starts this afternoon.

REPRIEVE EXTENDED.

Columbus, Ohio, June 10.—Governor Nash today extended the reprieve of Mrs. Frances Langworthy Taylor and her daughter until Oct. 10. This action is to give them the benefit of any light that may be thrown on their case by the trial of Clara Taylor, now under arrest in Italy. This charge against all three women is the kidnaping of Baby Margaret Taylor.

THE CROP REPORT.

Washington, June 10.—The government report says the condition of winter wheat on June 1 was 76.1 as compared with 76.4 on May 1, 1902. The average of spring wheat June 1 was 95.4 as compared with 92 the corresponding day last year.

THREE MEN KILLED

By Explosion In Aurora Mine at Ironwood.

Milwaukee, June 10.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Ironwood, Mich., says three men were killed this afternoon by an explosion in the Aurora mine of the Oliver Mining company.

SHIP TRUST.

New York, June 10.—Details concerning the proposed combination of ship building interests were made public today. The combine probably will be known as the United States ship corporation and will be about $25,000,000, equally divided in common and preferred shares, and it is likely that bonds in two classes, amounting to $9,000,000, will be issued. The Trust Company of the Republic, of this city, will finance the combination and act as transfer agents. Alexander & Breen will be the general counsel. It is stated that the following companies and firms have been invited to enter the combination:

Union Iron works, San Francisco; Bath Iron works, Bath, Maine; Hyde Windlass company, Bath, Maine; Crescent shipyard, Elizabethport, N. J.; Samuel T. Moore Sons & Co., Elizabethport, and the Harlan & Hollingsworth company, of Wilmington, Del.

ENGLAND'S FINANCES.

Parliamentary Paper Shows a Revised Statement.

London, June 10.—A parliamentary paper issued today presents the revised financial statement for 1902-03. It is estimated that the expenditure will total £175,359,000, and that the revenue will amount to £152,435,000. The deficit will be met out of the proceeds of a consols loan of £29,290,000, leaving £5,366,000 available for contingencies and the redemption of part of the national debt.

MOST DECISION AFFIRMED.

Albany, N. Y., June 10.—The court of appeals today unanimously affirmed the judgment of conviction of John Most, who was convicted of publishing an improper article in a paper owned by him and who was sentenced to one year imprisonment in the New York penitentiary.

NAMED BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, June 10.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Thomas B. Reid, marshal for the eastern district of Wisconsin; John Jones, receiver of public moneys, Marquette, Mich.; Benjamin J. Crocker, collector internal revenues district of Washington state.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Clarence W. Taylor and Lulu Blanche Davis.
Charley Sandberg and Thilda Nelson.
Oren H. Osmundsen and Tryphena E. Bowles.

BIRTHS.

STILSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stilson, of 117 West Fifth Street.

TUPPER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Tupper, of 512 First avenue west.

McLEOD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McLeod, of 419 East First street.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING.
Largest stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.
C. O. NELSON. Open Day and Night. 21 1st Ave. W. and U. S. Blk, 19th Ave. W. Both 'phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

NO LADY CAN DO WITHOUT POWder, but buy the best. Its Satin-Skin. Flesh, white or brunet tints. 25c.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets (YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

BARGAINS!

$1500 Will buy a seven-room house, 5015 London Road, Lot 50x140; $500 cash, balance at 6 per cent. This is the greatest bargain offered at Lakeside.

$4500 Will buy 1627 East Superior street, eight rooms, bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house. Lot 50x150 feet; $1800 cash, balance $2700 due June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent. Let us show you this house.

$50,000

On hand to loan at 5 per cent in amounts to suit. No delay in closing loans. If you want a loan it will pay you to see us.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
216 West Superior Street.

Forty Acres
of Cleared Land at
Pike Lake
For Sale.
G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

4½ per cent 5 per cent 5½ per cent
Money to Loan.
Building Loans.
Insurance and Bonds.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,
200-210 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE! $1200

Eight-room house, Second avenue east—good well.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

McGARY FOUND GUILTY.

Allegan, Mich., June 10.—Thomas F. McGary, of Grand Rapids was this afternoon found guilty, by a jury, in the circuit court, of complicity in the Grand Rapids water supply scandal.

HEPBURN RENOMINATED.

Creston, Iowa, June 10.—W. H. Hepburn was renominated for congress today by the Republican Eighth congressional district.

The Four-Track News.

When the different members of the editor's family ask, "Why don't the Four-Track News come?" it is getting to be like Castoria, even "the children cry for it," and this tells the story. It is the most interesting publication that comes in our exchanges, and the reason is easily told. Mr. George H. Daniels, the general passenger agent, who has charge of it, has the "Carnegie Faculty" of getting good men around him, who know their business, and the result is that in everything the publication department of the New York Central distributes it is "all right."—Brooklyn, N. Y., Journal.

The subscription price of "The Four-Track News" is 50 cents per year. A sample copy will be sent free for 5 cents by George H. Daniels, general passenger agent, New York Central & Hudson River railroad, Grand Central station, New York.

Photographed from Life. **REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY** Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

BIC CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.

SYPHILIS
Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, Pimples, Copper colored spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:
COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
352 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Climax Loan Association is making 5 loans this month

To people who give homestead property as security. The loans amount to $4,625, and the money is to be secured by property worth $11,700. Other applications are being considered.

A first chance is given to Duluth depositors and investors to buy certificates of deposit or shares which pay 3, 4 or 5 per cent interest, according to the terms of the certificates.

All of the loans of the association are gilt edge.

Sums from $1 up can be invested.

Chan. Smith, Sec'y,
100 Torrey Bldg.

The Normal School
WILL ACCEPT CHILDREN IN ITS MODEL CLASSES.

If you would have your children enjoy the great advantages that come from small classes and model instruction, you should buy a lot near the Normal School, ten minutes car service; gas, water, sewer, sidewalks, graded streets and low prices are some of the advantages of that locality.

Endion Lots.
SUPERIOR STREET—West of 20th avenue east..... $1600
THIRD STREET—West of 19th avenue east..... $950
Exceptional Bargains on London Road and Jefferson street.

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

HOMESTEADS

We can locate you on government land; close to railroads, navigable streams and the rapidly growing city of Koochiching. These claims will all be taken up this summer, so write at once to

GIBSON, HULBERT & CO
Koochiching, Minnesota.

Timber and farm lands for sale. Estimates and reports for non-residents.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
"ISLE ROYALE ROUTE"
Fast Passenger and Freight Service.
Leave Duluth Sundays and Thursdays 7:30 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton. Direct 12 hour service. **7:30 p. m.**
Leave Tuesdays and Fridays 9 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock, Houghton and intermediate points. **9:00 a. m.**
Leave Duluth Mondays and Thursdays 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias, Isle Royale, Port Arthur. **9:00 a. m.**
Leave Tuesdays 5 p. m. for Port Arthur and Isle Royale—shore service. **5:00 p. m.**
Leave Sundays 7:30 p. m. for Isle Royale and Port Arthur or Houghton. **7:30 p. m.**
Sunday excursions to Two Harbors.
Boats arrive and depart from Singer's dock, Lakeave, South Lyceum Building. JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mngr., Lake Avenue and Canal

U. S. & D. T. CO. (BOOTH'S LINE.)

Duluth-Port Arthur Route.

S. S. AMERICA leaves Duluth every Sunday and Wednesday 10 a. m. and Friday 2 p. m., calling at Two Harbors, Beaver Bay, Grand Marais, Chicago Bay and Isle Royale. **10 a. m. 2 p. m.**

Duluth-Ashland-Hancock-Houghton Route

S. S. ARGO leaves Duluth every Monday and Thursday 10 a. m., calling at Orients, Port Wing, Herbster, Bayfield, Washburn and the Apostle Islands. **10 a. m.**

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:39
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive.
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		† 12:40 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 5:55 p m
a 2:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:30 a m
a 8:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 6:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot
*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *6:30 a. m
All points East.
18:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. 1:25 p m
Marquette & Copper Country.
Daily. † Except Sunday

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

EAGERLY SCANNED EVERY DAY BY THE LARGEST AUDIENCE OF READERS at the Head of the Lakes---The Duluth Evening Herald's Want Page.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and Building Loans. **4½%**

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg **5½%**

$1750 Takes 50 feet upper side of East First street. All improvements, including concrete walk. Cheapest lot on East First street.

$1800 Takes 50 feet on East Superior street.

A. C. VOLK & CO.
202-203 Palladio Bldg.

LOTS AND ACRES
at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

Two Bargains.

$2500 For a fine double corner (100x140) on East Superior street on brow of hill. Finest residence location in the city. Will double in Value.

$195 per foot for the southeast corner of First street and Lake avenue, lot (100x100 feet) cheapest corner on First street. Will buy leases on Mesaba range.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.
305 Providence Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

FARM LANDS
Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—
Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Stree

4½ PER CENT Money to Loan "On or Before" **5 PER CENT**
R. M. Newport,
302 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE.
Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—
$7500.
R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

FOR RENT.
Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.
Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x450 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of
O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building

$14,000 For a brick row, East End; five dwellings, netting about 9 per cent.

$10,000 For a first class modern double house, ten rooms each; best location in East End.

$500 Each for two full 50-foot lots on West Fourth street, near Ninth avenue. They are cheap.

$1900 Seven-room house, city water; well located in Lakeside.

$350 For full 50-foot lots. Sixth street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west.

Farm lands in Minnesota and Dakota.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

Fine Building Sites
in the East End for sale at bargain prices.
R.B. Knox & Co

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Fifteen acres of beautifully shaped property on the lake shore, near the pumping station. A great investment.

Lots on East Fifth street, water and sewer on the street, for $500.

Three houses in the West End, well located, for sale cheap.

Lots on Twenty-third avenue west for $250 and upwards.

Lots on West Third street, near Twenty-ninth avenue west, for $450.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

Bargains.

$375 for a bay front lot and cottage, furnished. This price is only good for a week.

$1250 for house and lot near Cascade Square. Good house; rents for $16 per month.

$1000 for a seven-room house East Seventh St. This is a snap.

SOME FINE TIMBER LANDS FOR SALE CHEAP.

W. F. LEGGETT,
506 Burrows Bldg.
Zenith 'Phone 140.

House For Rent
East End—$35 per Month
CHAS. A. STARK,
213 Palladio Building.

$2400 Nine-room house, city water, closets, bath, gas; in good condition; not ten minutes' walk from city hall.

$3150 Nine rooms, city water, closets, bath, stone foundation, good condition. Not ten minutes' walk from city hall.

$1500 Good house on West Fourth street.

$1650 Fine new house on West Fourth street.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
401 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

FOR SALE

$1050 Lot on East Second street, 50x140 feet in area.

$1500 No. 1425 West Superior street, small house and lot, 50x140 feet in area.

$3200 Flat building containing four flats with city water. Building has stone foundation and rents readily.

$4200 Eleven-room house in East End with all conveniences and hardwood finish. Will sell or trade for smaller house.

FOR RENT—Two or three desirable offices in the Burrows building.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

LOST.

LOST—A PAIR OF GOLD-RIMMED eye glasses, in box, bearing the name of G. W. Gowan; were lost on Twenty-first avenue west, between Superior street and First streets. Return to 2113 West First street and receive reward.

LOST—A GRIP CONTAINING GENtleman's clothing, between Third avenue west and the Missabe ore dock. Finder will please return to J. J. LeTourneau, 221 West First street.

LOST—THREE WEEKS' AGO, LADY'S open faced silver watch. If the finder will please have the kindness of heart to return same to this office they will be rewarded.

FOUND.

FOUND—TWO CALVES. OWNER CALL at 305 West Superior street, prove property and pay charges.

FOUND—TUESDAY, ON SUPERIOR street and Twenty-first avenue west, pair of gold-rimmed glasses in case, with one rim broken. Owner can have same by calling at Herald office and paying for this advertisement.

FOUND—BOX OF SWEET CAPORAL cigarettes. Owner can have same by calling at Herald and paying for this Ad.

FOUND—ONE CHESTNUT ROAN mare and colt. Owner can have same by calling on Charles R. Johnson, Superior View.

NOTICE.

THE TEAM OWNERS' UNION WILL after June 15, demand 50c per hour. Committee.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY, A SECOND-hand bicycle; must be cheap; state make and price. Address H. H. C., Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, ROW BOAT AND tent. Must be cheap. State price and condition. C 31, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, PORTABLE SAWmill with shingle mill attached, in good running order, sawing from 10,000 to 15,000 per day. Answer at once. John Joyce, Tower, Minn.

WANTED TO BUY—HORSE 1200 TO 1300 pounds, for delivery. A. Rohl, 107 West First street.

WANTED — SEVEN OR EIGHT-ROOM house, East End, below Fifth street; must be a genuine bargain. Address all particulars to X X, Herald office.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. BAIN SMITH HAS OPENED dressmaking parlors. 5, over Suffel's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

Come in and get the list of houses we have for sale on monthly payments.

$2200 for 200 feet on West Fourth street, sidewalks down and street graded. Assessments all paid.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$1500 for five-room house; sewer, good barn, good lot; on Sixteenth avenue east.

$2000 Buys seven-room house on East Fifth street; city water, sewer. Lot 25x140 feet.

$3250 buys fine seven-room house, city water, sewer, stone foundation, cellar with concrete floor. Lot 50 by 140, on East Fourth street.

FARM 10 and 20-acre tracts of cleared land near the city.

360 acres near the city, well watered, suitable for stock farm. Good speculation. Will sell cheap.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payment	Monthly Payment.
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest
5-room house..	525	150	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	600	150	—balance 6 per ct.
5-room house..	650	175	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	675	175	—balance 6 per ct.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNTS.
On Watches, Diamonds—all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Reduced rates from $10, $20, $50, $100 up to $1000, and we guarantee to hold your goods for one year.
KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO
16 West Superior street and also
15 West Michigan street.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!
No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zenith 'Phone 986. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

Western Loan Co.
MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

Launches, Row Boats,
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION CO., Duluth.
Send for catalogue.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST-CLASS WORK, CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

AND REPAIRED. 129 FIRST AVE. W.

PERSONAL.

WILL PAY FOR INFORMATION leading to the present address of Alice Sutherland, a Chippewa half-breed. X, Herald.

WILL THE YOUNG LADY (COLORED) who picked up a pair of glasses in a case at Stack's store, Monday, return them at once to the store and avoid trouble.

DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION cured. Box free. C. H. Rowan, North Milwaukee, Wis.

PASTURAGE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PASTURAGE FOR horses and cattle at Spirit lake. Inquire Zenith 'phone 3090.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital. 121 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phone 1471.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan Office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 W. Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TRIMMED hats at 106 West Superior street.

NEW SHIRT-WAIST HATS AT SWENson's, over Suffel's. Open evenings.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — FIFTY YOUNG CANARY birds, $2 each. 109 East Superior street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, EIGHT-room house; rooms rent for $60 per month; 157 West Second street; must be sold at once, as owner is leaving city.

FOR SALE — EAGLE BICYCLE, 20-inch frame; good as new, cheap. 313 West Third street.

SECOND-HAND ORGANS, $10 TO $35, on easy payments. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. W. Bemel, Proctor, Minn.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY AND tobacco store; stock of groceries. Call 2728 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A GOOD FIVE-ROOM house cheap, to be moved. Address Duluth Lumber company, 304 Garfield avenue.

FOR SALE—MOORCROFT OIL COMpany stock at 10 cents per share. Address H 46, Herald.

CHEAP—UPRIGHT PIANO, NEARLY new; must sell at once as am leaving city. Inquire 14 Fourth avenue east; up stairs.

FOR SALE—COLUMBIA CHAINLESS gentleman's bicycle, 22-inch frame; cheap for cash. Owner leaving city. Address Bicycle, Herald.

HALLET & DAVIS SQUARE PIANO, regular price second-hand $85; to make room we offer it for $60; $5 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, EIGHT-room house, 127 West Second street; must be sold at once, as owner is leaving city.

ONE HORSE, WEIGHT 1450 POUNDS; also double set of harness and wagon; can be seen at 20 West Seventh street.

S. M. KANER HAS FRESH MILCH cows for sale. 1219 East Seventh street.

CHARLES LARSON WILL ARRIVE with car fresh milch cows, at 2002 West First street, June 10

20-YEAR GROUND LEASE CAN BE made on 50-foot corner, Ogden and Broadway, West Superior. Inquire J. C. & R. M. Hunter, Exchange building.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAILBOAT; GOOD as new with mast, sail, oars, etc., will sell cheap. Inquire Patterson's boat house.

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO, MAhogany finish, good as new, used but a few months; sweet tone, fine action, $150; $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — GUN, CHEAP; AN $85 high grade L. C. Smith hammerless 12-gauge double barrel shotgun; guaranteed as good as new. Address Charles R. Cooley, Blwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE, SEVenty boarders, doing good business. 210 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE; GOOD location. Address E 33, Herald.

Two carloads of first-class Drivers, Delivery and General Purpose Horses just received. Be sure and inspect our stock first. We defy all competition.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Mammoth Stables, opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.

Western Loan Co.
MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth ave. W.

FOR SALE — CAR FRESH MILCH cows has arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

LIGHT CEDAR ROW BOATS FOR sale. H. S. Patterson, near depot.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, very cheap. G 96, Herald.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY washing and cleaning. 2132½ West Second street.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY or to take washing home. Address 1011 West Fifth street.

SITUATION WANTED IN GROCERY store by experienced man, either as clerk or delivery man. Address J. L. Johnson, 422 John avenue, West Superior.

LADY BOOKKEEPER, FOUR YEARS' experience with present firm, wishes a change; would like position with a good firm as bookkeeper, correspondent and general office assistant. Address box 6, West Superior, Wis.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT WANTS work in an office for the vacation. Address X 81, Herald.

POSITION BY BOY 15 YEARS OLD; work of any kind. Address C 32, Herald.

WANTED—SCRUBBING STORES AND offices. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL WOULD LIKE TO take care of some rooms or clean offices. C 30, Herald

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY. X 63, Herald.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT WOULD like to secure position in office for the summer months, where he can continue his route on The Herald. Can furnish very best references. Address H 44, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG man who has had office experience with systems in large commercial concerns. Can furnish A-1 references. Address X 62, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY ACTIVE, intelligent young man; outdoor hustling preferred; no canvassing or insurance soliciting considered. Address Aleck Olson, 115 South Fifty-sixth avenue, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—LAWNS TO CUT FOR SEAson; basements to whitewash, from Second to Twenty-fifth avenue east. Address E 31, Herald.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1101-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 2105 East First street.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID AT ONCE. The Ralston, 122 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. Call 31 West Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED FRY COOK at the Spalding hotel.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO CHAMBER work. Dacotah house, 111 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Call at Lyceum Drug store.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE FOR general work, one young for light work. 2032 West Superior street.

MEAT COOK, $40; PASTRY COOK, $40; waitress, $15; second girl, $15; general girls, $15 to $20, wanted at Mrs. Somers Employment office, 14 Second avenue east.

GIRL WANTED, SMALL FAMILY. APply 1016 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

WANTED—LADIES WISHING TO make $8 to $10 a week at home; something new in decorative work; no experience necessary; instructors wanted; also some to travel; call and see work. Mr. and Mrs. Umsted, 119 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply during morning at 215 Third avenue west.

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED WOMAN TO make home with us. Wife in poor health. 504 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL; apply at once. Mrs. D. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

WANTED—DISH-WASHER AT THE Midland, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 18 AS NURSE for two children. Mrs. Turle, 2216 East Superior street.

WANTED—SALESLADY IN DRAPERY department to learn the business. Good position for the right person. French & Bassett.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND iron. Three in family. Apply to Mrs. D. D. Gallard, 1115 East Superior street.

WANTED, AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. M. C. Clark, No. 6 Adams flat.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be able to cook; good wages. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. John Crosby, 2608 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL. 707 WEST SUPERIOR street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No children. Good wages. Mrs. C. E. Lum, 1103 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE COMPETENT dressmaker for one day only, any time next week; will pay good wages. Address S 11, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND HOUSEmaid. Good wages. 432 West Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking; two in family; call mornings. Mrs. L. A. Neuman, 5504 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE. COMPETENT cook. Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — ONE GOOD WOOD TURNer. Apply Oulette & Baxter, Lake avenue south.

WANTED—DRIVER WITH EXPERience in wholesale beef business. Give references. Address A. B. C., Herald office.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SAWYERS who can handle steam feed and steam nigger; must be good sawyers. Apply to the Rat Portage Lumber company, Rat Portage, Ont.

WANTED — THREE GOOD ALLround machinists, two millwrights, one blacksmith, ten laborers. Apply National Iron company, Garfield avenue.

WANTED — GOOD, STRONG BOY TO drive baggage wagon. Duluth Fuel & T. Co., 410 West Superior street.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, SALARY $50. Apply W. A. Eden, Great Northern railway local office.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter, male, with experience, Smith Premier machine, wholesale business. State salary wanted. Address in own handwriting, A. B. C., Herald.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATAlogue explains how we teach the barber trade in short time, mailed free; Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

WANTED — SUB-CONTRACTORS FOR fifty miles new railroad work in North Dakota, near Bismarck. Call on Olund & King, No. 507 West Michigan street.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED-A GOOD, HUSTLING AGENT. 225 West Second street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, TRANCE medium, gives readings. 1418 Tower avenue, West Superior.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

MONUMENTS.

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND MARble work. Only shop in Duluth. Duluth Monumental works, 306 E. Sup. St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ONE NEW COTTAGE on Park Point in course of construction, from July 1; also one 4-room cottage at Nineteenth street, for balance of season. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows.

FOR RENT — 4-ROOM FURNISHED cottage on Park Point. Inquire at old Pavilion.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS 30 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; modern. 510 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with all conveniences. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED front rooms. 119 West First street. Apply 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, $5 per month. 224 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NICE LARGE FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 102 East Fourth.

FURNISHED ROOM TO MAN AND wife; no children; will allow use of housekeeping. Call between 8 and 9 a. m. or after 6 p. m. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH board; suitable for lady or lady and gentleman. 3614 London road.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED OR UNfurnished room; allow housekeeping. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR lady, with bath, electric light; one block east from Munger terrace. 315 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, PLEASant location, one block from high school; one or two ladies preferred. F 48, Herald.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room; modern conveniences. 631 West First street.

LARGE FURNISHED WITH COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, electric lights, screens. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR in a brick building, 50x140 feet in area; centrally located; desirable for manufacturing and other business purposes. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows building.

FURNISHED ROOMS. INQUIRE 409 Lowell building; old 'phone 208-5.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED FLAT, BEST LOCATION in the city. All modern conveniences. Address E 34, Herald.

FURNISHED FLAT, FOUR ROOMS, $12. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—DURING SUMMER months, seven-room flat furnished. All conveniences; centrally located. Apply F 45, Herald office.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT, WITH bath. Inquire Eureka Laundry, 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT IN Bellevue terrace. All conveniences. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows' building.

LADY CAN GET FURNISHED ROOM with bath, on street car line. 308 Eighth avenue east.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first class and modern; centrally located; immediate possession. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

BOARD OFFERED.

PRIVATE FAMILY CAN ACCOMMOdate two or three table boarders; convenient location, first-class. 115 Mesaba avenue.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family for four young men, at $5 per week. Call or address 312 East Fourth street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 207 WEST SECond street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. 218 West Third street. Mrs. Fogleson.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WITH BEST REFERences desires room and board with refined family in the East End; must be reasonable; object in moving to reduce expenses. Address J. B. W., Herald office.

WANTED—TO RENT.

GENTLEMAN WANTS FURNISHED room, central part of city. E 35, Herald.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company. No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

STOVES REPAIRED.

GASOLINE AND OTHER STOVES REpaired, bought and sold. C. J. Refuss, 28 East Superior street. 'Phone 742.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, COMPETENT MASSEUR. Best references. Prices moderate. Call Zenith 'phone 4065. West Superior.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND, OSTEOPAthic specialist. Graduate American School of Osteopathy. 9 Phoenix block.

ENGRAVING.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

LOWEST PRICES IN CITY. J. P. STEphenson, 211 East Superior street.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 W. Sup. street. All communications strictly confidential. 'Phone, enith 1443.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIRRORS RESILVERED.

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St. Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 1432.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1274.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE. 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 906.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS FLAvor use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 5 First ave. W. 'Phone 1936.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

A SUIT OPPORTUNITY—MADE TO order, $15 and up. John Mueller, the clothes cleaner, 21 West Superior street.

MEN'S FIRST CLASS BUSINESS SUITS, $21 and up. Linne Tailoring company, 118 West Fourth street.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old 'phone 344-3. New 'phone 418.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, special, June 12, 1902. Work, third degree. Refreshments. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting special, June 12, 1902. Work, third degree. Refreshments. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 11, 1902. Work, P. M. and M. E. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, at 8 p. m. Next conclave June 10th, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred LeMaichaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First." Tuesday evening, June 10, followed by school of instruction.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. U. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE NO. 17 MEETS every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. A. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. William Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

TEAM DRIVERS' UNION, NO 411, meets every Wednesday at 8 p. m. in "marine engineers' hall, Hunter block. All team drivers are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1902. | TWO CENTS.

QUAY WAS IN CONTROL

Pennypacker Is Nominated For Governor.

Senator Penrose the Temporary Chairman.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 11.—The nomination of Judge Samuel W. Pennypacker, of Philadelphia, for governor, was practically assured when the Republican state convention assembled today. The followers of Attorney General Elkin were full of fight, though, and declared they would not concede defeat until the nomination was made.

SENATOR PENROSE.
The Temporary Chairman.

Ex-State Senator W. L. Brown, of Lawrence county, seemed to have the field to himself for lieutenant governor. There was no opposition to Maj. Isaac B. Brown, of Erie, for secretary of internal affairs.

Senator Quay was a delegate in today's convention from Beaver county. Senator Penrose and Insurance Commissioner Durham were members of the Philadelphia delegation. Elkin personally directed his forces on the floor.

The crush at the state headquarters for convention tickets was so great that several persons fainted. The crowd literally became so demonstrative that it was necessary to call policemen to assist in restoring order.

Outside in the capitol grounds the crowd gathered early. Many slept in the park. Hundreds wanted to be on hand when the doors were opened, and when, presently, the bands began playing, the exciting incidents of last night were resumed. There was a rush when the doors opened.

A wave of applause swept through the hall when Senators Quay and Penrose took their seats well in front. When Elkin entered at 10:20 there was a deafening roar. Many of the delegates rose in their seats to cheer and wave flags.

When Gen. Reeder called the convention to order at 10:40 there was not a vacant seat, and late comers with state tickets crowded around the reserved tables in a manner suggestive of discomfort. So great became the crush that policemen were obliged to clear a space for newspaper men and others entitled to the stage. Elkin gave notice that the seats of two delegates from the First Luzerne county district and two from the Fourth Schuylkill district were contested. These delegates are anti-Elkin and were seated on a contest by the state

(Continued on Page 10.)

A QUEER PROCEEDING

Military Government of Cuba Paid Out Large Sums In the Interest of the Bill For Cuban Reciprocity.

Washington, June 11.—F. B. Thurber, president of the Exporters' association, the witness that has been wanted before the committee on Cuban relations, was before the committee today. Senator Teller produced a copy of a voucher for $2,880 showing that that sum had been paid by the military government of Cuba by authority of Governor Wood to the United States Export association, of which Thurber is president. Thurber acknowledged that he had received the amount and said it was one of three payments he had received from the same source. The receipt was dated April 2, 1902, and states that it was for "Advocating a reduction in the duties on Cuban products with a reciprocal reduction of United States products going into Cuba." The witness said he thought $20,000 worth of literature had been circulated. He said he had received a contribution of $2,500 from Mr. Havemeyer, of the Sugar Refining company, when he solicited that gentleman for a subscription.

In response to questions from Senator Teller, Thurber said he had been active in the effort to secure a reciprocal arrangement with Cuba. He had come to Washington originally at the instance of the Export association and also of the Cubans who were favoring reciprocity. He was not, he said, under salary for the Export association, but he admitted that he received a percentage of the fees for membership in the association influenced by himself. Witness said he had circulated a large number of circulars in the interest of a reduction of duty on Cuban sugar and he submitted specimens of some of them. Being asked by Senator Teller who paid the expense incident to the circulation of this literature the witness replied that the Cuban committee had paid the larger part of it and that members of the association had paid part of it. He said he had been in the employ of the Cuban government for a time in the summer and fall of 1901 in connection with the preparation of the Cuban tariff, his employment being at the instance of Secretary Root. In reply to questions, Mr. Thurber said that the money referred to above, had all come though the Cuban committee, but Senator Teller insisted that the voucher which he had produced could not have emanated from the Cuban committee. Mr. Thurber then said that all that was done through an understanding that the Export association should do all possible to get the industries on a proper basis. He denied, however, that the money was paid on a verbal order from Gen. Wood given while the latter was in the United States.

Asked what was meant by the phrase of "Leaders of thought" in his bill to the Cuban government, Mr. Thurber said he had a list of 8,000 people in the United States who "represent something" to whom this literature was sent.

In reply to a question by Mr. Teller as to whether he had consulted Mr. Havemeyer of the sugar trust in the preparation of the literature, Mr. Thurber said: "After making my argument before the ways and means committee I told Mr. Havemeyer that I had been asked if I was representing him and asked him for a subscription. He gave me a check toward meeting our expenses."

BEER MAY BE SCARCE

Brewery Drivers In Chicago Threaten to Strike and Prevent Any Beer From Being Moved In That City.

Chicago, June 11.—Angered by the refusal of the officers of the United States Brewing company—more commonly known as the trust—to reinstate thirty brewery drivers' helpers who went on strike Monday, the other unions connected with the firms are preparing to call a general strike tomorrow. The men are thoroughly organized and their leaders claim that not a barrel of beer can be moved from the breweries involved without their consent after the strike call has been issued. The helpers struck on Monday to get a higher wage. They were being paid from $10 to $12 per week and asked for a parallel rise of $5. This was refused, and later the officers of the brewing trade council—an organization of all the unions engaged in the handling of beer—met with the employers to talk the situation over. They were told that the men would not be given their demands and might not be taken back at all.

KING IS GLAD TO SEE REID

London, June 11.—Whitelaw Reid, the special ambassador of the United States to the coronation of King Edward, was received in audience by his majesty at Buckingham palace this afternoon. The king received Mr. Reid in the most cordial manner and expressed gratification at seeing him again.

FIFTEEN ARE DEAD

Cyclone In Clay and Becker Counties Severe.

Swept Over Part of White Earth Reservation.

St. Paul, June 11.—Full details of the tornado which swept over Clay and Becker counties Monday afternoon have not yet been received. It is feared that fifteen to twenty persons were killed in the path of the storm, but reliable reports on the loss of life are lacking. The tornado passed over the southern portion of the White Earth Indian reservation, and it is reported fifteen persons were killed there and many injured, while great damage was done to farm property. The storm seems to have first struck northwest of the town of Ulen, in Clay county, from whence it traveled southeasterly across the northern part of Becker county, striking Foss, Atlanta and Walworth along the lower edge of the White Earth reservation.

A Detroit, Minn., dispatch says: The list of killed at Ulen in the tornado of Monday afternoon is as follows: Mrs. E. O. Berg and four children of Andrew Hium, two girls, aged 13 and and 11, and two boys aged 15 and 6. The Hiums had five other children who were all more or less injured. Mrs. Hium was hurt, probably fatally, but Hium himself was unscathed. In all thirty farm houses and barns were totally destroyed. The farm buildings of the following were destroyed: Arnek Kneutson, Henry Lysne, Sam Houge, John Gunderson, John Morcz, S. O. Mossaly, Paul Smzak, Ole Johnsonberg, A. Sperckk and John Berg.

COL. LYNCH ARRESTED

Officer Who Fought With the Boers and Who Was Elected to Commons Is In Hands of Police.

London, April 11.—Col. Arthur Lynch, who fought with the Boers in South Africa, and who, in November last was elected to represent Galway in the house of commons was arrested this morning on his arrival at New Haven from Dieppe, France. Col. Lynch, who was accompanied by his wife, was brought to London and was afterwards taken to the Bow Street police station.

Subsequently Col. Lynch was arraigned at the Bow Street police court on the charge of high treason and was remanded until Saturday, June 14, after formal evidence of his arrest had been presented. The prisoner, who was described on the charge sheet as a "journalist," sat in the dock apparently unconcerned until the magistrate asked him if he had anything to say in reply to the charge. Then he arose and replied almost inaudibly, "No, sir." He did not apply for bail and was taken to the cells.

The Irish Nationalists in the house of commons today hackled the ministers on the subject of the arrest of Col. Lynch. They wanted to know why the colonel had not the same right to surrender as other burghers. The government leader, A. J. Balfour, replied tersely: "He is not a burgher. "John Redmond, the Irish leader, and J. G. Swift MacNeill (Nationalist), then turned to the secretary of state for home affairs, Mr. Ritchie, and asked him why he had not fulfilled his ministerial duty in informing the house of Col. Lynch's arrest on charge of high treason. Mr. Ritchie denied that it was his duty to so inform the house, but when the Irish members appealed to the speaker the latter upheld the Nationalist contention that the usual practice was to inform the house of commons of such an incident through the speaker.

Further questions were ruled out of order and the subject was dropped.

HUGO IS ENTHUSIASTIC

The Mayor Tells the St. Paul People That Things Never Looked Better For Duluth Than at Present.

St. Paul, June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mayor T. W. Hugo of Duluth, who is also president of the Odd Fellows' home at Northfield, is in attendance at the grand lodge of Odd Fellows, an when questioned by a Globe reporter last night as to whether there was any truth in the rumor that he was going to be a candidate against J. Adam Bede for the nomination for congress, stated that there was absolutely no truth in the rumor. Mayor Hugo stated, however, that when he left Duluth yesterday a petition was being circulated requesting Senator F. B. Daugherty to come out for the Republican nomination for congress against Bede. Further than this, however, he would not talk about politics.

Continuing, Mayor Hugo said: "The people of Duluth are well satisfied with the normal school, and it promises to be a success from the start. There is no question about this. Things never looked better in Duluth from a business standpoint than they do today. There is not what you may call a boom at all, but the market is substantial, or in other words, stiff and strong. Business is increasing so fast, in fact, that First street is now considered business property in addition to Superior street.

"We have been looking with a good deal of interest in the reorganization of the old blast furnace for smelting pig iron at West Duluth, and it is considered a very promising feature of the industrial situation of Duluth. What we want up there is to build up our manufacturing interests, and this is one of the things we have been looking forward to.

"Another feature is the development of the new Highland Water Power company, the object of this concern being to furnish cheap power, which will offer inducements to manufacturing establishments. The ranges are also very prosperous, and almost every month another little town is growing up there, so that we look to be a center of a number of small towns and farming communities."

TWO NEGRO BOYS LYNCHED

Charlotte, N. C., June 11.—Two negro boys, Harrison and James Gillespie, aged 16 and 14 years respectively, who were under arrest charged with the killing of Miss Benson on a farm in Rowan county, Monday last, were taken from jail at Salisbury, N. C., early this morning and hanged to a tree. Their bodies were then riddled with bullets. The negroes admitted that they beat the young woman's brains out with rocks because she tried to make them leave her premises.

RIDICULOUS LONDON RUMOR

New York, June 11.—It has been stated in the lobby of the house of commons, says a Herald dispatch from London, that an officer of the United States army is at the present time in London enrolling recruits for service in the Philippines from the ranks of seasoned soldiers who are returning from South Africa.

The matter will be mentioned next week in the house of commons in the form of a question by one of the members.

United States army officials pronounce the rumor ridiculous and absurd, especially in view of the fact that the American army is fast being reduced in numbers in the far East and the soldiers are coming home by regiments.

WAITING FOR TRAIN ROBBERS

Cheyene, Wyo., June 11.—Upon being advised that an attempt would be made to hold up a Union Pacific train, officials immediately arranged to protect trains between Rawlins and Green River, where it was said the attack was contemplated. At Rawlins a special train containing a full supply of arms and ammunition, and a number of horses, together with a posse of men, is waiting. It is said that suspicious characters have been lurking in the vicinity of Tipton, the scene of the previous train robberies for the past few days.

DEATH AND DESTRUCTION

Central Illinois and Part of Iowa Swept By Tornado and Many Killed.

Town Hall of Merna Collapsed and Three Women Met Instant Death.

A destructive tornado last night swept from the southern boundary of Wisconsin through central Illinois, as far south as Bloomington, with ramifications west of the Mississippi.

At Merna, Ill., thee lives were lost and twenty people injured.

Bloomington, Ill., was hit severely and buildings in all parts of the city were seriously damaged and traffic blocked. No lives were lost.

Near Kingston, Ill., two people were killed and two fatally injured.

MERNA STRUCK

With Great Fury and Three Women Killed.

Bloomington, Ill., June 11.—Death and destruction followed in the wake of the worst tornado last night that has ever visited Central Illinois. The wind wrought ruin and woe, and the property loss will be tens of thousands of dollars. There is no way really of estimating the loss at present, owing to the uncertainty as to the effect upon the growing crops, which, it is feared, suffered heavily. The saddest feature, however, was the killing of three young women who were attending a dance at the town hall of Merna, a small village ten miles east of this city. There was a party of 250 young men and women at the dance in the hall when the tornado struck the building about 11 o'clock last night. Everybody rushed for the door. A number of young men held the doors to prevent the people from escaping, fearing that they might be injured or killed if they got outside. About half of them, however, escaped, and then the building collapsed. The others were buried in the wreck. Three were killed and forty or fifty others more or less injured, some of them seriously. The dead:

MISS LENA JAHAGAM.
MRS. EDWARD MARTIN.
MISS ANNA KELLY.

All are daughters of prominent farmers in the vicinity. The bodies were horribly mutilated by the heavy timbers. Quite a number of young men and women were taken from the ruins in an unconscious condition and some of them are still in that state, and it is feared there may be other deaths.

The storm struck Merna with the greatest fury—greater than any other place in the county. Many of the finest houses and barns were destroyed.

The storm reached Bloomington about 11 p. m., commencing with a furious electrical display. Rain accompanied the wind and the business district suffered severely. Many plate glass windows were blown in and the stocks of goods badly damaged. Hundreds of the best trees in the city were broken off at the trunks and the streets are almost impasable. Telegraph and telephone poles were broken short off and the wires added to the blockade. Buildings all over the city were damaged, but no lives were lost, nor was any one seriously injured. A man standing on West Washington street was blown 300 feet, but escaped with only bruises. Wesleyan university, just on the eve of commencement week, had its roof blown off, and was badly damaged by water.

The railroads report damaged tracks due to washouts and a number of freight wrecks due to telegraph poles falling on the tracks. So far as now known, no one was killed or injured.

Efforts are making to reach the small towns in the county, as it is believed several of them must have suffered more or less damage. No fatalities occurred except at Mena, so far as now known.

TWO DEAD AT KINGSTON.

Entire East End of Village Swept Away.

Pekin, Ill., June 11.—A tornado passed over Tazewell county last night, killing three and fatally injuring two persons at Kingston, south of here. The dead:

MRS. THOMAS MURRAY and infant.

WILLIE McELWEE, aged 3.

Patrick McElwee and wife were fatally injured. The entire east end of the village of 1000 inhabitants was swept away. The storm struck Kingston about 10:30 p. m. and lasted half an hour, causing $150,000 damage. A second storm did considerable additional damage an hour later.

Houses and barns were blown down in Groveland, Miner, Hopedale and Delavan, but so far no loss of life in any of those places have been reported. The most destruction seems to have been at Kingston. Opposite Pekin the river overflowed its banks and covered 60,000 acres of corn, which is believed to have been ruined.

DANVERS WIPED OUT.

Large Elevator Blown Down on the Track.

Jacksonville, Ill., June 11.—There was a hard wind storm here last night, but no damage here has been reported. Danvers, on the Alton, north of this place, was wiped out just after the Kansas City limited had pulled out. At San Jose, this side of Danvers, a large elevator was blown down on the track. Meager reports show widespread damage in counties north.

Chicago, June 11.—After being cut off from communication with the outside world since 11:45 o'clock last night the city of Bloomington was finally heard from at 7 o'clock this morning, when the Chicago & Alton railroad reported that their train wire had been restored to working order.

A message received by the railroad officials at that hour stated that a severe wind and rain storm had visited Bloomington last night, levelling wires in all directions, but that, so far as konwn, no lives had been lost. The damage to property is not yet known.

All attempts to reach Decatur, Springfield, Pontiac, Clinton, Freeport and other cities proved futile last night, nor had they been heard from this morning. At 7 o'clock the wires of the Illinois Central were still down. The lines of the long distance telephone company were likewise useless.

Paxton, Ill., June 11.—A heavy storm of rain and wind prevailed in this section of the state at an early hour this morning, accompanied by thunder and lightning. Great damage was done to shade trees. Cars were blown from the tracks on the Illinois Central between here and Ludlow and it is reported that two churches were blown over at Clarence, seven miles east of here.

Springfield, Ill., June 11.—Telephone and telegraph wires were still down at noon between this city and Bloomington. The office of Superintendent Corbett of the Chicago & Alton has been informed by trainmen that the Alton depot at Bloomington was demolished by the storm last night. It is reported that the town of Stamford, north of Bloomington, was badly damaged by the storm and that several elevators on the Alton south of Bloomington were blown down and 300 feet of the Alton track north of Pekin were washed out.

Lincoln, Ill., June 11.—This city and immediate locality was visited last night by a severe and destructive hurricane. Hard rain and lightning did additional amage. Public buildings, factories and residences were unroofed and telephone and electric street railway systems were badly crippled. Most of the streets are blocaded with fallen trees and wires.

The villages of Atlanta, Lawndale, Elkhart and others in this county suffered heavy losses on elevators and other buildings. Small grain is damaged to a considerable extent. So far no loss of life is reported.

Champaign, Ill., June 11.—A terrific storm swept over this city at midnight, doing much damage to buildings, railroad property, electric wires, trees and crops throughout the surrounding country. No loss of life is reported. During the height of the storm Mrs. Martha Hayworth, living on Green street, collapsed from fright and later died.

JORDAN VISITED.

No Lives Lost But Several Buildings Destroyed.

Des Moines, June 11.—Very meager details of the storm which passed over Central Iowa have been received here so far, owing to the fact that not half a dozen wires running out of the city are in working order. It is known that the storm struck the town of Jordan, a few miles east of Boone. The extent of damage is not known, although it is reported that no lives were lost, and that some of the principal buildings of the place were destroyed. Oskaloosa reported considerable damage from the wind.

THREE CARS

Blown From Track But No One Hurt.

St. Paul, June 11.—A Corwith, Iowa, special to the Dispatch says: A tornado struck an empty excursion train on the Iowa Central five miles east of here last night and blew three cars from the track, while the train was running thirty miles an hour, leaving the engine and two last coaches on the the track. No one was hurt.

WORST IN YEARS.

Great Damage to Property Done at Burlington.

Burlington, Iowa, June 11.—Burlington has been practically cut off from telegraph communication with the outside world since 9 o'clock last night, the wires being down in all directions. Last night's storm was the worst in years and was attended by a most thrilling electrical display. There were no lives lost in this city. Two hundred thousand feet of lumber belonging to the Gilbert & Hedges Lumber company broke from its moorings above the city, part floating down the river and the rest piling up on shore.

Much other damage to property resulted. Lightning struck in several places. The steamer Comet broke in half and sunk, but no lives were lost. The Rob Roy, a pleasure craft, was badly damaged and washed ashore. Barges and boathouses were filled with water or blown high and dry on the bank.

There are many reports of damage in the surrounding country, but details are lacking.

Des Moines, June 11.—Word was received from Laurel at noon that the town which had been reported destrayed, had not been swept away, but had suffered considerably from the effects of the strong wind. The extent of damage consists of several roofs being blown off and no one was injured.

THANKS.

Expressed By French Commissioner to St. Louis People.

St. Louis, June 11.—The following telegram from New York has been received from M. Michel La Grave, commissioner general of France for the Louisiana Purchase exposition.

"Am about leaving the United States. I beg to express to you on behalf of my government the expression of my sincere thanks for the most cordial welcome you have extended to the commissioner general for France. Count and Countess de Rochambeau and all othe rmembers of the delegation have asked me to express their gratitude for all attentions shown them during the whole trip and their stay in St. Louis. We have been happy to see what the future exhibition promises to be and we are already certain that under your high direction it is assured of a great success."

President Francis responded as follows: "Message received. Wish you pleasant and safe journey home. Enjoyed your visit and hope result will bring more closely together the people who formerly owned this fair country and those who now inhabit it, the leading republic of the old world and the new. We appreciate your good expressions regarding our exposition, feel greatly encouraged thereby, and shall endeavor to make it worthy of the participation of the great nations whose co-operation we have invited."

OIL GUSHER

Has Been Struck at Red Fork, I. T.

Oklahoma, June 11.—An oil gusher has been struck at Red Fork, I. T., which is pronounced by experts as being one of the most promising discoveries in the territory oil fields. Oil was struck at a depth of 1500 feet. Experts say the quality is first-class and the supply practically inexhaustible. The Red Fork field has been under development for about a year, and this well is by far the best strike of oil made yet.

FOUND DEAD.

Sneedville, Tenn., Men Killed on Public Highway.

Sneedville, Tenn., June 11.—Grant Seal and John Davis have been found dead upon the public highway. Davis, it is said, was a kinsman of Clinton Legear, with whose killing Governor and Drury Lawson are charged. It is said Seal and Davis would have been important witnesses against the Lawsons. Perry Myers has been arrested and other arrests may follow. The coroner is investigating.

FOREST FIRES

Denver, June 11.—Considerable anxiety is felt by federal and state officials over the danger of forest fires in the mountains. At present there are three fires raging in Colorado, and should the dry weather continue it is feared a vast amount of damage will be done.

For four days a fierce fire has been devastating the heavy woods near Red Cliff, in Eagle county. Near Randi, fifty miles west of Leadville, another fire is raging, while the third is reported southwest of Morrison. It is declared that the fires were all maliciously started.

WIL NOT OPERATE SUNDAYS.

St. Louis, June 11.—President Francis has been authorized by the exposition directors, to sign a contract with Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury in which the World's fair management pledges itself not to operate the fair on Sunday at any time.

ASSERSON RELIEVED.

New York, June 11.—Rear Admiral Peter C. Asserson, head of the department of yards and docks of the Brooklyn navy yard, who should have gone on the retired list early in 1901, has just been relieved. He entered the service in March, 1874, from Virginia and has been regarded as one of the best civil engineers in the navy.

The Burrows "Wear Well" Shoe at $2.50 is better than many $3.50 shoes sold at exclusive shoe stores.

Colonial Oxfords

My Lady, you wont be in it for a moment if you don't wear Colonial Oxfords this summer. Colonials are not only the correct thing, but the comfortable thing, also, for summer wear. Mannish Oxfords, Ideal Kid Oxfords, Patent Calf Oxfords, Rope Stitch Oxfords, Patent Leather Oxfords, Vici Kid Oxfords. You'll be surprised to learn what good Oxfords $1.25, $1.75, $2.50, $3.50 or $5 will buy. We would like to have you call and see them.

M. S. Burrows

Hanan Shoes For Men and Women Who Want the Best.

Knox Straw Hats

The Best!—That's All.

M. S. BURROWS,

Sole Agent for Duluth.

PROVES A SUCCESS

First Raft From Cross River Drive Arrives at Ashland.

Schroeder Company Much Pleased at Result of Work.

Prediction Was Made That Logs Could Not Be Driven.

The first raft of logs ever sluiced out of Cross river has been safely taken out of the river and boomed at Ashland, where they will be sawed at the John Schroeder Lumber company's mill. In consequence there is a very happy man stopping at the St. Louis in the person of Capt. Ellis, general manager of the Schroeder company. The importance of the undertaking is due to the fact that Cross river had been almost universally condemned as a driving stream by all the loggers and engineers that had looked at it. The Schroeder people, through William Dolan, have succeeded in overcoming obstacles raised by nature that nearly everybody else has declared even up to the present could not be done.

The work of improving the river and its tributaries was an enormous job. Cross river was a very peculiar product of nature. It was generally wide enough to drive, and there seemed to be enough water to drive on if properly controlled. But the chief difficulties were the large and rapid descent and the narrow falls. The fall from the first dam or controlling works on the main river to Lake Superior, a distance by river of seven and a quarter miles, is 1300 feet. Yet the bed of the stream has been so cleared that no dams are necessary below this point, where the logs are sluiced through.

From the controlling works a telephone line leads to all but dam No. 1, so that all the works are under immediate control of the superintendent at the main plant. The first lake that has been dammed is on a tributary flowing into the main river from the left. Here 200 acres of land are overflowed. Another dam controls the flow from another dam emptying into a sub-tributary. Just above this the flow from a lake of 600 acres area is regulated by dam No. 3, built on a small tributary of the main river. Farther up the main stream is the reservoir dam, from which the main stream is flushed. The latter is about twenty miles above the mouth of the river.

Five dams and two wings have been built. The width of the falls has been increased from eight to thirty feet and the falls lowered ten feet throughout the length of the river. One may gain some impression of the extent of this work when it is known that originally there was a fall thirty feet high an eighth of a mile up stream from Lake Superior.

The work of improving the stream was begun a year ago last October. William Dolan, an old Chippewa river logger, was the man that had the nerve to take a contract to accomplish what the best authorities declared nobody could do. But Dolan, who looks not unlike a less gray edition of Canby, the old ranchman in "Arizona," has an obstinate-looking jaw, and delights in taking up the impossible, and then sticking to them in a bull-headed sort of way until he does them. He hoped to get some logs out of the river last summer, if he had the best of luck, but he didn't have the best of luck. Then he determined to get last winter's cut out this year, even though a lot of other people spoke of his determination with something akin to pity.

But the first million feet of the cut came out last Saturday, and "Dolan's delusion" has become an accomplished fact. Dolan planned the works and built them under the most discouraging conditions, and now up at Cross river there is a man with a long, wiry, black mustache, tall and just a bit strenuous in manner, who isn't saying much about it, but is thinking heaps with quite a little satisfaction, to reimburse him for the discouragement he suffered for almost two years.

Dolan has about 20,000,000 feet of timber for the Schroeder company in the water. The works were not completed in time to hold all of the water from the early rains, so all of the cut of last winter and last year may not be gotten down. But it is estimated that fully 14,000,000 feet will be sluiced and rafted before the summer is over. The Schroeder company owns 150,000,000 feet of timber tributary to this stream, in addition to what has been cut, and is buying more all the time. It would have made a good deal of difference to the owners if this timber had to be brought down to the lake by logging road instead of by river. The cost would have been vastly larger—perhaps a good-sized fortune in the aggregate. That is why the owners rejoice with Dolan and look upon him as a prophet.

They expect to be able to sluice 2,000,000 feet of logs in from two to five hours' time, and 2,000,000 feet makes a very large raft. They believe they will ultimately have water enough to run the controlling or sluicing works for ten hours at a stretch.

We are making the prices And are selling such a high class of Merchandise at those prices that our announcements prove of especial interest to all careful buyers. Of our ability to please the prudent purchaser we are particularly proud, and the verdict of a discriminating buyer, that "it pays to trade with us" carries its additional weight.

Sewing Machines

See our New Automatic lift drop head Sewing Machine for—

$30

It is a revelation to you in the matter of how to save money.—You pay an agent.....$60.00
You pay us.....$30.00
Saved.....$30.00
And better satisfaction.
Come in and let us explain the merits of these goods. We can soon convince you. These Machines have all the attachments that go with any high-grade machine, are ball bearing and are guaranteed for five years.

Desks.

A new assortment of combination Book-case Writing Desks, in oak and mahogany finish, well made and handsome, prices range—from—

$13, $15, $17 up to $38

We Trust the People.

Our monthly payment plan is as follows:

$25.00 worth of goods.....$5.00 a month
$30.00 worth of goods.....$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods.....$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods.....$8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods.....$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods.....$10.00 a month

OUR "PRIDE GEM."

6-hole Steel Range, like cut, only $22.49

Range is fitted for coal or wood, has 6 covers in top, high warming closet, big oven, and our price is only—

$22.49

"Gold Coin" Steel Ranges

Are guaranteed to give satisfaction—guaranteed to bake evenly and bake quickly. As a fuel saver the "Gold Coin" stands without a parallel. They are built right, and only the best materials enter into their construction.

Yours for trade, **R. R. Forward & Co.,** Send us your Mail Orders for prompt attention.

Superior Street, near Twenty-First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.

AT WEST DULUTH

The Duluth-Superior Traction company has its work on the temporary track on Thirty-ninth avenue well underway and it is expected that by the first part of next week the West Duluth street car service will be over West Third street and Thirty-ninth avenue west from Garfield avenue to Oneota street west of the viaduct. It has been reported that the street cars will begin running on this route Friday, but the officials of the street railway company say that it will be impossible to get the temporary track ready by that time. Tracks will have to be laid for four blocks and there is one grade crossing, but no bridges or viaducts to cross. The West Duluth service will be over this route all summer, or at least for such period of time as will take the contractors to complete the Jenswold street subway.

The board of public works has bought the timber in the two bridges and the viaduct for $2,300, and the department will begin tearing down the structure just as soon as the street railway company is ready to use the new route. Contractor P. McDonnell, who will construct the subway, expects to begin preliminary work the first of next week.

The street railway officials say that they will be able in a few days to give definite information about the schedules over the new route for West Duluth service. It is understood that the West End people between the viaduct and Garfield avenue will not be cut off from street car service this summer when the West Duluth cars go up on West Third street from Garfield avenue, but that arrangements, to be announced later, will be made for cars on Superior street west of Garfield avenue. The subway work is bound to disarrange street railway service to some extent, but the West Duluthians are so well pleased at the prospect of getting the subway that the sentiment is one of toleration for inconveniences in the service, to a reasonable extent, this summer.

CONCERT TONIGHT

Duluth Male Glee Club--First M.E. Church

Ada Markland Sheffield, Dramatic Soprano, Chicago
Frederick G. Bradbury, Violinist. Margaret Hoelscher, Accompanist. Tickets 50c

DAVIS-TAYLOR.

A Home Wedding Followed By Large Reception.

The marriage of Miss Lulu Blanche Davis and Dr. Clarence Wilbur Taylor took place last evening at 8 o'clock at the residence of the groom's parents, Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Taylor, of 1115 East Third street. Dr. Samuel P. Long, pastor of the First Methodist church, officiated. A very few friends and relatives were present at the ceremony.

Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Taylor gave a large reception after the ceremony, at which many friends were present and offered their congratulations.

Dr. and Mrs. Taylor have gone for a wedding trip of several weeks in the East and other points.

AMUSEMENTS.

MYRKLE & HARDER COMPANY.

The Myrkle & Harder company presented "Knobs of Tennessee" at the Lyceum last evening before a fair sized audience last evening. The play and specialties gave good satisfaction. This afternoon the company is putting on "For His Sisters Sake, and this evening "A Man of Mystery" will be played.

TRAIN IN WASHOUT.

Latham, Ill., June 11.—The severe storm of last night washed out a bridge on the Peoria division of the Illinois Central near here and a freight train ran into the hole. The crew was injured, but nobody seriously. Comparatively little damage was done here.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Committees Named to Carry Out the Plans.

Another enthusiastic meeting for the arrangement of the preliminaries for a Fourth of July celebration was held at the Commercial club last evening and another will be held at the same place next Monday evening.

Yesterday afternoon the general committee met and appointed the sub-committees for the various matters that will come under the celebration. It was decided best that a treasurer be elected and S. Hendrickson, of William Chesney & Co., was selected. Secretary S. C. Murphy, of the general committee, was instructed to send written invitations to every fraternal organization in West Duluth to take part in the parade.

The soliciting committee will commence to hustle immediately and all West Duluth people are urged to remember that the success of the enterprise will depend on their donations, the more liberal the donations the bigger the celebration.

Following are the committees appointed by the general committee yesterday afternoon:

Soliciting — A. Lofgren, Richard Schell, R. L. Cochrane, L. A. Barnes, T. Ultican, Otto E. Skinner, Chris Nelson, Henry Butler.

Printing—J. M. Jauermann, I. Chabot and W. B. Mallough.

Speakers—G. J. Mallory, John Cashin, W. E. Kern, R. Metcalfe.

Sports—Charles Siger, A. T. Park, George Crulkshank, J. Faubister, S. C. Murphy, Frank Hantz, George Method.

Music—S. J. Nygren, J. A. Ecklund, E. J Zauft, N. C. Hendricks.

Parade—Alex Stewart, Victor Method, C. C. Salter, S. W. Hanchett, L. Gibson, J. C. Cook, S. C. Confer and E. O. Armstrong.

Decoration—Nels C. Bilsey, James Rossiter, Julius Lindgren, M. Filiatrault, and E. J. Ketchum.

BOWLES-OSMUNDSON.

A very pretty wedding ceremony took place at noon yesterday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Tupper, of New Duluth. The bride was their daughter, Mrs. T. H. Bowles, a popular teacher at the New Duluth school, and the groom was Orin Osmundson, of Hayward, Wis., a member of a large land company of that city. Miss Maud Miller was bridesmaid and George Osmundson, a brother of the groom, was best man. The ceremony was witnessed by quite a number of the relatives and friends of the bridal couple. Relatives were present from Hayward, Wis., Brainerd, Minn., Vermont, and friends from Duluth and West Duluth. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Knudson, of New Duluth, and was followed by a reception and light refreshments. Mr. and Mrs. Osmundson left during the afternoon for their home in Hayward. They were the recipients of many handsome presents.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Harry Lanners has returned from a week's visit in St. Paul.

Miss Mabel Sherring, who has been teaching at the Longfellow school, has returned to her home at Winnebago for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Leham, of Edgerly, N. D., has returned to spend the summer season with Mrs. Neallie French, of Oneota.

Rev. R. A. Saunderson has returned from a trip in the central part of the state. He attended the wedding of a relative.

Miss Minnie Draper and Miss Kennedy, of the Irving school, left yesterday, the former for her home in the southern part of the state, and the latter for a visit at St. Paul.

W. J. Wells is back from northern Wisconsin.

Next Monday morning Mrs. Sparks will open a private school in the Irving building, to continue through the summer months.

The Ladies Aid society of the Asbury M. E. church will hold a meeting at the home of Mrs. Loomis, Thursday afternoon.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Filiatrault, undertaker. West Duluth.

CITY FUNDS.

Statement of Treasurer Voss at Close of May.

The municipal financial statement issued by Treasurer Voss for the month of May credits the city with a cash balance of $350,415 on June 1.

The permanent improvement revolving fund shows up with a balance of $84,290, however fully half this balance will be withdrawn on contracts that are now underway. That is why there is not now sufficient money with which to pave East Superior street with sheet asphalt.

Mr. Voss' statement showing receipts, disbursements and balances for the month of May is as follows:

INTEREST FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 13,743 73
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 13,743 73
SINKING FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 69,515 27
Receipts for the month	1,695 41
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 71,210 68
FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 7,413 23
Receipts for the month	20,258 17
Disbursements for the month	$ 27,671 40
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 29,724 78
POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 6,886 21
Receipts for the month	10,000 00
Disbursements for the month	16,886 21
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 13,102 45
LIGHT FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 4,422 54
Disbursements for the month	1,970 38
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 2,452 16
WATER FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 10,053 91
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 10,053 91
PUBLIC WORKS FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 9,642 46
Receipts for the month	211 46
	$ 9,853 92
Disbursements for the month	7,984 45
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 1,869 47
HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 3,312 22
Disbursements for the month	492 08
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 2,819 14
MUNICIPAL COURT FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 11,015 14
Disbursements for the month	2,825 34
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 8,189 80
PRINTING AND SUPPLY FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 6,708 56
Disbursements for the month	1,092 86
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 5,615 70
LIBRARY FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 1,991 02
Receipts for the month	2 46
	$ 1,993 48
Disbursements for the month	1,258 76
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 737 72
PARK FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 2,322 38
Receipts for the month	118 79
	$ 2,441 17
Disbursements for the month	871 21
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 1,569 96
WATER AND LIGHT PLANT FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 36,298 61
Receipts for the month	71,139 50
	$ 84,435 14
Disbursements for the month	6,612 88
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 80,525 26
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 32,238 75
Disbursements for the month	13,775 50
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 18,463 25
GENERAL FUND.	
Balance on hand June 1, 1902	$ 29,684 16
Receipts for the month	24,811 32
	$ 54,495 48
Disbursements for the month	32,295 11
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 22,200 37
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.	
Balance on hand May 1, 1902	$ 75,886 68
Receipts for the month	8,303 10
	$ 84,324 78
Disbursements for the month	534 74
Balance June 1, 1902	$ 84,290 04
Total cash in all funds	$359,414 62

DEPOSITED.

First National bank	$153,363 11
American Exchange bank	190,249 62
Certificates in sinking fund	15,525 00
Cash and checks in safe	276 89
	$359,414 62

FIGPRUNE Cereal

Is sweet. No other Cereal Coffee is, unless made so by artificial means.

The sweet in Figprune is the natural sweetness of the California fig and prune. It is fruit sugar and will not disturb the most delicate stomach.

Give the little folks a warm drink with their food. They will enjoy

FIGPRUNE Cereal

CANCER CANCER and TUMOR CURED at home without knife or plaster and without pain. Treatise, testimonials and letter of advice FREE Address Mason Cancer Institute, 121 West 42d st., New York.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

For a Drink of Good Whisky Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

IN MICHIGAN.

The Knights of the Maccabees Invade Marquette.

Marquette—Marquette is entertaining more people than were ever gathered here before. It is estimated that there are fully 10,000 strangers in the city. The occasion of the gathering is the biennial review of the Knights and Ladies of the Maccabees, for a three days' session, the great camp assembling at the Casino rink and the great hive at the Baptist church, in both meetings the great question whether or not the jurisdiction shall be extended beyond the limits of the state will come up for final determination. The indications are that the great hive will vote to expand, but in the great camp the division appears close.

Houghton—Professor Seaman of the Michigan School of Mines, and R. M. Edwards, a well known mining man of Houghton, have returned from Idaho, where they spent ten days looking over the mine of the Kittie Burton Mining company, in which the bulk of the stock is held here. Both gentlemen are very enthusiastic about the property and the work that has already been done in the way of developing. At a meeting of the stockholders of the company held in Houghton Thursday afternoon the following directors were chosen, R. M. Edwards, James MacNaughton, Ernest Billmann, J. R. Hodgson, R. L. Edwards and J. H. Rice. It was decided to place 28,000 shares of new stock on the market at $5 per share.

Sault Ste. Marie—An achievement that can be recorded as one of the triumphs of the twentieth century has just been accomplished at the reduction works of the Lake Superior Power company. It is the manufacture of sulphurous gas—which is taken from nickel ore—into liquid or sulphuric acid. This has never before been made in commercial quantities. The product also is of a quality much superior to that made in the ordinary way, being marketable at $100 per ton, while the other is worth only $30. The process by which it is made is one of compression and expansion, an invention of E. A. Sjostedt, the chief metallurgist of the company, and he has been working on it ever since the reduction works were first built. Saturday he finally demonstrated the feasibility of his project. Thirty tons of the liquid were made. When the same company found a process by which the sulphur separated from the nickel ore could be saved, they solved the problem which had long baffled the leading scientists of the world, and the Soo plant is now the only one in the world where that natural product is not wasted in separation. That gas taken from nickel in the roasting furnaces is used in the sulphite mill, where, with steam, it is turned into the digesters and used in "cooking" the pulp chips in the manufacture of sulphite pulp.

Gladstone—While drilling for oil on Black's farm, near Rapid river, a 25-foot vein of iron ore was struck at a depth of 1100 feet.

Ladies' Silk and Wash Waists On Sale Tomorrow.

A sample line of Ladies' Wash Waists to close out at bargain prices—This your opportunity to get a nice cool waist for little money.

$1.50 Waists for $1.00 | $3.00 Waists for $1.75
$2.00 Waists for $1.25 | $4.50 Waists for $2 75

Boys' Wash Waists

25c 35c 50c 75c and $1.00—Banner brand—worth double the price.
Boys' Suits—$1 to $7. Knee Pants—50c and 75c.

Men's Suits and Overcoats

Our clothing is sold for cash or $1.00 a week payments.

Gately Supply Co.,

Open Saturday till 10:30 p. m. **8 East Superior St.** Your credit is Good.

Preserving Strawberries

Lowest prices of the season.
Quality perfect.
Buy today or tomorrow at

RATHBUN'S

The Busy Grocery.

Bicycle Sale.

Still on at our store. CRESCENT bicycles at 25 to 40 per cent discount. Our stock is getting low. If you want a wheel this is a great opportunity.

$60 Chainless, now only.....$37.50
$35 Crescents only.....$23.00
$25 Bicycles only.....$17.50
Other Bicycles.....$12.50

Wieland & Wade,

310 West First Street.

Opening

TOMORROW at 11 a. m.

... The ...

Waldorf Cafe

HALEY & LANIGAN, Props.

214 West Superior Street.

DINNER.

Little Neck Clams to Order

	Doz.	Half		Doz.	Half
On the Shell, Raw	50c	25c	Fried	50c	30c
Stewed	50c	25c	Fancy Roast	50c	30c

Clam Cocktail, 25c.

Soup—Single Bowls, 10c.
Ox Tail with Barley, 5c Consomme Princesse, 5c

Fish

Planked Whitefish, Parsley Sauce, Saratoga Chips, 35c

DRESSED LETTUCE, 10c
Chow Chow, 10c Gherkins, 10c Olives, 10c
Chili Sauce, 10c Sliced Tomatoes, 10c Cucumbers, 10c
Radishes, 5c Green Onions, 5c

Boiled

Leg of Mutton, with Mashed Turnips, 30c

Roasts

Prime Beef, Pan Gravy, 25c Extra Cut, 25c
Roast Young Turkey, Giblet Sauce, 40c
Roast Leg of Veal, Spaghetti Italian, 25c

Entrees

Chicken Croquettes, French Peas, 30c
Braised Calf, Sweetbreads a la Jardiniere 35c
Lobster a la Newberg on Toast, 35c

Cold Dishes and Salads to Order

Cold Boiled Lobster, half, 35c Chicken Salad, 30c.
Lobster Salad, 30c. Salmon Salad, 25c. Potato Salad, 10c.
Combination Salad, 25c. Asparagus Salad, 25c. Lettuce Salad, 10c.
Beef, 25c. Mutton, 25c. Pork, 25c. Turkey 40c.
Chicken, 30c. Ham, 25c. Ox Tongue, 25c. Corned Beef, 25c.

Business Men's Lunch Tomorrow

English Beefsteak Pie, a l'Anglaise, with Soup, Pie, Coffee, Tea or Milk.

25 CENTS.

Vegetables

Boiled Potatoes, Mashed Potatoes.
Green Peas. ..ax Beans.

Pastry

Apple, Lemon, Custard, Pie Plant and Strawberry Pie, 5c per cut.
Rice Custard Pudding, Cream Sauce, 5c.
Strawberries and Cream, 15c.
Strawberry Short Cake and Whipped Cream, 15c.
Preserved Pears, 10c. Preserved Peaches, 10c.
Sliced Bananas, 10c. Sliced Oranges, 10c.
Vanilla Ice Cream, 10c
Iced Tea, 5c. Buttermilk, 5c. Coffee, 5c. Tea per cup, 5c; per pot, 10c.
Milk, 5c. Cream, 10c.
Roquefort Cheese and Bent's Water Crackers, 15c.
American Cream Cheese, 5c. Brick Cheese, 5c.

Thursday, June 12, 1902.

Commutation Tickets $5.00 for $4.50.

BANKING COMBINATION

First National Bank of Duluth Included In the List For Minnesota, as Outlined By Treasurer Scudder.

New York, June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—S. D. Scudder, treasurer of the North American Trust company, who, in the interests of the American Bankers' corporation, sent a letter to financiers throughout the country, outlining plans for a combination of the banks of the country, says that the combination will be made, if possible, by states, one bank in the largest business city being the center and banks in the cities and towns of the state will be sought. The following banks are sought in the state of Minnesota: St. Paul, Bank of Minnesota; Duluth, First National; Mankato, First National; Minneapolis, Columbia National; Red Wing, First National, Winona, Second National.

CRUSHED.

Oliver Clark, Brakeman, Killed On the Virginia Railroad.

Oliver Clark, a brakeman on the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River road, was killed Monday evening, about 12 miles north of Virginia.

He and Conductor Frederick Briston, were riding on the foot board of a switch engine when the tender left the track and turned over.

Mr. Clark was crushed so bad that he died almost instantly. The conductor had a close call but escaped with a number of bruises and a broken leg.

Very little could be learned regarding the accident here. The dead man's home was said to have been in Sparta, Wis.

MADE A RECORD.

Lake Avenue Car Carried 2874 People Sunday.

Some idea of the crowds that visited the piers and Park Point Sunday to see the wreck of the steamer Hadley, can be formed when it is known that the one street car on the Lake avenue short line service carried 2874 people between the hours of 7 a. m. and 12 p. m. The largest number of passengers were carried between the hours of 2 and 4 p. m. The car carried about one-quarter of the total number of people that went out to the pier. So crowded was it on every trip that the conductor made an attempt at stamping the transfers, simply tying them in bunches at the end of every trip. This is probably the largest record for one day's service of any car owned by the street railway company.

LARGE DEAL.

Big Timber Deed Filed For Record---Consideration $187,450.50.

A large timber deed was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds, running from F. W. Higgins, of Olean, N. Y., and Frank S. Smith, of Angelica, N. Y., to William O'Brian, of St. Paul. The consideration is $187,450.50, and the purchaser has fifteen years in which to cut the timber.

The deed conveys the standing timber on lands in the following sections: 2, 5, 8, 12, 14, 15, 19, 21, 322, 23, 27, 28, 30 32 township 53-12; sections 1 2 12, 14, 22, 26, 28, 32, 33, 35, township 54-13; sections 2, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 22, 26, 32, 35, township 55-13; sections 6, 8, 18, 20, 28, 30, 32, township 55-12.

William O'Brien, the purchaser of this large tract, is out of the city and the details could not be learned. The timber is, however, located along the Cloquet river, north of Duluth, adjoining other tracts of standing pine owned by Mr. O'Brien.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible torture they suffer. Only one sure cure: Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

The Selection of Glasses....

Is not one in which personal taste and fancy can alone dictate. You must allow your optician, after a thorough test of your eyes, to give you a lens that suits your particular case. Both eyes may not be exactly alike, or some other requirement will interfere. Put your case in my hands and you will get the right treatment. Satisfaction guaranteed and examinations free.

A. L. Norberg,

OPTICIAN,

No. 5 West Superior Street.

PIONEER COMPANY

Mesaba Iron Company Is Holding Its Annual Meeting.

The First Iron Company Ever Organized In Minnesota.

Story of the Location and Its Discovery In 1865.

The annual meeting of the Mesaba Iron company, the first iron mining company organized in the state of Minnesota, was begun at the Spalding hotel this morning. Among those that are here to attend the meeting are former Governor Ramsey, of St. Paul; James Mercer, of Ontonagon, and Henry Smith, of North Branch. Commodore M. B. Mills, of Detroit, is expected to arrive tomorrow, when officers for the next year will probably be chosen. Whether Commodore Mills will come up on his steam yacht Cynthia or by rail nobody here knows.

The property owned by this corporation, which has been in existence about twenty years, bears the distinction of being the location of the first discovery of what was thought to be merchantable iron ore that was made west of the Marquette range in the Lake Superior region. The company obtained between 8000 and 9000 acres of what was then government land, and still holds it. No mines have ever been developed, and not very much exploratory work has been done, but the original controllers of the company have grimly held on to their stock in the firm belief that sooner or later their possessions would become of great value.

The discovery was made about 1865. Christian Wieland and Ernest Wieland, since dead, and H. D. Wieland made the discovery. They were hunting for gold. The early gold discoveries had been made on the Vermilion range, but iron was an unknown quantity, and was a still less valued article. Iron had not come into very general use, and its possibilities had not become suspected. So everybody passed over the indications of what have since become the great mines on the Vermilion range, and had eyes only for gold. Old timers tell of the great gold craze that raged on the Vermilion in those times.

The Wielands got a hunch that there was gold in sections 12 and 13, towns 60 and 61, and went up to look after it. They didn't find much gold, but they did locate some enormous beds of high grade magnetic iron ore. Samples were sent to old countries for assay, and were returned with the highest recommendations. The ore assayed 65 to 70 per cent in iron. The location has since proved to be an easterly extension of the Mesaba range proper, and lies south of the Vermilion proper. The ore is hard black magnetic. No method has ever been found as yet to successfully reduce the ore. Several options have been given to explore on the lands owned by the company, but practically all the work has been done in one location. There are still people that think that a continuation of the soft ore deposits of the Mesaba range proper will be found on some of this property. Whatever the owners themselves may think, whether they pin their faith to the future value of the magnetic ore beds, or whether they think there is bessemer ore there, they still cling to the property with firmness.

When the property was located, the originators of the company could have taken pretty well all of what is now Vermilion range as easily. They considered the latter proposition, but concluded that there was no comparison in the value of the deposits. The Vermilion range at that time was not considered worth while bothering with.

And so the annual meetings of the company have been held regularly every year for the past twenty years or so, and Governor Ramsey has been coming up to attend the meetings almost with as much regularity as the 10th of June came around.

PERSONALS.

Lewis M. Glassner, who has been attending the state "U" at Minneapolis, was in this city Monday and Tuesday, on his way to his home at Biwabik, where he will spend his summer vacation.

Mrs. S. J. Willoughby and daughter Doris, of this city, left yesterday for Seattle, where they intend to make their future home.

Mayor Hugo is in St. Paul for a few days. He will not return until Friday morning.

L. N. Case, manager of the water and light department, is in Chicago on business.

George W. Childs left today for Rosedale, Kan.

T. W. Hoopes, who has been quite ill from an operation for an eruption that has been persistent on his neck for some time, was reported to be much better today. His illness is not regarded as serious.

Arvick Wickstrom, formerly of Duluth, at present a musician in the United States navy and stationed on the United States flagship Brooklyn, is visiting with his aunt, Mrs. D. A. Cone, of 102 West First street. He will remain in this city until Friday and return to duty on the Brooklyn, which will leave shortly for England, to take over the remains of Lord Pauncefote.

W. H. Richardson, general passenger agent of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois road, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. E. J. Slocum, Mrs. Ira R. Amsden and daughter, Mrs. George E. Pratt and Mrs. James P. Byrns are spending the day at Eveleth, visiting the mines.

Mrs. Samuel Collett, of Ono, Pierce county, Wisconsin, is in the city visiting old friends and relatives. Mrs. Collett was formerly known as Mrs. R. S. Miller, widow of J. J. Miller, who came here from Chicago nearly twenty years ago. A couple of months ago she gave her friends quite a surprise by becoming the wife of Samuel Collett, a prominent citizen of Pierce county, Wisconsin. Mrs. Collett is the guest of her daughter, Miss Mary K. Miller, 322 First avenue east and will remain in Duluth about a week yet.

Llewellyn P. Crews, city editor of the morning edition of Hearst's Chicago American, is in the city and will spend a vacation of two weeks here.

C. S. Crain, of St. Paul, special agent of the treasury department, arrived in the city last evening, accompanied by his friend, Charles K. Creiger, of Chicago. Mr. Creiger is a son of the late former mayor of Chicago and one of the foremost Democrats of the city.

G. G. Hartley returned this morning from a trip to Chicago.

Will S. Taylor came up from Appleton this morning.

Assistant General Freight Agent H. E. Sill, of the Northern Pacific, is at the Spalding today.

A. W. Hartman, Mrs. Hartman and H. F. Williamson, Jr., and Mrs. Williamson went to Deerwood this morning.

Amos Shephard, assistant superintendent of Corrigan-McKinney & Co., is at the St. Louis today. He is now stationed at Crystal Falls, Mich.

A. C. Le Richeux and wife, left today over the Northern Pacific for Lake Minnetonka to attend the Commercial Travelers' convention.

G. C. Howe and J. G. Williams are back from an Eastern trip.

County Attorney John M. McClintock left this afternoon for a business trip to the Twin Cities.

Mrs. G. N. Lyman and daughter, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Herman Achebach, of the Bualo flats for the past week, left this afternoon for their home in Minneapolis.

Mrs. Frank N. Allen and daughter left on the Northern Pacific train this afternoon for a visit at St. Paul and Chicago.

Hunson Smith left for a business trip to St. Paul, this afternoon.

Mrs. E. H. Bochner left this afternoon for St. Paul. She will also visit about a month in the East.

Mrs. C. G. Howard, of 503 West First street, returned this noon from a month's visit at Chicago and Michigan points.

Miss Florence Richardson, who has been teaching at the high school, has resigned, and will leave this evening for her home in Elgin, Minn.

J. Adam Bede returned this afternoon from Pine City.

Mrs. R. B. Smith, of Pennsylvania, has arrived to spend the summer with Mrs. and Mrs. E. S. Radcliffe, on Park Point.

John Reidy, of Ashland, is at the St. Louis today.

A. J. Dill will leave on the twilight limited for Milwaukee.

Dr. J. M. Duncan goes to Boston via the South Shore this evening.

Dr. C. D. Harrington, of Cloquet, arrived at the McKay last evening.

Edward Hazen has returned from an effort to make a canoe trip up the White Face river. He says the river is full of log jams one of them three miles long.

G. F. Spence and wife left today over the Great Northern for Los Angeles, Cal.

W. M. Prindle has returned from an Eastern trip.

Mrs. R. N. Marble expects to leave this afternoon for the East.

Among those who will start on this evening's South Shore train for Boston to attend the sessions of the "mother church" of the Christian Scientists will be Miss Collins, Mrs. Malthanaer, D. E. Gennault, Mrs. J. C. Hughes and Mrs. M. Hammond.

CASE, VICE PRESIDENT

Chicago, June 11.—C. H. Campbell, superintendent of the water works at Charlotte, N. C., was today elected president of the American Water Works association, and L. N. Case, secretary and manager of the water works at Duluth, Minn., was chosen first vice president.

$6.95 New Ulm and Return.

June 9th, 10th and 11th, the Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short Line), will sell tickets to New Ulm, Minn., and return for $6.95, good returning June 13th, account Fireman's tournament. Three trains daily. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

The Four-Track News.

When the different members of the editor's family ask, "Why don't the Four-Track News come?" it is getting to be like Castoria, even "the children cry for it," and this tells the story. It is the most interesting publication that comes in our exchanges, and the reason is easily told. Mr. George H. Daniels, the general passenger agent, who has charge of it, has the "Carnegie Faculty" of getting good men around him, who know their business, and the result is that in everything the publication department of the New York Central distributes it is "all right."—Brooklyn, N. Y., Journal.

The subscription price of "The Four-Track News" is 50 cents per year. A sample copy will be sent free for 5 cents by George H. Daniels, general passenger agent, New York Central & Hudson River railroad, Grand Central station, New York.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Clearance of $16.50 to $24.50 Tailored Suits $7.50

A few odds and ends taken from the stock here and there—not one of them has retailed for less than $16.50—the majority of them have sold for $18.50, $20.00 and up to $25.00—on sale tomorrow at one price—$7.50.

Alterations charged for.

NO LAYBYS.
NO APPROVALS.
NO CHARGES.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

$5.75 St. Paul & Minneapolis.

June 8th to 14th, the Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Shore Line), will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75, good returning up to and including June 16th. Three trains, including Famous Lake Superior Limited, leaving 1:55 p. m. daily. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Small Prices for Fine Wash Fabrics.

75c and 85c Novelty Silk Batiste—at 45c—
One of the richest materials made for summer dresse—tomorrow at 45c a yard.

75c French Grenadines, 45c—
The daintiest and most desirable of all summer goods, the regular 75c goods—tomorrow 45c a yard.

25c Touraine Batiste at 15c a yard—
A thin durable material for summer dresses, that looks like the embroidered materials—15c per yard—regular value 25c.

19c Printed India Linon 12½c.
Ecru, black and white, and other popular shades—a regular 19c material for 12½c the yard.

St. Gall Swisses—
Dress Patterns—Reduced—The swellest and most elaborate production of the year. Plain grounds with embroidered figures and only one dress pattern of a kind.

At $11.00 the pattern—reduced from $12.50.

At $13.50 the pattern—reduced from $16.00.

Hopsacking, Etamine, Linens, at 50c the yard—
That very popular material in the most desirable shades, for shirt waist suits at 50c per yard.

Materials for Shirt Waists—
We are showing a very handsome line of Imported Scotch Madras, an excellent values—at 30c, 50c and 58c per yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.*

Clearance of Women's and Misses' Tailored Jackets at $5.00.

All finely tailored—splendid materials—all silk or satin lined—colors are Tan, Castor, Golf Red, Grey and some novelty shades. Some of them have sold for $8.75, but most of them for $10.75 and $11.50. We offer the choice of them tomorrow at—

No Charges. No Approvals. **$5.00** *Alterations Charged for.*

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Clearance of $12.50, $15, $16.50 and $21.50 Finely Tailored

Beautiful Silk Jackets at $7.50.

Made of Taffeta, Moire and Peau de Soie—some with Arabian Lace Collar — some tailor stitched throughout—all of them silk or satin lined—most all have sold for $12.50 to $21.50, a few as low as $10.75. We still have a good assortment left at $7.50.

$6.75 Tan and Black Jackets $3.75

Clearance of these lines—Women's and Misses' sizes—tan, covert or black clay worsted; our regular $6.75 lines, at—

$3.75 *Alterations Charged for.*

No approvals—No Charges.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Specials Tomorrow:

Values that will appeal to women who want first grade merchandise at extremely low prices—

High Class Trim'd Hats

Special lines—$9 and $10 Values—

at

$6.00

Beautiful Pattern Hats—

None of which have retailed for less than $15.00—at ---- ------ **$10.00**

Extraordinary Silk Values Tomorrow:

L. D. Brown & Co.'s black Armure Silks
and Gros de Londre Silks—never sold regularly for less than $1.50 a yard—at $1.00.

24-inch black Liberty Satin
Never sold regularly for less than $1.00 a yard—at 75c a yard.

Black Radsmere Silk
(Just the thing for Coats and Jackets)—never sold for less than $1.25 a yard—at $1.00.

Fancy Gauze - or Tissue.
One of the most stylish fabrics of the year—for Gowns or separate Waists—$1.25 quality at $1.00 a yard—75c quality at 59c a yard.

$1.25 and $1.00 Fancy Silks at 75c a yard.
35 pieces are included in the lot—not one yard of them sold for less than $1.00—some of them $1.25—all will be priced tomorrow at 75c a yard.

$8.75 and $7.00 Novelty Silk Waist Lengths reduced to $5.00 and $6.00.
$6.50 Waist Lengths—$3.75.
$5.00 Waist Lengths—$3.50.

Fancy Black Dress Goods, that sold for $1 to $1.25—
at 50c per yard.
Consisting of Camel Hair Figures, Mohair Pirolas, Mohair Grenadines and Jacquard Figures.
They are very cheap at the price quoted.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

Two Useful Articles For Warm Weather!

ICE CREAM FREEZERS

In all desired sizes.

Patent dasher construction does away with all motions except one—the can revolves around the dasher.

Motion is necessary in the cream, not in the machine.

The cream has more motion in the Peerless Iceland than in any other freezer.

The result is smooth, delicious ice cream in three minutes.

Three-quart freezer—

$2.15

BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES

One, two and three burner.

The use of a Wickless Blue Flame does away with all that unnecessary heat in your kitchen, caused by the use of a range or cook stove. They are absolutely safe, odorless and very economical. No one should be without one during these hot summer months.

One-burner stove—

$4.30.

All goods sold on monthly payments.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

FOR BALL GROUNDS

Scheme on Foot to Establish Them on Park Point.

Cinders and Water Mixed With Sand Would Work Well.

Belief That Team Could Be Made to Pay There.

The man that could get a fast ball team together within thirty days would be in great danger of making a barrel of money.

Duluth is pobably the only city in the United States of any size that is without a team and hundreds of fans seem to realize the disgrace keenly.

There is a general demand that something be done toward a baseball organization and the opportunity seems ripe for the right man with a little money and nine good players.

The location of the grounds is the most perplexing problem. Oneota park is closed to Sunday athletics and it is generally understood a ball team here would not make expenses without games on that day.

Though there are games on the Thirty-first avenue west grounds each Sunday, warning has been given that the West End Civic federation will oppose the playing of a strictly Duluth team on the grounds on that day.

It is now proposed to build a suitable ground on Minnesota Point. Locations in that district are numerous and engineers that have been consulted regarding the ground, say the sand could be rolled hard enough to make the finest grounds in the city by mixing in a few hundred loads of cinders and a liberal sprinkling of water.

In fact the Minnesota Point proposition seems the most feasible thus far presented. It is understood that there would be no opposition to Sunday games in that locality as long as everything is conducted in good order. The location is more convenient than any other that has been suggested, and all that is lacking now is for some active person to take hold of the scheme.

ABBOTT HELD.

Kansas City, Mo., June 11.—R. S. Abbott, arrested ten days ago at Duluth on a charge of securing $700 from Philip E. Burroughs, the former British consul here, on alleged forged bills of lading, was arraigned yesterday. He pleaded not guilty and was held under bond of $2000.

Chicago to New York In 20 Hours.

"THE PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL."

In addition to present through trains, the Pennsylvania Lines will, on Sunday, June 15th, inaugurate their 20 Hour Passenger Service between Chicago and New York, leaving Chicago daily at 12 o'clock noon.

The Equipment of the new train will be up to date, and it will be known as "The Pennsylvania Special"—running through from Chicago to New York in 20 hours.

For particular information, please call upon or address H. R. Dering, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, 248 South Clark Street, Chicago.

NEWMON & CO.,

111 West Superior St.

HIGH GRADE SHOES.....

The place to get them and to get them right is at the high grade shoe store. High grade shoes at low prices, and every pair up to date in style and finish and we stake our reputation on them as to quality. Some special line placed on sale each day.

Tomorrow, June 12—

Boys' and Youth's Shoes at Special Low Prices. Come and See Them.

Professor Eugene Watts has charge of shoe shining parlor and invites all to come and get the best shine in the city.

Repairing done as it ought to be. Bring it here and you will never regret it.

COULD DO NOTHING

Capt. Jacques Gives Important Testimony In Wilson-Hadley Case.

In His Opinion, Wilson Was Powerless to Prevent Collision.

Striking Tugmen Refuse to Answer Question For Depositors.

The investigation by Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk of the collision between the steamers Hadley and Wilson was finished yesterday afternoon. The last witnesses before the inspectors were Capt. Jacques and the crew of the tug Annie L. Smith.

One of the most important points in the investigation was brought out in Capt. Jacques' testimony. When asked by Attorney H. R. Spencer if, in his judgment as a sailor, the Wilson could have changed her course after the Hadley had blown the two blasts of her whistle, Capt. Jacques was reluctant to answer, and appealed to the inspectors as to whether he was obliged to. When told that the question must be answered, he replied that in his judgment the Wilson could have done nothing to avert the collision.

The testimony of the rest of the crew, including Engineer Charles L. Perry, Firemen Henry Swenson and Joseph Audt and G. Merman, a deck hand, threw no new light on the subject. None of them could fix definitely the distance between the two boats when the signal was given by the Hadley.

The masters of the two boats, Capt. Fitzgerald of the Hadley and Capt. Cameron of the Wilson, were present to hear the testimony, but neither went on the stand. They are required by the law to file their reports with the inspectors, but are not required to testify unless they so desire. Both captains expressed themselves as willing to be examined if there was any further explanation to be given other than was embodied in their reports.

The testimony has been taken under consideration by the local inspectors, who will endeavor to fix the blame of the collision. Capt. Cameron and nearly all of the surviving members of the crew of the Wilson left last evening for their homes on the lower lake. All of the licensed men lost their certificates with the Wilson, and these made affidavits before a notary of the public yesterday of the circumstances attending their loss. The affidavits will be sufficient to qualify the men to accept another position until they are issued new licenses. Only a few of the members of the crew of the Hadley are still in the city. Capt. Fitzgerald continues to spend the nights on board his boat.

DECLINED TO ANSWER.

Striking Tugmen Will Not Testify For Deposition.

Capt. C. H. Green and Engineers Leonard McNamara and Frost Barrows, who are charged by the Union Towing and Wrecking company of being parties to a conspiracy to hinder navigation, were summoned before Local Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk yesterday afternoon to give testimony, the instructions being to forward their depositions to Buffalo, where a similar inquiry is in progress.

Their testimony, however, will be of little value, for the reason that the men, through the instructions of their attorney, John H. Norton, refused to answer any except a few preliminary questions. The depositions taken here were under an agreement between the attorneys at Buffalo that a certain list of questions be drawn up and submitted to the striking tugmen at this port in order to save the expense of summoning them as witnesses in the trial at Buffalo.

The men refused to answer the questions on the ground that similar charges are already pending before the inspectors in Duluth, and they did not wish to answer questions that might incriminate themselves.

The questions as to whether the witnesses had licenses to operate a steam vessel or tug, when they were issued and by whom, were readily answered, but questions as to what boats the men were working on when the strike was declared, at whose direction they quit work and whether they were members of the L. T. P. A. were not answered.

Capt. Greene testified that he had gone to St. Paul May 27, the day before the strike was declared, and has not returned to work since. He had a man in his place when the strike was declared.

Capt. A. H. Kent of the Bon Ami will be questioned today, but it is expected that the same policy of refusal to testify will be followed out.

The hearing before the local inspectors on the charges filed here against the striking tugmen will be held June 25. As Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk will leave tomorrow for a week or ten days' inspection trip in the Rainy Lake district, the local office will be in charge of Supervising Inspector John D. Sloane, of Dubuque, during their absence.

CLOSING.

Commencement Exercises of St. Thomas' School Are Held.

St. Thomas' cathedral school held its closing exercises last evening in the Catholic Association hall, at the corner of Second avenue west and Fourth street. The hall was well filed and beautifully decorated, and the exercises were admirable. The decorations consisted of the class colors, lavender and pea green, with the class motto, "Labor Omnia Vincit," prominently displayed.

There were some charming choruses and recitations, a drama, "The Triumph of Justice," and the essays of the graduating class.

The essays were the prominent feature of the exercises, and they were very creditable indeed.

Bishop McGolrick addressed the teachers and pupils, testifying to the splendid work done by both. He said that the year was one of the most prosperous in the history of the school. Gold medals for amiable and polite department, scholarship and general progress were awarded to Edward Petz and Mary Donovan. Diplomas of graduation from the eighth grade to the high school department were awarded to William McGraw, Leo. Ryan, Edward Petz, Michael Cosgrove, Mary Donovan and Margaret Pierce. The following premiums were awarded:

For Christian doctrine to Charles Crowley, Joseph Belleperche, Charles Thomas, Albert Belleperche, Daniel England, Misses Nellie Reau, Victoria Whitworth, Ellen Schmittdiel, Margaret O'Donnell, Francis Chester.

For deportment, to Frank Scanlon, Victor Lanigan, Claire Fearer, Frank Bohan, Misses Jennie Belleperche, Mamie O'Brien, Mamie Thayer, Gertrude Mannheim.

For scholarship, to Edward Fisher, George Chester, James Lydon, Edward Twohy, Meinrad McDonnell, Edward McGuirk, Raymond Fling, Thomas Dodd, Misses Margaret Pierce, Elizabeth Sullivan, Minnie Leyes, Anna Risatti, Elizabeth McGraw, Gertrude Chester.

For attendance, to William Koors, John Risatti, Claude Ryan, John Hock, Misses Ernestine Bielli, Rosalia Mannheim.

For general progress, to Masters Leo Ryan, Michael O'Donnell, John Currie, Huber Albranchten, Archibald McDonnell, Joseph Dillon, Misses Angela Fitzgerald, Christine Quigley, Anna Knutson, Rose Summers, Ruth Twohy, Helen Dunsmore.

For application, to Masters William McGraw, Richard Carroll, William Daugherty, Edward Casey, Henry Summers, Vincent Fitzgerald, Misses Catherine Sullivan, Mary Casey, Mary Sullivan, Alice Fling, Alice M. Sullivan.

For penmanship, to Masters Daniel Donovan, Edward McCabe, James Sullivan, Misses Eva Idell, Clara Dillon, Alice Kane, Anna Brennan, Mary L. Campbell, Mary Louise Berini.

For drawing, to Masters Michael Cosgrove, William Casey, Norman McDonnell, Frank McCabe, Patrick Flynn, Misses Veronica Furrie, Romea Benda, Grace Parker.

For order and neatness, to Masters Patrick Fitzgerald, Thomas Lanigan, Thomas Brown, Raymond O'Donnell, Misses Catherine Mackey, Anna Wright, Caroline Hauser, Alice Thomas, Anna Fitzgerald.

For Bible history, to Masters Frank McGraw, Frank O'Donnell, John Fling, John Furrie, Leo Hubbard; Misses May Austin, Alice A. Sullivan.

For reading, to Masters Ronald Mannheim, John Mackey, Charles Young, Joseph Windel, Misses Mabel Brown, Katie Cosgrove, Anna Sullivan, Catherine Healy, Mary McPherson, Minnie Benda.

For spelling, to Masters Willard Campbell, John O'Grady, Misses Julia Holland, Rose Risatti, Jennie Stitt, Mary Lydon, Cecilia Sullivan, Marian England.

For singing, to Masters Thomas McGraw, John Scanlan, William Herkness, Albert Scanlon Misses Agnes Herton, Mary Lana, Anna Conji, Helen Mackey, Gertrude Fling.

Piles always yield to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Cures skin diseases, all kinds of wounds. Accept no counterfeits. Max Wirth.

GLEE CLUB CONCERT.

Fine Musical Event at First M. E. Church.

Tonight at the First M. E. church, corner Third avenue west and Third street, the Duluth Male Glee club will make its second appearance in concert. The club will have the assistance of Frederick G. Bradbury, violinist, and Ada Markland Sheffield, soprano, of Chicago, of whom the Ohio State Journal says: "Mrs. Sheffield is an artistic singer in every sense of the word and one which all music lovers should hear, particularly students anxious to excel in vocal music, as she will undoubtedly give them an example of her art worthy of emulation."

Duluthians are not always enabled to hear such a fine singer outside of the large cities and it is to be hoped they will turn out on this occasion.

A partial list of the patrons and patronesses is as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ayres, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Forward, Judge and Mrs. J. D. Ensign, Mr. and Mrs. A. Fitger, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Walker, Mr. and Mrs George H. Crosby, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. House, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McGonagle, Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Wells, Mr. and Mrs W. B Silvey, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hoch, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Howe, Mr. and Mrs. W. R Stone, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Washburn, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Comstock, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Billson, Mr. and Mrs. J G Williams, Mr. and Mrs. L. Mendenhall, Mr. and Mrs. Ray T. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Black, C. E. Bassett, O. D. Kinney, W. B. Cross, Hans Vigel.

The members who will participate in tonight's concert are:

First Tenors—D. G. Black, E. C. Clow, C. P. Earl, C. A. Turning, J. W. Walker, J. Wood, George Masom.

Second tenors—C. P. Frank, J. M. George, W. H. Hancock, G. D. Jewell, L. McGregor, W. N. Richards, H. W. Richardson, W. G. Starkey.

Baritones—D. Adams, L. M. Bolter, H. Brown, R. J. Dunlop, O. Mickelson, W. H. Hancock, Jr.

Basses—E. E. Oland, John Olson, J. P. Pulaski, G. J. Ryan, F. Schultz, A. Mickelson, O. Olund, L. F. Dworschak.

The officers of the club are: Director, C. W. Weeks; Franz Schultz, president; Herbert W. Richardson, vice president; David G. Black, secretary; James W. Walker, treasurer; William G. Starkey, librarian.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

Good Healthy Action

is easy to have by taking this famous old remedy—To look well and keep well, use

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere—In boxes 10c. and 25c.

SPECIAL SALE OF TAN SHOES

For Ladies, Misses and Boys

At One-third Less Than Regular Prices.

Freimuth's
Greatest Daylight Store.

Ladies' Tan Russia Calf Oxfords, military heel, extension sole, very cool, this is the famous Jenness Miller Shoe, always a $3.50 shoe, we cut to **$2.50**

Ladies' hand turn Lace Shoes of dark and tan vici kid, opera heel, the latest thing in tan, a regular $3.00 quality, selling tomorrow at **$2.00**

Ladies' tan lace, of vici kid, cloth top, turned sole and opera heel, a $3.50 value—sale price **$2.25**

Ladies' hand turned Oxford, tan kid vamp with quarter of vesting, military heel, usual price $3.00, tomorrow we halve the price **$1.50**

Misses' vici kid lace, dark tan, hand turned sole and spring heel—a very pretty shoe and worth $2.25 — we have cut the price for this sale to **$1.50**

Boys' tan Russia calf, a strong, serviceable shoe, with ex- tension soles, regular $2.00 and $2.25 values—our special price for tomorrow **$1.25**

STYLISH SKIRTS

At Special Prices.

Ladies' Walking and Rainy Day Skirts, made without lining, from medium weight Melton Cloth, in blue, brown, and black—ten-inch graduated flounce with plenty of stitching— perfect hanging skirt— regularly sold at $4—Thursday's low price **$2.25**

Dress Skirts—made from all wool Cheviot, lined with good quality percaline—only one or two of a kind—some are prettily trimmed with Taffeta and Moire bands—others are plain tailor stitched — all are good values at usual prices, $6 50 and $7— tomorrow, choice at **$5.00**

Ladies' Jackets of Covert Cloth, in tan and black — lined with silk—made in double-breasted box and tight fitting styles — an exceedingly attractive jacket—regularly sold at $10.00 — our special price for tomorrow **$7.50**

Wash Dress Skirts—made of blue duck with white polka dots and nicely trimmed with bands of plain blue pique set on graduated flounce—all sizes—a splendid value at **$2.75**

Shirt Waists—a lot of about fifteen dozen in plain and fancy stripes—made of soft finish Madras and Percales, in the newest and prettiest styles and colors—special bargain price **98c**

The last of the June Sale of Muslins

is drawing near. Don't fail to take advantage of the special prices while they last.

Maid's Bib Aprons of lawn—hemstitched hems, ties and bib—regular 35c quality—tomorrow's price only **25c**

Bib Aprons of good lawn—handsomely trimmed with em- broidery—50 cents is a low price—Thursday's price only **35c**

Tight-fitting Corset Covers—low neck—good quality cam- bric—fully worth 15 cents—the June Sale price only **9c**

Muslin Drawers—of good quality muslin—7-inch flounce finished with hemstitched or plain tucks, or trimmed with torchon lace; you couldn't make them for 35c—at **23c**

Muslin Knee Skirts with 7-inch cambric hemstitched ruffle—worth 35 cents—June Sale price only **29c**

Muslin Skirt with deep 16-inch flounce trimmed with 3 rows of insertion, or finished with lace and dust ruffle— similar to most $1.35 skirts—sale price **$1.00**

Night Gowns—of good muslin, in low or high neck style, neatly finished with lace and hemstitching—price **49c**

Becoming Millinery.

Thursday's offerings will be very attractive.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats—of dainty soft braids—delightfully trimmed with lace, ribbons, chiffon, flowers and foliage—a very artistic collection of striking millinery—these are our $5 and $6 hats—Thursday they go at, your choice **$3.75**

Misses' Street and Outing Hats—of Jap braid—in sailor and colonial shapes—trimmed with silk scarfs, quills and bands of velvet in such a way as to make them very girlish and becoming; the regular prices run from $2.50 to $3, we bought them late—our price **$1.50**

Underwear and Hosiery.

Women's low neck and sleeveless Vests—Richelieu ribbed, lisle finish, nicely made and trimmed with silk tape at neck and arms—a splendid garment, usually 15c, tomorrow **10c**

Women's all over lace lisle vests—excellent quality; perfectly made, low neck and sleeveless, handsomely trimmed with ribbon at neck and arms, a variety of patterns; 39c value **25c**

Tomorrow's offering in hosiery will give you a rare chance. Our New York buyer has secured several lots of imported ingrain lace lisle hose at about two-thirds of the regular price—Hermsdorf dye; the kind we have been selling and others are selling at 50c; tomorrow these hose will go at remarkably low price of **35c**

Leather Belts.

Ladies' Combination Card Case and Purse, made of good quality grain leather, nicely embossed and lined with canvas— regular price 35c —tomorrow, a small price, only **25c**

Genuine Seal Pocket Book with strong frame — handsomely lined —sold everywhere at 75c— Thursday, only **50c**

Chatelaine Bags of grain seal —for misses and children—nicely made with leather straps and hooks — in black and brown, an excellent value at **25c**

*Our line of belts is very com-*plete and up-to-date. We have every late style, all priced very low—

Patent Leather Belts ...25c to 75c
Grain Seal Belts.....25c, 50c, 75c
Real Seal Belts.....50c to 95c

Dainty Wash Materials.

Special Thursday Values.

32-inch Indigo Blue Calico — conventional de- signs—12½c quality at **8½c**

Silk Dot Zephyrs—attractive stripes with silk dots—colors are lavender, tan, pink, blue, green, yellow and oxblood—the 25c kind Monday at **19c**

Wash Etamine—a new arrival—the very latest for shirt waists—a loose, heavy woven material in solid colors only — an excellent value at **50c**

Exceptional Dress Goods Values.

EXTRA SPECIAL—a mixed lot of about twenty pieces —to be closed out—some are plain weaves, a few fancy — widths up to 40 inches—worth up to 75c—to close make your selection, the yard —only **45c**

44-inch Black Burr Etamine — the popular light weight fabric in black for summer wear—all wool and worth $1.25—a piece left from a lot bought very low, the yard **85c**

Picture Frames.

Another new addition to this metropolitan store—is the picture framing section, which is in connection with the wall paper department. The lines of mouldings are very beautiful and the prices are much lower than the exclusive dealer asks. We also have a very handsome line of made-up frames in plain and fancy shapes, and some new and striking framed pictures in prints, half tones and colors. Don't fail to visit the department for prices before buying.

Fine Umbrellas.

*Ladies' and Men's Umbrel-*las—Paragon frame—covered with Gloria Silk, twilled or plain, with either silver trimmed pearl handles or natural wood handles—regular $2.00 kind. Tomorrow at **$1.50**

SPECIALS FROM THE BIG BASEMENT FOR TOMORROW.

Screen Time is Here

And prices on our Screens are away down. Here's an example.

Adjustable Screens for windows—three sizes.
Size 1 ..... 23c
Size 2 ..... 25c
Size 3 ..... 35c

Screen Doors—1½ inches thick, nicely painted—the best screen value ever offered—all sizes—complete with spring hinges, steel catches, china knob and screws, any size **89c**

Fancy Carved Wood Screen Doors— nicely varnished in natural finish—complete with fixtures—all sizes—each only **$1.25**

For the Garden and Lawn.

Extra quality Sprinkling Hose, guar- anteed to last two seasons—regularly 15c— tomorrow, the foot **12c**

Also a large line of Hose at 10c, 8c, 7c and **6½c**

Lawn Mowers—a splendid working machine—10-inch size—tomorrow only **$2.39**

Lawn Settees—adjustable— $1.25 kind—tomorrow at **98c**

Camp Stools, folding, with high back, each only **29c**

Croquet Sets from $1.48 down to **48c**

A handsome line of Hammocks at special prices ranging from $5.75 down to **59c**

Hoes—good steel—strong handle —always 25c—tomorrow at **18c**

Picnic Baskets.....**25c down to 5c**

Porcelain Ware.

35c Stone Pitchers only..... **23c**
18c Cuspidors..... **18c**
19c Jardinieres— each **12c**
Decorated Fern Dishes— 50c kind—tomorrow **39c**

One, two, three rubs; a few

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

makes Silver look like new.

Sample sent if you say so. 30 Cliff St., New York.

WEIGHTY REASONS

Given By Coal Operators For Not Arbitrating Strike.

Letters and Telegrams Concerning Matter Are Made Public.

Can Be But One Management In Running Mines.

New York, June 11.—The presidents of the coal roads immediately affected by the strike of the anthracite coal miners made public yesterday letters and telegrams which have passed between the operators and President Mitchell and other representatives of the United Mine Workers.

The first letter on the list is that of President Baer of the Central railroad of New Jersey, dated Philadelphia, Feb. 18, 1902, and addressed, as were all replies, the operators say, to "John Mitchell, president, and others," at Indianapolis. Mr. Baer says in part:

"In the judgment of the companies I represent it is impracticable to form a wage scale for the whole antinracite region. The dissimilarity between anthracite and bituminous mining is so great that it does not follow that any success attending the creation of a uniform wage scale in the bituminous region could be repeated in the anthracite fields.

"This company does not favor the plan of having its relations with the miners disturbed every year.

"We will always receive and consider every application of the men in our employ. We will endeavor to correct every abuse, to right every wrong, to deal justly and fairly with them.

"There cannot be two masters in the management of business.

"The objection to your proposition is not alone that the impracticability of forming a uniform scale of wages, but it is to the divided allegiance it creates. Discipline is essential in the conduct of all business. It is of vital importance in all mining operations, where the disobedience of one man may endanger the lives of hundreds of his fellow workmen. You cannot have discipline when the employe disregards and disobeys the reasonable orders and directions in the conduct of business of his superior officer, relying upon some outside power to sustain him.

"Your organizations have no power to enforce their decrees, and thereby insure discipline, and we have no power to maintain discipline except the power of discharge.

A careful analysis of the results of last year's operations show that the efficiency of our mines has decreased 1,000,000 tons because the contract miners have worked only 4½ to 6 hours' a day.

"With no disposition to interfere with labor organizations in all honest efforts to better the welfare and the condition of the working classes, we respectfully decline to join in any conference for the formation of a wage scale for the next year.

"GEORGE F. BAER, President."

President Truesdale, of the Lackawanna, writing from New York, Feb. 18, 1902, to the miners' officials, says in part:

"Dear Sirs:—This will acknowledge receipt of your communication of the 14th inst., asking this company to be represented at a joint conference of operators and miners to be held on March 12, at Scranton, Pa.

"In reply I beg to state that it is not the present intention of this company to be represented at such conference, if held. The policy and practice of this company is, and always has been, to deal directly with all classes of its employes through committees or other representatives of them duly accredited as such and also in the employ of the company, on all questions concerning wages, hours of service and other conditions pertaining to their employment.

"The situation and conditions vary widely as respects the mining of anthracite coal in the different fields. It must be manifest, therefore, to anyone familiar with these conditions, and the practice that has grown up inner them, that it is entirely impracticable to adjust these wage questions in the anthracite regions in any general convention or mass meeting composed of all the mine owners in the anthracite regions and representatives of all their employes or in any other manner than has heretofore—direct between employer and employe.

"W. H. TRUESDALE,
"President."

President E. B. Thomas, of the Erie, has this to say in his letter, dated New York, Feb. 20, 1902:

"So far as the apparent effect of your association has been that at no time during the last twenty years has a greater spirit of unrest and agitation prevailed among the anthracite miners than has existed during the past year.

"Notwithstanding the advance in wages, the fair treatment that has been accorded and the patient and friendly disposition manifested toward the various committees, the depreciation in the quantity of work produced per man has amounted to about 12 per cent and from April to Oct. 1 there have been no less than 102 interruptions of work occasioned by unwarranted demands and agitation by members of your association, resulting in loss of over 600 days work and over 600,000 tons of production.

"It is no concern of this company whether the men belong to an association or not. It is their inalienable right to take either course that they may deem for their best interests; nor ought we to be asked, in view of the grave responsibilities resting upon us, to consent to join with persons not in our employ in making general laws applying not only to our districts, but to others, and affecting as well large numbers of persons not belonging to your association.

"You now ask this company to join the representatives of other anthracite coal interests and a representative of the mine workers to formulate a scale of wages and conditions of employment which shall govern the coming year.

"In our judgment this is impracticable, and the best interests of the companies represented no less than those of the miners themselves, render impracticable any such efforts.

"This company prefers to deal with its own employes. It is prepared to pay them the highest wages in force for similar work; to accord them fair, considerate and liberal treatment and to endeavor to the utmost extent to remedy any injustice of which they may complain and in every manner within our power to make pleasant, profitable and permanent the relations between us. Such is the course that for over fifty years it has pursued in dealing with its employes, and the experiences of the past have demonstrated the correctness of this position.

"E. B. THOMAS."

The replies of President Fowler of the Ontario & Western, H. M. Oliphant of the Delaware & Hudson, and Alfred Walter of the Lehigh Valley, are brief, and practically to the same effect as those of the others.

The operators follows these replies with the notice posted in the collieries March 14, 1902, continuing the wages then in effect until April 1, 1903.

These telegrams are here reproduced:

"March 22, 1902. By direction of miners' convention, I wire to ascertain if your company will join other anthracite coal companies in conference with committee representing anthracite mine workers for the purpose of discussing and adjusting grievances which effect all companies and all companies alike. Please answer.

"JOHN MITCHELL, Chairman."

Answer:

"March 24, 1902. Always willing to meet our employes to discuss and adjust any grievances. I had hoped that my letter clearly expressed our views.

"GEORGE F. BAER."

The history of the strike from the Shamokin convention to May 8 is then outlined, and the following is given as propositions by Mr. Thomas, understood to be the basis of the first conference of the coal presidents and the mine workers and civic federation officials:

1. The anthracite companies do not undertake in the slightest manner to discriminate against members of the United Mine Workers of America; but they do insist that members of that organization shall not discriminate against nor decline to work with non-members of such association.

2. That there shall be no deterioration in the quantity or quality of the work; and that there shall be no effort to restrict the individual exertions of men who are working by the ton or car, may for reasons satisfactory to themselves and their employers, produce such a quantity of work as they may desire.

3. By reason of the different conditions, varying not only with the districts, but with the mines themselves, thus rendering absolutely impossible anything approaching uniform conditions, each mine must arrange, either individually or through its committees with the superintendents or managers, any questions affecting wages or grievances.

The first discussion, the adjournment for thirty days, and the two futile and final discussions between the union leaders and the operators represented by Messrs. Thomas, Truesdale and Baer, are mentioned.

Mr. Mitchell's dispatch of May 8 to the operators is then given. It says in part:

"Inasmuch as in our recent conferences, the anthracite mine workers and mine operators have failed to reach an agreement upon any of the questions at issue, we propose that the industrial branch of the National Civic Federation select a committee of five persons to arbitrate and decide all or any of the questions in dispute, the award of such board of arbitration to be binding upon both parties, and effective for a period of one year.

"Should the above proposition be unacceptable to you we propose that a committee composed of Archbishop Ireland, Bishop Potter and one other person, whom these two may select, be authorized to make an investigation into the wages and conditions of employment existing in the anthracite field and if they decide that the average annual wages received by anthracite mine workers are sufficient to enable them to live, maintain and educate their families in a manner comfortable to established American standards and consistent with American citizenship, we agree to withdraw our claims for higher wages, and more equitable conditions of employment, providing that the anthracite mine operators agree to comply with any recommendations the above committee make affecting the earnings and conditions of their employes. Immediate reply is solicited.

"JOHN MITCHELL,
"Chairman."

The answer of Messrs. Thomas, Truesdale, Baer and Oliphant follows:

Mr. Thomas says: "Not only from our standpoint but from yours as well, the matter has had such full and careful consideration in all its features at our several interviews last week as leaves little to be discussed. In addition, my letter of Feb. 20 cannot fail to make it clear to you that the subject cannot be practically handled in the manner suggested in your telegram."

Mr. Truesdale says: "Your message of this date received. You fail to state in it what the notices posted by this company not only agree to continue paying the 10 per cent increase granted our employes in 1900, until April 1, 1903, and thereafter subject to sixty days' notice, but it also states that our mining superintendents will take up and adjust any grievances with our employes. The reasons why we cannot grant your demand have been most fully explained in our recent conference and my letter to you of Feb. 16, last."

Mr. Baer explains a delay in answering the dispatch and after referring to the civic federation conferences, he adds: "Anthracite mining is a business and not a religious, sentimental or academic proposition. The laws governing the companies I represent in express terms impose the business management on the president and directors. I could not, if I would, delegate this business management to even so highly a respectable body as the civic federation nor can I call to my aid as experts in the mixed problem of business and philanthropy the eminent prelates you have named."

Mr. Oliphant declines the proposition briefly, and the long presentment of the operators closes with the statement that no further communications have been received.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—Cincinnati, 10; Philadelphia, 1.
At New York—St. Louis, 3; New York, 2.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburg, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Detroit—Detroit, 8; Philadelphia, 12.
At Chicago—Chicago, 7; Washington, 3.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 10; Baltimore, 7.
At St. Louis—Boston, 5; St. Louis, 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Toledo—Louisville, 11; Toledo, 8.
At Columbus—Indianapolis, 6; Columbus, 5.
At St. Paul—Milwaukee, 9; St. Paul, 5.
At Kansas City—Minneapolis, 12; Kansas City, 8.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	42	33	9	.786
Chicago	40	23	17	.575
Brooklyn	44	24	20	.545
New York	41	18	23	.439
Boston	37	17	22	.436
Philadelphia	43	18	25	.419
St. Louis	43	18	25	.419
Cincinnati	42	16	26	.381

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	38	23	15	.605
Boston	41	23	18	.561
Philadelphia	39	21	18	.538
Detroit	38	20	18	.526
St. Louis	38	19	19	.500
Baltimore	38	20	18	.526
Washington	41	18	23	.439
Cleveland	42	16	26	.381

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	45	28	17	.623
Louisville	42	26	16	.610
Indianapolis	39	24	15	.615
St. Paul	42	26	16	.619
Kansas City	42	20	22	.476
Milwaukee	41	17	24	.415
Minneapolis	41	16	25	.390
Toledo	39	9	30	.231

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they *want to*, but simply because they *must*.

They know they are irritable and fretful; but they cannot be otherwise.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.

The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

Piano Recital.

At Endion M. E. church under the auspices of the Ladies' union, Friday evening, June 13. 25 cents.

It produces a wonderful effect upon the human system. Indescribable feelings of pleasure go leaping and bounding through your body after taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

TOMORROW, THURSDAY

The Panton & White Company will give another grand demonstration of their buying and selling powers. This time we will place on sale 250 doz. (or 3000) Ladies' White Shirt Waists, all a manufacturer had, he wanted to get started on his winter waists and we relieved him of his entire stock at just **half his former prices.** The goods will be placed on sale on Bargain Counters Nos. 1 and 2, and without fear of contradiction we say this is the greatest bargain we ever offered in **Shirt Waists.** While the quantity is large we would suggest your coming early in order to get first choice. Furthermore, we are satisfied ladies will buy them by the dozen when they see how cheap they are.

Sale Begins Tomorrow Morning at 8 a. m.

BARGAIN COUNTER 1.

Ladies' Shirt Waists Half Price

2,000 ladies' beautiful white lawn Shirt Waists will be placed on sale tomorrow at half price—This is positively the most sensational waist sale of the season—$1.25 and $1.00 white lawn waists at 49c; made of fine India lawn, fancy stock collar—beautifully trimmed and tucked; all over—others with several rows of embroidery insertion in front; all new and exquisite styles and latest ideas—open front or back; all sizes, 32 to 42—sale price—

49c

BARGAIN COUNTER 2.

Ladies' Shirt Waists Half Price

1,000 ladies' new fine white lawn shirt waists—positively $1.50 and $1.75 values to go at 69c—they come in the Gibson effect and several other good fashionable styles—some tucked and hemstitched—others made with embroidered fronts, while some are tucked and trimmed with inserting down front—price,

69c

BARGAIN COUNTER 3.

LADIES' SKIRTS HALF PRICE.

600 Ladies' Black Mercerized Sateen Underskirts will be placed on sale tomorrow at 98c, worth from $1.75 to $3 each. They are all new, clean styles, just received from New York. Made full width—good deep plaited flounce with ruffle—elegantly finished and stitched—just see them—sale price—

98c

Black and Colored Silks.

Value, durability, small profit and exclusiveness has made us the leaders in the silk business at the Head of the Lakes.

Thursday's Great Silk Sale.

Four immense lots of high-grade Silks, filling our entire counter to overflowing—the choicest pickings of our entire stock—such Silks as Taffetas, Peau de Cygene, Peau de Soie, Gros Grain, Louisenes, Mories, Foulards, etc

$1.50 Values at 99c
$1.00 Values at 69c
75c Values at 49c
65c Values at 39c

Linings.

Remnants! Remnants!

Our immense Lining business during the season has left us with a great many Remnants. We have decided to close the entire lot out regardless of cost—Percales, Sileslas, Near Silk, etc.

Half Price Half Price

Shoe Department.

Women's glace kid, turn soles, military heels, kid or patent leather tips, regular $3.00 quality, very dressy, special Thursday **$2.48**

Women's kid or cloth top shoes, military, low or spring heels, patent leather tips, very best styles, all sizes and widths, worth $2, special Thursday price **$1.39**

Four styles of Ladies' hand turned vici kid Oxford Ties, in lace or button, high or low heels, all this season's newest styles, all sizes and widths, worth $2.50 and $2.75, special for Thursday, only **$2.19**

Ladies' $1.75 kid Oxford Ties, kid and vesting tops, patent leather tips, very flexible soles—stylish, serviceable goods, Thursday's special price **$1.39**

Ladies' fine hand turned strap sandals, plain straps or fancy bows, soft and pliable, all sizes and widths, regular price $1.25, Thursday only, per pair **98c**

Gloves.

50 dozen ladies' 2-clasp lisle Gloves, black and white only at a pair **25c**

100 dozen ladies' 2-clasp suede lisle, black, white, grey and beaver, with self or black backs—at a pair **50c**

Ladies' finest Milanese Suede Gloves 2-clasps, all colors—at a pair **75c**

Ladies' Lace Gloves, pair **25c and 50c**

Ladies' Lace Silk Mitts, elbow lengths black and white, pair **69c and $1.19**

Ladies' White Kid Gloves—pair **69c, 89c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00.**

Ladies' street gloves, extra value per pair **$1.50**

Dress Goods.

Great June Sale of Light-weight Dress Goods—every piece must go regardless of cost.

45-inch Imported French Voiles—$2.00 quality for **$1.25**

46-inch Imported London Twine Etamine, $1.25 quality for **79c**

45-inch Imported Mistral Etamine, $1.00 quality for **59c**

38-inch Domestic Etamines, 50c quality for **33c**

Wash Goods.

June Sale of High-grade Wash Fabrics, handsome weaves, at great reductions.

45-inch Swiss Plumatis, 60c quality, per yard, for **49c**

Swiss Embroidered Batiste, 50c quality, per yard **29c**

Imported Scotch Madras, 35c and 45c qualities, per yard **25c**

Exclusive designs in Lawns and Dimities, 20c qualities, per yard **15c**

Ginghams in plain and fancy weaves, 12½c qualities **10c**

Dress Trimmings.

Embroidered silk Bands in many combinations of colorings—1 inch and 1½ inches wide, at—a yard

95c, $1.25 and $1.50

Silk Applique—in black and white, plain black and plain white—a yard—

39c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

Brilliant Silk Braids—More popular than ever—they give a rich and finished appearance to a dress, and wear as no other trimming will wear—they are made in linen—colors black and white—per yard—

10c up to 75c

Silk and Mohair Gimp—An almost endless variety of styles, widths and colors—per yard—

5c up to 25c

Millinery Dept.

All the latest up-to-date creations are on exhibition here.

Ladies' Dress Hats from—

$2.75 up to $35.00

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Hats at—

95c up to $5.00

Headgear for boys and girls—an unlimited assortment and at prices that will surprise you for cheapness.

Just Opened.

Another big express shipment of infants' silk and mull caps.

Umbrellas and Parasols.

Ladies' and Men's English Gloria Umbrellas, steel rods, natural wood handles, each **45c**

Ladies' and Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, steel rods, paragon frame, large assortment, fancy handles—bargain each **$1.25**

Ladies' China Silk Ruffled Parasols—each **$1.69**

Ladies' Parasols from **$1.00 to $18.50 each.**

1000 Children's Parasols, fancy colors, each **10c**

Ladies' Hosiery.

Extraordinary balance for Thursday. 200 dozen ladies' two toned fancy cotton Hose with black feet—a pair **12½c**

500 dozen ladies' half open work, fast black Cotton Hose, a rare bargain—worth 25c pair, at **15c**

100 dozen ladies' fancy cotton also fancy lisle and lace open work Hose, quite new, at a pair **25c**

50 dozen ladies' fast black lisle thread Hose, in Richelieu and Rembrandt ribs, worth 69c—Thursday a pair **39c**

Boys' and Men's Hose.

2 cases children's open work lace lisle Hoss, in reds, tans, white, pink, blue and blacks, plain and ribs, at a pair **25c**

3 cases of girls' fine quality of fast black cotton hose, with split feet—at a pair **25c**

1 case boys' extra fine twisted yarn, German fast black stockings, made for good service and not found elsewhere in city—a pair **50c to 75c**

5 cases boys' and girls' fast black, ribbed Cotton Hose, guaranteed to give excellent wear, sizes run from 6 to 9½, worth 25c a pair at **15c**

Infants' Hosiery a specialty with us. We have mercerized silk, fine lisle, lace and cashmere, in pink, sky, tan, cardinal, white and black—at a pair **25c**

Jewelry Department.

Sash Pins—A very swell sample line of silver plated sash pins—you never saw prettiest designs in solid silver, while they last—each **49c**

Collar Buttons—Parks Bros. and Rogers standard aluminum back lever buttons, heavy gold plate fronts—Thursday 3 for **10c**

New Ideas in Belts.

We have just received a new lot of Girdles—regular beautles—in tucked satin, moire and velvet. You'll have to see them to appreciate the style and nattiness and general up-to-dateness—on sale Thursday, Friday and Saturday—a real bargain—at only **59c**

All our 25c Belt Buckles—gilt, silver and oxidized—Thursday's price only **17c**

Fishing Tackle Dept.

Bass and trout season now in full swing—also our Tackle Department. Followers of Walton can get what they want, and save money, too, if they bear in mind the Glass Block has the most complete line in the city.

Split Bamboo Rods, 3-joint, cork grip, nickel reel-seat, and silk wound, complete, with cloth sack, at—each **75c**

Reels—Double Multiplying, full Nickel-plated Reels, with click and drag, 60-yard size **59c**

A genuine Hendryx Quadruple Multiplying Reel, with click and drag, 60 yard size, only **$1.50**

The famous Shakespeare Reel, the new pattern, with patent thumb click and drag, runs like a top—each **$6.25**

Spoons—all sizes and styles—full nickel-plated—choice **10c**

Skinner Spoons—we offer this celebrated Spoon in No. 6 size—at **25c**

Flies—All on mist-colored Leaders, in all the popular kinds—per doz **50c**

Flies—all styles in regular sizes and best colors, a whirlwind at—per dozen **30c**

Fish Hooks—Carlisle, Kirby, Limerick and Sproat—

From 2c to 5c per doz

Bass Hooks on best gut leaders—the Cincinnati on double gut leaders in the best sizes go at, per dozen **25c**

The Carlisle—in mist colored twisted leaders; strongest ever made, per dozen **50c**

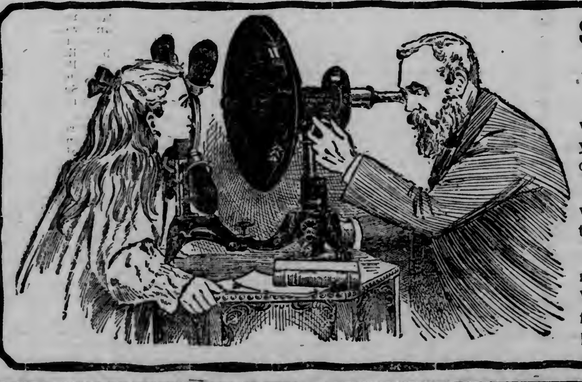
Sproat shape in high grade bronzed hook (will not rust) every hook hand pointed and sharp as a needle.

3-0 and 4-0 sizes go at, per dozen **$1.00**

5-0 size go at, per dozen **$1.10**

Fish Baskets—11-lb size—best white willow baskets at, each **$1.19**

Famous "Orvis" tackle sold here.



SMOKED GLASSES.

Don't get them without first having your eyes looked over.

Often a proper white glass is ten times better.

Our tests are correct and they are free. We fill prescriptions for glasses at CUT PRICES.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

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Single copy, daily	.02
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WEEKLY HERALD.

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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth: Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 11.—The barometer is low over Kansas and Lake Superior, and highest over Oregon and South Carolina. Warm weather prevails in the Missouri, Mississippi and Ohio valleys and Southern states. Showers fell over the Southern lake region, Lower Ohio and Upper Mississippi valleys and portions of the Northwest. The winds in the lake region are variable and fresh to brisk, mostly westerly on Superior.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	94	Memphis	88
Battleford	64	Miles City	84
Bismarck	74	Milwaukee	70
Boston	72	Minnedosa	68
Buffalo	62	Modena	88
Calgary	64	Montgomery	94
Charleston	78	Montreal	70
Chicago	80	New Orleans	94
Cincinnati	82	New York	74
Davenport	88	North Platte	102
Denver	94	Oklahoma	96
Detroit	74	Omaha	94
Dodge City	96	Pittsburg	88
Duluth	62	Port Arthur	66
Edmonton	60	Portland	72
El Paso	96	Prince Albert	66
Escanaba	64	Qu'Appelle	68
Galveston	86	Rapid City	80
Green Bay	64	San Francisco	64
Havre	78	Santa Fe	96
Helena	76	Shreveport	98
Houghton	62	Spokane	72
Huron	82	St. Louis	92
Jacksonville	86	St. Paul	72
Kansas City	94	Sault Ste. Marie	58
Knoxville	90	Swift Current	68
La Crosse	78	Washington	82
Lander	88	Williston	90
Los Angeles	74	Winnemucca	88
Marquette	58		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time), today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and slightly cooler tonight and Thursday. Fresh to brisk northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 11.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with showers and thunderstorms in east and south portions tonight and in southeast portion Thursday.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Slightly cooler tonight and in southeast portion Thursday.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Slightly cooler tonight.

Lakes—Michigan and Huron—Variable winds, shifting to fresh and brisk northerly tonight or Thursday. Showers.

Lake Superior—Fresh to brisk northwest winds. Showers on east portion tonight. Probably fair Thursday.

Let Them Be Given Statehood.

The present congress seems indisposed to admit Arizona, Oklahoma and New Mexico as states into the Union, yet there are many reasons why they should be admitted. Aside from any claim on account of their own qualifications, the three territories may demand and can rightfully expect treatment as generous as that received by other states admitted during the past thirty or forty years. The population of Arizona is 122,931, of Oklahoma 398,331, of New Mexico 195,319. In 1867 Nebraska came in with a population of less than 100,000. In 1870 the new state could muster but 122,993, less than New Mexico or Oklahoma and only sixty-two more than Arizona. If the claim of Nebraska was good in 1867, why is not that of the three territories better in 1902? In 1876 Colorado was admitted. In 1870 the territory had 39,864 inhabitants, the number increasing to 194,327 in 1880. It was probably less than 100,000 in 1876. In 1889 Montana was admitted with a population less than 130,000, and in 1890 Idaho became a state with just 84,385. The three territories are growing, Oklahoma very rapidly, and it is gross injustice to deny them immediate statehood.

The Labor Vote Next November.

The labor vote may play a more important part in the elections this fall than even the politicians think, although they are fully aware of the growing power of the laboring men. The coal strike is quite likely to have a far-reaching effect on the congressional elections, for although the strike field lies in the great Republican state of Pennsylvania, its ramifications, through sympathetic strikes in West Virginia, which is always a close state, and in other parts of the country, may have an important influence on the labor vote, which is an element that the politicians dread and fear to oppose. The recent victories made by the labor organizations in New England, where labor candidates have been elected mayors in several important towns, and the attitude of the labor leaders in regard to the Chinese exclusion law, the scheme to build warships at the government navy yards, and other measures that have come before the present congress, have caused the politicians to do a great deal of thinking. They realize that the labor people are not only becoming very powerful, but are learning to use their organized strength. A prominent Democratic politician in Washington thus expresses his views to the correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle: "In my opinion, the labor organizations will support the Democratic candidates for congress at the next election wherever they believe it is possible for them to elect a Democrat by doing so. In some districts where they are particularly strong they will undoubtedly place independent labor candidates in the field. The coal strike and the opposition of the labor organizations to the Chinese exclusion act, passed by this Republican congress, will, in my judgment, greatly benefit the Democratic party at the approaching elections. It is too early now to tell what close districts the support of the labor vote will enable us to carry, but certainly the present situation is giving great encouragement to the managers of the Democratic congressional campaign committee." This expresses the views of a very large number of politicians. The Republican leaders see the necessity of settling the coal strike for one thing and of attending to some other matters over which labor is disgruntled. From the present outlook there may be some surprises after the ballots are counted at the coming elections.

EDUCATING THE NEGRO.

The wonderful progress made by the negroes of the South who have had the advantages of eduation, again illustrates the already evident fact that better results can be obtained in solving the race problem through education than in any other way. Booker T. Washington's famous school at Tuskegee, Ala., has just closed its twenty-first year and to the work of this institution the greatest credit is due. Twenty-one years ago this school had one teacher and thirty pupils, with no grounds or buildings. The enrollment this year has been 1,390 in the normal department, 960 being young men. Of these, 562 have worked all the year during the day and gone to school at night. Some of the success of the work must be credited to Mrs. Washington, who has organized and supervised, in addition to the school proper, town and social settlement work, which has done service for the young men and women unable to attend school and has transformed over four hundred of them from loungers about the streets into students having a purpose in life.

The year just closed illustrates better than ever the handicraft of the students of the school. Probably no other of the many gifts which Mr. Carnegie has made for libraries has proportionally gone as far as the $20,000 which he gave for a library at the school. The building is the crowning achievement thus far in the line of student labor. The plans were drawn by the school's architect and director of industries. It is well adapted to its purpose, architecturally ornamental, is finished in natural woods and is said to be a beautiful structure. Yet no building on the ground is more completely the work of students than this. They made even the bricks, of which there are about 450,000 in the structure. The work that has been done in connection with study has been marvelous. The students made during the year 2,128,223 bricks and laid 1,843,566, the others being sold to outside parties. They cultivated about 800 acres of land and sawed from logs 200,000 feet of lumber, a large part of which they worked up into furniture, wagons, buggies, wheelbarrows and house trimmings. The printing office did over $8,000 worth of work and made a profit of nearly $700 for the school over all expenses.

Such an illustration as this should set the philanthropists thinking in the direction of this remarkable accomplishment. There is great opportunity for further advancement and the results can be wonderfully multiplied.

NEW PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

While the public buildings bill, like the river and harbor bill, is looked upon as an "pork" measure of congress, the distribution of the large sums which are expended for this purpose is perhaps more equitably divided throughout the country by this measure than by the other. By the recent act of congress, which has been signed by the president, the sum of $20,000,000 is to be expended in the erection of court houses, postoffices, custom houses and other federal structures in forty-five states and territories. In all, 118 new buildings are to be planned and constructed, while the plans for twenty-eight buildings that are now under way are to be altered and enlarged. In addition to this the new law appropriates a large sum of money for the purchase of court houses and customs houses sites. When it became known that the present congress was going to pass a public building act, there was a perfect avalanche of bills calling for money for this purpose. The aggregate of these markings was over $66,000,000. The committee on public buildings and grounds sifted through the lot and finally allowed about one-fourth. After the house got through tinkering with the recommendations of the committee, it was found that provision had been made for the expenditure of about $17,500,000. The bill went to the senate, where a number of senators tacked on amendments calling for more money, the total then being almost $20,000,000. A conference committee then sat in judgment on the senate amendments and finally agreed to a measure appropriating $19,425,450.

All the public buildings costing $100,000 and less are designed by the supervising architects' office, while the work for buildings costing more than that is let by contract, both as to drafting the plans and the actual construction. A number of costly buildings are provided for in the recently enacted law, so that there will be considerable work soon to be competed for by prominent architects. The law requires that at least five sets of plans shall be handed in, but the department usualy gets about twice this number, and twenty architects competed for the work of building the New York customs house. The supervising architect outlines the style of plans to be drafted, and when the work is submitted each set of drawings is numbered, and nothing is left to indicate the names of the different designers. Then the architect secures four competent architects from some other part of the country, to act with him as a committee to pass upon the drawings. The best set of drawings are selected, the number of the same is compared with the numbers that are submitted in separate blank envelopes, and the name of the winner is announced.

By this plan there can be no charges of favoritism and merit should win. There has been great improvement in late years in methods of awarding government work, and this plan for buildings has worked very successfuly.

HEAT AND INSANITY.

An interesting statement has recently been made by an official of an institution in an Alaskan city for the treatment of the insane, in support of the theory that excessive heat bears an important relation to the increase of insanity. It is alleged that the population of an insane hospital increased very largely last month, during a spell of unusually hot weather, though that might have been only a coincidence.

Alluding to this fact, the Philadelphia Times says that there are undoubtedly several physiological reasons back of the claim. The heat of summer, and especially that of the first hot days, produces a lassitude of body and mind against which nervous and mentally weak persons struggle in vain. That weather extremes have a deleterious effect upon the criminally inclined is also a favorite theory of some experts on criminology. These theories are all worthy of attention, and emphasize the fact that human suffering and frailty may become the subject of such precise analysis as to permit the introduction of more effective remedial agencies.

This, if based on truth, fact and experience is worthy of consideration. The residents of Duluth may regard themselves as fortunate, whether the theory advanced is correct or not, that they live in a climate so tempered that nobody should become insane on account of it. Of course this part of the country has its share of insane people, but their mental aberration can scarcely be charged to hot weather.

The Philadelphia Public Ledger remarks: "The beef trust claims that it is losing money by selling its product to retailers at $11 a hundred, undressed; yet the average bid of Armour & Co. for dressed beef for the Indians was $8.24 a hundred, and those of the other members of the combination were almost equally low. There may be nothing illegal in this, but there is much for the public to think about."

The New York Tribune, alluding to Brother Parkhurst, intimates that a clergyman who is compelled to spend part of the winter at Lakewood under restrictions by his physician, which forbid him even the excitement of casual conversation with strangers, and then has to flee to Europe for a long rest at the beginning of the summer, is not in position to know well enough what is going on in police circles in New York.

The Boston Herald is responsible for this story: That wicked man, Elihu Root, secretary of war, is now charged with telling a story about a New Yorker who left his club rather late, and, proceeding homeward, encountered a tree. He retreated and advanced again, meeting the same tree. He sat down on the street and exclaimed in a sad tone: "Lost! Lost in an impenetrable forest!"

Farmers in Hunterdon county, N. J., where the 17-year-old locust has put in an appearance, are planning to fight the pest with fire and arsenic. The locusts are so numerous at Holland that they are being scooped up by shovelfuls. So far they have not appeared in the Northwest, and immigrants of that class are not desired here.

The Plaza hotel, in New York, which was erected only about fifteen years ago, was supposed then to be the finest thing obtainable in hotel construction. Now it has been bought for $3,000,000, to be torn down to give place to a $10,000,000 structure, twenty stories high. How high the prices will be is not stated.

In a New Jersey glass factory, boys of 8 and 9 years have been found working for fourteen hours a day within two feet of glass furnaces, where the heat is so great that no thermometer will record it. New Jersey needs some stringent laws regarding child labor and officials to enforce them.

The Republicans have a "large working majority" in the Oregon legislature, but that does not necessarily mean the election of a United States senator. Oregon legislatures are peculiar in that respect.

Two hundred dollars put in a New York savings bank in 1840 and apparently forgotten amounts to more than $3000 now. The man who deposited it died twelve years ago, but his heirs are happy.

Ex-President Kruger's future was not considered in the terms of peace. But he says he will never return to South Africa, which, in view of his advanced age, is a sensible conclusion.

Will President Roosevelt accept the invitation to take a trip in the submarine Holland boat? There is little doubt that if he was a private citizen he would take the risk.

It is claimed that the most beautiful young woman in Europe is a Miss Constantinovitch. Which goes to show that beauty does not depend upon a name.

The advocates of the Panama canal route seem to be in the majority in the senate. But will the house accept the amendment?

The Portland Telegram suggests that Mary MacLane ought to take a course of literary study in France—with Zola, for instance.

Out in Oregon the newspapers are asking that talk of politics be suspended for two years. That would be a happy state of affairs.

A postal currency is needed by the business interests of this country, and congress should pass the bill authorizing it.

Have you noticed that every new governor restores peace in the Philippines?

What does the "J" in J. Adam Bede's name stand for? Is it for "Joker?"

Boss Quay is still in the saddle in Pennsylvania.

The sea serpent is due at the seaside resorts.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A pretty girl with big, soft eyes can teach a man anything in the world, but common sense.

After a man has gambled in matrimony Wall street and horse racing are tame speculations.

The more a man studies his wife's underclothes the more he wonders why he ever has a cent.

The trouble with great moral forces is that they don't take care of the rent and the butcher's bill.

The bachelor who dreams of slippers and an open fire comes to rubber boots and lugging in coal for the kitchen range.

Lesson In Letters

By Henry Wilton Thomas.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

The years had brought their wealth of critical praise to Rolly Myles, but the river of gold flowed ever far from his threshold. One reviewer mated his books with the paintings of Andrea del Sarto, "the faultless," as he was known of old, and his friends knew it was a happy parallel. In truth, the besetting fault of Rolly's pen was faultlessness. His books were what the publishers called "horses" —that being the term applied to books that do not attain popularity; hence, do not sell. Rolly could charm the intellect of a publisher's reader, but he missed touching the common heart of humanity. That is unlucky for a writer whose pen is his only fortune.

More than once Rolly, for lack of other fuel, had been obliged to make a fire of the critics' splendid notices about his books. He had a large trunk in which he stored such clippings. When desperately hard up, and the room was chill, he went to the clipping trunk. After each new book the bin of printed glory filled up again.

Sometimes it was over the flame of the clippings that he fried his morning eggs and bacon. He was thus engaged, it may as well be owned, the morning that Cora Woodbruce tapped at his door. This happened in an old mansion on South Washington square that had seen better days.

Cora had come to the city from her native village of Oakville Centre to "embark on the sea of literature." At least that is how the local paper phrased it in the next issue after her departure. She had heard that many a shining star of letters had first begun to glimmer in the shappy firmament of Washington square, so there she went straightway to make her abode. Again, the rent was small, and Cora, whatever else she needed for success in art, did not lack poverty. It seems inexplicable now, in the light of the good sense which she possessed in other matters, that she should have made such a difficult venture. But one or two stories written in the country and breathing its spirit had found favor with a city publication, and she guessed that fate had called her to a literary career.

On a letter box in the lower hall she had seen the name Rolando Franklin Myles. Her breath fell short, and she stood with throbbing heart. Surely it was destiny's work. Here she was under the same roof with a great author! She could see again the shelf in the village library that held the row of books bearing his name. Not many people ever took one down. It was a proof of cultured taste in Oakville Centre to read "Rolando Franklin Myles."

There was no answer to her timid summons at his door. Then she took heart and rapped louder.

"Come in!" Rolly called, and she opened the door, expecting to see a venerable grayboard in his smoking cap. What she saw was a tall man, on the sunny side of 35, with a bush of black hair and a frying pan. The room was not furnished at all in the style of the "studios" of famous authors with which Sunday art supplements had made her familiar. So she stammered an apology to the effect that she was in search of Mr. Myles.

"Will you come in?" said Rolly. "I am Myles."

"Rolando Franklin Myles?"

"Yes, if you like. That's my nom de guerre."

"Oh," she said, "I know your books. I—I think they are lovely."

There was nothing in this bit of praise that could be used under the frying pan's still Rolly liked it better than any clipping he had ever received. The homage of a young girl, whose color spoke of country air and whose eyes mirrored an unspotted soul, gave him a thrill of pure joy. She thought them lovely! Not even a column of unstinted approval from Augustus Chang, the famous blind critic, was worth those golden words. Rolly made himself very agreeable to that country girl with literary aspirations, but he did not let the eggs burn.

Still, when Cora made her adieu it was with a sense of disappointment of a fond dream cruelly shaken. This plain-spoken, unromantic fellow, his broken slippers, the seedy look of the room, the poverty that grinned from every niche and cranny —this was not her idea of the literary life. What could be the matter? Perhaps he was a drunkard. No; something told her he was not that. He spoke of his books as "stuff" and said that they scarcely paid the expenses of publication. Maybe he was only a mediocre writer. A great author could not be like that. This conclusion gathered fierceness when there recurred to her mind the picture of him frying eggs.

In the solitude of her attic she still thought of Rolly—and his books. Then she forgot the frying pan and the broken slippers. "The World May Go By"—what a book that was! in self-pity she smiled through the tears as she pad of white paper and the ink bottle on her table. So she was going to make the world look as it went by! Her pen was to win renown and fortune! She would do more than Rolando Franklin Myles! A sparrow lit on the window sill, and her thoughts flew back to Oakville Centre.

Cora stayed less than a month in the old mansion, but it was a season of awakening for Rolly Myles. In the evening they walked together in the little park, and the country lass taught him how to write, for she taught him love. When that came he saw the world with fresh eyes, and felt life with a new heart. Though in the past he had spoken with the tongue of men and angels, he knew now—though the critics had missed it—that it was all as tinkling symbols and sounding brass, for it had not love.

A twelvemonth passed, and when the maple leaves began to flutter again in the park Rolly quit the old mansion, leaving behind memories of a long and bitter struggle, of which the world never dreamed. Before he settled in his new home—rather a well-appointed nest near the upper Riverside—he journeyed to Oakville Centre and brought back Cora as his bride. This event followed close on the appearance of his last book—a romance of wondrous charm. It proved to be a "horse," but a horse that galloped to a great popular success.

THE DIARY OF COL. ASHBY.

Col. Ashby in Chicago Journal: Ah've just received a letteh from a Westehn college professoh, who asks me, vehy gravely, to please state, tehsely and exactly, what Ah remembeh as being the angriest moment of mah life; also what was the greatest disappointment Ah eveh suffehed, appahently, being to get an ahticle or treatise upon great men and thehr past expehiences. Ah answehed the professoh, briefly, that the greatest angeh and the greatest disappointment of mah life came at one and the same moment. It was in the trenches in front of Petehsbuhg, suh, and the occuhhence still buhns in mah memohy as keenly as on Novembeh 19, 1864. As yo' can doubtless imagine, liquoh was scahce among the Confehehates—in fact, thehe hadn't been a spoohe drink in mah regiment since the middle of Septembeh. Some noble-hearted sympathizeh, as Ah recollect it, had sent a flask of the real stuff to the officehs of mah regiment, and each, gravely, politely, yet with thinly concealed exultation of spirit, took a good long drink of that delightful bouhbon. It came mah tuhn, and with revehent fingehs Ah raised the flask to mah lips. Jest at that moment, suh, as the golden fluid was about to touch mah tongue, an infehnal Yankee bullet zipped along, hit the flask, and shiveh'd it into one million pieces. Fruitfully, suh, and without equivocation, Ah can state that then, at that time and place, the bittehest disappointment of mah life came upon me, and Ah also exhibited mohe ill-tempeh than at any pehiod befo' or since. It may be fancy, suh, it may be only an old man's folly, but eveh since Ah've imagined that no whisky eveh made tasted as good as that drink would have done if Ah had got it. Gruttingly, Ah've neveh been in keeneh need of a drink befo' or since, and Ah've often been whehe liquoh was fah from plentiful.

Might Expose His Ignorance.

Atlanta Journal: Kaiser Bill was too considerate to discuss the Santiago fight with such an expert sea dog as Potts.

Peace Hath Its Triumphs.

Birmingham Age Herald: That old sea dog in theory, Admiral Crumshell, has just given a "dansant."

AT THE HOTELS

The registers at all the hotels reflect the beginning of the tourist season. Men in outing costume and ladies in dark blue dresses are becoming somewhat evident. As yet their influx is of modest proportions, but it is increasing as the days go by with some rapidity, and in ten days or two weeks will be in full swing. Among the new arrivals at the Spalding among the pleasure-seekers are Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Moffet, Mr. and Mrs. S. Noble and Miss Ruby Moffett, of Minneapolis, and Miss Pauline Batchelder, of Chicago. At the McKay are M. B. Lloyd and family, who are passing through on their way from Manitoba for a visit in Eastern Canada.

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Frederick Weyerhaeuser, who has owned more standing timber by far in Minnesota than any other man, and who still has very large interests hereabouts, was at the Spalding for dinner last night on his way to Cloquet. William Sauntry, another veteran lumberman, whose trail can be found in all parts of the woods where logging is going on, came up from Stillwater on one of his frequent visits, and J. B. Kehl, of Chippewa Falls, was another evening arrival.

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Capt. W. H. Ellis, of Milwaukee, general manager of the John Schroeder Lumber company, which is operating largely on the north shore, arrived at the St. Louis last evening to look after his company's interests in this locality.

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Registered at the McKay under an assumed name are a newly wedded couple of local young people. It had been announced that they were to go East by lake for a wedding trip, and all preparations for the trip had been made. The couple lingered a little too long, however, and when they arrived where they thought the boat should be they found the boat had had different ideas on the subject. It would not do for them to go home and be harried by their relatives and friends, and so they sought seclusion under a counterfeit name, very poorly written at the McKay. It would not be difficult to guess the identity of the couple. They may conclude to go to Minnetonka right away, instead of going East.

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Among the arrivals at the Spalding was F. S. Bell and C. H. Thatcher, of Winona. Mr. Bell is connected with the Laird, Norton lumber interests and is very prominent in Upper Mississippi lumbering operations. Mr. Thatcher is a man of large resources and very prominent in the business and industrial development of Winona.

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Quite an assemblage of range people are at the St. Louis, most of them having arrived on the late trains yesterday. Among them are: W. H. Day and John Russell, of Hibbing; Charles Forbel, of Sparta; Capt. F. B. Rossom, of Virginia, and William Orr, and Fred Merrill, of Tower.

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Governor Alexander Ramsey, almost 90 years of age, but hale, hearty and strong, as many men considerably his junior, and a fine type of the gentleman of earlier days, was an object of respectful and admiring interest as he sat smoking an after-dinner cigar in the Spalding rotunda last evening. The governor said he is in good health, although he regretted that he is a little too heavy for a man of his height and age, which he says makes moving about a little less a matter of ease for him than he would wish. While the facts have been printed a good many times, many recent comers to Duluth do not appreciate that Governor Ramsey was Minnesota's first territorial governor, from 1849 to 1853; that in that capacity and ex-officio treaty commissioner he closed treaties with the Dakota, Sioux, Sisseton and Wahpeton nations of Indians, whereby the government acquired 767,400,000 acres of fine lands in Minnesota and Iowa. Governor Ramsey was also Minnesota's war governor, and as such had to cope with the double responsibility of furnishing volunteers for the Federal army and defending his people from the uprising of the Indians during the terrible massacres that occurred during that period.

Governor Ramsey came up to attend the annual meeting of the Mesaba Iron company, of which he is president, and the annual meetings of which he has attended pretty regularly for the twenty-five years of its existence.

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Another pioneer of Duluth and Superior is Henry Smith, of North Branch, Minn., who is registered at the St. Louis. Mr. Smith is a stockholder in the Mesaba Iron company. He settled in Old Superior in 1853, and says that in those days there was only a scattering house or two where now stands the city of Duluth. Mr. Smith recalls that together with Owen Sheridan he went over the Vermillion range in 1856, and declares that he was fully satisfied of the existence of large deposits of iron ore there. "Iron that far from civilization wasn't worth much in those days," he remarked last night. "There has come a change since."

Mr. Smith is well recalled by the old settlers of the two cities. He used to be the possesor of a resonant infectious laugh that was the marvel of the country 'round as well as its joy, and which earned for him among his intimates the title of "the man with a laugh."

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At the St. Louis today are: J. W. Turner, Chicago; H. Raller, St. Paul; P. J. McCormack, St. Paul; A. H. Terbell, Cleveland; S. F. Westone, Cass Lake; George P. Rising, Nickerson; W. W. Pickard, Albert Lea; R. W. Leach, Minneapolis; F. E. Popst, Minneapolis, and G. D. Howard, Boston.

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J. B. Ellwood, Chicago; M. L. Huber, Syracuse; A. G. Relyea, New York; J. A. Jancoast, St. Paul; E. E. Walker, E. E. Abdell, Chicago; A. C. Johnson, St. Paul; R. C. Repening, Chicago; R. P. McClure, Minneapolis, and J. P. McGanbury, Chicago, are at the Spalding.

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H. A. Blake, Cheboygan; D. A. Thing, Minneapolis; Mrs. J. Lightfoot, and son, Sioux City; W. H. Gildersleeve and daughter, Wayne, Neb.; R. W. Dercher, St. Paul; J. W. Blomquist, Bagley, Minn.; Mrs. H. Skinner and sister, Two Harbors, and Charles Woelber, Minneapolis, are among the guests at the McKay.

BELL BOYS' UNION.

"Front" Has Grievances and Will Redress Them.

Chicago, June 11.—No cocktails served in rooms after midnight; one pitcher of ice water for each room in the morning; no more than two calls to sleepy guests who refuse to wake up to catch early trains; abolition of the terms "front," "buttons" and "bell hop;" tips to be at least 25 cents each; an increase of 17 per cent in wages; hotel clerks to be enjoined from lording it over the junior help.

These are said to be a few of the demands which a new labor union which is being formed among the bell boys employed in the large hotels of Chicago are preparing to make on their employes.

The thirsty traveler who seeks liquid refreshment all through the night will have to lay in a stock of mixtures as the hands of the clock approaches the midnight hour, or else make trips to the lower floor himself. And if the trips are of too frequent occurrence, and he finds himself in the morning with an unquenchable thirst for ice water, he will be in a worse plight.

The bell boys say this is one of the most common impositions practiced on them, but that it is by no means the most bothersome. The guest who steadfastly refuses to respond in the morning to the fusilade of knocks and kicks which the boy lands upon his door, and when he finally wakes up says he has changed his plans and will not depart until a later train, and cusses the boy for not having discovered the fact during the night, is declared by the boys to be a nuisance that needs forcible abatement.

HUNT'S PERFECT BAKING POWDER

THE PURE PHOSPHATE POWDER

SUPERIOR TO ALL ALUM AND CREAM OF TARTAR POWDERS BY REASON OF ITS WHOLESOMENESS.

25¢ a full lb.(16oz.)

AGAINST CASTRO

Venezuela Is Rising as One Man Against President.

Gen. Matos Has Personally Taken Charge of Revolution.

Many Towns Are In the Power of the Rebels.

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Wednesday, June 4.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Events are marching with rapid strides in the county of Bolivar. President Castro of Venezuela has been forced to recognize that the Matos revolution is not a myth, for his best troops are beaten daily by the revolutionary forces and at the present hour, from north to south, from east to west, the country is rising as one man against Castro.

Gen. Matos, who likewise entitles himself president, has personally taken command of the revolution and was, on June 1, at Urica, twenty leagues distant from Carupano, marching towards Caracas, with an army, which some persons estimate at 5200 men and others at 7500.

To believe, however, that he will reach the capital and take possession of the presidency without a deadly struggle would be an illusion. Gen. Castro is preparing to offer resistance and hopes to bar the invasion either in the plains of Carabobo or in the valley of the Tuy.

This is not the only crisis in which the president's political horizon is menaced. Coro, Valencia and Barquisimeto are all more or less in the power of the revolutionists. At Coro, Gens. Roera and Solagni have effected a junction and are absolute masters of the environs. Revolutionary troops enter the city of Valencia every night and as the town is no longer lighted, give themselves up to all sorts of reprisals. Even Laguira, the port of Caracas, is attacked nightly by armed bands, who on the night of May 27, killed the military chief of Maiquetia before his own door. All this is not fiction but hard fact, and will give a vague idea of the social condition of Venezuela. All these bands only await the approach of Matos' army to their deparments to hasten to join him.

President Castro's political conduct leads to the belief that before his departure he will indulge in the committal of all sorts of extra arbitrary acts. He has lately suppressed the newspapers El Tiempo and La Linterna, arrested the manager of the Bank of Caracas, Mr. Castillo, imposed on the widow of the late Guzman Blanco, a forced war contribution of one million and has arrested the president of congress, Gen. Tezra Garcia and the president of the Societe Francaise, Mr. De Vidale Rigo, a highly respected man on very slight information. Such is the way in which he treats his supposed enemies. He has also caused him faithful officer, Gen. Devala, the vanquisher of El Mocho, to be arrested after a very violent scene at the palace of Miraflores, during which Devala reproached him with his ingratitude. The relation of these facts will prove the nature of the atmosphere in which Venezuelans and foreigners resident in Venezuela are obliged to live.

Everybody is expecting the imposition of a forced war contribution. Business is paralyzed and the banks are without specie.

The Bank of Caracas, the capital of which is 6,000,000 bolivars (a bolivar is equivalent to about 20 cents) has only 1,4,000 bolivars in its coffers, that is to say about $25,000.

Whatever may be the result of the revolution, Gen. Castro said to one of his intimate friends a few days ago:

"I shall show them that I am neither Andueza nor Andrade, whom they sent to La Guayra in a basket. If I leave my palace at Miraflores, it will be feet foremost."

VANDEANTER

To Rule on the Cass Lake Question.

Washington, June 11.—Judge Frank Ives, of Cass Lake, who has been here looking after the interests of settlers on section 16, left for home yesterday. The determination of the status of that section has been left to the assistant attorney general for the interior department, Judge Vandevanter, who will decide whether the Lydick claim for an allotment of these lands is valid. If the application is decided in Lydick's favor then the settlers will have to look to him for permission to stay on the land. If it is decided adversely Senator Clapp will introduce a bill to set the tract aside as a townsite.

CO-EDS OBJECT.

Plan of Segregation at the Chicago University.

Chicago, June 11.—Co-eds at the University of Chicago probably will learn the details for the plans of their segregation by the end of the week. At a meeting of the university senate, on Saturday, the report of the committee appointed to look into the plan for separating young men and women in the junior colleges probably will be presented. The action of the board of trustees will follow the report in the senate, and the co-eds fear that the plan is for complete segregation, the men and women occupying separate quadrangles.

The announcement was made at the end of the fall quarter that plans were being considered to alter the present educational system in some of its surroundings. It is rumored that a large sum of money may be forthcoming to build a new set of structures in a separate women's quadrangle should the action of the ruling bodies of the institution lead to a complete separation of the sexes.

At recent gatherings of co-eds and college men the young women decried the plan of separation, while the college men declared themselves in favor of it. President Harper has given assurance that the university will still remain co-educational.

A. O. U. W.

Annual Report of Supreme Recorder of the Order.

Portland, Ore., June 11.—The annual report of the supreme recorder of the grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen gives the following summary for 1901:

Total number of lodges Jan. 1, 1902, 5462, increase for the year, 162. Total membership Jan. 1, 1902, 427,206. Members admitted during 1901, 53,238; membership suspended and withdrawn, 51,728; members died, 6011, net increase of membership for 1901, 8986. Amount received in beneficiary assessments for 1901, $9,816,274; amount paid on death losses $9,474,274. Total amount of beneficiary fund on hand Jan. 1, 1902, $245,597. Protection in force Jan. 1, 1902, $772,314,000. The annual report of Elizabeth E. Aiburn, superior recorder Degree of Honor, shows:

Total number of lodges Jan. 1, 1902, 1556, increase of year 130. Total membership 77,296, increase for year 7238. During the year $130,351 was paid to beneficiaries, leaving a balance on hand of $16,894.

PANAMA TO WIN.

Senator Aldrich Predicts Early Vote In Senate.

Washington, June 11.—Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, was asked what he thought of the outlook for canal legislation, and he replied: "We shall have a vote in about a week, and will pass the Spooner bill making the Panama route first choice."

"But you have been represented in some newspapers as being for the Nicaragua route?"

"I should never vote to build an isthmian canal among a lot of volcanoes."

Mr. Aldrich is perhaps right, but I judge there is of what the senate is likely to do. He has not been a partisan of either route.

Mr. Cullum, of Illinois, is another senator who has been represented in Eastern papers as an advocate of Nicaragua. When asked about this, Mr. Cullum said: "Why, I have just told Senator Morgan that I am going to make a speech for the Panama route. He begged me not to do it, and told him that although I was formerly for Nicaragua, and once made a speech for that route, I have now become convinced the Panama line is the one we should adopt."

NOT SMOKING NOW.

Filipino Women Adopting Customs of "Americanos."

Washington, June 11.—An army officer who has just returned from the Philippines says the native women are imitating the American women, school teachers and wives of army officers, in the matter of dress, personal adornment and manners. During the last year a great change of this nature has been observed among the native women who have been thrown into contact with the "Americanos." The Philippine women now insist not only upon having more clothes, but better clothes, and the result is a marked improvement in their average personal appearance.

A year and a half ago this officer passed through a village in Luzon. In the house where he lodged was a girl of 10 or 12, who smoked big, black cigars and apparently enjoyed them. Visiting the village a few months ago this officer called to see his friends, the native family. He found the girl a little larger, of course, and also very much better dressed.

"You are not smoking, I see," he said to her.

"No, senor."

"Well, try one of these," he said offering her his cigar case.

"No, thank you, senor," replied the girl in fair English. "Me no smoke now. American women no smoke."

The Knabe Piano

All Like It Because There's None Like It.

Tuneful, Artistic.

"Gentlemen:—

"The Knabe Piano is O. K. Good enough for a king. If I were going to buy a dozen pianos I would buy no other than the Knabe. Yours truly,

"R. S. CLARK,
Eau Claire, Wis."

Send for illustrated booklet.

Prices remarkably low for so much value.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.

Open Saturday Evenings.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.

Myrkle-Harder Co.

Tonight—"A Man of Mystery."

Prices 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.

MATINEE TODAY—"For His Sister's Sake." Prices: Children, 10 cents; adults, 25 cents.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

The Shoe Problem for Women Has been successfully solved by the manufacturers of

THE KULTURE

The Best Shoe for Women.

Popular Price. **$3.50** Best Styles

Best workmanship—Every leather—Best materials.

It is no easy matter these days for some shoe dealers to meet the requirements of an exacting public—with us it's a light task, indeed, for our shoes are perfect in make and our prices way below those of other Duluth shoe stores.

Misses' Strap Sandals—
In patent leather—Black, Red or Tan Kid—special tomorrow at—
98c.

Ladies' $3 Shoes—
In four different styles—perfectly made and good wearers—special tomorrow at—
$1.98.

Ladies' Pat. Colt Colonial Slippers—
All the rage for summer wear—special tomorrow at—
$2.48.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE,
115 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ZENOTA ?

RAILROAD MATTERS

Omaha Road May Put on Sunday Special Fishermen's Train.

The Number Who Go Fishing Is Continually Increasing.

Vermilion Range Business Men Want Earlier Mail There.

Duluth is the only city in the country that boasts of a special fishermen's train. The Omaha road is now considering the advisability of putting on a Sunday train especially for that purpose from Duluth to Solon Springs. While the service has not been definitely determined upon, it is probable that it will be installed very shortly for the summer season.

The reason for the service is that the shortening of time on the south-bound twilight limited prevents that train from making the usual stops for the convenience of fishermen who desire to stop off at the Brule stations. There has been an extremely large traffic between Duluth and these angling points, especially Saturday night and Sunday. The Omaha passenger department believes that if an early morning train were put on, making quick time down and returning Sunday evening, enough more people would be attracted to spend Sunday in the vicinity of Solon Springs to pay for the expense.

It is said that there is no other place in the country where so many fishermen have developed so rapidly as in Duluth. A few years ago, J. C. Hunter, G. G. Barnum, Ed Hazen, Frank Green and a few of the pioneers used to be rather lonesome in their eminence as trout anglers. Now, every week finds hundreds going out for sport with the water beauties, especially over Sunday. The South Shore Brule is said to have enjoyed the largest gain in popularity, for one reason because it is more easily reached than other trout streams, and because it is more easily fished and there are more accommodations along its banks for visiting fishermen. But other streams have prospered in proportion, for the Brule was among the first to enjoy popularity in this direction, and if the present weakness for casting the fly continues to increase at its recent rate, Duluth will soon be a city of fishermen.

If the train is put on, it will make pretty fast time, and the intention is that it shall make no stops except at West Superior and Itasca, so that the journey can be made in an hour, and will come to be looked upon as a pleasure jaunt that will become quite popular all through the summer there are so many sylvan delights in the country around Solon Springs that it is thought such a train would afford many people a chance to get away from the city for a day during midsummer weeks that they would not otherwise get.

WANT EARLIER MAIL.

Vermillion Range Business Men to Ask Earlier Train.

It is said that the business men of the Vermillion range towns will make an effort to have the afternoon north-bound train over the Duluth Iron Range road leave Duluth an hour earlier that at present. The movement is said to be based on the desire to receive mail earlier in the evening.

On the other hand, it is declared that the people who come to Duluth on business from the range towns would prefer that the leaving time of the afternoon train be set back an hour or more. The train now arrives at noon and leaves at 6:15 p. m., allowing only about two hours' time for dinner and going to and from the depot.

Those who have been consulted on the subject in Duluth would regret to have the leaving time set ahead.

DISTRIBUTING AGENCY.

Annual Meeting Will Be Held In Few Days.

The Duluth-Superior Distributing agency, the old organization for distributing railway folders, will hold its annual meeting June 21. It is understood that at that time, General Agent T. E. Blanche, of the Northern Pacific will be elected secretary, vice George M. Smith. Mr. Blanche, Passenger Agent Kitchell, of the Great Northern, and General Agent Frank L. Bacon, of the Omaha road at West Superior, have acquired interests in the company, and it is claimed that the position of the agency has been materially strengthened. Meanwhile the ticket agents' agency is making a bid for the patronage of outside lines, and it is evidently to be the survival of the fittest.

A BONANZA.

Deputy Sheriff Fjellman Thinks He Has One In a Patent.

Deputy Sheriff P. P. Fjellman of West Duith, is an inventor, and he has just perfected a little device for which he has asked a patent, and from which he confidently expects to reap many shekels.

The device is a sack-holder, designed to hold bags open while they are being filled. It is a simple combination of iron, with a hook that permits it to be attached to any wooden surface, like a wall, a fence or a wagon box. It can be adjusted to any size of sack, and feed men and farmers, to whom he has shown it, say it fills a long-felt want, and that he will have no difficulty in selling all he can make.

He has not yet engaged in their manufacture, but he expects to do so soon, and he will make them here. Their construction is so simple that a small outlay will provide him with the needful tools and implements, and he expects to branch out as his business grows.

BODY HEAT

Reduced 20 Degrees In Summer.

Never eat heavy carbonaceous foods for the morning meal, for these foods should follow and not precede hard work.

The best morning foundation is Grape-Nuts and cream, a little fruit, a cup of Postum Food Coffe and possibly a couple of eggs prepared to suit the taste—this breakfast is sufficient to suit the hardest worker, either of brain or muscle, until the noonday meal.

Particularly is this true at the present season of the year, when meat and other fatty foods increase the internal heat of the body and make the summer day still more disagreeable.

Grape-Nuts come to you from the grocer ready to serve, having been fully cooked at the factory by food experts, and this saving in time and exertion is appreciated by the housewife as well as the economy, for being a concentrated food, four teaspoonfuls is sufficient for the cereal part of a meal for one person and costs only one cent.

A booklet of excellent recipes is found in each package of Grape-Nuts from which many easy and delicious warm weather dishes can be made for luncheon and supper that are not only nutritious, but pleasing to the palate.

A trial of the above selection of food for ten days will prove to anyone that health and vigor, and active mind and a keen enjoyment of the pleasures of summer will take the place of poor digestion, a dull brain and that heavy draggy feeling caused by improper food during the hot weather.

IS LAUNCHED.

New Steel Steamer Sonora Christened By Miss Catherine Hunter.

The steel steamer Sonora, which has been building in the Superior shipbuilding yards for the Superior Steamship company, was launched at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and was christened by Miss Catherine Hunter, the 15-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hunter, of this city. Plans had been made to launch the Sonora last Saturday afternoon, but the event was postponed because of a delay in getting the boat ready.

The Sonora is practically a duplicate of the Sultana, which was launched from the same yards last winter. The Sultana is owned by the Duluth Steamship company, but both vessels are regarded as belonging to the Rend fleet of Chicago, controlled by W. P. Rend & Co.

Capt. F. A. Fick will be master of the Sonora and T. H. Walsh will be chief engineer. The boat will go into commission very shortly, and will probably engage in the grain or ore carrying trade.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

MAY QUIT.

Graham L. Rice, Wisconsin Railroad Commissioner, May Retire.

It is reported from Milwaukee that Graham L. Rice, of West Superior, railroad commissioner for the state of Wisconsin, will not be a candidate for renomination on the Republican ticket. This, if true, will leave the field open to Sheriff W. J. Sommer of West Superior and W. J. Starbuck, of Washburn, both of whom have already started their campaigns for the nomination.

A question that is troubling the West Superior politicians is Sheriff Sommer's position regarding gubernatorial matters. He is non-committal and it is not known whether he is for or against Governor La Follette. It is intimated that he has sized up the situation and will secure the home delegation, if possible, then make a deal with either a La Follette or Whitehead candidate, depending on the kind of delegation elected in Douglas county. It is claimed that there are no indications yet to show that Governor La Follette will lose Douglas county, although sentiment has materially changed there during the past two years. His campaign is being carried on vigorously in the county, however, and his followers predict his success.

NOT SETTLED.

Location of Federal National Bank Still Under Consideration.

E. D. Nelson, of Ironwood, who is promoting the new Federal National bank, arrived in the city yesteday afternoon and is at the Spalding. The founders of the new institution held a meeting in Milwaukee last Thursday to receive a report from Mr. Nelson and decide on various details. It is understood that the question of location came up, but was not settled in view of the fact that several propositions for the sale or lease of buildings sugested as desirable banking locations had been made subsequently to Mr. Nelson's last visit. The location that is said to be most in favor is the corner in the new Wolvin building, though Mr. Nelson will look over other locations while here.

"The only thing I care to say," said Mr. Nelson last night, "is that the new bank is coming and coming as soon as we can make preparations. We have been at work upon this project only about thirty days, and that is a short time in these days when the right kind of men and the right locations are not hawked about on the street. We expect soon to be able to make some announcement as to both location and date of coming."

Mr. Nelson was willing to talk about other matters more freely. "Ironwood is flourishing finely," he said. "All the mines in our district are working, and there is plenty of employment for labor."

GIVES OUT HIS PLANS

J. Adam Bede Tells What He Will Do If Nominated.

Will Make F. A. Hodge of Pine City His Chairman.

Will Not Disturb Duluth Knockers Till Their Terms Expire.

The latest issue of Bede's Budget contains some pungent comments on the political situation, and Eighth district congressional affairs are not forgotten. In the course of the article Editor Bede announces something of his intentions if elected, as follows:

"The editor of the Budget and only candidate in the field believes in taking the public into his confidence, and wishes to say that if elected to congress he will keep next to the best and safest business men of the district and counsel with the most representative and influential Republicans of every county. He has no other purpose than to discover the needs of the district and to use his best endeavor to supply such as can be reached through governmental action. And he thinks his residence of sixteen years in Duluth, on the iron rangos and in the farming country, together with his experience as a newspaper worker in Washington, which made him familiar with the departments, qualifies him to some extent for the undertaking. To those who can accept such argument, he appeals for support."

* * *

Speaking of the position of business men in the campaign, he says:

"And what else do the business men want? Are their interests something apart from those of other people? Recently they wanted the gold standard, which was equally to the advantage of all, and the editor of this paper stood for such standard when some who are talking about a business men's candidate were hiring silver speakers to come to Duluth. Nor has he any quarrel with such men over their beliefs, for he grants their honesty, but they should not assume to dictate a course for business men now. When the A. P. A. craze swept over Duluth and thousands of people sat up nights to hate the pope, was the editor of this paper carried away with it? Hardly. He merely urged the boys to wait a little, and think a little, and dissolve their prejudices, and learn to love one another.

"When the editor of the Budget was sworn in as United States marshal for Minnesota on one day and had a railroad strike on his hands the next, did he lose his head and do any fool things? Reflect a bit. Minnesota has the biggest railroad center west of Chicago. Thousands of men were striking and nearly all other labor was idle. The condition of the country was desperate, passions were aroused, hunger was in many homes, and yet with over 300 deputies in the field not a drop of blood was spilled between the mashal's forces and the strikers. Look it up and see if that was true in other states. The strikers were handled kindly but successfully, and the business interests were also subserved."

* * *

Mr. Bede thus answers the question of whether he would live in Duluth if elected:

"Judge Morris has just declined to run again because he can't afford to maintain a home in Duluth and spend the congressional sessions in Washington. In the face of this statement, and the fact that 'the only candidate in the field' has a little home with a few acres of ground on the bank of a sweet little lake at Pine City, where he can live like a king for a thousand a year, where the little ones can have their gladsome sports, and he can commune with nature in her visible forms, wouldn't he be an idiot to try to train with the millionaires of Duluth and the nabobs of Northwest Washington? A man who hasn't too much sense to try it, hasn't sense enough to be a congressman, even in these fool times."

* * *

Mr. Bede also makes announcement of the fact that he has requested that in case he is nominated, F. A. Hodge, of Pine City, act as chairman of his committee. Mr. Hodge is well acquainted over the country counties of the district, as well as in Duluth. Of him Mr. Bede says:

"He is withal an alert politician, while his earthly possessions and business interests place him far above wanting any paltry place in the gift of a congressman. Such choice would avoid all factions while providing a wise and impartial counsellor in all matters affecting the district. The writer hopes he may need a chairman, and that Mr. Hodge will act as such."

* * *

In conclusion, the Pine City candidate characteristically addresses those who have been opposing him here:

"To the very few who have been knocking him in Duluth, the writer will only say that he is not disturbed, and they will not be until their terms expire. In deference to the teachings of Him who touched the keynote to the affections of all mankind, Let us love one another."

* * *

Former Sheriff William W. Butchart, now a member of the board of public works and more tenderly known as "Bill" Butchart, made his formal entrance into the fight for the Republican nomination for sheriff yesterday afternoon. He filed a certificate that he would like the nomination in the office of the county auditor, and he accompanied it, as a guaranty of good faith, with the fee of $10 prescribed by the primary election law. His is the first certificate filed for a county office, and the second of any sort filed in this county.

* * *

Andrew Johnson, who is now employed as a clerk in the office of County Treasurer Whipple, is credited with being a prospective candidate for the Republican nomination for county auditor. He has not yet announced himself, but his friends say he is likely to do so almost any time now.

* * *

Dr. J. D. Budd, of Two Harbors, is being mentioned as a candidate for member of the legislature in the Fifty-first district, to succeed Thomas A. Bury, of Two Harbors, who has declined to run for a renomination. He has not definitely announced himself, but it is said that he has determined to make the run.

MILWAUKEE PEOPLE

Could Hardly Believe It. A Prominent Woman Saved From Death by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suppose a large number of people who read of my remarkable cure will hardly believe it; had I not experienced it myself, I know that I should not.

MRS. SADIE E. KOCH.

"I suffered for months with troubles peculiar to women which gradually broke down my health and my very life. I was nearly insane with pain at times, and no human skill I consulted in Milwaukee could bring me relief.

"My attention was called to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; the first bottle brought relief, and the second bottle an absolute cure. I could not believe it myself, and felt sure it was only temporary, but blessed fact, I have now been well for a year, enjoy the best of health, and cannot in words express my gratitude. Sincerely yours, SADIE E. KOCH, 124 10th St., Milwaukee, Wis."—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Such unquestionable testimony proves the power of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** over diseases of women.

Women should remember that they are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.

—FIFTH—

ANNIVERSARY SALE!

is drawing bigger crowds every day—becoming more popular as the news gets around that we are having a sale here. We said in a previous announcement that this sale was planned six months ago, and good things have been picked up and allotted for this sale during that time. At no time of any year since we opened our doors in Duluth have we had so many customers, and done such a business—it is gratifying to us, as it is ample proof of the confidence and good will which we enjoy from the good people of Duluth and vicinity. While this sale lasts, and its now only in its infancy, each succeeding day will have special bargain features of its own—every day will take care of itself—and in so doing, patrons from all around will have an opportunity to get at least some of the good things. One of the most attractive departments in the store is the ladies' skirt and shirt waist department. The high priced big stores are feeling the effect of our small profit plan. We are today selling more skirts and shirt waists than any other house in the city. We urge all that can to come in the forenoon tomorrow, as the crowds are never so great in the early shopping hours. We desire to impress the readers of this announcement that our Fifth Anniversary Sale is an inspiring occasion for us and that the combined force and energy of this organization is hard at work to make this sale a glowing success.

"FAMOUS FOR LOW PRICES"

STACK & CO

GEN. ALGER

Coming to Duluth Next Week to Attend Meetings.

Gen. Russell A. Alger, former secretary of war and for years one of the foremost men in the Republican party is expected to arrive in Duluth the first of next week. Apartments at the Spalding have been reserved for him and his party.

The object of the governor's visit is to look over his interests in the Alger-Smith & Co. lumbering operations, in the Duluth & Northern Minnesota railway and in the Knife River Improvement and Boom company.

Gen. Alger has been very ill since his last visit to Duluth, and for a time his life was despaired of, but his wonderful vitality and well preserved physique won the battle for him, and while he is not over strong, it is said that he is in much better health than many men of his age would be after passing through his recent illness.

CANADIAN GOLD COUNTRY.

Much Activity In the Michipicoten District.

Chief Clerk James L. Owen of the United States engineer's office and F. L. Dever, assistant to the engineer in charge, returned yesterday from a week's visit at the Canadian Soo and Michipicoten mining region of Canada, where both gentlemen are interested in a mine. They brought back some excellent samples from the property, containing gold, silver, copper and nickel.

Mr. Owen says that the Clergue peoingple are entering the Michipicoten field on a large scale, working sixty-five men at the mines, and have a stamp mill on the way. The new railroad, the Algoma Central, is a most expensive piece of railway construction, and is an evidence of the confidence of the Clergue people in the resources of the district.

Mr. Owen and Mr. Dever witnessed the big blockade of lake vessels at the Soo, because of the damaged lock, and say that the United States and Canadian authorities took steps to prevent an uncontrollable jam at the locks by holding the boats coming up at the Hay Lake channel.

TO GET AFTER THEM.

Insurance Men Startled By Steel Elevator Fire.

The insurance underwriters are after the steel type of elevators as a result of the recent fire at Fort William, in which the Canadian Pacific railroad steel elevator was burned. Said an insurance man today:

"Such structures, with separate tanks for holding the grain, had been represented as practically fireproof, and low rates had been made on them. The steel elevator building, 140 feet high, is a total loss, and underwriters could not understand this, as the maps showed it to have no wood, even the floors being of steel, the only wood being the grain cleaners. It develops that the fire was due to negligence in cleaning up, the chaff and sticks thrown out by the cleaners having been allowed to accumulate upon the floor, where it was ignited by a spark from a passing engine. The contention that damage is impossible, or even improbable on this type of elevator, is entirely overthrown.

SARCASTIC.

Attorney Davis' Response to Objection to Suggested Change.

During a waiting interval in the district court the other day T. J. Davis arose and offered a suggestion to Judge Ensign for a change in the manner of conducting the court that he thought would be appreciated by the bar of St. Louis county.

The present manner is to take up the jury cases first, and have all three courts work upon them until they are finished, when the cases that are for trial by the court only are taken up.

Mr. Davis' idea was that this involved a good deal of waiting and uncertainty for the attorneys, and he suggested that one court be put upon court cases while the other two courts handle jury cases. He thought in this manner the term would be more compact, and attorneys and clients would save money by avoiding the waits that he said they have to undergo many times under the present system.

Judge Ensign said the court was very thankful for this or any other suggestion, but it was his opinion that the present manner was more economical than the proposed system, in that the jury cases could be handled with less expense. He explained that when one court is working on jury cases it is the custom to call twenty-eight jurors. When two courts are handling jury cases forty-two jurors are called, but when three courts are handling jury cases only forty-eight jurors are needed. The fact that only six more jurors are needed to run three courts than are needed to run two courts permits the trial of all the jury cases at a saving in jury fees to the county.

Mr. Davis said that he had been under the impression that the courts were run in the interests of the economy of litigants, not of the county. In view of what the court said he suggested that a special act of the legislature be passed adding another judge to this district, and thus a further saving in jury fees could be made.

"I suffered from dyspepsia and indigestion for fifteen years," says W. P. Sturdevant, of Merry Oaks, N. C. "After I had tried many doctors and medicines a friend persuaded me to try Kodol. It gave immediate relief. I can eat anything I want now and my digestion is good." Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Bed Room Furniture.

Suits in all styles and finishes. Cheap suits in oak, ash, or imitation mahogany. A splendid line ranging all prices up

to $150.00.

Odd Dressers-- 60 different patterns to select from. The finest showing ever made in Duluth. Prices very low. See our oak dresser with beveled plate mirror--**$9.95**

White Dressers-- Dainty white enamel dressers to go with white iron beds, just the thing for children's bedrooms.

Prices $10.50 and up.

Chiffoniers-- Hardwood Chiffonier, has five large drawers, is 34-in wide, sells at other stores for $9.50 and $8.50—special price----------**$5.50**

Iron Beds-- We are having a splendid sale on iron beds—the better ones go at reduced prices.

Complete House Furnishings. Credit to All.

The **G. C. Steele Co**

DULUTH, MINN.

ZENITH PAPER CO.

Wholesalers of— Office Furniture, Sectional Filing Cabinets, Card Indexes, Expanding Book Cases, Rapid Roller Letter Copiers, Office Supplies, Type Writer Supplies, Blank Books.

We invite you to inspect our goods

Those who have used **BOOK KEEPER SPECIAL PENCILS** will use no other.

DOWLING

Of Eveleth Discusses Situation In Forty-Ninth District.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I am inclined to believe, and so stated some short time ago, that the Republicans of Duluth were this year inclined to do the right thing with the range Republicans, but as time passes on and each day brings us closer to the primary election, our good feeling along this line is clouded by the apparent desire of some of those who would pose as leaders, to dictate and apportion the political patronage of the country. In West Duluth we find George J. Mallory, who has served two terms in the legislature of this state and is still a member, who is deputy United States marshal at a liberal competency; who is relief clerk at the auditor's office, and who poses as a real dictator. George says the Mesaba range is not entitled to a representative, because it is not a fair distribution of the political patronage. He says we have the senator, and that the Seventh and Eighth wards of Duluth are entitled to the two representatives. George wants to run for the legislature again, and as there might be some question about his tendency to hog things political, he feels it wiser to coquet and bring into the field a candidate of his own choice in Duluth, than allow, if possible, one to come from the Mesaba range. He has the idea that certain influences on the Mesaba can hand him over this vote. I am inclined to believe that Mr. Mallory will have to give up the marshalship if he proposes to go to the legislature.

However, did it ever strike Mr. Mallory that the Seventh and Eighth wards of the city of Duluth had about as much in the way of political patronage as they were entitled to? These two wards, based upon Mr. Mallory's vote at the last election, had 1204 Republican votes. I will add to these two wards the contiguous territory and allow Floodwood, Proctor, Industrial, New Independence, Solway and a few others, and still I find the vote is in all only 1477, as against 2004 Republican votes upon the Mesaba range, or a total vote in the legislative district of 3481. Based upon the voting influence of the range as against the Seventh and Eighth wards in Duluth, it will easily be seen that this range has been quite cunningly and quite adroitly ignored from a political point of view.

But then, again, I find, upon diligent research, that the Seventh and Eighth wards in the city of Duluth are represented in the county by the register of deeds and by the overseer of highways. I find these two same wards furnishing about one-third of the Republican vote of the Forty-ninth district, and with one state office and an applicant for a second that ought to get it, and no doubt will be honored with the place, I find these same wards in the city of Duluth pretty well taken care of by the federal government, for in the deputy marshal's chair I find George J. Mallory, the gentleman who also wants to be state representative. I also find that part of the county holding the two offices of state representatives, and I also find the humiliating condition of the Mesaba range furnishing the vote that makes it possible to keep those gentlemen in office.

Let us take, if you will, the case of the Fiftieth district, and how many from the iron ranges do you find among the delegation of one senator and two representatives? Not a single one. But we will surely find some one from the iron ranges from the Fifty-first district? However, a diligent search will not reveal the name of one member of the delegation. Yet Mr. Mallory tells us that the Mesaba range is not entitled to a representative, because Senator Hawkins represents us here. This has been his persistent argument since my name was first mentioned in the political field. Respectfully,

P. E. DOWLING.

Eveleth, Minn., June 10.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had bat-

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M. Medical Director.

tled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 686 Elektron building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

Another Improvement.

CHICAGO, BOSTON AND NEW YORK TRAVEL.

On and after June 15th, the Erie railroad will still further improve their Boston and New York service by offering to the public a handsome limited train to leave Chicago from Dearborn station every day at 10:30 a. m., arriving New York next afternoon at 3:30, and Boston at 9 o'clock.

There is no doubt that this service will be highly patronized, as this new train will land the traveler in New York city in ample time to permit him to proceed leisurely to his hotel or home, rest, dress, dine and spend the evening in whatever manner may appeal to him most.

This every-day morning train will consist of standard Pullman drawing-room and sleeping cars. All meals en route served by the famous Erie dining cars. No extra fare charged on this train.

Ticket office, 242 South Clark street, Chicago.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

MONEY IS REQUIRED

To Enter Contest For the Senate In West Virginia.

List Is Made Up of Men Who Have Millions.

The Floater Has a Two Years' Harvest Due Him.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 11.—Every Republican in West Virginia who is accredited with being a millionaire is an aspirant for the United States senatorship except Stephen B. Elkins, who is already a senator and safe for four years. And no person is a Republican candidate for the United States senate unless he is a millionaire.

Four West Virginia Millionaires are now looking with longing eyes upon the seat in the senate occupied at the present time by Senator N. B. Scott, whose term will expire March 4, 1905. Each of them has money to back him. One of them has graced the next to the highest tribunal in the judicial branch of the United States government. The others, men no doubt of high ability, have made their greatest mark in the financial world. The one whose ability on the bench has been recognized is the only one of the four who is not taking an active part in the contest for the place. He knows too well the honor attaching to the office of United States senator to say that he would not accept it, but he refuses to enter into any scramble for it. The other three are employing the highest art of politics in the fight.

Those who are aspirants for the seat now occupied by Senator Nathan Bay Scott are Senator Scott, of Wheeling, who wishes to succeed himself; James L. Caldwell, of Huntington; Henry Schmulbach, of Wheeling, and Judge Nathan Goff, of Clarksburg. Not one of them is worth a cent less than $1,000,000, while some of them will run up to many times that figure. No man with less is considered at all in the contest. Governor White has been mentioned, but he will not enter. In fact, it is as well assured as anything in politics can be beforehand, that if the next legislature is Republican, Senator Scott's successor will be one of the four men above mentioned.

The fact that Senator Scott was born in Ohio seems to give him odds. The senator's only public service before he got into the United States senate was at term that he served in the state senate. He has amassed a fortune however, and that brought him into politics. Senator Elkins was the first Republican senator since the adoption of the constitution of 1872. Two years later another Republican legislature was called upon th select a senator and Mr. Scott secured the plum.

Senator Scott was the discovery of Senator Elkins, and was elected through his influence. While Elkins is now lying low and keeping out of an active participation in the fight, it is said that he is not at heart in favor of Scott's re-election. Senator Scott has made a reputation since he has been in the senate. He has had the ear of Senator Hanna more than any other one man. They are great friends, and "Scotty," as Senator Hanna calls him, has been, by means of his close association with Hanna and others, and his native shrewdness, enabled to accomplish much for his constituents. With the office-seeker he has stood well. He has been for some years a member of the national Republican executive committee, and along that line no one has surpassed him in influence. But he is the author of no great bill. He has not caused any legislation of especial interest to his constituents. His wealth is chiefly in mining stocks in the West, in bank and street railway stock. He is largely interested in the Wheeling Traction company, and it was a business rivalry with it that did more than any other thing to bring about the candidacy of Mr. Schmulbach.

Mr. Schmulbach is a heavy stockholder in the City Railway company, a rival organization to the Wheeling Traction company. In this way Messrs. Scott and Schmulbach became business rivals. Senator Scott did not consult Mr. Schmulbach, and some of the appointments he made were not satisfactory to Mr. Schmulbach. Here was added to political antagonism. Both have grown business rivalry. more intense, until the feeling is now very strong, and it seems to be with Mr. Schmulbach that he would rather defeat Scott than to be elected himself. But still he has an ambition to achieve prominence along political lines. He has been a factor in the campaign so far, and will doubtless continue to be till the last votes are counted.

Mr. Caldwell is personally friendly with Mr. Scott, but he is in dead earnest about his candidacy for the senate. Mr. Caldwell's ambition to be a senator came to him with his fortunate investments in the Beaumont oil field, from which he reaped a fortune estimated to have made him more than a millionaire. Prior to that time he had been more than an ordinary successful business man. He was a bank president and a railroad president.

Caldwell has been importuned to run for governor in opposition to the present Governor White, but he refused to allow his name to go before the convention. He remained entirely out of politics till he was eligible for the senate; then he yielded to temptation, and is striving with all the acumen of a successful business man and with the backing of some of the most successful politicians of the state to secure the election as senator. Sectionalism has been brought into his campaign and an attempt has been made to align all the southern portion of the state against Scott and for Caldwell, on the ground that the southern part of the state has now no representation in the senate. There is growing jealousy between the two sections. The north is forging to the front in an industrial way very rapidly, and the southern part feels to some extent that the northern portion is receiving all the benefits that can come from having both senators. It demands a division, and Caldwell's friends are urging the south to stand together and secure its proper part of the state's representation in the senate. The contest between Scott and Caldwell has grown to be a bitter one, and wherever they have met in political warfare the battle has been hard fought. Money has been used with the greatest liberality on both sides, and it has been literally scattered to the four winds.

There has never been a more hotly contested political fight in Wood county than the one of a few weeks ago between Scott and Caldwell for the delegates from this county to the state senatorial convention. Caldwell won by a substantial majority.

Two more years and over must intervene before the election of a senator will take place, and the situation may be changed by that time. Should the three-cornered fight of Scott, Schmulbach and Caldwell become too hot, a compromise candidate would have to be agreed upon. That is where Judge Goff would step in. He will not enter into any scramble for the office, but this much is certain—Judge Goff would not turn down the senatorship if, in the event of a deadlock, it were tendered to him. And he has friends who are bearing him constantly in mind as a senatorial possibility, and are trying to shape events so that he will be the next senator. Judge Goff has repeatedly refused to enter again into politics since he made the canvass for governor in 1888. But he has not the same reasons now for doing so. Then he was a poor man. He is judge of the United States circuit court of appeals now, and that position suits his tastes. But there is more hard work about it than a man of his years and means would be expected to want, and it is not at all unlikely that he will try to secure the senatorship, that he may add one more honor to his name. He, too, has been fortunate in his oil investments. He is the sole owner of the most productive wells in Central West Virginia, and it is estimated that his income from them alone is $1000 a day. He does not have to toil or to devote his time to the problems that confront the bench. It is said that he has the ambition to wind up his political career in the senate, and if there is a close contest between the others he will be the compromise man.

One half of the state senate will be elected this year, and those chosen will remain in the senate till after the election of the next senator in 1905. Two years from now the other half of the senate will be elected and the entire house of delegates. While the senators to be elected next November will be important, they will be so few, compared with the entire number to be elected in two years, that little can be told as to probabilities now. But the millionaires are all in the race, and so far as can now be seen they will all remain in it to the end.

GARDNER

Found Guilty of Accepting Bribes From Gamblers.

Minneapolis, June 11.—Irwin A. Gardner was found guilty of having accepted a bribe as special officer, to procure police protection for "shark" gambling establishments. The specific charge was that Gardner had accepted $25 from "Billy" Edwards, who has since been convicted of swindling.

Gardner, however, is lost sight of in the scandal that his conviction unfolds. He was amanuensis to Mayor Ames, and the prosecution sought to show that such bribes as he accepted were taken with at least the connivance of executive members of the city administration.

Police Chief Ames, brother of the mayor, is now under indictment, and he will be placed on trial within a few days.

The state's case rested on the testimony of men who asserted that money was regularly paid to Gardner and that he distributed it among the members of the administration, the consideration being immunity from police interference, not only of shark gaming establishments, but of various other places of crime, including social evil resorts.

It was the claim of the prosecution that a complete system had been perfected, whereby the victims of the protected criminals were persuaded to leave town after having been victimized. It is alleged that Detective Norbeck, who will go to trial under indictment for receiving a bribe, was charged with the task of getting rid of these victims.

ON A CURVE

Two Trains Meet at Full Speed, Killing Several.

Macon, Ga., June 11.—The south-bound passenger train of the Southern railway, which left Atlanta at noon for Macon, collided with a north-bound freight train near Juliette, twenty-three miles north of Macon, at 2:10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train were instantly killed and nineteen of the passengers more or less seriously injured. The dead:

JAMES T. PITTMAN, of Atlanta, engineer of passenger train.

ED WEST, colored, Atlanta, fireman of passenger train.

Injured: Isaac Bashinski and wife, Ben Pearson, Judge M. B. Gerrard, Miss Mastes Hendricks, F. K. Lilliard, R. O. Cochran, H. S. Reen, Dr. George S. Tichenor, Mrs. J. G. Early, Mrs. Dora Nichols, Robert Nichols, A. D. Williams, E. P. Johnson, James Green, freight conductor, Engineer Gailley of freight, Conductor Lacutt, of the passenger, Dr. Walker J. Brown, Dr. M. N. Mixon.

The two trains met on a sharp curve while under full headway. Owing to the sharpness of the curve the passengers saw the approaching freight train and a scene of panic developed. The shock of the collision was so great that seats were smashed into splinters and the glass into fragments.

The engines and tenders were piled up on each other. The freight was loaded with watermelons, peaches and other fruit. Engineer Pittman and Fireman West of the passenger were pinned down and killed in their cab. Engineer Gailley of the freight escaped by jumping, though he was seriously injured.

Aboard the passenger train were many dentists en route to the state convention in this city.

It is said the cause of the collision was the irregularity of the time piece of the passenger engineer.

FAVORABLE

Weather of Last Week Excellent For All Crops.

The crop reports for the states of Minnesota and North Dakota for the week ending Monday last show the week to have been an excellent one for crops of all kinds. The North Dakota report is as follows:

"The past has been another favorable week, generally speaking, for crops of all kinds. Although heavy thunderstorms, accompanied by heavy rains passed over the state, yet but little damage was done by them except in some sections of the river bottoms, where the ground, already saturated, was made too wet.

"Wheat is up, and as a rule looks fine, in most sections as well, if not better than ever before, at this time of the year. On low land, however, some of the crop has been damaged by excessive rainfall and is turning yellow. That sown early is up and in most sections covers the ground.

"Oats are doing well, no complaints of any kind being received in regard to them.

"Barley seeding is in progress, and most of the crop is in.

"Flax seeding is in progress, in all sections, being nearly finished in the southern portion, and less advanced in the northern portion.

"Corn has about all been planted, and most of it is up and looks very good.

"Millet is still being sown as a late forage crop.

"Garasshoppers seem to be numerous in the Red River valley, particularly in Cass county, where it is reported they are doing some slight damage and causing great uneasiness on account of their probable action on the crop.

"The grass crop is excellent; some has already been cut for temporary feed in the central portion, and the prospects for a large crop of hay seem unusually good."

The Minnesota report is as follows:

"There have been no very warm days, or unusually cold nights during the week. On June 2 there was considerable rain, except in the Red River valley and in the Southwest; on June 5 and 6 there were general rains, which were locally heavy, though in the Southwest these rains were light; on June 7 there were light rains in the southern counties.

"The frequent rains have caused a vigorous growth of the small grains, grasses, corn, potatoes, flax and weeds, except on the low lands where there is too much water, and the crops there are suffering in consequence. Some of the small rivers in the southeastern part of the state have overflowed their banks. Wheat, oats and barley have stooled freely, and there is now danger of their becoming so rank that lodging will result. Winter wheat is in head, and early barley is coming into head.

"Corn is about all planted, and most of it is being cultivated, though where the rains were heaviest, cultivation was stopped, and weeds are getting a strong start. Potato planting is not quite finished; the earliest plants are showing indications of blossoming. Flax is making a fine growth; a little flax is still being seeded on new land. Timothy on old meadows has a fine stand and good growth, and it is beginning to head. Clover is generally very fine, and it is showing a few blossoms. Sugar beets have a good stand and they are growing well."

DOMINION LINE

High Class Passenger Steamships.

NEW GIGANTIC TWIN SCREW.

Boston to Liverpool Via Queenstown.

"COMMONWEALTH"--------June 26—July 16
(Twin Screw—13,000 Tons)
"MERION"----------June 25—July 23
(Twin Screw—12,625 Tons.)
"NEW ENGLAND"----------July 9—July 30
(Twin Screw—11,600 Tons.)

Boston, Naples, Genoa.

"CAMBROMAN"----------July 5—August 16

Montreal to Liverpool.

"DOMINION"----------June 21—August 2

Portland to Liverpool.

"CALIFORNIAN"---------- July 12—August 20
"COLONIA"----------June 28—August 2

T. H. LARKE, General Northwestern Agent.
127 Guaranty Building, Minneapolis.

How a Jas. Boss Watch Case is made

Gold Outside — Stiffening Metal — Gold Inside

The Jas. Boss Stiffened Gold Watch Case is made of two layers of Solid Gold with a layer of Stiffening Metal between welded and rolled together into one solid sheet of metal. The Jas. Boss Case is a Solid Gold Case for all practical purposes. The Stiffening Metal simply adds strength and durability. The Boss Case is guaranteed for 25 years by the largest watch case makers in the world, who have been making it for a full half century. Every Boss Case has the Keystone trademark stamped inside. Ask any dealer to show you one. Write us for a booklet telling the whole story.

The Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia.

By this mark you know them

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Popular Prices. *The New Store* Large Assortments.

More Suit Room Newness.

Seldom a day passes but that some new Summer garments are added to our immense stock. We now show garments of Summery fabrics for every stage of Summer weather. If you want to be comfortable you must see our line. Shirt Waists, Skirts and "Tub" Suits of every desirable style. Thursday's offerings:

All Jackets, including some very neat Silk Blouses with lace collars, that have sold at $7.50 and $8.50 regularly, on sale Thursday for---------- **$4.98**

All Jackets in our stock that have sold regularly at from $10.00 to $18.50 will be placed on sale Thursday at the special price of---------- **$7.50**

Gingham Bargains.

Mercerized Ginghams — plain and striped—a handsome silk-like cloth that makes most beautiful waists; the colorings are the most desirable. We have sold them regularly for 25c a yard—Thursday's bargain price --**17c**

A fine line striped and checked Ginghams—have sold for 20c, 25c and 30c—on sale Thursday at----**15c**

Free in Art Dept.

Thursday we give any Battenberg or point lace pattern free to the purchaser of the materials necessary to work it. This includes every pattern in our stock. Competent instructors in this department will cheerfully give you instructions free. Be perfectly free to ask such favors.

Bargains in Belts.

The last one and two of the different styles of Belts we have sold this Spring. Excellent styles, but they are remnants to us and must move. Cloth and leather belts—have sold at from 25c to 75—Thursday-------**10c**

See our superb line of New Straw Belts, Ping Pong Belts, Moire Belts and Satin Belts in black and white.

Linen Dept. Specials.

If a bargain in linens will appeal to you, these prices will merit your presence Thursday. You will find the quality surprisingly good in every instance. None other ever found here.

India Linon; a quality that at 12½c has brought forth many favorable comments. Price for Thursday, per yard------ **10c**

17-inch all linen Toweling. Is a very fine quality. Price for Thursday, per yard---------- **7c**

60, 62 and 66-inch unbleached Table Linens. Are an exceptional good quality. Thursday, a yard---------- **55c**

New Figured Piques. Just received them this week. Splendid patterns—25c and **29c**

Your Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Ladies' Petticoats.

It is gratifying to us to be able to offer such a line as we chronicle here, but you will experience the greater pleasure when you see them. These garments do the store a great credit.

Ladies' Chambray Skirts, trimmed with two ruffles, full width; pink and blue---------- **75c**

Striped blue and white Skirts; trimmed in small ruffles; splendid styles---------- **$1.00**

Striped black and white Skirts; edged with two small ruffles; a special value at ---------- **$1.25**

Mercerized Skirt; black and white striped; deep accordion plaited flounce. A $2.50 skirt for---------- **$1.75**

Black Mercerized Skirt with accordion plaited flounce; full width; $1.25 skirt **98c**

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.

Successors to McMARTIN & CO.

METAL CEILING,
Corrugated Iron Roofing,
Steel Brick Siding, Etc.
Pitch and Gravel Roofing,
Cornices and Skylights,
Fireproof Shutters,
Sheet, Iron and Tin Work.
Telephone, call or write for prices.
126-28 E. Michigan St.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discoloration of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Duluth General Electric Co
Offices 215 W. Superior St.

ONE MINUTE COUGH CURE

"One-Minute Cough Cure beats all other medicines for coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles," says D. Scott Currin, of Loganton, Pa. Perfectly safe. Acts immediately. Croup yields to it. Cure grip, bronchitis, coughs. Max Wirth.

HALF PRICE

Boys' and Children's Two-Piece Suits!

$7.50 Two-Piece Suits $3.75
$6.00 Two-Piece Suits $3.00
$5.00 Two-Piece Suits $2.50
$4.00 Two-Piece Suits $2.00
$3.00 Two-Piece Suits $1.50
$2.00 Two-Piece Suits $1.00

C. W. ERICSON
THE CLOTHIER,
219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HOTEL VICTORIA

Broadway, 5th Avenue and 27th Street, NEW YORK.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

In the center of the shopping district.

A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations entirely new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests. 150 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

BROADWAY & 27 ST.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Proprietor.

TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER AND ZINC WORK.

UNION SHOP **LEONARD'S HARDWARE STORE.**

1910 West Superior Street. New 'Phone 424—"Hello.

A WINNER.

Governor-Elect of Oregon Has Never Tasted Defeat.

Portland, Ore., June 11.—That George E. Chamberlain, the Democratic candidate, has been elected governor of Oregon, is beyond doubt, although the more enthusiastic friends of his Republican opponent, W. J. Furnish, pretend to cling to a hope that an official count may change the result.

Chamberlain is unquestionably the most popular man in Oregon, and multitudes of personal friends are scattered all up and down the Pacific coast. He is a man of Southern birth, and an intense partisan who has followed the banner of Democracy through triumphs and vicissitudes with equal loyalty. Withal, he is a man of practically no enmities, being saved from these by an unfailing geniality and abundant good humor which makes and keeps friends among all classes.

Four years ago Oregon elected a Republican governor, T. T. Geer, by more than 10,000 plurality. The pluralities of the two Republican candidates for congress ran from 3,000 to 8,000. The whole state, and almost every large county within it, went heavily Republican. Two years later Chamberlain was elected district attorney of Multnomah county by over 12,000 majority. This year the pluralities of the Republican candidates for congress are reduced. The full count will place them between 2,000 and 3,000, but Chamberlain overcomes all party sentiment, and goes into the gubernatorial chair the only Democrat elected.

Since coming to Oregon Chamberlain has never been defeated for public office. Eight years ago he was elected attorney general under similar circumstances to those which have now made him governor. He went in with a good majority, and was the only Democrat elected.

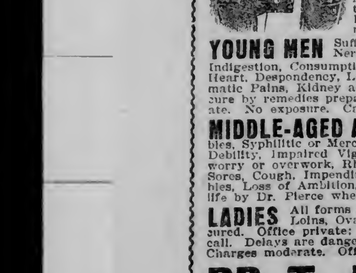
Chamberlain was in no sense a candidate for the Democratic nomination this year. His term as district attorney had still two years to run, with a salary of $12,000 per annum. The governorship of Oregon pays $1,500 a year, with salaries attached to chairmanships of state boards that bring the total income up to about $3,000. It was a distinct pecuniary sacrifice for Chamberlain to accept the nomination, and he placed himself in a unique position by refusing to resign the district attorneyship until elected governor. He frankly declared his purpose to hold the bird in hand if defeated for the higher post. His popularity is such that this attitude, which would have aroused a storm of trouble from any other man, evoked but little criticism.

Chamberlain is a brilliant lawyer, and no fears are entertained for the success of his administration. He is today the leading Democrat of the West, and his magnetic leadership may work wonders for the party on the Pacific coast.

America's Summer Resorts.

When it begins to get hot and dry, one's thoughts naturally turn toward the lakes and rivers and the seashore of New York and New England, and we begin to wonder how much it would require of time and money to make the trip. A lot of these questions are answered and a lot of information given free in "Four-Track Series," No. 3, "America's Summer Resorts." Sent on receipt of a 2-cent stamp, by George H. Daniels, general passenger agent, New York Central & Hudson River railroad, Grand Central station, New York.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

NEW YORK BEGGARS

Trust With Profit-Sharing and School of Instruction.

Police Knew of Twenty-Five Hundred Unworthy Mendicants.

Sums Thus Collected Reach Thousands of Dollars.

New York, June 10.—New York is to be purged of the army of vagrants who have been imposing for years, with enormous profit, upon its generosity. It is the intention of Commissioner Partridge to clear the streets, once and for all, of these distressing figures. There are at present some 2,500 professional vagrants serving sentences in various institutions, who have been sent from New York city alone. The greater part of these have been detected and sentenced within the year. The actual sums collected in this way by beggars on the streets of New York, until recently, aggregated hundreds of thousands of dollars a year.

With such profits professional begging in New York has grown to be a fine art. There have been a number of schools, as well as private instructors, for teaching the art.

Perhaps of all the most astounding disclosures has been the trust which regularly apportions off the city, collected blackmail from those occupying posts and fixed the rate of instruction and percentages. Scores of beggars have been found to possess property to the amount of thousands of dollars. The records of the police courts where these impostures have been examined show that on the average nine in every ten of those arrested have confessed to be swindlers. In many cases the beggars have owned considerable property in New York or in their native lands, commonly in Italy. It is not unusual for a skillful beggar in a good position, to receive ten, fifteen or even twenty dollars a day.

The profession of begging in New York, at least regularly, supports thousands of men, women and children. It is well organized, and is probably carried on with a degree of skill not to be found in any other city in the world. The existence of the Beggars' trust is more or less familiar. The remarkable care and intelligence shown in its organization compares favorably with the skill shown in more familiar business activities.

The trust, though it is, of course, without formal name or recognition, has regularly divided up the city into districts and exercises a tacit control over begging in these sections. The Fifth avenue corners are generally considered the most lucrative positions for begging in the world. The sidewalks of Sixth avenue, west of Broadway, are also highly considered. The hotel and theater districts of upper Broadway, Madison avenue and the more important cross streets are also more or less under control of the Beggars' trust.

In order to enter the profession, certain definite and readily recognized qualifications are absolutely necessary. The apprentice must appear to be in a pitiable condition, as he or she must have a face and figure which may readily be made up to look the part. The latter condition is most common. Ninety-nine professional beggars in a hundred but ply their trade with careful perfection.

The strong, able-bodied apprentice is made into an apparent cripple by lashing the arms tight to the body beneath his clothes, or one or both legs doubled up and inserted into a trouser leg, leaving the end to flap empty and loose. Men have been arrested who have made themselves blind by continual gazing at the sun.

The so-called schools where beggars are instructed will perform such services as instruct the beggars to maltreat themselves, for a compensation. Their pay is usually contingent. The instructors prepare their pupils, deform their bodies, even maltreat them, and then give valuable instruction in posing or in gazing in a pitiable, beseeching manner.

When the course is complete, the graduate ventures out upon the street to ply his extraordinary trade. He is never allowed, however, to go alone. There is no honor among thieves of this type. The beggar who is considered a fit object of charity is regularly assigned to some street corner or other position, under the tacit control of the trust. He is always accompanied by a spotter, who is the trusted agent of the school or organization. The spotter guides the beggar to his post, and then, at a convenient distance, continues to watch him narrowly all day long. Not a coin is given to the beggar but is observed and carefully noted by the spotter. At the end of the day's work the beggar is carefully searched to find if he has secreted any coins in his clothes unobserved by the spotter. The money received for the day's work is then divided into three parts; one part is kept by the beggar, the second by the agent, while the third goes to compensate the trust for all its trouble in setting the beggar up in business.

There is practically no end to the types of beggars and to their means of deception. There are at present nine policemen, each a specialist in his line, who are set to watch these vagrants. The policemen are detailed for the service from the judicial courts. It requires a very intelligent and alert man to keep up with the various tricks of the beggars' trade.

There are about a half dozen conventional types of beggars in New York.

The most recent type to impose on public sympathy is the man, usually comfortably dressed, who may be seen ostentatiously eating dry bread which he picks up in the street. This is a ruse which rarely fails to bring alms from the most sophisticated. The trick is a very simple one. The beggar first distributes crusts of hard bread along the gutter, and then, when a crowd is passing, rushes out, picks up one of the crusts and begins to eat it ravenously. After he has collected a dollar or so from a sympathetic crowd, he drops the bread where he picked it up and awaits another crowd.

A refined appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty, given by Satin-Skin Powder (flesh, white, brunet tints). 25c.

IN A CAGE

Like Wild Animal, Mrs. Pike Carrying Her Husband.

Paducah, Ky., June 11.—J. W. Pike, of Ohio county, an old Confederate soldier, sorely stricken in mind and body, was carried through the lower part of the county Saturday night caged like a wild animal. Pike received a wound through the head in the civil war which rendered him liabel to violent fits. Seven years ago he went blind.

Last January Mrs. Pike decided to move to the Choctaw Nation, and as her husband was dangerous during convulsions, had a large wooden cage made in which he is traveling with the wife and six small children, who ride in a covered wagon. He has not been permitted to leave the cage since the trip was started.

The melancholy little family spent the day at Mayfield and resumed its journey Sunday. They have been on the road six months and expect to reach their destination in the fall. The imprisoned veteran served with credit in one of the Kentucky regiments.

Mrs. Pike was Miss Ellie Choate, of Christian county, Ky., and has several brothers living in Graves county, who spent the day with the family at Mayfield.

TO CONNECT.

Great Northern and Canadian Northern Will Be Joined.

Winnipeg, June 11.—The Free Press says: Many in the city are again inclined to the belief that James J. Hill, the Great Northern magnate, is the power "behind the throne" of the Canadian Northern railway. A party of Great Northern railway engineers is now at St. Vincent, laying out a rote for a track to connect the Great Northern St. Vincent line with the Canadian Northern at Emerson.

The connecting link will be about two miles in length and the Red River will be crossed on the traffic bridge recently acquired by the Canadian Northern. This bridge is now repaired and ready for trains. The extension will give Emerson direct connection with the Great Northern on the east side of the river, something the town has not had since the Emerson branch of the C. P. R. was utilized for through train service to St. Paul. James Thiel, one of the Great Northern assistant engineers, is in charge of the work at St. Vincent.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The graduating exercises of Cloquet high school were held in the Opera hall Monday evening. The hall was packed and the program delighted the audience.

This year there were only two graduates, Miss T. Halvorson and Miss Bertha Dupont, who in their respective essays acquitted themselves creditably. It is hoped that the nigh school attendance will be much larger next year. Taking into consideration the number of pupils enrolled in the schools, the number of scholars in the high school should be much larger. The feature of the exercises Monday evening was an address to the class by Professor Cobb, the superintendent. He is a speaker of no mean ability, and kept his audience in excellent humor.

The great Jellison, of Cohasset, has been here, on his election tour. On Saturday night he addressed a crowd on the street corner and endeavored to persuade them that he was the only man to vote for member of congress.

Rev. F. C. Coolbaugh preached the baccalaureate sermon at St. Andrews' church last Sunday evening. There was a larger attendance and the rector's effort was greatly appreciated.

Rev. J. Heard has been enjoying a visit from his father, Dr. Heard, of Minneapolis. The reverend gentleman preached in the Presbyterian church in the morning and M. E. church in the evening, last Sunday, to large congregations. He returns home today.

A man named Swin Overland had his left leg broken at Johnson-Wentworth mill this morning. He was attended by Dr. Harrington, who had him removed to the hospital in Duluth.

Warren Peterman and William Hensley have returned home from a fishing expedition. They claim to have made the best catch this season. Deer Creek was the fishing point and they brought back a splendid mess of trout.

FORTUNE

Left to a Poor Priest By His Mother.

Nashville, Tenn., June 11.—An unusual story came to light here and as a result a poor Catholic priest suddenly becomes a rich man.

Father Francis J. Tobin, formerly of the diocese of St. Louis, but who has recently been in the West for his health, arrived here Wednesday en route to Mobile. He visited Father T. C. Abbott and then left on his journey. The next day Father Abott saw a notice in the Catholic Telegraph, of Cincinnati, making inquiry for Father Tobin, whose whereabouts, it was stated, were unknown, and to whom a fortune had been left. Father Abbott at once telephoned Father Henry, with whom Father Tobin stayed at Decatur, Ala., and Father Tobin returned to this city and wired his sister, Mrs. John Alcorn, of Camden, N. J., as to the facts in the case. He received a telegram from his sister stating that their mother had died leaving her fortune to him, and that she would write full particulars.

The fortune which comes into Father Tobin's possession is estimated at $100,000. He is now with Father Abbott awaiting the letter.

RUSSELL SAGE

Reluctant to Throw Off Wall Street Harness.

New York, June 11.—Rumors credited to personal friends of Russell Sage that foretold the retirement of the venerable financier from Wall street, after a career of more than half a century, received slight confirmation last night from members of the family. Mrs. Sage has counseled her husband to devote less time in future to business, and she would be delighted if he abandoned Wall street altogether, but Mr. Sage, though forewarned by illness of the limitations of his strength, is looking forward eagerly to the resumption of work. Dr. John P. Munn, who understands Mr. Sage's mental trend thoroughly, has encouraged him in this idea, while advising that his patient should profit by a rest.

Mr. Sage is 86 years old. He is suffering with an affection of the throat, which makes it difficult to him to swallow solid food. His general health, however, is good, and he sleeps as naturally, Mrs. Sage said, as a child.

SSS SKIN DISEASES

The skin is provided with millions of little pores and glands invisible to the natural eye, yet through these tiny outlets the larger part of the deadly matter that daily collects in the body is carried off. But nature never intended that poisons of an irritating or acid character should be eliminated through the skin, the Liver and Kidneys being their natural outlets, and it is when these important organs fail to perform their functions that these acid poisons are absorbed into the blood and find their way to the surface of the body through the pores and glands of the skin, producing intense itching and burning, inflammation and swelling, and eruptions of every conceivable size, shape and character.

Skin Diseases differ greatly in their general characteristics and degrees of intensity. Red and angry looking spots break out upon some part of the body with a mass of small pustules or blisters, from which is discharged a clear or straw colored fluid, which dries and flakes off in bran-like particles and scales, or forms into hard and painful sores and scabs. The skin often hardens and dries, cracks and bleeds from the effects of the fiery acids, which the blood is continually throwing off. Pimples, blackheads and blotches are evidences of a too acid blood, which has inflamed and clogged the pores.

Skin Diseases being dependent upon the same causes require the same treatment, which must be constitutional and not external. Nothing applied locally to the inflamed surface can bring much relief. The disfiguring eruptions will continue to annoy and pain you in spite of soaps, washes or powders. There is no hope of getting rid of a skin disease except through the purification of the depreciated blood and neutralizing and filtering out of the circulation all poisonous substances and acids.

The purifying and tonic properties of S. S. S. soon manifest their influence in skin affections; the debilitated system is invigorated and toned up, and the gradual disappearance of the eruptions show that the polluted blood is being brought back to its natural purity and strength. Old chronic skin disorders, which have resisted all the ordinary methods of treatment, readily yield to the curative powers of S. S. S., and there is no reason why the long time sufferer should feel resigned to his fate under the mistaken idea that some skin diseases are incurable, for S. S. S. has cured and is still curing cases perhaps far more desperate than yours. S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy, containing no Potash, Arsenic or any of the poisonous drugs which constitute the basis of so many so-called skin cures.

SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, TETTER, NETTLE RASH, PSORIASIS, ACNE, BOILS.

Our Medical Department has been of the greatest assistance to thousands seeking relief from blood and skin troubles. Write us fully about your case, and our physicians will help you, for which no charge whatever is made. Our illustrated Book on Skin Diseases will be sent free to all who write for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

VIRULENT CANCER CURED.

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by druggist G. W. Roberts, of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had long suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. They believed his case hopeless till he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time this salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood diseases, skin eruptions, ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters, 50c; Salve, 25c, at W. A. Abbett's Drug Store.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At your druggists.

Good enough for anybody!

ALL HAVANA FILLER

"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" and "J. T." Tobacco.

Ottumwa, Iowa, April 10, 1901.

In 1883 I broke out with Eczema on my head, legs and arms. The Doctors treated me for about two years without giving relief. I next tried various ointments, soaps and washes, but these did me no good. I finally quit taking medicine, as the physician said the disease had become chronic and incurable. Having endured this tormenting malady for about 16 years, I determined to make another effort to get rid of it and began S. S. S. in July, 1900, and continued it until November, when I discovered, to my surprise and joy, that not a spot could be found on my body, which before had been almost covered with the eruption.

It has now been nearly a year since the disease disappeared, but not a sign of it has ever returned, and I am satisfied the cure is permanent.

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DR. LYON'S **French Periodical Drops**

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pain in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to impotency and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

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Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 27th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Glockle, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Joseph Glockle, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Mary Glockle has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things, that said Joseph Glockle died in said county, on the 19th day of May, 1902, testate, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said Mary Glockle.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 27th day of May, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May 28-June-4-11-1902.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 10 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

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KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO., CHICAGO.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

George F. Perkins, Plaintiff.

vs.

Clara J. Gibbs, Albert L. Gibbs, her husband, Alonzo J. Whiteman, Rebecca E. Whiteman, who intermarried with James Lindsay, now Rebecca E. Whiteman Lindsay, James Lindsay, Frederick C. Whiteman, Julia N. Whiteman, Susan Hartman, Mary Overpeck, Jacob Whiteman, George G. Whiteman, Angelina Hawk, John Whiteman, Benjamin Whiteman, Charles Whiteman, Frederick Whiteman, William Weidman, John Whiteman, Jay Whiteman, Elizabeth Hanne, George Weidman, Mary Dill, Owen Rowe, Samuel Bower, Lester Schwingle, Andrew Whiteman, Joel Whiteman, Flora Magee, Grant Weidman, Hayes Weidman, Verne Weidman, Glen Weidman, Cloquet Lumber Company, George A. Lammers, Albert J. Lammers and William O'Brien, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the First National Bank building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, March 14th, A. D. 1902.

AUSTIN N. McGINDLEY,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
407-408 First National Bank Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-21-28-June-4-11-18-25-July-2-1902.

ANOTHER ADVANCE

Wheat Closes Higher Although Top Notch Is Not Held.

Bullish Government Report and Higher Cables the Cause.

Minneapolis July Option Again Leads In the Advance.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 11.—The Minneapolis market was again rampant today, the July option advancing 2c over yesterday's close. The extreme advance in Duluth was 1¼c and in Chicago 1¼-⅜c. The closing price in Minneapolis was at an advance of ⅞-1c while the advance in Chicago was only ⅜-½c and in Duluth ⅝c. The market started out strong and higher, the bullish crop report issued by the government bureau yesterday afternoon being the chief factor. It indicates a decrease of 125,000,000 bus in the wheat yield, as compared with last year's crop. Higher cables were also a cause of strength. The Southwest reported fair weather. The advance reached its height about 11 o'clock and after that there was a slump and the market fell below the opening prices and closed weak.

The Liverpool market closed 1sd higher. Paris ½@¾c higher and Antwerp unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 377,388 bus, last year 560,845 bus. Shipments were 347,851 bus, last year 389,534 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 416,000 bus.

Corn in the Chicago market advanced 3c and oats ⅝-¾c. Primary receipts of wheat were 512,337 bus, last year 578,000 bus. Shipments were 169,485 bus, last year 875,712 bus. Clearances were 4700 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 185 cars, and at Chicago, 24, a total of 209 cars, against 153 last week and 359 last year.

The Duluth market was fairly active. The opening was ⅛c up at 73¼c and the market sold at 75⅝c at 9:32, at 75¼c at 9:37, at 75¾-⅞c at 9:46, at 73¾c at 10:08 and then jumped to 74c at 10:50. From that point it slumped to 73¼c at 12:38 and closed at 73½c, an advance of 1½c.

Cash prices were unchanged at 1c over July for No. 1 northern, 1¾c under for No. 2 and 3c under for No. 3. Sales were 5000 bus.

Flax trading was quiet. Cash seed declined 5c, while September advanced 1c and October 1½c. September and cash advanced 5c and September rye fell ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 76⅞c; 1 northern, 73¼c; 2 northern, 72c; 3 spring, 70¼c. To arrive—1 hard, 76¾c; 1 northern, 73¾c; July, 73¼c; September, 70¾c. Manitoba, 1 northern, cash, 73¾c; 2 northern, 71¾c. Oats—September, 29½c. Rye, 55½c; September, 54c. Flax, cash, $1.70; to arrive, $1.70; June, $1.70; September, $1.44½; October, $1.40.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 2; last year 30. Receipts—Wheat, 10,711 bus; oats, 1996 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 126,986 bus; oats, 1017 bus.

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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
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Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	70
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	73
No. 2 northern, 2400 bus	73½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	73½
No grade, 1 car	69¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Bullish Crop Report Caused Advance In Wheat.

Chicago, June 11.—The bullish wheat crop report issued by the government was the feature of the early wheat market today. The condition reported at 76.1 as against 76.4 May 1 was a surprise, for figures around 80 were confidently expected. This report indicated a decrease of about 125,000,000 bus in the wheat yield from that of last year. Cables also were higher and as a consequence shorts covered, there was some commission house buying and July opened 1¼@1⅜c higher at 71⅝c to 71¾c. Receipts were still small in the Northwest, but Minneapolis was as weak comparatively as it was strong yesterday. Fair weather continued in the Southwest and as a result the early strength was not very well held, July slipping back to 71½@71¾c. Receipts 251 cars, contract; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 185, a total for the three points of 209 cars against 153 last week and 359 a year ago.

Late trading was erratic. Minneapolis turned strong on good local buying, July was advanced to 72⅝c only to tumble back to 71¾c on liquidation. The close was firm, July 73⅝@73¾c up at 71¾c.

There was no government report on corn but higher cables and the strength of the early wheat market together with influential buying brought a strong market. July opened ¼@⅜c higher at 62c to 63¼c and advanced to 63¼c. Receipts 194 cars and acceptances were light.

Corn needed the artificial support it got to push July to 63¾c. Profit-taking brought a dip to 62⅞c, but the close was firm, July, 63c up at 63¼c.

Talk in the oats pit today began to suggest the possibility of a bull "deal" in new July stuff. With the cash demand still fairly good at 42c to 45½c the present July figures seem much too low to the bulls. The crop condition, however, favors growth. The government report was bearish, showing a condition of 90.6 with a probable yield of 805,000,000 bus; 4.1 per cent over last year. There was an early easy feeling but July opened ⅛c up at 28¾c and steadied at 28¾c. Receipts, 93 cars.

Hogs were firm today, but provisions acted top heavy for a time. Soon scattered outside liquidation brought early dips but the packers again absorbed for higher prices. July pork opened 2½c lower to 5c up at $17.70 to $17.75, dipped to $17.67½ and rallied to $17.72½; July lard steady, a shade up to a shade down at $10.35 to $10.37½ and July ribs 5c off at $10.00 broke to $10.50 and rallied slightly.

Close: Wheat, June, 71¾c; July, 71¾c; September, 70@70¾c; December, 71¾@71¾c. Corn, June, 62¾c; July, 63¼c; September, 58¼@58¾c; December, 44¾c; May, 43½@43¾c. Oats, June, 40c; July, 36⅞@37c; new, 29¼c; September, 28¾c; new, 30¼c; December, 28¾c; new, 30¾c. Pork, June and July, $17.70; January $16.25. Lard, June, $10.30; July, $10.30@10.32½; September, $10.35; October, $10.37½; January, $9.35; May, $9.27½. Ribs, June, $10.37½; July, $10.37½; September, $10.25; January, $9.55. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.76; Southwestern, $1.66; September, $1.42; October, $1.39. Rye, July, 56¼c; September, 54½c. Barley, cash, 64@68c. Timothy, September, $4.55. Clover, cash, $8.35. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 73¼@80½c; No. 3 red, 78@79½c; No. 2 hard winter, 74¾@75¼c; No. 3 hard winter, old, 73¾@74c; No. 1 northern spring, 74¾@75¼c; No. 2 northern spring, 73¼@74¼c; No. 3 spring, 70@72¼c. Corn, No. 2, 63¾@63¾c; No. 3, 62½@63c. Oats, No. 2, 42½@43c; No. 3, 41½@42c.

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GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago—Wheat: The market here was more active and prices advanced sharply after the opening on the higher Liverpool cables and the government report. A good deal of realizing was seen and the buying was for short account and a good part of the early advance was lost. The report indicates a crop of about 125,000,000 bus less than a year ago. So far the trade is not disposed to credit its reliability. The general inference was that strength in Liverpool was due there to us. Our own advices, however, indicate that Liverpool was on unfavorable weather in the United Kingdom and the advance in Paris. The weather in this country continues favorable and the Southwest reports increased offerings of new wheat but prompt shipment. Export business is more moderate. The outlook is still dull but the action of European markets indicates something as any unfavorable developments in weather conditions there would change the whole outlook.

Corn: Liverpool ½d higher. The market here was quiet. There are some slight complaints of interference with cultivation by excessive rains but not enough to attract particular notice. The movement both in and out is so small as to have little effect either way. Our traders report that it is getting difficult to trade in July corn but we think there is still a large short interest therein. Unless the receipts of contract corn materially increase it looks a risky proposition to be short.

Oats: The government report indicates a crop of about 805,000,000 bus. This evidently has been discounted as there was generally a better demand for oats both for long and short accounts. The general tone of the market is strong. We advise sure there is come from short selling. With the old contract oats exhausted we think it will be a long time before cash oats will worry the purchaser at September prices.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago—It is rumored that an amended report will be issued showing a further decrease in the spring wheat acreage of 1,400,000 acres. This will make the total decrease in acreage of 3,900,000 acres. We cannot confirm this report.

• • •

W. H. Laidley & Co.—The factor in wheat today is the government report which is somewhat of a surprise. It indicates 5,500,000 acres less than last year and according to the par one used suggests 100,000,000 to 125,000,000 bus less wheat than last year. If the trade accepts these figures they are bullish.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 11.—Close: Wheat—July, 73¼c; September, 67⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 northern, 75@75½c; No. 2 northern, 73@74c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York
July—				
Open	73¾@74	74¼	71⅝-⅞	78⅛
High	74	75½-⅝	72½	78½-⅝
Low	73½	74⅛	71½-⅝	77⅞-78
Close	73¼	74¼	71¾A	78D
September—				
Open	70¼B	69¼	70⅜-½	76⅛
High	70⅝	69⅝	70⅞	76½
Low	70⅛	68⅝-¾	70	75⅞
Close	70¼	68⅞	70-⅛	75¾A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	July. Oats	July. Corn	July. Pork
Open	36⅜	63@63⅛	$17.70@17.75
High	36⅞-37	63⅝	17.80
Low	36⅛	62⅞	17.65
Close	36⅞-37	63¼A	17.70A

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 11.—Wheat—Spot, quiet; No. 1 northern spring, 6⅜; No. 1 California, 6s 3½d; futures, dull; July, 5s 10¼d; September, 6s 5d. Corn, quiet; American mixed new, 5s 9d; American mixed old, 5s 9d; futures, dull; July, nominal; September, 5s 2d; October, 5s 1¾d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 11.—Close: Wheat, July, 78c; September, 75¾c. Corn, July, 67¾c; September, 63½c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 607 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, June 11.—The wheat market, after opening firm on higher cables from abroad and on the government report, which was generally considered bullish, later advanced sharply on free covering by July shorts, but on the advance there was heavy realizing and this, together with freer offerings by the country of new wheat to arrive, closed most of the advance to be lost and the market closed with a weak undertone, July, 73c, and September and December, ¾c higher than last night. Liverpool reported their market at firm, ½d higher for the day. Continental markets were generally quiet, with the exception of Paris, which was firm and higher on unsettled weather. The weather in England was reported rather unseasonable also. Cash demand here was very quiet and seaboard reported very little demand there for export. Advices from the Northwest indicate freer offerings by the country. There was also very free offerings of new wheat from the Southwest. The government report shows a slight decline in the condition of winter wheat last month; it is surprising and quite at variance with other reliable advices.

There is no question but what the winter wheat crop has improved materially, and the prospects of the spring crop could hardly be better. We are inclined to think the decrease in the acreage as reported is a little exaggerated. Mr. Snow's figures suggest a total crop, barring accidents of fully 725,000,000 bus and in the past we have found his figures a great deal more reliable than those issuer by the government. It is quite possible they may have to revise their figures again some time next year and probably conform with Mr. Snow's ideas. The situation as we view it is bearish; there is hardly any demand, we have a new winter wheat crop coming right on the market, and every day the hedging against country purchases will increase the pressure and unless something unforseen happens will cause prices to go lower. The European crop situation as a whole is very favorable. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 25 cars.

There was a very light trade in corn today, and the market ruled firm owing to light country offerings and in sympathy with the early strength in wheat, the close was quiet, July ¾c; September and December, ¼c higher for the day. Cash demand was very quiet. The weather was generally favorable, although some reports were received from the extreme South regarding the weather being too dry. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 285 cars. Oats ruled very strong all day, with a large and active trade. Country offerings were very light, while there was an excellent cash demand. All the No. 3 white oats here in store are reported sold for shipment. New England demand is good, and stocks everywhere are extremely small. Country is selling very little and the crop is apparently used up. We regard the situation as very strong and fully expect to see much higher prices in the near future. The market closed firm. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 90 cars.

Provisions opened with a rush to sell, although hogs were higher. The pressure was on the ribs, and the selling was believed to be for one or perhaps more important holders, and this was continued all day, closing with heavy decline in July ribs and easier on everything else. Holders willing to sell underestimated quantities of ribs further firework display. Pork is entirely in the hands of scalpers and outsiders and we can see nothing good in it and may see forced liquidation any day now. Receipts of hogs heavier than former years and demand poor for everything. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 34,000 head.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Wednesday, June 11, 1902:

STATIONS.	Temperature. Max.	Min	Rainfall inches.
Alexandria	Clear	70	58	.06
Campbell	Clear	72	52	.04
Crookston	Clear	80	52	T
Detroit City	Cloudy	70	58	.10
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	78	60	.02
Montevideo	Clear	82	54	.04
Minneapolis	Clear	76	52	T
New Ulm	Clear	82	54	.16
Winnebago Cy.	Cloudy	82	54	.60
Worthington	Pt. cldy	80	46	.06
Devils Lake	Clear	80	46	.00
Langdon	Clear	72	48	.00
Larimore	Clear	72	48	.14
Lisbon	Clear	78	54	.06
Aberdeen	Clear	76	52	T
Millbank	Clear	84	56	.02
Redfield	Clear	74	48	.34
Bismarck	Clear	82	48	.00
Duluth	Clear	82	56	.00
Huron	Cloudy	78	60	.02
La Crosse	Cloudy	70	62	.02
Moorhead	Clear	80	60	.00
St. Paul	Pt. cldy	92	60	.00
Pierre	Pt. cldy	92	60	.00

Warm and showery weather prevailed, heavy rainfalls as follows: Galva, Ill., 4.44 inches; Marshalltown, Iowa, 1.54 inches; Davenport, Iowa, 1.48 inches. A destructive thunderstorm occurred at Delphi, Ind.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the prevailing quietness the cause of the large accumulation of all classes of horses on the market both here and South in second precedent. Local buyers are not in the market and bought actively of heavy draffters and delivery horses, yet the outlet constituted a light proportion of the large shipping stock. As a general the trade was characterized dull. Inquiries from out of town were extinct. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@230
Drafters, good to choice	140@160
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	125@150
Farm mares, good to choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	50@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 11.—Cattle, receipts, 16,500, including 1000 Texans. Steady. Good to prime steers, $7.25@7.75; poor to medium, $5.25@7.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.50@5.60; heifers, $2.50@6.50; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2.50@5.60; calves, $2.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $5.00@7.00. Hogs, receipts to-day, 40,000; tomorrow, 35,000; left over, 4848. Five cents higher. Mixed and butchers, $7.00@7.50; good to choice heavy, $7.45@7.62½; rough heavy, $7.10@7.40; light, $6.35@7.40; bulk of sales, $7.15@7.40. Sheep, receipts, 17,000. Sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.25@6.15; fair to choice mixed, $4.50@5.60; native sheep, $5.25@6.15; native lambs, $5.25@6.75; Western lambs, $5.50@7.60; spring lambs, $7.60. Yesterday—Receipts, Cattle, 16,111; hogs, 40,252; sheep, 18,145. Shipments—Cattle, 2420; hogs, 6196; sheep, 785.

DEGREES

Conferred By Princeton at Its Annual Commencement.

Princeton, N. J., June 11.—At the exercises of the 155th annual commencement of Princeton university today, a large number of honorary degrees were conferred, among them the following: Doctor of laws, Judge James H. Reed, Pittsburg, Pa.; Doctor of divinity, the Rev. Richard Davenport, Harlem, president Lake Forest university, Illinois; Master of arts, James Herron Eckles, former comptroller of the currency.

The various and numerous fellowships and prizes were awarded.

FOR PATTON.

Handsome Sum Pledged For His Yearly Salary.

Princeton, N. J., June 11.—It was learned today that the board of trustees of Princeton university held an extra session and voted to give Former President Patton $4,000 a year to continue in the chair of ethics. In addition a subscription was taken up among the members of the board and $30,000 was raised, one prominent alumnus giving $10,000 to be added to President Patton's salary of $4,000 a year. The $30,000 is to be paid in installments of $6,000 a year, which guarantees him a salary of $10,000 a year for five years, the same amount he received as president. Prof. Patton was yesterday officially offered the presidency of the Princeton Theological seminary and the chair of theology, but he declined to accept.

Attention U. C. T.

The special train for Minneapolis and Lake Minnetonka, via the Great Northern railway, which is the official route for all U. C. T. members and their families, will leave the Union depot at 1:55 p. m. Thursday. Tickets will be sold only on membership certificates issued by C. W. Sutton, secretary, which can be secured from him Thursday morning at the Great Northern office, corner Spalding hotel. Don't fail to be on hand.

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Neglect of the Market Again In Evidence at Opening.

Buying Demand Sprang Up But It Soon Fell Off.

Prices Fluctuated Considerably and the Close Was Irregular.

New York, June 11.—The neglect of the market was again in evidence this morning. Only a few stocks showed opening prices that varied more than one-eighth from last night and of these none exceeded one-half in its change except Kansas & Texas preferred, which rose a point.

Canadian Pacific was under pressure and its point loss caused a momentary relapse in other stocks. Large orders appeared for the Southwestern stocks. Western stocks also made good gains and the coalers showed marked firmness. Improvements reached 16½ in Missouri Pacific, Kansas & Texas preferred, St. Joe & Grand Island first and second preferred, Louisville, Great Northern preferred, St. Paul and Distilling preferred. Fuel gained 2 and Texas land trust 4½ points. Business was in larger volume than for a long time and there was a good distribution of dealings.

The buying demand decreased and there were fractional reactions. Colorado Fuel reacted 1½. There were some further gains in the Southwestern division, notably Texas & Pacific, which rose a point and Missouri Pacific, which extended its gain to 1¼. Tennessee Coal, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville preferred, Manhattan Beach, Detroit Gas and Rubber Goods were lifted a point each and Delaware & Hudson 1½. Pullman lost a point and Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis sold at a decline of 3. Bonds were irregular.

Trading was slightly feverish, but the movement either way was not important. St. Paul and the Southwestern maintained a strong front, but the Pacifics and some of the specialties lost ground. Colorado Fuel reacted 2½ in all, while St. Paul preferred and Cotton Oil preferred gained a point. Near 11 o'clock Sugar became prominent and sold up to near 123.

The market was uneven. There was a good absorption of St. Paul up to 172, but Sugar reacted a point. International Power sold up to 71, United States Reduction preferred 2½ and Chicago, I. & L. preferred and Soo a point or more. Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis ruled 2 in an irregular course, the grangers receding a fraction and Sugar rising to the best. Iowa Central and Colorado & Southern second preferred rose a point. Detroit Gas, 2. Distilling preferred 3⅜ and New York Air Brake 3½, but Ice preferred declined about a point. International Power was bid up to 88 without bringing out any stock. Missouri Pacific was lifted to 102½. The closing was dull and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	69¼	68⅝	69¼
Anaconda M. Co.	113½	113	113
Atchison	81⅜	81⅝	81⅜
do pfd	99½	99¼	99⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	106¼	106	106¼
Brooklyn Transit	67⅜	67½	67½
Chesapeake & Ohio	46½	46¼	46¼
Chicago & Alton	37⅝	37¼	37⅜
Col. Fuel and Iron	99	99	99
Chicago Great Western	29	28⅝	28⅝
Erie common	37½	37⅜	37⅜
do 1st pfd	69¾	68¾	69½
Great Northern pfd	183¾	183	183
Louisville & Nashville	138⅞	137½	137½
Leather	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜
do pfd	86	85¾	85⅞
Manhattan Con.	132¾	131⅞	132
M. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	58¾	58¼	58½
Missouri Pacific	102⅜	100⅝	102⅜
New York Central	153½	153¼	153⅝
Norfolk & Western	56⅛	56	56¼
Ontario & Western	33	33	33
Pennsylvania Ry.	150⅜	149¾	149¾
People's Gas	102	102	102
Republic Iron & Steel	106¼	106	106¼
do pfd	75¼	74⅝	75¼
Reading	64¼	63½	64
do 1st pfd	84	84	84
do 2nd pfd	69	68⅝	69
Rock Island	172⅜	171¾	172
do pfd	97⅝	95	97
Southern Ry.	35¾	35	35¾
do pfd.	95¼	95	95¼
Southern Pacific	64⅝	64⅜	64⅞
Smelter	49	48½	48⅝
do pfd	99⅝	99	99⅝
Sugar Refinery	129	127⅜	129
St. Paul	172	170¼	171⅝
T. C. & I.	64⅝	63½	64⅛
Texas Pacific	42	41¼	41¾
Union Pacific	105⅝	105	105⅝
do pfd	88⅛	88	88⅛
U. S. Steel	39¾	38⅞	39¼
do pfd	89¾	89	89½
Western Union	27¼	27	27⅛
Wisconsin Central	44¾	43¾	44½
do pfd	91¼	90¾	91¼
Canadian Pacific	27⅜	27⅛	27⅜
American Ice	50½	49	49¾
	135¼	134½	134¾
	19	18½	18⅞

The total sales were 380,900 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The World Prints the following: "An important conference is to be held in London today between J. P. Morgan and James R. Keene on matters connected with the New York and London stock markets. Mr. Keene for several years has been conducting the stock market operations necessary to the successful flotation of the securities of several of Mr. Morgan's big enterprises. The Morgan securities have been very inactive and weak since the strike began. It is said that the steel syndicate has 100,000 shares of preferred Steel, which it accumulated in order to carry through the conversion plan and which it would like to market. The formation of a pool to bull the Steels is one of the objects of Mr. Morgan's conference with Mr. Keene."

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Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: The government crop report is one of the leading topics of the market discussion. The showing made is considered a good one, the consensus of expert opinion being that actual conditions are much better than is indicated by the department averages. Hence a strong feeling on the outlook for securities, especially the granglers. Easy money, favorable trade reports, good earnings and a growing belief in the early settlement of the coal strike also contribute much to the prevailing spirit of optimism. One of the questions asked tonight and eagerly discussed is, who is buying the stocks. For four weeks the anthracite strike has been on. During this period there has been a constant though quiet absorption of shares. This buying was not by the public. It could hardly have been by weak bulls, for it is well known that the latter have been selling. The influence is that the men and interests who have been taking the stocks are what the outcome of the market will be a few weeks hence. Therefore the followers of these capitalists are advising the purchase of such stocks at St. Paul, New York Central, Union Pacific, Atchison common, Southern Pacific, Wabash common and Reading common on all moderate reactions.

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Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: I observe that of the eight leading financial writers, five are very bullish, one bearish and two undecided. Last Thursday when stocks were at the bottom, six of them advised temporarily lower prices. Though the market looks very strong, I don't feel like bulling stocks when so many bull tips are in the air. I am inclined to think we will get a good reaction Thursday. In my judgment the bull side is the proper side, but unless you are prepared to ignore surface movements, it is risky to buy at these levels. It is no use to sell stocks like Southern Pacific, Brooklyn Rapid Transit and United States Steel, which have not advanced.

Warrington to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The general outlook is good and as stated in yesterday's letter the market will soon break away from the influence of the labor strikes, in fact it has begun already and you should buy at once. Missouri Pacific should sell at 110 before at 99. St. Paul, Southern Pacific and Union Pacific should be bought.

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It is officially announced that the United States Steel corporation earnings for April were 64 per cent in excess of the corresponding month last year, and that May earnings, estimated, will be 35 per cent greater than 1901. The figures in round numbers follow:

	1902.	1901.	Increase.	Pct.
April	$12,000,000	$7,000,000	$4,700,000	64.3
May	13,000,000	9,600,000	3,400,000	35.4

A director of the company says he considers the steel trade practically assured for two years. Some of the mills are three months behind in their delivery, and tremendous orders are being booked. Orders for at least 600,000 tons of rails for delivery in 1903 have been received. Continuing he says:

"It would not be too much to say that the surplus on our books, which is now $175,000,000, will be increased to nearly $360,000,000 by the end of our third fiscal year. Our earnings are bound to show excellent increases, and I make the prediction that earnings on our common stock will be close to 20 per cent in our third year."

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W. L. Bull, a director of the Wisconsin Central, after an inspection of the property, is quoted as saying:

"The year's operation of Wisconsin Central will probably show about 4 per cent on the preferred shares. It has been our policy to continue improvements until the whole line shall be in first class condition before declaring dividends, and it seems unlikely that this policy will be departed from at the present time.

"Our traffic is becoming more and more diversified as our country develops. At first the road was dependent on forest products chiefly, but now we carry a great deal of ore from Ashland; flour from Minneapolis, dairy products from the regions north of Chicago, ice from the various lakes, and coal from the western parts of Wisconsin to Chicago."

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23½	24½
Arcadian	4⅝	5
Allouez	2⅝	3
Atlantic	31½	32
Anaconda	27½	28⅛
Amalgamated	69	69⅛
Calumet & Hecla	570	576
Centennial	19½	20
Copper Range Con.	58	58½
Franklin	11¼	12
Isle Royale	12	13
Bingham	34⅝	35
Mass	20	20¼
Mayflower	2⅝	2⅞
National	1½	2
Mohawk	45	45½
Michigan	1¼	1⅜
Old Colony	2⅛	22
Old Dominion	21½	22
Osceola	61½	63
Parrot	25	26
Phoenix	4⅝	5
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	1¾	2
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1½	2
Tri-Mountain	.....	100
Utah	21½	22⅛
Winona	4	4⅛
Wolverine	3⅜	4¼
Wyandotte	55⅜	56
Elm River	1	1¼
Trinity	3	3½
Dominion Coal	12½	13
United States Mining	139	140
Calumet & Arizona	20	20½
	45	.....

COPPER GOSSIP.

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: An authority on Amalgamated CSopper says: "It is not true that the Amalgamated Copper company has a floating debit as some people intimate in published interviews. It is also safe to say that Amalgamated Copper will continue to pay dividends as long as any other copper company pays dividends. Amalgamated people are not anxious to have their stock go down, but if the decline is necessary to keep the market for copper in a healthy condition, they will not stand in the way of a decline."

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Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The dullness in coppers is still continues. The only feature was in United Copper which sold up to 35⅝. We look for quite a little activity in this stock in the near future and expect to see it sell higher.

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Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: An Amalgamated official, who is also a director and is a standard authority on Amalgamated is quoted every day by some Boston newspaper as expressing bearish views on either the market or the copper share market and in spite of this the coppers met excellent buying on every slight reaction and Amalgamated shows a disposition to steadily advance. The metal market is strong and very quiet. Circumstances make feeling better in copper.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 11.—The cotton market opened firm at 3 to 5 points higher, on fairly active buying, led by more or less frightened shorts and commission house interests. Following the call there was a further improvement on continued good reports. Wall street interests, however, appeared to be selling the July and August positions with confidence and those options failed to show the same degree of strength as the later months. July worked up to 8.82, August to 8.58 and October to 8.11. Then came a movement to sell by room traders for a reaction under which the whole list broke quite sharply to a point or so under last night's final bids. Trading became very quiet on the decline and fluctuations were confined to a narrow range.

Cotton spot closed quiet and steady; middling uplands, 9 7-16; middling gulf, 9 11-16; sales today, none. Cotton futures closed barely steady, June, 8.95; July, 8.73; August, 8.47; September, 8.13; October, 7.98; November, 7.82; December, 7.82; January, 7.83; February, 7.93; March, 7.95.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, June 11.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $199,178,532; gold, $99,485,263; silver, $23,426,332; United States notes, $9,266,187; treasury notes of 1890, $132,699; national bank notes, $9,281,288; total receipts this day, $2,091,705; total receipts this month, $16,247,818; total receipts this year, $529,575,539; total expenditures this day, $925,000; total expenditures this month, $14,386,000; total expenditures this year, $469,756,797; deposits in national banks, $126,121,812.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 11.—Close: Money on call steady, 2½@3 per cent, closing 2½ per cent; prime merchantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85⅝@4.87¼ for demand and $4.87¼ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85¼@4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.85¼; bar silver, 52⅝c; Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, easy; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, firm.

WIDOW'S PENSION.

Washington, June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A widow's pension of $8 monthly has been granted to Abbie E. McQuaid, of Duluth.

$29.00 Boston and Return.

Account annual meeting First Church of Christ, Scientist, the Northwestern Line will sell tickets, Duluth to Boston and return at the very low rate of $29.00 for the round trip. Tickets good for return until and including June 21st, or by depositing ticket and payment of 50 cents at Boston on or before June 15 final limit will be extended until July 31st. For tickets and berth accommodations call at 405 West Superior street.

QUAY WAS IN CONTROL

(Continued from page 7.)

committee at yesterday's meeting.

Senator Quay's nomination of his colleague, Senator Penrose, for temporary chairman was in the form of a brief resolution. Penrose made no speech, but proceeded to the prompt dispatch of the business of the convention. The rule providing that the chairman of the state committee be elected by the nominees and chairman of the convention was suspended. A Philadelphia delegate offered a resolution, which was adopted, that Senator be elected state chairman. While the committees were organizing, speeches placing in nomination candidates for governor were made. Robert S. Murphy, of Cambria, offered the name of Elkin. Judge Pennypacker was nominated by Hampton L. Carson, of Philadelphia. The name of Lloyd S. Waters was withdrawn. This left the field to Pennypacker and Elkin, and candidates were then presented for lieutenant governor.

Mayor F. E. Lewis, of Allentown, and former Senator Brown, were the nominees.

Major Isaac B. Brown was the only candidate nominated for secretary of internal affairs. The committee on permanent organization reported the selection of Congressman Sibley for permanent chairman. Before Mr. Sibley was finally elected, A. S. L. Shields, of Philadelphia, from the committee on contests, reported in favor of the sitting delegates in the First Luzerne and the Fourth Schuylkill districts. The reportw as adopted, 196 to 159.

This vote is regarded as a test vote on the governorship and practically assures Pennypacker's nomination.

Senator Penrose then retired as chairman in favor of Mr. Sibley, who made a speech which evoked great applause. He said;

We have assembled to voice to the nation the patriotic sentiment of Pennsylvania and send her declarations of loyalty to all that dignifies labor whether in factory or upon farm, her fidelity to all that ennobles human character, her adherence to those policies which throw wider open the door of honest opportunity to every man, woman and child, to proclaim her allegiance to all that makes for material progress and her zeal for all that strengthens, protects and defends our social, industrial, moral and national life.

The Republican party of the Keystone state will strike the keynote of love that harmony and concert of action which shall insure the continuance of our present national prosperity and the realization of that more glorious destiny whose open doors we have but entered. The record of her progress is the history of all that is truest, highest and best in our national life for the past forty years.

William McKinley found an army of tramps and Coxey marchers. He left us an industrial hive, where wages are higher of every class of labor and where the highest pecuniary reward their services ever commanded. He found an insular and has left us a world power, respected not more for the valor of our arms, not more for the genius of our civilization, than for the moderation and mercy manifested to the conquered. He waged a war with Spain and in less than three years from the outbreak of hostilities gives Spain again to America as her cordial friend. He found us nearly forty years after the civil war disvided, and left us truly united states of America.

Judge Pennypacker was nominated for governor on the first ballot. The vote: Pennypacker, 206; Elkin, 152.

The platform read as follows:

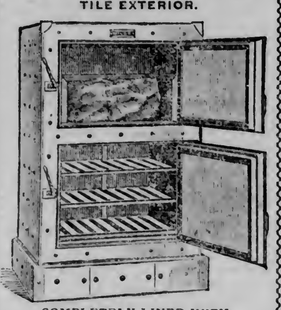
Affirming the principles enunciated by the Republican national convention, which met in Philadelphia in 1900, the Republicans of Pennsylvania, in representative convention assembled at Harrisburg, declare the following platform:

Wilke Refrigerators!

—Tile Exterior
—½ plate
—glass interior

—Oak Exterior
—½ plate
—glass interior

WILKE REFRIGERATOR.
TILE EXTERIOR.



COMPLETELY LINED WITH
½ INCH PLATE GLASS.

These refrigerators are neither cheap nor dear, the ice saving power alone resolves their purchase into a PROFITABLE INVESTMENT. The dry air circulation is the best of any refrigerator made, this may be demonstrated by placing a wet cloth or blotter on a provision shelf and it will DRY OUT COMPLETELY in from one to four hours. A BOX OF MATCHES placed inside can be used at any time.

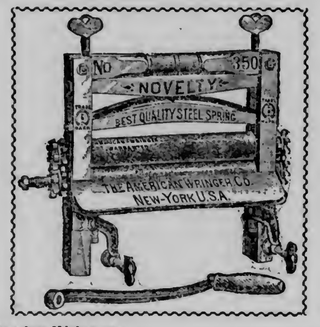
Would be pleased to show you our line.

HOSE AND HOSE GOODS.

¾ Rubber, old gold or shamrock brand—once used always used ..... 16c per foot.
The Board of Education after using a great many makes have decided from experience that this is what they will use from now on.

¾ Rubber Hose from ..... 6½c per foot up
Bent Top Hose Reels 75c
Brass Arm Lawn Sprinklers .....
Gem Nozzles 40c
Magic Nozzles 50c
..... $1.00

One-third —to— One-half Off!



One-third —to— One-half Off!

	Regular Price—	Special Price—
No. 790 Guarantee Ball Bearing Wringers	$5.00	$4.15
No. 110 Guarantee Ball Bearing Wringers	$4.50	$3.48
(The above are guaranteed in all ways for five years.)		
No. 770 Bicycle Ball Bearing Wringer	$4.00	$2.98
No. 22 Ruby Wringer	$2.50	$1.98
No. 50 Falcon Wringer	$2.25	$1.78
No. 10 Challenge Wringer	$2.50	$1.98

These prices good for Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week only.

Kelley Hdw Co

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Wrecking work on the steamer Hadley was resumed early this morning, beginning at 5 o'clock, and it was pursued actively all day. The wind having switched into the northwest, yesterday's interruption from northeast breezes ceased, and as many men as could be handled were put to work.

The cofferdam is nearing completion, and it was expected today that it would be completed by night. When that is done, the next thing will be to patch up the steamer's stern, after which the pumping will be done. This is not expected to take very long, unless unexpected leaks are found in the vessel's hull. If the injuries are only those plainly visible about her stern and forefoot, one man connected with the job estimated that three hours would empty her of water.

Nothing was done today on the Wilson, and it is not now expected that anything will be done until the work on the Hadley is done, when several divers will be sent down to survey the wreck. There is no lack of prophets to say that neither the Wilson nor her dead sailors will ever see the top of the lake again.

Capt. Malcolm Cameron of the steamer Wilson has corrected his report filed with the local steamboat inspectors by substituting the name of Guy Fink for George Grink among the sailors of the Wilson that were drowned in the collision last Saturday.

GOING AFTER COMPANY.

Offensive operations in the tug fight are not confined to the company. A Cleveland dispatch says that Attorney General Knox has ordered District Attorney Sullivan to begin an investigation of the affairs of the Great Lakes Towing company.

The action was taken in accordance with a complaint filed by the tugmen alleging that the company failed to file copies of bills of sale with the customs department for the purchase of their tugboats at the time of incorporation, when the trust absorbed the various companies along the lakes.

The statutes provide that such an instrument be filed whenever a boat changes ownership.

If the charges are filed and proven true, it is said that the seventy tugs owned by the company may be seized by the government.

The tugmen will also ask for a perpetual injunction restraining the inspectors from sitting in judgment upon the case set for hearing tomorrow in which they are charged with conspiracy to damage commerce.

The restraining order will be sought on the ground that the inspectors are executive officers of the government and cannot legally act in a judicial capacity.

The case of the tugmen will be deferred until the counter charges are investigated.

PLAN TO UNITE UNIONS.

Chicago, June 11.—A movement to consolidate the marine labor interest of the great lakes will be started in Chicago next Sunday when a marine council will be formed.

The plan, if successful, means a marine council in every port of importance on the lakes, some councils to include several ports and the whole organized to take in perhaps 250,000 men.

The longshoremen's union is said to be at the back of the movement. This is the first attempt that has ever been made to unite the union laborers of the lakes.

WILL BE LAID UP.

The schooner Noquebay, which has been here waiting for a lumber cargo for several days, has been ordered out of commission by her owners. This is in pursuance of the policy of laying up the schooners as far as possible because of the continued dullness of lumber freight rates.

TAKING IT EASY.

Chicago, June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Vesselmen were taking it easy with few boats in hand. Shippers were not disturbing their case, however. Rates were unchanged on the small amount of business done.

DELAY IN BREAKWATER.

Buffalo, June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is now feared that the stone breakwater on the south side of the harbor towards Stony Point will not be completed this year. The delays have been caused by the continued storms which have steadily interfered with the work. This may postpone the opening of the new ship canal at Stoney Point by the Lackawanna Steel company next spring.

COLLISION AT LIMEKILN.

Amherstburg, June 11.—In a collision at Limekiln crossing yesterday the barge Santiago forced her anchor through the upper works of the schooner Holland, then rebounded, parted her anchor chains and left the big iron missile on the deck of the schooner. As a result of the accident the Holland is at dock here, with her pumps working hard to keep her afloat. The Santiago escaped, after leaving her anchor aboard the schooner, apparently but little injured.

The collision occurred at noon in the lower turn at the crossing. The Holland towed by the steamer Continental, was passing down, loaded with ore. The Santiago was upbound, in tow of the steamer Appomattox. Examination of the Holland shows that most of her damage is above the water line. A diver will make repairs below the line in an effort to stop the vessel leaking and allow her departure.

SAULT LOCK CLEARED.

Sault Ste. Marie, June 11.—The channel of the American locks was cleared at 3:30 yesterday afternoon, and the work of moving the fleets began immediately.

The fleet of delayed boats was strung out all the way from Iroquois point to Hay lake. They accumulated rapidly yesterday and they numbered over 100. It is thought the jam can be cleared up by Wednesday night by using all the locks in the handling of the fleet.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: St. Paul, 9:15 last night; Yonkers, Rust, Houghton and consort, 9:30; Egan (arrived), 10; Senator, 11; John Ketcham, 12:20 a. m.; Norwalk, 12:40; Montana, 2:40; Yuma, 3:30; Murphy, 3:40; Oceanica, 3:50; Republic, 4; Theano, Harlum, 4:20; Weston and barges, Monahansett, Law, 4:30; Hart, 5:15; Colgate, Russell, Maruba and whaleback, Bartlett, 6; Beatty, 6:40; Reynolds, T. Selwyn Eddy, 7:20; Blanchard, Kelley, 7:40; Linn, Malt, Hiawatha, 7:50; Marina and whaleback, 8; Buffalo, 8:20; Lafayette, 9; Griffin, 9:15; Melbourne, 9:40; Sanilac, 10; Wyoming, 10:30; Lewiston, 10:50; Ste. Marie (cleared), 11. Down: New Orleans, 10:15 last night; Vaderbilt, 11:30; tug Owen and barges, 11:50; Spokane, 12:15 a. m.; Auburn, 1; Oscoda and barges, 5; Presley, Reddington, 5:40; Embury and barges, 6:30; Lindsay, Wall, 7:30; Hoffelingor, 8; Point Abino, 9:30; Rosemount and consorts, 10.

Up yesterday: Richardson, 1; Auranla, Appomattox, Santiago, Mark Hopkins, Peshtigo, 1:20; Boralla, Bell, 1:40; Pickands, 2:40; Pathfinder, 5; Glidden, 6:30; Grammer, 7:15; Gratwick (old), 8. Down: Duncan, Pueblo (cleared), 2 p. m.; Iron Duke, Iron Cliff, Maria, 2:40; Nelson and whaleback, 3; Oglebay, 3:20; Ellwood, Wells, Nasmyth, 6; Rockefeller, Krupp, 6:30; Schuylkill, Stephenson and whaleback, 8:20; Egan, Bessie, 8:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, June 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Northern Wave, Strong, Commodore, 9:20 last night; Ginsaw, Abyssinia, 10; North Star, Van Hise, Langham, Joliet, 11; Malietoa, Marsala, 1 a. m.; Rosedale, 3:20; Myles, 5; Forest City, Pope, Pallki, 6; Kirby, Hartnell, Cambria, Malta, Homer, Warren, Exlic, Keith, Fryant, Crosthwaite, Pawnee, Orton, 7; Italia, Amazon, 8:30; Hill, Lansing, 9; Orinoco, Brazil, 11:20. Down: Watson, Antrim, Mohawk, Northern Queen, New York, 11 last night; Bransford, German, Carrington, Major, St. Louis, Champion, Harrison, Buckeye State 1 a. m.; Venus, Iron Age, Sitka, Stone, 2; Sheldon, Sequance, Viking Vinland, Flint, 3:30; Kaskaskia, Fryer, Oak Leaf, 3:20; Agemaw, Bliss, Martin, 5:30; Cherokee, Chippewa, Gates, Shores, Carnegie, 6; Penobscot, Wilson, Kingfisher, Nicaragua, Gramplan, Maunaloa and whaleback, 8; Vuleun, Mauch Counk, 8:30; Bielman, McLachland, Caledonia, Polynesia, 10:20.

Up yesterday: Mack, Alpena, 1:40 p. m.; Wright, Louisiana, Hurd, 3; McWilliams, Frick, 4:40; Neptune, Trevor and whaleback, Black and whaleback; 6; Sevona, Myles, Kendall, Troy, 6:15; City of Mackinaw, 6:30; Victory, Presidential, Whitaker, Bryn Mawr, Stephens, 9:40; Northern Queen, Strong, Commodore, 9:30; Portia Starr, Van Hise, Langham, Joliet, 11. Down: Cornell, Fryer, 2:40; Neshoto, Choctow, Wawatam, 4; Shenandoah, 5; Yale, 7; Ira Owen, Sultana, Thompson, Morse, Smeaton, Pontiac, 8:30; Turner, City of Toledo, Buckhout, 8:40; Bermuda, Paisley, Sachem, George Owen, Worthington, Wilbur, 9; Watson, Antrim, Mohawk, Northern Queen, New York, 10.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland—Cleared: Light—Yosemite, Norton, Matanzas, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: St. Paul, coal, Duluth; Yuma, light, Ashland.

Ashtabula — Cleared: Coal—Business, Marquette. Light—Gilchrist, Osborne, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Hesper, 117. Cleared: Fairbairn, Admiral, Holley, Manda, McDougall, Lake Erie.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Devereux, Duluth.

Harbor Beach—Sheltered: Green, Olson, Spaulding, Garibaldi, yacht Wingah.

Ashland—Arrived: Folsom. Cleared: Johnson, Helvetia, Albright, Corsica, ore, Lake Erie; Light—Chisholm, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light—Duncan, Kelley, Duluth.

South Chicago—Cleared: Poe, Roebling, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Iroquois, Houghton, pass and mdse; Buell, Chicago, Buffalo, mdse; China, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Gogebic, Biwabik, Mohegan, Mingoe, Reis, W. W. Brown, Spencer, Shrigley, Lake Erie, coal; Vega, Buffalo, light for grain; Venezuela, Gayley, Genoa, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Bunsen, Empire City, Lake Shore, Maritana, Frank Peavey, Bangor, Chisholm, Lake Erie, ore; Wotan, Mecosta, Tampa, Brower, Two Harbors, light; America, Port Arthur, pass and mdse.

MARINE NOTES.

It was stated at the office of the tug company today that the tug Record, which was put out of the field Sunday by the fact that her engineer joined the strikers and left her, would be in commission again tonight or tomorrow morning.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The keeper of the lights on Russell island, St. Clair river, Mich., reports that the float light marking the northeasterly point of the shoal at the head of Russell island, St. Clair river, Mich., was carried away on June 8 by a raft. The necessary steps will be immediately taken to replace the light, of which notice will be given.

HE GOES FISHING

Senator Daugherty Leaves the Congressional Turmoil Behind.

Will Return In a Couple of Days and Probably Decide.

Petition Receiving Many Signers Though Some Refusals Are Met.

Leaving the congressional matter unsettled, and everybody doubtful about what the program is to be, Senator Daugherty has gone fishing, just as though he did not care much what happened in the congressional field.

He will be back in a couple of days, and then there will be another chance for the matter to get settled one way or another.

Whether Senator Daugherty has gone fishing to avoid the pressure that was being brought to bear upon him to enter the field, or whether he went to think the matter over, or whether he went just because he likes to go fishing, are other unsettled questions that will have to be left open until he returns.

The petitions that were around yesterday received many signers, it is said, though not so many as had been expected, for the pushers found that most people had been worried about the matter so long that they had settled down to accept Mr. Bede.

It is said that three of the eight board of trade signers to the petition that was circulated there have signed a letter to Ward Ames, who handled the petition, saying that they had signed the petition without reading it, and that they were for Bede first, last and all the time.

IS LEASED.

Alice A. Mine Will Be Worked By London Syndicate.

The American and Canadian Gold Mining company, owner of the Alice A. mine in the Seine River district, yesterday afternoon accepted the proposition brought from London by Col. J. S. Hillyer to lease the mine on a sharing royalty basis. The lessees work the property for one-third of the market value of the mined products of the Alice A. A London syndicate that put through the deal—underwriters is the modern term for it—gets another third, and the American company shares a third.

The lease is for a term of years, and Col. Hillyer says that at least one diamond drill will be at work on the property by October, and that a stamp mill will be put in capable of handling 200 tons of rock a day. The intention is first to thoroughly explore the property and locate the vein with diamond drills, and then go about working the mine in the most scientific way. Col. Hillyer claims from his faith in the property that the operation of the mine under the new lease will net stockholders $17 to $25 per share on the par value.

At yesterday's annual meeting of the company it was decided to increase the capital stock from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000, with the purpose of buying up additional properties with the returns from the sale of the stock.

The old officers were re-elected—President, Col. Hillyer; vice president, George H. Hillyer; secretary, H. C. Clark; treasurer, Dr. Carroll Corson.

RETURNS FROM PARIS.

David Ericson Here to Spend the Summer.

David Ericson, the well known artist, has returned from Paris, where he has been pursuing the study of art for the past three years and will spend the summer months here as the guest of his brother, C. W. Ericson. He is in excellent health and the climate of sunny France has evidently been very beneficial to him.

Mr. Ericson is meeting with much success. He has two works on exhibition in the Paris salon and that means much, for it takes a high order of talent to be allowed space there. One of his paintings represents "The Nativity," and is 6 by 8 feet in size and contains eleven figures. It has been very favorably commented upon by the art critics of a number of the French journals. The other painting which he is exhibiting is a moonlight symphony, and it also is receiving much praise.

Mr. Ericson brought with him a number of his works that have attracted notice in the French capital, among them some exhibited at the American club there. He may during the summer place them on exhibition here, that his Duluth friends may see what he has been doing.

During the summer Mr. Ericson will do considerable work and hopes to see a renewed interest in art in Duluth. Next fall he will locate in New York, where he expects to make his permanent home, that city offering a better field than almost any other in the country.

Stevens Point and Milwaukee Wis., and Return

June 9, 10 and 11 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Stevens Point, Wis., and return, for $7.70, good returning June 14th, account State G. A. R. Encampment, and on June 17 and 18, to Milwaukee and return, for $15.00, good returning up to and including June 20th, account Prohibition Convention. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.

Members U. C. T.

Will please remember that certificates for rate to Minnetonka will be honored by Northern Pacific railway, good on all trains making connection without transfer at Minneapolis. For full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

Special Low Prices every day this week on Wisconsin

Straw-berries

Now is the time to do your PRESERVING.

...THE.....
New Cash Grocery
The only one in Duluth.

EPPLING & OSMAN,
203—205 E. Superior Street, Both 'Phones.

THE POLICE COURT.

Thomas Berg Kept Open Saloon on Sunday.

Fred Woods, one of the mounted police, today caused the arrest of Thomas Berg, a saloon keeper at 2001 West Superior street, for keeping open on Sunday. The saloon man entered a plea of guilty and was fined $30 and costs.

"Say," said one of the court attendants, "I suppose it's a sort of horse on Berg to be arrested by a mounted police."

* * *

After robbing one clothing store dummy of a pair of trousers and another of an overcoat, Fred Rufer broke loose on the Bowery last evening and slapped a small boy on the wrists. He got ten days with the special privilege of assaulting rocks.

* * *

Bessie Parnell startled Paradise alley this morning with a shriek that caused heavily laden vessels far out in the lake to steer from their course. She then tried to wipe the alley off the city map. She was subsequently released from custody on $12 bail, agreeing to explain her strange actions to the court as soon as able.

Dance at Oatka this evening—Lisbon Orchestra.

For Stealing Chickens.

Police court had a rather busy afternoon session today. Ernest Andrews, a youthful resident of the West End, was up for stealing chickens. His guilt was established and he was sentenced to the Red Wing industrial school.

Carl Anderson was sentenced to ten days at hard labor for assaulting Hattie Farmer, who keeps a confectionery store on South Lake avenue.

James Dischman, arrested Saturday for barbering without a license, was allowed to go free under a suspended sentence.

Abe Lawrence, charged with stealing twenty-one pounds of brass from Charles Stone, entered a plea of not guilty and had his hearing set for Friday morning.

PEOPLE UNEASY

Over Disturbances In Volcanoes In Nicaragua.

Managua, Nicaragua, May 28, correspondence of the Associated Press.—Dark, high, ugly looking columns of vapor and gas have within the last few days been arising from the cratered cones known as Momotombo and Santa Maria, on the large mountainous range of volcanic ejecta west of Lake Managua, causing an uneasy feeling among many of the people in the adjacent towns.

LIBBEY CUT GLASS...

A most extensive showing of "good taste" things in Cut Glass for **Wedding Presents.** We have things others cannot get. Our ideas are exclusiveness—a present sent from "Day's" (sent out in style) has a tone of richness that is appreciated.

F. D. DAY & CO.
Fashionable Jewelers

MAKE FINE RECORDS

Firemen Make Fast Time In the Annual Inspection.

Night Hitch Made In Nine and a Fifth Seconds.

Fire Fighting and Life Saving Drill On Tall Buildings.

The annual inspection of the fire department occurred this afternoon.

The tour of inspection began at headquarters. There was a formal examination of quarters, apparatus, equipment and the wonderful battery system, followed by exhibitions in hitching and life-saving.

The fastest hitch made with all men on the floor was 6 1-5 seconds by chemical company No. 1 and salvage corps No. 1. The hose company, slightly handicapped by new men, was ready to go to a fire in exactly 9 seconds after the alarm sounded.

The night hitch was the most remarkable performance from the spectator's viewpoint. All the firemen had their clothes off and in bed on the second floor when the alarm sounded.

In 9 1-5 seconds the men of the chemical company were out of bed, dressed, down the brass poles, had their horses hitched and the apparatus moving. Just 9 1-5 seconds!

The hose and hook and ladder companies were just 3 seconds behind the chemical in performing the same feat. The horses on this apparatus had a little farther to run before hitching than the chemical horses.

Another interesting feature of the headquarters' inspection was the life-saving drill. A squad of six men scaled up six stories in forty seconds flat, giving a practical illustration of fire fighting and life-saving on tall buildings where it would take too much valuable time in using ordinary ladders. In connection with the life-saving work a sack of sand was thrown out the third story window and caught in a net by the firemen beneath. This was to show the value of the service where persons were compelled to jump for their lives.

Many complimentary things were said of Chief Black and his men by those watching the inspection.

The following city officers were present: Acting Mayor Haven, Aldermen L. A. Barnes, H. A. Wing, Joseph Mannheim, E. A. Tessman, Thomas Trevillion, George Tischer, Frank Schaffer and William E. Kern; W. S. McCormick, city comptroller; H. W. Cheadle, city clerk; James McDowell and Charles T. Fitzsimmons, of the board of fire commissioners; Henry Nesbitt, secretary to the mayor and fire commissioner; Henry F. Greene and Arthur A. Fider, of the board of civil service commissioners.

The inspecting party then took an 8-horse tally-ho and visited the other fire halls of the city.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St

Professor Ourat will give a party at Lester Wednesday, June 11.

Smoke X-Ray and Duluth Herald cigar.

Parlor theater. Nothing better in town.

Dance at Lester tomorrow night. LaBrosse plays and you are invited.

In the case of the Union Towing and Wrecking company against the striking tugmen, who are charged with conspiring to hinder navigation, summons were issued today for a large number of the strikers to appear as witnesses in the hearing, which will be held before Local Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk, June 25.

The Omaha will put on the special fishermen's and outing train referred to in another column next Sunday morning, leaving Duluth at 9:15 a. m. The train on the return will leave Solon Springs at 6:25 p. m.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Axel Berg, formerly a subject of the king of Norway and Sweden.

Thomas Daylor, of Hancock county, Iowa, has sold to August Kehtel the lot at the northeast corner of Second avenue east and Third street for $3500. The deed was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. The property is described as lot 33, East Third street, Duluth proper, First division.

Articles of incorporation of the Wallace Contracting company, empowered to do a mining business, were filed yesterday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds by George W. Wallace, Harry Roberts and James G. Vivian. The capital stock is $50,000.

E. H. Windom has filed a release of an option for a mining lease on lands on Pine Island, in Lake Vermilion, given to him by Albert Kitto, of Tower. The option covered lands in sections 5 and 6, on the eastern end of Pine island, in 62-15.

Judge Ensign this morning granted Lois S. Morgan a divorce from William D. Morgan, on the grounds of cruelty and drunkenness.

Parlor theater. New vaudeville show.

The local lodge of Elks will give a dancing party tomorrow evening in honor of their lady friends. It is a private dancing party, only members of the order and their feminine friends including visiting members, being invited. A short musical program will precede the dance.

THE WALDORF CAFE.

Messrs. Haley & Lanigan's New Place to Open.

The Waldorf buffet and cafe will be opened tomorrow by Messrs. Haley and Lanigan at 214 West Superior street, and the new institution will be one of the finest of the kind in the Northwest. From the exterior it presents a handsome view, the woodwork being finished in highly polished golden oak of a very dark hue, the fixtures being of the finest workmanship, and very handsome in design, and walls being finely finished and frescoed. The cafe is in the rear of the first floor and is very light and airy. Everything that enters into the furnishing is entirely new and of the finest. The kitchen is on the Michigan street floor and is complete and adapted to the production of the very finest in the culinary art. On this floor are the refrigerator, wine room, etc. Every appointment is complete.

The buffet is a handsome place and the finest of liquors will be carried.

MILITIA ORDERED OUT.

Salem, Ore., June 11.—Governor Geer today called out a company of the national guards and ordered it to Gervais, where Tracey and Merrill, the convicts, who escaped from the penitentiary on Monday after killing three guards and shooting a life prisoner, are surrounded.

LAKESIDE AND— LESTER PARK...
Lots In all parts of these suburbs
Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
"ISLE ROYALE ROUTE"
Fast Passenger and Freight Service.

Leaves Duluth Sundays and Thursdays 7:30 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton. Direct 22 hour service. — 7:30 p. m.
Leave Tuesdays and Fridays 9 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock, Houghton and intermediate points. — 9:00 a. m.
Leave Duluth Mondays and Thursdays 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias, Isle Royale, Port Arthur. — 9:00 a. m.
Leave Tuesdays 7:30 p. m. for Port Arthur and Isle Royale—22 hour service. — 5:00 p. m.
Leave Sundays 7:30 p. m. for Isle Royale and Port Arthur via Houghton. — 7:30 p. m.
Sunday excursions to Two Harbors.
Boats arrive and depart from Singer's dock, Lake ave. South
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., Lyceum Building. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mngr., Lake Avenue and Canal

U. S. & D. T. CO. (BOOTH'S LINE.)
Duluth-Port Arthur Route.

S. S. AMERICA leaves Duluth every Sunday and Wednesday 10 a. m. and Friday 2 p. m., calling at Two Harbors, Beaver Bay, Grand Marais, Chicago Bay and Isle Royale. — 10 a. m. 2 p. m.

Duluth-Ashland-Hancock-Houghton Route

S. S. ARGO leaves Duluth every Monday and Thursday 10 a. m., calling at Orienta, Port Wing, Herbster, Bayfield, Washburn and the Apostle Islands. — 10 a. m.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia .Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth ..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta ..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik .Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron .Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing .Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	3:34
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Leave Duluth			Arrive Duluth
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		†12:40 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
**8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:55 a m
b 8:00 a m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
a 8:40 a m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 4:10 p m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:15 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*9:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:40 a. m
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:15 p m
Marquette & Copper Country.

Daily. † Except Sunday

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, June 11th, 1902.
In the Matter of the Estate of Charles W. Field, Deceased:
On reading and filing the petition of Charles W. Field, Jr., executor of the estate of Charles W. Field, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the second day of July, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this eleventh day of June, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, June-11-18-25-1902.

$5.75 Round Trip St. Paul & Minneapolis.

VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Account Elks' carnival and annual meeting Grand lodge, I. O. O. F. Tickets on sale to and including June 14, good returning June 16. Trains leave at 1:25 p. m. and 11:10 p. m. City ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

EAGERLY SCANNED EVERY DAY BY THE LARGEST AUDIENCE OF READERS at the Head of the Lakes---The Duluth Evening Herald's Want Page.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

East End Building Lots.

$4200 Northeast corner of Twenty-second avenue east and First street—100x140 feet.

$3000 Northeast corner Twenty-fifth avenue east and First street—100x140 feet.

$1400 Good corner lot on Sixteenth avenue east, below Third street. This is a snap.

$1700 Good building lot on upper side Second street, west of Sixteenth avenue east—50x140 feet.

$1400 Lot on lower side First street, east of Fourth avenue east—50x140 feet.

For Sale Exclusively by **W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,** FIRST FLOOR, LONSDALE BLDG.

Central Property.

$600 and $700 Fine building lots at Second avenue east and Sixth street.

$1100 Eight-room house and lot at No. 207 West Sixth street.

$1600 Eight-room house and lot at No. 824 East Third street.

$3000 Nine-room house, very central, corner lot on East First street. Snap.

$2000 Two houses on central corner, paying 20 per cent net.

For Sale at $5,500—(or exchange for central property) choice residence in the East End. The biggest bargain in a home in the city. Do not fail to see us if you want a home at a genuine snap—$5,500—finest double corner in the city, suitable for flats or residence.

If you want to buy or sell real estate—money to loan any amount—be sure to call in, telephone or write.

T. W. Wahl & Co.

Phone 439. 201 Exchange Building.

$4300 Takes fine modern seven-room house; hot water heat—in East End.

$7500 Takes a fine property in the center of city that pays 12 per cent.

We have a large list of property in every part of the city.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-3 Palladio Building.

LOTS AND ACRES

at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,

Exchange Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg

JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

FARM LANDS

Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—

Guaranty Farm Land Co., 418 West Superior Stree

$10 PER ACRE

For 108 acres good land with half a mile frontage on Sucker lake. The handsomest on the lake. This is a fine place for a summer home.

$3200 For a handsome eight-room house on Fifteenth avenue east. Stone foundation, furnace, mantel, electric light, good plumbing, steel range and curtains; house alone cost over $4000. Can sell on easy payments. This is a great opportunity to get a nice home.

$8600 For 90x100 feet on Third avenue west, below Third street. Has a large, well built house on it worth at least $4000. This is valuable property and a good bargain.

$1750 For 2422 West First street, 50-foot lot and seven-room house, barn, etc.; renting for $17.50 per month. Street and avenue improved and sewer in street. Lot alone worth $1000.

Nows and Cigar Stand

For sale, in best locality, at a bargain.

Money to Loan

At 4½ and 5 per cent.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR RENT.

Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

FOR SALE.

Lot 50x140 feet in West End, double front between Superior and Michigan streets, both streets and avenue paved; also sewer and water connections. This lot once sold for $2000. We will sell it today for $2000; $500 cash, balance in three years. This is a bargain.

Two houses on hill, lot 50x140; houses in good condition; immediate possession given; must be sold. Make us an offer.

Exclusive sale of above properties.

Little & Nolte

We Offer for $3250

If taken this week, lot 40, West Third street, near Third avenue west—$1250 cash, balance one and two years, if desired.

E. D. FIELD CO., 204 Exchange Bldg.

Fifteen acres of beautifully shaped property on the lake shore, near the pumping station. A great investment.

Lots on East Fifth street, water and sewer on the street, for $500.

Three houses in the West End, well located, for sale cheap.

Lots on Twenty-third avenue west for $250 and upwards.

Lots on West Third street, near Twenty-ninth avenue west, for $450.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,

Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

Subscriptions received for the Home Life Insurance Co. 5 per cent gold bond, absolutely the safest and best investment on the market.

J. ABRAHAMSON,

302-3 Palladio Bldg.

We write Fire Insurance in sound companies.

CATCH ON.

The manufacture of iron and steel at West Duluth is now assured and that means a large growth. I have the greatest bargains in acres adjoining the platted part of West Duluth ever offered—there is 100 per cent profit in the next 12 months—indeed it is worth almost that much more than the price now. Call and inquire about it.

C. E. LOVETT, 706 Palladio Bldg

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—FIVE-ROOM house on Park Point on easy terms; give description, price and terms. Address C 33, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, ROW BOAT AND tent. Must be cheap. State price and condition. C 31, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, PORTABLE SAWmill with shingle mill attached, in good running order, sawing from 10,000 to 15,000 per day. Answer at once. John Joyce, Tower, Minn.

WANTED TO BUY—HORSE 1200 TO 1300 pounds, for delivery. A. Rohl, 107 West First street.

WANTED — SEVEN OR EIGHT-ROOM house, East End, below Fifth street; must be a genuine bargain. Address all particulars to X X, Herald office.

FOUND.

FOUND — LARGE BOX OF SWEET Caporal cigarettes. Owner can have same by calling at this office and paying charges for advertising.

FOUND — ONE CHESTNUT ROAN mare and colt. Owner can have same by calling on Charles H. Johnson, Superior View.

LOST.

LOST—GREY COIN PURSE CONTAINing small amount of money and gold baby pin set in pearls. Liberal reward if returned to 2227 East First street.

NOTICE.

THE TEAM OWNERS' UNION WILL after June 15, demand 50c per hour. Committee.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

MONUMENTS.

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND MARble work. Only shop in Duluth. Duluth Monumental works, 306 E. Sup. St.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. BAIN SMITH HAS OPENED dressmaking parlors, 5, over Suffel's.

ENGRAVING.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-3.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

Come in and get the list of houses we have for sale on monthly payments.

$2200 for 200 feet on West Fourth street, sidewalks down and street graded. Assessments all paid.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$1500 for five-room house; sewer, good barn, good lot; on Sixteenth avenue east.

$2000 Buys seven-room house on East Fifth street; city water, sewer. Lot 25x140 feet.

$3250 buys fine seven-room house, city water, sewer, stone foundation, cellar with concrete floor. Lot 50 by 140, on East Fourth street.

FARM 10 and 20-acre tracts of cleared land near the city.

360 acres near the city, well watered, suitable for stock farm. Good speculation. Will sell cheap.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payment	Monthly Payment.
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest
5-room house..	525	130	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	600	155	—balance 6 per ct.
5-room house..	650	160	—balance 6 per ct.
6-room house..	675	170	—balance 6 per ct.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

332 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNTS.

On Watches, Diamonds—all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Reduced rates from $10, $20, $50, $100 up to $1000, and we guarantee to hold your goods for one year.
KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO 16 W Superior street and also 15 West Michigan street.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

Western Loan Co.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST-CLASS WORK, CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

AND REPAIRED. 129 FIRST AVE. W.

PERSONAL.

INSTRUCTION IN GERMAN BY EXperienced teacher. Individual or class, beginning or advanced work. Apply 831 East Third street.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION cured. Box free. C. H. Rowan, North Milwaukee, Wis.

PASTURAGE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PASTURAGE FOR horses and cattle at Spirit lake. Inquire Zenith 'phone 3090.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital. 121 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phone 1471.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan Office, 112 W. Sup. St. and 111 W. Mich. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, TRANCE medium, gives readings. 1418 Tower avenue, West Superior.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — SHETLAND PONIES, thoroughly broken to ride and drive; fine stock. Meadow Brook Farm, Rice Lake, Wis.

FOR SALE—IRON LANDS—THE SE¼ section 34-57-14, near the Arcturus mine; also not far from the Diamond and Hoonan properties. Quick sale wanted. Title perfect. Address No. 19, Mesaba block.

FOR SALE — PRETTY BLACK HORSE suitable for buggy or light delivery. 23 West Second street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—TWO SOLID OAK bedsteads, nearly new. 601 West Second street.

GERANIUMS Thousands of them; all other kinds of plants cheap; 10,000 asters, all the best, 15c per dozen; tomatoes, cabbage, celery, pepper plants, etc. Lester Park Greenhouses.

FOR SALE — FIFTY YOUNG CANARY birds, $2 each. 109 East Superior street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, EIGHTroom house; rooms rent for $60 per month; 127 West Second street; must be sold at once, as owner is leaving city.

FOR SALE — EAGLE BICYCLE, 20-inch frame; good as new, cheap. 313 West Third street.

SECOND-HAND ORGANS, $10 TO $35, on easy payments. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. W. Bemel, Proctor, Minn.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY AND tobacco store; stock of groceries. Call 2728 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A GOOD FIVE-ROOM house cheap, to be moved. Address Duluth Lumber company, 364 Garfield avenue.

FOR SALE—MOORCROFT OIL COMpany stock at 19 cents per share. Address H 46, Herald.

CHEAP—UPRIGHT PIANO, NEARLY new; must sell at once as am leaving city. Inquire 14 Fourth avenue east; up stairs.

FOR SALE—COLUMBIA CHAINLESS gentleman's bicycle, 22-inch frame; cheap for cash. Owner leaving city. Address Bicycle, Herald.

HALLET & DAVIS SQUARE PIANO, regular price second-hand $85; to make room we offer it for $50; $7 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, EIGHTroom house, 127 West Second street; must be sold at once, as owner is leaving city.

S. M. KANER HAS FRESH MILCH cows for sale. 1219 East Seventh street.

CHARLES LARSON WILL ARRIVE with car fresh milch cows, at 2012 West First street, June 10.

20-YEAR GROUND LEASE CAN BE made on 50-foot corner, Ogden and Broadway, West Superior. Inquire J. C. & R. M. Hunter, Exchange building.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAILBOAT; GOOD as new with mast, sail, oars, etc., will sell cheap. Inquire Patterson's boat house.

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO, MAhogany finish, good as new, used but a few months; sweet tone, fine action, $150; $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — GUN, CHEAP; AN $85 high grade L. C. Smith hammerless 12-gauge double barrel shotgun; guaranteed as good as new. Address Charles R. Cooley, Biwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE, SEVenty boarders, doing good business. 210 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE; GOOD location. Address E 33, Herald.

Two carloads of first-class Drivers, Delivery and General Purpose Horses just received. Be sure and inspect our stock first. We defy all competition.

Barrett & Zimmerman,

Mammoth Stables, opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth ave. W.

FOR SALE — CAR FRESH MILCH cows has arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

LIGHT CEDAR ROW BOATS FOR sale. H. S. Patterson, near depot.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, very cheap. G 36, Herald.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

WANTED— SITUATIONS.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK BY the day. 226 East Third street.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY washing and cleaning. 2132½ West Second street.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY or to take washing home. Address 1011 West Fifth street.

SITUATION WANTED IN GROCERY store by experienced man, either as clerk or delivery man. Address J. L. Johnson, 422 John avenue, West Superior.

LADY BOOKKEEPER, FOUR YEARS' experience with present firm, wishes a change; would like position with a good firm as bookkeeper, correspondent and general office assistant. Address box 6, West Superior, Wis.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT WANTS work in an office for the vacation. Address X 87, Herald.

POSITION BY BOY 15 YEARS OLD; work of any kind. Address C 32, Herald.

WANTED—SCRUBBING STORES AND offices. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL WOULD LIKE TO take care of some rooms or clean offices. C 30, Herald

AGENTS WANTED.

LADY AGENTS WANTED. 632 WEST Second street.

WANTED-A GOOD, HUSTLING AGENT. 225 West Second street.

MILLINERY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TRIMMED hats at 106 West Superior street.

NEW SHIRT-WAIST HATS AT SWENson's, over Suffel's. Open evenings.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — APPRENTICE IN HAIR dressing. Hendren & Tallant company.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 1526 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages; small family. Mrs. George Swift, 2529 East First street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT ONCE. Good wages. Address C. S., Herald.

WANTED—DISHWASHER, $15 PER month, and night cook, $25 per month. Duquesne hotel, Proctorknott, Minn.

WANTED—OFFICE GIRL, ALSO marker and sorter. Peerless laundry.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 2105 East First street.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID AT ONCE. The Ralston, 122 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. Call 31 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO CHAMBER work. Dacotah house, 117 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Call at Lyceum Drug store.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS; ONE FOR general work, one young for light work. 2332 West Superior street.

GIRL WANTED, SMALL FAMILY. Apply 1016 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

WANTED—LADIES WISHING TO make $8 to $10 a week at home; something new in decorative work; no experience necessary; instructors wanted; also some to travel; call and see work. Mr. and Mrs. Umsted, 119 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL; apply at once. Mrs. D. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

WANTED—DISH-WASHER AT THE Midland, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND iron. Three in family. Apply to Mrs. D. D. Gailliard, 1418 East Superior street.

WANTED, AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. M. C. Clark, No. 6 Adams flat.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be able to cook; good wages. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. John Crosby, 2608 East Superior street.

WANTED—AT ONCE COMPETENT dressmaker for one day only, any time next week; will pay good wages. Address S 11, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND HOUSEmaid. Good wages. 432 West Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking; two in family; call mornings. Mrs. L. A. Neuman, 6304 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE. COMPETENT cook. Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—MASTER MECHANIC, FAmiliar with mining and electric machinery; state salary expected. Florence Iron River company, Florence, Wis.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher and typewriter for position in Duluth. Apply in own handwriting, giving references. Good wages and permanent position. Address "Wyoming," care Herald.

WANTED—TWO STEADY, ENERGETIC men to handle a line of household necessities; steady employment; good money assured. Those who will work apply with references to J. B. Crotty & Co., 1722 West Superior street.

WANTED—IRON MINERS; STEADY men with large experience in underground work; good pay; replying state experience. Address Stephens, Evening Herald.

WANTED — TWO GOOD HUSTLERS, at once, to solicit orders for household goods, washing machines, etc., in Duluth and adjoining towns. "Installment plan." A. A. Page, 313 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD FINLANDER CLERK for employment office. Good wages, steady employment. Address C 46, Herald.

WANTED — ONE GOOD WOOD TURNer. Apply Oulette & Baxter, Lake avenue south.

WANTED—DRIVER WITH EXPERience in wholesale beef business. Give references. Address A. B. C., Herald office.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SAWYERS who can handle steam feed and steam nigger; must be good sawyers. Apply to the Rat Portage Lumber company, Rat Portage, Ont.

WANTED — GOOD, STRONG BOY TO drive baggage wagon. Duluth Fuel & T. Co., 410 West Superior street.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter, male, with experience. Smith Premier machine, wholesale business. State salary wanted. Address in own handwriting, A. B. C., Herald.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATAlogue explains how we teach the barber trade in short time, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.

431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1883.

WANTED — SUB-CONTRACTORS FOR fifty miles new railroad work in North Dakota, near Bismarck. Call on Olund & King, No. 507 West Michigan street.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND, OSTEOPAthic specialist. Graduate American School of Osteopathy. 9 Phoenix block.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FOR FEW months, modern six room house, East End. Hardwood floors throughout. Apply C 34, Herald.

LARGE SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, FURnished for summer, $30 per month. 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT. 716 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT — ONE NEW COTTAGE on Park Point in course of construction, from July 1; also one 4-room cottage at Nineteenth street, for balance of season. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows.

FOR RENT — 4-ROOM FURNISHED cottage on Park Point. Inquire at old Pavilion.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM with alcove, suitable for three, or man and wife. Bath, electric light, etc., 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—NICE FURNISHED ROOM. 706 West Third street; $5.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. Modern, central. References required. 521 West First street.

FOUR NICE LARGE ROOMS, ELECtric light, bath, etc.; choice location; $14. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT — FOUR GOOD ROOMS. 115 West Fifth street. A. Borgen, 29 West First street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for one gentleman. Clean and cool. Bath. 16 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room. Steam heat, gas and bath. Bostwick flats. Third street near Fifth avenue west. Flat E.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for light housekeeping; all conveniences. 206 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS 30 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; modern. 510 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with all conveniences. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED front rooms. 119 West First street. Apply 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICE LARGE FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 102 East Fourth.

FURNISHED ROOM TO MAN AND wife; no children; will allow light housekeeping. Call between 8 and 9 a. m. or after 6 p. m. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH board; suitable for lady or lady and gentleman. 5614 London road.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED OR UNfurnished room; allow housekeeping. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR lady, with bath, electric light; one block east from Munger terrace. 315 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, PLEASant location, one block from high school; one or two ladies preferred. F 48, Herald.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, electric lights, screens. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR in a brick buildings, 50x140 feet in area; centrally located; desirable for manufacturing and other business purposes. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows building.

FURNISHED ROOMS. INQUIRE 409 Lowell building; old 'phone 208-5.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED FLAT, BEST LOCATION in the city. All modern conveniences. Address E 34, Herald.

FURNISHED FLAT, FOUR ROOMS, $12. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT IN Bellevue terrace. All conveniences. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows' building.

LADY CAN GET FURNISHED ROOM with bath, on street car line. 308 Eighth avenue east.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first class and modern; centrally located; immediate possession. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM FOR TWO GENtlemen at 305 East Third street.

PRIVATE FAMILY CAN ACCOMMOdate two or three table boarders; convenient location, first-class. 115 Mesaba avenue.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family for four young men, at $5 per week. Call or address 312 East Fourth street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 207 WEST SECond street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. 218 West Third street. Mrs. Fogleson.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company. No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

STOVES REPAIRED.

GASOLINE AND OTHER STOVES REpaired, bought and sold. C. J. Refuss, 28 East Superior street. 'Phone 742.

MASSAGE.

R. M. BOSS, COMPETENT MASSEUR. Best references. Prices moderate. Call Zenith 'phone 4057, West Superior.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT. TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

LOWEST PRICES IN CITY. J. P. STEphenson, 211 East Superior street.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 W. Sup. street. All communications strictly confidential. 'Phone, cnith 1445.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIRRORS RESILVERED.

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St. Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

FOR QUALITY AND DELICIOUS FLAvor use Malcomson's famous teas and coffees. 8 First ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

A SUIT OPPORTUNITY—MADE TO order, $15 and up. John Mueller, the clothes cleaner, 21 West Superior street.

MEN'S FIRST CLASS BUSINESS SUITS, $21 and up. Linne Tailoring company, 118 West Fourth street.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old 'phone 344-5. New 'phone 418.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 29, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, special, June 12, 1902. Work, third degree. Refreshments. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting special, June 12, 1902. Work, third degree. Refreshments. Clyde W. Stillson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting June 11, 1902. Work, P. M. and M. E. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

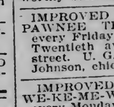
DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, at 8 p. m. Next conclave June 10th, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnsen, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.



NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First" Tuesday evening, June 10, followed by school of instruction.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.—Duluth Aerie No. 78 meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. U. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE NO. 17 MEETS every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. A. Arnstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. William Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A. MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M. KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Inspection nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

TEAM DRIVERS' UNION, NO 411, meets every Wednesday at 8 p. m. in marine engineers' hall, Hunter block. All team drivers are cordially invited to attend the meeting.